PLUG \& DRIVE

## Technical Manual PD4-E

Fieldbus: Modbus RTU

## For use with the following devices:

PD4-E591L42-E-65-5, PD4-E601L42-E-65-5, PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5

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## 1 Introduction

The PD4-E is a brushless motor with integrated controller in protection class IP65. The integrated absolute encoder makes immediate operation possible in closed loop mode without homing.

This manual describes the functions of the controller and the available operating modes. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.
You can find further information on the product on the Nanotec website us.nanotec.com.

### 1.1 Version information

| Manual <br> version | Date | Changes | Firmware <br> version | Hardware <br> version |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1.0 .0 | $03 / 2018$ | First edition | FIR-v1748 | W002b |
| 1.0 .1 | $07 / 2018$ | Additions and error corrections | FIR-v1748 | W002b |
| 1.1 .0 | $12 / 2018$ | Changes in Limitation of the range of motion and <br> I2t Motor overload protection | FIR-v1825 | W002b |

### 1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

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### 1.3 Intended use

The PD4-E is designed for use under the approved Environmental conditions.
Any other use is considered unintended use.


## Note

Changes or modifications to the product are not permitted.

### 1.4 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec produces component parts that are used in a wide range of industrial applications. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the system engineer and end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the integration of the products in the end system.

Under no circumstances may a Nanotec product be integrated as a safety controller in a product or construction. All products containing a component part manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.

Our general terms and conditions apply: en.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-and-conditions/.

### 1.5 Specialist staff

Only specialists may install, program and commission the device:

- Persons who have appropriate training and experience in work with motors and their control.
- Persons who are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual.
- Persons who know the applicable regulations.


### 1.6 EU directives for product safety

The following EU directives were observed:

- RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)
- EMC directive (2014/30/EU)


### 1.7 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

- Accident-prevention regulations
- Local regulations on occupational safety


### 1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.


## CAUTION

The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation.
Failure to observe the notice may result in moderately severe injuries.

- Describes how you can avoid the dangerous situation.


## Note

- Indicates an error source or likelihood of confusion.
- Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other devices.
- Describes how device damage can be avoided.
$\odot$


## Tip

Shows a tip for the application or task.

1) Nanotec

### 1.9 Emphasis in the text

The following conventions are used in the document:
Text set in bold indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter System calls in a NanoJ program.

Text set in italics marks named objects:

- Read the installation manual.
- Use the Plug \& Drive Studio software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the Operation tab.
- For hardware: Use the ON/OFF switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od_write ( $0 \times 6040$, $0 \times 00,5$ ); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:

- Start the NanoJ program by writing object $2300_{h}$, bit $0=" 1$.
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value " 1 " must be written in $3212_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$.


### 1.10 Numerical values

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript $h$ at the end of the number.

The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows:
<Index>: <Subindex>
Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is $00_{h}$.
Example: Subindex 5 of object $1003_{h}$ is addressed with $1003_{h}: 05_{h}$, subindex 00 of object $6040_{h}$ with $6040_{h}$.

### 1.11 Bits

The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type UNSIGNED8 as an example.

| MSB |  |  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | LSB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bit Nummer | 7 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |  |
| Bits | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\hat{=} 55_{\text {hex }} \xlongequal{ }$ 8 $85_{\text {dec }}$ |

### 1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects $60 \mathrm{C} 5_{\mathrm{h}}$ and $60 \mathrm{C} 6_{\mathrm{h}}$ depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.


## 2 Safety and warning notices

$\square$

- Damage to the controller.
- Changing the wiring during operation may damage the controller.
- Only change the wiring in a de-energized state. After switching off, wait until the capacitors have discharged.
(i) $\square$
- Fault of the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor.
- Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.
- Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.
(i) Note
- There is no polarity reversal protection.
- Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.
- Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.


## Note

- The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge.
- Improper handling can damage the device.
- Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.


## 3 Technical details and pin assignment

### 3.1 Environmental conditions

| Environmental condition | Value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Protection class | IP65 (except for shaft |
|  | output) |
| Ambient temperature (operation) | $-10 \ldots+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Air humidity (non-condensing) | $0 \ldots 85 \%$ |
| Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance) | 1500 m |
| Ambient temperature (storage) | $-25 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

### 3.2 Dimensioned drawings

### 3.2.1 PD4-E591L42-E-65-5



### 3.2.2 PD4-E601L42-E-65-5



### 3.2.3 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5



### 3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

### 3.3.1 Technical data - motor

|  | PD4-E | PD4-EB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | High-pole DC servo (stepper <br> motor) | Low-pole DC servo (BLDC) |
|  | $12-48 \vee$ DC $\pm 5 \%$ | $12-48 \vee \mathrm{DC} \pm 5 \%$ |
| Operating voltage | 4.2 A | 6 A |
| Phase current rms | N/A | max. 18 A |
| Peak current rms for 1 s |  |  |

### 3.3.2 Motor performance data

| Type | Holding torque Ncm | Rated / peak torque <br> $\mathbf{N c m}$ | Rated sped (rpm) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PD4-E591L42 | 187 | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| PD4-E601L42 | 354 | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |


| Type | Holding torque Ncm | Rated / peak torque <br> Ncm | Rated sped (rpm) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PD4-EB59CD | N/A | $60 / 180$ | 3500 |

### 3.3.3 Technical data

Operating modes

Set value setting / programming Inputs

Outputs
Integrated encoder
Protection circuit

Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode<br>Analog input, NanoJ program<br>6 digital inputs (+5 V/+24 V DC), individually switchable by means of software, factory settings: 5 V<br>1 analog input $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ (switchable by means of software)

2 outputs, Open Drain, max. 100 mA
Magnetic, single-turn absolute encoder, 1024 pulses/revolution
Overvoltage and undervoltage protection
Overtemperature protection ( $>68^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on rear cover)
Polarity reversal protection: In the event a polarity reversal, a shortcircuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a fuse is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned

- greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller
- less than the maximum current of the voltage supply.

If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.

### 3.4 Overtemperature protection

Above a temperature of approx. $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on the power board (corresponds to $65-72^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ outside on the back cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects $\mathbf{1 0 0 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ and $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$ ). After cooling down and confirming the error (see table for the controlword, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

The following temperature test results provide information on the temperature behavior of this controller.

Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

- Operating voltage: 48 V DC
- Motor current: 4.2 A (stepper motor) / 6 A (BLDC motor) rms
- Operation mode: Velocity Mode, full step, 30 rpm
- Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Altitude of site: 500 m above sea leve
- No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e.g., via fan
- Motor not flanged mounted

The following graphics show the results of the temperature tests:

PD4-E Temperature


PD4-EB59CD Temperature


## Summary:

At $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(+48 \mathrm{~V}, 4.2 / 6 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{rms}$, Velocity Mode 30 rpm$)$, the controller was in operation for longer than 2 hours without having been switched off. The temperature on the cover was stable at approx. $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
At $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(+48 \mathrm{~V}, 4.2 / 6 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{rms}$, Velocity Mode 30 rpm$)$, temperature protection switched off the controller after approx. 21 (stepper motor) or 14 (BLDC motor) minutes.

## Note

Aside from the motor, the exact temperature behavior is also dependent on the flange connection and the heat transfer there as well as on the convection in the application. For this reason, we recommend always performing an endurance test in the actual environment for applications in which current level and ambient temperature pose a problem.

### 3.5 LED signaling

### 3.5.1 Power LED



## Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED L1 flashes briefly once per second.


## Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.


The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

| Flash rate | Error |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | General |
| 2 | Voltage |


| Flash rate | Error |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | Temperature |
| 4 | Overcurrent |
| 5 | Controller |
| 6 | Watchdog-Reset | Note

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$.

### 3.5.2 Modbus LEDs

The two Modbus LEDs flash if Modbus communication is active.


### 3.6 Pin assignment

### 3.6.1 Overview

| Connector | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| X1 | Modbus RTU IN |
| X2 | Modbus RTU OUT |
| X3 | Voltage supply |
| X4 | Inputs/outputs and external logic supply |
| L1 | Power LED, see chapter Power LED |
| S1 | Hex coding switch for slave address and baud rate |
| S2 | 150 ohm termination resistor (switch set to ON) |

### 3.6.2 Connector X1 - Modbus RTU (RS-485) IN

Connection for Modbus RTU. Connector type: M12, 5-pin, A-coded, male


| Pin | Function | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | n.c. | Internally connected with PIN 1 of X2 |
| 2 | RS-485- |  |
| 3 | COMMON GND | Electrically isolated from the GND of the main supply and the <br> inputs/outputs |
| 4 | RS-485+ |  |
| 5 | n.c. |  |

RS-485 line polarization

## (1)

## Note

The controller is not equipped with line polarization and expects the master device to have one.

If the master device on the bus does not have line polarization of its own, a pair of resistors must be attached to the RS-485 balanced cables:

- A pull-up resistor to a 5 V voltage on the RS-485+ (D1) cable
- A pull-down resistor to earth (GND) on the RS-485- (D0) cable

The value of these resistors must be between 450 ohm and 650 ohm. A 650 ohm resistor permits a higher number of devices on the bus.

In this case, a line polarization must be attached at a location for the entire serial bus. In general, this location should be on the master device or its connection. All other devices then no longer need to implement line polarization.


### 3.6.3 Connector X2 - Modbus RTU (RS-485) OUT

Connection for Modbus RTU. Connector type: M12, 5-pin, A-coded, female


| Pin | Function | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | n.c. | Internally connected with PIN 1 of X1 |
| 2 | RS-485- |  |
| 3 | COMMON GND | Electrically isolated from the GND of the main supply and the <br> inputs/outputs |
| 4 | RS-485+ |  |
| 5 | n.c. |  |

## RS-485 line polarization

## Note

The controller is not equipped with line polarization and expects the master device to have one.

If the master device on the bus does not have line polarization of its own, a pair of resistors must be attached to the RS-485 balanced cables:

- A pull-up resistor to a 5 V voltage on the RS-485+ (D1) cable
- A pull-down resistor to earth (GND) on the RS-485- (D0) cable

The value of these resistors must be between 450 ohm and 650 ohm. A 650 ohm resistor permits a higher number of devices on the bus.
In this case, a line polarization must be attached at a location for the entire serial bus. In general, this location should be on the master device or its connection. All other devices then no longer need to implement line polarization.


### 3.6.4 Connector X3 - voltage supply

Connection for the main supply. Connector type: M12, 5-pin, B-coded, male


## Voltage source

The operating or supply voltage supplies a battery, a transformer with rectification and filtering, or a switching power supply.

## Note

- EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.
- An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/motor.
- Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

Pin assignment

| Pin | Function | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | + Ub | $12-48 \vee D C \pm 5 \%$ |
| 2 | + Ub | $12-48 \vee D C \pm 5 \%$ |
| 3 | GND |  |
| 4 | GND |  |
| 5 | n.c. | Not used |

## Permissible operating voltage

The maximum operating voltage is 51.5 VDC . If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. Above 50.5 V , the integrated ballast circuit ( 3 W power) is activated.
The minimum operating voltage is 10 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered.
A charging capacitor of at least $4700 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ (approx. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ per ampere rated current) must be connected to the supply voltage to avoid exceeding the permissible operating voltage (e.g., during braking).

### 3.6.5 Connector X4 - inputs/outputs and external logic supply

Connection for the digital and analog inputs/outputs and the external logic supply. Connector type: M12, 12-pin, A-coded, male


| Pin | Function | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND |  |
| 2 | Digital input 1 | $5 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$, max. 1 MHz |
| 3 | Digital input 2 | $5 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 ${ }_{h}$, max. 1 MHz |
| 4 | Digital input 3 | $5 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 ${ }_{h}$, max. 1 MHz |
| 5 | Digital input 4 | $5 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ signal, switchable by means of software with object $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$, max. 1 MHz |
| 6 | Digital input 5 | $5 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$, max. 1 MHz |
| 7 | Digital input 6 | $5 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 , max. 1 MHz |
| 8 | Analog input | 10 bit, $0 \mathrm{~V} \ldots+10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, switchable by means of software with object 3221 ${ }_{h}$ |
| 9 | Digital output 1 | Digital output, open drain, max. $24 \mathrm{~V} / 100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| 10 | Digital output 2 | Digital output, open drain, max. $24 \mathrm{~V} / 100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| 11 | Voltage output | +5 V, max. 100 mA |
| 12 | +UB Logic | +24 V DC, input voltage for the logic supply, current consumption: approx. 39 mA |

## Note

The windings of the motor are not supplied by the logic supply.

In 4015h, you can activate the alternative function of the digital inputs, which is used for the special drive modes. See chapter Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed).
If you set $3240_{h}: 07_{h}$ to the value " 1 ", three differential inputs are available instead of six single-ended inputs.

The following table shows all possible combinations:

| Pin | Basic function |  | Alternative function |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Single-ended | Differential | Single-ended | Differential |
| 2 | Input 1 | - Input 1 | Enable | -Enable |
| 3 | Input 2 / Direction <br> input in clock-direction <br> mode | + Input 1 | Direction | Enable |
| 4 | Input 3 / clock input in <br> clock-direction mode | - Input 2 / - Direction <br> input in clock-direction <br> mode | Clock | -Direction |
| 5 | Input 4 | + Input 2 / + Direction <br> input in clock-direction <br> mode | Digital input 4 | Direction |
| 6 | Input 5 | - Input 3 / - Clock <br> input in clock-direction <br> mode | Digital input 5 | -Clock |
| 7 | Input 6 | + Input 3 / + Clock <br> input in clock-direction <br> mode | Digital input 6 | Clock |

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 1 to 6 :

| Max. Voltage | Switching thresholds |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Safe switch on | Safe switch off |
| 5 V | 4.09 V | 0.95 V |
| 24 V | 14.74 V | 3.78 V |

### 3.6.6 Switch S1 - hex coding switch for slave address and baud rate

Rotary switch S1 can be used to set the source for the slave address and the baud rate. See chapter Communication settings.


### 3.6.7 Switch S2-150 ohm termination resistor

DIP switch S2 switches the termination of 150 ohm between RS-485+ and RS485- on (DIP switch set to "ON", left) or off.


## 4 Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation.

The Plug \& Drive Studio software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the motor parameters to your application. You can find further information in document Plug \& Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide at us.nanotec.com.

The controller also offers you the possibility to switch special drive modes on/off via object 4015 ${ }_{h}$. You can thereby control the motor directly via the inputs (analog input/clock-direction). See chapter Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed) for details.
Observe the following notes:

## CAUTION

## Moving parts can cause hand injuries.

If you touch moving parts during running operation, hand injuries may result.

- Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.


## CAUTION

In free-standing operation, motor movements are uncontrolled and can cause injuries.
If the motor is unsecured, it can, e.g., fall down. Foot injuries or damage to the motor could occur.

- If you operate the motor free-standing, observe the motor, switch it off immediately in the event of danger and make certain that the motor cannot fall down.

CAUTION

## Moving parts can catch hair and loose clothing.

During running operation, moving parts can catch hair or loose clothing, which may lead to injuries.

- If you have long hair, wear a hairnet or take other suitable protective measures when near moving parts. Do not work with loose clothing or ties near moving parts.


## CAUTION

## Risk of overheating or fire if there is insufficient cooling!

If cooling is insufficient or if the ambient temperature is too high, there is a risk of overheating or fire.

- During use, make certain that the cooling and environmental conditions are ensured.


## Note

- EMC: Current-carrying cables - particularly around supply and motor cables - produce electromagnetic alternating fields.
- These can interfere with the motor and other devices. Nanotec recommends the following measures:
- Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- Lay supply, motor and control cables physically separate from one another.


### 4.1 Configuring via Modbus RTU

Described in the following chapters is how you can establish the communication.
The controller is set to slave address 1 ex works, baud rate 19200 baud, even parity, 1 stop bit.

### 4.1.1 Communication settings

Slave address, baud rate and parity are dependent on the position of the S1 rotary switch and, if applicable, on objects $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}_{h}, \mathbf{2 0 2 A}_{h}, \mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{h}$.

| Configuration | Object | Value range | Factory settings |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}_{h}$ | 1 to 247 | 5 |
| Baud rate | $\mathbf{2 0 2 A}_{h}$ | 7200 to 256000 | 19200 |
| Parity | $\mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{h}$ | • None: $0 \times 00$ | $0 \times 04$ (Even) |
|  |  | • Even: $0 \times 04$ |  |
|  |  | • Odd: $0 \times 06$ |  |

The number of data bits is always " 8 " here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

The following baud rates are supported:

- 7200
- 9600
- 14400
- 19200
- 38400
- 56000
- 57600
- 115200
- 128000
- 256000

You must save the changes by writing value " $65766173_{h}$ " in object $1010_{h}: 0 B_{h}$. The changes are not taken over until after the controller has been restarted.

## Rotary switch

The PD4-E is equipped with a hex coding switch - similar to that shown in the following figure.


You can thereby determine the source for the slave address, the baud rate and the parity; the following table shows the possible combinations.

| Position of the rotary <br> switch | Slave address | Baud rate and parity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | hex |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | Object 2028 |  |
| $1-14$ | $1-E$ | Number of the rotary switch | Object $\mathbf{2 0 2 A}_{h}$ or $\mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{h}$ |
| 15 | $F$ | 5 | Object 202A |

### 4.1.2 Establishing communication

1. Connect the Modbus master to the controller via the RS-485+ and RS-485- (see Connector X1 Modbus RTU (RS-485) INX1 - CANopen/RS-485 IN) cables.
2. Supply the controller with voltage.
3. Change the configuration values if necessary.

The controller is set to slave address 1 ex works, baud rate 19200 baud, even parity, 1 stop bit.
4. To test the interface, send bytes $\begin{array}{llllllll}01 & 65 & 55 & 00 & 2 \mathrm{E} & 97\end{array}$ to the controller (you can find a detailed description of the Modbus function codes in chapter Modbus RTU). The object dictionary is read out.

### 4.2 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), you must perform an auto setup. Closed Loop operation requires a successfully completed auto setup.

## Tip

As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

## Note

- Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:
- The motor must be load-free.
- The motor must not be touched.
- The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- No NanoJ programs may be running (object $2300_{h}: 00_{h}$ bit $0=$ " 0 ", see $2300 h$ NanoJ Control).


## Tip

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.
(i)

## Note

With the Plug \& Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform an auto setup, as this was already performed at the factory.

### 4.2.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

| Parameter | All motors independent of the configuration |
| :--- | :--- |
| Motor type (stepper motor or | X |
| BLDC motor) | X |
| Winding resistance | X |
| Winding inductance | X |


| Parameter | Motor without encoder | Motor with encoder <br> and index | Motor with encoder <br> without index |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Encoder resolution | - | X | --- |
| Alignment (shifting of <br> the electrical zero to the <br> index.) | X | --- |  |


| Parameter | Motor without Hall <br> sensor | Motor with Hall sensor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hall transitions | - | $X$ |

### 4.2.2 Execution

1. To preselect the auto setup operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FEn") in object $6060_{h}: 00_{h}$. The power state machine must now switch to the Operation enabled state, see CiA 402 Power State Machine.
2. Start auto setup by setting bit 4 OMS in object $6040_{\mathrm{h}}: 00_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword).


While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:

1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 OMS in object $6041_{\mathrm{h}}: 00_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 TARG in object $6041_{h}: 00_{h}$ can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.


### 4.2.3 Parameter memory

After a successful auto setup, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see Saving objects and 1010h Store Parameters. Categories Drive $1010_{h}: 05_{h}$ and Tuning $1010_{h}: 06_{h}$ are used.

## CAUTION

Uncontrolled motor movements!
After the auto setup, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Unforeseen reactions can result.

- Restart the device after an auto setup. Homing alone does not suffice.


### 4.3 Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed)

You have the possibility to control the motor directly via the clock and direction input or the analog input by activating the special drive modes. These include:

- Clock-direction
- Analog speed
- Test run with 30 rpm

You can also determine the control mode - open loop or closed loop.
Digital input 1 serves here as an enable (see Connector X4 - inputs/outputs and external logic supply).

## Note

After activating the special drive modes, the state of the CiA 402 Power State Machine is controlled only via a digital input (enable). State changes that are requested in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}$ (controlword) have no effect.

### 4.3.1 Activation

To activate the special drive modes, you must enter the value " 2 " in $4015_{h}: 01_{h} . \operatorname{In} 4015_{h}: 02_{h}$, set the mode by writing a value between " 00 " h and $" 0 \mathrm{~F} "_{h}$.

The following table lists all possible modes and their value for 4015:02 ${ }_{h}$ :

| Value | Mode |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00n/01h | Clock-direction | - | - | Open Loop |
| 02 h | Clock-direction (test run) | Test run with 30 rpm | Clockwise direction of rotation | Open Loop |
| $03_{\text {h }}$ | Clock-direction (test run) | Test run with 30 rpm | Counterclockwise direction of rotation | Open Loop |
| 04h | Analog speed | Direction via "Direction" input | Maximum speed 1000 rpm | Open Loop |
| 05h | Analog speed | Direction via "Direction" input | Maximum speed 100 rpm | Open Loop |
| 06h | Analog speed | Offset 5 V (joystick mode) | Maximum speed 1000 rpm | Open Loop |
| $07_{\text {h }}$ | Analog speed | Offset 5 V (joystick mode) | Maximum speed 100 rpm | Open Loop |
| $08{ }_{h} / 09_{h}$ | Clock-direction |  |  | Closed Loop |
| $0 \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Clock-direction (test run) | Test run with 30 rpm | Clockwise direction of rotation | Closed Loop |
| $0 B_{h}$ | Clock-direction (test run) | Test run with 30 rpm | Counterclockwise direction of rotation | Closed Loop |
| $\mathrm{OC}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Analog speed | Direction via "Direction" input | Maximum speed 1000 rpm | Closed Loop |
| $0 D_{h}$ | Analog speed | Direction via "Direction" input | Maximum speed 100 rpm | Closed Loop |
| $0 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Analog speed | Offset 5 V (joystick mode) | Maximum speed 1000 rpm | Closed Loop |
| $0 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Analog speed | Offset 5 V (joystick mode) | Maximum speed 100 rpm | Closed Loop |

You must save object 4015 (application category) (see chapterSaving objects); the changes do not take effect until after the controller is restarted.

### 4.3.2 Clock-direction

The controller internally sets the operating mode to clock-direction. You must connect the enable, clock and direction inputs (see chapter Connector X4 - inputs/outputs and external logic supply).

### 4.3.3 Analog speed

The controller internally sets the operating mode to Velocity. To preset the speed, the voltage on the analog input is used and the corresponding target speed is written in $6042_{h}$.

## Maximum speed

The maximum speed can be changed between 100 rpm and 1000 rpm . If a different speed is necessary, it can be set using the scaling factor (object 604Ch subindices $01_{h}$ and $02_{h}$ ).

## Computation of the analog voltage

There are two modes for calculating the analog input voltage.

## Normal mode

You must connect the enable, direction and analog inputs (see chapter Connector X4 inputs/outputs and external logic supply). The maximum analog voltage corresponds to the maximum speed. The direction is preset here via the direction input. There is a dead zone from 0 V to 20 mV in which the motor does not move.


## Joystick mode

You must connect the release input and the analog input (see chapter Connector X4 - inputs/ outputs and external logic supply). Half of the maximum analog voltage corresponds to the speed 0 . If the voltage drops below half, the speed increases in the negative direction. If the speed rises above half, the speed increases likewise in the positive direction. The dead zone here extends from $U_{\max } / 2 \pm 20 \mathrm{mV}$.


### 4.3.4 Test run with 30 rpm

The motor rotates at 30 rpm if the enable input is set.
(1) Nanotec

## 5 General concepts

### 5.1 Control modes

### 5.1.1 General

The control mode of systems without feedback is called open loop, the mode with feedback is called closed loop. In the closed loop control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.
For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.


In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as sensorless systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality


Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controllerspecific and is described in chapters Pin assignment and Operating modes.

| Control mode | Stepper motor | BLDC motor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Open Loop | yes | no |
| Closed Loop | yes | yes |


| Feedback | Stepper motor | BLDC motor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hall | no | yes |
| Encoder | yes | yes |


| Feedback | Stepper motor | BLDC motor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sensorless | yes | yes |

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

| Operating mode | Control mode |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Open Loop | Closed Loop |
| Profile Position | yes | yes |
| Velocity | yes | yes |
| Profile Velocity | yes | yes |
| Profile Torque | no | yes |
| Homing | yes $^{2)}$ | yes |
| Interpolated Position Mode | yes $^{3)}$ | yes |
| Cyclic Synchronous Position | yes $^{3)}$ | yes |
| Cyclic Synchronous Velocity | yes $^{3)}$ | yes |
| Cyclic Synchronous Torque | no | yes |
| Clock-direction | yes | yes |

1) The Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque torque operating modes are not possible in the open loop control mode due to a lack of feedback.
2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.
3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes Cyclic Synchronous Position and Cyclic

Synchronous Velocity follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with open loop control mode.

### 5.1.2 Open Loop

## Introduction

Open loop mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to closed loop, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. Open loop mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike closed loop, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in open loop mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of rotor's inertia. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

## Commissioning

To use open loop mode, the following settings are necessary:

- In object $\mathbf{2 0 3 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of $1.8^{\circ}$ corresponds to 50 pole pairs and $0.9^{\circ}$ corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object $\mathbf{2 0 3 1} 1_{\mathrm{h}}: 00_{\mathrm{h}}$, enter the maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- In object $60755_{h}: 00_{h}$, enter the rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object $6073_{h}: 00_{h}$, enter the maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory setting: "1000", which corresponds to 100\%.
- In object 3202h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".
- If the clock-direction mode is to be used, then observe chapter Clock-direction mode.

If necessary, current reduction on motor standstill should be activated to reduce the power loss and heat build-up. To activate current reduction, the following settings are necessary:

- In object 3202h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 3 (CurRed) to "1".
- In object 2036h (Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time), the time in milliseconds is specified that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.
- In object $\mathbf{2 0 3 7}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor), the root mean square is specified to which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop and the motor is at a standstill.


## Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in open loop mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see objects $6073_{h}$ and $203 B_{h}$, respectively. Excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects 3210 $: 09_{h}\left(I \_P\right)$ and $3210_{h}: 0 A_{h}$ (I_I).
- Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:


## Profile Position operating mode

Objects 6083h (Profile Acceleration), 6084h (Profile Deceleration) and 6081 ${ }_{\text {h }}^{\text {( }}$ (Profile Velocity).

## Velocity operating mode

Objects 6048 h (Velocity Acceleration), 6049 (Velocity Deceleration) and 6042h (Target Velocity).

## Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects $\mathbf{6 0 8 3}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Profile Acceleration), $\mathbf{6 0 8 4}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Profile Deceleration) and 6081 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Profile Velocity).

## Homing operating mode

 6099h:02h (Speed During Search For Zero).

## Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

## Cycle Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

## Cycle Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

## Clock-Direction operating mode

Change of the step resolution via objects 2057 (Clock Direction Multiplier) and 2058 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

### 5.1.3 Closed Loop

## Introduction

The closed loop theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.
Closed loop using a speed control as an example:

$\mathrm{PI}_{1}=$ Proportional-integral current control loop
$\mathrm{Pl}_{\mathrm{V}}=$ Proportional-integral velocity control loop
$l_{\text {actual }}=$ Actual current
$V_{\text {actuaf }} \quad$ Actual speed

The closed loop method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of closed loop technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using the encoder signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for closed loop mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which -
above a certain minimum speed - supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support closed loop mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With closed loop mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.

## Commissioning

An auto setup must be performed before using closed loop mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter Auto setup.

With the Plug \& Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform the auto setup, as this was already performed at the factory

Bit 0 in $\mathbf{3 2 0 2}_{h}$ must be set .

### 5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

### 5.2.1 State machine

## CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a state machine. This is defined in CANopen standard 402. State changes are requested in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0} \mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object 6041 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword).

## Controlword

State changes are requested via object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword).

## State transitions

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.


Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An $X$ here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. The only exception is the resetting of the error (fault reset): the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

| Command | Bit in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathbf{h}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Transition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bit 7 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shutdown | 0 | X | 1 | 1 | 0 | $1,5,8$ |  |  |  |  |
| Switch on | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Disable voltage | 0 | X | X | 0 | X | $6,7,9,12$ |  |  |  |  |
| Quick stop | 0 | X | 0 | 1 | X | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Disable <br> operation | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Enable <br> operation | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Enable <br> operation after | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 14 |  |  |  |  |


| Command | Bit in object 6040 |  |  |  |  | Transition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Bit 7 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |  |
| quick stop (if |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 605A $_{\mathrm{h}}$ is 5 or 6) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fault reset | $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ | X | x | x | X | 13 |

## Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

| Statusword (6041 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ ) | State |
| :---: | :---: |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 | Switch on disabled |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 | Ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 | Switched on |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 | Operation enabled |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 | Quick stop active |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 | Fault reaction active |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 | Fault |

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the Switch on disabled state.

## Note

If an unrecoverable error occurs, the controller changes to the Not ready to switch on state and remains there.

## Operating mode

The operating mode is set in object $6060{ }_{h}$. The actually active operating mode is displayed in $6061{ }_{h}$.
The operating mode can be set or changed at any time.

### 5.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

## Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the Operation enabled state.
The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.


## Quick stop active

Transition to the Quick stop active state (quick stop option):
In this case, the action stored in object $605 A_{h}$ is executed (see following table).

| Value in object $605 A_{h}$ | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 | Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled <br> 1 |
| Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on |  |
| operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled |  |
| 5 | Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to <br> Switch on disabled |
|  | Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Quick stop active; <br> control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You <br> can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |


| Value in object $605 A_{\mathbf{h}}$ | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6 | Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to Quick <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  energized. You can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |

## Ready to switch on

Transition to the Ready to switch on state (shutdown option):
In this case, the action stored in object $605 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ is executed (see following table).

| Value in object $605 \mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{h}}$ | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Reserved |
| 0 | Immediate stop |
| 1 | Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled <br> $2 \ldots 32767$ |

## Switched on

Transition to the Switched on state (disable operation option):
In this case, the action stored in object $605 \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}$ is executed (see following table).

| Value in object 605C | n |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Description |
| 0 | Reserved |
| 1 | Immediate stop |
| $2 \ldots 32767$ | Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled <br> Reserved |

## Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword), the reaction stored in $\mathbf{6 0 5} \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ is executed (see following table):

| Value in object $605 \mathrm{D}_{\mathbf{h}}$ | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots 0$ | Reserved |
| 1 | Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on <br> operating mode) |
| 2 | Braking with quick stop ramp (braking deceleration depending on <br> operating mode) |
| $3 \ldots 32767$ | Reserved |

## Fault

Case of an error (fault):
If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object $605 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

| Value in object $605 \mathrm{E}_{\mathbf{h}}$ | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Reserved |
| 0 | Immediate stop |
| 1 | Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on <br> operating mode) |
| 2 | Braking with quick stop ramp (braking deceleration depending on <br> operating mode) |
| $3 \ldots 32767$ | Reserved |

Following/slippage error
If a following or slippage error occurs, the motor is braked according to the value stored in object $3700_{h}$.

| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Reserved |
| 0 | Immediate stop <br> 1Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating <br> mode) |
| 2 | Braking with quick stop ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating <br> mode) <br> Reserved |

You can deactivate error monitoring by setting object $\mathbf{6 0 6 5}_{h}$ to the value "-1" (FFFFFFFFF ${ }_{h}$ ) or object $60 F 8_{\mathrm{h}}$ to the value "7FFFFFFF ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ ".

### 5.3 User-defined units

The controller offers you the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [ ${ }^{\circ}$ ], millimeter [mm], etc.
Depending on the mechanical circumstances, you can also define a Gear ratio and/or a Feed constant.

Factor Units

(i)

## Note

Value changes of all objects that are described in this chapter are not immediately applied in the Operation enabled state of the CiA 402 Power State Machine. For this to happen, the Operation enabled state must be exited.

### 5.3.1 Units

Units of the international unit system $(S)$ as well as a number of specific units are supported. It is also possible to specify a power of ten as a factor.
Listed in the following table are all supported units for the position and their values for 60A8 ${ }_{h}$ (Position unit) or $60 \mathrm{A9} 9_{h}$ (Speed unit). Depending on the unit that is used, Feed constant (6092h) and/or Gear ratio $(\mathbf{6 0 9 1}$ h $)$ are/is taken into account.

| Name | Unit symbol | Value | 6091 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | 6092h | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| meter | m | $01_{\text {h }}$ | yes | yes | Meter |
| inch | in | $\mathrm{C1}_{\text {h }}$ | yes | yes | Inch ( $=0.0254 \mathrm{~m}$ ) |
| foot | ft | C 2 h | yes | yes | Foot ( $=0.3048 \mathrm{~m}$ ) |
| grade | g | $40_{\text {h }}$ | yes | no | Gradian (unit of angle, 400 corresponds to $360^{\circ}$ ) |
| radian | rad | $10_{\text {h }}$ | yes | no | Radian |
| degree | - | $41_{\text {h }}$ | yes | no | Degrees |
| arcminute | ' | $42_{\text {h }}$ | yes | no | Arcminute ( $60{ }^{\prime}=1^{\circ}$ ) |
| arcsecond | " | $43_{h}$ | yes | no | Arcsecond (60"=1') |
| mechanical revolution |  | $B 4{ }_{\text {h }}$ | yes | no | Revolution | revolution


| Name Unit symbol | Value | 6091 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | 6092h | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| encoder increment | $B 5_{h}$ | no | no | Encoder increments. Dependent on the used sensor (encoder/Hall sensor) and operating mode. In open-loop and sensorless operation, $320000_{\mathrm{h}}$ increments correspond to one motor revolution. |
| step | $\mathrm{AC}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | no | no | Steps. With 2-phase stepper motors, the number of pole pairs $\left(\mathbf{2 0 3 0}_{h}\right)$ multiplied by 4 is equivalent to one revolution. With 3phase BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs $\left(\mathbf{2 0 3 0}_{h}\right)$ multiplied by 6 is equivalent to one revolution. |
| electrical pole | $\mathrm{CO}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | no | no | Electric poles. With a stepper motor that has, e.g., 50 pole pairs $\left(\mathbf{2 0 3 0}_{h}\right)$, the unit corresponds to $1 / 50$ of a revolution. |
| dimensionless | 00 h | yes | yes | Dimensionless length unit |

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the time and their values for 60A9 (Speed unit):

| Name | Unit symbol | Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| second | s | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Second |
| minute | min | $47_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Minute |
| hour | h | $48_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Hour |
| day | d | $49_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Day |
| year | a | $4 \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Year (=365.25 days) |

Listed in the following table are the possible exponents and their values for $\mathbf{6 0 A 8} \mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Position unit) and 60A9 ${ }_{h}$ (Speed unit):

| Factor | Exponent | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10^{6}$ | 6 | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $10^{5}$ | 5 | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $10^{1}$ | 1 | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $10^{0}$ | 0 | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $10^{-1}$ | -1 | $\mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| $10^{-5}$ | -5 | $\mathrm{FB}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $10^{-6}$ | -6 | $\mathrm{FA}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

### 5.3.2 Encoder resolution

The physical resolution of the used encoder/sensor is calculated from the encoder increments $\left(608 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}: 1_{\mathrm{h}}\right.$ (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions (608F $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{h}}: 2_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Motor Revolutions)):
Position encoder resolution $=\quad \frac{\text { Encoder Increments }\left(608 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01\right)}{\text { Motor Revolutions }\left(608 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}: 02\right)}$

### 5.3.3 Gear ratio

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions (6091 $\mathrm{h}: 1$ (Motor Revolutions)) per axis rotation (6091 $\mathrm{h}: 2$ (Shaft Revolutions)) as follows:

$$
\text { Gear ratio }=\frac{\text { Motor revolution }\left(6091_{\mathrm{h}}: 1\right)}{\text { Shaft revolution }\left(6091_{\mathrm{h}}: 2\right)}
$$

### 5.3.4 Feed constant

The feed constant is calculated from the feed $\left(6092_{\mathrm{h}}: 1\right.$ (Feed) per revolution of the output shaft (6092h:2 (Shaft Revolutions) as follows:


The feed constant is useful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis and is used if the unit is based on length dimensions or if it is dimensionless.

### 5.3.5 Calculation formulas for user units

## Position unit

Object 60A8 ${ }_{h}$ contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| reserved (00h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | reserved (00h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Example

If $60 A 8_{h}$ is written with the value "FF410000 ${ }_{h}$ " (bits $16-23=41_{h}$ and bits $24-31=F F_{h}$ ), the unit is set to tenths of degree (factory setting).
With a relative target position $\left(607 \mathrm{~A}_{h}\right)$ of 3600 , the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if Gear ratio is $1: 1$. The Feed constant plays no role in this case.

## Example

If $60 \mathrm{A8} 8_{h}$ is written with the value "FD010000h" (bits $16-23=01_{h}$ and bits $24-31=F D_{h}(=-3)$ ), the unit is set to millimeter.

With a relative target position $\left(607 A_{h}\right)$ of 1 , the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if Feed constant and Gear ratio are 1:1.

If the Feed constant is set according to the lead screw pitch of a linear axis, the motor turns far enough that a feed of 1 mm is achieved.

## Speed unit

Object 60A9 ${ }_{h}$ contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nominator (Position) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Denominator (Time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | reserved (00h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Example

If $60 \mathrm{~A} 9_{h}$ is written with the value "00B44700 ${ }_{h}$ (bits $8-15=00_{h}$, bits $16-23=B 4_{h}$ and bits $24-31=47_{h}$ ), the unit is set to revolutions per minute (factory setting).

## Example

If $60 A 9_{h}$ is written with the value "FD010300 ${ }_{h}$ (bits $8-15=F D_{h}(=-3)$, bits $16-23=01_{h}$ and bits $24-31=03_{h}$ ), the unit is set to millimeters per second.

## Note

The speed unit in Velocity mode is preset to revolutions per minute. You can only set the unit via the 604Ch VI Dimension Factor.

## Conversion factor for the speed unit

You can set an additional factor for the speed unit. Thus, a unit of, e.g., $1 / 3$ revolutions/minute is possible. The factor $n$ is calculated from the factor for numerator $\left(6096_{h}: 01_{h}\right)$ divided by the factor for denominator (6096 ${ }_{h}$ :02 $2_{h}$ ).

$$
n_{\text {velocity }}=\frac{6096_{h}: 01}{6096_{h}: 02}
$$

## Acceleration unit

The acceleration unit is speed unit per second.
Conversion factor for the acceleration unit
The factor $n$ for the acceleration unit is calculated from the numerator ( $\left.6097_{h}: 01_{h}\right)$ divided by the denominator (6097h:02h).

$$
n_{\text {acceleration }}=\frac{6097_{\mathrm{n}}: 01}{6097_{\mathrm{h}}: 02}
$$

## Jerk unit

The jerk unit is Acceleration unit per second.
Conversion factor for jerk
The factor n for the jerk is calculated from the numerator $\left(60 \mathrm{~A} 2_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ divided by the denominator (60A2h:02h).

$$
n_{\text {jerk }}=\frac{60 A 2_{h}: 01}{60 A 2_{h}: 02}
$$

### 5.4 Limitation of the range of motion

The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter Digital inputs, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

### 5.4.1 Behavior upon reaching the limit switch

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 (Warning) is set in $6041_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) and the action that is stored in object 3701 h executed (see following table).
\(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\hline \text { Value in object } \mathbf{3 7 0 1}_{\mathrm{h}} & \text { Description } \\
\hline-1 \text { (factory settings) } & \begin{array}{l}\text { No reaction (e.g., to execute a homing operation) } \\
1\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on } \\
\text { operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled } \\
\text { Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to } \\
\text { Switch on disabled }\end{array}
$$\right] \begin{array}{l}Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on <br>
operating mode) and subsequent state change to Quick stop active; <br>
control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You <br>

can switch back to the Operation enabled state.\end{array}\right\}\)| Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to Quick |
| :--- |
| Stop Active; control does not switch off and the motor remains |
| energized. You can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |

As long as the limit switch is still active, travel in the direction of the limit switch is blocked; it is, however, possible to travel in the opposite direction.

Bit 7 (Warning) in $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ h is not deleted until the limit switch is deactivated and the limit switch position has been passed back over.

### 5.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches (607D $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ( $607 A_{h}$ ) are limited by $607 D_{h}$; the absolute target position may not be larger than the limits in $607 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$. If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

### 5.5 Cycle times

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms . This means that data are processed every 1 ms ; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

| Task | Cycle time |
| :--- | :--- |
| Application | 1 ms |
| NanoJ application | 1 ms |
| Current controller | $31.25 \mu \mathrm{~s}(32 \mathrm{kHz})$ |
| Speed controller | $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}(4 \mathrm{kHz})$ |
| Position controller | 1 ms |

## 6 Operating modes

### 6.1 Profile Position

### 6.1.1 Overview

## Description

Profile Position Mode is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.

## Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object 6060 (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

## Controlword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from " 0 " to "1". An exception occurs if changing from another operating mode to Profile Position: If bit 4 is already set, it does not need to be set to " 0 " and then back to " 1 " in order to start the travel command.
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to " 0 ", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position $\left(607 A_{h}\right)$ is absolute and with " 1 " the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object $60 F 2_{h}$.
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to " 1 ", the motor stops. On a transition from " 1 " to " 0 ", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D .
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

| Controlword $\mathbf{6 0 4 0} \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bit $\mathbf{9}$ | Bit 5 | Definition |
| X | 1 | The new target position is moved to immediately. |
| 0 | 0 | Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new <br> limits. <br> The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target <br> position is moved to with the new values. |

For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".

## Note

Bit 9 in the controlword is ignored if the ramp speed is not met at the target point. In this case, the controller would need to reset and take a run-up to reach the preset.

## Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window $\left(\mathbf{6 0 6 7}_{h}\right)$ for a preset time $\left(\mathbf{6 0 6 8}_{h}\right)$.
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in $607 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.
There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel command is ignored.
The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:
- The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in closed loop mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065h (Following Error Window) and 6066h (Following Error Time Out)).


### 6.1.2 Setting travel commands

## Travel command

In object 607A h $_{h}$ (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see User-defined units). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1} 1_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".


The controller can also reset bit 4 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object 60F2h.

## Other travel commands

Bit 12 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ h (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters - such as speed,
acceleration, braking deceleration, etc. - can thereby be reset (time 2 ). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).

If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).

Times


Transition procedure for second target position
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object $6040_{h}$ (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.


Possibilities for moving to a target position
If bit 9 in object $6040_{h}$ (controlword) is equal to " 0 ", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed $\left(\mathbf{6 0 8 2}_{h}\right)$ of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to " 1 ", the profile speed $\left(\mathbf{6 0 8 1} 1_{h}\right)$ is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.


Possible combinations of travel commands
To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

The following applies for the figures below:

- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.


- Change set immediately ( 6040 : 00 Bit $5=1$ )
- Move absolute ( $\left.6040_{\mathrm{h}}: 00 \mathrm{Bit} 6=0\right)$
- Target position: 300


- Change set immediately ( 6040 : 00 Bit $5=1$ )
- Move absolute ( $\left.6040_{\mathrm{h}}: 00 \mathrm{Bit} 6=0\right)$
- Target position: 300



### 6.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.


The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.

### 6.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

## Object entries

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- $607 \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : (Target Position): Planned target position
- 607D ${ }^{\text {h }}$ : (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter Software limit switches)
- 607Ch (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units. (See "Homing")
- 607B $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- 607 h (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- 6081 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6082h (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- 6083 h (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- 6084h (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- 6085h (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- $\mathbf{6 0 8 6}$ h (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is " 0 ", the jerk is not limited; if the value is " 3 ", the values of $60 A 4_{h}: 1_{h}-4_{h}$ are set as limits for the jerk.
- 60 C 5 h (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60C6 ${ }_{h}$ (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60A4 ${ }_{h}$ (Profile Jerk), subindex $01_{h}$ to $04_{h}$ : Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- The speed is is limited by $\mathbf{6 0 7 F} \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Max Profile Velocity) and $\mathbf{6 0 8 0}$ (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- 60F2h: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior


## Objects for the positioning move

The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.


## Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).



Max. deceleration $\left(60 C 6_{h}\right)$


### 6.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

## Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

## Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object 6086 ho " 3 ". The entries for the jerks in subindices : $1_{h}-4_{h}$ of object 60A4 thereby become valid.

Non-jerk-limited mode
A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object $6086_{h}$ is set to "0" (default setting).

### 6.2 Velocity

### 6.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the Profile Velocity Mode, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.

### 6.2.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object 6060h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

### 6.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object $6040_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to " 1 ", the motor stops. On a transition from " 1 " to " 0 ", the motor accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from " 0 " to " 1 ", the motor brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.


### 6.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.


### 6.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 604C $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Dimension Factor):

The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects.
Subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value " 60 " and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

- 6042 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Target Velocity.

The target speed is set here in user-defined units.

- 6048h: Velocity Acceleration

This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

$$
\text { VL velocity acceleration }=\frac{\text { Delta speed }\left(6048_{h}: 1\right)}{\text { Delta time }\left(6048_{h}: 2\right)}
$$

- 6049 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Velocity Deceleration):

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object 6048 ${ }_{h}$; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.

- 6046h (Velocity Min Max Amount):

The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object.
The minimum speed is set in $6046_{h}: 1_{h}$. If the target speed $\left(6042_{h}\right)$ falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed $6046_{h}: 1_{h}$.
The maximum speed is set in $6046_{h}: 2_{h}$. If the target speed $\left(6042_{h}\right)$ exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed $6046_{h}: 2_{h}$.

- 604A ${ }_{h}$ (Velocity Quick Stop):

This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object 6048 ${ }_{h}$.

- 6080h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed

The following objects can be used to check the function:

- 6043 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (VI Velocity Demand)
- 6044h (VI Velocity Actual Value)


## Speeds in Velocity Mode



## Objects for Velocity Mode

The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ h is set (internal limit active).


### 6.3 Profile Velocity

### 6.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps. Unlike Velocity Mode (see "Velocity"), the statusword is used in this mode to indicate whether the target speed is reached.

### 6.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value " 3 " must be set in object 6060 (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

### 6.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.


### 6.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).

| $6041_{\mathrm{h}}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bit 10 | Bit $\mathbf{8}$ |  |
| 0 | 0 | Target speed not reached |
| 0 | 1 | Axis braking |
| 1 | 0 | Target speed within target window (defined in $\mathbf{6 0 6 D}_{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{h}$ and <br>  <br> 1 |
|  | 1 | Axis speed is 0 |

- Bit 13 (Deviation Error): This bit is set in closed loop mode if the slippage error is greater than the set limits (60F8h Max Slippage and 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out).


### 6.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 606B $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Velocity Demand Value):

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the speed controller.

- 606Ch (Velocity Actual Value):

Indicates the current actual speed.

- 606D ${ }_{h}$ (Velocity Window):

This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object 6041 ${ }_{h}$ (statusword) to be set to "1".

- 606E ${ }_{h}$ (Velocity Window Time):

This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see 606D ${ }_{\text {h }}$ "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object 6041 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) to be set to "1".

- 607E $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Polarity):

If bit 6 is set to " 1 " here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.

- 6083 ${ }_{h}$ (Profile acceleration):

Sets the value for the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode.

- 6084h (Profile Deceleration):

Sets the value for the deceleration ramp in Velocity Mode.

- 6085h (Quick Stop Deceleration):

Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking in Velocity Mode.

- 6086 (Motion Profile Type):

The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).

- $60 F F_{h}$ (Target Velocity):

Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.

- The speed is is limited by $607 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Max Profile Velocity) and $\mathbf{6 0 8 0}{ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.

Objects in Profile Velocity Mode


## Activation

After the mode is selected in object $6060_{h}$ (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine") is switched to Operation enabled, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object $60 \mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

## Limitations in the jerk-limited case

The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case $\left(\mathbf{6 0 8 6}{ }_{h}=3\right)$.




## Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case $\left(6086_{h}=0\right)$.



### 6.4 Profile Torque

### 6.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.


## Note

This mode only functions if closed loop is activated, see also Commissioning Closed Loop.

### 6.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object 6060 (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

### 6.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object $6040_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to " 1 ", the motor stops. If this bit is set from " 1 " to " 0 ", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from " 0 " to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.


### 6.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}$ (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque ( 6077 h Torque Actual Value) is within a tolerance window (203Dh Torque Window) for a specified time (203Eh Torque Window Time Out).

| $\mathbf{6 0 4 0 _ { \mathrm { h } }}$ <br> Bit 8 | $\mathbf{6 0 4 1} \mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Bit 10 | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | Specified torque not reached |
| 0 | 1 | Specified torque reached |
| 1 | 0 | Axis accelerated |


| $6040_{h}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bit 8 | Bit 10 | Description |
| 1 | 1 | Axis speed is 0 |
| Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque $\left(6071_{h}\right)$ exceeds the maximum torque entered in $6072_{h}$. |  |  |

### 6.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current ( $\left.\mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{h}: 01_{h}\right)$. This includes the objects:

- 6071 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Target Torque):

Target torque

- 6072 ${ }_{h}$ (Max Torque):

Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)

- 6073h (Max Current):

Maximum current. The minimum of $6073_{h}$ and $6072_{h}$ is used as limit for the torque in $6071_{h}$.

- 6074 ${ }_{h}$ (Torque Demand):

Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller

- 6087h (Torque Slope):

Max. change in torque per second

## Note

These values are not limited to $100 \%$ of the rated current $\left(\mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{h}: 01_{h}\right)$. Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration (203B $\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{h}}: 02_{h}$ ) of the maximum current $\left(6073_{h}\right)$ is set (see I2t Motor overload protection). All torque objects are limited by the maximum motor current ( $\mathbf{2 0 3 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ).

The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

- 3202h Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):

If this bit is set to " 0 ", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in object $\mathbf{6 0 8 0}_{h}$ and the controller can operate in field weakening mode.
If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.

Objects of the ramp generator


## Torque curve



### 6.5 Homing

### 6.5.1 Overview

## Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

## Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object 6060 (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

[^0]
## Controlword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4: If the bit is set to " 1 ", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference position is reached or bit 4 is reset to " 0 ".


## Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

| Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 10 | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | Homing is performed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | Homing is interrupted or not started |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Homing confirmed, but target not yet reached |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | Homing completed |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Error during homing, motor still turning |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | Error during homing, motor at standstill |

## Note

Bit 12 in Homing mode is set to 1 after the first fully completed homing operation since the restart. It is only reset to 0

- during all subsequent homing operations
- in the event of an error during a homing operation (permanently deleted until a new homing operation is fully completed).


## Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607Ch (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units.
- 6098 ${ }_{h}$ (Homing Method):

Method to be used for referencing (see "Homing method")

- $\mathbf{6 0 9 9}_{h}: 01_{h}$ (Speed During Search For Switch): Speed for the search of the switch
- 6099 $\mathrm{h}: 02_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Speed During Search For Zero): Speed for the search of the index
- 6080 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 609A $\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Homing Acceleration):

Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing

- $\mathbf{2 0 3 A}_{h}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Minimum Current For Block Detection):

Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.

- 203A h $_{h}: 2_{h}$ (Period Of Blocking):

Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

## Homing speeds

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:


### 6.5.2 Homing method

## Description

The homing method is written as a number in object $6098_{h}$ and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14,33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.

In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The limit switch is located before the respective mechanical block; the home switch is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.

For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

## Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in closed loop mode.
"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

1. Current level: In object $\mathbf{2 0 3 A}_{h}: 01$, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
2. Blocking duration: In object $\mathbf{2 0 3 A}_{h}: 02$, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.


## Overview of methods

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.
Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

The following methods can be used for homing on block:

- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse


## Methods 1 and 2

Reference to limit switches and index pulse.
Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:


Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:


## Methods 3 to 6

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.
With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:


With methods 5 and 6 , the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:


## Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:


Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:


## Methods 17 and 18

Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.
Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:


Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:


## Methods 19 to 22

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.
With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:


Reference
switch $\qquad$
With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:


## Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:


Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:


Methods 33 and 34
Reference to the next index pulse.
With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:


## Method 35

References to the current position.

