

Technical Manual NP5-02

Fieldbus: Modbus RTU





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1 Introduction

The *NP5* is a controller for BLDC and stepper motors in plug-in module format (PCI-format connector strip) for integration in your own developments.



Note

The PCI-format connector strip is not electrically compatible with PCI Express. Under no circumstances is it to be plugged into the PC mainboard.

This manual describes the integration of the *NP5* in your motherboard and the functions of the controller. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.

You can find further information about the device on the Nanotec homepage us.nanotec.com.

1.1 Version information

Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version	Hardware version
1.0.0	03/2018	First edition	FIR-v1748	W003a
1.0.1	08/2018	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1748	W003a
1.0.2	09/2018	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1748	W003a

1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

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Nanotec Electronic GmbH & Co. KG

Kapellenstraße 6

85622 Feldkirchen

Germany

Phone: +49 89 900 686-0 Fax: +49 (89) 900 686-50

us.nanotec.com

1.3 Intended use

The *NP5* is used to control stepper and BLDC motors and is designed for use under the approved **Environmental conditions**.

The controller must be connected to motors via a PCI-format connector strip and a suitable motherboard. The system boundary of the controller ends at the PCI connector strip.



Any other use is considered unintended use.



Note

Changes or modification to the controller are not permitted.

1.4 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec produces component parts that are used in a wide range of industrial applications. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the system engineer and end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the integration of the products in the end system.

Under no circumstances may a Nanotec product be integrated as a safety controller in a product or construction. All products containing a component part manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.

Our general terms and conditions apply: en.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-and-conditions/.

1.5 Specialist staff

Only specialists may install, program and commission the device:

- Persons who have appropriate training and experience in work with motors and their control.
- · Persons who are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual.
- · Persons who know the applicable regulations.

1.6 EU directives for product safety

The following EU directives were observed:

• RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)

1.7 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

- · Accident-prevention regulations
- Local regulations on occupational safety

1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.



CAUTION

The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation.

Failure to observe the notice **may** result in moderately severe injuries.

▶ Describes how you can avoid the dangerous situation.



Note

- Indicates an error source or likelihood of confusion.
- Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other devices.
- Describes how device damage can be avoided.





Tip

Shows a tip for the application or task.

1.9 Emphasis in the text

The following conventions are used in the document:

Text set in **bold** indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter System calls in a NanoJ program.

Text set in *italics* marks named objects:

- Read the installation manual.
- Use the Plug & Drive Studio software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the *Operation* tab.
- For hardware: Use the ON/OFF switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:

- Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300_h, bit 0 = "1".
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in 3212h:01h.

1.10 Numerical values

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript h at the end of the number.

The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows:

Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is 00_h .

Example: Subindex 5 of object 1003_h is addressed with 1003_h : 05_h , subindex 00 of object 6040_h with 6040_h .

1.11 Bits

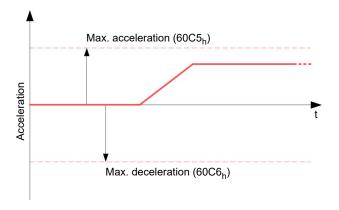
The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type *UNSIGNED8* as an example.

MSB LSB Bit Nummer 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 Bits 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1
$$\pm 55_{\text{hex}} \triangleq 85_{\text{dec}}$$

1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects $60C5_h$ and $60C6_h$ depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.







2 Safety and warning notices



Note

- Damage to the controller.
- Changing the wiring during operation may damage the controller.
- Only change the wiring in a de-energized state. After switching off, wait until the capacitors have discharged.



Note

- Fault of the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor.
- · Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.
- Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.



Note

- There is no polarity reversal protection.
- Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.
- Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.



Note

- The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge.
- · Improper handling can damage the device.
- Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.



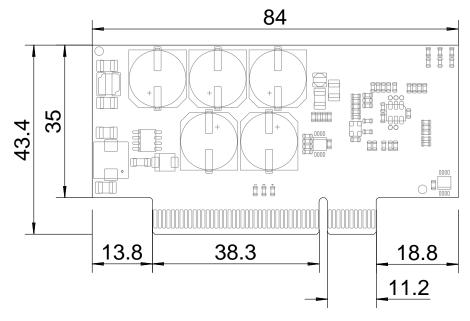
3 Technical details and pin assignment

3.1 Environmental conditions

Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	No IP protection
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 95 %
Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C

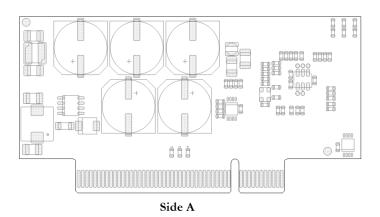
3.2 Dimensioned drawings

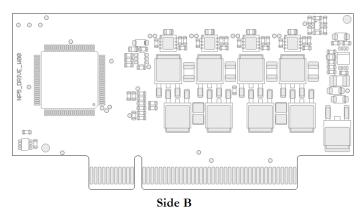
Dimensions are in [mm].



The following figures show the board layout.







3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

Property	Description / value
Operating voltage	12 - 48 V DC ±4%
Rated current	6 A _{rms}
Peak current	10 A _{rms} (for 1 second)
Commutation	Stepper motor <i>open loop</i> , stepper motor <i>closed loop</i> with encoder, BLDC sine commutated via Hall sensor, BLDC sine commutated via encoder
	Note: External wiring is required for encoder and Hall sensor!
Operating modes	Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode
Set value setting / programming	Clock-direction, analog, NanoJ program
Interfaces	2x SPI, 1x I ² C
Encoder/Hall	2x encoder 1x Hall sensor
	Note: External wiring is required for encoder and Hall sensor!
I/O	6x general I/O, 2x analog input, 1x output for the external brake (open drain), 1x output for the external ballast circuit
Connector	PCI Express 8x, 1.0 mm RM, 2x49 contacts
Overtemperature	Protection circuit at temperature > 75°C



Property	Description / value
Polarity reversal protection	Polarity reversal protection by power diode (short-circuit between +UB and GND, fuse necessary in supply line)
Fuse size for polarity reversal protection:	I _{max} (controller) < I (tripping current for fuse) < I _{max} (voltage supply)
Charging capacitor	For each ampere of rated current on the motor, Nanotec recommends a capacitance of approx. 1000 µF.



Note

- For the digital inputs, the switch-on threshold is 1.86 V, the switch-off threshold is 0.91 V.
- For the digital inputs, the maximum sampling frequency is 1 MHz.
- The range of the analog inputs is 0 ... 3.3 V.



Tip

If the fuse value (I tripping current for fuse) is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller (I_{max} controller), a *medium / slow* tripping characteristics should be used.

3.4 Overtemperature protection

Above a temperature of approx. 75 °C on the power board the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects **1001**_h and **1003**_h). After cooling down and confirming the error (see **table for the controlword**, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

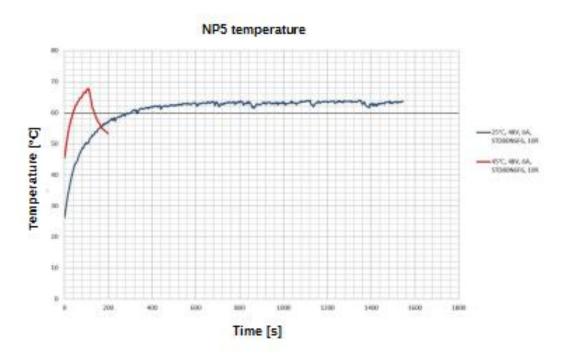
The following temperature test results provide information on the temperature behavior of this controller.

Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

- Operating voltage: 48 V DC
- Motor current: 6 A rms
- · Operation mode: Velocity Mode, full step, 30 rpm
- Ambient temperature: 25 °C / 45 °C
- Altitude of site: 500 m above sea level
- No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e.g., via fan

The following graphic shows the results of the temperature tests:





Summary:

At 25°C (+48 V, 6 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), the controller was in operation for longer than 2 hours without having been switched off. The temperature was stable at approx. 62°C.

At 45°C (+48 V, 6 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), temperature protection switched off the controller in less than 2 minutes.



Note

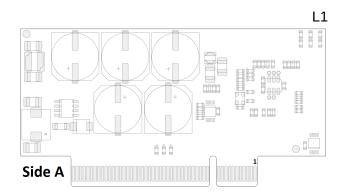
Aside from the motor, the exact temperature behavior is also dependent on the flange connection and the heat transfer there as well as on the convection in the application. For this reason, we recommend always performing an endurance test in the actual environment for applications in which current level and ambient temperature pose a problem.



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3.5 LED signaling

3.5.1 Power LED



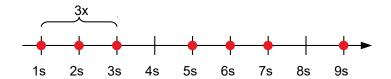
Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED flashes briefly once per second.



Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.



The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

Flash rate	Error
1	General
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset

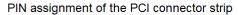


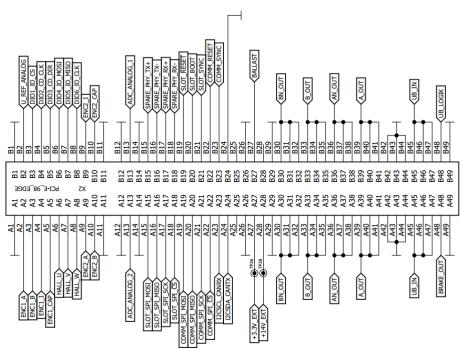
Note

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.



3.6 Pin assignment







Note

- For digital inputs 1 to 6, the switch-on threshold is 1.86 V, the switch-off threshold is 0.91 V DC.
 The maximum sampling frequency is 1 MHz. If the I/O pins are used as output (see **Defining input and output assignments**), the maximum admissible current is approx. 10 mA at 3.3 V DC.
- The range of the analog inputs is 0 ... 3.3 V DC.
- The encoder signal is single-ended, the switch-on threshold is 1.86 V, the switch-off threshold is 0.91 V DC. The maximum sampling frequency is 1 MHz.
- The current consumption of the UB_LOGIC logic supply is approx. 30 mA at 24 V DC.

PCI pin assignment:

Pin	Name	Description/function	
A1	GND		
A2	ENC1_A	Encoder 1, A	
A3	ENC1_B	Encoder 1, B	
A4	ENC1_I	Encoder 1, Index	
A5	ENC1_CAP	Not used	
A6	HALL_U (H1)	Hall sensor 1 (U)	
A7	HALL_V (H2)	Hall sensor 2 (V)	
A8	HALL_W (H3)	Hall sensor 3 (W)	
A9	ENC2_A	Encoder 2, A	
A10	ENC2_B	Encoder 2, B	
A11	GND		



Pin	Name	Description/function
A12	GND	
A13	ADC_ANALOG_2	Analog input 2: 0 3.3 V
		Slave address, see Setting slave address and baud rate
A14	GND	
A15	SLOT_SPI_MOSI	
A16	SLOT_SPI_MISO	Modbus RX Data
A17	SLOT_SPI_SCK	Modbus TX Data
A18	SLOT_SPI_ CS	
A19	COMM_SPI_MOSI	Receiver Enable
A20	COMM_SPI_MISO	
A21	COMM_SPI_SCK	
A22	COMM_SPI_CS	
A23	I2CSCL_CANRX	
A24	I2CSDA_CANTX	
A25	n.c.	reserved
A26	GND	
A27	+3.3V_EXT	Not used
A28	+14V_EXT	Not used
A29	GND	
A30	BN_OUT	B\ (stepper motor)
A31		
A32		
A33	B_OUT	B\(stepper motor) or W (BLDC)
A34		
A35		
A36	AN_OUT	A\ (stepper motor) or V (BLDC)
A37		
A38		
A39	A_OUT	A (stepper motor) or U (BLDC)
A40		
A41		
A42	GND	
A43		
A44		
A45	UB_IN	12 48 V DC ±4%
A46		
A47		
A48	BRAKE_OUT	Control of the external brake, open-drain output max. 1 A
A49	GND	



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Pin	Name	Description/function
B1	GND	
B2	U_REF_ANALOG	3.3 V DC, reference voltage for analog inputs
		Slave address, see Setting slave address and baud rate
B3	DIO1_IO_CS	General I/O
B4	DIO2_CD_CLK	General I/O (clock input in clock-direction mode)
B5	DIO3_CD_DIR	General I/O (direction input in clock-direction mode)
B6	DIO4_IO_MOSI	General I/O
B7	DIO5_IO_MISO	General I/O
B8	DIO6_IO_CLK	General I/O
B9	ENC2_I	Encoder 2, Index
B10	ENC2_CAP	Not used
B11	GND	
B12	GND	
B13	ADC_ANALOG_1	Analog input 1: 0 3.3 V
B14	GND	
B15	SPARE_PHY_TX+	reserved
B16	SPARE_PHY_TX-	reserved
B17	SPARE_PHY_RX+	reserved
B18	SPARE_PHY_RX-	reserved
B19	SLOT_RESET	System function, reserved
B20	SLOT_BOOT	System function, reserved
B21	SLOT_SYNC	System function, reserved
B22	COMM_RESET	Driver Enable
B23	COMM_SYNC	
B24	GND	
B25	n.c.	reserved
B26	GND	
B27	BALLAST	For controlling the external ballast circuit
B28	n.c.	reserved
B29	GND	
B30	BN_OUT	B\ (stepper motor)
B31		
B32		
B33	B_OUT	B (stepper motor) or W (BLDC)
B34		
B35		
B36	AN_OUT	A\ (stepper motor) or V (BLDC)
B37		
B38		
B39	A_OUT	A (stepper motor) or U (BLDC)



Pin	Name	Description/function
B40		
B41	_	
B42	GND	
B43	_	
B44	_	
B45	UB_IN	12 48 V DC ±4%
B46	_	
B47	_	
B48	UB_LOGIK	External logic supply, 24 V DC
B49	GND	



4 Hardware installation



Note

Make certain that all components are de-energized.



Note

- The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge.
- Improper handling can damage the device.
- Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.

4.1 Connecting the controller

For easy connection, Nanotec recommends the *Discovery Board DK-NP5-4A*. If you operate your controller using this *Discovery Board*, read chapter **Connecting the NP5 controller via the Discovery Board**.

4.1.1 Integrating the NP5



Note

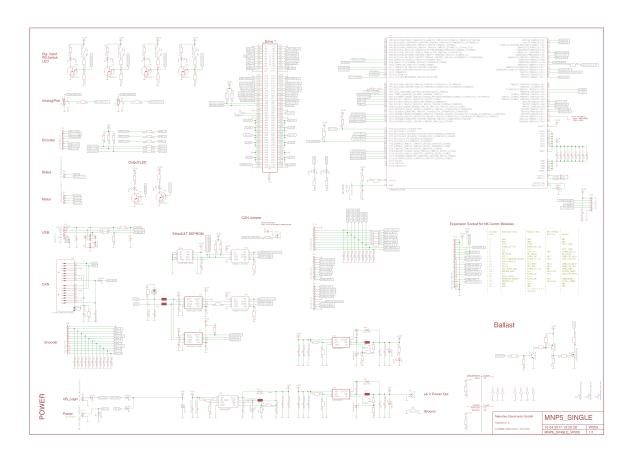
- EMC: Current-carrying cables particularly around supply and motor cables produce electromagnetic alternating fields.
- These can interfere with the motor and other devices. Nanotec recommends the following measures:
- Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- · Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- Lay supply, motor and control cables separately.

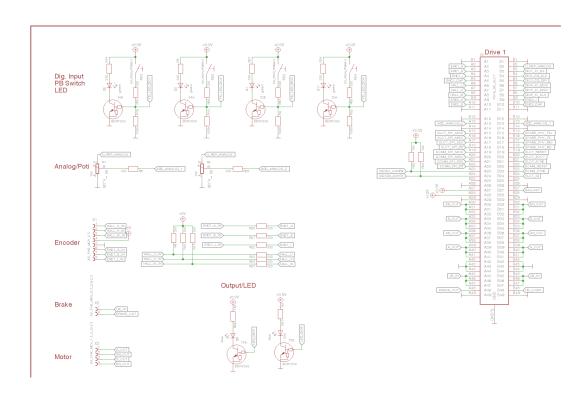
Shown in the following figures is the circuit diagram of the *NP5 Discovery Board*, which can serve as a reference for the development of your own motherboard. You can find the pin assignment of the PCI connector strip in chapter **Pin assignment**.

1. Prepare your motherboard.

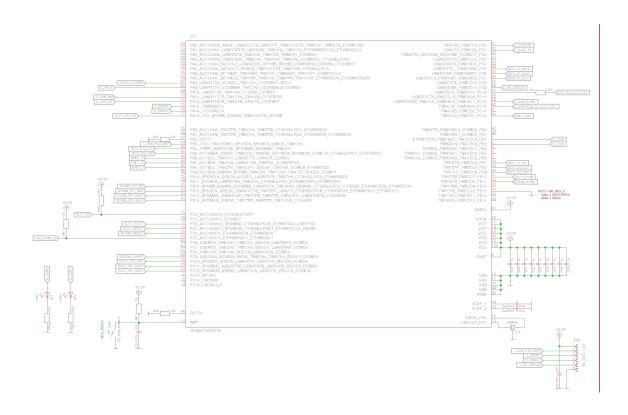
The minimum wiring varies depending on motor type and any present feedback (stepper or BLDC motor, Hall sensors/encoders). For commissioning, the connection of the voltage supply (*POWER*) of the motor and of an RS485 transceiver (see also **Connecting Modbus RTU**) is sufficient.

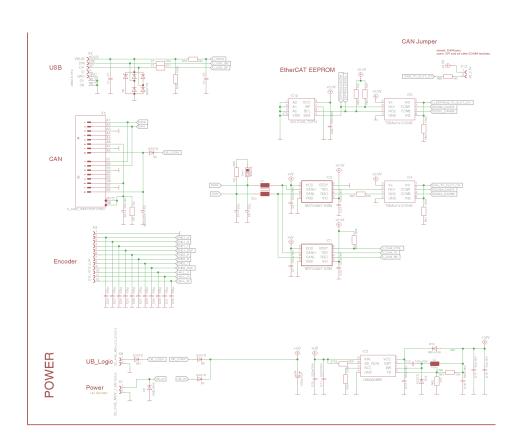




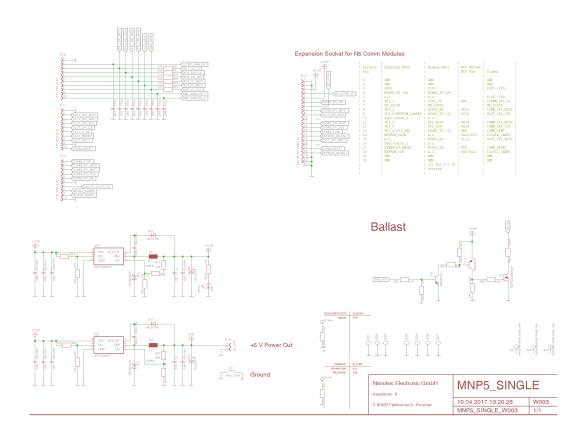












2. Plug the NP5 into the PCI plug connection.

4.1.2 Connecting Modbus RTU

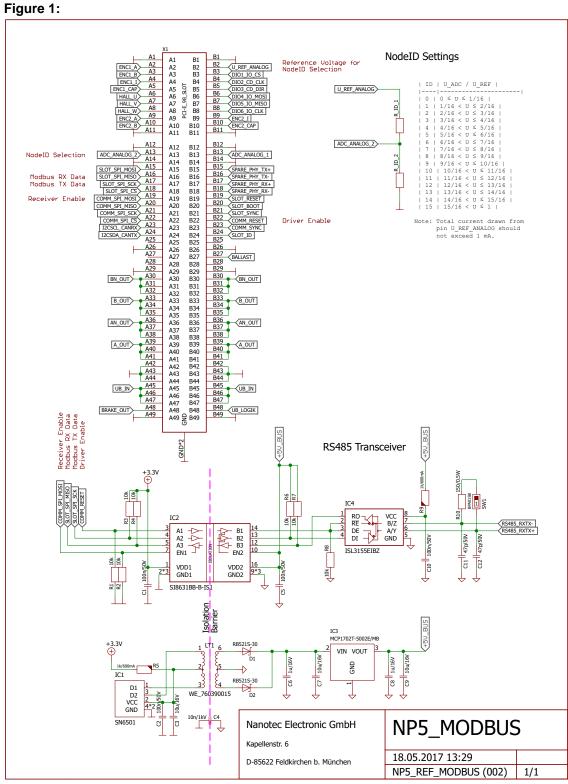
The following figure shows a reference circuit for connecting the NP5-02 Modbus RTU via RS485.





Note

For the standard assignment of the connections, see Pin assignment.



PCI-specific pin assignment for Modbus RTU:



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Pin	Name	Description
A13	ADC_ANALOG_2	The slave address is defined via the applied voltage, see Setting slave address and baud rate
A16	SLOT_SPI_MISO	Modbus RX Data
A17	SLOT_SPI_SCK	Modbus TX Data
A19	COMM_SPI_MOSI	Receiver Enable
B2	U_REF_ANALOG	Is used as a reference voltage of 3.3 V DC to define the slave address, see Setting slave address and baud rate
B22	COMM_RESET	Driver Enable



Tip

If you do not use the analog input ADC_ANALOG_2 to set the address and baud rate, connect pin A13 to GND.

4.1.3 RS-485 line polarization



Note

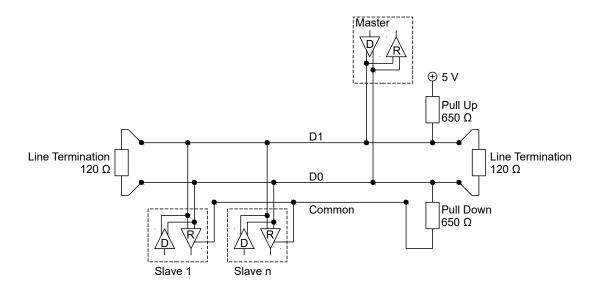
The controller is **not** equipped with line polarization and expects the master device to have one.

If the master device on the bus does not have line polarization of its own, a pair of resistors must be attached to the RS-485 balanced cables:

- A pull-up resistor to a 5V voltage on the RS-485+ (D1) cable
- A pull-down resistor to earth (GND) on the RS-485- (D0) cable

The value of these resistors must be between 450 ohm and 650 ohm. A 650 ohm resistor permits a higher number of devices on the bus.

In this case, a line polarization must be attached at a location for the entire serial bus. In general, this location should be on the master device or its connection. All other devices then no longer need to implement line polarization.





4.1.4 Connecting the NP5 controller via the Discovery Board

The NP5 Discover Board helps you during tests and during the evaluation of the NP5 controller.

The connectors necessary for the boards are supplied already installed.

Jumper X13 must be set if CANopen (NP5-08) is used; otherwise, you must remove it.

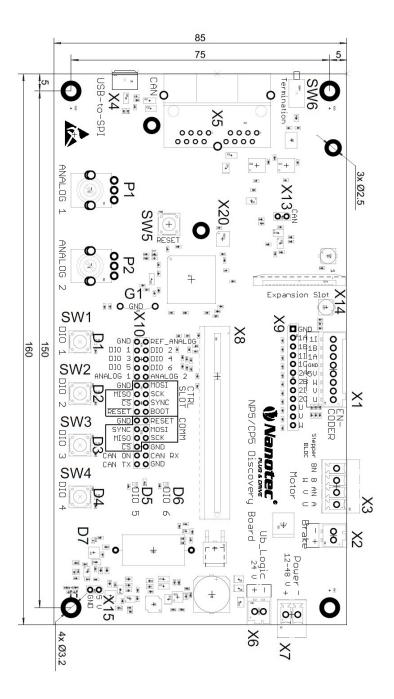
Technical data - NP5 Discovery Board

Property	Description / value
Operating voltage +UB:	12 48 V DC ±5%
Logic voltage +UB_Logic:	24 V DC ±5%
Current consumption +UB:	Max. 100 mA (without connected NP5)
Current consumption +UB_Logic:	Max. 100 mA (without connected NP5)
Communication interface:	SPI, CANopen, Modbus RTU
Analog reference voltage:	3.3 V DC ±5%, max. 10 mA
Digital input voltage:	Max. 3.3 V DC
DC output voltage:	5 V DC ±3%, max. 300 mA
Status indicator:	4x green LEDs for GPIO 1 to 4
	2x blue LEDs for GPIO 5 and GPIO 6
	1x green LED for Discovery Board (+3.3 V DC)
Ballast resistor:	15 Ω/5 W
Mounting holes:	4x Ø 3.2 mm for Discovery Board
Additional board Modbus RTU:	3x Ø 2.5 mm
Weight:	0.12 kg

Dimensioned drawings - NP5 Discovery Board

Dimensions are in [mm].





