

# Technical Manual N5

Fieldbus: EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>

For use with the following devices: N5-1-3, N5-2-3



Valid with firmware version FIR-v2039 and since hardware version W007

Technical Manual Version: 3.2.0



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## **1** Introduction

The *N5* is a controller for the *open loop* or *closed loop* operation of stepper motors and the *closed loop* operation of BLDC motors.

This manual describes the functions of the controller and the available operating modes. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.

You can find further information about the device on the Nanotec homepage us.nanotec.com.

## **1.1 Version information**

Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version
1.0.0	08.04.201	6 Edition	FIR-v1614
1.0.1	22.07.201	6 Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1626
2.0.0	01/2018	<ul> <li>New chapter <u>Environmental conditions</u></li> <li>New chapter <u>Control modes</u></li> <li>New chapter <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u></li> <li>New chapter <u>Cycle times</u></li> <li>Revision of chapter <u>Commissioning</u></li> <li>Additions and error corrections</li> </ul>	FIR-v1650
2.0.1	08/2018	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1650
3.0.0	12/2018	New firmware generation	FIR-v1825
3.1.0	10/2019	<ul> <li>New firmware generation: see document <i>Instructions for firmware update to version: FIR-v1939.</i></li> <li>New chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u></li> <li>Changes and additions in chapter <u>Closed Loop</u></li> <li>New sections in chapter <u>Control modes: Controller structure, Feed forward, Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops and Slow Speed</u></li> <li>Addition to the connection data for the connectors</li> <li>Minor additions and error corrections in the object dictionary</li> </ul>	FIR-v1939
3.2.0	11/2020	<ul> <li>New firmware generation: see document <i>Instructions for firmware update to version: FIR-v2039.</i></li> <li>New chapter <u>Analog inputs</u></li> </ul>	FIR-v2039

## 1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

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Nanotec Electronic GmbH & Co. KG Kapellenstraße 6 85622 Feldkirchen Germany



Phone: +49 89 900 686-0 Fax: +49 (89) 900 686-50

us.nanotec.com

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## 1.3 Intended use

The *N5* serves to control stepper motors and BLDC motors and is used as a component in drive systems in a wide range of industrial applications.

Use the product as intended within the limits defined in the technical data (in particular, see <u>Permissible</u> <u>operating voltage</u>) and the approved <u>Environmental conditions</u>.

Under no circumstances may this Nanotec product be integrated as a safety component in a product or system. All products containing a component manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.

## 1.4 Target group and qualification

The product and this documentation are directed towards technically trained specialists staff such as:

- Development engineers
- Plant engineers
- Installers/service personnel
- Application engineers

Only specialists may install, program and commission the product. Specialist staff are persons who

- have appropriate training and experience in working with motors and their control,
- are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual,
- know the applicable regulations.

## 1.5 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec assumes no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from installation errors, failure to observe this manual or improper repairs. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the plant engineer or end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the integration of the product in the end system.

Our general terms and conditions apply: en.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-and-conditions/.

Customers of Nanotec Electronic US Inc. please refer to <u>us.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-andconditions/</u>.



Note

Changes or modifications to the product are not permitted.



## 1.6 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

- Accident-prevention regulations
- Local regulations on occupational safety

## **1.7 EU directives for product safety**

The following EU directives were observed:

- RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)
- EMC directive (2014/30/EU)

#### 1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.



The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation. Failure to observe the notice may result in moderately severe injuries.

Describes how you can avoid the dangerous situation.

#### Note

Tip

CAUTION



Indicates a possible incorrect operation of the product.

Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other products.

Describes how you can avoid the incorrect operation.



Shows a tip for the application or task.

## 1.9 Emphasis in the text

The following conventions are used in the document:

Underlined text indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object <u>6041<sub>h</sub></u> (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter <u>NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program</u>.

Text set in *italics* marks named objects:

- Read the *installation manual*.
- Use the *Plug* & *Drive Studio* software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the *Operation* tab.
- For hardware: Use the ON/OFF switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:



- Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300<sub>h</sub>, bit 0 = "1".
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in 3212<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

## **1.10 Numerical values**

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript *h* at the end of the number.

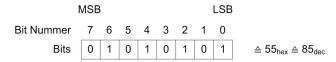
The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows: <Index>:<Subindex>

Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is  $00_{\rm h}$ .

Example: Subindex 5 of object  $1003_h$  is addressed with  $1003_h: 05_h$ , subindex 00 of object  $6040_h$  with  $6040_h$ .

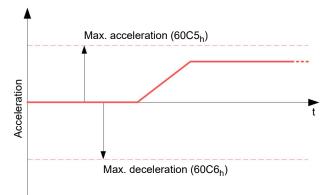
## 1.11 Bits

The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type *UNSIGNED8* as an example.



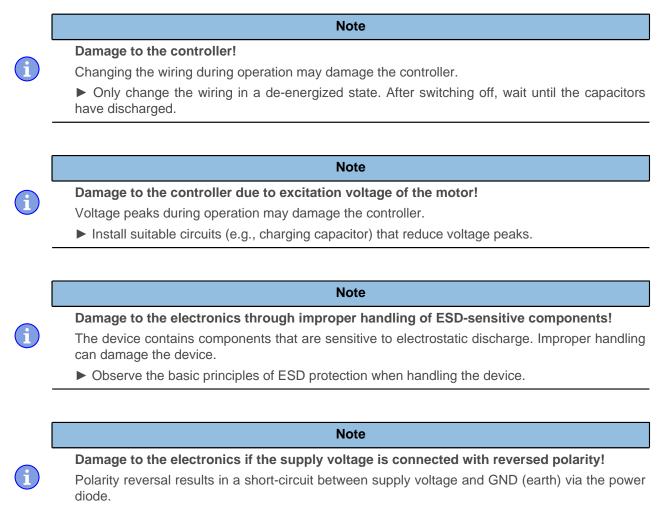
## 1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects  $60C5_h$  and  $60C6_h$  depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.





## 2 Safety and warning notices



▶ Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.

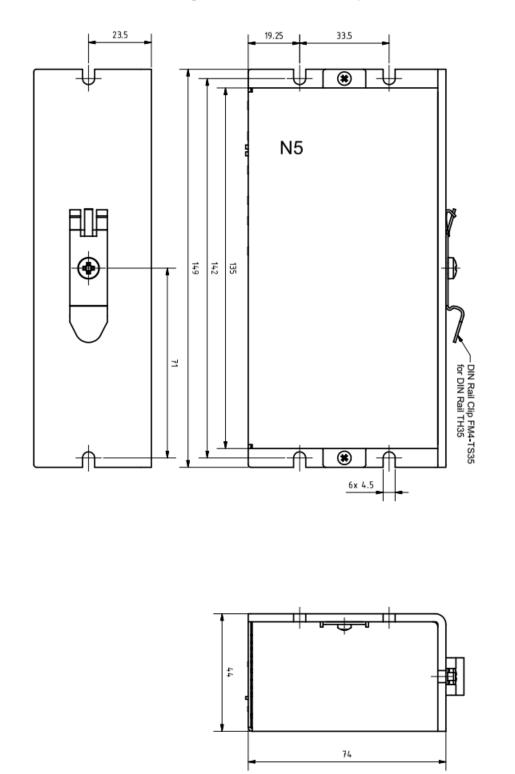


## 3 Technical details and pin assignment

## **3.1 Environmental conditions**

Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP20
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 95 %
Max. Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C





## 3.2 Dimensioned drawings and installation options

You can secure the controller by its side tabs to a flat mounting surface using screws or mount it on a TH35 DIN rail in your switch cabinet using the supplied DIN rail clip.