## Note

For Homing Mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the CiA 402 Power State Machine to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in open loop mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35 .

### 6.6 Interpolated Position Mode

### 6.6.1 Overview

## Description

Interpolated Position Mode is used to synchronize multiple axes. For this purpose, a higher-level controller performs the ramp and path calculation and passes the respective demand position, at which the axis is to be located at a certain time, to the controller. The controller interpolates between these intermediate position points.

## Synchronization with the SYNC object

For Interpolated Position Mode, it is necessary that the controller synchronizes with the SYNC object (depending on the fieldbus). This SYNC object is to be sent by the higher-level controller in regular intervals. Synchronization occurs as soon as the controller is switched to the Operational NMT mode.

## Note

Where possible, it is recommended that a time interval of the SYNC object be used.

### 6.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "7" must be set in object 6060h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

### 6.6.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040 $_{h}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 activates the interpolation when it is set to "1".
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D h.


### 6.6.4 Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1} 1_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Target position reached: This bit is set to "1" if the target position was reached (if the halt bit in the controlword is "0") or the axis has speed 0 (if the halt bit in the last control word was "1").
- Bit 12 (IP mode active): This bit is set to " 1 " if interpolation is active.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in closed loop mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065h (Following Error Window) and 6066h (Following Error Time Out)).


### 6.6.5 Use

The controller follows a linearly interpolated path between the current position and the preset target position. The (next) target position must be written in record $60 \mathrm{C} 1_{h}: 01_{h}$.

§Synchronisation

In the current implementation, only

- linear interpolation
- and a target position
are supported.


### 6.6.6 Setup

The following setup is necessary:

- 60C2 $\mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Time between two passed target positions in ms.
- $60 C 4_{h}: 06_{h}$ : This object is to be set to " 1 " to be able to modify the target position in object $60 C 1_{h}: 01_{h}$.
- 6081 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- The speed is is limited by $607 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Max Profile Velocity) and $\mathbf{6 0 8 0}$ (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- To be able to turn the motor, the power state machine is to be set to the Operation enabled state (see CiA 402 Power State Machine)


### 6.6.7 Operation

After setting up, the task of the higher-level controller is to write the target positions to object $60 \mathbf{C 1}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ in time.

### 6.7 Cyclic Synchronous Position

### 6.7.1 Overview

## Description

In this mode, the controller receives an absolute position preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a cycle). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

The target position is transferred cyclically (via $P D O$ ). Bit 4 in the controlword does not need to be set (unlike the Profile Position mode).

## Note

The target is absolute and, thus, independent of how often it was sent per cycle.

## Activation

To activate the mode, the value " 8 " must be set in object 6060h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

## Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ have no special function.

## Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

| Bit | Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 0 | The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus |
| 8 | 1 | The controller is in sync with the fieldbus |
| 10 | 0 | Reserved |
| 10 | 1 | Reserved |


| Bit | Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 0 | Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\mathbf{6 0 7} A_{h}$ (Target Position) is <br> ignored |
| 12 | 1 | Controller follows the target; object $607 A_{h}$ (Target Position) is used as the <br> input for position control. |
| 13 | 0 | No following error |
| 13 | 1 | Following error |

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in $\mathbf{6 0 7} \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

### 6.7.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607A $A_{h}$ (Target Position): This object must be written cyclically with the position set value.
- $607 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Position Range Limit): This object contains the preset for an overrun or underrun of the position specification.
- 607D ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Software Position Limit): This object defines the limitations within which the position specification $\left(607 A_{h}\right)$ must be located.
- 6065h (Following Error Window): This object specifies a tolerance corridor in both the positive and negative direction from the set specification. If the actual position is outside of this corridor for longer than the specified time $(\mathbf{6 0 6 6}$ h $)$, a following error is reported.
- $6066_{h}$ (Following Error Time Out): This object specifies the time range in milliseconds. If the actual position is outside of the position corridor $(\mathbf{6 0 6 5}$ h $)$ for longer than this time range, a following error is triggered.
- 6085h (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered.
- 605A ${ }_{h}$ (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop.
- 6080 (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2 ${ }_{h}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a cycle; a new set value must be written in 607A $A_{h}$ in these time intervals.
The following applies here: cycle time = value of $60 \mathbf{C} 2_{h}: 01_{h}$ * $10^{\text {value of } 60 \mathrm{C} 2: 02}$ seconds.
- 60C2 $\mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}: 02_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value $60 \mathrm{C} 2_{h}: 02_{h}=-3$ is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 6064h (Position Actual Value)
- 606Ch (Velocity Actual Value)
- 60F4h (Following Error Actual Value)


### 6.8 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity

### 6.8.1 Overview

## Description

In this mode, the controller passes a speed preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a cycle). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

## Activation

To activate the mode, the value " 9 " must be set in object 6060h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

## Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ have no special function.

## Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lll}\hline \text { Bit } & \text { Value } & \text { Description } \\
\hline 8 & 0 & \text { The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus } \\
8 & 1 & \text { The controller is in sync with the fieldbus } \\
10 & 0 & \text { Reserved } \\
10 & 1 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Reserved } \\
12\end{array}
$$ <br>
Controller does not follow the target; the preset of \mathbf{6 0 F F} <br>
\mathrm{h} <br>

ignored\end{array}\right]\)| (Target Velocity) is |
| :--- |
| 12 |

### 6.8.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- $60 \mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Target Velocity): This object must be written cyclically with the speed set value.
- 6085h (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 605A ${ }_{h}$ (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 6080 ${ }_{\text {h ( }}$ (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2 ${ }_{h}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a cycle; a new set value must be written in $60 F F_{h}$ in these time intervals.
The following applies here: cycle time $=$ value of $\mathbf{6 0 C 2} \mathbf{2}_{h}: 01_{h}$ * $10^{\text {value of } 60 \mathrm{C} 2: 02}$ seconds.
- $60 C 2_{h}: 02_{h}$ (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value $60 \mathbf{C 2} 2_{h}: 02_{h}=-3$ is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
The following objects can be read in this mode:
- 606Ch (Velocity Actual Value)
- 607E ${ }_{h}$ (Polarity)


### 6.9 Cyclic Synchronous Torque

### 6.9.1 Overview

## Description

In this mode, the controller passes an absolute torque preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a cycle). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

This mode only functions if closed loop is activated, see also Commissioning closed loop.

## Activation

To activate the mode, the value "10" must be set in object 6060h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

## Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ have no special function.

## Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1} 1_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

| Bit | Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 0 | The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus |
| 8 | 1 | The controller is in sync with the fieldbus |
| 10 | 0 | Reserved |
| 10 | 1 | Reserved |
| 12 | 0 | Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\mathbf{6 0 7 1}$ <br> ignored |
| 12 | 1 | Controller follows the target; object $\mathbf{6 0 7 1}$ <br> h |
| input for position control. |  |  |

### 6.9.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- $\mathbf{6 0 7 1}$ (Target Torque): This object must be written cyclically with the torque set value and is to be set relative to 6072h.
- 6072 ${ }_{h}$ (Max Torque): Describes the maximum permissible torque.
- 6073h (Max Current): Maximum current. The minimum of $6073_{h}$ and $6072_{h}$ is used as limit for the torque in $6071_{h}$.
- 6080h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2 $\mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a cycle; a new set value must be written in 6071 h in these time intervals.
The following applies here: cycle time $=$ value of $\mathbf{6 0 C 2} 2_{h}: 01_{h} * 10^{\text {value of } 60 C 2: 02}$ seconds.
- 60C2 $\mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}: 02_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value $60 \mathrm{C} 2_{h}: 02_{h}=-3$ is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
The following objects can be read in this mode:
- 606Ch (Velocity Actual Value)
- 6074 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ (Torque Demand)


### 6.10 Clock-direction mode

### 6.10.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal

### 6.10.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object 6060 (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

### 6.10.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

- The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz ; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns .

- The steps are scaled using objects $\mathbf{2 0 5 7}_{\mathrm{h}}$ and $\mathbf{2 0 5 8}_{\mathrm{h}}$. The following formula applies here:

$$
\text { step width per pulse }=\frac{2057_{\mathrm{h}}}{2058_{\mathrm{h}}}
$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to $128\left(\mathbf{2 0 5 7}_{h}=128\right.$ and $\left.\mathbf{2 0 5 8}{ }_{h}=1\right)$ ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value " 512 ", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.

For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.
In clock-direction mode, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, $12(=4 * 3)$ full steps correspond to one revolution.
(i)

## Note

If there is a change of direction, a time of at least $35 \mu$ s must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.

### 6.10.4 Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in closed loop mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065h (Following Error Window) and 6066h (Following Error Time Out)).


### 6.10.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

## Clock-direction mode (TR mode)

To activate the mode, object $\mathbf{2 0 5} \mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).


## Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object $\mathbf{2 0 5 B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ must be set to the value "1".
In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).


### 6.11 Auto setup

### 6.11.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an auto setup is performed. Closed Loop operation requires a successfully completed auto setup. With the Plug \& Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform an auto setup, as this was already performed at the factory. For details, see the corresponding section in chapter Commissioning.

### 6.11.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (="FE ${ }_{h}$ ") must be set in object $6060_{h}$ (Modes Of Operation) (see CiA 402 Power State Machine).

### 6.11.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from " 0 " to "1".


### 6.11.4 Statusword

The following bits in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded


## 7 Special functions

### 7.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with digital inputs and outputs.

### 7.1.1 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., 60FDh Digital Inputs or 60FEh Digital Outputs):

1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31 .

## Example

To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in $60 \mathrm{FE}_{\mathrm{h}}$.
To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1 , set bit 0 in $3240_{h}: 01_{h}$; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in $60 F D_{h}$. Bit 16 in $60 F D_{h}$ also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).

This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

Bits of any object for controlling inputs


### 7.1.2 Digital inputs

## Overview



## Note

For digital inputs with 5 V , the length of the supply lines must not exceed 3 meters.

## Note

The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:

| Input | Special function | Switching threshold switchable | Differential / single-ended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Negative limit switch | yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240 ${ }_{\text {h }}: 06_{h}$ ) | The inputs can only be switched together (see 3240h:07h) |
| 2 | Positive limit switch / direction input in clock-direction mode | yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ :06 $6_{\text {h }}$ ) |  |
| 3 | Home switch / Clock input in clock-direction mode | yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240 ${ }_{\text {h }}: 06_{h}$ ) |  |
| 4 | None | yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240 ${ }_{\text {h }}: 06_{h}$ ) |  |
| 5 | None | yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240 ${ }_{\text {h }}: 06_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) |  |
| 6 | None | yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240 ${ }_{\text {h }}: 06_{h}$ ) |  |

If you set $3240_{h}: 07_{h}$ to the value "1", three differential inputs are available instead of six single-ended inputs:

| Pin | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | - Input 1 |
| 3 | Input 1 |
| 4 | - Input 2 |
| 5 | Input 2 |
| 6 | - Input 3 |
| 7 | Input 3 |

## Object entries

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.

- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31 .
The firmware evaluates the following bits:
- Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- Bit 2: Home switch

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits $0-2$ in $3240_{h}: 01_{h}$ must be set to "1".

- $3240_{h}: 02_{h}$ (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD ${ }_{h}$ ) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value " 0 ", normally open logic applies; for the value " 1 ", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0} 0_{h}: 03_{h}$ (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object $3240_{h}: 04_{h}$, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{h}: 04_{h}$ (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240 $: 03_{h}$.
- $3240_{h}: 05_{h}$ (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 06_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs - that are equipped with this function - from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is " 0 ") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240 $: 07_{h}$ (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value " 0 " in the subindex) and "differential input" (value " 1 " in the subindex) once for all inputs.
- $60 F D_{h}$ (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.


## Computation of the inputs

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1 :
The value at bit 0 of object $60 F D_{h}$ is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.


## Input Routing

## Principle

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called Input Routing Mode. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object 60FD .
Signal source $\quad$ Routing $>$ Object 60FD ${ }^{2}$

## Activation

This mode is activated by setting object $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 08_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Routing Enable) to 1 .

Entries $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ to $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}: 04_{\mathrm{h}}$ then have no function until Input Routing is again switched off.

## Note

If Input Routing is switched on, the initial values of $\mathbf{3 2 4 2}{ }_{h}$ are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of Input Routing. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of Input Routing. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and Input Routing.

## Routing

Object $3242_{h}$ determines which signal source is routed to which bit of $60 F D_{h}$. Subindex $01_{h}$ of $3242_{h}$ determines bit 0 , subindex $02_{h}$ determines bit 1 , and so forth. You can find the signal sources and their numbers in the following lists.

| Number |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | hex | Signal source |
| 00 | 00 | Signal is always 0 |
| 01 | 01 | Physical input 1 |
| 02 | 02 | Physical input 2 |
| 03 | 03 | Physical input 3 |
| 04 | 04 | Physical input 4 |
| 05 | 05 | Physical input 5 |
| 06 | 06 | Physical input 6 |
| 07 | 07 | Physical input 7 |
| 08 | 08 | Physical input 8 |
| 09 | 09 | Physical input 9 |
| 10 | $0 A$ | Physical input 10 |
| 11 | $0 B$ | Physical input 11 |
| 12 | $0 C$ | Physical input 12 |
| 13 | $0 D$ | Physical input 13 |
| 14 | $0 E$ | Physical input 14 |
| 15 | $0 F$ | Physical input 15 |
| 16 | 10 | Physical input 16 |
| 68 | 44 | Encoder input "A" |
| 69 | 45 | Encoder input "B" |
| 70 | 46 | Encoder input "Index" |

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

| Number |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | hex | Signal source |
| 128 | 80 | Signal is always 1 |
| 129 | 81 | Inverted physical input 1 |
| 130 | 82 | Inverted physical input 2 |
| 131 | 83 | Inverted physical input 3 |
| 132 | 84 | Inverted physical input 4 |
| 133 | 85 | Inverted physical input 5 |
| 134 | 86 | Inverted physical input 6 |


| Number |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | hex | Signal source |
| 135 | 87 | Inverted physical input 7 |
| 136 | 88 | Inverted physical input 8 |
| 137 | 89 | Inverted physical input 9 |
| 138 | 8 A | Inverted physical input 10 |
| 139 | $8 B$ | Inverted physical input 11 |
| 140 | 8 C | Inverted physical input 12 |
| 141 | $8 D$ | Inverted physical input 13 |
| 142 | 8 E | Inverted physical input 14 |
| 143 | 8 F | Inverted physical input 15 |
| 144 | 90 | Inverted physical input 16 |
| 196 | C4 | Inverted encoder input "A" |
| 197 | C5 | Inverted encoder input "B" |
| 198 | C6 | Inverted encoder input "Index" |

## Example

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object $60 F D_{h}$ :
The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in 3242h:11 .
Hence, object $3242_{h}: 11_{h}$ must be set to the value "1".

### 7.1.3 Digital outputs

## Outputs

The outputs are controlled via object $60 \mathrm{FE}_{\mathrm{h}}$. Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object $\mathbf{6 0 F E} \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$, output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15 . The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0 , which controls the motor brake.

Wiring

## (i) <br> Note

Always observe the maximum capacity of the output (see Pin assignment).

The outputs are implemented as "open drain". Hence, an external voltage supply is always necessary.

## Example

The digital output signal should continue to be used. For this purpose, a circuit as shown in the following figure is to be realized.


With a supply voltage of +24 V , a resistance value $R_{\text {external }}$ of $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is recommended.

## Example

A simple load is to be used with the digital output.


## Object entries

Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

- $3250_{h}: 01_{h}$ : No function.
- $3250_{h}: 02_{h}$ : This is used to switch the logic from normally open to normally closed. Configured as normally open, the output outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the normally closed configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object 60FE ${ }_{h}$.
- $3250_{h}: 03_{h}$ : If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object $3250_{h}: 4_{h}$; this is also possible for the brake output.
- $3250_{h}: 04_{h}$ : The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if manual control of the output is activated by means of object $3250_{h}: 03_{h}$.
- $3250_{h}: 05_{h}$ : This object has no function and is included for reasons of compatibility.


## Computation of the outputs

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:


## Output Routing

## Principle

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object $60 \mathrm{FE}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ switches the signal on or off.

The source is selected with $\mathbf{3 2 5 2}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01$ to 05 in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8 ). The assignment of a control bit from object $60 \mathrm{FE}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0 ) of $3252_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ to 05 (see following figure).


## Activation

This mode is activated by setting object $\mathbf{3 2 5 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 08_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Routing Enable) to 1 .

## Note

Entries $\mathbf{3 2 5 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ to $\mathbf{3 2 5 0}: 04_{\mathrm{h}}$ then have no function until "Output Routing" is switched off again.

## Routing

The subindex of object $\mathbf{3 2 5 2}_{\mathrm{h}}$ determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

| Subindex 3252h | Output Pin |
| :--- | :--- |
| $01_{h}$ | Configuration of PWM output (if available) |
| $02_{h}$ | Configuration of output 1 |
| $03_{h}$ | Configuration of output 2 (if available) |
| $04_{h}$ | Configuration of output 3 (if available) |
| $05_{h}$ | Configuration of output 4 (if available) |

(i)

## Note

The maximum output frequency of output 1 and output 2 is 10 kHz ; of the PWM output it is 2 kHz . All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz .

Subindices $3252_{h}: 01_{h}$ to $05_{h}$ are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e.g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object 60FE $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01$.
Bit 7 of $3252_{h}: 01_{h}$ to 05 inverts the controller from object $60 F E_{h}: 01$. Normally, value "1" in object $60 F E_{h}$ : 01 switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value " 0 " switches on the signal.

## Number in 3252:01 to 05

$00 X_{h} \quad$ Output is always "1"

| Number in 3252:01 to 05 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 01 XX h | Output is always "0" |
| 02 XX h | Encoder signal ( 6063 h ) with frequency divider 1 |
| 03 XX h | Encoder signal ( $6063_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 2 |
| 04 XX h | Encoder signal ( 6063 h ) with frequency divider 4 |
| $05 \times X_{\text {h }}$ | Encoder signal ( 6063 h ) with frequency divider 8 |
| 06 XX h | Encoder signal ( 6063 h ) with frequency divider 16 |
| 07 XX h | Encoder signal ( $6063_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) with frequency divider 32 |
| 08 XX h | Encoder signal ( $60633_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 64 |
| $09 \times X_{\text {h }}$ | Position Actual Value ( $\mathbf{6 0 6 4}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) with frequency divider 1 |
| 0 AXX h | Position Actual Value ( $\mathbf{6 0 6 4}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) with frequency divider 2 |
| $0 B X X^{\text {h }}$ | Position Actual Value ( $\mathbf{6 0 6 4}$ h $)$ with frequency divider 4 |
| $0 C X X_{h}$ | Position Actual Value ( $\mathbf{6 0 6 4}$ h $)$ with frequency divider 8 |
| 0 DXX h | Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 16 |
| $0 E X X_{h}$ | Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 32 |
| 0 FXX h | Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 64 |
| $10 \times X_{\text {h }}$ | PWM signal that is configured with object $\mathbf{2 0 3 8}_{h}: 05_{h}$ and $06_{h}$ |
| $11 \times X_{\text {h }}$ | Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object $\mathbf{2 0 3 8}_{h}: 05_{h}$ and $06{ }_{h}$ |

## Example

The encoder signal $\left(6063_{h}\right)$ is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4 . The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object 60FE:01.

- $3250_{h}: 08_{h}=1$ (activate routing)
- 3252 ${ }_{h}: 02_{h}=0405_{h}\left(04 X X_{h}+0005_{h}\right)$ Dabei ist:
- $04 X X_{h}$ : Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- $0005_{h}$ : Selection of bit 5 of 60FE:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object 60FE:01.

## Example

The brake PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Because the automatic brake control uses bit 0 of 60FE:01 $h$, this should be used as control bit.

- $3250_{h}: 08_{h}=1$ (activate routing)
- 3252 $2_{h}: 03_{h}=1080_{h}\left(=10 X X_{h}+0080_{h}\right)$. Where:
- $10 \times X_{h}$ : Brake PWM signal
- $0080_{h}$ : Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object 60FE:01


## $7.21^{2} \mathrm{t}$ Motor overload protection

### 7.2.1 Description

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Note
For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using $I^{2} t$ with stepper motors.

The goal of $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.
This function is only available if the controller is in the closed loop mode (bit 0 of object $\mathbf{3 2 0 2}_{h}$ must be set to "1").

### 7.2.2 Object entries

The following objects affect $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ motor overload protection:

- 2031 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Max Motor Current - specifies the maximum permissible motor current in mA.
- $\mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{\mathrm{h}}: 1_{\mathrm{h}}$ Motor Rated Current - specifies the rated current in mA.
- 6073 ${ }_{h}$ Max Current - specifies the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current.
- $\mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{h}: 2_{h}$ Maximum Duration Of Peak Current - specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.
The following objects indicate the current state of $I^{2} t$ :
- $\mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{h}: 3_{h}$ Threshold - specifies the limit in mAs that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 203B $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{h}}: 4_{\mathrm{h}}$ CalcValue - specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current
- $203 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}: 5_{\mathrm{h}}$ LimitedCurrent - shows the momentary current value that was set by $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$.
- 203B $B_{h}: 6_{h}$ Status:
- Value = "0": $1^{2}$ t deactivated
- Value = "1": $I^{2}$ t activated


### 7.2.3 Activation

Closed loop must be activated.
To activate the mode, you must appropriately specify the four object entries mentioned above (2031 ${ }_{h}$, $6073_{h}, \mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{h}: 1_{h}, \mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{h}: 2_{h}$ ). This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the $\mathrm{I}^{2}$ t functionality remains deactivated.

### 7.2.4 Function of $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}_{\text {Lim }}$ is calculated.
The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated $I^{2} t_{\text {Lim }}$ is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current. The maximum current is limited by the maximum motor current (2031 ${ }_{h}$ ).

The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagrams.



In the first section, t 1 , the current value is higher than the rated current. At time $\mathrm{t} 1_{\mathrm{Lim}}, \mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{Lim}}$ is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}_{\text {Lim }}$ is reached more quickly than in time t 1 .

### 7.3 Saving objects

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## Note

Improper use of the function can result in it no longer being possible to start the controller. Therefore, carefully read the entire chapter before using the function.

### 7.3.1 General

Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.

Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as categories) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following categories:

- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Cutsomer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, Closed/Open Loop...). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.
- Modbus RTU: Parameters related to Modbus RTU communication

If an object is not assigned one of these categories, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.

The objects in each category are listed below. In chapter Description of the object dictionary, the corresponding category for each object is also specified.

### 7.3.2 Category: communication

- 2102h: Fieldbus Module Control
- 3502 : MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
- 3602h: MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping


### 7.3.3 Category: application

- 2034 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Upper Voltage Warning Level
- 2035h: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- 2036h: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- 2037h : Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- 2038h: Brake Controller Timing
- 203A $A_{h}$ : Homing On Block Configuration
- 203D h : Torque Window
- 203E ${ }_{h}$ : Torque Window Time Out
- 203F h $_{\text {: }}$ Max Slippage Time Out
- 2057h: Clock Direction Multiplier
- 2058 ${ }_{h}$ : Clock Direction Divider
- 205B ${ }_{h}$ : Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- 2084 h : Bootup Delay
- 2290 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : PDI Control
- 2291~ : PDI Input
- 2300 h : NanoJ Control
- 2410h: NanoJ Init Parameters
- 2800 h : Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- 3210 h : Motor Drive Parameter Set
- 3212 : Motor Drive Flags
- 3221 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Analogue Inputs Control
- 3240 : Digital Inputs Control
- 3241 h : Digital Input Capture
- 3242 ${ }_{h}$ : Digital Input Routing
- 3243 h : Digital Input Homing Capture
- 3250h: Digital Outputs Control
- 3252h: Digital Output Routing
- 3321 h : Analogue Input Offset
- 3322 h : Analogue Input Pre-scaling
- 3700 : Deviation Error Option Code
- 3701 h : Limit Switch Error Option Code
- 4013 h : HW Configuration
- 4015h: Special Drive Modes
- 6040 ${ }_{h}$ : Controlword
- 6042 h : VI Target Velocity
- $\mathbf{6 0 4 6}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : VI Velocity Min Max Amount
- 6048h: VI Velocity Acceleration
- 6049h: VI Velocity Deceleration
- 604A ${ }_{h}$ : VI Velocity Quick Stop
- 604Ch: VI Dimension Factor
- 605A ${ }_{h}$ : Quick Stop Option Code
- 605B $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Shutdown Option Code
- 605Ch: Disable Option Code
- 605D ${ }_{h}$ : Halt Option Code
- 605E ${ }_{h}$ : Fault Option Code
- 6060h : Modes Of Operation
- 6065h : Following Error Window
- 6066h : Following Error Time Out
- 6067h: Position Window
- 6068 h : Position Window Time
- 606D : Velocity Window
- 606E ${ }_{h}$ : Velocity Window Time
- 6071 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Target Torque
- 6072h: Max Torque
- 607A $A_{h}$ : Target Position
- 607B ${ }_{h}$ : Position Range Limit
- 607Ch : Home Offset
- 607D h : Software Position Limit
- 607E h : Polarity
- 607F ${ }_{h}$ : Max Profile Velocity
- 6081 $h$ : Profile Velocity
- 6082h: End Velocity
- 6083 ${ }_{h}$ : Profile Acceleration
- 6084 ${ }_{h}$ : Profile Deceleration
- 6085h : Quick Stop Deceleration
- 6086h: Motion Profile Type
- 6087 h : Torque Slope
- 6091 h : Gear Ratio
- 6092h: Feed Constant
- 6096 $h$ : Velocity Factor
- 6097 ${ }_{h}$ : Acceleration Factor
- 6098h: Homing Method
- 6099 h : Homing Speed
- 609A h $_{h}$ : Homing Acceleration
- 60A2 ${ }_{h}$ : Jerk Factor
- 60A4 ${ }_{h}$ : Profile Jerk
- 60A8 : SI Unit Position
- 60A9h: SI Unit Velocity
- 60B0 ${ }_{h}$ : Position Offset
- 60B1 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Velocity Offset
- 60B2 ${ }_{h}$ : Torque Offset
- 60C1 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Interpolation Data Record
- 60C2 ${ }_{h}$ : Interpolation Time Period
- 60C4 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Interpolation Data Configuration
- 60C5 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Max Acceleration
- 60C6 ${ }_{h}$ : Max Deceleration
- 60E8 ${ }_{h}$ : Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions
- 60E9 ${ }_{h}$ : Additional Feed Constant - Feed
- $60 E D_{h}$ : Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60EE $h$ : Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60F2h: Positioning Option Code
- 60F8h: Max Slippage
- 60FE ${ }_{h}$ : Digital Outputs
- $60 F F_{h}$ : Target Velocity


### 7.3.4 Category: customer

- 2701 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Customer Storage Area


### 7.3.5 Category: drive

- 3202h: Motor Drive Submode Select
- 3203 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Feedback Selection
- 6073 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Max Current
- 6080 h : Max Motor Speed


### 7.3.6 Category: tuning

- 2030 h : Pole Pair Count
- 2031 h : Max Motor Current
- 203B ${ }_{h}$ : I2t Parameters
- $33 \mathrm{AO}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Feedback Incremental $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B} / \mathrm{I} 1$
- 6075 h : Motor Rated Current
- 608F $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Position Encoder Resolution
- $\mathbf{6 0 9 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Velocity Encoder Resolution
- 60E6h: Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
- 60EB ${ }_{h}$ : Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions


### 7.3.7 Category: Modbus RTU

- 2028 ${ }_{h}$ : MODBUS Slave Address
- 202A ${ }_{h}$ : MODBUS RTU Baudrate
- 202D ${ }_{h}$ : MODBUS RTU Parity


### 7.3.8 Starting the save process

## CAUTION <br> Uncontrolled motor movements! <br> Control may be affected while saving. Unforeseen reactions can result. <br> - The motor must be at a standstill before starting the saving process. The motor must not be started while saving.