Pin assignment - NP5 Discovery Board

Connector	Function
X1	Encoder 1 and Hall sensor
X2	Brake
X3	Motor
X5	CANopen
X6	Logic voltage
X7	Voltage supply
X8	Slot for NP5 controller, see also Dimensioned drawings and Pin assignment
X9	Encoder 1/2 and Hall sensor
X10	GPIO and communication interface
X13	Jumper for activating / deactivating the CANopen communication
X14	Ribbon cable socket for Modbus RTU additional board



Connector	Function
X15	+5 V DC output
P1	Potentiometer for analog input 1
P2	Potentiometer for analog input 2 (for setting the slave address and baud rate for Modbus RTU, see also P2 - Analog input 2)
SW1 to SW4	Buttons for GPIO 1 to GPIO 4
SW5	Reset button for the Discovery Board
SW6	Switch for 120 ohm termination resistor (CANopen)
D1 to D6	Status indicator for GPIO 1 to GPIO 6
D7	Status indicator for the Discovery Board (+3.3 V DC)
G1	Earth connection

Connector X1 – encoder 1 and Hall sensor

Connector X1 has the following features:

- Connector type: Phoenix base strip, MCV-0,5/8-G-2,5
- Voltage level: +5 V logic level
- Maximum admissible current: Max. 300 mA (together with +5 V DC output voltage on pin header X15)
- Hall inputs: Internally by means of 2.7 k Ω pull-up resistor connected to +5 V DC

Pin	Name / function
1	Hall_U (H1)
2	Hall_V (H2)
3	Hall_W (H3)
4	+5 V DC
5	GND
6	ENC1_A
7	ENC1_B
8	ENC1_I

Connector X2 - brake

Connector X2 has the following features:

• Connector type: Phoenix base strip, MCV-0,5/2-G-2,5

Pin	Name / function
1	Brake + (connected with +UB)
2	Brake – (PWM-controlled open-drain output, max 1.5 A)

Connector X3 - motor

Connector X3 has the following features:

- Connector type: Phoenix base strip, MCV-1,5/4-G-3,5
- Max. rated current 6 A RMS
- Max. peak current 10 A RMS (for 1 s)



Pin	Stepper motor	BLDC motor	
1	A	U	
2	A\	V	
3	В	W	
4	В\		

Connector X5 – CANopen

Connector X5 has the following features:

• Connector type: RJ45 Duo Port, horizontal

Pin	Name / function
1	CAN+
2	CAN-
3	GND
4	N.C
5	N.C
6	CAN_Shield
7	GND
8	+UB_Logic (24 V DC ±5%)

Connector X6 – logic voltage

Connector X6 has the following features:

• Connector type: Phoenix base strip, MCV-0,5/2-G-2,5

Pin	Name / function	
1	+UB_Logic (24 V DC ±5%)	
2	GND	

Connector X7 – operating voltage

Connector X7 has the following features:

• Connector type: Phoenix base strip, MCV-1,5/2-G-3,5

Pin	Name / function
1	+UB (12 48 V DC ±5%)
2	GND

Connector X9 - encoder and Hall sensors

Connector X9 has the following features:

- Connector type: Pin header, single row, RM 2.54 mm, 12-pin, vertical
- Voltage level: +5 V DC logic level

Pin	Name / function
1	GND



Pin	Name / function
2	ENC1_A
3	ENC1_B
4	ENC1_I
5	ENC1_CAP
6	ENC2_A
7	ENC2_B
8	ENC2_I
9	ENC2_CAP
10	Hall_U (H1)
11	Hall_V (H2)
12	Hall_W (H3)

Connector X10 - I/O and communication interface

Connector X10 has the following features:

• Connector type: Pin header, two rows, RM 2.54 mm, 2x 15-pin, vertical

Analog reference voltage
General I/O
AD converter 1
AD converter 2
SPI 1
SPI 1
SPI 1
SPI 1
System function, reserved
System function, reserved
System function, reserved
System function, reserved
System function, reserved
SPI 2
SPI 2
SPI 2
SPI 2



Pin	Name	Туре	Note
27	CANopen ON	-	CANopen ON
28	I2CSCL_CANRX	-	I ² C Clock or CANopen RX
29	I2CSDA_CANTX	-	I ² C Data or CANopen TX
30	GND	Earth	

Connector X13 – jumper for activating / deactivating the CANopen communication

Connector X13 has the following features:

- Connector type: Pin header, RM 2.54 mm, 2-pin, vertical
- Bridged with jumper: CANopen activated
- Not bridged with jumper: CANopen deactivated, Modbus RTU activated

Pin	Name / function
1	+3.3V
2	CANopen ON

Connector X15 – +5 V DC output

Connector X15 has the following features:

- Connector type: Pin header, RM 2.54 mm, 2-pin, vertical
- Maximum admissible current: Max. 300 mA (together with +5 V DC output voltage on pin header X1)

Pin	Name / function
1	+5 V DC
2	GND

P2 - Analog input 2

The slave address and the baud rate are defined via analog input 2. You can find further details in chapter **Setting slave address and baud rate** .

To use the factory settings, set the potentiometer to 0 (turn counterclockwise as far as it will go). The factory settings are:

Configuration	Object	Factory settings
Slave address	2028 _h	5
Baud rate	202A _h	19200
Parity	202D _h	0x04 (Even)

The number of data bits is always "8" here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

Extension for Modbus RTU (additional board)

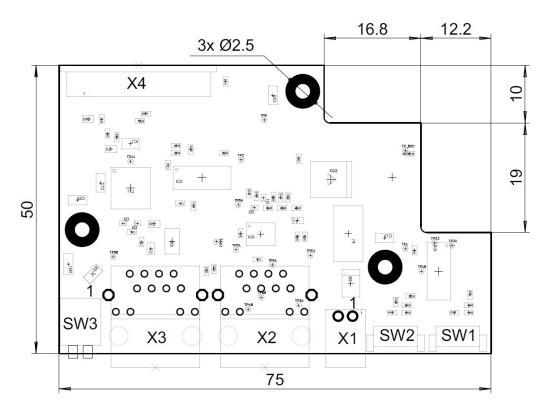
Discovery Board DK-NP5-4A is equipped with an additional board for communication via Modbus RTU (RS485).





Dimensioned drawings - Modbus RTU additional board

Dimensions are in [mm].



Hardware overview - Modbus RTU additional board

Name	Function	Note
X2	Modbus RTU IN	
X3	Modbus RTU OUT	
X4	Connection to Discovery Board NP5	
SW1	Reserved	
SW2	Reserved	
SW3	Switch for 150 Ω termination resistor	



Name	Function	Note
	Pin 1	150 Ω termination resistor (switch set to ON)
	Pin 2	Reserved

PIN	Function	Note
1	n.c.	
2	n.c.	
3	n.c.	
4	D1 (RS-485 +)	
5	D0 (RS-485 -)	
6	n.c.	
7	n.c.	PIN 7 on X2 is internally connected to
		PIN 7 on X3
8	Common	Common signal and supply

Commissioning the Modbus RTU via the Discovery Board

To establish a connection with the NP5-02, proceed as follows:

- **1.** Plug in the *NP5-02* at X8.
- 2. Unplug jumper X13.
- 3. Set potentiometer P2 to 0 (counterclockwise as far as it will go)
- **4.** Switch on the termination resistor (switch SW3 of the Modbus board to ON).
- **5.** Connect your RS485 cable to X2 of the Modbus board.
- 6. Connect your supply voltage to X7.



5 Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation.

The *Plug & Drive Studio* software offers a convenient option for performing the configuration and adapting the controller to the connected motor. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio*: *Quick Start Guide* at **us.nanotec.com**.

5.1 Communication settings

5.1.1 Modbus RTU

Described in the following chapters is how you can change the communication settings.

The controller is set at the factory to slave address 5, baud rate 19200 Kbaud, even parity, 1 stop bit.

Setting slave address and baud rate

Slave address, baud rate and parity are dependent on the position of a *virtual rotary switch* and, if applicable, on objects **2028h MODBUS Slave Address**, **202Ah MODBUS RTU Baudrate** and **202Dh MODBUS RTU Parity**. The position of the *virtual rotary switch* is dependent on the analog value at input ADC_ANALOG_2 (see **Pin assignment**).

Described in the following table is how the position of the *virtual rotary switch* is composed of the analog value applied at ADC_ANALOG_2 and the voltage divider:

Position of the virtual rotary switch	Upper limit digit	Formula for the voltage divider calculation
0	64	32 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
1	128	96 1023 × U_REF_ANALOG
2	192	160 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
3	256	224 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
4	320	288 1023 × U_REF_ANALOG
5	384	352 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG



Position of the virtual rotary switch	Upper limit digit	Formula for the voltage divider calculation
6	448	416 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
7	512	480 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
8	576	x U_REF_ANALOG
9	640	608 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
10	704	— 672 — x U_REF_ANALOG
11	768	736 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
12	832	x U_REF_ANALOG
13	896	864 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG
14	960	928 x U_REF_ANALOG
15	1023	992 1023 x U_REF_ANALOG





Note

Observe the following for your voltage divider calculation:

- If you do not want to use the analog input for setting the address, connect the ADC_ANALOG_2
 pin to earth.
- The table shows suggestions for the ratio of the voltage divider; the concrete values of all resistors are to be calculated.
- U_REF_ANALOG is the reference voltage for the analog input, 3.3 V, see Pin assignment.
- The current consumption of the voltage divider must not exceed 1 mA.

Described in the following is how you define the slave address, baud rate and parity via the *virtual rotary switch*.

Position of the virtual rotary switch	Slave address	Baud rate and parity
0	Object 2028 _{hh}	Object 202A _h or 202D _h
1 14	Number of the rotary switch	Object 202A _h or 202D _h
15	5	19200, even Parity

Proceed as follows to define the position of the virtual rotary switch.

- Calculate the resistances for your voltage divider. You can find an example in the circuit diagram in chapter Connecting Modbus RTU. The reference voltage U_REF_ANALOG (pin B2, see Pin assignment) is 3.3 V DC.
- 2. Wire input ADC_ANALOG_2 to the voltage divider.

Communication settings

The following settings can be performed:

Configuration	Object	Value range	Factory settings
Slave address	2028 _h	1 to 247	5
Baud rate	202A _h	7200 to 256000	19200
Parity	202D _h	None: 0x00Even: 0x04Odd: 0x06	0x04 (Even)

The number of data bits is always "8" here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

The following baud rates are supported:

- 7200
- 9600
- 14400
- 19200
- 38400
- 56000
- 57600



- 115200
- 128000
- 256000

The slave address and baud rate can also be defined via the analog input, see **Setting slave address** and baud rate

5.2 Establishing communication

5.2.1 Modbus RTU

- 1. Connect the Modbus master to the controller via the RS-485+ and RS-485- cables.
- 2. Supply the controller with voltage.
- 3. Change the configuration values if necessary.
- The controller is set to slave address 5 ex works, baud rate 19200 Kbaud, even parity, 1 stop bit.
- **4.** To test the interface, send bytes 05 65 55 00 2F A7 to the controller (you can find a detailed description of the Modbus function codes in chapter **Modbus RTU**). The object dictionary is read out.

5.3 Setting the motor data

Prior to commissioning, the motor controller requires a number of values from the motor data sheet.

- Number of pole pairs: Object 2030_h:00_h (pole pair count) The number of motor pole pairs is to be entered here. With a stepper motor, the number of pole pairs is calculated using the step angle, e.g., 1.8° = 50 pole pairs, 0.9° = 100 pole pairs (see step angle in motor data sheet). With BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs is specified directly in the motor data sheet.
- Setting the motor current / motor type:
 - Stepper motor only: Object **2031**_h:00_h: Rated current (bipolar) in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 2031_h:00_h: Rated current (bipolar) in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type stepper motor, activates current reduction on motor standstill: 0000008h.See also chapter Commissioning open loop.
 - · BLDC motor only:
 - Object **2031**_h:00_h Peak current in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object **203B**_h:01_h Rated current in mA (see motor data sheet)
 - Object 203B_h:02_h Maximum duration of the peak current in ms (for initial commissioning, Nanotec recommends a value of 100 ms; this value is to be adapted later to the specific application).
 - Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type BLDC: 00000041h
- Motor with encoder: Object 2059_h:00_h (Encoder Configuration): Depending on the encoder version, one of the following values is to be entered (see motor data sheet):
 - Supply voltage 5V, differential: 00000000h
 - Supply voltage 5V, single-ended: 00000002h
- Motor with brake: Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): The brake control is activated
 for the initial commissioning. Depending on the specific application, this configuration can be
 deactivated later if necessary. One of the following values is to be entered depending on the motor
 type:
 - Stepper motor, brake control (and current reduction) activated: 0000000Ch
 - BLDC motor, brake control activated: 00000044h



5.4 Connecting the motor

After setting the motor parameters, see **Setting the motor data**, connect the motor and, if applicable, the present sensors (encoders / Hall sensors) and the brake.

- Connect the motor:
 - to the corresponding pins of the PCI connector strip, see Pin assignment
 - to connector X3 of the Discovery Board, if it is used; see Connector X3 motor
- · Connect encoders / Hall sensors:
 - to the corresponding pins of the PCI connector strip, see Pin assignment
 - to connector X1 of the Discovery Board, if it is used; see Connector X1 encoder 1 and Hall sensor
- Connect the brake:
 - negative to pin A48 of the PCI connector strip, see Pin assignment
 - positive to UB_IN of the PCI connector strip or directly to the voltage supply, see Pin assignment
 - to connector X2 of the Discovery Board, if it is used; see Connector X2 brake

How the automatic brake control can be activated is described in chapter Automatic brake control.

5.5 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an auto setup is performed. **Closed Loop** operation requires a successfully completed auto setup.



Note

- Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:
- The motor must be load-free.
- The motor must not be touched.
- The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- No NanoJ programs may be running (object 2300_h:00_h bit 0 = "0", see 2300h NanoJ Control).



Tip

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.



Tip

As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.



5.5.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

Parameter	All motors independent of the configuration
Motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor)	X
Winding resistance	X
Winding inductance	X
Interlinking flux	X

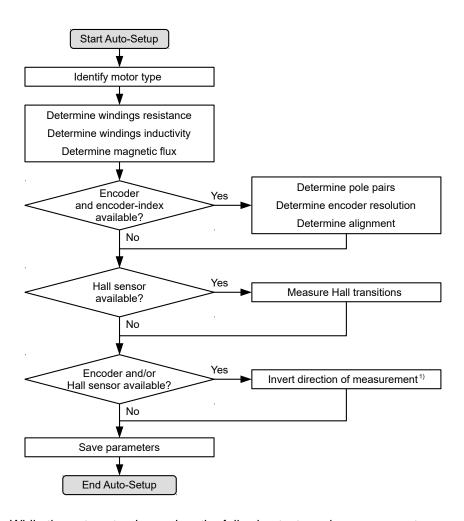
Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Encoder resolution	=	X	
Alignment (shifting of the electrical zero to the index.)	-	X	

Parameter	Motor without Hall sensor	Motor with Hall sensor
Hall transitions	-	X

5.5.2 Execution

- 1. To preselect the *auto setup* operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FE_h") in object 6060_h:00_h. The *power state machine* must now switch to the *Operation enabled* state, see **CiA 402 Power State Machine**.
- 2. Start *auto setup* by setting bit 4 *OMS* in object 6040_h:00_h (controlword).



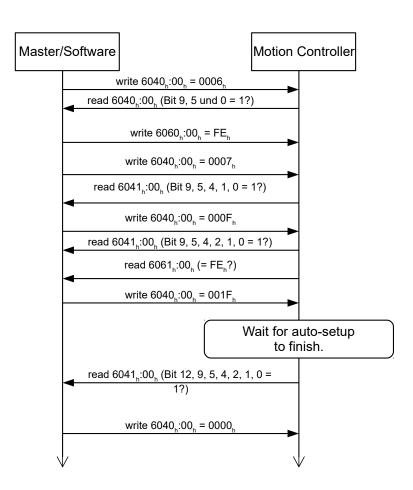


While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:

1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 OMS in object $6041_h:00_h$ (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 TARG in object $6041_h:00_h$ can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.





5.5.3 Parameter memory

After a successful *auto setup*, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see **Saving objects** and **1010h Store Parameters**. Categories *Drive* 1010_h:05_h and *Tuning* 1010_h:06_h are used.



CAUTION

Uncontrolled motor movements!

After the auto setup, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ Restart the device after an auto setup. Homing alone does not suffice.

5.6 Test run

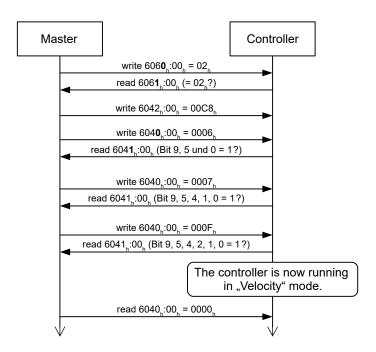
After configuring and the auto setup, a test run can be performed. As an example, the **Velocity** operating mode is used.

The values are transferred from your *Modbus master* to the controller. After every transfer, the *master* should use the status objects of the controller to ensure successful parameterization.

- 1. Select the *Velocity* mode by setting object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) to the value "2".
- 2. Write the desired speed in 6042_h.
- 3. Switch the *power state machine* to the *Operation enabled* state, see **CiA 402 Power State**Machine.

The following sequence starts Velocity mode; the motor turns at 200 rpm.





4. To stop the motor, set controlword (6040_h) to "0".



6 General concepts

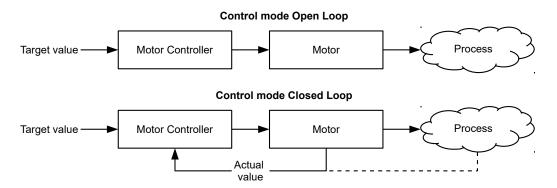
6.1 Control modes

6.1.1 General

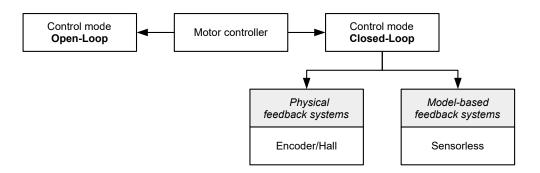
The control mode of systems without feedback is called *open loop*, the mode with feedback is called *closed loop*. In the *closed loop* control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.

For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.



In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as sensorless systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality.



Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controller-specific and is described in chapters *Pin assignment* and **Operating modes**.

Control mode	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Open Loop	yes	no
Closed Loop	yes	yes

Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Hall	no	yes
Encoder	yes	yes



Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Sensorless	yes	yes

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

Operating mode	Control mode		
	Open Loop	Closed Loop	
Profile Position	yes	yes	
Velocity	yes	yes	
Profile Velocity	yes	yes	
Profile Torque	no ¹⁾	yes	
Homing	yes ²⁾	yes	
Interpolated Position Mode	yes ³⁾	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Position	yes ³⁾	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	yes ³⁾	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Torque	no ¹⁾	yes	
Clock-direction	yes	yes	

- 1) The **Profile Torque** and **Cyclic Synchronous Torque** torque operating modes are not possible in the *open loop* control mode due to a lack of feedback.
- 2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.
- 3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes **Cyclic Synchronous Position** and **Cyclic Synchronous Velocity** follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with *open loop* control mode.

6.1.2 Open Loop

Introduction

Open loop mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to *closed loop*, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. *Open loop* mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike *closed loop*, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in *open loop* mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of rotor's inertia. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

Commissioning

To use open loop mode, the following settings are necessary:



- In object 2030_h (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of 1.8° corresponds to 50 pole pairs and 0.9° corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object 2031_h (Max Current), enter the maximum current in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".
- If the clock-direction mode is to be used, then observe chapter Clock-direction mode.

If necessary, current reduction on motor standstill should be activated to reduce the power loss and heat build-up. To activate current reduction, the following settings are necessary:

- In object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 3 (CurRed) to "1".
- In object 2036_h (Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time), the time in milliseconds is specified that
 the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.
- In object 2037_h (Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor), the root mean square is specified to
 which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop and the motor
 is at a standstill.

Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in *open loop* mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see object 2031_h (Max Current). Excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects 3210_h:09_h (I_P) and 3210_h:0A_h
 (I_I).
- Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:

Profile Position operating mode

Objects **6083**_h (Profile Acceleration), **6084**_h (Profile Deceleration) and **6081**_h (Profile Velocity).

Velocity operating mode

Objects 6048_h (Velocity Acceleration), 6049_h (Velocity Deceleration) and 6042_h (Target Velocity).

Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects 6083_h (Profile Acceleration), 6084_h (Profile Deceleration) and 6081_h (Profile Velocity).

Homing operating mode

Objects **609A**_h (Homing Acceleration), **6099**_h:01_h (Speed During Search For Switch) and **6099**_h:02_h (Speed During Search For Zero).

Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

Cycle Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

Cycle Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.



Clock-Direction operating mode

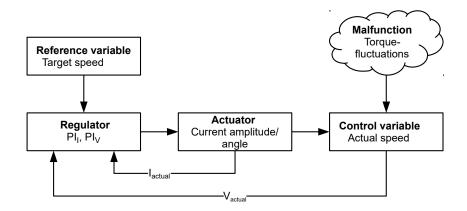
Change of the step resolution via objects **2057**_h (Clock Direction Multiplier) and **2058**_h (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

6.1.3 Closed Loop

Introduction

The *closed loop* theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.

Closed loop using a speed control as an example:



PI_I = Proportional-integral current control loop PI_V = Proportional-integral velocity control loop

I_{actual}= Actual current V_{actual} Actual speed

The *closed loop* method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of *closed loop* technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using the encoder signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for *closed loop* mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which – above a certain minimum speed – supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support *closed loop* mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With *closed loop* mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.



Commissioning

An auto setup must be performed before using *closed loop* mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter **Auto setup**.

To use *closed loop* mode, certain settings are necessary depending on the motor type and feedback; see chapter **Setting the motor data**.

Bit 0 in 3202h must be set .

6.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

6.2.1 State machine

CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a *state machine*. This is defined in *CANopen standard 402*. State changes are requested in object 6040_h (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object 6041_h (statusword).

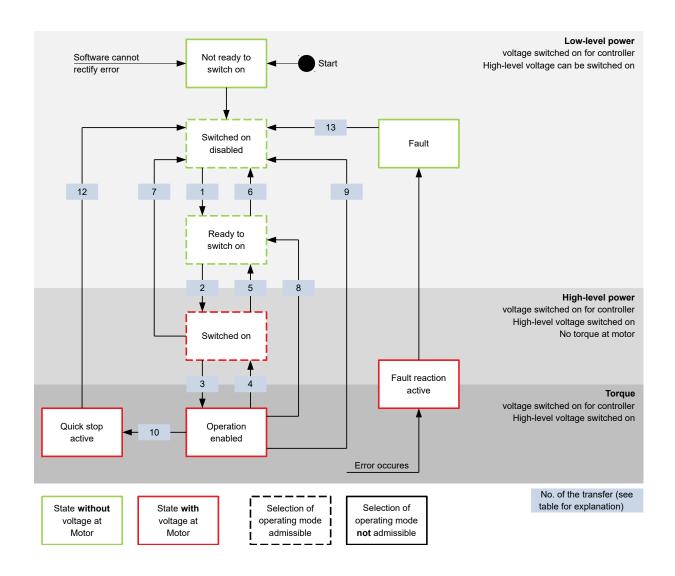
Controlword

State changes are requested via object **6040**_h (controlword).

State transitions

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.





Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An X here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. The only exception is the resetting of the error (fault reset): the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

Command	Bit in ol	Bit in object 6040 _h			Transition	
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	Х	1	1	0	1, 5, 8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	2
Disable voltage	0	Χ	Χ	0	Χ	6, 7, 9, 12
Quick stop	0	Χ	0	1	Χ	10
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	4
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3
Fault reset	_	X	X	X	Χ	13



Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 _h)	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the *Switch on disabled* state.



Note

If an unrecoverable error occurs, the controller changes to the *Not ready to switch on* state and remains there.

Operating mode

The operating mode is set in object 6060_h . The actually active operating mode is displayed in 6061_h . The operating mode can be set or changed at any time.

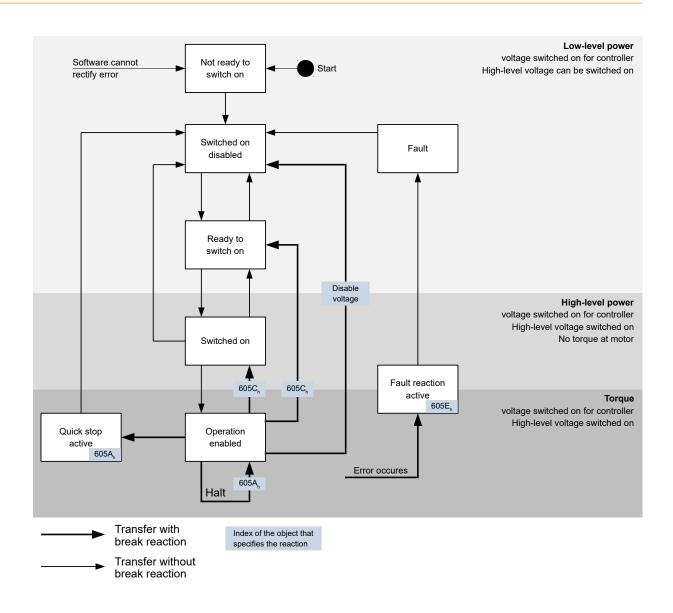
6.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the Operation enabled state.

The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.





Quick stop active

Transition to the Quick stop active state (quick stop option):

In this case, the action stored in object $605A_h$ is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605A _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
3 32767	Reserved



Ready to switch on

Transition to the Ready to switch on state (shutdown option):

In this case, the action stored in object 605B_h is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605B _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2 32767	Reserved

Switched on

Transition to the *Switched on* state (disable operation option):

In this case, the action stored in object 605C_h is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605C _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2 32767	Reserved

Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- · Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object 6040_h (controlword), the reaction stored in $605D_h$ is executed (see following table):

Value in object 605D _h	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

Fault

Case of an error (fault):

If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object 605E_h.



Value in object 605E _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

Following/slippage error

If a following or slippage error occurs, the motor is braked according to the value stored in object **3700**_h.

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick</i> stop ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

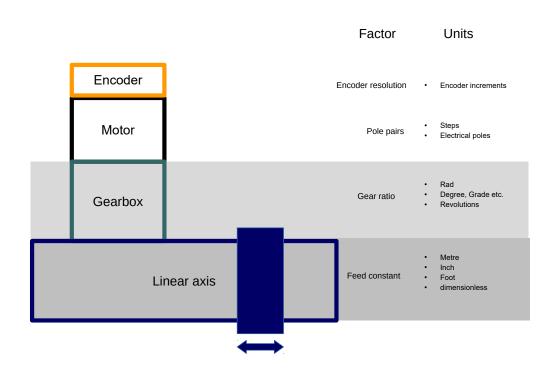
You can deactivate error monitoring by setting object 6065_h to the value "-1" (FFFFFFFh) or object $60F8_h$ to the value "7FFFFFFh".

6.3 User-defined units

The controller offers you the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [°], millimeter [mm], etc.

Depending on the mechanical circumstances, you can also define a **Gear ratio** and/or a **Feed constant**.







Note

Value changes of all objects that are described in this chapter are not immediately applied in the *Operation enabled* state of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine**. For this to happen, the *Operation enabled* state must be exited.

6.3.1 Units

Units of the international unit system (*SI*) as well as a number of specific units are supported. It is also possible to specify a power of ten as a factor.

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the position and their values for $60A8_h$ (Position unit) or $60A9_h$ (Speed unit). Depending on the unit that is used, Feed constant (6092_h) and/or Gear ratio (6091_h) are/is taken into account.

Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 _h	6092 _h	Description
meter	m	01 _h	yes	yes	Meter
			•	•	
inch	in	C1 _h	yes	yes	<i>Inch</i> (=0.0254 m)
foot	ft	C2 _h	yes	yes	Foot (=0.3048 m)
grade	g	40 _h	yes	no	Gradian (unit of angle, 400 corresponds to 360°)
radian	rad	10 _h	yes	no	Radian
degree	o	41 _h	yes	no	Degrees
arcminute	•	42 _h	yes	no	Arcminute (60'=1°)
arcsecond	l "	43 _h	yes	no	Arcsecond (60"=1")
mechanica revolution		B4 _h	yes	no	Revolution



Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 _h	6092 _h	Description
encoder increment		B5 _h	no	no	Encoder increments
step		AC _h	no	no	Steps. With 2-phase stepper motors, the number of pole pairs (2030 _h) multiplied by 4 is equivalent to one revolution. With 3-phase BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs (2030 _h) multiplied by 6 is equivalent to one revolution.
electrical pole		C0 _h	no	no	Electric poles. With a stepper motor that has, e.g., 50 pole pairs (2030 _h), the unit corresponds to 1/50 of a revolution.
dimensionle	SS	00 _h	yes	yes	Dimensionless length unit

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the time and their values for 60A9_h (Speed unit):

Name	Unit symbol	Value	Description
second	S	03 _h	Second
minute	min	47 _h	Minute
hour	h	48 _h	Hour
day	d	49 _h	Day
year	а	4A _h	Year (=365.25 days)

Listed in the following table are the possible exponents and their values for $60A8_h$ (Position unit) and $60A9_h$ (Speed unit):

Factor	Exponent	Value
10 ⁶ 10 ⁵	6	06 _h
10 ⁵	5	05 _h
		•••
10 ¹	1	01 _h
10 ¹ 10 ⁰ 10 ⁻¹	0	00 _h
10 ⁻¹	-1	FF _h
10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁶	-5	FB_h
10 ⁻⁶	-6	FA _h

6.3.2 Encoder resolution

The physical resolution of the used encoder/sensor is calculated from the encoder increments ($608F_h$:1_h (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions ($608F_h$:2_h (Motor Revolutions)):

Position encoder resolution = Encoder Increments (608F_h:01)

Motor Revolutions (608F_h:02)



6.3.3 Gear ratio

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions (**6091**_h:1 (Motor Revolutions)) per axis rotation (**6091**_h:2 (Shaft Revolutions)) as follows:

Gear ratio =
$$\frac{\text{Motor revolution } (6091_{\text{h}}:1)}{\text{Shaft revolution } (6091_{\text{h}}:2)}$$

6.3.4 Feed constant

The feed constant is calculated from the feed (6092_h :1 (Feed) per revolution of the output shaft (6092_h :2 (Shaft Revolutions) as follows:

The feed constant is useful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis and is used if the unit is based on length dimensions or if it is dimensionless.

6.3.5 Calculation formulas for user units

Position unit

Object 60A8_h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor							Unit							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)									reser	ved (0	Oh)			

Example

If $60A8_h$ is written with the value "FF410000_h" (bits 16-23=41_h and bits 24-31=FF_h), the unit is set to *tenths of degree* (factory setting).

With a relative target position (**607A**_h) of 3600, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if **Gear ratio** is 1:1. The **Feed constant** plays no role in this case.

Example

If $60A8_h$ is written with the value "FD010000_h" (bits 16-23=01_h and bits 24-31=FD_h(=-3)), the unit is set to *millimeter*.

With a relative target position (607A_h) of 1, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if **Feed constant** and **Gear ratio** are 1:1.

If the **Feed constant** is set according to the lead screw pitch of a linear axis, the motor turns far enough that a feed of 1 mm is achieved.



Speed unit

Object **60A9**_h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter **Units**)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter **Units**)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter **Units**)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor									N	omina	tor (Po	sition)		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)									r	eserve	d (00h)		

Example

If **60A9**_h is written with the value "00B44700_h" (bits 8-15=00_h, bits 16-23=B4_h and bits 24-31=47_h), the unit is set to *revolutions per minute* (factory setting).

Example

If $60A9_h$ is written with the value "FD010300_h" (bits 8-15=FD_h(=-3), bits 16-23=01_h and bits 24-31=03_h), the unit is set to *millimeters per second*.



Note

The speed unit in **Velocity** mode is preset to *revolutions per minute*. You can only set the unit via the **604Ch VI Dimension Factor**.

Conversion factor for the speed unit

You can set an additional factor for the speed unit. Thus, a unit of, e.g., 1/3 revolutions/minute is possible. The factor n is calculated from the factor for numerator (6096_h :01_h) divided by the factor for denominator (6096_h :02_h).

$$n_{\text{velocity}} = \frac{6096_{\text{h}}:01}{6096_{\text{h}}:02}$$

Acceleration unit

The acceleration unit is **speed unit** per second.

Conversion factor for the acceleration unit

The factor n for the acceleration unit is calculated from the numerator (6097_h :01_h) divided by the denominator (6097_h :02_h).

$$n_{\text{acceleration}} = \frac{6097_{\text{h}}:01}{6097_{\text{h}}:02}$$



Jerk unit

The jerk unit is Acceleration unit per second.

Conversion factor for jerk

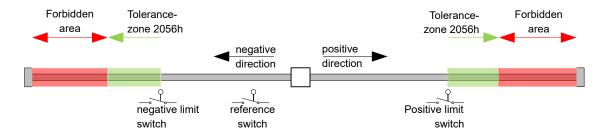
The factor n for the jerk is calculated from the numerator ($60A2_h$:01_h) divided by the denominator ($60A2_h$:02_h).

$$n_{jerk} = \frac{60A2_{h}:01}{60A2_{h}:02}$$

6.4 Limitation of the range of motion

The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter **Digital inputs**, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

6.4.1 Tolerance bands of the limit switches



The previous figure shows the breakdown of the tolerance bands next to the limit switches:

- The tolerance zone begins immediately after the limit switch. Free movement is possible in this zone. The length of the zone can be set in object **2056**_h.
- If the motor moves into the forbidden range, the controller triggers an immediate stop and it switches to the *fault* state, see also **State transitions**.

6.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches ($607D_h$ (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ($607A_h$) are limited by $607D_h$; the absolute target position may not be larger than the limits in $607D_h$. If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

6.5 Cycle times

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms. This means that data are processed every 1 ms; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

Task	Cycle time
Application	1 ms
NanoJ application	1 ms
Current controller	31.25 μs (32 kHz)



Task	Cycle time
Speed controller	250 μs (4 kHz)
Position controller	1 ms



7 Operating modes

7.1 Profile Position

7.1.1 Overview

Description

Profile Position Mode is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**_h (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1". An exception occurs if changing from another operating mode to *Profile Position*: If bit 4 is already set, it does not need to be set to "0" and then back to "1" in order to start the travel command.
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to "0", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position (**607A**_h) is absolute and with "1" the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object **60F2**_h.
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object **605D**_h.
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

Controlword 6040 _h				
Bit 9	Bit 5	Definition		
Х	1	The new target position is moved to immediately.		
0	0	Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new limits.		
1	0	The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target position is moved to with the new values.		

For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".





Note

Bit 9 in the controlword is ignored if the ramp speed is not met at the target point. In this case, the controller would need to reset and take a run-up to reach the preset.

Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window (6067_h) for a preset time (6068_h).
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D_h.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.

There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel command is ignored.

The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:

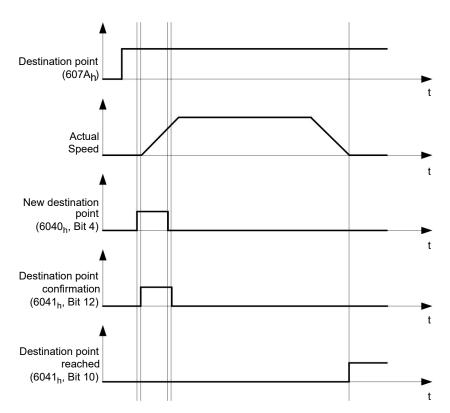
- The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (**6065**_h (Following Error Window) and **6066**_h (Following Error Time Out)).

7.1.2 Setting travel commands

Travel command

In object $607A_h$ (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see **User-defined units**). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object 6040_h (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object 6041_h (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".





The controller can also reset bit 4 in object 6040_h (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object $60F2_h$.

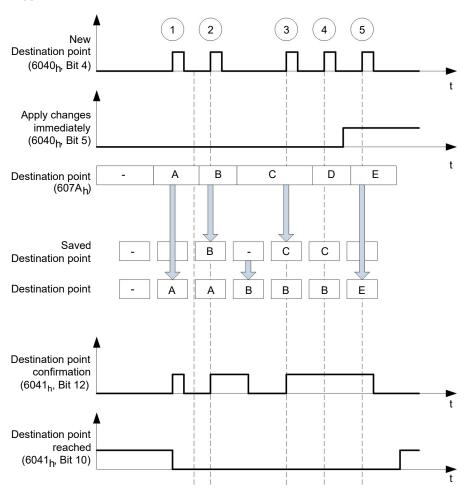
Other travel commands

Bit 12 in object **6041**_h (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters – such as speed, acceleration, braking deceleration, etc. – can thereby be reset (time 2). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).

If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object **6040**_h (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).



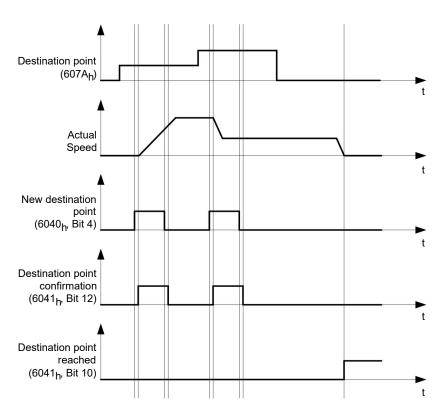
Times



Transition procedure for second target position

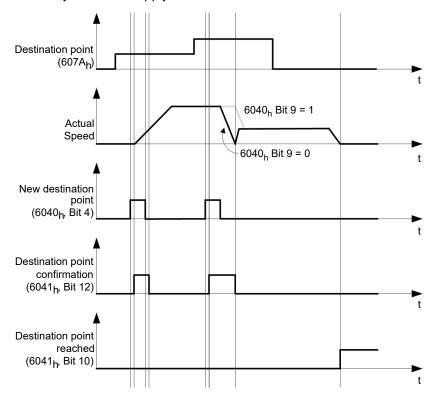
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object 6040_h (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.





Possibilities for moving to a target position

If bit 9 in object 6040_h (controlword) is equal to "0", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed (6082_h) of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to "1", the profile speed (6081_h) is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.



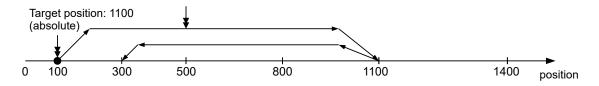
Possible combinations of travel commands

To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

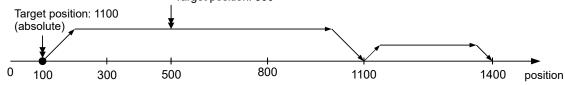


The following applies for the figures below:

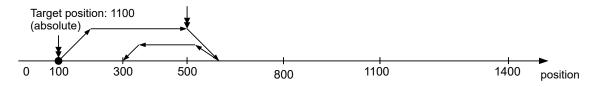
- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.
 - Change on setpoint $(6040_b:00 \text{ Bit } 5=0)$
 - Move absolute (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 0)
 - Target position: 300



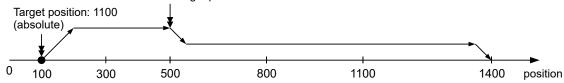
- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change on setpoint (6040,:00 Bit 5 = 0)
- Move relative (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 1)
- Target position: 300



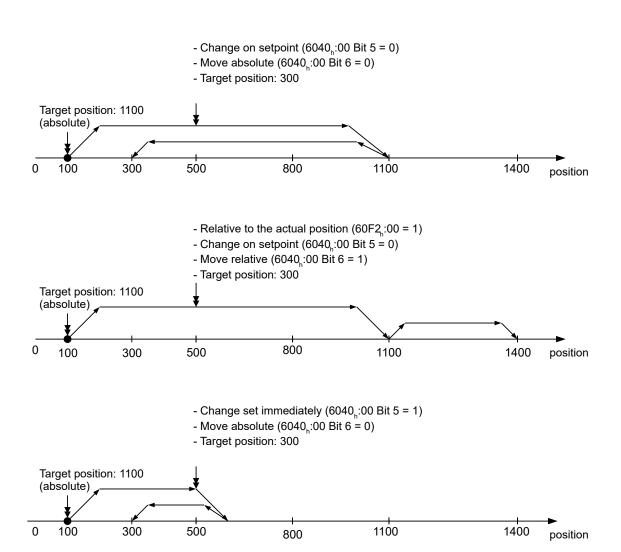
- Change set immediately (6040_h:00 Bit 5 = 1)
- Move absolute $(6040_{h}:00 \text{ Bit } 6 = 0)$
- Target position: 300



- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change set immediately (6040_b:00 Bit 5 = 1)
- Move relative (6040,:00 Bit 6 = 1)
- Target position: 300

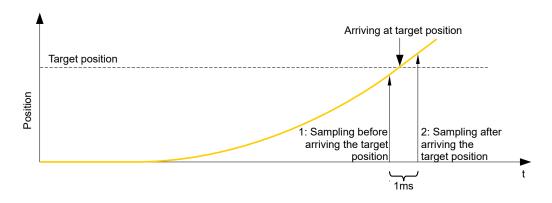






7.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.



The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.



7.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

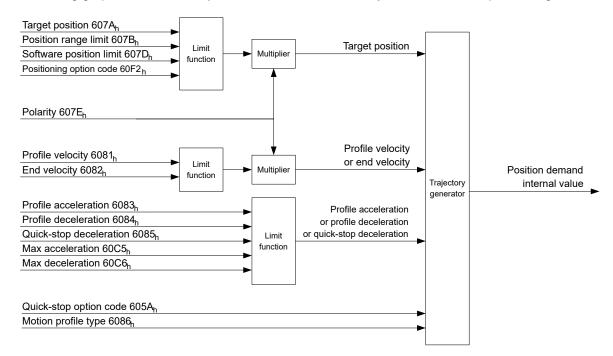
Object entries

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- 607A_h: (Target Position): Planned target position
- 607D_h: (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter Software limit switches)
- 607C_h (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units. (See "Homing")
- 607B_h (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- 607_h (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- 6081_h (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6082_h (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- 6083_h (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- 6084_h (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- 6085_h (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- 6086_h (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is "0", the jerk is not limited; if
 the value is "3", the values of 60A4_h:1_h-4_h are set as limits for the jerk.
- **60C5**_h (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60C6_h (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when
 moving to the end position
- 60A4_h (Profile Jerk), subindex 01_h to 04_h: Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- 60F2_h: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior

Objects for the positioning move

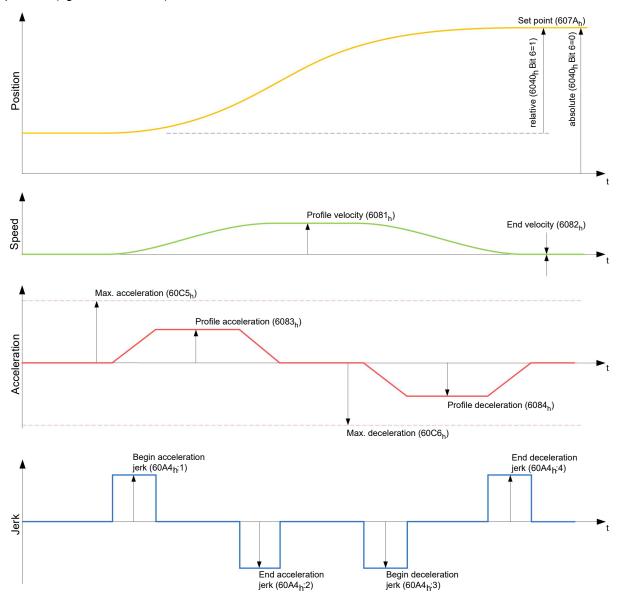
The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.





Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).



7.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object 6086_h to "3". The entries for the jerks in subindices :1_h-4_h of object 60A4 thereby become valid.

Non-jerk-limited mode

A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object 6086_h is set to "0" (default setting).



7.2 Velocity

7.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the *Profile Velocity Mode*, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

7.2.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

7.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.

7.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

• Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.

7.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

• **604C**_h (Dimension Factor):

The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects.

Subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

• 6042_h: Target Velocity.

The target speed is set here in user-defined units.

• **6048**_h: Velocity Acceleration

This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

VL velocity acceleration =
$$\frac{\text{Delta speed } (6048_{\text{h}}:1)}{\text{Delta time } (6048_{\text{h}}:2)}$$

• **6049**_h (Velocity Deceleration):

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object 6048_h ; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.

• **6046**_h (Velocity Min Max Amount):

The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object.

The minimum speed is set in 6046_h :1_h. If the target speed (6042_h) falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed 6046_h :1_h.

The maximum speed is set in 6046_h :2_h. If the target speed (6042_h) exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed 6046_h :2_h.

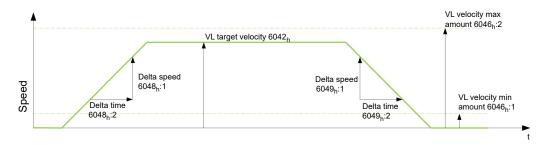


- 604A_h (Velocity Quick Stop):
 This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object 6048_h.
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed

The following objects can be used to check the function:

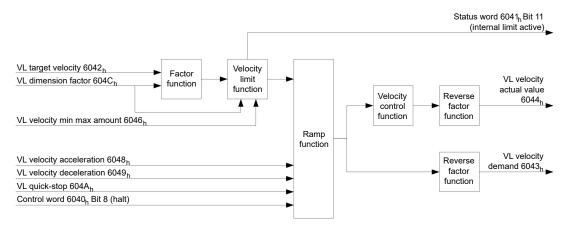
- 6043_h (VI Velocity Demand)
- 6044_h (VI Velocity Actual Value)

Speeds in Velocity Mode



Objects for Velocity Mode

The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object **6041**_h is set (internal limit active).



7.3 Profile Velocity

7.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps. Unlike *Velocity Mode* (see "**Velocity**"), the **statusword** is used in this mode to indicate whether the target speed is reached.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

7.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "3" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").



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7.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**_h (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.

7.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

• Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).

6041 _h Bit 10	6040 _h Bit 8	Description
0	0	Target speed not reached
0	1	Axis braking
1	0	Target speed within target window (defined in $\mathbf{606D}_h$ h and $\mathbf{606E}_h$)
1	1	Axis speed is 0

• Bit 13 (Deviation Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the slippage error is greater than the set limits (60F8h Max Slippage and 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out).

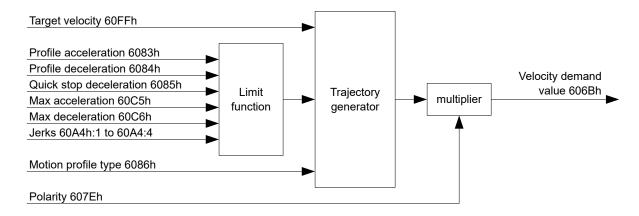
7.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 606B_h (Velocity Demand Value):
 - This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the speed controller.
- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value):
 - Indicates the current actual speed.
- 606D_h (Velocity Window):
 - This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object **6041**_h (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 606E_h (Velocity Window Time):
 - This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see **606D**_h "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object **6041**_h (statusword) to be set to "1".
- **607E**_h (Polarity):
 - If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.
- **6083**_h (Profile acceleration):
 - Sets the value for the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode.
- 6084_h (Profile Deceleration):
 - Sets the value for the deceleration ramp in Velocity Mode.
- **6085**_h (Quick Stop Deceleration):
 - Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking in Velocity Mode.
- **6086**_h (Motion Profile Type):
 - The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).
- **60FF**_h (Target Velocity):
 - Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.



Objects in Profile Velocity Mode

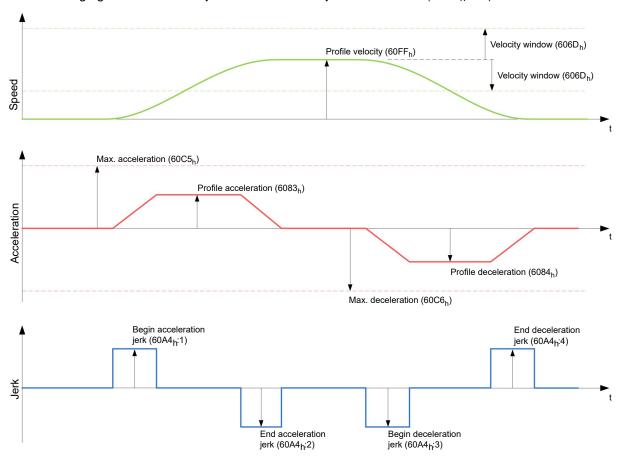


Activation

After the mode is selected in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see "CiA **402 Power State Machine**") is switched to *Operation enabled*, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object **60FF**_h (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

Limitations in the jerk-limited case

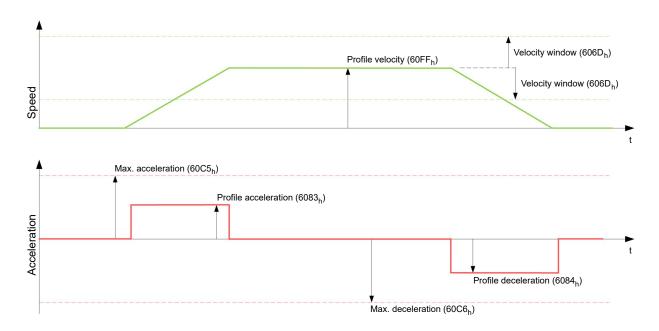
The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case ($6086_h = 3$).



Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case ($6086_h = 0$).

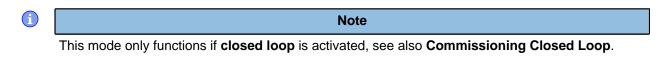




7.4 Profile Torque

7.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

7.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

7.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**_h (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. If this bit is set from "1" to "0", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from "0" to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.

7.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object 6040_h (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque (6077h Torque Actual Value) is within a tolerance window (203Dh Torque Window) for a specified time (203Eh Torque Window Time Out).



6040 _h Bit 8	6041 _h Bit 10	Description
0	0	Specified torque not reached
0	1	Specified torque reached
1	0	Axis accelerated
1	1	Axis speed is 0

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque (6071_h) exceeds the maximum torque entered in 6072_h.

7.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current (**203B**_h:01_h). This includes the objects:

- **6071**_h (Target Torque): Target torque
- 6072_h (Max Torque):
 Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)
- 6074_h (Torque Demand):
 Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller
- 6087_h (Torque Slope):
 Max. change in torque per second



Note

These values are not limited to 100% of the rated current ($203B_h:01_h$). Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration of the peak current ($203B_h:02_h$) is set (see **I2t Motor overload protection**). All torque objects are limited by the peak current.

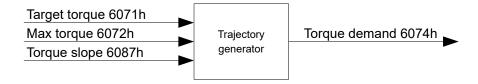
The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

• 3202_h Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):

If this bit is set to "0", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in object 6080_h and the controller can operate in field weakening mode

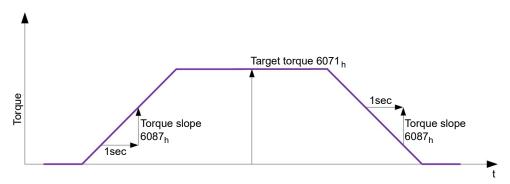
If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.

Objects of the ramp generator





Torque curve



7.5 Homing

7.5.1 Overview

Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/O configuration (see "Digital inputs and outputs").

Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**_h (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 4: If the bit is set to "1", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference
position is reached or bit 4 is reset to "0".

Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description
0	0	0	Homing is performed
0	0	1	Homing is interrupted or not started
0	1	0	Homing confirmed, but target not yet reached
0	1	1	Homing completed
1	0	0	Error during homing, motor still turning
1	0	1	Error during homing, motor at standstill

Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- **607C**_h (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in **user-defined units**.
- 6098_h (Homing Method):
 Method to be used for referencing (see "Homing method")



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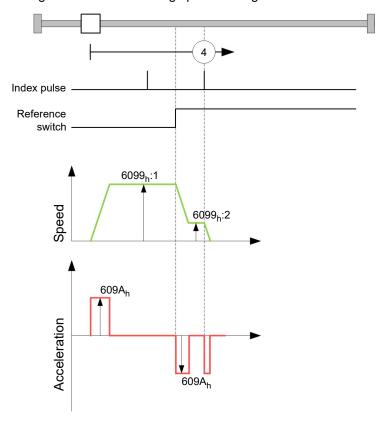
- 6099_h:01_h (Speed During Search For Switch):
 Speed for the search of the switch
- 6099_h:02_h (Speed During Search For Zero):
 Speed for the search of the index
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 609A_h (Homing Acceleration):
 Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing

reset to "0" if this is required by the application.

- 2056_h (Limit Switch Tolerance Band):
 After reaching the positive or negative limit switch, the controller permits a tolerance range in which the motor can continue to run. If this tolerance range is exceeded, the motor stops and the controller switches to the "Fault" state. If limit switches can be actuated during homing, the tolerance range should be selected such that the motor does not exit the tolerance range during braking. Homing cannot otherwise be successfully performed. After homing is completed, the tolerance range can be
- 203A_h:01_h (Minimum Current For Block Detection):
 Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.
- 203A_h:02_h (Period Of Blocking):
 Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

Homing speeds

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:



7.5.2 Homing method

Description

The homing method is written as a number in object 6098_h and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14, 33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the



following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.

In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The *limit switch* is located before the respective mechanical block; the *home switch* is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.

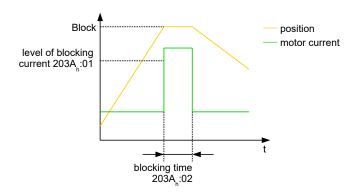
For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in *closed loop* mode.

"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

- 1. Current level: In object 203A_h:01, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
- Blocking duration: In object 203A_h:02, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.



Overview of methods

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.

Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

The following methods can be used for homing on block:

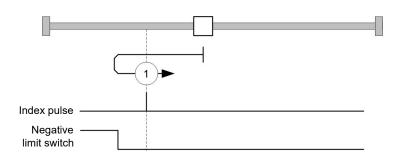
- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse

Methods 1 and 2

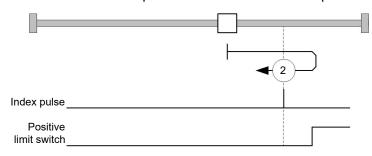
Reference to limit switches and index pulse.

Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:





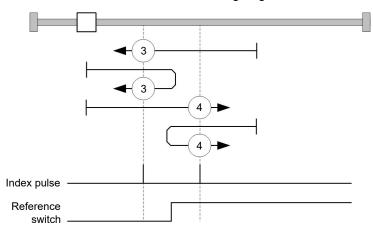
Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:



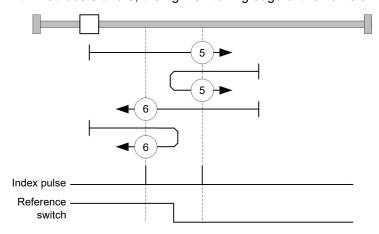
Methods 3 to 6

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.