## 3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

Operating voltage	<ul> <li>12 V -5% 72 V +4% DC for <i>low-current version</i> with designation N5-1-3</li> <li>12 V - 48 V DC ±5% DC for the <i>high-current version</i> with designation N5-2-3 and up to <u>hardware version</u> w007</li> <li>12 V -5% 57.4 V DC for the <i>high-current version</i> with designation N5-2-3 and from <u>hardware version</u> w007b</li> </ul>
Continuous current (rms)	10 A (low-current version), or 18 A (high-current version)
Peak current (rms)	10 A (low-current version), or 40 A for 5 seconds (high-current version)
Commutation	Stepper motor open loop, stepper motor closed loop with encoder, BLDC sine commutated via Hall sensor, BLDC sine commutated via encoder
Operating mode	<ul> <li>Profile Position</li> <li>Velocity</li> <li>Profile Velocity</li> <li>Profile Torque</li> <li>Homing</li> <li>Clock-direction mode</li> </ul>
Fieldbus interfaces	EtherNet/IP™
Encoder input	5 V or 24 V signal, differential or single-ended (switchable by means of software, factory settings: single-ended), max. resolution 65536 increments per revolution (16-bit), UVW connection for Hall sensor
Inputs	<ul> <li>4 inputs, 5 V/24 V (inputs 1 to 4) individually switchable by means of software, factory setting: 5 V</li> <li>2 inputs (wide range) 5-24 V (inputs 5 and 6);</li> <li>2 analog inputs -10 to +10 V (factory settings) or 0–20 mA (switchable by means of software)</li> </ul>
Outputs	2 transistor outputs (open drain, 0 switching, max. 24 V / 0.5 A)
Brake	1 open drain output, max. 1.5 A
Overvoltage and undervoltage	Protection circuit for voltage > 77.5 V or < 9 V (low-current version)
	Protection circuit for voltage > 52.4 V or < 9 V (high-current version)
Overtemperature	Protection circuit at temperature > 70°C
Polarity reversal protection	Overvoltage and undervoltage protection
protection	Overtemperature protection (> 75° Celsius on the power board)
	Polarity reversal protection: In the event of a polarity reversal, a short- circuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a line protection device (fuse) is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned
	<ul><li>greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller,</li><li>less than the maximum current of the voltage supply.</li></ul>
	If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.



## 3.4 Overtemperature protection

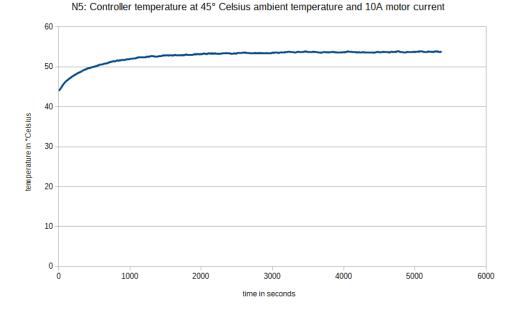
Above a temperature of approx. 75°C on the power board (corresponds to 65–72°C outside on the back cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects  $1001_h$  and  $1003_h$ ). After cooling down and confirming the error (see <u>table for the controlword</u>, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

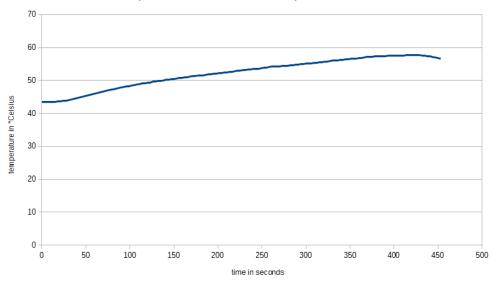
The following temperature test results provide information on the temperature behavior of this controller.

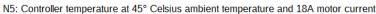
Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

- Operating voltage: 48 V DC
- Motor current: 10 A (N5-1-x low current)/18 A (N5-2-x high current) rms
- Operation mode: Velocity Mode, full step, 30 rpm
- Ambient temperature: 45 °C
- Altitude of site: 500 m above sea level
- No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e. g., via fan

The following graphics show the results of the temperature tests:



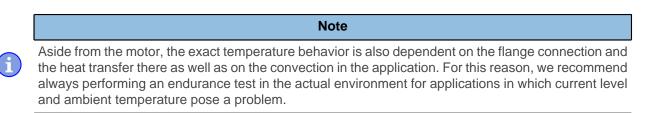






At 45°C (48 V, 10 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), the N5-1-x was in operation for longer than 1 hour without having been switched off. The temperature was stable at approx. 53°C.

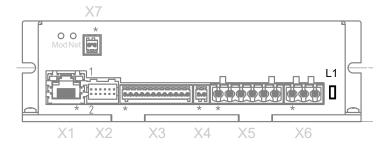
At 45°C (+48 V, 18 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), temperature protection switched off the N5-2-x in less than 8 minutes.



## 3.5 LED signaling

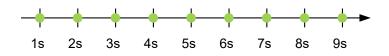
#### 3.5.1 Power LED

The power LED indicates the current status.



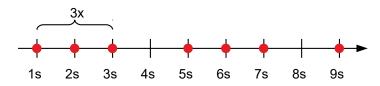
#### 3.5.1.1 Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED L1 flashes briefly once per second.



#### 3.5.1.2 Case of an error

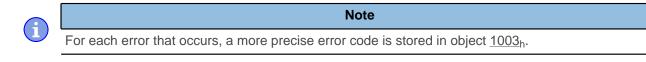
If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.

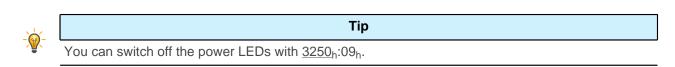


The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

Flash rate	Error
1	General
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset

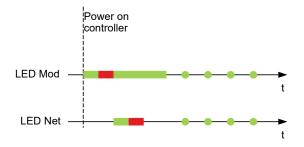






## 3.5.2 EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> LEDs

The "Mod" and "Net" LEDs flash in the pattern depicted below after switching on the controller.



After the start-up sequence, the "Mod" and "Net" LEDs flash continuously until an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> connection is established. All other flash combinations are described in the following chapters.

#### 3.5.2.1 Mod LED

The Mod LED indicates the one of the following states of the controller:

LED behavior	Summary	Prerequisite
Permanently off	No voltage supply	If the controller has no voltage supply, the Mod LED is permanently off.
Continuously green	Device ready for operation	If the controller is operating correctly, the LED is continuously green.
Flashing green	Standby	If the controller is not configured, the Mod LED flashes green.
Flashing red	Error (minor fault)	If an error occurs, the Mod LED flashes red.
Continuously red	Watchdog (major fault)	If a watchdog error occurs, the Mod LED illuminates continuously red.

#### 3.5.2.2 Net LED

The Net LED indicates the following status of the controller:

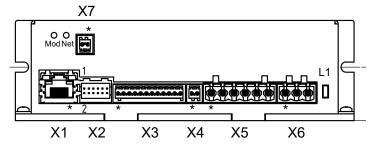
LED behavior	Summary	Prerequisite
Permanently off	No voltage supply, no IP address	The controller is switched off or has voltage supply but no IP address has been configured (interface configuration attribute of the TCP/IP interface object).
Flashing green	No connection	An IP address is configured but no CIP <sup>™</sup> connection was established and an exclusive use connection timed out.



LED behavior	Summary	Prerequisite
Continuously green	Connected	At least one CIP <sup>™</sup> connection (any transport class) is established and an exclusive user connection did not time out.
Flashing red	Connection timeout	An exclusive user connection whose target is the controller is running in a time out. The "Net LED" only switches back to continuously green if all exclusive user connections have been re- established.

## 3.6 Pin assignment

#### 3.6.1 Overview



Connection	Function
X1	EtherNet/IP <sup>™</sup>
X2	Encoder and Hall sensor connection
Х3	Digital/analog inputs and outputs
X4	Brake connection
X5	Motor connection
X6	Voltage supply
Х7	External logic supply, input voltage +24 V DC
	Voltage supply for encoder, input voltage +24 V DC



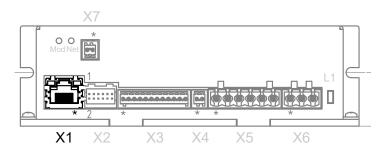
#### Note

All pins with designation *GND* are internally connected.