(1)

## Note

- Saving may take a few seconds. Under no circumstances may you interrupt the voltage supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
- Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object $\mathbf{1 0 1 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

There is a subindex in object $\mathbf{1 0 1 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ for each category. To save all objects of this category, the value " $65766173_{h}$ " must be written in the subindex. ${ }^{1}$ The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".
The following table shows which subindex of object $\mathbf{1 0 1 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ is responsible for which category.

## Subindex Category

| $01_{h}$ | All categories with the exception of 06 <br> RTU (Tuning) and $0 B_{h}$ (Modbus |
| :--- | :--- |
| $02_{h}$ | Communication |
| $03_{h}$ | Application |
| $04_{h}$ | Customer |
| $05_{h}$ | Drive |
| $06_{h}$ | Tuning |
| $0 B_{h}$ | Modbus RTU |

### 7.3.9 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one category of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C ${ }_{h}$ " must be written in object $1011_{\mathrm{h}} .{ }^{2}$ The following subindices correspond to a category here:

## Subindex Category

$01_{h} \quad$ All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of $06_{h}$ (Tuning) and $0 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Modbus RTU)

| $02_{h}$ | Communication |
| :--- | :--- |
| $03_{h}$ | Application |
| $04_{h}$ | Customer |
| $05_{h}$ | Drive |
| $06_{h}$ | Tuning |

[^1]
## Subindex Category

OB $_{h} \quad$ Modbus RTU

The saved objects are subsequently discarded; the change does not take effect until after the controller is restarted. You can restart the controller by entering the value "746F6F62h" in $\mathbf{2 8 0 0}_{h}: 01_{h}$.

[^2]
### 7.3.10 Verifying the configuration

Object $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}_{h}$ can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with $\mathbf{1 0 1 0}_{h}: 01$.
The entries of $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}_{h}$ are reset to " 0 " as soon as a savable object (including $1010_{h}: 0 x_{h}$, except for $1010_{h}: 01_{h}$ and $1020_{h}$ ) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

1. An external tool or master configures the controller.
2. The tool or master sets the value in object $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}_{h}$.
3. The tool or master activates the saving of all objects $1010_{h}: 01_{h}=65766173_{h}$. The date and time in object $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ are also saved.
After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}_{h}: 01_{h}$ and $\mathbf{1 0 2 0 : 0 1} h$. If one of the values is " 0 ", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in $\mathbf{1 0 2 0}$ does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.

## 8 Modbus RTU

Modbus references: www.modbus.org.

- MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3, Date: 26.04.2014, Version: 1.1b3
- MODBUS over Serial Line Specification and Implementation Guide V1.02, Date: 20.12.2006, Version: 1.02

The controller can be controlled by means of Modbus RTU. The I/O data, with, e.g., the preconfigured drive values (see Process data objects (PDO)), can be handled with the standard Modbus function codes. To configure your own I/O data, however, function code 2Bh (CAN Encapsulation) must be supported by the master in order for the parameters to be read and written independent of the process image.
If the master does not support this function code, the I/O image can be configured and stored using Plug \& Drive Studio. The master can then access the data using the standard Modbus function codes.

### 8.1 RS-485

The "Two-Wire Modbus Interface" electrical interface is supported by the controller in accordance with standard EIA/TIA-485 (RS-485).

### 8.2 Modbus Modicon notation with PLCs

Many PLCs use the Modicon addressing model. This notation is not used in the Modbus standard.
The following address notation is relevant for Nanotec controllers:

- Input register 30001-39999 is mapped to Modbus telegram address $0\left(0_{h}\right)-9998\left(270 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$.
- Holding register 40001-49999 is mapped to Modbus telegram address $0\left(0_{h}\right)-9998\left(270 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$.


## Note

Where Modbus addresses are mentioned in the manual, it may be necessary to implement the register addresses in the PLC in accordance with Modicon notation.

### 8.3 General

Modbus is generally big-endian based.
The only exceptions are the commands with function codes $43\left(2 B_{h}\right), 101\left(65_{h}\right)$ and $102\left(66_{h}\right)$, which are based on CANopen. For the data values of these commands, the little-endian format applies. The remainder of the Modbus message is, on the other hand, based on big-endian.

## Example

Command $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ : With this command, the value $12345678_{\mathrm{h}}$ is written in object $0123_{\mathrm{h}}$ (does not exist):


## SA

Slave address
FC
Function code

## Data

Data range, decoding is dependent on the used function code

## CRC

Cyclic redundancy check

### 8.4 Communication settings

Slave address, baud rate and parity are dependent on the position of the S1 rotary switch and, if applicable, on objects $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}_{\mathrm{h}}, \mathbf{2 0 2 \mathrm { A } _ { \mathrm { h } }}, \mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

| Configuration | Object | Value range | Factory settings |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | 1 to 247 | 5 |
| Baud rate | $\mathbf{2 0 2 A}_{h}$ | 7200 to 256000 | 19200 |
| Parity | $\mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | - None: $0 \times 00$ | $0 \times 04$ (Even) |
|  |  | • Even: 0x04 |  |
|  |  | Odd: $0 \times 06$ |  |

The number of data bits is always " 8 " here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

The following baud rates are supported:

- 7200
- 9600
- 14400
- 19200
- 38400
- 56000
- 57600
- 115200
- 128000
- 256000

You must save the changes by writing value " $65766173_{h}$ " in object $1010_{h}: 0 B_{h}$. The changes are not taken over until after the controller has been restarted.

### 8.4.1 Rotary switch

The PD4-E is equipped with a hex coding switch - similar to that shown in the following figure.


You can thereby determine the source for the slave address, the baud rate and the parity; the following table shows the possible combinations.

| Position of the rotary <br> switch | Slave address | Baud rate and parity |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | hex |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | Object $\mathbf{2 0 2 8}_{h}$ | Object $\mathbf{2 0 2 A}_{h}$ or $\mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{h}$ |
| $1-14$ | $1-E$ | Number of the rotary switch | Object $\mathbf{2 0 2 A _ { h }}$ or 202D |
| 15 | $F$ | 5 | 19200, even Parity |

### 8.5 Function codes

The following "function codes" are supported:

| Name |  | Function code | Subfunction code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data access (16bit) | Read Holding Registers | 03 (03h) |  |
|  | Read Input Register | 04 (04h) |  |
|  | Write Single Register | 06 (06h) |  |
|  | Write Multiple Registers | 22 (16h) |  |
|  | Read/Write Multiple Registers | $23\left(17_{h}\right)$ |  |
| Diagnosis | Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register | $08(08 \mathrm{~h})$ | $10\left(0 A_{h}\right)$ |
|  | Return Bus Message Count | $08(08 \mathrm{~h})$ | $11\left(0 B_{h}\right)$ |
|  | Return Bus Communication Error Count | $08(08 \mathrm{~h})$ | 12 (0Ch ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |
|  | Return Bus Exception Error Count | $08(08 \mathrm{~h})$ | 13 (0Dh ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
|  | Return Server Message Count | $08\left(08{ }_{\text {h }}\right.$ ) | $14\left(0 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ |
|  | Return Server No Response Count | $08(08 \mathrm{~h})$ | 15 (0F ${ }_{\text {h }}$ ) |
|  | Return Server NAK Count | 08 (08h) | 16 (10h) |
|  | Return Server Busy Count | 08 (08h) | 17 (119 $)$ |
|  | Return Bus Character Overrun Count | $08\left(08{ }_{\text {h }}\right.$ ) | 18 (12h) |
| Miscellaneous | Encapsulated Interface Transport | $43\left(2 B_{h}\right)$ | 13 (0Dh ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |
|  | Read complete object dictionary start | 101 (65h) | 85 (55h) |
|  | Read complete object dictionary next | 101 (65h) | 170 ( $\mathrm{AA}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) |
|  | Read complete array or record start | 102 (66h) | 85 (55h) |
|  | Read complete array or record next | 102 (66h) | 170 ( $\mathrm{AA}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) |

### 8.6 Function code descriptions

### 8.6.1 FC $3\left(03_{h}\right)$ Read Input Registers / FC $4\left(04_{h}\right)$ Read Holding Registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be read. This function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see NanoJ objects) or process data objects (min. 4-byte alignment, see Process data objects (PDO)).

| Request |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $03_{h} / 04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Start address | 2 bytes | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ to $\mathrm{FFFF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Request

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of registers | 2 bytes | 1 to $\left(7 D_{h}\right)$ |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

Response ("M" corresponds to the number of registers to be read)

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $03_{\mathrm{h}} / 04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Number of bytes | 1 byte | $2^{*} \mathrm{M}$ |
| Register value | 2 bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Error |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Error code | 1 byte | $83_{\mathrm{h}} / 84_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $01,02,03$ or 04 |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Example

Below is an example of a read request and response of register $5000\left(1388_{h}\right)$ and of the following register (2 registers):

Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 03 | 13 | 88 | 00 | 02 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 03 | 04 | 024000 | 40 | $41 \quad 21$ |

### 8.6.2 FC 6 ( $06_{h}$ ) Write Single Register

This function code can be used to write a single 16-bit value. The function can be used on process data objects (see Process data objects (PDO)).

| Request |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Request

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Register address | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $F F F F_{h}$ |
| Register value | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $F F F F_{h}$ |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Response |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $06_{h}$ |
| Register address | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $\mathrm{FFFF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Register value | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $\mathrm{FFFF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Error |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Error code | 1 byte | $86_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $01,02,03$ or 04 |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Example

Below is an example of a write request and response in register $6000\left(1770_{h}\right)$ with the value "0001h":

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 06 | 17 | 70 | 00 | 01 | 4D E1

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 06 | 17 | 70 | 00 | 01 |
| 4D E1 |  |  |  |  |  |

### 8.6.3 FC 16 ( $10_{h}$ ) Write Multiple Registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be written. The function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see Process data objects (PDO)) or process data objects (see NanoJ objects).
Request ("N" is the number of registers to be written)

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |

## Request (" N " is the number of registers to be written)

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Function code | 1 byte | $10_{h}$ |
| Start address | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $F_{F F F} h$ |
| Number of registers | 2 bytes | $0001_{h}$ to $007 B_{h}$ |
| Number of bytes | 1 byte | $2{ }^{*} \mathrm{~N}$ |
| Register value | N *2 bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Response |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $10_{h}$ |
| Start address | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $\mathrm{FFFF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Number of registers | 2 bytes | $0001_{\mathrm{h}}$ to $007 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Error |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Error code | 1 byte | $90_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $01,02,03$ or 04 |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Example

Below is an example for writing values " $0102^{h}$ " and " $0304_{\mathrm{h}}$ " starting with register address $6000\left(1770_{h}\right)$, number of registers is 2 , length of the data is 4 :

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 10 | 17 | 70 | 00 | 02 | 04 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | AB | 44 |
| :--- | :--- |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 10 | 17 | 70 | 00 | 02 |

### 8.6.4 FC 17 ( $11_{h}$ ) Report Server ID

This function code can be used to read the description of the type, the current status and other information about the device.

## Request

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $11_{h}$ |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Response |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $03_{h}$ |
| Number of bytes | 1 byte | $01_{h}$ |
| Run Indicator Status | 1 byte | $00_{h}=\mathrm{OFF}, \mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}=\mathrm{ON}$ |
| Additional data |  |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Error |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Error code | 1 byte | $91_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | 01 or 04 |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Example

Below is an example of a request/response for ID and status:

## Request

| SA | FC | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 11 | $\mathrm{C} 2 \quad \mathrm{EC}$ |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 11 | 0205 FF | 0 F EC |

### 8.6.5 FC 23 (17h) Read/Write Multiple registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be simultaneously read and written. The function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see Process data objects (PDO)) or process data objects (see NanoJ objects).

## Request (" N " is the number of registers to be read):

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $17_{h}$ |
| Read: Start address | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $F F F F_{h}$ |
| Read: Number of registers | 2 bytes | $0001_{h}$ to $0079_{h}$ |
| Write: Start address | 2 bytes | $0000_{h}$ to $F F F F_{h}$ |
| Write: Number of registers | 2 bytes | $0001_{h}$ to $0079_{h}$ |
| Write: Number of bytes | 1 byte | $2{ }^{*} \mathrm{~N}$ |
| Write: Register value | N *2 bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

Response ("M" corresponds to the number of bytes to be written):

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $17_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Number of bytes | 1 byte | $2^{*} \mathrm{M}$ |
| Registers read | M *2 bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Error |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name | Length | Value |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Error code | 1 byte | $97_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $01,02,03$ or 04 |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Example

Below is an example for reading two registers beginning with register 5000 ( 1388 h ) and for writing two registers beginning with register $6000\left(1770_{h}\right)$ with 4 bytes and data "0102h" and "0304h":
Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 05 | 17 | 13 | 88 | 00 | 02 | 17 | 70 | 00 | 02 | 04 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 56 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 17 | 04 | 02 | 40 | 00 |

### 8.6.6 FC 8 (08h) Diagnostics

Modbus function code FC08 offers numerous tests for checking the communication system between client and server or for checking various internal error states within the server.

This function uses a two-byte subfunction code in the request for defining the type of test. In a normal response, the server repeats both, the function and the subfunction code. Some diagnoses contain data of the device in the data field of the normal response.

Request:

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Function code | 1 byte | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subfunction code | 2 bytes |  |
| Data | $\mathrm{N} \times 2$ bytes |  |

Response:

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Function code | 1 byte | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subfunction code | 2 bytes |  |
| Data | $\mathrm{N} \times 2$ bytes |  |

Error:

| Name | Length | Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Function code | 1 byte | $88_{h}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | 01 or 03 or 04 |

FC $8.10\left(08_{h} .0 A_{h}\right)$ Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register
The objective of this request is to reset all counters and diagnosis registers. Counters are also reset when the controller is switched on.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h} 0 A_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | Echo of the request data |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 0A $00 \quad 00$ | $56 \quad 6 \mathrm{~A}$ |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | CRA $00 \quad 00$ | C1 8 D |

FC $8.11\left(08_{h} .0 B_{h}\right)$ Return Bus Message Count
The response data range returns the number of messages detected by the communications system since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h} 0 B_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | Total Message Count |

FC $8.12\left(08_{h} .0 C_{h}\right)$ Return Bus Communication Error Count
The response data range returns the number of CRC errors since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h} 0 C_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | CRC Error Count |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 0C $00 \quad 00$ | $21 \quad 8 \mathrm{C}$ |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 0C $00 \quad 00$ | $21 \quad 8 \mathrm{C}$ |

FC $8.13\left(08_{h} .0 D_{h}\right)$ Return Bus Exception Error Count
The response data range returns the number of Modbus exceptions since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h} 0 D_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | Exception Error Count |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $0 D \quad 00 \quad 00$ | $70 \quad 4 \mathrm{C}$ |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $0 D \quad 00 \quad 00$ | $70 \quad 4 \mathrm{C}$ |

FC $8.14\left(08_{h} .0 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ Return Server Message Count
The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the device and the number of broadcast messages that were processed by the controller. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h} 0 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | $00_{\mathrm{h}}-00_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Server Message Count |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $0 \mathrm{E} \quad 00 \quad 00$ | $80 \quad 4 \mathrm{C}$ |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | 0 E | 00 | 00 |

FC $8.15\left(08_{h} .0 F_{h}\right)$ Return Server No Response Count
The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the controller for which no response was returned (neither normal response nor exception response). The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{\mathrm{h}} 0 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ | $00_{\mathrm{h}}-00_{\mathrm{h}}$ | No Response Count |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | 0 F $00 \quad 00$ | D1 8 C |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $0 \mathrm{~F} \quad 00 \quad 00$ | D1 8 C |

FC $8.16\left(08_{h} .10_{h}\right)$ Return Server NAK Count
The response data range returns the number of messages for which a "Negative Acknowledge (NAK)" exception response was returned. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h}-10_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | Server NAK Count |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | $00 \quad 10 \quad 00 \quad 00$ | E0 4 A |  |  |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | $00 \quad 10 \quad 00 \quad 00$ | E0 4 A |  |  |

FC 8.17 ( $08_{\mathrm{h}} . \mathrm{H1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) Return Server Busy Count
The response data range returns the number of messages for which a "Server Device Busy" exception response was returned. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h}-11_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | Server NAK Count |

## Example

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | 11 | 00 | 00 B1 8 A CRC

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $11 \quad 00 \quad 00$ | B1 8 A |

FC 8.18 (08 $\mathrm{h} .12_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) Return Bus Character Overrun Count
The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the controller that could not be processed due to a character overrun. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted. A character overrun occurs when characters arrive at the controller faster than they can be stored or by the loss of a character due to a hardware malfunction.

| Subfunction | Data range |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Request | Response |
| $00_{h}-12_{h}$ | $00_{h}-00_{h}$ | Server Character Overrun Count |

## Example

Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $12 \quad 00 \quad 00$ | $41 \quad 8 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |

Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 08 | 00 | $12 \quad 00 \quad 00$ | $41 \quad 8 \mathrm{~A}$ |

### 8.6.7 FC $43\left(2 B_{h}\right)$ Encapsulated Interface Transport

This function facilitates simple access of the CANopen object dictionary. Further details can be found in the following documentation:

1. MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3, Date: 26.04 .2014 , Version: 1.1 b 3
2. CiA 309 Draft Standard Proposal - Access from other networks - Part 2: Modbus/TCP mapping V1.3, Date: 30.07.2015, Version: 1.3

Note
For the messages of the Encapsulated Interface Transport, another byte sequence applies in part, see chapter General.

Definition of the request and response:

| Name | Length | Example/number range |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}\left(43_{\mathrm{d}}\right)$ |
| MEI type | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}\left(13_{\mathrm{d}}\right)$ |
| Protocol options Range | 2 to 5 bytes |  |
| Address and data range | N bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Protocol options Range

| Name | Length | Example/number range |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Protocol control | 1 to 2 bytes | See description |
| Reserved | 1 byte | Always 0 |
| (Optional) Counter byte | 1 byte |  |
| (Optional) Network ID | 1 byte |  |
| (Optional) Encoded data | 1 byte |  |

## Protocol control:

The "Protocol control" field contains the flags that are needed for controlling the message protocols. The bytes of the "Protocol control" field are defined as follows if the "extended" flag was set (the second byte is otherwise omitted):

| 0 |  | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Protocol control byte 1 |  |
| MSB |  | LSB |


| 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Protocol control byte 2 |
| MSB |  |

The most significant bit (MSB) is bit 0 for "protocol control" byte 1 and bit 8 for "protocol control" byte 2. The least significant bit (LSB) is bit 7 for "protocol control" byte 1 and bit 15 for "protocol control" byte 2.

| Bit | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | "Extended" flag | This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. " 0 " = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction. |


| Bit | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Extended protocol control | Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates <br> a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 <br> bytes. |
| 2 | Counter byte option | This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" <br> field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the <br> "counter byte" field does not exist in this message. |
| 3 and 4 | Reserved | 0 |
| 5 | Network ID option | Encoded data option |

## Address and data range

The address and data range is defined in the following table:

| Name | Byte size and byte order | Example / range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Node-ID | 1 byte | $01_{h}$ to $7 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Index | 1 byte, high | 0000 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ to $\mathrm{FFFF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  | 1 byte, low |  |
| Subindex | 1 byte | $00_{h}$ to $\mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Start address | 1 byte, high | $0000{ }_{\text {h }}$ to $\mathrm{FFFF}_{\text {h }}$ |
|  | 1 byte, low |  |
| Number of data values | 1 byte, high | $0000_{h}$ to $00 \mathrm{FD}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  | 1 byte, low |  |
| Write/read data | n bytes | The data are encoded as described in chapter General. |

## Example:

To read object $6042_{h}: 00_{h}$ (16-bit value), the following message must be sent by the master (all values are in hexadecimal notation, the slave ID of the controller is " 5 ").

## Request



## Response



Shown as an additional example below, a sequence of Modbus messages is sent from the master to the slave to rotate the motor in "Velocity" mode:

## Set $6060=$ "02h" (Velocity mode)

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2B | OD | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 01 |  | 2 |  |  | 2F |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00

Set $2031=03 E 8_{h}{ }^{\prime \prime}(1000 \mathrm{~mA})$

## Request



## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2B | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 20 | 31 | 00 | 00 |

Set $6040=" 00_{h} "$

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2B | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 40 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 02 | 00 | 00 | $1 C$ | 2 E |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 40 | 00 | 00 |

Set $6040=" 80_{h}$ "

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | 2B | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 40 | 00 | 00 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D 0100016040000000 \quad$ CRC |  |  |

Set $6040=" 06_{h} "$

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 40 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D 01000160400000000000$ | AE E9 |  |

Set $6040=" 07_{h} "$
Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | 2B | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 40 | 00 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D 0100016040000000 \quad$ CRC |  |  |

## Set $6040=" 0 F_{h} "$

Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  | CRC |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 6040 | 40 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 01 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 40 | 00 | 00 |

Below are two examples for reading an object:
Read 6041 ${ }_{h}:$ 00 $_{h}$
Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 41 | 00 | 00 | 00 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 41 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 02 | 37 | 06 |

## Read 6061 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}: \mathbf{0 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$

Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 61 | 00 | 00 | 00 |

## Response

| SI | FC | Data |  |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 61 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 |
| 01 | 00 | $5 C$ | D2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

| Name | Length | Example value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}+80_{h}\left(171_{d}=43_{d}+128_{d}\right)$ (indicates <br> error $)$ |
| Modbus exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}($ "extended exception") |
| Extended exception length | 2 bytes | 6 |
| MEI type | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{CE}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Error code | 4 bytes | CANopen error code, see following |
| CRC | 2 bytes | table |


| CANopen error code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| FFFFO000 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Abort no error |
| FFFF1003 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Service is not supported |
| FFFF1004 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Gap in counter byte of the Protocol control field |
| FFFF0003 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Unknown or invalid command |
| FFFF0008 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Access to the object is not supported |
| FFFF000E ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | General error in the parameter |
| FFFF0011 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Length of parameter incorrect |
| FFFF0012h | Parameter too long |
| FFFF0013 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter too short |
| FFFF0015 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data outside of the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0016 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data exceed the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0017 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data below the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0018 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Maximum entered values less than minimum values |
| FFFF0019 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | General error |
| FFFF001E ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Requested object is too large for single message |
| FFFF1004 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Invalid sequence of messages (e.g., if the value of the counter byte is not correct according to the previous request or response) |

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

| Name | Length | Example value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}+80_{\mathrm{h}}\left(171_{\mathrm{d}}=43_{d}+128_{d}\right)$ (indicates <br> error $)$ |
| Modbus exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ("extended exception") |
| Extended exception length | 2 bytes | $2+$ length of "supported protocol <br> control" |
| MEI type | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{AE}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Supported protocol control | 1 or 2 bytes | See following table |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Bit | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | "Extended" flag | This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is <br> larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The <br> data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; <br> each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No <br> multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple <br> message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message <br> transaction. |
|  | Extended protocol control | Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates <br> a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 <br> bytes. |
|  |  |  |


| Bit | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Counter byte option | This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" <br> field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the <br> "counter byte" field does not exist in this message. |
| 3 and 4 | Reserved | 0 |
| 5 | Network ID option | Not supported, must be "0". |
| 6 | Encoded data option | Not supported, must be "0". |
| 7 | Access flag | This bit indicates the access method of the requested |
| 8 to 15 | Reserved | command. "0" = read, "1" = write. |

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads $6061_{\mathrm{h}}$ :00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2B | FF 0006 OD CE 12000706 | AC 3C |  |  |

### 8.6.8 FC 101 ( $65_{h}$ ) Read complete object dictionary

This function code is used to read out the complete object dictionary.
To start or restart the reading out of the object dictionary, subfunction code $55_{h}$ must be sent. This code resets reading out of the object dictionary on object $0000_{h}$. All subsequent object dictionary frames must then contain subfunction code $A A_{h}$. At the end, once all objects have been read out, an "Error Response" is generated with the abort code "No data available".