With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 5 and 6, the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



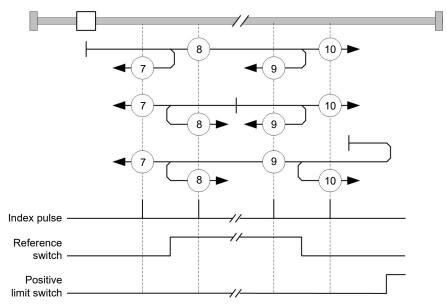
Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).

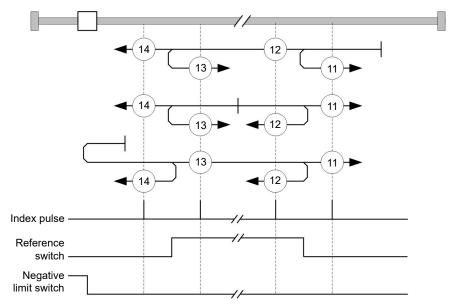


With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:



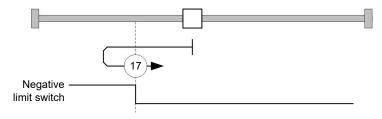
Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:



Methods 17 and 18

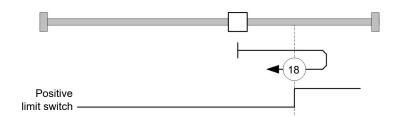
Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.

Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:



Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:

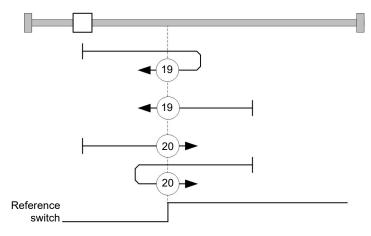




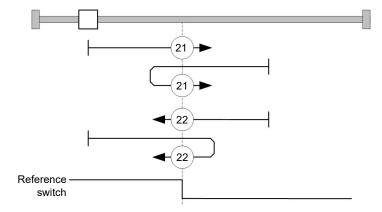
Methods 19 to 22

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.

With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



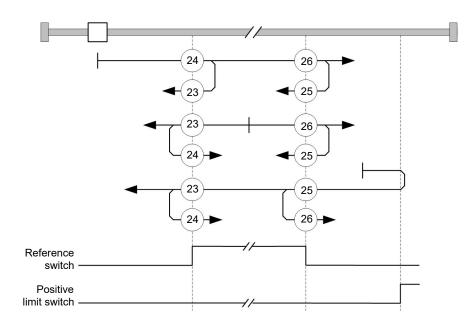
Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).

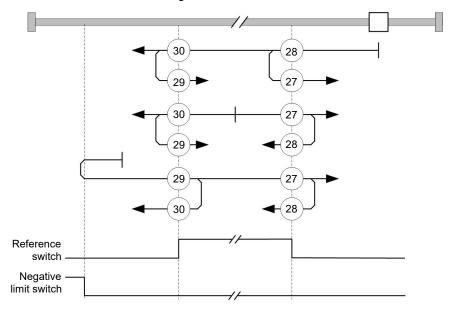
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:





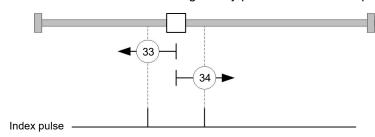
Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:



Methods 33 and 34

Reference to the next index pulse.

With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:



Method 35

References to the current position.





Note

For Homing Mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in *open loop* mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35.

7.6 Interpolated Position Mode

7.6.1 Overview

Description

Interpolated Position Mode is used to synchronize multiple axes. For this purpose, a higher-level controller performs the ramp and path calculation and passes the respective demand position, at which the axis is to be located at a certain time, to the controller. The controller interpolates between these intermediate position points.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

Synchronization with the SYNC object

For Interpolated Position Mode, it is necessary that the controller synchronizes with the SYNC object (depending on the fieldbus). This SYNC object is to be sent by the higher-level controller in regular intervals. Synchronization occurs as soon as the controller is switched to the *Operational* NMT mode.



Note

Where possible, it is recommended that a time interval of the SYNC object be used.

7.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "7" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

7.6.3 Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**_h (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 activates the interpolation when it is set to "1".
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D_h.

7.6.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

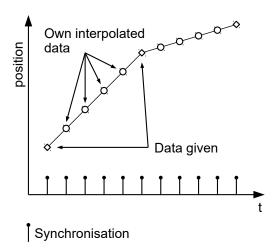
- Bit 10: Target position reached: This bit is set to "1" if the target position was reached (if the halt bit in the controlword is "0") or the axis has speed 0 (if the halt bit in the last control word was "1").
- Bit 12 (IP mode active): This bit is set to "1" if interpolation is active.



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7.6.5 Use

The controller follows a linearly interpolated path between the current position and the preset target position. The (next) target position must be written in record **60C1**_h:01_h.



In the current implementation, only

- linear interpolation
- · and a target position

are supported.

7.6.6 Setup

The following setup is necessary:

- **60C2**_h:01_h: Time between two passed target positions in ms.
- 60C4_h:06_h: This object is to be set to "1" to be able to modify the target position in object 60C1_h:01_h.
- 6081_h (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- To be able to turn the motor, the *power state machine* is to be set to the *Operation enabled* state (see **CiA 402 Power State Machine**)

7.6.7 Operation

After setting up, the task of the higher-level controller is to write the target positions to object **60C1**_h:01_h in time.

7.7 Cyclic Synchronous Position

7.7.1 Overview

Description

In this mode, the controller receives an absolute position preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

The target position is transferred cyclically (via *PDO*). Bit 4 in the controlword does not need to be set (unlike the **Profile Position** mode).





Note

The target is absolute and, thus, independent of how often it was sent per cycle.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

Activation

To activate the mode, the value "8" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword **6040**_h have no special function.

Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\mathbf{607A}_h$ (Target Position) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object 607A _h (Target Position) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	No following error
13	1	Following error

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D_h.

7.7.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607A_h (Target Position): This object must be written cyclically with the position set value.
- **607B**_h (Position Range Limit): This object contains the preset for an overrun or underrun of the position specification.
- **607D**_h (Software Position Limit): This object defines the limitations within which the position specification (607A_h) must be located.
- **6065**_h (Following Error Window): This object specifies a tolerance corridor in both the positive and negative direction from the set specification. If the actual position is outside of this corridor for longer than the specified time (**6066**_h), a following error is reported.
- 6066_h (Following Error Time Out): This object specifies the time range in milliseconds. If the actual
 position is outside of the position corridor (6065_h) for longer than this time range, a following error is
 triggered.
- 6085_h (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a
 quick-stop is triggered.



- 605A_h (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event
 of a quick-stop.
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2_h:01_h (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a cycle; a new set value must be written in 607A_h in these time intervals.

The following applies here: cycle time = value of $60C2_h:01_h*10^{value of 60C2:02}$ seconds.

• **60C2**_h:02_h (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value **60C2**_h:02_h=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 6064_h (Position Actual Value)
- **606C**_h (Velocity Actual Value)
- 60F4_h (Following Error Actual Value)

7.8 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity

7.8.1 Overview

Description

In this mode, the controller passes a speed preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

Activation

To activate the mode, the value "9" must be set in object 6060_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword **6040**_h have no special function.

Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\mathbf{60FF}_h$ (Target Velocity) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object 60FF _h (Target Velocity) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	Reserved
13	1	Reserved



7.8.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 60FF_h (Target Velocity): This object must be written cyclically with the speed set value.
- **6085**_h (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 605A_h (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event
 of a quick-stop (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2_h:01_h (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 60FF_h in these time intervals.
 The following applies here: cycle time = value of 60C2_h:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.
- 60C2_h:02_h (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2_h:02_h=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value)
- **607E**_h (Polarity)

7.9 Cyclic Synchronous Torque

7.9.1 Overview

Description

In this mode, the controller passes an absolute torque preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.



Note

This mode only functions if closed loop is activated, see also Commissioning closed loop.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

Activation

To activate the mode, the value "10" must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword **6040**_h have no special function.

Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus



Bit	Value	Description
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of 6071_{h} (Target Torque) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object 6071 _h (Target Torque) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	Reserved
13	1	Reserved

7.9.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 6071_h (Target Torque): This object must be written cyclically with the torque set value and is to be set relative to 6072_h.
- 6072_h (Max Torque): Describes the maximum permissible torque.
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 60C2_h:01_h (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 60FF_h in these time intervals.
 The following applies here: cycle time = value of 60C2_h:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.
- **60C2**_h:02_h (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value **60C2**_h:02_h=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value)
- 6074_h (Torque Demand)

7.10 Clock-direction mode

7.10.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

7.10.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

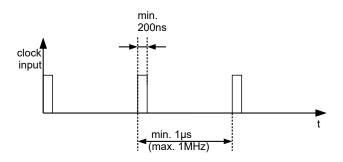
7.10.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns.



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The steps are scaled using objects 2057_h and 2058_h. The following formula applies here:

step width per pulse =
$$\frac{2057_{h}}{2058_{h}}$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to 128 (2057_h =128 and 2058_h =1) ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value "512", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.

1

Note

For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.

In *clock-direction mode*, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, 12 (=4*3) full steps correspond to one revolution.

1

Note

If there is a change of direction, a time of at least $35 \mu s$ must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.

7.10.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

 Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065_h (Following Error Window) and 6066_h (Following Error Time Out)).

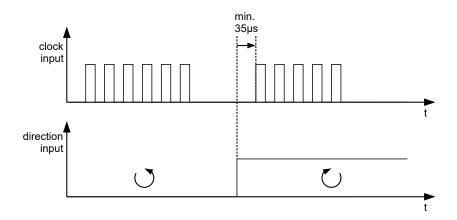
7.10.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

Clock-direction mode (TR mode)

To activate the mode, object **205B**_h must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).

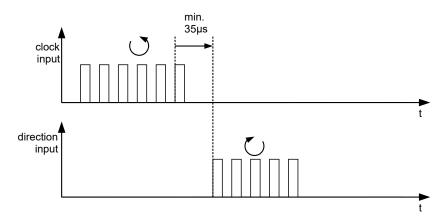




Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B_h must be set to the value "1".

In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).



7.11 Auto setup

7.11.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an *auto setup* is performed. **Closed Loop** operation requires a successfully completed *auto setup*. *Auto setup* is only to be performed once during commissioning as long as the motor/sensor connected to the controller is not changed. For details, see **the corresponding section in chapter Commissioning**.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

7.11.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (=" FE_h ") must be set in object **6060**_h (Modes Of Operation) (see **CiA 402 Power State Machine**).



7.11.3 Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**_h (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".

7.11.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**_h (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded



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8 Special functions

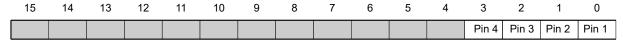
8.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with 6 digital I/O pins. Of these, 4 can be configured as either input or output. Pins *DIO5_IO_MISO* and *DIO6_IO_CLK* are preset as inputs.

8.1.1 Defining input and output assignments

Digital inputs/outputs 1–4 can be freely assigned on the PCI connector strip of the device, see also **Pin** assignment and 3231h Flex IO Configuration.

- Pin 1: DIO1 IO CS
- Pin 2: DIO2_CD_CLK
- Pin 3: DIO3_CD_DIR
- Pin 4: DIO4_IO_MOSI



- Subindex 01_h Output Mask: This bit mask defines whether the pin is used as input or output:
 - Bit = "0": Pin is input (default)
 - Bit = "1": Pin is output
- Subindex 02_h Pullup Mask: This bit mask defines whether the pin is a pullup or pulldown:
 - Bit = "0": Pin is *pulldown* (default)
 - Bit = "1": Pin is pullup



Tip

Subindex 02_h is only active for the pin if it is defined as an input via subindex 01_h.

Example for subindex 01_h : Pin 2 and pin 3 are to be outputs, value = "6" (=0110 b)

- 1. Determine which pins you would like to define as input or output.
- 2. Determine which inputs you would like to define as pull down or pull up.
- 3. Set the values in 3321_h:01_h and 3321_h:02_h accordingly.
- **4.** Store the object by writing the value "65766173_h" in 1010_h:03_h (see chapter**Saving objects**) and restart the controller.

8.1.2 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., **60FDh Digital Inputs** or **60FEh Digital Outputs**):

- 1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
- 2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31.

Example

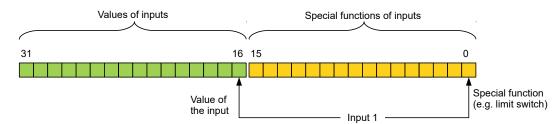
To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in 60FE_h.

To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1, set bit 0 in 3240_h :01_h; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in $60FD_h$. Bit 16 in $60FD_h$ also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).



This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

Bits of any object for controlling inputs





Tip

The first 4 I/O pins can also be configured as outputs, see **Defining input and output assignments**. If these are configured as outputs, the current status can still be read back in bits 16 to 19 of object $\mathbf{60FD_h}$. The assignment of the bits in $\mathbf{60FD_h}$ thereby remains unchanged; bit 20 corresponds to input 5 and bit 21 to input 6.

8.1.3 Digital inputs

Overview



Note

For digital inputs with 5 V, the length of the supply lines must not exceed 3 meters.



Note

The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:

PIN/input	Name for Input Routing	Factory settings
B3/DIO1_IO_CS	physical input 1	None
B4/DIO2_CD_CLK	physical input 2	Clock input in clock-direction mode
B5/DIO3_CD_DIR	physical input 3	Home switch / direction input in clock-direction mode
B6/DIO4_IO_MOSI	physical input 4	None
B7/DIO5_IO_MISO	physical input 5	None
B8/DIO6_IO_CLK	physical input 6	None

Object entries

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.



• **3240**_h:01_h (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- · Bit 2: Home switch

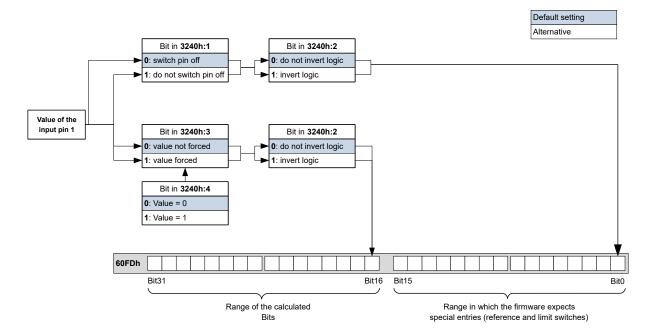
If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in **3240**_h:01_h must be set to "1".

- 3240_h:02_h (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD_h) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
 - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- **3240**_h:03_h (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object **3240**_h:04_h, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- **3240**_h:04_h (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object **3240**_h:03_h.
- 3240_h:05_h (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 60FD_h (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

Computation of the inputs

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1:

The value at bit 0 of object $60FD_h$ is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.

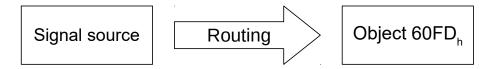




Input Routing

Principle

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called *Input Routing Mode*. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object **60FD**_h.



Activation

This mode is activated by setting object **3240**_h:08_h (Routing Enable) to 1.



Entries $\mathbf{3240}_h:01_h$ to $\mathbf{3240}:04_h$ then have \mathbf{no} function until Input Routing is again switched off.



If *Input Routing* is switched on, the initial values of **3242**_h are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of *Input Routing*. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of *Input Routing*. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and *Input Routing*.

Routing

Object 3242_h determines which signal source is routed to which bit of $60FD_h$. Subindex 01_h of 3242_h determines bit 0, subindex 02_h determines bit 1, and so forth. You can find the signal sources and their numbers in the following lists.

Numbe	Number				
dec	hex	Signal source			
00	00	Signal is always 0			
01	01	Physical input 1			
02	02	Physical input 2			
03	03	Physical input 3			
04	04	Physical input 4			
05	05	Physical input 5			
06	06	Physical input 6			
07	07	Physical input 7			
80	80	Physical input 8			
09	09	Physical input 9			
10	0A	Physical input 10			
11	0B	Physical input 11			
12	0C	Physical input 12			
13	0D	Physical input 13			
14	0E	Physical input 14			
15	0F	Physical input 15			



Number				
dec	hex	Signal source		
16	10	Physical input 16		
65	41	Hall input "U"		
66	42	Hall input "V"		
67	43	Hall input "W"		
68	44	Encoder input "A"		
69	45	Encoder input "B"		
70	46	Encoder input "Index"		

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

Numbe	Number			
dec	hex	Signal source		
128	80	Signal is always 1		
129	81	Inverted physical input 1		
130	82	Inverted physical input 2		
131	83	Inverted physical input 3		
132	84	Inverted physical input 4		
133	85	Inverted physical input 5		
134	86	Inverted physical input 6		
135	87	Inverted physical input 7		
136	88	Inverted physical input 8		
137	89	Inverted physical input 9		
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10		
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11		
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12		
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13		
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14		
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15		
144	90	Inverted physical input 16		
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"		
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"		
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"		
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"		
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"		
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"		

Example

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object 60FDh:

The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in 3242_h :11_h.

Hence, object 3242_h:11_h must be set to the value "1".



8.1.4 Digital outputs

Outputs

The outputs are controlled via object **60FE**_h. Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object **60FE**_h, output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The first 4 I/O pins can be configured as outputs, see **Defining input and output assignments**. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15. The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0, which controls the motor brake.

Wiring

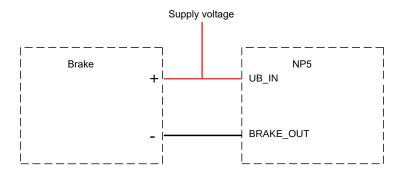


Note

Always observe the maximum capacity of the output (see Pin assignment).

The digital outputs, with the exception of the brake output, have a digital level of 3.3 V DC. The maximum admissible current is 10 mA.

The brake output is implemented as *open drain*. Hence, an external voltage supply as shown in the following figure is always necessary. See also **Automatic brake control**.



Object entries

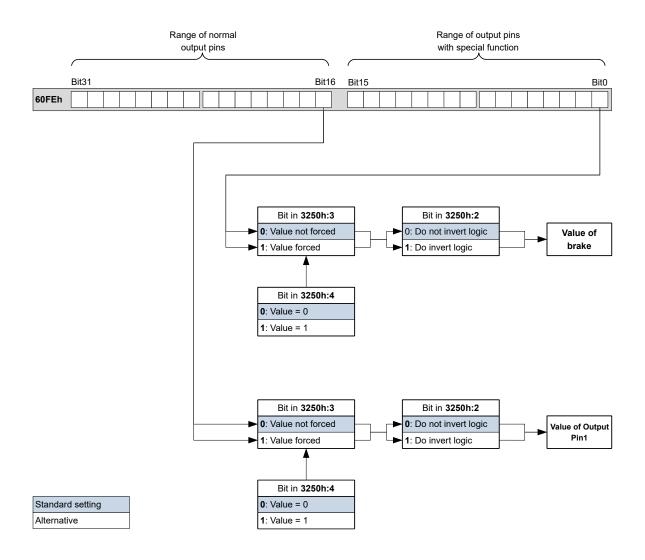
Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

- 3250_h:01_h: No function.
- **3250**_h:02_h: This is used to switch the logic from *normally open* to *normally closed*. Configured as *normally open*, the input outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the *normally closed* configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object **60FE**_h.
- **3250**_h:03_h: If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object **3250**_h:4_h; this is also possible for the brake output.
- **3250**_h:04_h: The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if manual control of the output is activated by means of object **3250**_h:03_h.
- 3250_h:05_h: This object has no function and is included for reasons of compatibility.

Computation of the outputs

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:





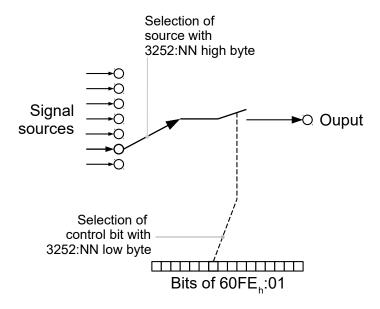
Output Routing

Principle

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object $60FE_h$:01_h switches the signal on or off.

The source is selected with 3252_h :01 to 05 in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8). The assignment of a control bit from object $60FE_h$:01_h is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0) of 3252_h :01_h to 05 (see following figure).





Activation

This mode is activated by setting object **3250**_h:08_h (Routing Enable) to 1.



Note

Entries 3250_h:01_h to 3250:04_h then have **no** function until "Output Routing" is switched off again.

Routing

The subindex of object **3252**_h determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

Subindex 3252 _h	Output Pin
01 _h	Configuration of PWM output (if available)
02 _h	Configuration of output 1
03 _h	Configuration of output 2 (if available)
04 _h	Configuration of output 3 (if available)
05 _h	Configuration of output 4 (if available)



Note

The maximum output frequency of output 1 and output 2 is 10 kHz; of the PWM output it is 2 kHz. All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz.

Subindices **3252**_h:01_h to 05_h are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e.g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object **60FE**_h:01.

Bit 7 of **3252**_h:01_h to 05 inverts the controller from object **60FE**_h:01. Normally, value "1" in object **60FE**_h:01 switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value "0" switches on the signal.

Number	in	3252:01	to	05
--------	----	---------	----	----

 $00XX_h$

Output is always "1"



Number in 3252:01 to 05	
01XX _h	Output is always "0"
02XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 1
03XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 2
04XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 4
05XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 8
06XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 16
07XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 32
08XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 64
09XX _h	Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 1
0AXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 2
0BXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 4
0CXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 8
$0DXX_h$	Position Actual Value (6064h) with frequency divider 16
0EXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 32
0FXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 64
10XX _h	PWM signal that is configured with object 2038 _h :05 _h and 06 _h
11XX _h	Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object 2038 _h :05 _h and 06 _h

Example

The encoder signal (6063_h) is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4. The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object 60FE:01.

- $3250_h:08_h = 1$ (activate routing)
- $3252_h:02_h = 0405_h (04XX_h + 0005_h)$ Dabei ist:
- 04XX_h: Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- 0005_h: Selection of bit 5 of **60FE**:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object **60FE**:01.

Example

The brake PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Because the automatic brake control uses bit 0 of **60FE**:01_h, this should be used as control bit.

- $3250_h:08_h = 1$ (activate routing)
- $3252_h:03_h = 1080_h (=10XX_h + 0080_h)$. Where:
 - 10XX_h: Brake PWM signal
 - 0080_h: Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object **60FE**:01

8.2 Automatic brake control

8.2.1 Description

Automatic brake control is activated if the controller is switched to the *Operation enabled* state of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine**; the brake otherwise always remains closed.



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The brake output of the controller results in a PWM signal that can be adjusted with respect to frequency and duty cycle.

For information on the interaction of the brake with the motor stopping behavior, see also chapter **Power State machine – halt motion reactions**.

8.2.2 Activation and connection

The brake can be controlled either automatically or manually:

- Automatic: Setting bit 2 of object 3202_h to "1" activates the brake control.
- Manual: Setting bit 2 of object 3202_h to "0" deactivates the brake control; the brake can now be controlled with bit 0 in object 60FE_h:01_h.

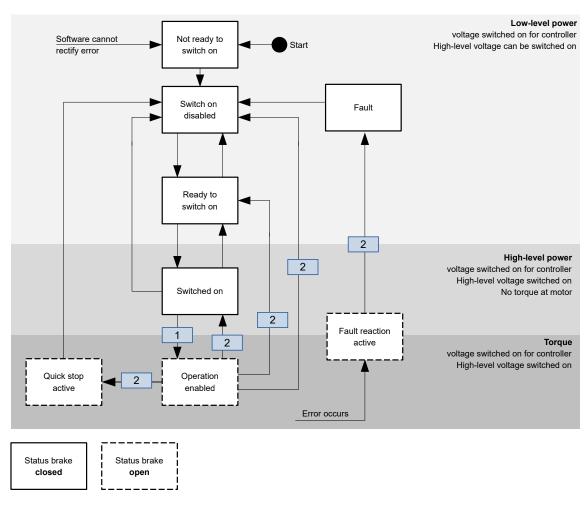
Connection

The brake output is located:

- On pin A48 of the PCI connector strip; see Pin assignment and Wiring of the outputs
- On connector X2 of the Discovery Board, if this is used; see Connector X2 brake

8.2.3 Brake control

The following graphic shows the states of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** together with the states of the brake for the automatic mode.



The following steps are performed on the transition, which is marked with 1:

- 1. The motor current is switched on.
- 2. The time stored in 2038_h:3_h is allowed to elapse.



- 3. The brake releases.
- **4.** The time stored in **2038**_h:4_h is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The Operation enabled state is reached, the motor controller can perform travel commands.

The following steps are performed on all transitions that are marked with 2:

- 1. The motor is brought to a standstill.
- 2. The time stored in 2038_h:1_h is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake is activated.
- 4. The time stored in 2038_h:2_h is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The motor current is switched off.

8.2.4 Brake PWM

The switched-on brake generates a PWM signal at the output of the controller that can be adjusted with respect to duty cycle and frequency. If an output pin without PWM is needed, a duty cycle of 100 percent can be set.



Note

The Brake + pin of the brake output is connected to the voltage supply of the controller.

If the operating voltage of the brake is greater than the supply voltage of the controller, you cannot use the brake output of the controller; you must supply the brake externally.

If the supply voltage of the controller is greater than the operating voltage of the brake (and up to 48 V DC), it is recommended that the PWM controller from Nanotec with order designation *EB-BRAKE-48V* be used and the duty cycle of the controller brake output be set to "100".

Frequency

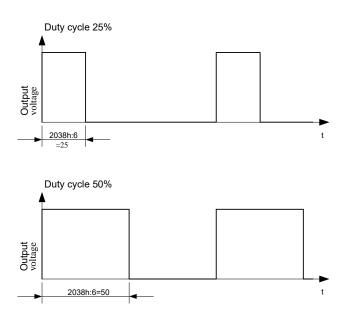
The frequency of the brake PWM can be set in object **2038**_h:5_h. The unit is Hertz; a value greater than 2000 is not possible.

Duty cycle

The duty cycle – the ratio of pulse to period duration – is set in **2038**_h:6_h. The value is a percentage and can be selected between 2 and 100. With a value of 100, the output pin is permanently switched on.

In the following figure, example duty cycles of 25 and 50 percent are shown, whereby the frequency is held constant.





8.3 I²t Motor overload protection

8.3.1 Description



Note

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using I^2 t with stepper motors.

The goal of I²t motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.

This function is only available if the controller is in the **closed loop mode** (bit 0 of object 3202_h must be set to "1").

There is an exception: If I²t is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is limited to the set rated current, even if the set maximum current is larger. This function was implemented for safety reasons so that one can switch from *closed loop* mode with very high, brief maximum current to *open loop* mode without damaging the motor.