## 3.6.2 X1 – EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>

Type: RJ45 socket

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".





i

1

#### Note

The most frequently used network topology is the star topology. All nodes are connected to a central node (e.g. via an Ethernet switch) by means of a point-to-point connection.

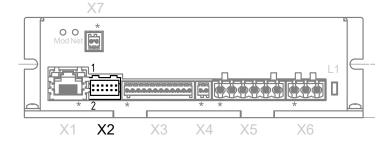
#### 3.6.3 X2 - encoder/Hall sensor

#### Note

Two types of encoder/Hall sensor are supported:

- Encoder/Hall sensor with 5 V supply voltage. In this case, nothing is to be connected to X7; object <u>2059</u><sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "0" (factory setting).
- Encoder/Hall sensor with 24 V supply voltage. In this case, you must connect a voltage of 24 V DC to X7 (see <u>X7 – voltage supply for encoder/Hall sensor, external logic supply</u>) and set bit 0 in <u>2059</u><sub>h</sub> to "1".
- Type: JST S12B-PADSS-1
- Mating connector (not included in scope of delivery):
  - Housing: JST PADP-12V-1-S (or equivalent)
  - Socket contacts: JST SPH-001T-P0.5L (or equivalent)
- Suitable Nanotec cables (not included in the scope of delivery):
  - □ ZK-PADP-12-500-S
  - □ ZK-M12-8-2M-2-PADP
  - □ ZK-M12-12-2M-2-PADP
  - ZK-NTO3-10-500-PADP / ZK-NTO3-10-1000-PADP
  - □ ZK-NOE-10-500-S-PADP
  - □ ZK-WEDL-500-S-PADP

Pin 1 and pin 2 are marked in the figure.





Pin	Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Vcc	+5 V DC (factory setting) or +24 V DC, output voltage switchable by means of software with object <u>2059<sub>h</sub>.</u>
3	A	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
4	В	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
5	A\	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
6	B/	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
7	I	5/24 V signal
8	I	5/24 V signal
9	Hall 1	5/24 V signal
10	Hall 2	5/24 V signal
11	Hall 3	5/24 V signal
12	Shielding	Shielding

#### Note

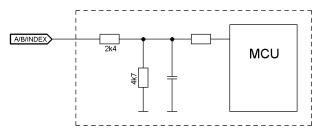
If a single-ended encoder is used, channels A/, B/ and I/ are not evaluated!

- To ensure that a single-ended encoder is correctly detected:
- ▶ Set bit 1 in the object <u>2059</u><sub>h</sub> to "1".
- ▶ Do not connect anything to pins A\, B\, I\, and do not connect these pins to ground (GND).

It must be ensured that the encoder reaches the switching thresholds specified below. Otherwise, an additional external circuit is necessary.

Туре	Switching thresholds			
		On		Off
Single-ended 5 V	> 3.8 V		< 0.26 V	
Differential 5 V	> 3.8 V		< 0.26 V	
Single-ended 24 V	> 14.42 V		< 4.16 V	
Differential 24 V	> 14.42 V		< 4.16 V	

The internal wiring of the encoder inputs is shown in the following.



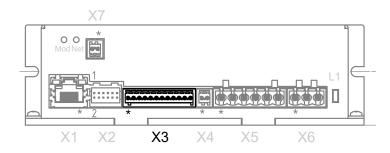
#### 3.6.4 X3 – inputs and outputs

- Type: Phoenix Contact MC 0.5/12-G-2.5
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Phoenix Contact FK-MCP 0.5/12-ST-2.5 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFK-MC0,5-12

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".

## 3 Technical details and pin assignment





	Pin Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Input 1	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$
3	Input 2	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}$
4	Input 3	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object <u>3240</u> , max. 1 MHz, direction input in clock-direction mode
5	Input 4	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object <u>3240</u> , max. 1 MHz, clock input in clock-direction mode
6	Input 5	Digital input 5 V to 24 V, not switchable by means of software
7	Input 6	Digital input 5 V to 24 V, not switchable by means of software
8	Analog input 1	-10 V+10 V or 020 mA, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3221}_h$
9	Analog input 2	-10 V+10 V or 020 mA, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3221}_h$
10	Output 1	Digital output, open drain, max. 24 V / 0.5 A
11	Output 2	Digital output, open drain, max. 24 V / 0.5 A
12	Shielding	Shielding

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 1 to 4:

Max. Voltage	Switching thresholds		
	Switching on	Switching off	
5 V	> 3.8 V	< 0.26 V	
24 V	> 14.42 V	< 4.16 V	

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 5 and 6 (wide-range inputs from 5-24 V):

Switching thresholds			
Switching on Switching off		Switching off	
> 3.25 V		< approx. 2 V	

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

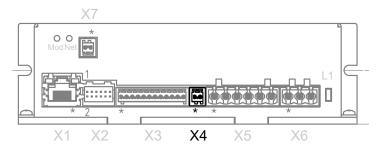


Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20

#### 3.6.5 X4 - brake connection

- Type: Phoenix Contact MC 0.5/2-G-2.5
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Phoenix Contact FK-MCP 0.5/2-ST-2.5 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFK-MC0,5-2

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".



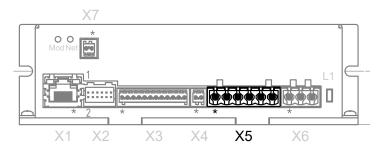
Pin	Function	Note
1	Brake +	Internally connected to +UB
2	Brake -	PWM-controlled open drain output, max. 1.5 A

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20

#### 3.6.6 X5 - motor connection

- Type: Würth Elektronik 691313710006
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Würth Elektronik 691352710006 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCWE-RM5-6

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".





	Pin	Function (stepper motor)	Function (BLDC motor)	Note
1		Shielding	Shielding	Shielding
2		А	U	
3		A\	V	
4		В	W	
5		B/	Not used	
6		Shielding	Shielding	Shielding

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve min. Plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, AWG	24	12
2 conductors of the same cross section, flexible, min. TWIN-AEH with plastic sleeve	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
AWG acc. to UL/CUL	26	12

## 3.6.7 X6 - voltage supply

- Type: Würth Elektronik 691313710003
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Würth Elektronik 691352710003 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCWE-RM5-3

#### 3.6.7.1 Voltage source

The operating or supply voltage supplies a battery, a transformer with rectification and filtering, or a switching power supply.



Note

EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.

► An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/motor.

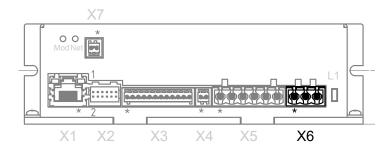
► Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

#### 3.6.7.2 Connections

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".

#### 3 Technical details and pin assignment





	Pin	Function	Note
1		Shielding	Shielding
2		+UB	<ul> <li>For version N5-1 (<i>low current</i>): 12 V -5% 72 V +4% DC</li> <li>For version N5-2 (<i>high current</i>) and up to <u>hardware version</u> w007: 12 V - 48 V ±5% DC</li> <li>For version N5-2 (<i>high current</i>) and <u>hardware version</u> w007b and higher: 12 V -5% 57.4 V DC</li> </ul>
3		GND	

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve min. Plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, AWG	24	12
2 conductors of the same cross section, flexible, min. TWIN-AEH with plastic sleeve	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
AWG acc. to UL/CUL	26	12

#### 3.6.7.3 Permissible operating voltage

Depending on the version, the maximum permissible voltage is:

- N5-1 (low current): 75 V DC
- N5-2 (*high current*) and up to <u>hardware version</u> w007: 51.5 V DC
- N5-2 (*high current*) and <u>hardware version</u> w007b and higher: 57.5 V DC. With this version, you must if desired enter the right threshold value in <u>2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level</u>.