The format of each "read object" is as follows:

## Request:

| Name | Length | Value / note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $65_{h}$ |
| Subfunction code | 1 byte | $55_{h}$ or $A A_{h}$ |
| Length of the data | 1 byte | $00_{h}$ |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Response:

| Name | Length | Value / note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte | $65_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Function code | 1 byte |  |
| Subfunction code | 1 byte |  |


| Name | Length | Value / note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Length of the data | 1 byte |  |
| n times "object dictionary frame" | $1-252$ bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

An object dictionary frame consists of the following bytes:

| Name | Value / note |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Index Low Byte | 1 byte |  |
| Index High Byte | 1 byte |  |
| Subindex | 1 byte |  |
| Number of bytes | 1 byte | Number m of the valid data in the data <br> field |
| Data byte | $m-1$ byte |  |

## Example

All of the following numerical values are in hexadecimal format. The address of the slave is " 5 ".
Start reading of the object dictionary with request:

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 65 | 5500 | $2 F A 7$ |

The response is:


Read out the next part of the object dictionary with the request:

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 65 | AA 00 | 6 E 57 |

The response is:


Repeat reading of the object dictionary with the previous request until the response is an error:

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 05 | E5 | $0 D$ | EA 94 |

## Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

| Name | Length | Example value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}+80_{h}\left(171_{d}=43_{d}+128_{\mathrm{d}}\right)$ (indicates <br> error $)$ |
| Modbus exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}($ "extended exception") |
| Extended exception length | 2 bytes | 6 |
| MEI type | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{CE}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Error code | 4 bytes | CANopen error code, see following <br> table |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| CANopen error code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| FFFF0000 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Abort no error |
| FFFF1003 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Service is not supported |
| FFFF1004 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Gap in counter byte of the Protocol control field |
| FFFF0003 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Unknown or invalid command |
| FFFF0008 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Access to the object is not supported |
| FFFF000E ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | General error in the parameter |
| FFFF0011 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Length of parameter incorrect |
| FFFF0012h | Parameter too long |
| FFFF0013 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter too short |
| FFFF0015 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data outside of the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0016 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data exceed the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0017 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data below the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0018 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Maximum entered values less than minimum values |
| FFFF0019 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | General error |
| FFFF001E ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Requested object is too large for single message |
| FFFF1004 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Invalid sequence of messages (e.g., if the value of the counter byte is not correct according to the previous request or response) |

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

| Name | Length | Example value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 B_{h}+80_{h}\left(171_{d}=43_{d}+128_{d}\right)$ (indicates <br> error $)$ |


| Name |  | Length | Example value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modbus exception code |  | 1 byte | FF ${ }_{\text {h }}$ ("extended exception") |
| Extended exception length |  | 2 bytes | $2+$ length of "supported protocol control" |
| MEl type |  | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code |  | 1 byte | $A E_{h}$ |
| Supported protocol control |  | 1 or 2 bytes | See following table |
| CRC |  | 2 bytes |  |
| Bit | Name | Descrip |  |
| 0 | "Extended" flag | This bit larger th data se each mes multiple messag transac | if the object dictionary data set is uld fit in a Modbus command. The pans over multiple Modbus messages; contains part of the data set. "0" = No ge transaction or the end of the multiple action. "1" = Part of a multiple message |
| 1 | Extended protocol control | Length a length bytes. | rotocol control, the value " 0 " indicates te, the value " 1 " indicates a length of 2 |
| 2 | Counter byte option | This bit field is "counte | "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" this message. If this bit is set to " 0 ", the field does not exist in this message. |
| 3 and 4 | Reserved | 0 |  |
| 5 | Network ID option | Not sup | must be "0". |
| 6 | Encoded data option | Not sup | must be "0". |
| 7 | Access flag | This bit comma | s the access method of the requested = read, "1" = write. |
| 8 to 15 | Reserved | 0 |  |

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads $6061_{h}: 00$ with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

## Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 02 |
| 79 | $8 D$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2B | FF 00060 OD CE 12000706 | AC $3 C$ |  |  |

### 8.6.9 FC $102\left(66_{h}\right)$ Read complete array or record

This function code is used to read out the complete array or record from the object dictionary.
To start or restart the reading out of the array, subfunction code $55_{h}$ must be sent. This code resets reading out on the object with subindex $00_{h}$. All subsequent requests must then contain subfunction code $A A_{h}$. At the end, once all objects have been read out, an "Error Response" is generated.

The format of each "read object" is as follows:

## Request:

| Name | Length | Value / note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $66_{h}$ |
| Subfunction code | 1 byte | $55_{h}$ or $A A_{h}$ |
| Length of the data | 1 byte | $00_{h}$ |
| Index of the array to be read | 2 bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

## Response:

| Name | Length | Value / note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte | $65_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Function code | 1 byte |  |
| Subfunction code | 1 byte |  |
| Length of the data | 1 byte |  |
| n times object dictionary frame | $1-252$ bytes |  |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |

An object dictionary frame consists of the following bytes:

| Name | Value / note |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Index Low Byte | 1 byte |  |
| Index High Byte | 1 byte |  |
| Subindex | 1 byte |  |
| Number of bytes | 1 byte | Number m of the valid data in the data <br>  <br> Data byte |

## Example

All of the following numerical values are in hexadecimal format; the index of the object that is to be read is $2400_{h}$. The address of the slave is " $5 "_{h}$.
Start reading of the array with request:

| SA | FC | Data |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 66 | 55 | 00 | 24 | 00 02 8 A

The response is:


## Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

| Name | Length | Example value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}+80_{\mathrm{h}}\left(171_{\mathrm{d}}=43_{\mathrm{d}}+128_{\mathrm{d}}\right)$ (indicates <br> error $)$ <br> Modbus exception code |
| Extended exception length | 1 byte | $\mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}($ "extended exception") |
| MEI type | 2 bytes | 6 |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Error code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{CE}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| CRC | 4 bytes | CANopen error code, see following <br> table |


| CANopen error code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| FFFFO000 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Abort no error |
| FFFF1003 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Service is not supported |
| FFFF1004 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Gap in counter byte of the Protocol control field |
| FFFF0003 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Unknown or invalid command |
| FFFF0008 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Access to the object is not supported |
| FFFFO00E ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | General error in the parameter |
| FFFF0011 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Length of parameter incorrect |
| FFFF0012h | Parameter too long |
| FFFF0013 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter too short |
| FFFF0015 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data outside of the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0016 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data exceed the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0017 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Parameter data below the permissible value range (for write commands) |
| FFFF0018 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Maximum entered values less than minimum values |
| FFFF0019 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | General error |
| FFFF001E ${ }_{\text {h }}$ | Requested object is too large for single message |


| CANopen error code | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| FFFF1004 | Invalid sequence of messages (e.g., if the value of the counter <br> byte is not correct according to the previous request or response) |

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

| Name | Length | Example value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address | 1 byte |  |
| Function code | 1 byte | $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}+80_{h}\left(171_{d}=43_{d}+128_{d}\right)$ (indicates <br> error $)$ |
| Modbus exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{FF}_{h}$ ("extended exception") |
| Extended exception length | 2 bytes | $2+$ length of "supported protocol <br> control" |
| MEI type | 1 byte | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Exception code | 1 byte | $\mathrm{AE}_{h}$ |
| Supported protocol control | 1 or 2 bytes | See following table |
| CRC | 2 bytes |  |


| Bit | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | "Extended" flag | This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is <br> larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The <br> data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; <br> each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No <br> multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple <br> message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message <br> transaction. <br> Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates <br> a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 <br> bytes. |

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads $6061_{\mathrm{h}}: 00$ with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:
Request

| SA | FC | Data |  |  |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | $2 B$ | $0 D$ | 00 | 00 | 01 | 60 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 02 | 79 | $8 D$ |
| :--- | :--- |

## Response

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 2B | FF 0006 OD CE 12000706 | AC 3C |  |  |

### 8.7 Process data objects (PDO)

As with CANopen, a process image can be configured for input and output values with Modbus. This image only contains the data values of one or more objects without additional information, such as length, index or subindex. A single message can thereby be used to read or write multiple objects at the same time.

### 8.7.1 Configuration

The configuration of the image is referred to as "mapping" and is written in the following objects:

- $3502_{\mathrm{h}}$ for the Modbus Rx (master $\rightarrow$ slave) PDO mapping
- $3602_{h}$ for Modbus Tx (slave $\rightarrow$ master) PDO mapping

Both objects contain an array of 16 entries each. Subindex 00 specifies the number of valid entries here.

Objects $3502_{h}$ and $3602_{h}$ can be written with messages with Modbus function code $2 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

### 8.7.2 Transfer

The data are written sequentially in the message without gaps and alignment.
If alignment is required (e.g., 16-bit alignment), additional "dummy objects" can be incorporated in the message. Dummy objects are only ever transferred with the data value " 0 ". These objects are listed in the following table.

| Index | Data type |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0002_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Signed integer (8 bit) |
| $0003_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Signed integer (16 bit) |
| $0004_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Signed integer (32 bit) |
| $0005_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Unsigned integer (8 bit) |
| $0006_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Unsigned integer (16 bit) |
| $0007_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Unsigned integer (32 bit) |

Mapping is as follows:

- The PDO RX image begins at Modbus register address $6000_{d}\left(1770_{h}\right)$.
- The PDO TX image begins at Modbus register address 5000 ( $1388_{h}$ ).

Read/write access can be performed simultaneously with function code $17_{h}$ or with the $03_{h}, 04_{h}, 06_{h}$, $10_{h}$ commands on the respective RX/TX images.

## Note

In order to be able to change the mapping, you have to deactivate it first, by setting the corresponding subindex $0_{h}$ to " 0 ".

After writing the objects in the respective subindices you enter the number of the mapped objects in subindex $0_{h}$.

## Example

The following objects are to be set in the mapping:

- $3602_{h}: 00_{h}=" 0_{h}$ " (mapping is deactivated)
- $3602_{h}: 01_{h}=" 60410010_{h} "$ (object $6041_{h}: 00_{h}$, length 16 bits is mapped)
- 3602 $: 02_{h}=" 00050008_{h} "$ (dummy object $0005_{h}: 00_{h}$, length 8 bits is mapped)
- 3602h $: 03_{h}=$ " $60610008_{h} "$ (object $6061_{h}: 00_{h}$, length 8 bits is mapped)
- $3602_{h}: 04_{h}=" 60640020_{h}$ " (object $6064_{h}: 00_{h}$, length 32 bits is mapped)
- 3602 ${ }_{h}: 05_{h}=" 60440010_{h} "$ (object 6044 $: 00_{h}$, length 16 bits is mapped)
- 3602h:06 $h=$ "60FD0020 $h$ " (object 60FD ${ }_{h}: 00_{h}$, length 32 bits is mapped)
- 3602h $: 00_{h}=" 6_{h}$ " (6 values are mapped)

After the mapping for object $\mathbf{6 0 6 1}_{\mathrm{h}}: 00_{\mathrm{h}}$, a dummy object is inserted so that the next object $\mathbf{6 0 6 4}$ h:00 h can be aligned to 32 bit.

Rx message: The master sends the slave the following message:

| SA | FC | Data |  |  | CRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 04 | 13 | 88 | 00 | 07 |

Tx message: The slave sends following response to the master:


### 8.8 NanoJ objects

NanoJ objects $\mathbf{2 4 0 0}_{h}$ NanoJ Input and $\mathbf{2 5 0 0}_{h}$ (NanoJ Output) are, like the process image, mapped to the Modbus register:

- $\mathbf{2 5 0 0}$ h with $32 \times 32$ bit values is mapped to the Modbus register address beginning with $2000_{d}$ $\left(\mathrm{BB}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ and can only be read in this way.
- $2400_{h}$ with $32 \times 32$ bit values is mapped to the Modbus register address beginning with $3000_{d}$ $\left(7 \mathrm{DO}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ and can only be written in this way.

To access, commands with function codes $03_{h}, 04_{h}, 10_{h}$ and $17_{h}$ can be used. For purposes of data consistency, the restriction that the address must be 32-bit aligned and that at least 32 bits must always be written during a write operation applies.

## Example

Request: The master sends the slave the following message:


Reply: The slave sends the master the following response:

| SA | FC | Data | CRC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | 17 | 10 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 |

## 9 Programming with NanoJ

NanoJ is a programming language similar to $C$ or $C++$. NanoJ is integrated in the Plug \& Drive Studio software. You can find further information in document Plug \& Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide at us.nanotec.com.

### 9.1 NanoJ program

A NanoJ program makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a NanoJ program is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

If the NanoJ program was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted.

### 9.1.1 Available computing time

A NanoJ program receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only approx. $30 \%-50 \%$ of computing time is available to the user program (depending on operating mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the yield () function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the yield () function.


If the NanoJ program needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.

When developing user programs, the runtime behavior must be carefully examined, especially for more time-intensive tasks. For example, it is therefore recommended that tables be used instead of calculating a sine value using a sin function.

## Note

If the NanoJ program does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number 4 is entered in the statusword for object $2301_{\mathrm{h}}$; in the error register for object 2302h, the number 5 (timeout) is noted, see 2301h NanoJ Status and 2302h NanoJ Error Code.

### 9.1.2 Sandbox

Using processor-specific features, a so-called sandbox is generated. When used in the sandbox, a user program can only access specially assigned memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an MPU Fault and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

### 9.1.3 NanoJ program - communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- Directly read and write OD values using system calls
- Call other system calls (e.g., write debug output)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via PDO mapping. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular $C$ variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- Input mappings can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects $2310_{h}, 2320_{h}$, and $2330_{h}$. Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.
Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in NanoJEasy via the specification of the linker section.

### 9.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

When executing a cycle, the NanoJ program essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
2. Execute a user program
3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary

The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.
In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via system calls. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in $\ln /$ Out/ InOut).

Nanotec recommends: Map OD entries that are used and changed frequently and use system calls to access OD entries that are used less frequently.

A list of available system calls can be found in chapter System calls in a NanoJ program.
-

## Tip

Nanotec recommends accessing a given OD value either by mapping or using a system call with od_write (). If both are used simultaneously, the system call has no effect.

### 9.1.5 NanoJ program - OD entries

The NanoJ program is controlled and configured in object range 2300h to 2330h (see 2300h NanoJ Control).

| OD-Index | Name and description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2300_{h}$ | 2300h NanoJ Control |
| $2301_{h}$ | 2301h NanoJ Status |
| $2302_{h}$ | 2302h NanoJ Error Code |
| $2310_{h}$ | 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection |
| $2320_{h}$ | 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection |
| $2330_{h}$ | 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection |

## Example:

To start the TEST1.USR user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Check entry 2302h for error code.
- If no error:

Start the NanoJ program by writing object $\mathbf{2 3 0 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$, bit $0=11$.

## Note

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

- Check entry $\mathbf{2 3 0 2}_{h}$ for error code and object $\mathbf{2 3 0 1}$ h, bit $0=" 1$.

To stop a running program: write entry $\mathbf{2 3 0 0}_{h}$ with bit 0 value $=$ " 0 ".

### 9.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction \#include "wrapper.h"
- the void user() \{\} function

The code to be executed can be stored in the void user () function.

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main. cpp is permissible, file name aLongFileName. cpp is not permissible.

## Note

In NanoJ programs, global variables may only be initialized within functions. It then follows:

- No new operator
- No constructors
- No initialization of global variables outside of functions


## Examples:

The global variable is to be initialized within the void user () function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user() {
    i = 1;
    i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment is not correct:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
    void user() {
    i += 1;
}
```


### 9.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object $2500_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"
// user program
void user()
{
    U16 counter = 0;
    while( 1 )
    {
        ++counter;
        if( counter < 100 )
        InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
        else if( counter < 200 )
            InOut.outputReg1 = 1;
        else
            counter = 0;
        // yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
        for(U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i )
            yield();
    }
}// eof
```

You can find other examples at us.nanotec.com.

### 9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program

With this method, a variable in the NanoJ program is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the \#include "wrapper.h" instruction. A comment is permitted above the mapping.
-

## Tip

Nanotec recommends:

- Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e.g., controlword $6040_{h}$ or statusword $6041_{h}$.
- The od_write () and od_read () functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see Accessing the object dictionary


### 9.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

```
map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>
```

Where:

- <TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

- <NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

- <input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

- <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.
Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: In, Out or InOut depending on the defined write and read direction.

### 9.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
map U08 statusWord as input 0x6041:00
map U08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00
#include "wrapper.h"
void user()
{
    [...]
    Out.controlWord = 1;
    U08 tmpVar = In.statusword;
    InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
    [...]
}
```


### 9.2.3 Possible error at od_write ()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od_write () function (see System calls in a NanoJ program) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
    [...]
        Out.controlWord = 1;
        [...]
        od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5 ); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping
    überschrieben
        [...]
}
```

The line with the od_write ( $0 \times 6040,0 \times 00,5$ ); command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

1. The od_write function writes the value 5 in object $6040_{h}: 00_{h}$.
2. At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object $6040_{h}: 00_{h}$, however, with the value 1.
3. From the perspective of the user, the od write command thus serves no purpose.

### 9.3 System calls in a NanoJ program

With system calls, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Because direct code execution is only possible in the protected area of the sandbox, this is implemented via so-called Cortex-Supervisor-Calls (Svc Calls). An interrupt is triggered when the function is called. The firmware thus has the possibility of temporarily allowing code execution outside of the sandbox. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism - for them, the system calls can be called up like normal C functions. Only the wrapper.h file needs to be integrated as usual.

### 9.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)
This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

| index | Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary |
| :--- | :--- |
| subindex | Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary |
| value | Value to be written |

## Note

It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with yield() after calling a od write(). The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with yield().

U32 od_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)
This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.

| index | Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary |
| :--- | :--- |
| subindex | Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary |
| Output value | Content of the OD entry |

(1)

## Note

Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield ().

## Example

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```


### 9.3.2 Process control

```
void yield()
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

```
void sleep (U32 ms)
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.
ms Time to be waited in milliseconds

## 10 Description of the object dictionary

### 10.1 Overview

This chapter contains a description of all objects.
You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- Descriptions of bits
- Description of the object


### 10.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:
Function
The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

## Object description

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "Object description"

## Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "Value description"

## Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "Description"

### 10.3 Object description

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:
Index
Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

## Object name

The name of the object.

## Object Code

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex $0-$ which specifies the number of subentries - and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1 . The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- RECORD: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 - which specifies the number of sub-entries - and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1 . Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.
- VISIBLE_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0 ; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1 . These character strings are not terminated by a null character.


## Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8,16 or 32 .


## Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

## Firmware version

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

## Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

## Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.


## PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.


## Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

## Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

### 10.4 Value description

## Note

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.

Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

## Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

## Name

Name of the sub-entry.

## Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8,16 or 32 .


## Access

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.


## PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.


## Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

## Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

### 10.5 Description

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or subentry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

Example: The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7 .

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Example [4] |  | Example [2] | B | A |  |  |

## Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.

## Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value $00_{b}$ : The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are " 0 ".
- Value $01_{b}$ : The description here applies if bit 2 is " 0 " and bit 3 is " 1 ".
- Value $10_{b}$ : The description here applies if bit 2 is " 1 " and bit 3 is " 0 ".
- Value $11_{b}$ : The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are " 1 ".

B
Description of bit $B$; no length is specified for a single bit.

## A

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

## 1000h Device Type

## Function

Describes the controller type.

## Object description

| Index | $1000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Device Type |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00040192 |
| Preset value | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00040192 |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00020192 |
|  | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

## Description



## Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "1": Servo drive
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": Stepper motor


## Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.
Values:
$0192_{\mathrm{h}}$ or $0402_{\mathrm{d}}$ (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

## 1001h Error Register

## Function

Error register: The corresponding error bit is set in case of an error. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.

## Object description

| Index | $1001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Error Register |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAN | RES | PROF | COM | TEMP | VOL | CUR | GEN |

## GEN

General error

## CUR

Current
VOL
Voltage

## TEMP

Temperature
COM
Communication

## PROF

Relates to the device profile

## RES

Reserved, always " 0 "

## MAN

Manufacturer-specific: The motor turns in the wrong direction.

## 1003h Pre-defined Error Field

## Function

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

## Object description

| Index | ${1003_{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Pre-defined Error Field |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Number Of Errors |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |


| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value no |  |


| Subindex | $05_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | 06h |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $07_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Standard Error Field |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |

Subindex
$08_{h}$

| Name | Standard Error Field |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

## General function

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1 . The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0 . If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code $=08000024_{h}$ ) is sent in response. If a " 0 " is written in subindex 0 , counting starts again from the beginning.

## Bit description

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Error Number [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Error Class [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

## Error Number [8]

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

| Error number | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Watchdog-Reset |
| 1 | Input voltage too high |
| 2 | Output current too high |
| 3 | Input voltage too low |
| 4 | Error at fieldbus |
| 6 | CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send nodeguarding request |
| 7 | Encoder error due to electrical fault or defective hardware |
| 9 | Error in the A/B track of the encoder |
| 10 | Warning: Positive limit switch exceeded |
| 11 | Warning: Negative limit switch exceeded |
| 12 | Overtemperature error |
| 13 | The values of object $\mathbf{6 0 6 5}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Following Error Window) and object 6066h (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered. |
| 14 | Warning: Nonvolatile memory full. The current save process could not be completed; parts of the data of the save process are lost. Controller must be restarted for cleanup work. |
| 15 | Motor blocked |
| 16 | Warning: Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work (all saved objects are reset to default). |
| 17 | CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages. |


| Error number | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 18 | Hall sensor faulty |
| 19 | CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error |
| 20 | CANopen only: PDO length exceeded |
| 21 | Warning: Restart the controller to avoid future errors when saving <br> (nonvolatile memory full/corrupt). |
| 22 | Rated current must be set (203B $\mathrm{h}: 01_{\mathrm{h}} / 6075_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) |
| 23 | Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are |
|  | incorrect. |
| 24 | Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters. |
| 25 | Internal software error, generic |
| 26 | Current too high at digital output |
| 27 | CANopen only: Unexpected sync length |
| 30 | Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large |

## Error Class[8]

This byte is identical to object $\mathbf{1 0 0 1}_{\text {h }}$

## Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

| Error Code | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1000_{h}$ | General error |
| $2300_{h}$ | Current at the controller output too large |
| $3100_{h}$ | Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input |
| $4200_{h}$ | Temperature error within the controller |
| $6010_{h}$ | Software reset (watchdog) |
| $6100_{h}$ | Internal software error, generic |
| $6320_{h}$ | Rated current must be set (203B ${ }_{h}: 01_{h} / 6075_{h}$ ) |
| $7121_{h}$ | Motor blocked |
| $7305_{h}$ | Incremental encoder or Hall sensor faulty |
| $7600_{h}$ | Warning: Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for |
| $8000_{h}$ | cleanup work |
| $8130_{h}$ | Error during fieldbus monitoring |
| $8200_{h}$ | CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error |
| $8210_{h}$ | CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages. |
| $8220_{h}$ | CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error |
| $8240_{h}$ | CANopen only: PDO length exceeded |
| $8400_{h}$ | CANopen only: Unexpected sync length |
| $8611_{h}$ | Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large |
| $8612_{h}$ | Position monitoring error: Following error too large |

## 1008h Manufacturer Device Name

## Function

Contains the device name as character string.

## Object description

| Index | $1008_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Manufacturer Device Name |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | VISIBLE_STRING |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: PD4-E591L42-E-65-5 |
| Preset value | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: PD4-E601L42-E-65-5 |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5 |
|  | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

## 1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version

## Function

This object contains the hardware version as character string.

## Object description

| Index | $1009_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Manufacturer Hardware Version |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | VISIBLE_STRING |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | 0 |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

## 100Ah Manufacturer Software Version

## Function

This object contains the software version as character string.

## Object description

| Index | $100 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Manufacturer Software Version |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | VISIBLE_STRING |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1825-B577172 |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 1010h Store Parameters

## Function

This object is used to start the saving of objects. See chapter Saving objects.

## Object description

| Index | $1010_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Store Parameters |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | no |
| PDO mapping | read only |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from |
|  | "Store Parameter" to "Store Parameters". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed <br> from 3 to 4. |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed <br> from 4 to 5. |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed <br> from 5 to 7. |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was <br> changed from 7 to 14. |

## Value description

Subindex $00_{h}$

| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0 D_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type UNSIGNED32 <br> Access read / write <br> PDO mapping  <br> Allowed values  <br> Preset value  | no |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type <br> Access | UNSIGNED32 <br> PDO mapping |
| read write <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |

PDO mapping
no
Allowed values
$\underline{\text { Preset value } \quad 00000001_{h}}$

| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED32 |


| Subindex | $07_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type <br> Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping |  |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | no write |


| Subindex | $09_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Save CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Save Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Save Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |

## Description

Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value " $65766173_{h}$ " must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of $1702257011_{d}$ or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter Saving objects.

## 1011h Restore Default Parameters

## Function

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values. See chapter Saving objects.

## Object description

| Index | $1011_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Restore Default Parameters |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |

Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history
no
read only
no

## FIR-v1426

Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 4.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5 .

Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default Parameters".
Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore All Default Parameters |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Communication Default Parameters |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |


no
Allowed values
$\underline{\text { Preset value } \quad 00000001_{h}}$

| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Application Default Parameters |
| Data type UNSIGNED32 <br> Access read / write <br> PDO mapping no <br> Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |


| Subindex | 04h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Restore Customer Default Parameters |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Drive Default Parameters |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED32 |


| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Tuning Default Parameters |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $07_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Miscellaneous Configurations |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | 08h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Restore Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | 09 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Restore Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $0 A_{h}$ |
| Name | Restore CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{h}$ |


| Subindex | OBh $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset valueUNSIGNED32 | no / write |
|  | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $0 C_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read / write |


| Subindex | $0 D_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |

## Access

read / write
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value
$00000001_{h}$

## Description

If the value 64616F6C ${ }_{h}$ (or $1684107116_{d}$ or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter Discarding the saved data.

## 1018h Identity Object

## Function

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.


Have these values ready in the event of service inquiries.