8.3.2 Object entries

The following objects affect I²t motor overload protection:

- 2031_h: Peak Current specifies the maximum current in mA.
- 203B_h:1_h Nominal Current specifies the rated current in mA.
- **203B**_h:2_h Maximum Duration Of Peak Current specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.

The following objects indicate the current state of I²t:

- 203B_h:3_h Threshold specifies the limit in mAs that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 203B_h:4_h CalcValue specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 203B_h:5_h LimitedCurrent shows the momentary current value that was set by I²t.
- 203B_h:6_h Status:
 - Value = "0": I²t deactivated
 - Value = "1": I²t activated



8.3.3 Activation

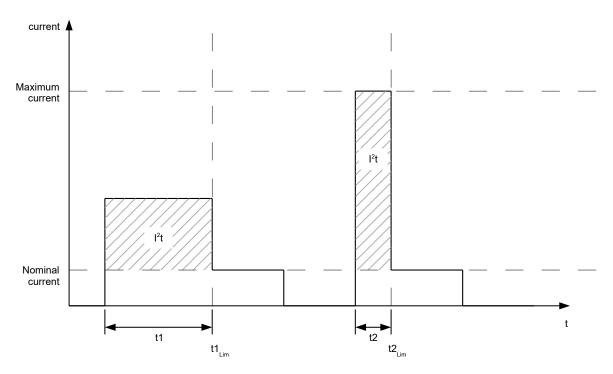
Closed loop must be activated, (bit 0 of object 3202_h set to "1", see also chapter Closed Loop). To activate the mode, the three object entries mentioned above $(2031_h, 203B_h:1_h, 203B_h:2_h)$ must have been appropriately specified. This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the I^2 t functionality remains deactivated.

8.3.4 Function of I²t

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an I²t_{Lim} is calculated.

The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated l^2t_{Lim} is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current.

The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagram.



In the first section, t1, the current value is higher than the rated current. At time $t1_{Lim}$, l^2t_{Lim} is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for l^2t_{Lim} is reached more quickly than in time t1.

8.4 Saving objects



Note

Improper use of the function can result in it no longer being possible to start the controller. Therefore, carefully read the entire chapter before using the function.

8.4.1 General

Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.



Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as *categories*) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following categories:

- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- · Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Cutsomer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, *Closed/Open Loop...*). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.
- Modbus RTU: Parameters related to Modbus RTU communication

If an object is not assigned one of these *categories*, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.

The objects in each *category* are listed below. In chapter **Description of the object dictionary**, the corresponding *category* for each object is also specified.

8.4.2 Category: communication

- 2102_h: Fieldbus Module Control
- 3502h: MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
- 3602_h: MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

8.4.3 Category: application

- 2034_h: Upper Voltage Warning Level
- 2035_h: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- 2036_h: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- 2037_h: Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- 2038_h: Brake Controller Timing
- 203A_h: Homing On Block Configuration
- 203D_h: Torque Window
- 203E_h: Torque Window Time Out
- 203F_h: Max Slippage Time Out
- 2056_h: Limit Switch Tolerance Band
- 2057_h: Clock Direction Multiplier
- 2058_h: Clock Direction Divider
- 205B_h: Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- **2084**_h: Bootup Delay
- 2300_h: NanoJ Control
- **2410**_h: NanoJ Init Parameters
- 2800_h: Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- 3210_h: Motor Drive Parameter Set
- 3212_h: Motor Drive Flags
- 3221_h: Analogue Inputs Control
- 3231_h: Flex IO Configuration
- **3240**_h: Digital Inputs Control
- 3242_h: Digital Input Routing
- 3243_h: Digital Input Homing Capture
- 3250_h: Digital Outputs Control
- 3252_h: Digital Output Routing
- 3321_h: Analogue Input Offset
- 3322_h: Analogue Input Pre-scaling



- 3700_h: Deviation Error Option Code
- 4013_h: HW Configuration
- 6040_h: Controlword
- 6042_h: VI Target Velocity
- 6046_h: VI Velocity Min Max Amount
- 6048_h: VI Velocity Acceleration
- 6049_h: VI Velocity Deceleration
- 604A_h: VI Velocity Quick Stop
- 604Ch: VI Dimension Factor
- 605A_h: Quick Stop Option Code
- 605B_h: Shutdown Option Code
- 605C_h: Disable Option Code
- 605D_h: Halt Option Code
- 605E_h: Fault Option Code
- **6060**_h: Modes Of Operation
- **6065**_h: Following Error Window
- 6066_h: Following Error Time Out
- 6067_h: Position Window
- 6068_h: Position Window Time
- 606D_h: Velocity Window
- 606E_h: Velocity Window Time
- 6071_h: Target Torque
- 6072_h: Max Torque
- 607A_h: Target Position
- 607B_h: Position Range Limit
- **607C**_h: Home Offset
- 607D_h: Software Position Limit
- 607E_h: Polarity
- 607F_h: Max Profile Velocity
- 6081_h: Profile Velocity
- 6082_h: End Velocity
- 6083_h: Profile Acceleration
- 6084_h: Profile Deceleration
- 6085_h: Quick Stop Deceleration
- 6086_h: Motion Profile Type
- 6087_h: Torque Slope
- 6091_h: Gear Ratio
- 6092_h: Feed Constant
- 6096_h: Velocity Factor
- 6097_h: Acceleration Factor
- 6098_h: Homing Method
- 6099_h: Homing Speed
- 609A_h: Homing Acceleration
- 60A2_h: Jerk Factor
- 60A4_h: Profile Jerk
- **60A8**_h: SI Unit Position
- 60A9_h: SI Unit Velocity
- **60B0**_h: Position Offset
- 60B1_h: Velocity Offset
- 60B2_h: Torque Offset
- 60C1_h: Interpolation Data Record
- 60C2_h: Interpolation Time Period
- 60C4_h: Interpolation Data Configuration



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- 60C5_h: Max Acceleration
- 60C6_h: Max Deceleration
- 60E8_h: Additional Gear Ratio Motor Shaft Revolutions
- 60E9_h: Additional Feed Constant Feed
- 60ED_h: Additional Gear Ratio Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60EE_h: Additional Feed Constant Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60F2_h: Positioning Option Code
- 60F8_h: Max Slippage
- **60FE**_h: Digital Outputs
- **60FF**_h: Target Velocity

8.4.4 Category: customer

• 2701_h: Customer Storage Area

8.4.5 Category: drive

- 3202_h: Motor Drive Submode Select
- 3203_h: Feedback Selection

8.4.6 Category: tuning

- 2030_h: Pole Pair Count
- 2031_h: Maximum Current
- 203B_h: I2t Parameters
- **2059**_h: Encoder Configuration
- 3390_h: Feedback Hall
- 33A0_h: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
- 33A1_h: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 2
- 6075_h: Motor Rated Current
- 6080_h: Max Motor Speed
- 608F_h: Position Encoder Resolution
- 6090_h: Velocity Encoder Resolution
- 60E6_n: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Encoder Increments
- 60EB_h: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Motor Revolutions

8.4.7 Category: Modbus RTU

- 2028_h: MODBUS Slave Address
- 202A_h: MODBUS RTU Baudrate
- 202D_h: MODBUS RTU Parity

8.4.8 Starting the save process



CAUTION

Uncontrolled motor movements!

Control may be affected while saving. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ The motor must be at a standstill before starting the saving process. The motor must not be started while saving.





Note

- Saving may take a few seconds. Under no circumstances may you interrupt the voltage supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
- Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object 1010_h.

There is a subindex in object 1010_h for each *category*. To save all objects of this *category*, the value "65766173_h" must be written in the subindex. ¹ The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".

The following table shows which subindex of object 1010_h is responsible for which category.

Subindex Category		
01 _h	All categories with the exception of 06_h (Tuning) and $0B_h$ (Modbus RTU)	
02 _h	Communication	
03 _h	Application	
04 _h	Customer	
05 _h	Drive	
06 _h	Tuning	
0B _h	Modbus RTU	

8.4.9 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one *category* of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C_h" must be written in object **1011**_h. ² The following subindices correspond to a *category* here:

Subindex Category	
01 _h	All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of 06_h (Tuning) and $0B_h$ (Modbus RTU)
02 _h	Communication
03 _h	Application
04 _h	Customer
05 _h	Drive
06 _h	Tuning
0B _h	Modbus RTU

The saved objects are subsequently discarded; the change does not take effect until after the controller is restarted. You can restart the controller by entering the value "746F6F62 $_h$ " in **2800** $_h$:01 $_h$.

¹ This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011_d or the ASCII string save.

² This corresponds to the decimal of 1684107116_d or the ASCII string load.





Note

- Objects of category 06_h (Tuning) are determined by Auto setup and are not reset when resetting
 to factory settings with subindex 01_h (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto
 setup). You can reset these objects with subindex 06_h.
- Objects of category 0B_h (Modbus RTU) are not reset with subindex 01_h.

8.4.10 Verifying the configuration

Object **1020**_h can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object 1020_h can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with 1010_h :01.

The entries of 1020_h are reset to "0" as soon as a savable object (including 1010_h :0 x_h , except for 1010_h :01_h and 1020_h) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

- **1.** An external tool or master configures the controller.
- 2. The tool or master sets the value in object 1020_h.
- **3.** The tool or master activates the saving of all objects 1010_h :01_h = 65766173_h. The date and time in object 1020_h are also saved.

After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in 1020_h :01_h and 1020:01_h. If one of the values is "0", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in 1020 does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.



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9 Modbus RTU

Modbus references: www.modbus.org.

- MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3, Date: 26.04.2014, Version: 1.1b3
- MODBUS over Serial Line Specification and Implementation Guide V1.02, Date: 20.12.2006, Version: 1.02

The controller can be controlled by means of Modbus RTU. The I/O data, with, e.g., the preconfigured drive values (see **Process data objects (PDO)**), can be handled with the standard Modbus function codes. To configure your own I/O data, however, function code 2Bh (CAN Encapsulation) must be supported by the master in order for the parameters to be read and written independent of the process image.

If the master does not support this function code, the I/O image can be configured and stored using *Plug & Drive Studio*. The master can then access the data using the standard Modbus function codes.

9.1 RS-485

The "Two-Wire Modbus Interface" electrical interface is supported by the controller in accordance with standard EIA/TIA-485 (RS-485) (see chapter **Connecting Modbus RTU** for further information).

9.2 Modbus Modicon notation with PLCs

Many PLCs use the Modicon addressing model. This notation is not used in the Modbus standard.

The following address notation is relevant for Nanotec controllers:

- Input register 30001 39999 is mapped to Modbus telegram address 0 (0h) 9998 (270Eh).
- Holding register 40001 49999 is mapped to Modbus telegram address 0 (0_h) 9998 (270E_h).



Note

Where Modbus addresses are mentioned in the manual, it may be necessary to implement the register addresses in the PLC in accordance with *Modicon notation*.

9.3 General

Modbus is generally big-endian based.

The only exceptions are the commands with function codes 43 (2B_h), 101 (65_h) and 102 (66_h), which are based on CANopen. For the data values of these commands, the little-endian format applies. The remainder of the Modbus message is, on the other hand, based on big-endian.

Example

Command 2B_h: With this command, the value 12345678_h is written in object 0123_h (does not exist):

SA	FC)ata								CF	₹C
05	2B	0 D	01	00	01	23	01	00	00	00	00	04	78	56	34	12	67	35

SA

Slave address

FC

Function code



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Data

Data range, decoding is dependent on the used function code

CRC

Cyclic redundancy check

9.4 Communication settings

The following settings can be performed:

Configuration	Object	Value range	Factory settings
Slave address	2028 _h	1 to 247	5
Baud rate	202A _h	7200 to 256000	19200
Parity	202D _h	None: 0x00Even: 0x04	0x04 (Even)
		• Odd: 0x06	

The number of data bits is always "8" here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

The following baud rates are supported:

- 7200
- 9600
- 14400
- 19200
- 38400
- 56000
- 57600
- 115200128000
- 256000

The slave address and baud rate can also be defined via the analog input, see **Setting slave address** and baud rate

9.5 Function codes

The following "function codes" are supported:

	Name	Function code	Subfunction
			code
Data access (16-	Read Holding Registers	03 (03 _h)	
bit)	Read Input Register	04 (04 _h)	
	Write Single Register	06 (06 _h)	
	Write Multiple Registers	22 (16 _h)	
	Read/Write Multiple Registers	23 (17 _h)	
Diagnosis	Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register	08 (08 _h)	10 (0A _h)



	Name	Function code	Subfunction code
	Return Bus Message Count	08 (08 _h)	11 (0B _h)
	Return Bus Communication Error Count	08 (08 _h)	12 (0C _h)
	Return Bus Exception Error Count	08 (08 _h)	13 (0D _h)
	Return Server Message Count	08 (08 _h)	14 (0E _h)
	Return Server No Response Count	08 (08 _h)	15 (0F _h)
	Return Server NAK Count	08 (08 _h)	16 (10 _h)
	Return Server Busy Count	08 (08 _h)	17 (11 _h)
	Return Bus Character Overrun Count	08 (08 _h)	18 (12 _h)
Miscellaneous	Encapsulated Interface Transport	43 (2B _h)	13 (0D _h)
	Read complete object dictionary start	101 (65 _h)	85 (55 _h)
	Read complete object dictionary next	101 (65 _h)	170 (AA _h)
	Read complete array or record start	102 (66 _h)	85 (55 _h)
	Read complete array or record next	102 (66 _h)	170 (AA _h)

9.6 Function code descriptions

9.6.1 FC 3 (03_h) Read Input Registers / FC 4 (04_h) Read Holding Registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be read. This function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see **NanoJ objects**) or process data objects (min. 4-byte alignment, see **Process data objects (PDO)**).

Request			
Name	Length	Value	
Slave address	1 byte	,	
Function code	1 byte	03 _h / 04 _h	
Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h	
Number of registers	2 bytes	1 to (7D _h)	
CRC	2 bytes		

Response ("M" corresponds to the number of registers to be read)						
Name	Length	Value				
Slave address	1 byte					
Function code	1 byte	03 _h / 04 _h				
Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * M				
Register value	2 bytes					
CRC	2 bytes					

Error	,		
Name	Length	Value	
Slave address	1 byte		
Error code	1 byte	83 _h / 84 _h	
Exception code	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04	



Error		
Name	Length	Value
CRC	2 bytes	

Below is an example of a read request and response of register $5000 (1388_h)$ and of the following register (2 registers):

Request

SA	FC		Da	ta		CF	RC
05	03	13	88	00	02	41	21

Response

SA	FC)ata			CF	RC
05	03	04	02	40	00	00	41	21

9.6.2 FC 6 (06_h) Write Single Register

This function code can be used to write a single 16-bit value. The function can be used on process data objects (see **Process data objects (PDO)**).

Request	<u>'</u>		
Name	Length	Value	
Slave address	1 byte		
Function code	1 byte	06 _h	
Register address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h	
Register value	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h	
CRC	2 bytes		

Response			
Name	Length	Value	
Slave address	1 byte		
Function code	1 byte	06 _h	
Register address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h	
Register value	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h	
CRC	2 bytes		

Error		
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Error code	1 byte	86 _h



Error		
Name	Length	Value
Exception code	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04
CRC	2 bytes	

Below is an example of a write request and response in register 6000 (1770 $_{\rm h}$) with the value "0001 $_{\rm h}$ ":

Request

SA	FC	Data		CRC			
05	06	17	70	00	01	4 D	E1

Response

SA	FC	Data		CRC			
05	06	17	70	00	01	4 D	E1

9.6.3 FC 16 (10_h) Write Multiple Registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be written. The function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see **Process data objects (PDO)**) or process data objects (see **NanoJ objects**).

Request ("N" is the number of	Request ("N" is the number of registers to be written)						
Name	Length	Value					
Slave address	1 byte						
Function code	1 byte	10 _h					
Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h					
Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 007B _h					
Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * N					
Register value	N * 2 bytes						
CRC	2 bytes						

Response	Response					
Name	Length	Value				
Slave address	1 byte					
Function code	1 byte	10 _h				
Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h				
Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 007B _h				
CRC	2 bytes					



Error					
Name	Length	Value			
Slave address	1 byte				
Error code	1 byte	90 _h			
Exception code	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04			
CRC	2 bytes				

Below is an example for writing values " 0102_h " and " 0304_h " starting with register address 6000 (1770_h), number of registers is 2, length of the data is 4:

Request

SA	FC		Data					CF	RC			
05	10	17	70	00	02	04	01	02	03	04	AB	44

Response

SA	FC	Data		CRC			
05	10	17	70	00	02	44	23

9.6.4 FC 17 (11_h) Report Server ID

This function code can be used to read the description of the type, the current status and other information about the device.

Request			
Name	Length	Value	
Slave address	1 byte	'	
Function code	1 byte	11 _h	
CRC	2 bytes		

Response	Response						
Name	Length	Value					
Slave address	1 byte						
Function code	1 byte	03 _h					
Number of bytes	1 byte	01 _h					
Run Indicator Status	1 byte	$00_h = OFF, FF_h = ON$					
Additional data							
CRC	2 bytes						



Error			
Name	Length	Value	
Slave address	1 byte		
Error code	1 byte	91 _h	
Exception code	1 byte	01 or 04	
CRC	2 bytes		

Below is an example of a request/response for ID and status:

Request

SA	FC	CRC
05	11	C2 EC

Response

SA	FC		Data	CRC		
05	11	02	05	FF	0F	EC

9.6.5 FC 23 (17_h) Read/Write Multiple registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be simultaneously read and written. The function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see **Process data objects (PDO)**) or process data objects (see **NanoJ objects**).

Request ("N" is the number of r	Request ("N" is the number of registers to be read):				
Name	Length	Value			
Slave address	1 byte				
Function code	1 byte	17 _h			
Read: Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h			
Read: Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 0079 _h			
Write: Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h			
Write: Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 0079 _h			
Write: Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * N			
Write: Register value	N * 2 bytes				
CRC	2 bytes				

Response ("M" corresponds to the number of bytes to be written):				
Name	Length	Value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	17 _h		
Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * M		
Registers read	M * 2 bytes			



Response ("M" corresponds to the number of bytes to be written):				
Name	Length	Value		
CRC	2 bytes			

Error						
Name	Length	Value				
Slave address	1 byte					
Error code	1 byte	97 _h				
Exception code	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04				
CRC	2 bytes					

Below is an example for reading two registers beginning with register 5000 (1388_h) and for writing two registers beginning with register 6000 (1770_h) with 4 bytes and data "0102_h" and "0304_h":

Request

SA	FC		Data							CF	₹С					
05	17	13	88	00	02	17	70	00	02	04	01	02	03	04	56	6A

Response

SA	FC		I	CF	₹C			
05	17	04	02	40	00	00	OF	EC

9.6.6 FC 8 (08_h) Diagnostics

Modbus function code FC08 offers numerous tests for checking the communication system between client and server or for checking various internal error states within the server.

This function uses a two-byte subfunction code in the request for defining the type of test. In a normal response, the server repeats both, the function and the subfunction code. Some diagnoses contain data of the device in the data field of the normal response.

Request:

Name	Length	Value
Function code	1 byte	08 _h
Subfunction code	2 bytes	
Data	N x 2 bytes	

Response:

Name	Length	Value
Function code	1 byte	08 _h



Name	Length	Value
Subfunction code	2 bytes	
Data	N x 2 bytes	

Error:

Name	Length	Value
Function code	1 byte	88 _h
Exception code	1 byte	01 or 03 or 04

FC 8.10 (08_h.0A_h) Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register

The objective of this request is to reset all counters and diagnosis registers. Counters are also reset when the controller is switched on.

Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h 0A _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Echo of the request data

Example

Request

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0A	00	00	56	6A	

Response

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0A	00	00	C1	8D	

FC 8.11 (08_h.0B_h) Return Bus Message Count

The response data range returns the number of messages detected by the communications system since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

Subfunction	Data range	
	Request Response	
00 _h 0B _h	00 _h - 00 _h Total Me	

FC 8.12 (08_h.0C_h) Return Bus Communication Error Count

The response data range returns the number of CRC errors since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.



Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h 0C _h	00 _h - 00 _h	CRC Error Count

Request

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0C	00	00	21	8C	

Response

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0C	00	00	21	8C	

FC 8.13 (08_h.0D_h) Return Bus Exception Error Count

The response data range returns the number of Modbus exceptions since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h 0D _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Exception Error Count

Example

Request

SA	FC		Da	ata		CRC	
05	08	00	0 D	00	00	70	4C

Response

SA	FC		Data			CRC		
05	08	00	0 D	00	00	70	4C	

FC 8.14 (08_h.0E_h) Return Server Message Count

The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the device and the number of broadcast messages that were processed by the controller. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.



Subfunction	Data range			
	Request	Response		
00 _h 0E _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server Message Count		

Request

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	ΟE	00	00	80	4C	

Response

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	ΟE	00	00	80	4C	

FC 8.15 (08_h.0F_h) Return Server No Response Count

The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the controller for which no response was returned (neither normal response nor exception response). The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h 0F _h	00 _h - 00 _h	No Response Count

Example

Request

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	ΟF	00	00	D1	8C	

Response

SA	FC		Data				RC
05	08	00	OF	00	00	D1	8C

FC 8.16 (08_h.10_h) Return Server NAK Count

The response data range returns the number of messages for which a "Negative Acknowledge (NAK)" exception response was returned. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.



Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h - 10 _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server NAK Count

Request

SA	FC		Data		CRC		
05	08	00	10	00	00	ΕO	4A

Response

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	10	00	00	ΕO	4A	

FC 8.17 (08_h.11_h) Return Server Busy Count

The response data range returns the number of messages for which a "Server Device Busy" exception response was returned. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h - 11 _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server NAK Count

Example

Request

SA	FC	Data		CRC			
05	08	00	11	00	00	В1	8A

Response

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	11	00	00	В1	8A	

FC 8.18 (08_h.12_h) Return Bus Character Overrun Count

The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the controller that could not be processed due to a character overrun. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted. A character overrun occurs when characters arrive at the controller faster than they can be stored or by the loss of a character due to a hardware malfunction.



Subfunction	Data range	
	Request	Response
00 _h - 12 _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server Character Overrun Count

Request

SA	FC		Data			CRC	
05	08	00	12	00	00	41	8A

Response

SA	FC		CF	RC			
05	08	00	12	00	00	41	8A

9.6.7 FC 43 (2B_h) Encapsulated Interface Transport

This function facilitates simple access of the CANopen object dictionary. Further details can be found in the following documentation:

- 1. MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3, Date: 26.04.2014, Version: 1.1b3
- 2. CiA 309 Draft Standard Proposal Access from other networks Part 2: Modbus/TCP mapping V1.3, Date: 30.07.2015, Version: 1.3



Note

For the messages of the Encapsulated Interface Transport, another byte sequence applies in part, see chapter **General**.

Definition of the request and response:

Name	Length	Example/number range
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	2B _h (43 _d)
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h (13 _d)
Protocol options Range	2 to 5 bytes	
Address and data range	N bytes	
CRC	2 bytes	

Protocol options Range

Name	Length	Example/number range
Protocol control	1 to 2 bytes	See description
Reserved	1 byte	Always 0
(Optional) Counter byte	1 byte	
(Optional) Network ID	1 byte	



Name	Length	Example/number range
(Optional) Encoded data	1 byte	

Protocol control:

The "Protocol control" field contains the flags that are needed for controlling the message protocols. The bytes of the "Protocol control" field are defined as follows if the "extended" flag was set (the second byte is otherwise omitted):



The most significant bit (MSB) is bit 0 for "protocol control" byte 1 and bit 8 for "protocol control" byte 2. The least significant bit (LSB) is bit 7 for "protocol control" byte 1 and bit 15 for "protocol control" byte 2.

Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

Address and data range

The address and data range is defined in the following table:

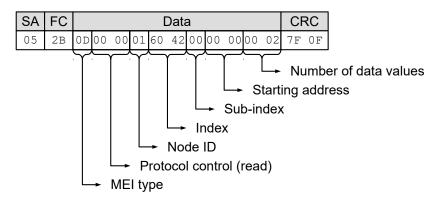
Name	Byte size and byte order	Example / range
Node ID	1 byte	01 _h to 7F _h
Index	1 byte, high	0000 _h to FFFF _h
	1 byte, low	
Subindex	1 byte	00 _h to FF _h
Start address	1 byte, high	0000 _h to FFFF _h
	1 byte, low	
Number of data values	1 byte, high	0000 _h to 00FD _h
	1 byte, low	



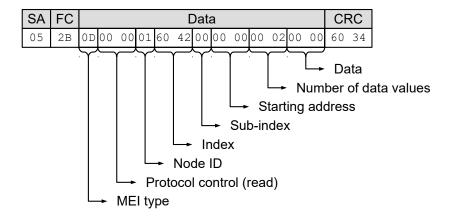
Name	Byte size and byte order	Example / range
Write/read data	n bytes	The data are encoded as described in chapter General .

To read object $6042_h:00_h$ (16-bit value), the following message must be sent by the master (all values are in hexadecimal notation, the slave ID of the controller is "5").

Request



Response



Shown as an additional example below, a sequence of Modbus messages is sent from the master to the slave to rotate the motor in "Velocity" mode:

Set 6060 = "02_h" (Velocity mode) Request

S	βA	FC		Data									CF	₹C		
0	5	2B	0 D	01	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	01	02	С9	2F

Response

SA	FC		Data									CF	₹С	
05	2B	0 D	01	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	00	А9	89



Set $2031 = 203E8_h$ " (1000 mA)

Request

SA	FC		Data										CF	₹С				
05	2B	0 D	01	00	01	20	31	00	00	00	00	04	E8	03	00	00	С3	53

Response

SA	FC		Data									CF	RC	
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	20	31	00	00	00	00	00	E5	CC

Set 6040 = "00_h"

Request

SA	FC		Data										CF	₹С		
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	00	00	1C	2E

Response

SA	FC					[Data	а					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Set 6040 = "80_h"

Request

SA	FC						[Data	3						CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	80	00	7D	EE

Response

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Set 6040 = "06_h"

Request

SA	FC						[Data	3						CF	SC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	06	00	1F	8E

Response

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	32
05	2B	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9



Set 6040 = "07_h"

Request

SA	FC						[Data	3						CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	07	00	1E	1E

Response

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Set 6040 = "0F_h"

Request

SA	FC						I	Data	3						CF	SC.
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	OF	00	19	DE

Response

SA	FC					[Data	a					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Below are two examples for reading an object:

Read 6041_h:00_h

Request

SA	FC					[Data	а					CF	32
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	41	00	00	00	00	02	7F	3C

Response

SA	FC						I	Data	3						CF	S
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	41	00	00	00	00	02	37	06	В6	13

Read 6061_h:00_h

Request

SA	FC					[Data	a					CF	RC
05	2B	0 D	00	00	01	60	61	00	00	00	00	01	38	5D

Response

	SI	FC		Data								CF	RC			
ſ	05	2B	0 D	00	00	01	60	61	00	00	00	00	01	00	5C	D2



Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h + 80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)		
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")		
Extended exception length	2 bytes	6		
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h		
Exception code	1 byte	CE _h		
Error code	4 bytes	CANopen error code		
CRC	2 bytes			

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h + 80_h$ (171 _d = $43_d + 128_d$) (indicates error)		
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")		
Extended exception length	2 bytes	2 + length of "supported protocol control"		
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h		
Exception code	1 byte	AE _h		
Supported protocol control	1 or 2 bytes	See following table		
CRC	2 bytes			

Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0



The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads **6061**_h:00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

Request

SA	FC		Data								CF	RC		
05	2B	0 D	00	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	02	79	8 D

Response

SA	FC		Data							CF	RC	
05	2В	FF	00	06	0 D	CE	12	00	07	06	AC	3C

9.6.8 FC 101 (65_h) Read complete object dictionary

This function code is used to read out the complete object dictionary.