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. Above the response threshold set in  $4021_h$ :02<sub>h</sub> (but at the latest from 57.5 V), the integrated ballast circuit is activated (thick-film resistor PWR163S-25-15R0J from Bourns with 25 W continuous output).

The minimum operating voltage is 11.4 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller falls below 10 V, the motor is switched off and an error triggered.

A charging capacitor of at least 4700  $\mu$ F / 50 V (approx. 1000  $\mu$ F per ampere rated current) must be connected in parallel to the supply voltage to avoid exceeding the permissible operating voltage (e.g., during braking).



## 3.6.8 X7 – voltage supply for encoder/Hall sensor, external logic supply

#### 3.6.8.1 Functionality

The voltage supply at X7 must be connected under one of the following conditions:

- A 24 V encoder/Hall sensor is used. In this case, a voltage of 24 V DC must be connected to X7 and bit 0 in object <u>2059<sub>h</sub></u> set to the value "1".
- A logic voltage supply is necessary for the controller to ensure continued access to the following functions should the power supply be lost at connector X6 (see "X6 – voltage supply"):
  - Logical functionality of the controller
  - Controller communication
  - Encoder



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Note

The windings of the motor are not supplied by the logic supply.

In this case, a voltage of 24 V DC must be connected to X7. With a 24 V encoder, bit 0 in object  $2059_h$  must be set to the value "1". In the case of a 5 V encoder, bit 0 in object  $2059_h$  is to be set to the value "0" (factory setting).

Note

Damages to the encoder/Hall sensor from high voltage!

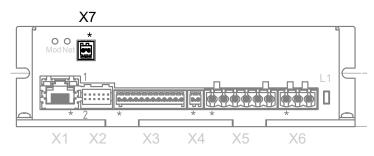
The encoder/Hall sensor can be damaged if object 2059<sub>h</sub> is incorrectly configured.

▶ Make certain that bit 0 in object  $2059_h$  is not set before you connect an encoder/Hall sensor with rated voltage less than 24 V.

#### 3.6.8.2 Connection

- Type: Phoenix Contact MC 0.5/2-G-2.5
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Phoenix Contact FK-MCP 0.5/2-ST-2.5 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFK-MC0,5-2

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".



	Pin	Function	Note
1		+UB Logic/ encoder	+24 V DC, supply voltage for logic and encoder/Hall sensor
2		GND	

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>



Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20



## 4 Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation.

The *Plug & Drive Studio* software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the controller to the connected motor. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

Observe the following note:

EMC: Current-carrying cables – particularly around supply and motor cables – produce electromagnetic alternating fields. These can interfere with the motor and other devices. Suitable measures may be:

Note



- ▶ Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- ► Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- ▶ Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- ▶ Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- ► Lay supply, motor and control cables separately.

## 4.1 Configuration via Ethernet

#### 4.1.1 Overview

#### 4.1.1.1 Interface

The controller is equipped with a 10/100 MBit Ethernet interface on connector X1. It can thereby be operated with all common Ethernet components (switches, PCs) and configured via the *Plug & Drive Studio* software.

#### 4.1.1.2 Hardware address

The controller initially has no IP address, but is instead addressed via the printed hardware address (MAC address). This address consists of 6 hexadecimal numbers in form44-AA-E8-xx-xx-xx.

The hardware address is unique and unchangeable and is assigned during production. In general, this is only needed during a firmware update. As soon as the boot loader has ended and the actual firmware begins to operate, subsequent communication takes place via the TCP/IP protocol.

#### 4.1.1.3 IP address

The controller needs a valid IP address. This can be obtained in the following ways:

- DHCP: A DHCP server assigns the IP address to the controller (default setting).
- Static IP address: This is defined by the user.

Which method is used depends on the network environment and is defined by the network administrator.

#### 4.1.2 Establishing connection with the controller

#### 4.1.2.1 Setting the IP address

Each of the connected devices (controller and communication partners) in an Ethernet network or with a point-to-point Ethernet connection requires a unique IP address. This can either be obtained automatically (DHCP) or assigned statically. In the following, "communication partner" refers to a PC or laptop.

You can integrate the controller in an existing Ethernet network. To do this, you only need to establish the physical connection with a standard Ethernet cable. Provided DHCP is activated on the controller (factory



setting), the controller is also automatically detected on the network and can immediately be operated via a PC located on the network.

#### 4.1.2.2 Setting DHCP

IP addresses can be obtained dynamically in a network from a DHCP server. DHCP is preset in the controller at the factory for automatically obtaining an IP address from a DHPC server.

If the DHCP server also assigns a hostname for the IP address to be assigned, this hostname is adopted by the controller. From this point on, the controller responds only to this hostname and no longer to the MAC address.

Note

To establish the connection to the controller, it may only be necessary to make a few settings on the communication partner (e.g., PC or laptop). Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- 3. Select Change adapter settings.
- **4.** A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter to which the controller is connected (e.g., click with the right mouse button).
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties button.
- 6. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically option.
- 7. Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.

tworking Sharing	8	General Alternate Configuration	matically if	vour n	etwork supports
Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethemet	bile	this capability. Otherwise, you need for the appropriate IP settings.			
Configure		Obtain an IP address automatic	ally		
his connection uses the following items:		Ouse the following IP address:			
Client for Microsoft Networks		IP address:			
<ul> <li>QoS Packet Scheduler</li> <li>File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks</li> </ul>		Subnet mask:			
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)     Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)		Default gateway:	4	i.	4.
🗹 📥 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver		Obtain DNS server address auto	matically		
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder		O Use the following DNS server ad	dresses:		
Install Uninstall Properties		Preferred DNS server:	,		
Description		Alternate DNS server:			
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.		Validate settings upon exit			Advanced

#### 4.1.2.3 Setting a static IP address

If static addresses are to be assigned to the controller and the communication partner, just a few settings need to be performed on the controller and the communication partner.

The controller can be assigned a static IP address and network mask (each IPv4) through OD entries. The following entries are relevant in the object dictionary:



Index	Description
<u>2010<sub>h</sub></u>	IP configuration, bit mask with the following meaning:
	Bit 0: A static IP address from object $2011_h$ and the network mask from object $2012_h$ are used.
<u>2011<sub>h</sub></u>	Static IP address, 4 bytes in hex coding
<u>2012<sub>h</sub></u>	Static IP subnet mask, 4 bytes in hex coding
<u>2013<sub>h</sub></u>	Gateway address
<u>2014<sub>h</sub></u>	Active IP address, 4 bytes in hex coding
<u>2015<sub>h</sub></u>	Active IP subnet mask, 4 bytes in hex coding
<u>2016<sub>h</sub></u>	Currently used gateway address
<u>200F<sub>h</sub></u>	MAC address

#### Note

You must save the objects  $2010_h...2013_h$  (*category: Ethernet*) after making changes (see the chapter <u>Saving objects</u>) by writing the value "65766173" in  $1010_h:0C_h$ . The changes are not taken over until after the controller has been restarted.

#### Notes:

- If DHCP was activated, the controller uses the set static IP address if no address could be assigned via DHCP (e.g., because the DHCP service is temporarily unavailable).
- If both objects <u>2010<sub>h</sub></u> and <u>2011<sub>h</sub></u> are set to the value "0", an incorrect configuration is assumed and DHCP are switched on.
- If bit 0 is set in object <u>2010</u><sub>h</sub>, the static IP address is used. DHCP is not used in this case.
- If only DHCP is switched on and an IP address assignment did not function, an attempt is made independent of bit 0 to connect using the entered static IP address.