## Object description

| Index | $1018_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Identity Object |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | IDENTITY |
| Savable | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Vendor-ID |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |

PDO mapping
no
Allowed values
$\underline{\text { Preset value } \quad 0000026 C_{h}}$

| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Product Code |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | - PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000037 |
|  | $\bullet$ PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000040 |
|  | $\bullet$ |
|  | PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000049 |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Revision Number |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $07210000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Serial Number |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## 1020h Verify Configuration

## Function

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.
A configuration tool or a master can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.
The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter Saving objects).

## Object description

| Index | $1020_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Verify Configuration |
| Object Code | ARRAY |


| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Savable | yes, category: verify |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1540 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 02 h |
| Subindex | $01_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Configuration Date |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $02_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Configuration Time |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |

## Description

Subindex $01_{h}$ (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984.
Subindex $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

## 1F50h Program Data

## Function

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

## Object description

| Index | 1F50 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Program Data |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | DOMAIN |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name  <br> Data type $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Access Program Data Bootloader/firmware <br> PDO mapping DOMAIN <br> Allowed values <br> read $/$ write  <br> Preset value no | 0 |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Program Data NanoJ |
| Data type | DOMAIN |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | 0 |


| Subindex | $03_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Program Data DataFlash |
| Data type | DOMAIN |
| Access | read / write |

## 1F51h Program Control

## Function

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

## Object description

| Index | 1F51 ${ }_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Program Control |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 |
|  | read only |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name  <br> Data type $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Access Program Control Bootloader/firmware <br> PDO mapping UNSIGNED8 <br> Allowed values read / write <br> Preset value no | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Program Control NanoJ |


| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | $03_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Program Control DataFlash |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00_{\text {h }}$ |

## 1F57h Program Status

## Function

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

## Object description

| Index | $1 F 57_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Program Status |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1540 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | 01 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Program Status Bootloader/firmware |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00000000h |
| Subindex | 02h |
| Name | Program Status NanoJ |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | $03_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Program Status DataFlash |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\text {h }}$ |

## 2028h MODBUS Slave Address

## Function

This object contains the slave address for Modbus. See chapter Communication settings.

## Object description

| Index | $2028_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | MODBUS Slave Address |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: Modbus RTU |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | $1-247$ |
| Preset value | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1436 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from |
|  | "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU". |

## 202Ah MODBUS RTU Baudrate

## Function

This object contains the baud rate of the Modbus in Bd. See chapter Communication settings.

## Object description

| Index | $202 A_{h}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Object name | MODBUS RTU Baudrate |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: Modbus RTU |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00004B00h |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1436 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU". |

## 202Ch MODBUS RTU Stop Bits

## Function

This object contains the number of stop bits of the Modbus.

## Object description

| Index | $202 C_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | MODBUS RTU Stop Bits |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | no |
| PDO mapping | read only |
| Allowed values | no |
| Preset value | 01 |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1436 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, <br> category: communication" to "no". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 <br> changed from "read/write" to "read only". |

## Description

The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity, which can be set in object $\mathbf{2 0 2 D}_{h}$.

| Number of stop bits | Value in object 202C $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 2 |

## 202Dh MODBUS RTU Parity

## Function

For Modbus RTU, this object sets the number of parity bits and stop bits.

## Object description

| Index | $202 D_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | MODBUS RTU Parity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: Modbus RTU <br> Access <br> read / write |
| PDO mapping no |  |
| Allowed values | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from <br> "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU". |

## Description

The following values apply:

- Value "0x00": Parity None, Stop Bits 2
- Value "0×04": Parity Even, Stop Bits 1
- Value "0x06": Parity Odd, Stop Bits 1


## 2030h Pole Pair Count

## Function

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.

## Object description

| Index | $2030_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Pole Pair Count |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |

Firmware version
Change history

- PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000032h
- PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000032h
- PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000003h

FIR-v1426
Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning".

## 2031h Max Motor Current

## Function

Enter the maximum permissible motor current in milliamperes here. All current values are limited by this value.
Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.

## Object description

| Index | 2031 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Object name | Max Motor Current |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | - PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000834h <br> - PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000834h <br> - PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00001770h |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from "Peak Current" to "Max Current". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Object Name" entry changed from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current". |

## 2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

## Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

## Object description

| Index | $2034_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Upper Voltage Warning Level |

Object Code
Data type
Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version

VARIABLE
UNSIGNED32
yes, category: application
read / write
no
$0000 C 92 C_{h}$
FIR-v1426

Change history

## Description

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object $2034_{\mathrm{h}}$ minus 2 volts).

## 2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

## Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

## Object description

| Index | $2035_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Lower Voltage Warning Level |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable <br> Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | yes, category: application |
| Allowed values | read / write |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | no |

## Description

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object 2035 h plus 1.5 volts.

## 2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

## Function

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

## Object description

| Index | $2036_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | no |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | $000003 E 8_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Change history | FIR-v1426 |

## 2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

## Function

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop (bit 3 in $3202_{h}=" 1 "$ ) and the motor is at a standstill.

## Object description

| Index | $2037_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FFFFFFCE |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

Value of $\mathbf{2 0 3 7}_{\text {h }}$ greater than or equal to 0 and less than value $\mathbf{6 0 7 5}$ h
Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

Value of $2037_{h}$ in the range from - $\mathbf{1}$ to -100
The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in $\mathbf{2 0 3 7} 7_{h}$. The value in $\mathbf{6 0 7 5} 5_{h}$ is used for the calculation.

Example: Object 6075 h has the value 4200 mA . The value -60 in $\mathbf{2 0 3 7}$ h reduces the current by $60 \%$ of $\mathbf{6 0 7 5} h$. The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of $\mathbf{6 0 7 5} \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{h}}$ * $\left(\mathbf{2 0 3 7} \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{h}}+\mathbf{1 0 0}\right)$ / $100=1680 \mathrm{~mA}$.

The value -100 in $\mathbf{2 0 3 7}_{\mathrm{h}}$ would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA .

## 2038h Brake Controller Timing

## Function

This object contains the times for the brake control in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.

## Object description

| Index | $2038_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Brake Controller Timing |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Close Brake Idle Time |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED32 |
|  | read / write |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $000003 E 8_{h}$ |
| Name |  |
| Data type 02h <br> Access Shutdown Power Idle Time <br> PDO mapping UNSIGNED32 <br> Allowed values read / write <br> Preset value no |  |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Open Brake Delay Time |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $000003 E 8{ }_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Start Operation Delay Time |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | PWM Frequency |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | between 0 and $2000\left(7 \mathrm{D} 0_{h}\right)$ |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | PWM Duty Cycle |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | 0, between 2 and $100\left(64_{h}\right)$ |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- 02h: Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- $03_{h}$ : Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Time between the opening of the brake and when the Operation enabled state of the CiA 402 Power State Machine is reached.
- $05_{h}$ : Frequency of the brake PWM in hertz.
- $06_{h}$ : Duty cycle of the brake PWM in percent.


## 2039h Motor Currents

## Function

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA.

## Object description

| Index | $2039_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Motor Currents |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex |
|  | 01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex |
|  | 02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex |
|  | 03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex |
|  | 04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | I_d |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | I_q |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |

Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 00000000_{h}$

| Subindex | $03_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name |  |

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 00000000_{h}$

| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | I_b |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## Description



## Note

Motor currents I_d (subindex $01_{h}$ ) and I_q (subindex $02_{h}$ ) are only displayed if closed loop was activated; the value 0 is otherwise output.

## 203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

## Function

This object contains the parameters for Homing on Block (see chapter Homing)

## Object description

| Index | $203 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Homing On Block Configuration |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access |  |
| PDO mapping |  |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed <br>  <br> from 4 to 3. |

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of Blocking" to "Block Detection time".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Minimum Current For Block Detection |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 000004EC |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 000004EC |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: $000015 E 0_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Block Detection Time |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $000000 \mathrm{CB}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $01_{h}$ : Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA , negative numbers specify a percentage of object $\mathbf{2 0 3 1} \mathrm{h}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$.

Example: The value "1000" corresponds to $1000 \mathrm{~mA}(=1 \mathrm{~A})$; the value "-70" corresponds to $70 \%$ of 2031 .

- $02_{h}$ : Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.


## 203Bh I2t Parameters

## Function

This object contains the parameters for $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ monitoring.
$I^{2} t$ monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in 203 $B_{h}: 01$ and $\mathbf{2 0 3} B_{h}: 02$ and a value greater than 1000 in $\mathbf{6 0 7 3}$ h (see I2t Motor overload protection).
With one exception, $\mathrm{I}^{2}$ t monitoring can only be used for closed loop mode: If $\mathrm{I}^{2}$ t is activated in open loop mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of $\mathbf{2 0 3} B_{h}: 01_{h}, \mathbf{6 0 7 3} 3_{h}$ and $\mathbf{2 0 3 1} 1_{h}$.

## Object description

| Index | $203 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | I2t Parameters |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed |
|  | from 7 to 8. |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, |
|  | category: application" to "yes, category: tuning". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" entry changed from |
|  | "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Motor Rated Current |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values

| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000834 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000834 |
|  |  |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000BB8 |
| $h$ |  |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Threshold |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | CalcValue |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | LimitedCurrent |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br>   <br> Subindex $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Name Status <br> Data type UNSIGNED32 <br> Access read / write |  |

PDO mapping
no
Allowed values
Preset value $00000000_{h}$

| Subindex | $07_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | ActualResistance |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex $01_{h}$ and $02_{h}$ contain parameters for the control, subindices $03_{h}$ to $06_{h}$ are status values. The functions are as follows:

- $01_{h}$ : The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in $\mathbf{2 0 3 1} h$ and $\mathbf{6 0 7 3}{ }_{h}$, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- $02_{h}$ : Specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current $\left(6073_{h}\right)$ in ms.
- $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Threshold, specifies the limit in mA that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- $04_{h}$ : CalcValue, specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- $05_{h}$ : LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$.
- $06_{h}$ : Current status. If the sub-entry value is " 0 ", $I^{2} t$ is deactivated; if the value is " 1 ", $I^{2} t$ is activated.


## 203Dh Torque Window

## Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFFF" ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$, monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object $6041_{\mathrm{h}}$ (statusword) is never set.

## Object description

| Index | $203 D_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Torque Window |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## 203Eh Torque Window Time Out

## Function

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window" (203D ${ }_{h}$ ) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

## Object description

| Index | $203 E_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Torque Window Time Out |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | 0000 |
| Preset value | FIR-v1540 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
| Change history | "yes, category: application". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed <br> from "Torque Window Time" to "Torque Window Time Out". |

## 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out

## Function

Time in milliseconds until an excessively large slippage error in Profile Velocity mode results in an error message.

## Object description

| Index | $203 F_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Slippage Time Out |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $0064_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\mathbf{2 0 3 F}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object $3700_{h}$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$.

## 2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

## Function

The clock count value in Clock-direction mode is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

## Object description

| Index | $2057_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Clock Direction Multiplier |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000080_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 2058h Clock Direction Divider

## Function

The clock count value in Clock-direction mode is divided by this value before it is processed further.

## Object description

| Index | $2058_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Clock Direction Divider |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## 205Ah Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)

## Function

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in user-defined units) can be read from this object.

## Object description

| Index | $205 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Object name | Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units) |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00000000 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1446 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Encoder Boot Value" to "Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |

## 205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

## Function

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value $=$ " 0 ") to the right/left rotation mode (value = "1").

## Object description

| Index | 205B $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | 00000000 |

## 2084h Bootup Delay

## Function

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

## Object description

| Index | $2084_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Bootup Delay |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | 00000000 |

## 2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

## Function

Shows the available fieldbuses.

## Object description

| Index | $2101_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Fieldbus Module Availability |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00010002_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from |
|  | "Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability". |

## Description

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | E-IP | MTCP | MRTU |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SPI | E-CAT | E-NET | CAN | RS232 | RS485 | USB |

## USB

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

## RS-485

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

## RS-232

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.

## CAN

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

## E-NET

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

## E-CAT

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

## SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.

## MRTU

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

## MTCP

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP.
E-IP
Value $=$ " 1 ": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP ${ }^{T M}$.

## 2102h Fieldbus Module Control

## Function

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).

## Object description

| Index | $2102_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Fieldbus Module Control |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: communication |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00010002_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

## Description

Object $\mathbf{2 1 0 3}_{\mathrm{h}}: 1_{\mathrm{h}}$ contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object $\left(2102_{h}\right)$. The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object $\mathbf{2 1 0 3} \mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{h}}: 2_{\mathrm{h}}$.

The following distribution of the bits applies here:

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | E-IP | MTCP | MRTU |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SPI | E-CAT | E-NET | CAN | RS232 | RS485 | USB |

## USB

USB interface

## RS-485

RS-485 interface

## RS-232

RS-232 interface

## CAN

CANopen interface

## E-NET

EtherNet interface

## E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

## SPI

SPI interface

## MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

## MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol
E-IP
EtherNet/IP ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ protocol

## 2103h Fieldbus Module Status

## Function

Shows the active fieldbuses.

## Object description

Index
$2103_{h}$

Object name
Object Code
Data type
Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history

Fieldbus Module Status
ARRAY
UNSIGNED32
no
read only
no

FIR-v1540

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Fieldbus Module Disable Mask |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED32 |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Fieldbus Module Enabled |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |

## Description

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. A value "1" means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.
Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The value "1" means that that the fieldbus is active.
The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | E-IP | MTCP | MRTU |


| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SPI | E-CAT | E-NET | CAN | RS232 | RS485 | USB |

## USB

USB interface

## RS-485

RS-485 interface
RS-232
RS-232 interface

## CAN

CANopen interface

## E-NET

EtherNet interface

## E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

## SPI

SPI interface

## MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

## MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol
E-IP
EtherNet/IP ${ }^{T M}$ protocol

## 2290h PDI Control

## Function

With this object, you can activate the Plug \& Drive interface. You can find additional information in document Function description Plug \& Drive interface.

## Object description

| Index | $2290_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | PDI Control |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $01_{h}$ |

Firmware version
Change history

FIR-v1748-B531667
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

## Description

To activate the Plug \& Drive interface, set bit 0 to "1".

## 2291h PDI Input

## Function

If you use the Plug\&Drive interface, you can use this object to select and start the operating mode and set the corresponding target values (target position, speed, etc.). You can find additional information in document Function description Plug \& Drive interface.

## Object description

| Index | $2291_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | PDI Input |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | PDI_INPUT |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1748-B531667 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | PDI Set Value 1 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | PDI Set Value 2 |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{h}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $03_{h}$ |
| Name | PDI Set Value 3 |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00_{h}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $04_{h}$ |
| Name | PDI Command |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00_{h}$ |

## 2292h PDI Output

## Function

If you use the Plug \& Drive interface, you can, in this object, read the status and a return value that is dependent on the used operating mode. You can find additional information in document Function description Plug \& Drive interface.

## Object description

| Index | $2292_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | PDI Output |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | PDI_OUTPUT |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1748-B531667 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | PDI Status |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | PDI Return Value |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |

## 2300h NanoJ Control

## Function

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.

## Object description

| Index | $2300_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Control |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from |
|  | "VMM Control" to "NanoJ Control". |

## Description



ON
Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").
With a rising edge in bit 0 , the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.
$\square$
Startup of the NanoJ program can take up to 200 ms .

## 2301h NanoJ Status

## Function

Indicates the operating state of the user program.

## Object description

| Index | $2301_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Status |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from |
|  | "VMM Status" to "NanoJ Status". |

## Description



## RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.

RES
Reserved.

ERR
Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object 2302h.

## 2302h NanoJ Error Code

## Function

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.

## Object description

| Index | $2302_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Error Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from <br>  |

## Description

Error codes during program execution:

| Nummer | Beschreibung |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0001_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Firmware does not support the used function (eg. sin, cosin etc.) |
| $0005_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Time Out: Code executed too long without yield () or sleep () |
| $0007_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Too many variables on the stack |
| $0100_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Invalid NanoJ program file |
| $0101_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Invalid NanoJ version of the program file |
| $0102_{\mathrm{h}}$ | CRC error in the NanoJ program file |

Error when accessing an object:

| Nummer | Beschreibung |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 x x x x y y_{h}$ | Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the <br> index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should - but <br> cannot - be mapped. |
| $2000000_{h}$ | Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of the type <br> input declared (see 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection) |


| Nummer | Beschreibung |
| :--- | :--- |
| $3000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of the type <br> output declared (see 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection) <br> Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of the type <br> inout declared (see 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection) |
| $4000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary |
| $1000_{\mathrm{h}}$ | Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD <br> $1001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| $1002_{\mathrm{h}}$ | It was attempted to write a too low or too high vaule in an object. |

## 230Fh Uptime Seconds

## Function

This object contains the operating time in seconds since the last time the controller was started.
$\square$
(i)

## Note

This object is not stored; counting begins with " 0 " again after switching on.

## Object description

| Index | $230 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Uptime Seconds |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1436 |
| Change history |  |

## 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

## Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

## Object description

| Index | $2310_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Input Data Selection |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | $\mathrm{read} /$ write |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history
no

## FIR-v1650-B472161

Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".
Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $10_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-10_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Mapping \#1-\#16 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Each subindex (1-16) describes a different mapped object.
A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index [16] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| SubIndex [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Length [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

## Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

## Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

## Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the NanoJ program after it is executed

## Object description

| Index | $2320_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Output Data Selection |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1650-B472161 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from |
| Change history | "VMM Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from |
|  | "yes, category: application" to "no". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for |
|  | subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for |
| subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only". |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $10_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-10_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Mapping \#1-\#16 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |

## Description

Each subindex (1-16) describes a different mapped object.
A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index [16] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| SubIndex [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Length [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

## Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

## Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

## Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.

## Object description

| Index | $2330_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ In/output Data Selection |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type <br> Savable <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values | no |
| Preset value | read / write |
| Firmware version | no |
| Change history | FIR-v1650-B472161 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from |
|  | "VMM In/output Data Selection" to "NanoJ In/output Data Selection". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from |
|  | "yes, category: application" to "no". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for |
| subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only". |  |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for <br> subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $10_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $01_{\mathrm{h}}-10_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type Mapping \#1-\#16 <br> Access UNSIGNED32 <br> PDO mapping read only <br> Allowed values no <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## Description

Each subindex (1-16) describes a different mapped object.
A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index [16] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| SubIndex [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Length [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

## Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

## Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 2400h NanoJ Inputs

## Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

## Object description

| Index | $2400_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Inputs |
| Object Code | ARRAY |

## Data type

Savable
Firmware version
Change history

## INTEGER32

no
FIR-v1426
The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33.
Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".
Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N\#" to "NanoJ Input N\#".

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $20_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $01_{\mathrm{h}}-20_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type NanoJ Input \#1- \#32 <br> Access INTEGER32 <br> PDO mapping read / write <br> Allowed values RX-PDO <br> Preset value  | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the NanoJ program.

## 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

## Function

This object functions identically to object $\mathbf{2 4 0 0}_{h}$ with the difference that this object can be stored.

## Object description

| Index | $2410_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Init Parameters |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
FIR-v1450
Change history
Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $20_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-20_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | NanoJ Init Parameter \#1- \#32 |
| Data type <br> Access | INTEGER32 |
| PDO mapping | read $/$ write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |

## 2500h NanoJ Outputs

## Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

## Object description

| Index | $2500_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Outputs |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from |
|  | "VMM Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM |
|  | Output N\#" to "NanoJ Output N\#". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $20_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name  <br> Data type $01_{\mathrm{h}}-20_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Access NanoJ Output \#1- \#32 <br> PDO mapping INTEGER32 <br> Allowed values read $/$ write <br> Preset value TX-PDO |  |

## Description

Here, the NanoJ program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.

## 2600h NanoJ Debug Output

## Function

This object contains debug output of a user program.

## Object description

| Index | $2600_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | NanoJ Debug Output |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from <br> "VMM Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 00_{h}$

| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-40_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Value \#1-\#64 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0 \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the
VmmDebugOutputString (), VmmDebugoutputInt () and similar functions.

## 2701h Customer Storage Area

## Function

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.

## Object description

| Index | $2701_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Customer Storage Area |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: customer |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1540 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $\mathrm{FE}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-\mathrm{FE}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Storage \#1-\#254 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |

## 2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

## Function

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered and the short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode switched off and on.

## Object description

| Index | $2800_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Bootloader And Reboot Settings |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Reboot Command |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Reboot Delay Time In Ms |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Bootloader HW Config $^{\text {UNSIGNED32 }}$ |
| Data type | read / write |
| Access | no |
| PDO mapping |  |
| Allowed values | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value |  |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $01_{h}$ : If the value "746F6F62h" is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- $02_{h}$ : Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- $03_{h}$ : Bit 0 can be used to switch short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode off and on:
- Bit $0=1$ : Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched off.
- Bit $0=0$ : Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched on.


## 3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

## Function

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between closed loop / open loop and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in closed loop.

## Object description

| Index | $3202_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Motor Drive Submode Select |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: drive |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000000 |
| Preset value | - PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000000 |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000040 |
|  |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |

## Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: movement".

## Description



## CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop

- Value = "0": open loop
- Value = "1": closed loop


## VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes

## Brake

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control

## CurRed (Current Reduction)

Value = "1": Current reduction activated in open loop

## Torque

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque
Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object $6080_{h}$ is ignored; $\mathbf{3 2 1 0}_{h}: 3$ and $\mathbf{3 2 1 0} h: 4$ have no effect on the control.

## BLDC

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

## 3203h Feedback Selection

## Function

In this object, the sources of the presets are defined for the commutation and the speed and position control.

## Object description

| Index | $3203_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Feedback Selection |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: drive |

Access read only
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history
RX-PDO

FIR-v1748-B538662
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 4.

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 1 st Feedback Interface |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 2nd Feedback Interface |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value="1" to " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{n}$ :

Subindex n contains a bit mask for the respective feedback n . The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0 : If the bit is set to " 1 ", feedback n is used for position control.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", feedback $n$ is used for speed control.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", feedback $n$ is used for the commutation in Closed Loop.

Subindex $01_{h}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

Which feedback the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, speed, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the feedbacks.
The search always begins with feedback 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing productspecific feedbacks have been queried. If a feedback is found whose parameterization is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.

## Note

If bit 0 in $3202_{h}$ is set to 0 , closed loop is deactivated; bit 2 (commutation) then has no meaning. Bit 1 for the speed and bit 0 for the position in the respective subindicies are still used for the display of the actual position and speed values.

## 3204h Feedback Mapping

## Function

This object contains information on the existing feedbacks.

## Object description

| Index | $3204_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Feedback Mapping |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable no <br> Access read only <br> PDO mapping TX-PDO <br> Allowed values  <br> Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history FIR-v1748-B538662 <br>  Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: The number of entries was <br> changed from 5 to 4. |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Index Of 1st Feedback Interface |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read only |


| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| :--- | :--- |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $3380_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Index Of 2nd Feedback Interface |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $33 \mathrm{AO}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value="1" to " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{h}$ :

Subindex n refers to the index of the respective object for the configuration of the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

## 3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

## Function

Contains the P and I components of the current, speed and position controllers for open loop (only current controller activated) and closed loop.

## Object description

| Index | $3210_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Motor Drive Parameter Set |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_P" to |
| Change history | "Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_I" to |
|  | "Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_P" to |
|  | "Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_I" to <br> $\quad$"Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)". |
|  |  |

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_P" to "Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".
Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_l" to "Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "lq_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".
Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive - Stepper Motor, open loop)".
Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive - Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive - Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive - Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open loop)".
Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 11 to 13.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 to 0A changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0 \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: $00002710_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

- PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000800 ${ }_{h}$
- PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00007530h

| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00004E20 |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00001B58 |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 0000EA60 |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 000000664 |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000004 |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: $000001 \mathrm{~F} 4_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | - PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 0007A120 |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 000668A0 |
|  | $\bullet$ PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 000061A8 |

Subindex
$06_{\text {h }}$

| Name | Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | - PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00001388 |
|  | - PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00002EE0 |
|  | - PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000BB8 |


| Subindex | $07_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 0007A120 |
|  | $\bullet$ PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 000668A0 |
|  | $\bullet$ PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: $000061 \mathrm{~A} 8_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00001388 |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00002EE0 |
|  | • PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000BB8 |
|  |  |


| Subindex | $09_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00027100 |
|  | • PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00027100 |
|  | $\bullet$ |
|  | PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 0003A980 |


| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop) |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value

RX-PDO

- PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 000055F0 ${ }_{h}$
- PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00002710h
- PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 0000AFC8 ${ }_{h}$

| Subindex | OB $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Velocity Feed Forward Factor In Per Mille |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $000003 E 8_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $0 C_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Acceleration Feed Forward Factor |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |

## Description

- Subindex $00_{h}$ : Number of entries
- Subindex $01_{h}$ : Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Proportional component of the V -controller (speed)
- Subindex 04h: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex $05_{h}$ : (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex $06_{h}$ : (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex $07_{h}$ : (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex $08_{h}$ : (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex $09_{h}$ : (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex $0 A_{h}$ : (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex $0 B_{h}$ : (Closed loop) Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1 .
- Subindex $0 C_{h}$ : (Closed loop) Acceleration feed forward. Default is 0 (feed forward inactive). It applies during deceleration as well.


## 3212h Motor Drive Flags

## Function

This object is used to specify whether or not auto setup is to adapt the controller parameters. The direction of the rotating field can also be changed.

Note
Changes in subindex $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ do not take effect until after the controller is restarted. Afterwards, Auto setup must again be performed.

## Object description

| Index | $3212_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Motor Drive Flags |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access read only <br> PDO mapping no <br> Allowed values  <br> Preset value  <br> Firmware version FIR-v1450 <br> Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed <br> from 2 to 3. <br>  Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from <br> $\quad$"Enable Legacy Power Mode" to "Reserved". |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Reserved |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Override Field Inversion |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | INTEGER8 |
|  | read / write |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name |  |
| Data type $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Access Do Not Touch Controller Settings <br> PDO mapping INTEGER8 <br> Allowed values read / write <br> Preset value no |  |

## Description

Valid values for subindex $02_{h}$ :

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex $03_{h}$ :

- Value = "0": Auto setup detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform auto setup with the values for the controller that were entered in object $\mathbf{3 2 1 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ before the auto setup; the values in $\mathbf{3 2 1 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$ are not changed.