To start or restart the reading out of the object dictionary, subfunction code 55_h must be sent. This code resets reading out of the object dictionary on object 0000_h . All subsequent object dictionary frames must then contain subfunction code \mathbb{AA}_h . At the end, once all objects have been read out, an "Error Response" is generated with the abort code "No data available".

The format of each "read object" is as follows:

Request:

Name	Length	Value / note	
Slave address	1 byte		
Function code	1 byte	65 _h	
Subfunction code	1 byte	55 _h or AA _h	
Length of the data	1 byte	00 _h	
CRC	2 bytes		

Response:

Name	Length	Value / note
Slave address	1 byte	65 _h
Function code	1 byte	
Subfunction code	1 byte	
Length of the data	1 byte	
n times "object dictionary frame"	1 - 252 bytes	
CRC	2 bytes	

An object dictionary frame consists of the following bytes:

Name	Value / note
Index Low Byte	1 byte
Index High Byte	1 byte
Subindex	1 byte

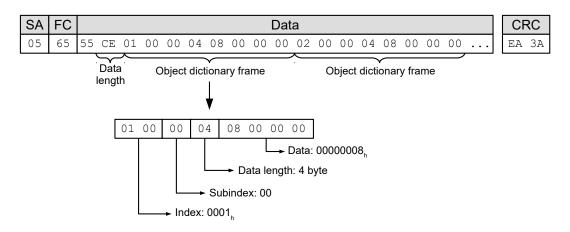


Name		Value / note
Number of bytes	1 byte	Number m of the valid data in the data field
Data byte	m-1 byte	

All of the following numerical values are in hexadecimal format. The address of the slave is "5". Start reading of the object dictionary with request:

SA	A FC Data		Data		RC
05	65	55	00	2F	A7

The response is:



Read out the next part of the object dictionary with the request:

SA	FC	Da	ata	CRC		
05	65	AA	00	6E	57	

The response is:

SA	FC		Data									CF	₹С									
05	65	AA	CD	21	00	0A	02	07	00	21	00	0В	02	07	00	21	00	0C	02		NN	NN

Repeat reading of the object dictionary with the previous request until the response is an error:

SA	FC	Data	CRC			
05	E5	0 D	EA 94			

Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value	
Slave address	1 byte		



Name	Length	Example value
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h +80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	6
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	CE _h
Error code	4 bytes	CANopen error code
CRC	2 bytes	

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h + 80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	2 + length of "supported protocol control"
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	AE _h
Supported protocol control	1 or 2 bytes	See following table
CRC	2 bytes	

Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads 6061_h :00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:



Request

SA	FC		Data								CF	CRC		
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	02	79	8D

Response

SA	FC		Data								CF	RC
05	2B	FF	00	06	0 D	CE	12	00	07	06	AC	3C

9.6.9 FC 102 (66_h) Read complete array or record

This function code is used to read out the complete array or record from the object dictionary.

To start or restart the reading out of the array, subfunction code 55_h must be sent. This code resets reading out on the object with subindex 00_h . All subsequent requests must then contain subfunction code \mathbb{AA}_h . At the end, once all objects have been read out, an "Error Response" is generated.

The format of each "read object" is as follows:

Request:

Name	Length	Value / note	
Slave address	1 byte		
Function code	1 byte	66 _h	
Subfunction code	1 byte	55 _h or AA _h	
Length of the data	1 byte	00 _h	
Index of the array to be read	2 bytes		
CRC	2 bytes		

Response:

Name	Length	Value / note
Slave address	1 byte	65 _h
Function code	1 byte	
Subfunction code	1 byte	
Length of the data	1 byte	
n times object dictionary frame	1 - 252 bytes	
CRC	2 bytes	

An object dictionary frame consists of the following bytes:

Name	<u> </u>	Value / note
Index Low Byte	1 byte	
Index High Byte	1 byte	
Subindex	1 byte	
Number of bytes	1 byte	Number m of the valid data in the data field
Data byte	m-1 byte	

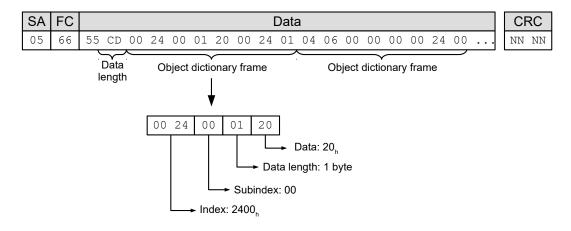


All of the following numerical values are in hexadecimal format; the index of the object that is to be read is 2400_h . The address of the slave is "5"_h.

Start reading of the array with request:

SA	FC		Da	CRC			
05	66	55	00	24	00	02	8A

The response is:



Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h +80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	6
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	CE _h
Error code	4 bytes	CANopen error code
CRC	2 bytes	

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h + 80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	2 + length of "supported protocol control"
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	AE_h



Name	Length	Example value	
Supported protocol control	1 or 2 bytes	See following table	
CRC	2 bytes		

Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads **6061**_h:00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

Request

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	S
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	02	79	8D

Response

SA	FC		Data									
05	2В	FF	00	06	0 D	CE	12	00	07	06	AC	3C

9.7 Process data objects (PDO)

As with CANopen, a process image can be configured for input and output values with Modbus. This image only contains the data values of one or more objects without additional information, such as length, index or subindex. A single message can thereby be used to read or write multiple objects at the same time.

9.7.1 Configuration

The configuration of the image is referred to as "mapping" and is written in the following objects:

- 3502_h for the Modbus Rx (master \rightarrow slave) PDO mapping
- 3602_h for Modbus Tx (slave \rightarrow master) PDO mapping



Both objects contain an array of 16 entries each. Subindex 00 specifies the number of valid entries here.

Objects 3502_h and 3602_h can be written with messages with Modbus function code 2B_h.

9.7.2 Transfer

The data are written sequentially in the message without gaps and alignment.

If alignment is required (e.g., 16-bit alignment), additional "dummy objects" can be incorporated in the message. Dummy objects are only ever transferred with the data value "0". These objects are listed in the following table.

Index	Data type
0002 _h	Signed integer (8 bit)
0003 _h	Signed integer (16 bit)
0004 _h	Signed integer (32 bit)
0005 _h	Unsigned integer (8 bit)
0006 _h	Unsigned integer (16 bit)
0007 _h	Unsigned integer (32 bit)

Mapping is as follows:

- The PDO RX image begins at Modbus register address 6000_d (1770_h).
- The PDO TX image begins at Modbus register address 5000_d (1388_h).

Read/write access can be performed simultaneously with function code 17_h or with the 03_h , 04_h , 06_h , 10_h commands on the respective RX/TX images.

Example

The following objects are to be set in the mapping:

- **3602**_h:00_h = "6_h" (6 values are mapped)
- **3602**_h:01_h = "60410010_h" (object **6041**_h:00_h, length 16 bits is mapped)
- $3602_h:02_h = "00050008_h"$ (dummy object $0005_h:00_h$, length 8 bits is mapped)
- $3602_h:03_h = "60610008_h"$ (object $6061_h:00_h$, length 8 bits is mapped)
- 3602_h:04_h = "60640020_h" (object 6064_h:00_h, length 32 bits is mapped)
- $3602_h:05_h = "60440010_h"$ (object $6044_h:00_h$, length 16 bits is mapped)
- **3602**_h:06_h = "60FD0020_h" (object **60FD**_h:00_h, length 32 bits is mapped)

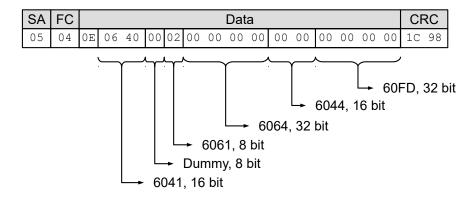
After the mapping for object $6061_h:00_h$, a dummy object is inserted so that the next object $6064_h:00_h$ can be aligned to 32 bit.

Rx message: The master sends the slave the following message:

SA	FC		Da	CF	RC		
05	04	13	88	00	07	34	E2

Tx message: The slave sends following response to the master:





9.8 NanoJ objects

NanoJ objects ${\bf 2400}_h$ NanoJ Input and ${\bf 2500}_h$ (NanoJ Output) are, like the process image, mapped to the Modbus register:

- 2500_h with 32 x 32 bit values is mapped to the Modbus register address beginning with 2000_d (BB8_h) and can only be read in this way.
- 2400_h with 32 x 32 bit values is mapped to the Modbus register address beginning with 3000_d (7D0_h) and can only be written in this way.

To access, commands with function codes 03_h , 04_h , 10_h and 17_h can be used. For purposes of data consistency, the restriction that the address must be 32-bit aligned and that at least 32 bits must always be written during a write operation applies.

Example

Request: The master sends the slave the following message:

SA	FC										[Data	a										CF	32
05	17	07				0B	В8	00	08	10	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	41	21
		0C	0 D	ΟE	UF																			

Reply: The slave sends the master the following response:

SA	FC								[Data	3								CF	RC
05	17	10	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	50	9D



10 Programming with NanoJ

NanoJ is a programming language similar to *C* or *C*++. NanoJ is integrated in the *Plug & Drive Studio* software. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at **us.nanotec.com**.

10.1 NanoJ program

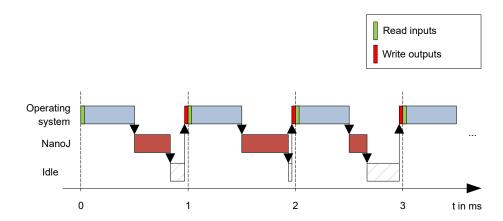
A *NanoJ program* makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a *NanoJ program* is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

If the NanoJ program was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted.

10.1.1 Available computing time

A NanoJ program receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only approx. 30% - 50% of computing time is available to the user program (depending on operating mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the yield() function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the yield() function.



If the *NanoJ program* needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.



Tip

When developing user programs, the runtime behavior must be carefully examined, especially for more time-intensive tasks. For example, it is therefore recommended that tables be used instead of calculating a sine value using a sin function.





Note

If the *NanoJ program* does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number 4 is entered in the statusword for object 2301_h ; in the error register for object 2302_h , the number 5 (timeout) is noted, see **2301h NanoJ Status** and **2302h NanoJ Error Code**.

10.1.2 Sandbox

Using processor-specific features, a so-called *sandbox* is generated. When used in the sandbox, a user program can only access specially assigned memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an *MPU Fault* and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

10.1.3 NanoJ program – communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- · Directly read and write OD values using system calls
- Call other system calls (e.g., write debug output)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via *PDO mapping*. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular C variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- Input mappings can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects 2310_h , 2320_h , and 2330_h . Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.

Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in *NanoJEasy* via the specification of the *linker section*.

10.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

When executing a cycle, the *NanoJ program* essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

- 1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
- 2. Execute a user program
- 3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary

The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.

In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via system calls. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in In/Out/InOut).



Tip

Nanotec recommends: Map OD entries that are used and changed frequently and use system calls to access OD entries that are used less frequently.



A list of available system calls can be found in chapter System calls in a NanoJ program.



Tip

Nanotec recommends accessing a given OD value either by mapping or using a system call with od write(). If both are used simultaneously, the system call has no effect.

10.1.5 NanoJ program - OD entries

The *NanoJ program* is controlled and configured in object range 2300_h to 2330_h (see **2300h NanoJ Control**).

OD-Index	Name and description
2300 _h	2300h NanoJ Control
2301 _h	2301h NanoJ Status
2302 _h	2302h NanoJ Error Code
2310 _h	2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection
2320 _h	2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection
2330 _h	2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Example:

To start the TEST1.USR user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Check entry 2302_h for error code.
- If no error:
 Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300_h, bit 0 = "1".



Note

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

Check entry 2302_h for error code and object 2301_h, bit 0 = "1".

To stop a running program: write entry 2300_h with bit 0 value = "0".

10.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction #include "wrapper.h"
- the void user() {} function

The code to be executed can be stored in the void user() function.



Note

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main.cpp is permissible, file name alongFileName.cpp is not permissible.





Note

In NanoJ programs, global variables may only be initialized within functions. It then follows:

- No new operator
- No constructors
- · No initialization of global variables outside of functions

Examples:

The global variable is to be initialized within the void user() function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user() {
  i = 1;
  i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment is not correct:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
void user() {
  i += 1;
}
```

10.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object 2500_h:01_h.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"
// user program
void user()
  U16 counter = 0;
  while(1)
    ++counter;
    if( counter < 100 )</pre>
    InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
    else if ( counter < 200 )
     InOut.outputReg1 = 1;
    else
      counter = 0;
    // yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
    for (U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
      yield();
}// eof
```

You can find other examples at us.nanotec.com.

10.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program

With this method, a variable in the *NanoJ program* is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the #include "wrapper.h" instruction. A comment is permitted above the mapping.





Tip

Nanotec recommends:

- Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e.g., *controlword* 6040_h or *statusword* 6041_h.
- The od_write() and od_read() functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see Accessing the object dictionary.

10.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

```
map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>
```

Where:

• <TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

<NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

<input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

<INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.

Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: *In*, *Out* or *InOut* depending on the defined write and read direction.

10.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
map U08 statusWord as input 0x6041:00
map U08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00

#include "wrapper.h"

void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  U08 tmpVar = In.statusword;
  InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
  [...]
}
```



10.2.3 Possible error at od write()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od_write() function (see **System calls in a NanoJ program**) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  [...]
  od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping überschrieben
  [...]
}
```

The line with the od_write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

- 1. The od_write function writes the value 5 in object $6040_h:00_h$.
- 2. At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object 6040_h:00_h, however, with the value 1.
- 3. From the perspective of the user, the od write command thus serves no purpose.

10.3 System calls in a NanoJ program

With system calls, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Because direct code execution is only possible in the protected area of the sandbox, this is implemented via so-called *Cortex-Supervisor-Calls* (Svc Calls). An interrupt is triggered when the function is called. The firmware thus has the possibility of temporarily allowing code execution outside of the sandbox. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism – for them, the system calls can be called up like normal C functions. Only the *wrapper.h* file needs to be integrated as usual.

10.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)

This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

index	Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary
value	Value to be written



Note

It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with yield() after calling a $od_write()$. The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with yield().

U32 od_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)

This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.



index	Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary
Output value	Content of the OD entry



Note

Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield().

Example

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```

10.3.2 Process control

```
void yield()
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

```
void sleep (U32 ms)
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.

mo	Time to be waited in milliseconds
ms	Time to be waited in milliseconds



11 Description of the object dictionary

11.1 Overview

This chapter contains a description of all objects.

You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- · Descriptions of bits
- Description of the object

11.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:

Function

The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

Object description

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "**Object description**"

Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "Value description"

Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "**Description**"

11.3 Object description

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:

Index

Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

Object name

The name of the object.

Object Code

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex
 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries – and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- RECORD: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of sub-entries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.



• VISIBLE_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1. These character strings are **not** terminated by a null character.

Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

Firmware version

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a
 value.

PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

11.4 Value description



Note

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.



Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

Name

Name of the sub-entry.

Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

Access

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a
 value.

PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

11.5 Description

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or subentry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

Example: The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7.

 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Example [4]				Example [2]		В	Α

Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.



Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value 00_b: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "0".
- Value 01_b: The description here applies if bit 2 is "0" and bit 3 is "1".
- Value 10_b: The description here applies if bit 2 is "1" and bit 3 is "0".
- Value 11_b: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "1".

В

Description of bit B; no length is specified for a single bit.

Α

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

1000h Device Type

Function

Describes the controller type.

Object description

Index	1000 _h
Object name	Device Type
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00060192 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Motor T	ype [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Device profile number [16]														

Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "1": Servo drive
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": Stepper motor

Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.

Values:



0192_h or 0402_d (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

1001h Error Register

Function

Error register: The corresponding error bit is set in case of an error. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.

Object description

Index	1001 _h
Object name	Error Register
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAN	RES	PROF	СОМ	TEMP	VOL	CUR	GEN

GEN

General error

CUR

Current

VOL

Voltage

TEMP

Temperature

COM

Communication

PROF

Relates to the device profile

RES

Reserved, always "0"

MAN

Manufacturer-specific: The motor turns in the wrong direction.



1003h Pre-defined Error Field

Function

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

Object description

Index 1003_h
Object name Pre-defined Error Field
Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED32
Savable no
Firmware version FIR-v1426
Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Errors
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Description

General function

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1. The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0. If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code = 08000024_h) is sent in response. If a "0" is written in subindex 0, counting starts again from the beginning.

Bit description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Error Number [8]										Error C	lass [8]			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Error Code [16]														

Error Number [8]

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

Error number	Description
0	Watchdog-Reset
1	Input voltage too high
2	Output current too high
3	Input voltage too low
4	Error at fieldbus
5	Motor turns – in spite of active block – in the wrong direction
6	CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send nodeguarding request
7	Encoder error due to electrical fault or defective hardware
8	Encoder error; index not found during the auto setup
9	Error in the AB track
10	Positive limit switch and tolerance zone exceeded
11	Negative limit switch and tolerance zone exceeded
12	Device temperature above 80°C
13	The values of object 6065 _h (Following Error Window) and object 6066 _h (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered.
14	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full; controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
15	Motor blocked
16	Warning: Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
17	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
18	Hall sensor faulty
19	CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error
20	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded



Error number	Description
21	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full; controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
22	Rated current must be set (203B _h :01 _h)
23	Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are incorrect.
24	Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters.
25	Internal software error, generic
26	Current too high at digital output
27	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length
28	EtherCAT only: The motor was stopped because EtherCAT switched state from OP to either SafeOP or PreOP without first stopping the motor.
30	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large

Error Class[8]

This byte is identical to object $\boldsymbol{1001}_h$

Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

Error Code	Description
1000 _h	General error
2300 _h	Current at the controller output too large
3100 _h	Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input
4200 _h	Temperature error within the controller
6010 _h	Software reset (watchdog)
6100 _h	Internal software error, generic
6320 _h	Rated current must be set (203B _h :01 _h)
7121 _h	Motor blocked
7305 _h	Incremental encoder or Hall sensor faulty
7600 _h	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for cleanup work
8000 _h	Error during fieldbus monitoring
8130 _h	CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error
8200 _h	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
8210 _h	CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error
8220 _h	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
8240 _h	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length
8400 _h	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
8611 _h	Position monitoring error: Following error too large
8612 _h	Position monitoring error: Limit switch and tolerance zone exceeded
9000 _h	EtherCAT only: The motor was stopped because EtherCAT switched state from OP to either SafeOP or PreOP without first stopping the motor.



1008h Manufacturer Device Name

Function

Contains the device name as character string.

Object description

Index 1008_h

Object name Manufacturer Device Name

no

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value NP5-02 Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version

Function

This object contains the hardware version as character string.

Object description

Index 1009_h

Object name Manufacturer Hardware Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

100Ah Manufacturer Software Version

Function

This object contains the software version as character string.

Object description

Index	100A _h
	11



Object name Manufacturer Software Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FIR-v1748-B538662

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

1010h Store Parameters

Function

This object is used to start the saving of objects. See chapter **Saving objects**.

Object description

Index 1010_h

Object name Store Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from

"Store Parameter" to "Store Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed

from 3 to 4.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 4 to 5.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed

from 5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 7 to 14.

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0D _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	0.4
	04 _h
Name	Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32
Data type	read / write
Access	
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0000001
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
- 10001 value	



Subindex	06 _h
Name	Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	09 _h
Name	Save Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0A _h
Name	Save CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	0B _h
Name	Save Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name Save Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 0D_h

Name Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value "65766173_h" must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011_d or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter Saving objects.

1011h Restore Default Parameters

Function

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values. See chapter **Saving objects**.

Object description

Index 1011_h

Object name Restore Default Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no



Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed

from 2 to 4.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 4 to 5.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default

Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default

Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed

from 5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 7 to 14.

Value description

Subindex	00 _h

Highest Sub-index Supported Name

UNSIGNED8 Data type Access read only PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value $0D_h$

Subindex 01_h

Restore All Default Parameters Name

UNSIGNED32 Data type Access read / write no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Restore Communication Default Parameters

no

Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h



Subindex	03 _h
Name	Restore Application Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	$\overline{04_{h}}$
Name	Restore Customer Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	TIO .
Preset value	00000001 _h
1 leset value	
Subindex	05
	05 _h
Name	Restore Drive Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0000004
Preset value	00000001 _h
0.1: 1	
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Restore Tuning Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Cultinale	0.7
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Restore Miscellaneous Configurations
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0000000
Preset value	00000000 _h
Outlindon	
Subindex	08 _h
Name Data type	Restore Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values	0000000	
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	09 _h	
Name	Restore Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	0A _h	
Name	Restore CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000001 _h	
Subindex	0B _h	
Name	Restore Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
71	na a d /ta	
Access	read / write	
	read / write no	
Access PDO mapping Allowed values		
PDO mapping	no	
PDO mapping Allowed values		
PDO mapping Allowed values	no	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	no 00000001 _h	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	no 00000001 _h 0C _h	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	no 00000001 _h 0C _h Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	00000001 _h OC _h Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	00000001 _h OC _h Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	00000001 _h OC _h Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	00000001 _h OCh Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	00000001 _h OCh Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	no 00000001 _h 0C _h Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 _h	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	no 00000001h OCh Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	no 00000001h 0Ch Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 0Dh Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	no 00000001h 0Ch Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 0Dh Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32	
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	no 00000001 _h OC _h Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 _h OD _h Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write	



Preset value	0000001 _h	

Description

If the value $64616F6C_h$ (or 1684107116_d or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter **Discarding the saved data**.

1018h Identity Object

Function

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.



Tip

Have these values ready in the event of service inquiries.

Object description

Index	1018 _h
Object name	Identity Object
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	IDENTITY
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Vendor-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Subindex	02 _h
Name	Product Code
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000056 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Revision Number
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06D40000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Serial Number
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

1020h Verify Configuration

Function

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.

A configuration tool or a master can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.

The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter **Saving objects**).

Object description

Index	1020 _h
Object name	Verify Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: verify
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540



Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Configuration Date
	UNSIGNED32
Data type	
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Configuration Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Description

Subindex 01_h (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984.

Subindex 02_h (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

1F50h Program Data

Function

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index	1F50 _h
Object name	Program Data
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	DOMAIN



Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 03_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Program Data Bootloader/firmware

no

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Subindex 02_h

Name Program Data NanoJ

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Subindex 03_h

Name Program Data DataFlash

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0



1F51h Program Control

Function

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index	1F51 _h
Object name	Program Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Program Control Bootloader/firmware
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	no .
Preset value	00 _h
Fleset value	
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Program Control NanoJ
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h



Subindex 03_h

Name Program Control DataFlash

Data type **UNSIGNED8** Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

1F57h Program Status

Function

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index 1F57_h

Object name **Program Status**

Object Code **ARRAY**

Data type **UNSIGNED32**

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

UNSIGNED8 Data type Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

 03_h Preset value

Subindex 01_{h}

Name Program Status Bootloader/firmware

UNSIGNED32 Data type Access read only no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h



Subindex 02_h

Name Program Status NanoJ

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Program Status DataFlash

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

2028h MODBUS Slave Address

Function

This object contains the slave address for Modbus. See chapter **Setting slave address and baud rate**

Object description

Index 2028_h

Object name MODBUS Slave Address

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: Modbus RTU

Access read / write

PDO mapping no
Allowed values 1-247
Preset value 05_h

Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU".

202Ah MODBUS RTU Baudrate

Function

This object contains the baud rate of the Modbus in Bd. See chapter **Setting slave address and baud rate** .



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Object description

202A_h Index Object name MODBUS RTU Baudrate Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: Modbus RTU Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00004B00_h FIR-v1436 Firmware version Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU".

202Ch MODBUS RTU Stop Bits

Function

This object contains the number of stop bits of the Modbus.

Object description

Index	202C _h
Object name	MODBUS RTU Stop Bits
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1436
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Description

The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity, which can be set in object 202D_h.

Number of stop bits	Value in object 202C _h
1	0
2	2



202Dh MODBUS RTU Parity

Function

For Modbus RTU, this object sets the number of parity bits and stop bits.

Object description

Index 202D_h

Object name MODBUS RTU Parity

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: Modbus RTU

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU".

Description

The following values apply:

• Value "0x00": Parity None, Stop Bits 2

• Value "0x04": Parity Even, Stop Bits 1

• Value "0x06": Parity Odd, Stop Bits 1

2030h Pole Pair Count

Function

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.

Object description

Index 2030_h

Object name Pole Pair Count
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000032_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: tuning".



2031h Maximum Current

Function

If l^2t monitoring is not active, the rms current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. If **Closed Loop** mode is used or if l^2t monitoring is activated, the maximum current value is specified here in mA.

Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.

Object description

Index	2031 _h
Object name	Maximum Current
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000258 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from "Peak Current" to "Max Current".

2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

Object description

Index	2034 _h
Object name	Upper Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000D2F0 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Description

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object 2034_h minus 2 volts).

2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

Object description

Index	2035 _h
Object name	Lower Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002710 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object 2035_h plus 2 volts.

2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

Function

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

Object description

Index	2036 _h
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

Function

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop (bit 3 in $3202_h = "1"$) and the motor is at a standstill.

Object description

Index	2037 _h
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFCE _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value of 2037_h greater than or equal to 0 and less than value 2031_h

Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

Value of 2037_h in the range from -1 to -100

The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in **2037**_h. The value in **2031**_h is used for the calculation.

Example: Object 2031_h has the value 4200 mA. The value -60 in 2037_h reduces the current by 60% of 2031_h . The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of 2031_h * (2037_h + 100) / 100 = 1680 mA.

The value -100 in **2037**_h would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA.



Note

If the rated current is greater than 0 in **203B**_h:01, the smaller of **2031**_h and **203B**_h:01 is used as the rated current for calculating the current reduction.