A static IP address is also assigned to the communication partner. Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- 3. Select Change adapter settings.
- **4.** A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter with which the controller is connected (e.g., right-mouse click and select *Properties*).
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties button.
- 6. Select the Use the following IP address: option and enter the desired IP address and network mask in the IP address field.
- 7. Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.



etworking Sharing		General	
Connect using:	bile l		utomatically if your network supports
😰 Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethernet		for the appropriate IP settings.	d to ask your network administrator
Configure		Obtain an IP address automat	tically
This connection uses the following items:		• Use the following IP address:	
Client for Microsoft Networks		IP address:	192.168.2.1
<ul> <li>Book Packet Scheduler</li> <li>File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks</li> </ul>		Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
<ul> <li>✓ ▲ Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)</li> <li>✓ ▲ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)</li> </ul>		Default gateway:	
<ul> <li>✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPV4)</li> <li>✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver</li> </ul>		Obtain DNS server address au	tomatically
🗹 📥 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder		Obtain Divs server address ac     Obtain Divs server	
	_		
Install Uninstall Properties		Preferred DNS server:	
Description		Alternate DNS server:	11 1996 13
		Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.			

#### 4.1.2.4 Establishing network connection

Establish a physical connection between controller and communication partner using a standard Ethernet cable. If static IP addresses were assigned to the controller and the communication partner, they can communicate directly.

If you have your own DHCP server and wish to ascertain the IP address, this can be accomplished most easily with the *ping* tool. To do this, the NetBIOS service must be activated on the PC and the MAC address of the controller must be known.

#### Example

If controller with MAC address 44:AA:E8:00:02:9F is to be addressed, the tool is called in a shell or command line using:

ping MAC-44AAE800029F

#### 4.1.3 REST web services

#### 4.1.3.1 Introduction

The protocol used by the web server is HTTP/1.0. The architecture here is realized according to REST (Representational State Transfer) which also offers the possibility to access objects/resources. The values in the object dictionary are an example of this.

The operations supported here are:

- GET: Request a resource
- POST: Add a new resource

#### 4.1.3.2 Resource names

The name of a resource is always specified in the *URI (Uniform Resource Identifier)* notation familiar from the Internet. Via this *URI*, the controller supports access to the <u>object dictionary</u>. The identifier for this is:

Od: Object dictionary



#### Example

Accessing a value in the object dictionary:

```
GET /od/6040/00 HTTP/1.0
```

This string is used to access entry 6040<sub>h</sub> subindex 00<sub>h</sub> in the object dictionary.

The reply is made as a JSON string and reflects the content of this object:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Server: uip/1.0
Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, private
Content-type: application/json
"0006"
```

Writing a value to the object dictionary:

```
POST /od/6040/00 HTTP/1.0
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Form item: ""000F"" = ""(Key: "000F", Value:)
This string is used to write value "15(0F<sub>h</sub>)" to object <u>6040<sub>h</sub></u> subindex 00<sub>h</sub>.
The controller receives confirmation with status code 200 OK:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Server: uip/1.0
```

#### 4.1.3.3 Accessing the object dictionary

The following URIs enable access to the object dictionary:

#### <IP address>/od/xxxx/yy

Requests entry xxxx subindex yy from the object dictionary.

#### <IP address>/od/xxxx/data

Requests entry xxxx with all subindices.

#### Example

Accessing a value in the object dictionary:

http://192.168.2.100/od/6040/00

This string is used to access entry  $\underline{6040}_h$  subindex  $00_h$  in the object dictionary.

The reply is made as a JSON string and reflects the content of this object.

#### 4.2 Commissioning EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>

This controller is equipped with an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> interface. Read chapter EtherNet/IPfor further details.

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Note

Nanotec controllers are always based on CANopen standard CiA402. All attributes are therefore stored in a so-called *object dictionary*. These can be addressed with an index and a subindex, e.g.,  $1018_{h}$ :01<sub>h</sub>. The index is a 16-bit value and the subindex is an 8-bit value.

The controller offers EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>, but this protocol uses a different procedure: all attributes are stored on the basis of objects. For this reason, the *N5* uses an assignment to create a bridge between EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> and CANopen. As a consequence, the configuration of this controller is somewhat different that with normal EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> devices.

The following commissioning procedure assumes the use of a *CompactLogix* PLC and *Studio 5000* software from Rockwell.

#### 4.2.1 Connection

- 1. Connect the supply voltage to connector X6 (see chapter X6 voltage supply).
- 2. Connect the Rockwell *CompactLogix* PLC to connection X1 of the controller (see chapter <u>X1 EtherNet/</u><u>IP</u>).

#### 4.2.2 Software connection

By default, the controller is in DHCP mode. A DHCP server is therefore needed in the network. If no DHCP server is available or if the controller is to operate with a fixed IP address, the *BOOTP/DHCP* tool from Rockwell can be used. With this tool, is is possible to either assign an IP address to the controller by means of DHCP or to assign a static address and deactivate DHCP. BOOTP is not supported by the controller.

If you have your own DHCP server and wish to ascertain the IP address, this can be accomplished most easily with the *ping* tool. To do this, the NetBIOS service must be activated on the PC and the MAC address of the controller must be known.

#### Example

If controller with MAC address 44:AA:E8:00:02:9F is to be addressed, the tool is called in a shell or command line using:

ping MAC-44AAE800029F

You must perform the next steps in the Rockwell Logix Designer.

- 1. Use the *RSLinx Classic* software to create an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> driver. Refer to the corresponding manual for help.
- **2.** Select the project path of the PLC.

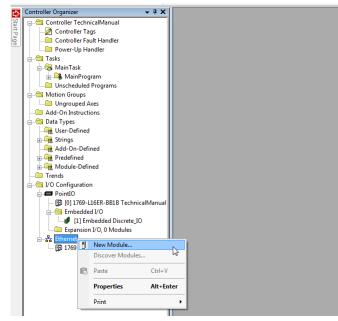


Controller	Path		Go Online
PLC	AB ETHIP-1\192.168.60.100		de entito
ACSEIP	AB_DF1-1		Upload
LogixTester	AB_DF1-1\1		Download
			Close
			Help
Show Only F	Paths Matching Serial Number in Project	Reset Path List	Set Project Path
Serial Number i	n Project: <none></none>		Clear Project Path
Path in Project:	<none></none>		Cicar Hoject Hati

**3.** Import the EDS file of the controller: Click on *Tools*\*EDS Hardware Installation Tool*, select *Register an EDS file(s)*. Then select the correct EDS file and import it.



4. Right-click on Ethernet in the Controller Organizer and select New Module....





Select the Catalog tab, find entry N5 and select the device with which you would like to work.

It Module Type Module Discovery Favo	vrites	ilters	Hide Filters 🛠
Ø         Module Ty           Ø         Communication           Ø         Communications Adapter           Ø         Controller           Ø         Digital           Ø         DPl to EtherNet/IP	rpe Category Filters	Image: Comparison         Image: Comparison           Image: Comparison         Image: Comparison <td>× m</td>	× m
Catalog Number N5-1-3 N5-2-3	Description N5 Low Current EtherNet/IP N5 High Current EtherNet/IP	Vendor Category Nanotec Electronic G Generic Device(keyable) Nanotec Electronic G Generic Device(keyable)	
2 of 288 Module Types Found			Add to Favorites Create Close He

The *New Module* input mask then opens. Select the *General* tab and enter a name and the IP address for the device. Use of the *Host Name* is not supported.

🖭 New Module		
General* Conne	ction Module Info Internet Protocol Port Configuratio	n
Type:	N5-1-3 N5 Low Current EtherNet/IP	
Vendor:	Nanotec Electronic GmbH _Co. KG	
Parent:	Local	
Na <u>m</u> e:	Nanotec	Ethernet Address
Description:	A	Private Network: 192.168.1.
		IP <u>A</u> ddress: 192 . 168 . 0 . 2
		○ <u>H</u> ost Name:
	-	
Module Definit	ion	
Revision:	2.39	
Electronic Ke	ving: Compatible Module	
Connections:	VO Common	
	Change	
Status: Creating		OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Click on *Change* to select one of the assemblies (either *I/O Common* or *I/O PDI*, see chapter <u>Assembly</u> <u>objects</u>).

💵 Module Prope	rties: Local (N5-1-3 2.71)		
General Conne	ection Module Info Internet Protocol Port Configuration		
Type: Vendor: Parent: Name:	N5-1-3 N5-1-3 Nanotec Electronic GmbH Co. KG Local N5_1_3	Ethernet Address	
Description:		O Private Network:         192.168.1.         0           IP Address:         192.168.1.20.201         Image: Module Definition*	×
	~	○ Host Name:     ■ Module Definition*       Revision:     2 ∨ 71 ⊕       Bectronic Keying:     Compatible Module	~
Module Defin		Connections:	
Revision: Electronic Ke Connections		Name         Size         Tag Suffx           VO PDI         V         Input:         8           Select a connection         V	
Status: Offline	Change	DK Cancel Apply Help OK Cancel H	Help

Select the *Connection* tab and enter an RPI value for the *I/O Common* data as shown in the following figure. The *input type* can also be changed to *unicast* or *multicast*.



New Module	×
Genera Connection Vodule Info Internet Protocol Port Configuration	
Name Requested Packet Interval Input Type (RPI) (ms)	Input Trigger
VO Common 10.0 € 1.0 - 3200.0 Unicast    Cy	yclic 🖵
🕅 Inhibit Module	
Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While in Run Mode	
Module Fault	
Status: Creating OK	Cancel Help

Lastly, close the mask by clicking on OK.

# 4.3 Setting the motor data

Prior to commissioning, the motor controller requires a number of values from the motor data sheet.

- Number of pole pairs: Object 2030<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (pole pair count) The number of motor pole pairs is to be entered here. With a stepper motor, the number of pole pairs is calculated using the step angle, e.g., 1.8° = 50 pole pairs, 0.9° = 100 pole pairs (see step angle in motor data sheet). With BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs is specified directly in the motor data sheet.
- Object <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u>:00<sub>h</sub>: maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- Object 6075<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>: rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet), limited by 2031<sub>h</sub>
- Object <u>6073</u><sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>: maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory settings: "1000", which corresponds to 100% of the value in <u>6075<sub>h</sub></u>. Is limited by <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u>.
- Object <u>203B<sub>h</sub></u>:02<sub>h</sub> Maximum duration of the maximum current (<u>6073<sub>h</sub></u>) in ms (for initial commissioning, Nanotec recommends a value of 100 ms; this value is to be adapted later to the specific application).
- Setting the motor type:
  - □ Stepper motor:
    - Object <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u>:00<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type stepper motor, activates current reduction on motor standstill: 0000008h.See also chapter <u>Commissioning open loop</u>.
  - BLDC motor:
    - Object <u>3202<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub></u> (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type BLDC: 00000040h
- Motor with encoder: Object <u>2059<sub>h</sub></u>:00<sub>h</sub> (Encoder Configuration): Depending on the encoder version, one of the following values is to be entered (see motor data sheet):
  - □ Supply voltage 5V, differential: 0000000h
  - □ Supply voltage 24V, differential: 0000001h
  - □ Supply voltage 5V, single-ended: 0000002h
  - □ Supply voltage 24V, single-ended: 0000003h
- Motor with encoder without index: You must set the encoder parameters after the <u>Auto setup</u>, see chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.
- Motor with brake: Object <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select): The brake control is activated for the initial commissioning. Depending on the specific application, this configuration can be deactivated later if necessary. One of the following values is to be entered depending on the motor type:
  - □ Stepper motor, brake control (and current reduction) activated: 0000000Ch
  - □ BLDC motor, brake control activated: 00000044h



Note

Due to the sine commutation and the sinusoidal current flow, the current of a motor winding can achieve an alternating current value that is briefly greater (by max.  $\sqrt{2}$  times) than the set current.

At especially slow speeds or while at a standstill with full load, one of the windings can therefore be supplied with overcurrent for a longer period of time. Take this into account when dimensioning the motor and select a motor with larger torque reserve if necessary if required by the application.

# 4.4 Connecting the motor

After setting the motor parameters, see <u>Setting the motor data</u>, connect the motor and, if applicable, the present sensors (encoders / Hall sensors) and the brake.



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Note

Damage to the electronics if motor is connected incorrectly!
Observe the PIN assignment in chapter *Pin assignment* and the motor data sheet.

- Connect the motor:
  - □ to connection X5, see <u>X5 motor connection</u>
- Connect encoders / Hall sensors:
  - □ to connection X2, see <u>X2 encoder/Hall sensor</u>
- Connect the brake:
  - □ to connection X4, see X4 brake connection

How the automatic brake control can be activated is described in chapter Automatic brake control.

# 4.5 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), you must perform an auto setup.



#### Tip

As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

#### Note

Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:

- ► The motor must be load-free.
- ► The motor must not be touched.
- ► The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- ▶ No NanoJ programs may be running (object 2300<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> bit 0 = "0", see <u>2300h NanoJ Control</u>).



Tip

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.

# 4.5.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

Parameter	All motors independent of the configuration
Motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor)	$\checkmark$
Winding resistance	$\checkmark$
Winding inductance	$\checkmark$
Interlinking flux	$\checkmark$

Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Encoder resolution	-	$\checkmark$	
Alignment (shifting of the electrical zero to the index)	-	$\checkmark$	

Parameter	Motor without Hall sensor	Motor with Hall sensor
Hall transitions	-	$\checkmark$

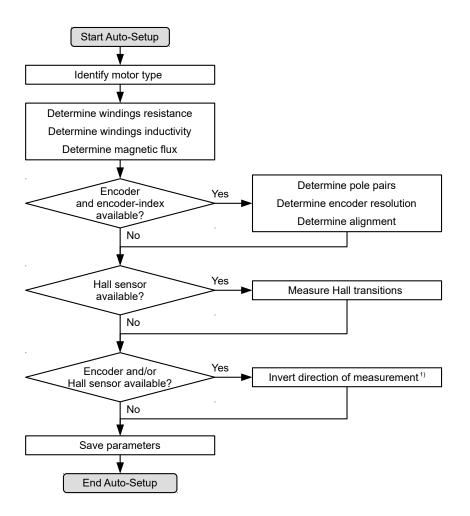
# 4.5.2 Execution

Before performing the *auto setup*, make certain that you have correctly set the necessary parameters (see <u>Setting the motor data</u>).

- To preselect the *auto setup* operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FE<sub>h</sub>") in object 6060<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>. The *power state machine* must now switch to the *Operation enabled* state, see <u>CiA 402 Power State</u> <u>Machine</u>.
- 2. Start *auto setup* by setting bit 4 *OMS* in object 6040<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (controlword).

While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:

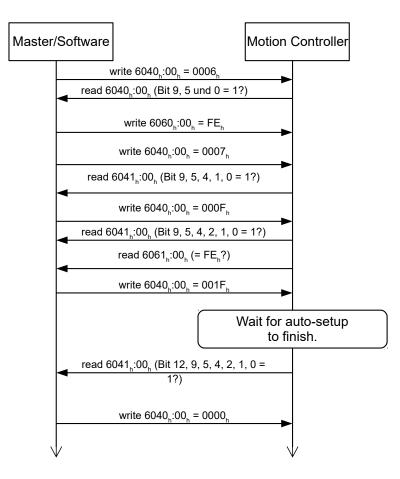




1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 *OMS* in object  $6041_h:00_h$  (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 *TARG* in object  $6041_h:00_h$  can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.





# 4.5.3 Parameter memory

After a successful *auto setup*, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see <u>Saving objects</u> and <u>1010h Store</u> <u>Parameters</u>. Categories *Drive* 1010<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> and *Tuning* 1010<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> are used.





#### **Uncontrolled motor movements!**

After the auto setup, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ Restart the device after an auto setup. Homing alone does not suffice.

# 4.6 Configuring the sensors

The parameters (configuration, alignment, etc.) of each feedback are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and stored in the following objects:

Object	Feedback	Description
<u>3380<sub>h</sub></u>	Sensorless	Contains measurement and configuration values for sensorless control
<u>3390<sub>h</sub></u>	Hall sensor (digital)	contains configuration values for the Hall sensors
<u>33A0<sub>h</sub></u>	Incremental encoder 1	contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder

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It is not possible to determine the resolution of encoders without index or with more than one index per motor revolution.

In this case, you must enter and store the parameters in the corresponding objects (see  $\underline{3204}_h$ ,  $\underline{60E6}_h$  and  $\underline{60EB}_h$ ) (category *Tuning*, see <u>Saving objects</u>).

For external sensors that are not mounted directly on the motor shaft, you must set and store the gear ratio according to the constructive features (objects  $\underline{60E8}_h$  and  $\underline{60ED}_h$ ) and/or the feed constant (objects  $\underline{60E9}_h$  and  $\underline{60EE}_h$ ) (category *Application*).

#### Example

An encoder with a resolution of 2000 increments/mm was connected that is to be used in the field directly at the process for a high-precision position measurement. The constructive design was realized as follows:

Motor	Gearbox	Process	Encoder
Rotary	Rotary   Rotary	Rotary   Translational	Translational
1	i=4	Diameter 40 mm   125.6637 mm/ revolution	2000 incr./mm (62831.85 incr. per motor revolution)

You must set the resolution, gear ratio and feed constant as follows:

Object	Value
60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments	1256637
60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions	20
60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions	4
60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions	1
60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed	2513274 incr. (corresponds to 1256.637 mm)
60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions	10

You must still set the unit for the position to millimeters or other unit of length, see chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

In object  $3203_h$  you can set which of the present feedbacks the controller takes into account for each controller (current controller/commutation, velocity controller, position controller) in *closed loop* or the determination of the actual position and actual speed in *open loop*. See also chapter <u>Closed Loop</u> and <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u>.



# **5 General concepts**

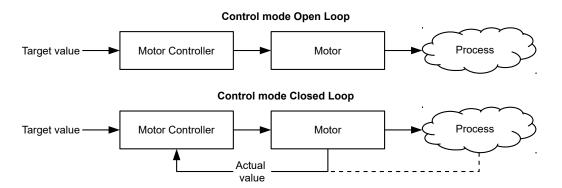
# 5.1 Control modes

# 5.1.1 General

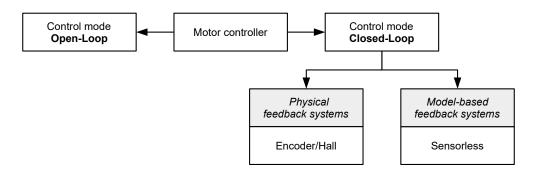
The control mode of systems without feedback is called *open loop*, the mode with feedback is called *closed loop*. In the *closed loop* control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.

For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.



In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as *sensorless* systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality.



Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controller-specific and is described in chapters *Pin assignment* and <u>Operating modes</u>.

Control mode	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Open Loop	yes	no
Closed Loop	yes	yes

Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Hall	no	yes
Encoder	yes	yes



Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Sensorless	yes	yes

Nanotec developed the <u>Slow Speed</u> control mode, which is a combination of *open loop* and *closed loop*, especially for applications in the low speed range. This control mode can be used if an encoder is present as feedback.

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

Operating mode	node Control mode			
	Open Loop	Closed Loop	Slow Speed	
Profile Position	yes	yes	yes	
Velocity	yes	yes	yes	
Profile Velocity	yes	yes	yes	
Profile Torque	no <sup>1)</sup>	yes	no	
Homing	yes <sup>2)</sup>	yes	yes	
Interpolated Position Mode	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Position	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Torque	no <sup>1)</sup>	yes	no	
Clock-direction	yes	yes	yes	

1) The <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> torque operating modes are not possible in the *open loop* control mode due to a lack of feedback.

2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.

3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous</u> <u>Velocity</u> follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with *open loop* control mode.

# 5.1.2 Open Loop

# 5.1.2.1 Introduction

*Open loop* mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to *closed loop*, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. *Open loop* mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike *closed loop*, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in *open loop* mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of the inertia of the rotor and overall system. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

# 5.1.2.2 Commissioning

To use open loop mode, the following settings are necessary:



- In object <u>2030<sub>h</sub></u> (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of 1.8° corresponds to 50 pole pairs and 0.9° corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u>:00<sub>h</sub>, enter the maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- In object  $6075_h:00_h$ , enter the rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object <u>6073</u><sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>, enter the maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory settings: "1000", which corresponds to 100% of the value in <u>6073</u><sub>h</sub>. A value greater than "1000" is limited internally to "1000".