## 3220h Analog Inputs

## Function

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in digits.
With object $\mathbf{3 2 2 1} 1_{h}$, the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input.

## Object description

| Index | $322_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Analog Inputs |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | no |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 1 |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 2 |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Formulas for converting from [digits] to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: $x$ digits * $10 \mathrm{~V} / 1024$ digits
- Current input: $x$ digits * $20 \mathrm{~mA} / 1024$ digits


## 3221h Analogue Inputs Control

## Function

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement.

## Object description

| Index | $3221_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Analogue Inputs Control |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values

| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | AC2 | AC1 |

In general: If a bit is set to the value " 0 ", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

AC1
Setting for analog input 1
AC2
Setting for analog input 2

## 3225h Analogue Inputs Switches

## Function

This object contains the value of the rotary switch that is used to configure the address of the controller . The switch position is only read during a restart one time.

## Object description

| Index | $3225_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Analogue Inputs Switches |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1436 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1436: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex |
| Change history | 01 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO". |
|  |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |


| Access | read only |
| :--- | :--- |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input Switch1 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## Description

If the controller is equipped with a rotary switch, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex $01_{h}$. If the controller is equipped with two rotary switches, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex $01_{h}$, which consists of switch 1 and 2.

## 3240h Digital Inputs Control

## Function

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

## Object description

| Index | $3240_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Inputs Control |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 $\mathrm{h}:$ |
|  | from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable" changed |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed |
|  | from 8 to 9. |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Special Function Enable |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $02_{h}$ |
| Name | Function Inverted |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | $R X-P D O$ |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $03_{h}$ |
| Name | Force Enable |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Force Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Raw Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Input Range Select |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |


| Access | read $/$ write |
| :--- | :--- |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $07_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Differential Select |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Routing Enable |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31 .
The firmware evaluates the following bits:
- Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- Bit 2: Home switch

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits $0-2$ in $\mathbf{3 2 4 0} 0_{h}: 01_{h}$ must be set to "1".

- $3240_{h}: 02_{h}$ (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object $60 F D_{h}$ ) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value " 0 ").
This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value " 0 ", normally open logic applies; for the value " 1 ", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}: 03_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object $3240_{h}: 04_{h}$, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- $\mathbf{3 2 4 0}_{h}: 04_{h}$ (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240 $\mathrm{h}: 03_{\mathrm{h}}$.
- $3240_{h}: 05_{h}$ (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240 ${ }_{h}: 06_{h}$ (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs - that are equipped with this function - from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is " 0 ") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- $3240_{\mathrm{h}}: 07_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value " 0 " in the subindex) and "differential input" (value " 1 " in the subindex) once for all inputs.


## 3241h Digital Input Capture

## Function

With this object, the encoder position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at digital input 1.

## Object description

| Index | $3241_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Input Capture |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | FIR-v1446 |
| Preset value | Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Data type" entry changed from |
| Firmware version | "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8". |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from |
|  | "Encoder Raw Value" to "Sensor Raw Value". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "PDO mapping" table entry for |
|  | subindex 00 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "PDO mapping" table entry for <br>  <br>  <br> subindex 01 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "PDO mapping" table entry for |
| subindex 02 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO". |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |

Allowed values
Preset value $04_{h}$

| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Control |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{h}$ |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Capture Count |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | 04 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name |  |
| Sata type | Sensor Raw Value |
| Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |

## Description

- Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : This is used to select the type of level change:
- Deactivate function: Value "0"
- With rising edge: Value "1"
- With falling edge: Value "2"
- Both edges: Value "3"
- Subindex $02_{h}$ : Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is reset to 0 if subindex $01_{h}$ is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from 6064h
- Subindex $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Encoder position of the level change


## 3242h Digital Input Routing

## Function

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in $60 \mathrm{FD}_{h}$.

## Object description

| Index | $3242_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Input Routing |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1504 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $24_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name  <br> Data type $01_{\mathrm{h}}-24_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Access Input Source \#1 - \#36 <br> PDO mapping UNSIGNED8 <br> Allowed values read / write <br> Preset value TX-PDO |  |

## Description

Subindex $01_{h}$ contains the source for bit 0 of object 60FD. Subindex $02_{h}$ contains the source for bit 1 of object 60FD and so on.
The number that is written in a subindex determines the source for the corresponding bit. The following table lists all possible signal sources.

| Number |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | hex | Signal source |
| 00 | 00 | Signal is always 0 |
| 01 | 01 | Physical input 1 |
| 02 | 02 | Physical input 2 |
| 03 | 03 | Physical input 3 |
| 04 | 04 | Physical input 4 |
| 05 | 05 | Physical input 5 |
| 06 | 06 | Physical input 6 |
| 07 | 07 | Physical input 7 |
| 08 | 08 | Physical input 8 |
| 09 | 09 | Physical input 9 |
| 10 | 0 A | Physical input 10 |
| 11 | 0 B | Physical input 11 |
| 12 | 0 C | Physical input 12 |
| 13 | $0 D$ | Physical input 13 |
| 14 | 0 E | Physical input 14 |
| 15 | 0 F | Physical input 15 |
| 16 | 10 | Physical input 16 |
| 68 | 44 | Encoder input "A" |
| 69 | 45 | Encoder input "B" |
| 70 | 46 | Encoder input "Index" |
| 128 | 80 | Signal is always 1 |
| 196 | 86 | C5 |

## 3243h Digital Input Homing Capture

## Function

With this object, the encoder position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at the digital input that is used for the home switch.
(i)

## Note

Do not use this function in combination with a homing operation. The homing operation cannot otherwise be successfully completed.

## Object description

| Index | $3243_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Input Homing Capture |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access | UNSIGNED8 |
| PDO mapping |  |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Control |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Capture Count |


| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | 04 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name |  |
| Sata type | Sensor Raw Value |
| Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |

## Description

- Subindex $01_{h}$ : This is used to select the type of level change:
- Deactivate function: Value "0"
- With rising edge: Value "1"
- With falling edge: Value "2"
- Both edges: Value "3"
- Subindex $02_{h}$ : Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is reset to 0 if subindex $01_{h}$ is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex $03_{h}$ : Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from $6064_{h}$ )
- Subindex $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Encoder position of the level change


## 3250h Digital Outputs Control

## Function

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter " Digital inputs and outputs".

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.


## Object description

```
Index 3250h
```

Object name
Object Code
Data type
Savable
Firmware version
Change history

Digital Outputs Control
ARRAY
UNSIGNED32
yes, category: application
FIR-v1426
Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01h: "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"
Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Enable" to "No Function".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 9.

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | No Function |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Function Inverted |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{h}$. |  |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Force Enable |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |


| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Force Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Raw Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Reserved1 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $07_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Reserved2 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read /write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Routing Enable |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : No function.
- $02_{h}$ : This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).
- $03_{h}$ : This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex $4 h$.
- $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ : This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value " 0 " returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- $05_{h}$ : The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.


## 3252h Digital Output Routing

## Function

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with $60 \mathrm{FE} \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

## Object description

| Index | $3252_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Output Routing |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1748-B538662 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Data type | Output Control \#1 |
| Access | UNSIGNED16 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | TX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | 02h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Output Control \#2 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 0090h |
| Subindex | $03_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Output Control \#3 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 0091 h |
| Subindex | 04 h |
| Name | Output Control \#4 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 0092h |
| Subindex | 05h |
| Name | Output Control \#5 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 0093 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |

## 3320h Read Analogue Input

## Function

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $3320_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Read Analogue Input |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Number Of Analogue Inputs |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 |
|  | read only |
|  | no |
| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name  <br> Data type 01 <br> Access Analogue Input 1 <br> PDO mapping INTEGER32 <br> Allowed values read only <br> Preset value TX-PDO |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 2 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The user-defined units are made up of offset ( $\mathbf{3 3 2 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) and pre-scaling value ( $\mathbf{3 3 2 2}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ). If both object entries are still set to the default values, the value in $3320_{\mathrm{h}}$ is specified in the "ADC digits" unit.
Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits * $10 \mathrm{~V} / 1024$ digits
- Current input: $x$ digits * $20 \mathrm{~mA} / 1024$ digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:

- Subindex $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Number of analog inputs
- Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Analog value 1
- Subindex 02h: Analog value 2


## 3321h Analogue Input Offset

## Function

Offset that is added to the read analog value $\left(\mathbf{3 3 2 0}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ before dividing by the divisor from object $\mathbf{3 3 2 2} 2_{\mathrm{h}}$.

## Object description

| Index | $3321_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Analogue Input Offset |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Number Of Analogue Inputs |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 1 |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read / write |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 2 |
| Data type <br> Access | INTEGER32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |

## Description

- Subindex $00_{h}$ : Number of offsets
- Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Offset for analog input 1
- Subindex $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Offset for analog input 2


## 3322h Analogue Input Pre-scaling

## Function

Value by which the read analog value $\left(3320_{h}, \mathbf{3 3 2 1}_{h}\right)$ is divided before it is written in object $3320_{h}$.

## Object description

| Index | $3322_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Analogue Input Pre-scaling |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Number Of Analogue Inputs |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 1 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | All values permitted except 0 |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Analogue Input 2 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | All values permitted except 0 |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices contain:

- Subindex $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Number of divisors
- Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Divisor for analog input 1
- Subindex 02h: Divisor for analog input 2


## 33A0h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1

## Function

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the Auto setup.

## Object description

| Index | $33 A 0_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1 |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1738-B501312 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Configuration |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $8001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

Subindex 02h

| Name | Alignment |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
- Bit 0 : Value = " 0 ": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index found and is to be used.
- Bit 15 : Value = "1": The encoder is a single-turn absolute encoder.
- $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the electric field.
The exact determination is only possible via auto setup. The presence of this value is necessary for closed loop mode with encoder.


## 3502h MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

## Function

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.

## Note

In order to be able to change the mapping, you have to deactivate it first, by setting subindex $0_{h}$ to " 0 ". After writing the objects in the respective subindices you enter the number of the mapped objects in subindex $0_{n}$.

## Object description

| Index | $3502_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: communication |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1748-B538662 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed <br> from "MODBUS Rx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value |
| \#1" to "1st Object To Be Mapped". |  |

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#2" to "2nd Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#3" to "3rd Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#4" to "4th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#5" to "5th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#6" to "6th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#7" to "7th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#8" to "8th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#9" to "9th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#10" to "10th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#11" to "11th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#12" to "12th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#13" to "13th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#14" to "14th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#15" to "15th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#16" to "16th Object To Be Mapped".

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 1st Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 60400010_{\mathrm{h}}$

| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 2nd Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 3rd Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $60600008_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 4th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $32020020_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 5th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $607 \mathrm{A0020}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 6 th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | 07 h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | 7th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $60420010_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | 08 h |
| Name | 8th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 60FE0120h |
| Subindex | $09_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | 9th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00000000h |


| Subindex | $0 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 10 th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 11 th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $0^{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 12th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |


| Access | read / write |
| :---: | :---: |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | 13th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | 14th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | 15th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $10_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | 16th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00000000h |

## 3602h MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

## Function

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

In order to be able to change the mapping, you have to deactivate it first, by setting subindex $0_{h}$ to " 0 ". After writing the objects in the respective subindices you enter the number of the mapped objects in subindex $0_{h}$.

## Object description

| Index | $3602_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: communication |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FIR-v1748-B538662 |

Firmware version
Change history

FIR-v1748-B538662
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed from "MODBUS Tx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#1" to "1st Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#2" to "2nd Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#3" to "3rd Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#4" to "4th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#5" to "5th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#6" to "6th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#7" to "7th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#8" to "8th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#9" to "9th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#10" to "10th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#11" to "11th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#12" to "12th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#13" to "13th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#14" to "14th Object To Be Mapped".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#15" to "15th Object To Be Mapped".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" changed from "Value \#16" to "16th Object To Be Mapped".

## Value description

| Subindex | 00h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 06h |
| Subindex | $01_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | 1st Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $60410010_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | 02h |
| Name | 2nd Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00050008h |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 3rd Object To Be Mapped $^{\text {Data type }}$ |
| Access <br> PDO mapping | UNSIGNED32 |
| Allowed values | no write |
| Preset value | $60610008_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 4th Object To Be Mapped |


| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $60640020_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 5th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $60440010_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $06_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 6 th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value 60 FD0020 |  |


| Subindex | $07_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 7th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $08_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 8th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $09_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | 9th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 00000000_{h}$

| Subindex | $0 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 10th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | OB $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | 11th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | OC $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name |  |
| Data type | 12th Object To Be Mapped |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read / write |


| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | 13th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | 14th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $0 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | 15th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | $10_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | 16th Object To Be Mapped |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000{ }_{h}$ |

## 3700h Deviation Error Option Code

## Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following or slippage error is triggered.

## Object description

| Index | $3700_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Deviation Error Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | INTEGER16 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values | read / write |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | no |
|  | FFFF $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed <br> from "Following Error Option Code" to "Deviation Error Option Code". |

## Description

| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-2$ | Reserved |
| -1 | No reaction |
| 0 | Immediate stop |
| 1 | Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) |


| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) |
| $3 \ldots 32767$ | Reserved |

## 3701h Limit Switch Error Option Code

## Function

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 ( Warning) is set in $6041_{\mathrm{h}}$ ( statusword) and the action that is stored in this object executed.

## Object description

| Index | $3701_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Limit Switch Error Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FFFF $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1748-B538662 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

| Value in object 3701h | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| -1 | No reaction (e.g., to execute a homing operation) <br> Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled <br> 2 |
| Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to <br> Switch on disabled |  |
| 5 | Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Quick stop active; <br> control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You <br> can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |
| 6 | Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to Quick <br> Stop Active; control does not switch off and the motor remains <br> energized. You can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |

## 4012h HW Information

## Function

This object contains information about the hardware.

## Object description

| Index | $4012_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | HW Information |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |
|  | no |
|  | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type EEPROM Size In Bytes <br> Access UNSIGNED32 <br> PDO mapping read only <br> Allowed values no <br> Preset value  | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value " 0 " means that no EEPROM is connected.

## 4013h HW Configuration

## Function

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

## Object description

| Index | $4013_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | HW Configuration |


| Object Code | ARRAY |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history | FIR-v1540 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Data type | HW Configuration \#1 |
| Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | no |
| Preset value |  |

## Description

Bit 0: reserved

## 4014h Operating Conditions

## Function

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

## Object description

| Index | $4014_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Operating Conditions |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |

## Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version
Change history

FIR-v1540
Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 6.

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Voltage UB Power [mV] |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Voltage UB Logic $[\mathrm{mV}]$ |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10] |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value $00000000_{h}$

| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Temperature Motor [Celsius * 10] |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Temperature Microcontroller Chip [Celsius * 10] |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices contain:

- $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]
- 02h: Current logic voltage in [mV]
- $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Current temperature of the control board in [ $\left.\mathrm{d}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ (tenths of degree)
- 04h: Reserves
- $05_{h}$ : Reserves


## 4015h Special Drive Modes

## Function

With this object, you can switch the special drive modes off or on. See chapter Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed).

## Object description

| Index | $4015_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Special Drive Modes |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type Special Drive Mode Configuration <br> Access UNSIGNED8 <br> PDO mapping read / write <br> Allowed values no <br> Preset value $00_{h}$ |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Virtual Config Switch Value |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00_{h}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01 :
- Value $=" 0{ }^{n}$. : The special drive modes are switched off
- Value="2" h : The special drive modes are switched on and the mode is set in subindex $02_{h}$.
- $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Defines the used mode.


## 4016h Factory Settings

## Function

This object indicates whether Auto setup was executed in production.

## Object description

```
Index 4016h
```

| Object name | Factory Settings |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |
|  | no |
|  | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type Factory Autosetup Done <br> Access UNSIGNED8 <br> PDO mapping read / write <br> Allowed values no <br> Preset value  |  |

## Description

Valid values for subindex $01_{h}$ :

- Value = "0": Auto setup was not executed.
- Value = "1": Auto setup was executed.


## 4040h Drive Serial Number

## Function

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

## Object description

| Index | $4040_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Drive Serial Number |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | VISIBLE_STRING |

Savable
Access
PDO mapping
no

Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history

## 4041h Device Id

## Function

This object contains the ID of the device.

## Object description

| Index | $4041_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Device Id |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | OCTET_STRING |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | 0 |
| Change history | FIR-v1540 |

## 603Fh Error Code

## Function

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.
It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$. For the description of the error codes, refer to object $1003_{h}$.

## Object description

| Index | $603 F_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Error Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |

## Description

For the meaning of the error, see object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Pre-defined Error Field).

## 6040h Controlword

## Function

This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

## Object description

| Index | $6040_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Controlword |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | OMS | HALT | FR | OMS $[3]$ | EO | QS | EV | SO |  |  |

## SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

## EV (Enable Voltage)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

## QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

## EO (Enable Operation)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state

## OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode
FR (Fault Reset)
Resets an error (if possible)

## HALT

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode


## 6041h Statusword

## Function

This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

## Object description

| Index | $6041_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Statusword |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode. Refer to the corresponding section in chapter Operating modes.

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLA |  |  |  | ILA | TARG | REM | SYNC | WARN | SOD | QS | VE | FAULT | OE | So | RTSO |

## RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

## SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

## OE (Operation Enabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state

## FAULT

Error occurred
VE (Voltage Enabled)
Voltage applied

## QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

## SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

## WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning

## SYNC (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = " 0 ": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

## REM (Remote)

Remote (value of the bit is always "1")

## TARG

Target reached

## ILA (Internal Limit Active)

Limit exceeded

## OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

## CLA (Closed Loop Active)

Value = "1": The controller is in the Operation enabled state and the Closed Loop is activated.
Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

| Statusword (6041 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ ) | State |
| :---: | :---: |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 | Switch on disabled |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 | Ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 | Switched on |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 | Operation enabled |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 | Quick stop active |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 | Fault reaction active |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 | Fault |

## 6042h VI Target Velocity

## Function

Specifies the target speed in user-defined units for Velocity mode.

## Object description

| Index | $6042_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Target Velocity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |

Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history
yes, category: application
read / write
RX-PDO
$\qquad$

## 6043h VI Velocity Demand

## Function

Speed specification in user-defined units for the controller in Velocity mode.

## Object description

| Index | $6043_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Velocity Demand |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

## Function

Specifies the current actual speed in user-defined units in Velocity mode.

## Object description

| Index | $6044_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Velocity Actual Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |

## 6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

## Function

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6046_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Velocity Min Max Amount |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Data type | MinAmount |
| Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | MaxAmount |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00004 E 20_{h}$ |

## Description

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.
Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.
If the value of the target speed (object $\mathbf{6 0 4 2}{ }_{h}$ ) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041 h Statusword $_{h}$ is set.
A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statusword ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ is set.

## 6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

## Function

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

## Object description

| Index | $6048_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Velocity Acceleration |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | DeltaSpeed |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $000001 F 4_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | DeltaTime |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |

Access
read / write
PDO mapping
RX-PDO
Allowed values
Preset value
$0001_{h}$

## Description

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:
Speed change per change in time.
Subindex $01_{h}$ : Contains the change in speed.
Subindex $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Contains the change in time.

## 6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

## Function

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

## Object description

| Index | $6049_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Velocity Deceleration |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | read only |
|  | no |
|  | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type DeltaSpeed <br> Access UNSIGNED32 <br> PDO mapping read / write <br> Allowed values RX-PDO <br> Preset value  |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | DeltaTime |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:
Speed change per change in time.
Subindex $01_{h}$ : Contains the change in speed.
Subindex $02_{h}$ : Contains the change in time.

## 604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

## Function

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in Velocity Mode.

## Object description

| Index | $604 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Velocity Quick Stop |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | DeltaSpeed |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value $00001388_{h}$
RX-PDO

| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | DeltaTime |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read/write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0001_{h}$ |

## Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:
Speed change per change in time.
Subindex $01_{h}$ : Contains the change in speed.
Subindex $02_{h}$ : Contains the change in time.

## 604Ch VI Dimension Factor

## Function

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with Velocity Mode.

## Object description

| Index | $604 C_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | VI Dimension Factor |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | VI Dimension Factor Numerator |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | VI Dimension Factor Denominator |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Subindex 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the denominator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value " 60 " and subindex 2 is set to the value " 1 ", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

## 605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

## Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the CiA 402 Power State Machine to the Quick Stop active state.

## Object description

| Index | $605 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Quick Stop Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $0002_{h}$ |

## Description

| Value in object 605A | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 | Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled <br> Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled <br> Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to <br> Switch on disabled |
| 5 | Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on <br> operating mode) and subsequent state change to Quick stop active; <br> control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You <br> can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |
| Braking with quick stop ramp and subsequent state change to Quick |  |
| 6 | Stop Active; control does not switch off and the motor remains <br> energized. You can switch back to the Operation enabled state. |

## 605Bh Shutdown Option Code

## Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the CiA 402 Power State Machine from the Operation enabled state to the Ready to switch on state.

## Object description

| Index | 605B $_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Shutdown Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | INTEGER16 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | no |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | $0001_{h}$ |

## Description

| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Reserved |
| 0 | Immediate stop |
| 1 | Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled" |
| $2 \ldots 32767$ | Reserved |

## 605Ch Disable Option Code

## Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the CiA 402 Power State Machine from the Operation enabled state to the Switched on state.

## Object description

| Index | $605 C_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Disable Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $0001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Reserved |
| 0 | Immediate stop |
| 1 | Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled" <br> Reserved |
| $2 \ldots 32767$ |  |

## 605Dh Halt Option Code

## Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

## Object description

| Index | $605 D_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Halt Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |

## Description

| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots 0$ | Reserved <br> 1 |
| Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) |  |
| 2 | Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) <br> Reserved |

## 605Eh Fault Option Code

## Function

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.

## Object description

| Index | $605 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Fault Option Code |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1426 |

## Description

| Value | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $-32768 \ldots-1$ | Reserved |
| 0 | Immediate stop |
| 1 | Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> on operating mode) <br> Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending <br> 2 |
| on operating mode) <br> Reserved |  |

## 6060h Modes Of Operation

## Function

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.

## Object description

| Index | $6060_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Modes Of Operation |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
| Change history | "yes, category: application". |

## Description

| Mode | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| -2 | Auto setup |
| -1 | Clock-direction mode |
| 0 | No mode change/no mode assigned |
| 1 | Profile Position Mode |
| 2 | Velocity Mode |
| 3 | Profile Velocity Mode |
| 4 | Profile Torque Mode |
| 5 | Reserved |
| 6 | Homing Mode |
| 7 | Interpolated Position Mode |
| 8 | Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode |
| 9 | Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode |
| 10 | Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode |

## 6061h Modes Of Operation Display

## Function

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

## Object description

```
Index
\(6061_{h}\)
```

| Object name | Modes Of Operation Display |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6062h Position Demand Value

## Function

Indicates the current demand position in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6062_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Demand Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6063h Position Actual Internal Value

## Function

Contains the current rotary encoder position in increments. Unlike objects $\mathbf{6 0 6 2}_{\mathrm{h}}$ and $\mathbf{6 0 6 4}{ }_{\mathrm{h}}$, this value is not set to " 0 " following a Homing operation.
(i)

## Note

If the encoder resolution in object $608 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{h}}=0$, the numerical values of this object are invalid.

## Object description

| Index | $6063_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Actual Internal Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |

Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 00000000_{h}$
Firmware version
Change history

## 6064h Position Actual Value

## Function

Contains the current actual position in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6064_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Actual Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6065h Following Error Window

## Function

Defines the maximum allowed following error in user-defined units symmetrically to the demand position.

## Object description

| Index | $6065_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Following Error Window |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read /write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000100_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |

## Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{h}$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\mathbf{6 0 6 6}_{h}$. If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFFF" $n$, following error monitoring is switched off.
A reaction to the following error can be set in object $3700_{h}$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$.

## 6066h Following Error Time Out

## Function

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

## Object description

| Index | $6066_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Following Error Time Out |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0064_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object $6065_{\mathrm{h}}$ is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ h is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.
A reaction to the following error can be set in object $3700_{h}$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$.

## 6067h Position Window

## Function

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes Profile Position and Interpolated Position Mode.

## Object description

| Index | $6067_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Window |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values | read / write |
| Preset value | RXDO |
| Firmware version | $0000000 A_{h}$ |
| Change history | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to <br>  |

## Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}{ }_{h}$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\mathbf{6 0 6 6}_{h}$.
If the value is set to "FFFFFFFF" ${ }_{h}$, monitoring is switched off.

## 6068h Position Window Time

## Function

The current position must be within the "Position Window" $\left(6067_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the Profile Position and Interpolated Position Mode modes.

## Object description

| Index | $6068_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Window Time |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | 0064 |
|  | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object $\mathbf{6 0 6 7}_{h}$, bit 10 in object $6041_{h}$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\mathbf{6 0 6 6}_{h}$.

## 606Bh Velocity Demand Value

## Function

Speed specification in user-defined units for the controller in Profile Velocity Mode

## Object description

| Index | $606 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Demand Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the speed controller.

## 606Ch Velocity Actual Value

## Function

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $606 \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Actual Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 606Dh Velocity Window

## Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the Profile Velocity mode.

## Object description

| Index | $606 D_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Window |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | 001E |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1426 |

## Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6066 ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

## 606Eh Velocity Window Time

## Function

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" $\left(606 D_{h}\right)$ for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

## Object description

| Index | $606 E_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Window Time |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## Description

## Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object $606 D_{h}$, bit 10 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}$ h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\mathbf{6 0 6 6}$ (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

## 6071h Target Torque

## Function

This object contains the target torque for the Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

## Object description

| Index | $6071_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Target Torque |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | INTEGER16 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value | 0000 |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value " 500 " means " $50 \%$ " of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to $110 \%$. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object 203B ${ }_{h}$ :01.
The minimum of $6073_{h}$ and $6072_{h}$ is used as limit for the torque in $6071_{h}$.
The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031 ${ }_{h}$ ).

## 6072h Max Torque

## Function

The object describes the maximum torque for the Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

## Object description

| Index | $6072_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Torque |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |

Data type
UNSIGNED16
Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
yes, category: application
read / write
RX-PDO

0064h
FIR-v1426

Change history

## Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value " 500 " means " $50 \%$ " of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to $110 \%$. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object 203B $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01$.