2038h Brake Controller Timing

Function

This object contains the times for the *brake control* in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.



Object description

Index 2038_h
Object name Brake Controller Timing
Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED32
Savable yes, category: application
Firmware version FIR-v1426
Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Close Brake Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Shutdown Power Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Open Brake Delay Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h



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0 1 : 1	~ 4
Subindex	04 _h

Name Start Operation Delay Time

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name PWM Frequency
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values between 0 and 2000 (7D0_h)

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 06_h

Name PWM Duty Cycle
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values 0, between 2 and 100 (64_h)

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- 02h: Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- 03_h: Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- 04_h: Time between the opening of the brake and when the Operation enabled state of the CiA 402
 Power State Machine is reached.
- 05_h: Frequency of the brake PWM in hertz.
- 06_h: Duty cycle of the brake PWM in percent.

2039h Motor Currents

Function

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA.

Object description

Index 2039_h

Object name Motor Currents

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32



Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00_{h}

Highest Sub-index Supported Name

UNSIGNED8 Data type read only Access PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Subindex 01_h Name Ιd

INTEGER32 Data type Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex 02_{h} Name I_q

Data type **INTEGER32** Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex 03_{h} Name Ιa

INTEGER32 Data type Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Subindex} & \text{04}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & \text{I_b} \end{array}$

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description



Note

Motor currents I_d (subindex 01_h) and I_q (subindex 02_h) are only displayed if **closed loop** was activated; the value 0 is otherwise output.

203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

Function

This object contains the parameters for Homing on Block (see chapter Homing)

Object description

Index 203A_h

Object name Homing On Block Configuration

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access

PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed

from 4 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of

Blocking" to "Block Detection time".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Minimum Current For Block Detection
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFBA _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Block Detection Time
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000C8 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA, negative numbers specify a percentage of object 2031_h:01_h. Example: The value "1000" corresponds to 1000 mA (= 1 A); the value "-70" corresponds to 70% of 2031_h.
- 02_h: Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.

203Bh I2t Parameters

Function

This object contains the parameters for I²t monitoring.

I²t monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in **203B**_h:01 and **203B**_h:02 (see **I2t Motor overload protection**).

With one exception, I²t monitoring can only be used for *closed loop* mode: If I²t is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of **203B**_h and **2031**_h.



Object description

Index 203B_h
Object name I2t Parameters
Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED32
Savable yes, category: tuning
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 7 to 8.

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Value description

Subindex 00h
Name Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value 07h

Subindex 01_h
Name Nominal Current

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Maximum Duration Of Peak Current

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h
Name Threshold
Data type UNSIGNED32



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	CalcValue
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	LimitedCurrent
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Status
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	ActualResistance
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	no
Preset value	00000000 _h
FIESEL VAIUE	սսսսսսս _ի

Description

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex 01_h and 02_h contain parameters for the control, subindices 03_h to 06_h are status values. The functions are as follows:

- 01_h: The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in object 2031_h, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- 02_h: Specifies the maximum duration of the peak current in ms.



- 03_h: Threshold, specifies the limit in mA that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 04_h: CalcValue, specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 05_h: LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by I²t.
- 06_h: Current status. If the sub-entry value is "0", I²t is deactivated; if the value is "1", I²t is activated.

203Dh Torque Window

Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object **6041**_h (statusword) is never set.

Object description

Index	203D _h
Object name	Torque Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

203Eh Torque Window Time Out

Function

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window" $(203D_h)$ for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

Object description

Index	203E _h
Object name	Torque Window Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h



Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Torque Window Time" to "Torque Window Time Out".

203Fh Max Slippage Time Out

Function

Time in milliseconds until an excessively large slippage error in **Profile Velocity** mode results in an error message.

Object description

Index 203F_h

Object name Max Slippage Time Out

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object **6041**_h is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object **203F**_h.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object **3700**_h. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object **1003**_h.

2056h Limit Switch Tolerance Band

Function

Specifies how far a limit switch may be passed over in the positive or negative direction before the controller triggers an error.

This tolerance band is necessary, for example, to complete homing operations – in which limit switches can be actuated – error free.

Object description

Index 2056_h

Object name Limit Switch Tolerance Band

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32



Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

Function

The clock count value in **Clock-direction mode** is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

Object description

Index2057hObject nameClock Direction MultiplierObject CodeVARIABLEData typeINTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000080_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2058h Clock Direction Divider

Function

The clock count value in **Clock-direction mode** is divided by this value before it is processed further.

Object description

Index 2058_h

Object name Clock Direction Divider

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



2059h Encoder Configuration

Function

This object can be used to switch the supply voltage and the type of encoder.

Object description

Index 2059_h

Object name Encoder Configuration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														TYPE	

TYPE

Defines the type of encoder. For a differential encoder, the bit must have the value "0". For a single-ended encoder, the bit must be set to "1".

205Ah Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)

Function



Tip

This object only has a function when using an absolute encoder. If an absolute encoder is not used, the value is always 0.

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in **user-defined units**) can be read from this object.

Object description

Index 205A_h

Object name Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)



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Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1446

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00

changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Encoder Boot Value" to "Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User

Units)".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

Function

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value = "0") to the **right/left rotation mode** (value = "1").

Object description

Index 205B_h

Object name Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1504

Change history

2084h Bootup Delay

Function

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

Object description

Index 2084_h

Object name Bootup Delay



Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

Function

Shows the available fieldbuses.

Object description

Index 2101_h

Object name Fieldbus Module Availability

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

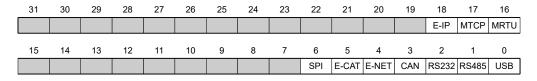
Preset value 00010002_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability".

Description

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).



USB

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

RS-485

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

RS-232

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.



CAN

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

E-NET

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

E-CAT

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.

MRTU

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

MTCP

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP.

E-IP

Value = "1": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP™.

2102h Fieldbus Module Control

Function

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).

Object description

Index 2102_h

Object name Fieldbus Module Control

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & 00010002_{h} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1540} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

Description

Object 2103_h : 1_h contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object (2102_h) . The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object 2103_h : 2_h .

The following distribution of the bits applies here:



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

USB interface

RS-485

RS-485 interface

RS-232

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

E-NET

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP[™] protocol

2103h Fieldbus Module Status

Function

Shows the active fieldbuses.

Object description

Index 2103_h

Object name Fieldbus Module Status

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value



Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Fieldbus Module Disable Mask
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Subindex	02 _h
Name	Fieldbus Module Enabled
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00010002 _h

Description

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. A value "1" means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.

Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The value "1" means that that the fieldbus is active.

The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

USB interface



RS-485

RS-485 interface

RS-232

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

E-NET

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP[™] protocol

2300h NanoJ Control

Function

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.

Object description

Index 2300_h

Object name NanoJ Control
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

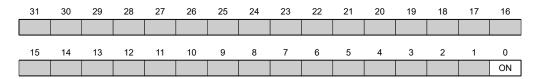
Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Control" to "NanoJ Control".



Description



ON

Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").

With a rising edge in bit 0, the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.



Note

Startup of the NanoJ program can take up to 200 ms.

2301h NanoJ Status

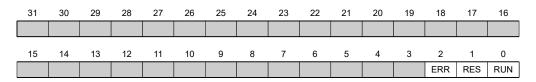
Function

Indicates the operating state of the user program.

Object description

Index	2301 _h
Object name	NanoJ Status
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Status" to "NanoJ Status".

Description



RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.



RES

Reserved.

ERR

Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object 2302h.

2302h NanoJ Error Code

Function

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.

Object description

Index	2302 _h
Object name	NanoJ Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Error Code" to "NanoJ Error Code".

Description

Error codes during program execution:

Number	Description
0000 _h	Not an error
0001 _h	Firmware does not (yet) support the used function
0002 _h	Not or incorrectly initialized pointer
0003 _h	Impermissible access to system resource
0004 _h	Hard fault (internal error)
0005 _h	Code executed too long without yield() or sleep()
0006 _h	Impermissible access to system resource
0007 _h	Too many variables on the stack
0100 _h	Invalid NanoJ program file

Error when accessing an object:



Number	Description
1xxxxyy _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should – but cannot – be mapped.
1000 _h	Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary
1001 _h	Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD
1002 _h	Internal file system error

File system error codes when loading the user program:

Number	Description
10002 _h	Internal file system error
10003 _h	Storage medium not ready
10004 _h	File not found
10005 _h	Folder not found
10006 _h	Invalid file name/folder name
10008 _h	Access of file not possible
10009 _h	File/directory object is invalid
1000A _h	Storage medium is read-only
1000B _h	Drive number is invalid
1000C _h	Working range of the drive is invalid
1000D _h	No valid file system on the drive
1000E _h	Creation of the file system failed
1000F _h	Access not possible within the required time
10010 _h	Access was rejected

230Fh Uptime Seconds

Function

This object contains the operating time in seconds since the last time the controller was started.



Note

This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on.

Object description

Index	230F _h
Object name	Uptime Seconds
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h



Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history

2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

Object description

Index 2310_h

Object name NanoJ Input Data Selection

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

Allowed values

PDO mapping

Preset value 10_h

Subindex 01_h - 10_h

Name Mapping #1 - #16
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping no



Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]				

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the *NanoJ program* after it is executed.

Object description

Index	2320 _h
Object name	NanoJ Output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 _h

Subindex	01 _h - 10 _h
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]								Leng	th [8]					

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.

Object description

Index	2330 _h
Object name	NanoJ In/output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY



Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM In/output Data Selection" to "NanoJ In/output Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 _h

01 _h - 10 _h
Mapping #1 - #16
UNSIGNED32
read only
no
0000000 _h
_

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]				

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.



Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2400h NanoJ Inputs

Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

Object description

Index	2400 _h
Object name	NanoJ Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33.
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N#" to "NanoJ Input N#".

Value description

Subindex	00_{h}
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Name	NanoJ Input #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h



Description

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the NanoJ program.

2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

Function

This object functions identically to object ${\bf 2400}_h$ with the difference that this object can be stored.

Object description

Index	2410 _h
Object name	NanoJ Init Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Value description

Name Highest Sub-index Supported Data type UNSIGNED8 Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 20h Subindex 01h - 20h Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 00000000h	Subindex	00 _h
Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 20h Subindex 01h - 20h Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values	Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 20h Subindex Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values NanoJ Mare RX-PDO RX-PDO Allowed values	Data type	UNSIGNED8
Allowed values Preset value 20h Subindex 01h - 20h Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping Allowed values	Access	read only
Preset value 20h Subindex 01h - 20h Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping Allowed values	PDO mapping	no
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Allowed values	
Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values	Preset value	20 _h
Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values		
Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32 Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values	0.11.1	
Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values	Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values	Name	NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32
PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values	Data type	INTEGER32
Allowed values	Access	read / write
Preset value 00000000 _b	PDO mapping	RX-PDO
	., •	RX-PDO



2500h NanoJ Outputs

Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

Object description

Index	2500 _h
Object name	NanoJ Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Output N#" to "NanoJ Output N#".

Value description

Subindex

Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindey	01 20.
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Subindex Name	01 _h - 20 _h NanoJ Output #1 - #32
Name	NanoJ Output #1 - #32
Name Data type	NanoJ Output #1 - #32 INTEGER32
Name Data type Access	NanoJ Output #1 - #32 INTEGER32 read / write

Description

Here, the NanoJ program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.

 00_{h}

2600h NanoJ Debug Output

Function

This object contains debug output of a user program.



Object description

Index 2600_h

Object name NanoJ Debug Output

Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Subindex} & & & \text{O1}_{\text{h}} \text{-} 40_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{Value #1 - #64} \\ \text{Data type} & & \text{UNSIGNED8} \\ \text{Access} & & \text{read only} \end{array}$

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Description

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the VmmDebugOutputString(), VmmDebugOutputInt() and similar functions.

2701h Customer Storage Area

Function

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.

Object description

Index 2701_h

Object name Customer Storage Area

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32



Savable yes, category: customer

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FE_h

Subindex 01_h - FE_h

Name Storage #1 - #254
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

Function

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered and the short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode switched off and on.

Object description

Index 2800_h

Object name Bootloader And Reboot Settings

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540



Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Reboot Command
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Reboot Delay Time In Ms
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Bootloader HW Config
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h : If the value "746F6F62 $_h$ " is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- 02_h: Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- 03_h: Bit 0 can be used to switch short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode off and on:
 - Bit 0 = 1: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched off.



Bit 0 = 0: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched on.

3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

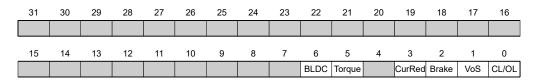
Function

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between *closed loop / open loop* and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in *closed loop*.

Object description

Index	3202 _h
Object name	Motor Drive Submode Select
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: movement".

Description



CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop

Value = "0": open loopValue = "1": closed loop

VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes

Brake

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control

CurRed (Current Reduction)

Value = "1": Current reduction activated in open loop

Torque

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque



Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object 6080_h is ignored; 3210_h :3 and 3210_h :4 have no effect on the control.

BLDC

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

3203h Feedback Selection

Function

In this object, the sources of the presets are defined for the commutation and the speed and position control.

Object description

Index	3203 _h
Object name	Feedback Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
-	
Subindex	01 _h
Name	1st Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h



Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	3rd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	4th Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n contains a bit mask for the respective feedback n. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", feedback n is used for position control.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", feedback n is used for speed control.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", feedback n is used for the commutation in Closed Loop.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

Which feedback the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, speed, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the feedbacks.

The search always begins with feedback 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing productspecific feedbacks have been queried. If a feedback is found whose parameterization is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.



Note

If bit 0 in 3202_h is set to 0, *closed loop* is deactivated; bit 2 (commutation) then has no meaning. Bit 1 for the speed and bit 0 for the position in the respective subindicies are still used for the display of the actual position and speed values.



3204h Feedback Mapping

Function

This object contains information on the existing feedbacks.

Object description

Index 3204_{h} Object name Feedback Mapping Object Code **ARRAY UNSIGNED16** Data type Savable no Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662 Change history

Value description

Cubinday	00
Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	3380 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Index Of 2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	3390 _h



Subindex	03 _h
Name	Index Of 3rd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	33A0 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Index Of 4th Feedback Interface
Data toma	LINICIONEDAC

Name Index Of 4th Feedback Interface

Data type UNSIGNED16

Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 33A1_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n refers to the index of the respective object for the configuration of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

Function

Contains the P and I components of the current, speed and position controllers for *open loop* (only current controller activated) and *closed loop*.

Object description

Version: 1.0.2 / FIR-v1748

Index	3210 _h
Object name	Motor Drive Parameter Set
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_P" to "Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

"Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_I" to

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Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_P" to "Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_I" to "Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_P" to "Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_I" to "Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 11 to 13.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 to 0A changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0C _h

Subindex 01_h

Name Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000800 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002EE0 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001E _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000668A0 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



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Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	07 _h Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 000668A0 _h 08 _h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO							
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 000668A0h 08h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 000668A0h 08h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read / write RX-PDO 000668A0h 08h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	000668A0 _h 08 _h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	000668A0 _h 08 _h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	08 _h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	08 _h Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	UNSIGNED32 read / write							
Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read / write							
PDO mapping Allowed values								
Allowed values	RX-PDO							
Preset value								
	00002EE0 _h							
Subindex	09 _h							
Name	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop)							
	UNSIGNED32							
Data type	read / write							
Access								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values	00004000							
Preset value	0003A980 _h							
Subindex	OA_h							
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000AFC8 _h							
Subindex	0B _h							
Name	Velocity Feed Forward Factor In Per Mille							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value								
Subindex	000003E8 _h							



Name Acceleration Feed Forward Factor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 02_h: Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 03_h: Proportional component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 04_h: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 05_h: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 06_h: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 07_h: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 08_h: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 09_n: (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex 0A_h: (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 0B_h: (Closed loop) Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 0Ch: (Closed loop) Acceleration feed forward. Default is 0 (feed forward inactive). It
 applies during deceleration as well.

3212h Motor Drive Flags

Function

This object is used to specify whether or not **auto setup** is to adapt the controller parameters. The direction of the rotating field can also be changed.



Note

Changes in subindex 02_h do not take effect until after the controller is restarted. Afterwards, **Auto setup** must again be performed.

Object description

Index 3212_h

Object name Motor Drive Flags

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only



PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 2 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from

"Enable Legacy Power Mode" to "Reserved".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 03_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Reserved
Data type INTEGER8
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Override Field Inversion

no

Data type INTEGER8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Do Not Touch Controller Settings

Data type INTEGER8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h



Description

Valid values for subindex 02h:

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex 03_h:

- Value = "0": **Auto setup** detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform auto setup with the values for the controller that were entered in object 3210_h before the auto setup; the values in 3210_h are not changed.

3220h Analog Inputs

Function

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in digits.

With object 3221_h, the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input.

Object description

Index	3220 _h
Object name	Analog Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h



Subindex	02 _h
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h

Description

Formulas for converting from [digits] to the respective unit:

Voltage input: x digits * 3.3 V / 1024 digits
Current input: x digits * 20 mA / 1024 digits

3221h Analogue Inputs Control

Function

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement.

Object description

Index	3221 _h
Object name	Analogue Inputs Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														AC2	AC1

In general: If a bit is set to the value "0", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

AC1

Setting for analog input 1



AC2

Setting for analog input 2

3225h Analogue Inputs Switches

Function

This object contains the value of the virtualrotary switch that is used to configure the address of the controller . The switch position is only read during a restart one time.

Object description

Index	3225 _h
Object name	Analogue Inputs Switches
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1436
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input Switch1
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
PDO mapping Allowed values	TX-PDO



Description

If the controller is equipped with a rotary switch, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex 01_h . If the controller is equipped with two rotary switches, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex 01_h , which consists of switch 1 and 2.

3231h Flex IO Configuration

Function

Defines how the pins (inputs/outputs 1 ... 4) of the device are used.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
												Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1

- Subindex 01_h Output Mask: This bit mask defines whether the pin is used as input or output:
 - Bit = "0": Pin is input (default)
 - Bit = "1": Pin is output
- Subindex 02_h *Pullup Mask*: This bit mask defines whether the pin is a *pullup* or *pulldown*:
 - Bit = "0": Pin is *pulldown* (default)
 - Bit = "1": Pin is *pullup*



Tip

Subindex 02_h is only active for the pin if it is defined as an input via subindex 01_h.

Example for subindex 01_h : Pin 2 and pin 3 are to be outputs, value = "6" (=0110 $_b$)

Object description

Index	3231 _h
Object name	Flex IO Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Output Mask
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Pullup Mask
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

3240h Digital Inputs Control

Function

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

Object description

Index 3240_h

Object name Digital Inputs Control

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01_h: "Name" entry changed

from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 8 to 9.

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no



Allowed values		
Preset value	08 _h	
Subindex	01 _h	
Name	Special Function Enable	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
	, and a second s	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Function Inverted	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	Force Enable	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
0.1:-1:		
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	Force Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values	0000000	
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	Raw Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	



Subindex	06 _h
Name	Input Range Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Differential Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

The subindices have the following function:

• **3240**_h:01_h (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- · Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- · Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- · Bit 2: Home switch

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in 3240_h :01_h must be set to "1".

- **3240**_h:02_h (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object **60FD**_h) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
 - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- **3240**_h:03_h (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object **3240**_h:04_h, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.



- **3240**_h:04_h (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object **3240**_h:03_h.
- **3240**_h:05_h (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.

3242h Digital Input Routing

Function

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in 60FD_h.

 00_{h}

Object description

Index	3242 _h
Object name	Digital Input Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	

Value description

Subindex

Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24 _h
Cubinday	
Subindex	()1 _h - 24 _h
Subindex Name	01 _h - 24 _h Input Source #1 - #36
Name	Input Source #1 - #36
Name Data type	Input Source #1 - #36 UNSIGNED8
Name Data type Access	Input Source #1 - #36 UNSIGNED8 read / write

Description

Subindex 01_h contains the source for bit 0 of object **60FD**. Subindex 02_h contains the source for bit 1 of object **60FD** and so on.



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The number that is written in a subindex determines the source for the corresponding bit. The following table lists all possible signal sources.

Numbe	r	
dec	hex	Signal source
00	00	Signal is always 0
01	01	Physical input 1
02	02	Physical input 2
03	03	Physical input 3
04	04	Physical input 4
05	05	Physical input 5
06	06	Physical input 6
07	07	Physical input 7
80	08	Physical input 8
09	09	Physical input 9
10	0A	Physical input 10
11	0B	Physical input 11
12	0C	Physical input 12
13	0D	Physical input 13
14	0E	Physical input 14
15	0F	Physical input 15
16	10	Physical input 16
65	41	Hall input "U"
66	42	Hall input "V"
67	43	Hall input "W"
68	44	Encoder input "A"
69	45	Encoder input "B"
70	46	Encoder input "Index"
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"



Numbe	r	
dec	hex	Signal source
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"

3243h Digital Input Homing Capture

Function

With this object, the encoder position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at the digital input that is used for the home switch.

Object description

·	
Index	3243 _h
Object name	Digital Input Homing Capture
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Control
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h



Subindex	02 _h
Name	Capture Count
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Sensor Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

- Subindex 01_h: This is used to select the type of level change:
 - Deactivate function: Value "0"
 - With rising edge: Value "1"
 - With falling edge: Value "2"
 - Both edges: Value "3"
- Subindex 02_h: Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is reset to 0 if subindex 01_h is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex 03_h: Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from **6064**_h)
- Subindex 04_h: Encoder position of the level change

3250h Digital Outputs Control

Function

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter " **Digital inputs and outputs**".

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.



Object description

Index 3250_h

Object name Digital Outputs Control

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01_h: "Name" entry changed

from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"

Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special

Function Enable" to "No Function".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 6 to 9.

Value description

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 08_h

Subindex 01_h

Name No Function

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Function Inverted
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Force Enable
Data type UNSIGNED32



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Force Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Reserved1
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Reserved2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value	0000000 _h
i icaci valuc	ooooooon

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: No function.
- 02_h: This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).
- 03_h: This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex 4_h.
- 04_h: This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value "0" returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- 05_h: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.

3252h Digital Output Routing

Function

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with 60FE_h.

Object description

Index	3252 _h
Object name	Digital Output Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 _h

Subindex	01 _h	
Name	Output Control #1	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	



PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	1080 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Output Control #2
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0090 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Output Control #3
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0091 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Output Control #4
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0092 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Output Control #5
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0093 _h

3320h Read Analogue Input

Function

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.



Object description

Index	3320 _h
Object name	Read Analogue Input
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

The user-defined units are made up of offset (3321_h) and pre-scaling value (3322_h). If both object entries are still set to the default values, the value in 3320_h is specified in the "ADC digits" unit.

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits * 3.3 V / 1024 digits
- Current input: x digits * 20 mA / 1024 digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:



• Subindex 00_h: Number of analog inputs

• Subindex 01_h: Analog value 1

• Subindex 02_h: Analog value 2

3321h Analogue Input Offset

Function

Offset that is added to the read analog value (3320h) before dividing by the divisor from object 3322h.

Object description

Index	3321 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

00 _h
Number Of Analogue Inputs
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
02 _h
01 _h
Analogue Input 1
INTEGER32
read / write
no
0000000 _h
02 _h
Analogue Input 2
INTEGER32
read / write
no
00000000 _h



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Description

• Subindex 00_h: Number of offsets

Subindex 01_h: Offset for analog input 1

• Subindex 02_h: Offset for analog input 2

3322h Analogue Input Pre-scaling

Function

Value by which the read analog value (3320_h, 3321_h) is divided before it is written in object 3320_h.

Object description

Index	3322 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Pre-scaling
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	All values permitted except 0
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	All values permitted except 0
Preset value	00000001 _h



The subindices contain:

- Subindex 00_h: Number of divisors
- Subindex 01_h: Divisor for analog input 1
- Subindex 02_h: Divisor for analog input 2

3390h Feedback Hall

Function

Contains configuration values for the Hall sensors. The values are determined by the **Auto setup**.

Object description

Index	3390 _h
Object name	Feedback Hall
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	$0C_h$
Subindex	01 _h
Name	1st Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Alignment



Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	3rd Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	4th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	5th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	06 _h	
Name	6th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	07 _h	
Name	7th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	



Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
	3334	
Subindex	08 _h	
Name	8th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	09 _h	
Name	9th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	0A _h	
Name	10th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
0.13.4		
Subindex	0B _h	
Name	11th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values	0000	
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	0C _h	
Name	 12th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values	- -	
Preset value	0000 _h	



33A0h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1

Function

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the **Auto setup**.

Object description

Index	33A0 _h
Object name	Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Configuration
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h



The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
 - Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index found and is to be used.
 - Bit 15: Value = "1": The encoder is a single-turn absolute encoder.
- 01_h (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the electric field.

The exact determination is only possible via **auto setup**. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed loop* mode with encoder.

33A1h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 2

Function

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the **Auto setup**.

Object description

Index	33A1 _h
Object name	Feedback Incremental A/B/I 2
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B533384
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h	
Name	Configuration	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	



Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
 - Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index found and is to be used.
- 01_h (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the electric field.

The exact determination is only possible via **auto setup**. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed loop* mode with encoder.

3502h MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.

Object description

Index	3502 _h
Object name	MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed from "MODBUS Rx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported



Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 08 _h Subindex 01 _h Name Value #1 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60400010 _h Subindex 02 _h Name Value #2 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00050008 _h Subindex 03 _h Name Value #3 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00050008 _h Subindex 03 _h Name Value #3 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60600008 _h Subindex 04 _h Name Value #4 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60600008 _h Subindex 04 _h Name Value #4 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 32020020 _h	Data tura	LINICIONEDO	
PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 08h Subindex 01h Name Value #1 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60400010h Subindex 02h Name Value #2 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00050008h Subindex 02h Name Value #2 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00050008h Subindex 03h Name Value #3 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60600008h Subindex 04h Name Value #3 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60600008h Subindex 04h Name Value #4 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 406000008h Subindex 04h Name Value #4 Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 32020020h	Data type	UNSIGNED8	
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	Name Data type Access	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write	
	Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write	
0.11.1	Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write no	
Subinaex U5 _h	Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write no	
Name Value #5	Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write no	
Data type UNSIGNED32	Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write no 32020020h	
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1000 FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE P	Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	Value #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write no 32020020h 05h Value #5 UNSIGNED32	



Allowed values		
Preset value	607A0020 _h	
Subindex	06 _h	
Name	Value #6	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60810020 _h	
Subindex	07 _h	
Name	Value #7	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60420010 _h	
Subindex	08 _h	
Name	Value #8	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60FE0120 _h	
Subindex	09 _h	
Name	Value #9	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	0A _h	
Name	Value #10	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	



Subindex	0B _h	
Name	Value #11	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	${}^{\circ}$ 0C _h	
Name	Value #12	
	UNSIGNED32	
Data type Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values	0000000	
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	$0D_h$	
Name	Value #13	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	0E _h	
Name	Value #14	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	0F _h	
Name	Value #15	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	10 _h	
Name	Value #16	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

3602h MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

no

Object description

Index 3602_h

Object name MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed

from "MODBUS Tx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 06_h

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Subindex} & & \text{01}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{Value #1} \end{array}$

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60410010_h

Subindex 02_h



Name	Value #2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00050008_h

Subindex	03 _h
Name	Value #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
DDO manning	no

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60610008_h

Subindex	04 _h
Name	Value #4
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no

Allowed values

Preset value 60640020_h

Subindex	05 _h	
Name	Value #5	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		

Preset value 60440010_h

Subindex	06 _h	
Name	Value #6	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60FD0020 _h	

 Subindex
 07h

 Name
 Value #7

 Data type
 UNSIGNED32

 Access
 read / write



PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	08 _h	
Name	Value #8	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	09 _h	
Name	Value #9	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	0A _h	
Name	Value #10	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	$0B_h$	
Name	Value #11	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	0C _h	
Name	Value #12	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	



Subindex	OD_h	
Name	Value #13	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	0E _h	
Name	Value #14	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	0F _h	
Name	Value #15	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	10 _h	
Name	Value #16	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	

3700h Deviation Error Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following or slippage error is triggered.