The minimum of $6073_{h}$ and $6072_{h}$ is used as limit for the torque in $\mathbf{6 0 7 1} h$.
The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031 $h$ ).

## 6073h Max Current

## Function

Specifies the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current. Is limited by the maximum motor current ( $\mathbf{2 0 3 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ). See also I2t Motor overload protection.


## Note

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. The value of $6073_{h}$ should therefore not exceed the value 1000 (100\%).

## Object description

| Index | $6073_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Current |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Savable | yes, category: drive |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | • PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 03E8 |
|  | PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 03E8 |
| $h$ |  |

## Description

The maximum current is calculated in tenths of a percent of the rated current as follows:
$\left(6073_{h}{ }^{*} 203 B_{h}: 01\right) / 1000$
The maximum current determines:

- the maximum current for the I2t Motor overload protection
- the rated current in open-loop mode


## 6074h Torque Demand

## Function

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

## Object description

| Index | $6074_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Torque Demand |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value " 500 " means " $50 \%$ " of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to $110 \%$. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object 203B ${ }_{h}$ :01.
The minimum of $6073_{h}$ and $6072_{h}$ is used as limit for the torque in $6071_{h}$.
The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031 ${ }_{h}$ ).

## 6075h Motor Rated Current

## Function

Contains the rated current entered in $\mathbf{2 0 3 B}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$ in mA .

## 6077h Torque Actual Value

## Function

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

## Object description

| Index | $6077_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Torque Actual Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | INTEGER16 |
| Access | no |
| PDO mapping | read only |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | TX-PDO |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history | FO00 |
| h |  |

## Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value " 500 " means " $50 \%$ " of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to $110 \%$. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object 203B ${ }_{h}: 01$.
The minimum of $6073_{\mathrm{h}}$ and $6072_{\mathrm{h}}$ is used as limit for the torque in $6071_{\mathrm{h}}$.
The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031h).

## 607Ah Target Position

## Function

This object specifies the target position in user-defined units for the Profile Position and Cyclic Synchronous Position modes.

## Object description

| Index | $607 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Target Position |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00000FA0 |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## 607Bh Position Range Limit

## Function

Contains the minimum and maximum position in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $607 B_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Range Limit |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Min Position Range Limit |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Max Position Range Limit |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## Description

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object 607D ${ }_{\text {h ( }}$ ("Software Position Limit").

## 607Ch Home Offset

## Function

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $607 C_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Home Offset |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 607Dh Software Position Limit

## Function

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $607 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Software Position Limit |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Min Position Limit |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
|  | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Data type Max Position Limit <br> Access INTEGER32 <br> PDO mapping read $/$ write <br> Allowed values RX-PDO <br> Preset value  |  |

## Description

The absolute target position must lie within the limits set here. The Home Offset $\left(\mathbf{6 0 7} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ is not taken into account.

## 607Eh Polarity

## Function

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

## Object description

| Index | $607 \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Polarity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $00_{h}$ |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for |
| Change history | subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO". |

## Description

The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is " 0 ", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POS | VEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |

VEL (Velocity)
Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Velocity Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
- Velocity Mode


## POS (Position)

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
- 


## Tip

You can force an inversion of the rotary field that affects all operating modes. See object 3212h:02h.

## 607Fh Max Profile Velocity

## Function

Specifies the maximum speed in user-defined units for Profile Position, Interpolated Position Mode and Profile Velocity modes.

## Object description

| Index | $607 F_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Profile Velocity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00007530 |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1540 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed |
|  | from "Max profile velocity" to "Max Profile Velocity". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed |
|  | from "INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED32". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from |
|  | "no" to "yes, category: application". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Access" table entry for |
|  | subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write". |

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "TX-PDO" to "RX-PDO".

## 6080h Max Motor Speed

## Function

Specifies the maximum permissible speed of the motor in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6080_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Motor Speed |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: drive |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values | 00007530 |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, |
| Change history | category: application" to "yes, category: tuning". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed |
| from "Maximum Speed" to "Max Motor Speed". |  |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for <br> subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Savable" entry changed from <br> "yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: drive". |
|  |  |

## 6081h Profile Velocity

## Function

Specifies the maximum travel speed in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6081_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Profile Velocity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $000001 F 4_{h}$ |

## 6082h End Velocity

## Function

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6082_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | End Velocity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6083h Profile Acceleration

## Function

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6083_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Profile Acceleration |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $000001 \mathrm{~F} 4_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6084h Profile Deceleration

## Function

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6084_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Profile Deceleration |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type <br> Savable | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | yes, category: application |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | $000001 F 4_{h}$ |
| Change history | FIR-v1426 |

## 6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

## Function

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6085_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Quick Stop Deceleration |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00001388_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 6086h Motion Profile Type

## Function

Specifies the ramp type for the Profile Position and Profile Velocity modes.

## Object description

| Index | $6086_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Motion Profile Type |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |


| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| :--- | :--- |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $0000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp
Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk

## 6087h Torque Slope

## Function

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

## Object description

| Index | $6087_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Torque Slope |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means " $50 \%$ " of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to $110 \%$. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object 203B ${ }_{h}$ :01.

The minimum of $6073_{h}$ and $6072_{h}$ is used as limit for the torque in $6071_{h}$.
The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031 ${ }_{h}$ ).

## 608Fh Position Encoder Resolution

## Function

Contains the physical resolution of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control.

## Object description

```
Index 608F
```

Object name
Object Code
Data type
Savable
Firmware version
Change history

Position Encoder Resolution
ARRAY
INTEGER32
yes, category: tuning
FIR-v1426
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

## Value description

| Subindex | 00h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 02h |
| Subindex | 01 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Encoder Increments |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 000007D0h |
| Subindex | 02h |
| Name | Motor Revolutions |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |

## Description

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (608F $\left.{ }_{h}: 01_{h}\right) /$ Motor Revolutions $\left(\mathbf{6 0 8 F}_{\mathrm{h}}: 02_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$

## 6090h Velocity Encoder Resolution

## Function

Contains the physical resolution of the encoder/sensor that is used for speed control.

## Object description

| Index | $6090_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Encoder Resolution |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1738-B501312 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed |
|  | from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed <br> from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed <br> from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Encoder Increments Per Second |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Motor Revolutions Per Second |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## Description

Velocity Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments per second (6090h:01h) / Motor Revolutions per second ( $6090_{h}: 02_{h}$ )

## 6091h Gear Ratio

## Function

Number of motor revolutions per output shaft revolution.

## Object description

| Index | $6091_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Gear Ratio |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for <br> subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO". <br>  <br> Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for <br> subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping no <br> Allowed values  <br> Preset value $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br>   <br> Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Name Motor Revolutions <br> Data type UNSIGNED32 <br> Accessread / write |  |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value $00000001_{h}$

| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Shaft Revolutions |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

Gear Ratio $=$ Motor Revolutions $\left(\mathbf{6 0 9 1}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}\right) /$ Shaft Revolutions $\left(6091_{\mathrm{h}}: 02_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$

## 6092h Feed Constant

## Function

Feed in the case of a linear drive; in user-defined units per output shaft revolutions.

## Object description

| Index | $602_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Feed Constant |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Feed |
| Data type <br> Access | UNSIGNED32 |
|  | read / write |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value $00000001_{h}$

| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Shaft Revolutions |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{h}$ |

## Description

Feed Constant $=$ Feed $\left(\right.$ 6092 $\left._{h}: 01_{h}\right) /$ Shaft Revolutions $\left(6092_{h}^{h}: 02_{h}\right)$

## 6096h Velocity Factor

## Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined speed units. See chapter User-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6096_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Factor |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Numerator |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | Divisor |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- $01_{h}$ : Numerator of the factor
- 02h: Denominator of the factor


## 6097h Acceleration Factor

## Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration units. See chapter User-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6097_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Acceleration Factor |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value  <br> Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312 <br> Change history  |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |


| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Access |  |
| read only |  |
| PDO mapping |  |
| Allowed values | no |
| Preset value |  |
|  | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Data type | Numerator |
| Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Divisor |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{h}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- $01_{h}$ : Numerator of the factor
- $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Denominator of the factor


## 6098h Homing Method

## Function

This object defines the Homing method in Homing Mode.

## Object description

| Index | $6098_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Homing Method |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER8 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $23_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |

## 6099h Homing Speed

## Function

Specifies the speeds for Homing Mode $\left(6098_{h}\right)$ in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $6099_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Homing Speed |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | no |
|  | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Data type | Speed During Search For Switch |
| Access | UNSIGNED32 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Speed During Search For Zero |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $0000000 A_{h}$ |

## Description

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.
The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.

## Note

- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked. The speed in subindex 2 should therefore be less than 1000 steps per second.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2 .


## 609Ah Homing Acceleration

## Function

Specifies the acceleration ramp for Homing Mode in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $609 A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Homing Acceleration |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 000001 F4h |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.

## 60A2h Jerk Factor

## Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined jerk units. See chapter User-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $60 \mathrm{~A} 2_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Jerk Factor |
| Object Code | ARRAY |


| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $02_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | $01_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Numerator |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |
| Subindex | $02_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Divisor |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Numerator of the factor
- $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ : Denominator of the factor


## 60A4h Profile Jerk

## Function

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk can be entered in this object. An entry with the value " 0 " means that the jerk is not limited.

## Object description

| Index | $60 A 4_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Profile Jerk |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End |
|  | Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin |
|  | Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Begin Acceleration Jerk |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $000003 E 8_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Begin Deceleration Jerk |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | End Acceleration Jerk |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $000003 E 8{ }_{h}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | End Deceleration Jerk |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $000003 E 8_{h}$ |

## Description

- Subindex 01 ( Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 02h ( Begin Deceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during braking
- Subindex $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ ( End Acceleration Jerk): Final jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 04h (End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking


## 60A8h SI Unit Position

## Function

This object contains the position unit. See chapter User-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | 60 B $_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | SI Unit Position |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | FF410000 |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1738-B501312 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

Object 60A8h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23 : The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| reserved (00h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | reserved (00h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 60A9h SI Unit Velocity

## Function

This object contains the speed unit. See chapter User-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $60 \mathrm{A9}_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | SI Unit Velocity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00B44700 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |

## Description

Object 60A9h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nominator (Position) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Denominator (Time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | reserved (00h) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 60BOh Position Offset

## Function

Offset for the position set value in user-defined units. Is taken into account in the Cyclic Synchronous Position and Clock-direction mode modes.

## Object description

```
Index
60B0h
```

Object name
Object Code
Data type
Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history

## Position Offset

VARIABLE
INTEGER32
yes, category: application
read / write
RX-PDO
$00000000_{h}$
FIR-v1738-B505321

## 60B1h Velocity Offset

## Function

Offset for the speed set value in user-defined units. Is taken into account in the Cyclic Synchronous Position, Cyclic Synchronous Velocity and Clock-direction mode modes.

## Object description

| Index | $60 B 1_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Velocity Offset |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | 000000000 |

## 60B2h Torque Offset

## Function

Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent. Is taken into account in the Cyclic Synchronous Position, Cyclic Synchronous Velocity, Cyclic Synchronous Torque and Clock-direction mode modes.

## Object description

| Index | 60B2h |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Torque Offset |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER16 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read $/$ write |

PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history
$0000_{h}$
RX-PDO

FIR-v1738-B505321

## 60C1h Interpolation Data Record

## Function

This object contains the demand position in user-defined units for the interpolation algorithm for the Interpolated Position operating mode.

## Object description

| Index | $60 \mathrm{C} 1_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Interpolation Data Record |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type <br> Savable <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values | INTEGER32 <br> Preset value category: application |
| Firmware version <br> Change history | no only |
|  | FIR-v1512 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to <br> "yes, category: application". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  |  |
| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Name | 1st Set-point |
| Data type <br> Access | INTEGER32 |
| PDO mapping | read /write |
| Allowed values | RX-PDO |
| Preset value |  |

## Description

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.

## 60C2h Interpolation Time Period

## Function

This object contains the interpolation time.

## Object description

| Index | $60 \mathrm{C} 2_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Interpolation Time Period |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | INTERPOLATION_TIME_PERIOD |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values  <br> Preset value  <br> Firmware version FIR-v1426 <br> Change history  |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Interpolation Time Period Value |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read / write |
|  | no |
|  | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Data type | Interpolation Time Index |
| Access | INTEGER8 |
| PDO mapping | read / write |
|  | no |

Preset value $\quad \mathrm{FD}_{\mathrm{h}}$

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01 h : Interpolation time.
- $02_{h}$ : Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).
The following applies here: cycle time $=$ value of $\mathbf{6 0 C 2} \mathbf{2}_{h}: 01_{h}{ }^{*} 10^{\text {value of } 60 C 2: 02}$ seconds.


## 60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration

## Function

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer. It is also used to store the position of other data points.

## Object description

| Index | 60C4h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Object name | Interpolation Data Configuration |
| Object Code | RECORD |
| Data type | INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1512 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |

Allowed values
Preset value $\quad 06_{h}$

| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | MaximumBufferSize |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | ActualBufferSize |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $03_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | BufferOrganization |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | BufferPosition |
| Data type | UNSIGNED16 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | no |


| Subindex | $05_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | SizeOfDataRecord |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | write only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $04_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $06_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | BufferClear |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | write only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## Description

The value of subindex $01_{h}$ contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.
The value of subindex $02_{h}$ contains the current number of interpolated records.
If subindex $03_{h}$ is " $00_{h}$ ", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is " $01_{h}$ ", it specifies a ring buffer organization.
The value of subindex $04_{h}$ is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.
The value of subindex $05_{h}$ is specified in units of "byte". If the value " $00_{h}$ " is written in subindex $06_{h}$, it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records. If the value " $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ " is written in subindex $06_{\mathrm{h}}$, it activates access to the input buffer.

## 60C5h Max Acceleration

## Function

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the Profile Position and Profile Velocity modes.

## Object description

| Index | $60 C 5_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Acceleration |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $00001388_{\mathrm{h}}$ |

## 60C6h Max Deceleration

## Function

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the Profile Position and Profile Velocity modes.

## Object description

| Index | 60C6 $_{\boldsymbol{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Deceleration |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00001388_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 60E4h Additional Position Actual Value

## Function

Contains the current actual position of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | 60E4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Position Actual Value |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed <br> from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed <br> from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Additional Position Actual Value \#1- \#2 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value="1" to " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{h}}$ :

Subindex n contains the current actual position of the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

## 60E5h Additional Velocity Actual Value

## Function

Contains the current actual speed of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $60 E 5_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Velocity Actual Value |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type <br> Savable <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values | no |
| Preset value | read only |
| Firmware version | TX-PDO |
| Change history | FIR-v1738-B501312 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed <br> from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed <br> from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Additional Velocity Actual Value \#1-\#2 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{\mathrm{n}}$ : Value="1" to " n ", where " n " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{n}$ :

Subindex n contains the current actual speed of the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

## 60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

## Function

With this object and with $\mathbf{6 0 E B}_{\mathrm{h}}$, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

## Object description

| Index | $60 E 6_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | FIR-v1748-B538662 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: The number of entries was <br> changed from 5 to 4. |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |


| Preset value | $02_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Subindex | 01 ${ }_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface \#1 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00320000{ }_{h}$ |
| Subindex | 02h |
| Name | Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface \#2 |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 00001000h |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value="1" to " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{h}$ :

Subindex n contains the number of increments of the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{h}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.
The resolution of feedback " $n$ " is calculated as follows:
Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6h:01h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB ${ }_{h}: 02_{h}$ )

## 60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

## Function

In this object and in $\mathbf{6 0 E D}$ h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

## Object description

| Index | $60 E 8_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value |  |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
| Access | RX-PDO |
| PDO mapping |  |
| Allowed values | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Preset value |  |
|  | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-02_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface \#1 <br> - \#2 <br> Subindex <br> Name |
| UNSIGNED32  <br> Data type read / write <br> Access RX-PDO <br> PDO mapping  <br> Allowed values $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ <br> Preset value  |  |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value $=$ " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{n}$ : Subindex " $n$ " contains the number of motor revolutions for the corresponding feedback.

Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.
The gear ratio of feedback " $n$ " is calculated as follows:
Gear Ratio $=$ Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8 ${ }_{h}: \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ) / Driving Shaft Revolutions ( 60ED $_{h}: \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{h}}$ )

## 60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed

## Function

In this object and in $60 \mathrm{EE}_{\mathrm{h}}$, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

## Object description

| Index | $60 E 9_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Feed Constant - Feed |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |

Preset value
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}-02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface \#1-\#2 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{n}$ : Value = " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{n}$ : Subindex " $n$ " contains the feed in user-defined units for the corresponding feedback. Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.
The feed constant of feedback " n " is calculated as follows:
Feed Constant $=$ Feed $\left(60 E 9_{h}: n_{h}\right) /$ Driving Shaft Revolutions $\left(60 E_{h}: n_{h}\right)$


## 60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions

## Function

With this object and with $\mathbf{6 0 E 6}$, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

## Object description

| Index | 60EB $_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: tuning |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |

Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history

## Value description

| Subindex | 00 h |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 02h |
| Subindex | 01 ${ }_{\text {h }}-02_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface \#1-\#2 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value="1" to " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{h}}$ :

Subindex $n$ contains the number of motor revolutions of the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.
The resolution of feedback " n " is calculated as follows:
Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6h:01h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{h}}: 02_{h}$ )

## 60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions

## Function

In this object and in $60 E 8_{h}$, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

## Object description

| Index | $60 E D_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |

Access read only
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\text {h }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | 02h |
| Subindex | 01 ${ }_{\text {h }}-02_{\text {h }}$ |
| Name | Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface \#1- \#2 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000001_{\text {h }}$ |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value $=$ " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{h}$ : Subindex " $n$ " contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.
The gear ratio of feedback " $n$ " is calculated as follows:
Gear Ratio $=$ Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8 ${ }_{h}: n_{h}$ ) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED ${ }_{h}: n_{h}$ )


## 60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions

## Function

In this object and in 60E9 ${ }_{h}$, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

## Object description

| Index | 60EE $_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions |
| Object Code | ARRAY |

Data type
Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version

UNSIGNED32
yes, category: application
read only
RX-PDO

FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type <br> Access <br> PDO mapping <br> Allowed values <br> Preset value | UNSIGNED8 <br> read only |
|  | RX-PDO |
|  | $02_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Subindex |  |
| Name | 01 <br>  <br> Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback <br> Interface \#1 - \#2 <br> UNSIGNED32 |
| Access type read / write <br> PDO mapping RX-PDO <br> Allowed values  <br> Preset value $00000001_{\mathrm{h}}$ |  |

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_{h}$ : Value $=$ " $n$ ", where " $n$ " is the number of existing feedbacks.
- $n_{h}$ : Subindex " $n$ " contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback.
Subindex $01_{h}$ always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.
The feed constant of feedback " n " is calculated as follows:
Feed Constant $=$ Feed $\left(60 E 9_{h}: n_{h}\right) /$ Driving Shaft Revolutions $\left(60 E E_{h}: n_{h}\right)$


## 60F2h Positioning Option Code

## Function

The object describes the positioning behavior in Profile Position mode.

## Object description

```
Index 60F2h
```

Object name
Object Code
Data type
Savable
Access
PDO mapping
Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version
Change history

## Positioning Option Code

VARIABLE
UNSIGNED16
yes, category: application
read / write
RX-PDO
$0001_{\text {h }}$
FIR-v1446
Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## Description

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:


## REL. OPT. (Relative Option)

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "Profile Position" mode if bit 6 of controlword $6040 \mathrm{~h}=\mathrm{F} 1$ " is set.

| Bit $\mathbf{1}$ | Bit 0 | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal <br> absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target <br> position) |
| 0 | 1 | Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) <br> of the ramp generator. |
| 1 | 0 | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object } \\ \mathbf{6 0 6 4}\end{array}\right)$. |

## RRO (Request-Response Option)

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword $6040_{h}$ bit 5 ("new setpoint") in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to " 0 " afterwards. After the bit is set to the value " 0 " by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}{ }_{h}$.

## Note

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword $\mathbf{6 0 4 0}_{h}$.

| Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | The functionality is as described under Setting travel commands. |


| Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 1 | The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current <br> targeted movement has reached its target. |
| 1 | 0 | The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for <br> the controller. <br> Reserved |

RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)
These bits determine the direction of rotation in "Profile Position" mode.

| Bit 7 | Bit $\mathbf{6}$ | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range <br> Limits" $-607 B_{h}: 01_{h}$ and $02_{h}-$ is reached or exceeded, the preset is <br> automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit <br> combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible. |
| 0 | 1 | Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than <br> the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min |
| Position Range Limit" from object $607 \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{h}}: 01_{\mathrm{h}}$. |  |  |

## 60F4h Following Error Actual Value

## Function

This object contains the current following error in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | $60 \mathrm{~F} 4_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Following Error Actual Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## 60F8h Max Slippage

## Function

Defines the maximum allowed slippage error in user-defined units symmetrically to the set speed in Profile Velocity mode.

## Object description

| Index | $60 \mathrm{~F} 8_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Max Slippage |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | 00000190 |

## Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\mathbf{6 0 4 1}_{\mathrm{h}}$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\mathbf{2 0 3 F}_{\mathrm{h}}$.
If the value of $60 F 8_{h}$ is set to "7FFFFFFF" $h$, slippage error monitoring is switched off.
A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object $3700_{h}$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\mathbf{1 0 0 3}_{h}$.

## 60FAh Control Effort

## Function

This object contains the correction speed in user-defined units that is fed to the speed controller by the position controller.

## Object description

| Index | $60 F A_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Control Effort |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1748-B531667 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

The position controller calculates a correction speed (in user-defined units) from the difference between the current position and the demand position which is then passed on to the speed controller. This correction value is dependent on the proportional component ( $\mathbf{3 2 1 0} 0_{h}: 01_{h}$ ) and the integral component (3210 ${ }_{h}: 02_{h}$ ) of the position controller. See also chapter Closed Loop.


## 60FCh Position Demand Internal Value

## Function

Indicates the current demand position in increments.

## Object description

| Index | ${60 F C_{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Position Demand Internal Value |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $00000000_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1738-B501312 |
| Change history |  |

## 60FDh Digital Inputs

## Function

With this object, the digital inputs of the motor can be read.

## Object description

| Index | $60 F D_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Inputs |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |

Allowed values

| Preset value | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | IN 8 | IN 7 | IN 6 | IN 5 | IN 4 | IN 3 | IN 2 | IN 1 |


| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | HS | PLS | NLS |

## NLS (Negative Limit Switch)

Negative limit switch

## PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

## HS (Home Switch)

Home switch

## IN n (Input n)

Input n - the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

## 60FEh Digital Outputs

## Function

With this object, the digital outputs of the motor can be written.

## Object description

| Index | $60 F E_{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Digital Outputs |
| Object Code | ARRAY |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## Value description

| Subindex | $00_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Highest Sub-index Supported |
| Data type | UNSIGNED8 |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values |  |


| Subindex | $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name | Digital Outputs \#1 |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Access | read $/$ write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values <br> Preset value |  |

## Description

To write the outputs, the entries in object $\mathbf{3 2 5 0}_{h}$, subindex $02_{h}$ to $05_{h}$, must also be taken into account.


## BRK (Brake)

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function).

## OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

## 60FFh Target Velocity

## Function

In this object, the target speed for the Profile Velocity and Cyclic Synchronous Velocity modes is entered in user-defined units.

## Object description

| Index | 60FF $_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Target Velocity |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | INTEGER32 |
| Savable | yes, category: application |
| Access | read / write |
| PDO mapping | RX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value <br> Firmware version <br> Change history | $00000000_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
|  | FIR-v1426 |
|  | Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to |
|  | "yes, category: application". |

## 6502h Supported Drive Modes

## Function

The object describes the supported operating modes in object $\mathbf{6 0 6 0}_{\mathrm{h}}$.

## Object description

| Index | $6502_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Supported Drive Modes |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | UNSIGNED32 |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | TX-PDO |
| Allowed values |  |
| Preset value | $000003 E F_{h}$ |
| Firmware version | FIR-v1426 |
| Change history |  |

## Description

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is " 0 ", the mode is not supported.

| 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CST | CSV | CSP | IP | HM |  | TQ | PV | VL | PP |

## PP

Profile Position Mode
VL
Velocity Mode
PV
Profile Velocity Mode
TQ
Torque Mode
HM
Homing Mode
IP
Interpolated Position Mode
CSP
Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
CSV
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

## CST

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

## 6503h Drive Catalogue Number

## Function

Contains the device name as character string.

## Object description

| Index | $6503_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Drive Catalogue Number |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | VISIBLE_STRING |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | 0 |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

## 6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

## Function

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.

## Object description

| Index | $6505_{\mathrm{h}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Object name | Http Drive Catalogue Address |
| Object Code | VARIABLE |
| Data type | VISIBLE_STRING |
| Savable | no |
| Access | read only |
| PDO mapping | no |
| Allowed values | http://www.nanotec.de |
| Preset value | FIR-v1426 |
| Firmware version |  |
| Change history |  |

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FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation
Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine
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The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.
http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf
http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

### 11.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm
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### 11.5 DHCP

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### 11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library

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### 11.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010
FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems.
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### 11.8 Protothreads

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.
This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/
Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/ protothreads/

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This file is part of the IwIP TCP/IP stack.
Author: Adam Dunkels [adam@sics.se](mailto:adam@sics.se)


[^0]:    宣

    ## Tip

    If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/O configuration (see "Digital inputs and outputs").

    To use the limit switch, you must also set object $3701_{h}$ to "-1" (factory setting) to prevent blocking the further travel of the motor.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ This corresponds to the decimal of $1702257011_{d}$ or the ASCII string save.
    ${ }^{2}$ This corresponds to the decimal of $1684107116_{d}$ or the ASCII string load.

[^2]:    (i)

    ## Note

    - Objects of category $06_{h}$ (Tuning) are determined by Auto setup and are not reset when resetting to factory settings with subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$ (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto setup). You can reset these objects with subindex $06_{h}$.
    - Objects of category $0 \mathrm{~B}_{\mathrm{h}}$ (Modbus RTU) are not reset with subindex $01_{\mathrm{h}}$.