Object description

Index	3700 _h
Object name	Deviation Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application



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Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FFFF_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Following Error Option Code" to "Deviation Error Option Code".

Description

Value	Description
-327682	Reserved
-1	No reaction
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

4012h HW Information

Function

This object contains information about the hardware.

Object description

Index	4012 _h
Object name	HW Information
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Subindex 01_h

Name EEPROM Size In Bytes

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value "0" means that no EEPROM is connected.

4013h HW Configuration

Function

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

Object description

Index 4013_h

Object name HW Configuration

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 01_h



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Subindex 01_h

Name HW Configuration #1
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Bit 0: reserved

4014h Operating Conditions

Function

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

Object description

Index 4014_h

Object name Operating Conditions

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 4 to 6.

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only



PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	05 _h	
Subindex	01 _h	
Name	Voltage UB Power [mV]	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Voltage UB Logic [mV]	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	Temperature Motor [Celsius * 10]	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	Temperature Microcontroller Chip [Celsius * 10]	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	



The subindices contain:

- 01_h: Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]
- 02_h: Current logic voltage in [mV]
- 03_h: Current temperature of the control board in [d°C] (tenths of degree)
- 04_h: Reserves
- 05_h: Reserves

4040h Drive Serial Number

Function

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

Object description

Index	4040 _h
Object name	Drive Serial Number
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	

4041h Device Id

Function

This object contains the ID of the device.

Object description

Index	4041 _h
Object name	Device Id
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	OCTET_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	



603Fh Error Code

Function

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.

It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object 1003_h . For the description of the error codes, refer to object 1003_h .

Object description

Index	603F _h
Object name	Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

For the meaning of the error, see object 1003_h (Pre-defined Error Field).

6040h Controlword

Function

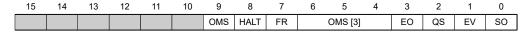
This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Object description

Index	6040 _h
Object name	Controlword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.



SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

EV (Enable Voltage)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

EO (Enable Operation)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state

OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

FR (Fault Reset)

Resets an error (if possible)

HALT

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

6041h Statusword

Function

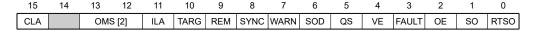
This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Object description

Index	6041 _h
Object name	Statusword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode. Refer to the corresponding section in chapter **Operating modes**.



RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

OE (Operation Enabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state

FAULT

Error occurred

VE (Voltage Enabled)

Voltage applied

QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning

SYNC (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = "0": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

REM (Remote)

Remote (value of the bit is always "1")

TARG

Target reached

ILA (Internal Limit Active)

Limit exceeded

OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

CLA (Closed Loop Active)

Value = "1": The controller is in the *Operation enabled* state and the **Closed Loop** is activated.

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 _h)	State	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on	



Statusword (6041 _h)	State
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

6042h VI Target Velocity

Function

Specifies the target speed in **user-defined units** for **Velocity** mode.

Object description

Index	6042 _h
Object name	VI Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00C8 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

6043h VI Velocity Demand

Function

Speed specification in **user-defined units** for the controller in **Velocity** mode.

Object description

Index	6043 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

Function

Specifies the current actual speed in user-defined units in Velocity mode.

Object description

Index	6044 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

Function

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6046 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Min Max Amount
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h



Name MinAmount
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name MaxAmount

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00004E20_h

Description

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.

Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.

If the value of the target speed (object 6042_h) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statusword_h is set.

A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in **6041h Statusword**_h is set.

6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

Function

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

Object description

Index	6048 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Acceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_{h}

Name DeltaSpeed Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4_h

Subindex 02_h

Name DeltaTime **UNSIGNED16** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO**

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_{h}

Description

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

Function

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

Object description

Index 6049_h

VI Velocity Deceleration Object name

Object Code **RECORD**

VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION Data type

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	

Description

Preset value

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

 0001_{h}

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

Function

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in **Velocity Mode**.

Object description

Indov	6044
Index	604A _h

Object name VI Velocity Quick Stop

Object Code RECORD

Data type VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION



Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex 01_{h} Name DeltaSpeed **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 00001388_h

Subindex 02_h Name DeltaTime **UNSIGNED16** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values

 0001_{h} Preset value

Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

RX-PDO

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

604Ch VI Dimension Factor

Function

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with **Velocity Mode**.



Object description

Index	604C _h
Object name	VI Dimension Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	VI Dimension Factor Numerator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	VI Dimension Factor Denominator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

Subindex 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the denominator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).



605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** to the *Quick Stop* state.

Object description

Index	605A _h
Object name	Quick Stop Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
3 32767	Reserved

605Bh Shutdown Option Code

Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Ready to switch on* state.

Object description

Index	605B _h
Object name	Shutdown Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
2 32767	Reserved

605Ch Disable Option Code

Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Switched on* state.

Object description

605C _h
Disable Option Code
VARIABLE
INTEGER16
yes, category: application
read / write
no
0001 _h
FIR-v1426

Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
2 32767	Reserved



605Dh Halt Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword 6040_h.

Object description

	0050
Index	605D _h
Object name	Halt Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

605Eh Fault Option Code

Function

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.

Object description

Index	605E _h
Object name	Fault Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 _h



Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

6060h Modes Of Operation

Function

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.

Object description

Index	6060 _h
Object name	Modes Of Operation
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Description

Mode	Description
-2	Auto setup
-1	Clock-direction mode
0	No mode change/no mode assigned
1	Profile Position Mode
2	Velocity Mode
3	Profile Velocity Mode
4	Profile Torque Mode
5	Reserved



Mode	Description
6	Homing Mode
7	Interpolated Position Mode
8	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
9	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
10	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

6061h Modes Of Operation Display

Function

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

Object description

	0004
Index	6061 _h
Object name	Modes Of Operation Display
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

6062h Position Demand Value

Function

Indicates the current demand position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6062 _h
Object name	Position Demand Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



6063h Position Actual Internal Value

Function

Contains the current rotary encoder position in increments. Unlike objects **6062**_h and **6064**_h, this value is not set to "0" following a **Homing** operation.



Note

If the encoder resolution in object $608F_h = 0$, the numerical values of this object are invalid.

Object description

Index	6063 _h
Object name	Position Actual Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

6064h Position Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6064 _h
Object name	Position Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



6065h Following Error Window

Function

Defines the maximum allowed **following error** in **user-defined units** symmetrically to the **demand position**.

Object description

Index 6065_h

Object name Following Error Window

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000100_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object **6041**_h is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object **6066**_h.

If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFFF"_h, following error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object 3700_h . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object 1003_h .

6066h Following Error Time Out

Function

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

Object description

Index 6066_h

Object name Following Error Time Out

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object 6065_h is exceeded, bit 13 in object 6041_h is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object $\bf 3700_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\bf 1003_h$.

6067h Position Window

Function

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes **Profile Position** and **Interpolated Position Mode**.

Object description

Index	6067 _h
Object name	Position Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000A _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object 6041_h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6066_h .

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, monitoring is switched off.

6068h Position Window Time

Function

The current position must be within the "Position Window" (6067_h) for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the **Profile Position** and **Interpolated Position Mode** modes.



Object description

Index 6068_h

Object name Position Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object 6067_h , bit 10 in object 6041_h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6066_h .

606Bh Velocity Demand Value

Function

Speed specification in user-defined units for the controller in Profile Velocity Mode.

Object description

Index 606B_h

Object name Velocity Demand Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the speed controller.



606Ch Velocity Actual Value

Function

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	606C _h
Object name	Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

606Dh Velocity Window

Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the **Profile Velocity** mode.

Object description

Index	606D _h
Object name	Velocity Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	001E _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object 6041_h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6066_h (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).



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606Eh Velocity Window Time

Function

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" (606D_h) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

Object description

Index 606E_h

Object name Velocity Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object **606D**_h, bit 10 in object **6041**_h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object **6066** (see also **statusword in Profile Velocity Mode**).

6071h Target Torque

Function

This object contains the target torque for the **Profile Torque** and **Cyclic Synchronous Torque** modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Object description

Index 6071_h

Object name Target Torque
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $203B_{h}$:01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031_b).

6072h Max Torque

Function

The object describes the maximum torque for the **Profile Torque** and **Cyclic Synchronous Torque** modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Object description

Index	6072 _h
Object name	Max Torque
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object **203B**_h:01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031_n).

6074h Torque Demand

Function

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the nominal torque for the internal controller.

Object description

Index	6074 _h	
Object name	Torque Demand	



Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $203B_h$:01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031_h).

6075h Motor Rated Current

Function

Contains the rated current entered in $203B_h$:01_h in mA.

6077h Torque Actual Value

Function

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

Object description

Index	6077 _h
Object name	Torque Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object **203B**_h:01.



The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031_h).

607Ah Target Position

Function

This object specifies the target position in **user-defined units** for the **Profile Position** and **Cyclic Synchronous Position** modes.

Object description

Index	607A _h
Object name	Target Position
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000FA0 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "ves. category: application".

607Bh Position Range Limit

Function

Contains the minimum and maximum position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	607B _h
Object name	Position Range Limit
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Min Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Max Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object **607D**_h ("Software Position Limit").

607Ch Home Offset

Function

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in **user-defined units**.

Object description

Index	607C _h
Object name	Home Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



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607Dh Software Position Limit

Function

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in **user-defined units**.

Object description

Index	607D _h
Object name	Software Position Limit
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Min Position Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Max Position Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

The absolute target position must lie within the limits set here. The Home Offset $(607C_h)$ is not taken into account.



607Eh Polarity

Function

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

Object description

Index 607E_h Object name **Polarity** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED8** Savable yes, category: application Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 00_h

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Description

The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is "0", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
POS	VEL						

VEL (Velocity)

Firmware version

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

FIR-v1426

- Profile Velocity Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
- Velocity Mode

POS (Position)

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode



Tip

You can force an inversion of the rotary field that affects all operating modes. See object 3212_h:02_h.



607Fh Max Profile Velocity

Function

Specifies the maximum speed in **user-defined units** for **Profile Position**, **Interpolated Position Mode** and **Profile Velocity** modes .

Object description

Index 607F_h

Object name Max Profile Velocity

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00030D40_h Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max profile velocity" to "Max Profile Velocity".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed

from "INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from

"no" to "yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "TX-PDO" to "RX-PDO".

6080h Max Motor Speed

Function

Specifies the maximum permissible speed of the motor in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6080_h

Object name Max Motor Speed

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00030D40_h Firmware version FIR-v1426



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Speed" to "Max Motor Speed".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

6081h Profile Velocity

Function

Specifies the maximum travel speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6081 _h
Object name	Profile Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

6082h End Velocity

Function

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6082 _h
Object name	End Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



6083h Profile Acceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6083_h **Profile Acceleration** Object name Object Code VARIABLE Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: application read / write Access PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 000001F4_h FIR-v1426 Firmware version Change history

6084h Profile Deceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6084_h Profile Deceleration Object name Object Code **VARIABLE UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 000001F4_h FIR-v1426 Firmware version Change history

6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6085 _h



Object name Quick Stop Deceleration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6086h Motion Profile Type

Function

Specifies the ramp type for the Profile Position and Profile Velocity modes.

Object description

Index 6086_h

Object name Motion Profile Type

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp

Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk

6087h Torque Slope

Function

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

Object description

Index 6087_h

Object name Torque Slope
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32



Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $203B_{h}$:01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031_h).

608Fh Position Encoder Resolution

Function

Contains the physical resolution of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control.

Object description

Index	608F _h
Object name	Position Encoder Resolution
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
Change history	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h



Subindex	01 _h

Name Encoder Increments
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000007D0_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Motor Revolutions
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (608F_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions (608F_h:02_h)

6090h Velocity Encoder Resolution

Function

Contains the physical resolution of the encoder/sensor that is used for speed control.

Object description

Index 6090_h

Object name Velocity Encoder Resolution

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no



oder Increments Per Second
SIGNED32
I / write
PDO
00000 _h

Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Motor Revolutions Per Second	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	

Description

Velocity Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments per second $(6090_h:01_h)$ / Motor Revolutions per second $(6090_h:02_h)$

6091h Gear Ratio

Function

Number of motor revolutions per output shaft revolution.

Object description

Index	6091 _h
Object name	Gear Ratio
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h



Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Motor Revolutions
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Shaft Revolutions
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

Gear Ratio = Motor Revolutions (6091_h:01_h) / Shaft Revolutions (6091_h:02_h)

6092h Feed Constant

Function

Feed in the case of a linear drive; in user-defined units per output shaft revolutions.

Object description

Index 6092_h

Object name Feed Constant

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindov	00.
Subindex	$00_{\rm h}$



Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h Name Feed

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Shaft Revolutions
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

Feed Constant = Feed (6092_h:01_h) / Shaft Revolutions (6092_h:02_h)

6096h Velocity Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined speed units. See chapter **User-defined units**.

Object description

Index 6096_h

Object name Velocity Factor

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Numerator of the factor
- 02_h: Denominator of the factor

6097h Acceleration Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration units. See chapter **User-defined units**.

Object description

Index	6097 _h
Object name	Acceleration Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only



PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Numerator

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Divisor
Data type UNSIGNED32

Data type UNSIGNED:
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Numerator of the factor
- 02h: Denominator of the factor

6098h Homing Method

Function

This object defines the **Homing method** in **Homing** Mode.



Object description

Index 6098_h

Object name Homing Method
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 23_h

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6099h Homing Speed

Function

Specifies the speeds for Homing Mode (6098h) in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6099_h

Object name Homing Speed

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Speed During Search For Switch

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values



Preset value	00000032 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Speed During Search For Zero	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	000000A _h	

Description

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.

The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.



Note

- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked. The speed in subindex 2 should therefore be less than 1000 steps per second.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2.

609Ah Homing Acceleration

Function

Specifies the acceleration ramp for Homing Mode in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	609A _h
Object name	Homing Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.



60A2h Jerk Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined jerk units. See chapter **User-defined units**.

Object description

Index	60A2 _h
Object name	Jerk Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h



Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Numerator of the factor
- 02_h: Denominator of the factor

60A4h Profile Jerk

Function

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk can be entered in this object. An entry with the value "0" means that the jerk is not limited.

Object description

Index	60A4 _h
Object name	Profile Jerk
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Begin Acceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Begin Deceleration Jerk



Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 03_h

Name End Acceleration Jerk

no

no

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 04_h

Name End Deceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Description

- Subindex 01_h (Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 02_h (Begin Deceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during braking
- Subindex 03_h (End Acceleration Jerk): Final jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 04_h (End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking

60A8h SI Unit Position

Function

This object contains the position unit. See chapter User-defined units.

Object description

Index 60A8_h

Object name SI Unit Position
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF410000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312



Change history

Description

Object 60A8_h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter **Units**)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter **Units**)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)								reser	ved (0	0h)				

60A9h SI Unit Velocity

Function

This object contains the speed unit. See chapter **User-defined units**.

Object description

Index	60A9 _h
Object name	SI Unit Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00B44700 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Description

Object 60A9_h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter **Units**)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter **Units**)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor						Nominator (Position)								
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	d (00h	1)			



60B0h Position Offset

Function

Offset for the position set value in **user-defined units**. Is taken into account in the **Cyclic Synchronous Position** and **Clock-direction mode** modes.

Object description

Index	60B0 _h
Object name	Position Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B505321
Change history	

60B1h Velocity Offset

Function

Offset for the speed set value in **user-defined units**. Is taken into account in the **Cyclic Synchronous Position**, **Cyclic Synchronous Velocity** and **Clock-direction mode** modes.

Object description

Index	60B1 _h
Object name	Velocity Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B505321
Change history	

60B2h Torque Offset

Function

Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent. Is taken into account in the Cyclic Synchronous Position, Cyclic Synchronous Velocity, Cyclic Synchronous Torque and Clock-direction mode modes.



Object description

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Index} & & 60\text{B2}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Object name} & & \text{Torque Offset} \\ \text{Object Code} & & \text{VARIABLE} \\ \text{Data type} & & \text{INTEGER16} \end{array}$

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

Change history

60C1h Interpolation Data Record

Function

This object contains the demand position in **user-defined units** for the interpolation algorithm for the **Interpolated Position** operating mode.

Object description

Index 60C1_h

Object name Interpolation Data Record

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1512

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h



Subindex	01 _h
Name	1st Set-point
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.

60C2h Interpolation Time Period

Function

This object contains the interpolation time.

Object description

Index	60C2 _h
Object name	Interpolation Time Period
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	INTERPOLATION_TIME_PERIOD
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00_{h}
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex 01_h

Name Interpolation Time Period Value

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no



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Allowed values					
Preset value	01 _h				
Subindex	02 _h				
Name	Interpolation Time Index				
Data type	INTEGER8				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	FD_h				

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Interpolation time.
- 02_h: Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).

The following applies here: cycle time = value of $60C2_h$:01_h * 10 ^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.

60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration

Function

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer. It is also used to store the position of other data points.

Object description

Index	60C4 _h
Object name	Interpolation Data Configuration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".



Value description

Subindex	00 _h	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	06 _h	
Subindex	01 _h	
Name	MaximumBufferSize	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	ActualBufferSize	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	BufferOrganization	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	BufferPosition	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0001 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	



Name SizeOfDataRecord

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access write only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Subindex 06_h

Name BufferClear
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access write only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Description

The value of subindex 01_h contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.

The value of subindex 02_h contains the current number of interpolated records.

If subindex 03_h is "00_h", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is "01_h", it specifies a ring buffer organization.

The value of subindex 04_h is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.

The value of subindex 05_h is specified in units of "byte". If the value " 00_h " is written in subindex 06_h , it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records. If the value " 01_h " is written in subindex 06_h , it activates access to the input buffer.

60C5h Max Acceleration

Function

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the **Profile Position** and **Profile Velocity** modes.

Object description

Index 60C5_h

Object name Max Acceleration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



60C6h Max Deceleration

Function

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the **Profile Position** and **Profile Velocity** modes.

Object description

Index	60C6 _h
Object name	Max Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

60E4h Additional Position Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual position of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	60E4 _h
Object name	Additional Position Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO



Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h
Name	Additional Position Actual Value #1 - #4
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:
 Subindex n contains the current actual position of the corresponding feedback.

 Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

60E5h Additional Velocity Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual speed of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	60E5 _h
Object name	Additional Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value	04 _h	
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h	
Name	Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #4	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:
 Subindex n contains the current actual speed of the corresponding feedback.

 Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

Function

With this object and with 60EB_h, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Object description

Index	60E6 _h
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h



Subindex	01 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00320000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000C8 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #3
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #4
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n contains the number of increments of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB_h:02_h)



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60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in **60ED**_h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60E8 _h
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of motor revolutions for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED_h:n_h)



60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed

Function

In this object and in **60EE**_h, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60E9 _h
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex

	11					
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported					
Data type	pe UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	RX-PDO					
Allowed values						
Preset value	04 _h					
0.1:.1.	04 04					
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h					
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #4					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	RX-PDO					
Allowed values						
Preset value	0000001 _h					

Description

The subindices have the following function:

• 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

 00_{h}

• n_h: Subindex "n" contains the feed in **user-defined units** for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE_h:n_h)



60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions

Function

With this object and with **60E6**_h, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Object description

Index	60EB _h
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h				
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported				
Data type UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	04 _h				
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h				
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000001 _h				

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex n contains the number of motor revolutions of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:



Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB_h:02_h)

60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in **60E8**_h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60ED _h
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h					
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	RX-PDO					
Allowed values						
Preset value	04 _h					
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h					
Subindex Name	01 _h - 04 _h Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4					
	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface					
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4					
Name Data type	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4 UNSIGNED32					
Name Data type Access	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write					
Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4 UNSIGNED32 read / write					

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- nh: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback.



Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED_h:n_h)

60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in **60E9**_h, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60EE _h
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h			
Name	e Highest Sub-index Supported			
Data type	UNSIGNED8			
Access	read only			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	04 _h			
Subindex	01 _h - 04 _h			
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #4			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000001 _h			

Description

The subindices have the following function:



- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE_h:n_h)

60F2h Positioning Option Code

Function

The object describes the positioning behavior in **Profile Position** mode.

Object description

Index	60F2 _h					
Object name	Positioning Option Code					
Object Code	VARIABLE					
Data type	UNSIGNED16					
Savable	yes, category: application					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	RX-PDO					
Allowed values						
Preset value	0001 _h					
Firmware version	FIR-v1446					
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".					

Description

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MS	RES	SERVED	[3]		IP OPTI	ON [4]		RAD	O [2]	RRO	D [2]	CIC	[2]	REL. (OPT. [2]

REL. OPT. (Relative Option)

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "Profile Position" mode if bit 6 of controlword $6040_h = "1"$ is set.

Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target position)
0	1	Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) of the ramp generator.
1	0	Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object 6064 _b).



Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
1	1	Reserved

RRO (Request-Response Option)

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword 6040_h bit 5 ("new setpoint") — in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to "0" afterwards. After the bit is set to the value "0" by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword 6041_h .



Note

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword 6040h.

Bit 5	Bit 4	Definition
0	0	The functionality is as described under Setting travel commands .
0	1	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current targeted movement has reached its target.
1	0	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for the controller.
1	1	Reserved

RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)

These bits determine the direction of rotation in "Profile Position" mode.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Definition
0	0	Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range Limits" – $607B_h$:01 _h and 02 _h – is reached or exceeded, the preset is automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible.
0	1	Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min Position Range Limit" from object 607D _h :01 _h .
1	0	Positioning only in positive direction: If the target position is less than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Max Position Range Limit" from object 607D _h :01 _h .
1	1	Positioning with the shortest distance to the target position. If the difference between the current position and the target position in a 360° system is less than 180°, the axis moves in the positive direction.

60F4h Following Error Actual Value

Function

This object contains the current following error in user-defined units.



Object description

Index 60F4_h Object name Following Error Actual Value Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **INTEGER32** Savable Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

60F8h Max Slippage

Function

Defines the maximum allowed slippage error in **user-defined units** symmetrically to the **set speed** in **Profile Velocity** mode.

Object description

Index	60F8 _h
Object name	Max Slippage
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000190 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object 6041_h is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $203F_h$.

If the value of 60F8_h is set to "7FFFFFFF"_h, slippage error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object 3700_h . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object 1003_h .

60FAh Control Effort

Function

This object contains the correction speed in **user-defined units** that is fed to the speed controller by the position controller.



Object description

Index 60FA_h Control Effort Object name **Object Code VARIABLE** Data type INTEGER32 Savable Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h FIR-v1748-B531667 Firmware version

Description

Change history

The position controller calculates a correction speed (in **user-defined units**) from the difference between the current position and the demand position which is then passed on to the speed controller. This correction value is dependent on the proportional component ($\mathbf{3210}_h$:01_h) and the integral component ($\mathbf{3210}_h$:02_h) of the position controller. See also chapter **Closed Loop**.



60FCh Position Demand Internal Value

Function

Indicates the current demand position in increments.

Object description

Index	60FC _h
Object name	Position Demand Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



60FDh Digital Inputs

Function

With this object, the digital inputs of the motor can be read.

Object description

Index	60FD _h
Object name	Digital Inputs
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
								IN 8	IN 7	IN 6	IN 5	IN 4	IN 3	IN 2	IN 1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													HS	PLS	NLS

NLS (Negative Limit Switch)

Negative limit switch

PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

HS (Home Switch)

Home switch

IN n (Input n)

Input n – the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

60FEh Digital Outputs

Function

With this object, the digital outputs of the motor can be written.

Object description

Index	60FE _h
Object name	Digital Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Digital Outputs #1
Data type	UNSIGNED32

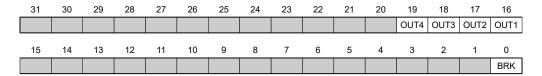
Description

Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

To write the outputs, the entries in object **3250**_h, subindex 02_h to 05_h, must also be taken into account.



BRK (Brake)

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function).

read / write

0000000_h

RX-PDO

OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

60FFh Target Velocity

Function

In this object, the target speed for the **Profile Velocity** and **Cyclic Synchronous Velocity** modes is entered in **user-defined units**.



Object description

Index 60FF_h

Object name Target Velocity
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

6502h Supported Drive Modes

Function

The object describes the supported operating modes in object 6060_h.

Object description

Index 6502_h

Object name Supported Drive Modes

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

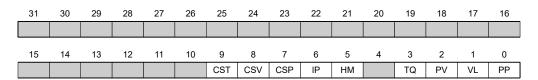
Allowed values

Preset value 000003EF_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is "0", the mode is not supported.



PP

Profile Position Mode



٧L

Velocity Mode

PV

Profile Velocity Mode

TQ

Torque Mode

НМ

Homing Mode

ΙP

Interpolated Position Mode

CSP

Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

CSV

Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

CST

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

6503h Drive Catalogue Number

Function

Contains the device name as character string.

Object description

Index 6503_h

Object name Drive Catalogue Number

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

Function

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.



Object description

Index 6505_h

Object name Http Drive Catalogue Address

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value http://www.nanotec.de

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



12 Copyrights

12.1 Introduction

Integrated in the Nanotec software are components from products from external software manufacturers. In this chapter, you will find the copyright information regarding the used external software sources.

12.2 **AES**

FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation

Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine

Copyright (C) 2009 Paul Bakker <polarssl_maintainer at polarssl dot org>

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The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.

http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf

http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

12.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm

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12.5 DHCP

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12.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library

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12.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010

FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems.

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12.8 Protothreads

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.

This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/

Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/protothreads/

Original BSD-style license

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This file is part of the IwIP TCP/IP stack.

Author: Adam Dunkels <adam@sics.se>