- In object <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".

Nanotec recommends to activate the current reduction on motor standstill in order to reduce the power loss and heat build-up. To activate current reduction, the following settings are necessary:

- In object <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 3 (CurRed) to "1".
- In object <u>2036</u><sub>h</sub> (open-loop current reduction idle time), the time in milliseconds is specified that the motor must be at a standstill (set value is checked) before current reduction is activated.
- In object <u>2037</u><sub>h</sub> (open-loop current reduction value/factor), the root mean square is specified to which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in *open loop* and the motor is at a standstill.

## 5.1.2.3 Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in *open loop* mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see objects <u>6073<sub>h</sub></u> and <u>6075<sub>h</sub></u>, respectively. An excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects <u>3210<sub>h</sub></u>:09<sub>h</sub> (I\_P) and <u>3210<sub>h</sub></u>:0A<sub>h</sub> (I\_I) or <u>320F<sub>h</sub></u> (generally not necessary).

The current controller operates optimally if the actual current of both windings (square root of the sum  $I_a^2 + I_b^2$ ,  $2039_h:03h/:04_h$ ) divided by 2 at any point in time corresponds to the set rated current ( $203B_h:01_h$ ).

 Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:

#### Profile Position operating mode

Objects <u>6083<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Acceleration), <u>6084<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Deceleration) and <u>6081<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Velocity).

### Velocity operating mode

Objects <u>6048</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Acceleration), <u>6049</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Deceleration) and <u>6042</u><sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity).

#### Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects <u>6083<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Acceleration), <u>6084<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Deceleration) and <u>6081<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Velocity).

#### Homing operating mode

Objects  $\underline{609A}_h$  (Homing Acceleration),  $\underline{6099}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Switch) and  $\underline{6099}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Zero).

#### Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

#### Cyclic Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.



#### Cyclic Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

#### **Clock-direction operating mode**

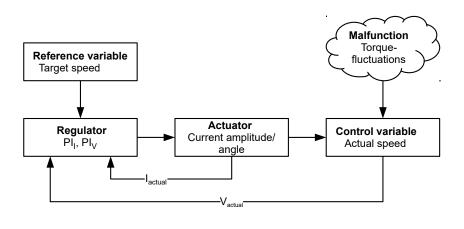
Change of the step resolution via objects  $2057_h$  (Clock Direction Multiplier) and  $2058_h$  (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

## 5.1.3 Closed Loop

#### 5.1.3.1 Introduction

The *closed loop* theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.

Closed loop using a speed control as an example:



- PI<sub>1</sub> = Proportional-integral current control loop
- Pl<sub>V</sub> = Proportional-integral velocity control loop
- I<sub>actual</sub>= Actual current
- V<sub>actuat</sub> Actual speed

The *closed loop* method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of *closed loop* technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using sensor signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for *closed loop* mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through a software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which – above a certain minimum speed – supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support *closed loop* mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With *closed loop* mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.



# 5.1.3.2 Controller structure

The controller consists of three cascaded PI controllers (proportional-integral): the current controller (commutation), the velocity controller and the position controller.

The current controller is active in all operating modes. The velocity controller is as well with the sole exception of the "Real Torque" modes (torque mode without speed limiting if bit 5 in <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u> is set to "1").

The position controller is active in the following operating modes:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity/Cyclic Synchronous Velocity if bit 1 in <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub> is set to "1"

Note

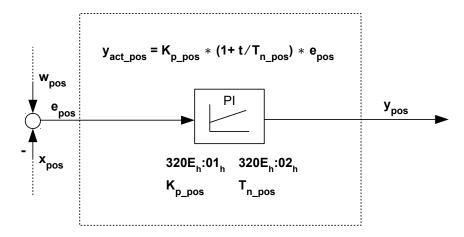
For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema described here for the <u>Controller</u> <u>structure</u> applies.

The old control parameters (object 3210<sub>h</sub>) are still activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

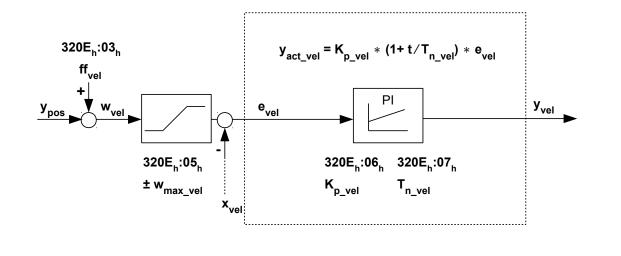
To use the new parameters, you must set  $3210_h$ :07<sub>h</sub> (for *closed loop*) or  $3210_h$ :09<sub>h</sub> (for *open loop*) to "0". When the controller is switched on, the old values are converted and entered in the new object  $320E_h$  or  $320F_h$ . You must save both objects (see Saving objects).

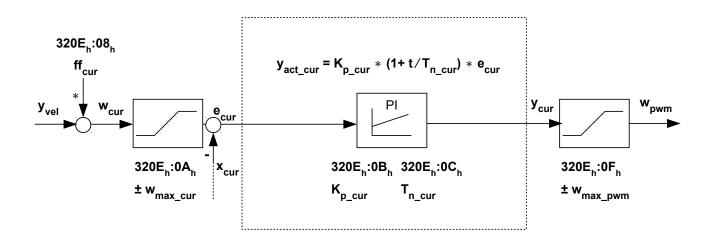
Each controller consists of a proportional component with the *gain factor*  $K_p$  and an integral component with the *reset time*  $T_n$ . The control variable (the output signal of the controller, which is the set point for the next controller) is limited by the maximum speed (position controller), the maximum current (velocity controller) or the maximum PWM signal (current controller), respectively.

The following figures show the structure of the three cascaded controllers.









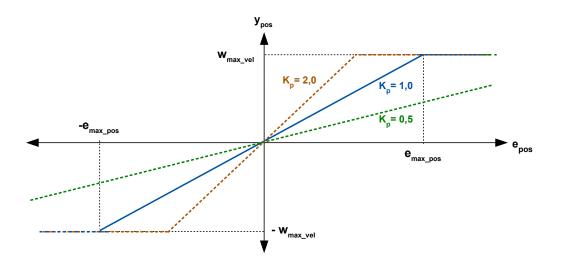
For each controller you can set a maximum control deviation ( $e_{max}$ ) and a gain factor ( $K_p$ ) that determine the output of the controller (control variable), taking into account the limitation of the control variable ( $y_{max}$ ).

The following figure shows the relationship between the maximum control deviation (*e*), the control variable (*y*) and the gain factor ( $K_p$ ) using the position controller as an example.

With a  $K_p$  of 100%, a maximum deviation set in 320E<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> ( $e_{max_pos}$ ) leads to the set maximum control variable set in 320E<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> (in the case of the maximum speed,  $y_{max_vel}$ ). For smaller deviations, the control variable is also correspondingly smaller.

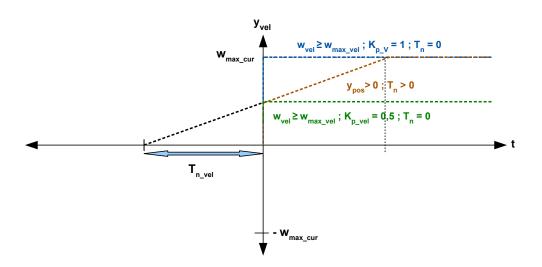
The gain factor  $K_p$  has a direct influence on the current control variable: at the same deviation, the control variable is proportional to the gain factor.





Each controller also has an integral component that is determined by the *reset time* ( $T_n$ ). The following figure shows the influence of the reset time on the control variable using the velocity controller as an example.

The smaller the reset time, the greater the influence of the integral component and the faster the control variable increases. If the reset time is 0, the integral component is internally set to "0" and the controller only has the proportional component.



#### 5.1.3.3 Feed forward

It is also possible to set a *velocity feed forward*, an *acceleration feed forward* (that corresponds to a torque/ current value) and a *voltage feed forward*.

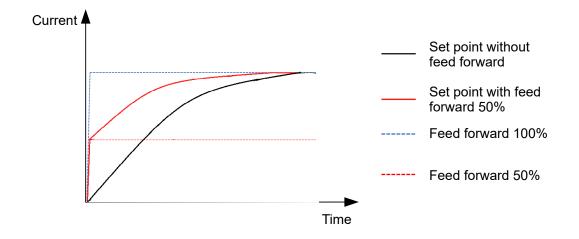
You can use the *feed forward* to add an already known or anticipated control variable to the set point ("predictive"). You can, e. g., compensate for the inertia of the load by adding an acceleration feed forward value to the output of the velocity controller.

The feed forward values are additionally fed to the speed/current control loop or added to the voltage value and are immediately available. A more dynamic control can thereby be achieved.

#### **5** General concepts



The following figure shows the current (produced by the acceleration) during the acceleration phase as a function of the *acceleration feed forward*. At a feed forward value of "50%", the current is at "50%" already at the start of the acceleration phase; the current controller is thereby "relieved".



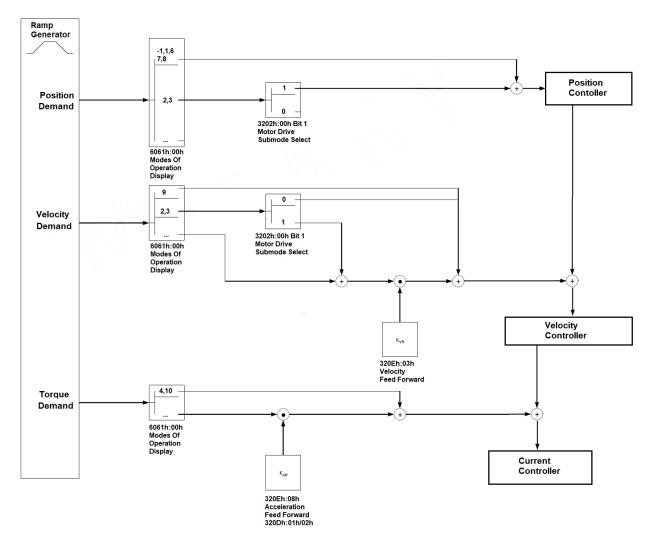
The factor for the *velocity feed forward* is set in object  $\underline{320E}_h:03_h$  in tenths of a percent of the output of the ramp generator ( $\underline{606B}_h$ ) and added to the output of the position controller before the velocity controller. The *velocity feed forward* is active in all modes with position control loop:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity if bit 1 in <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub> is set to "1"

The factor for the *acceleration feed forward* is set in object  $\underline{320E}_h:08_h$  in tenths of a percent of the factor of  $\underline{320D}_h$  and multiplied by the output of the ramp generator ( $\underline{6074}_h$ ). The value is added to the output of the velocity controller before the current controller. The *acceleration feed forward* is active in all modes, with the exception of the torque modes.

The following figure shows the cases in which the feed forward is active and the position of the feed forward within the controller cascade.





The factor for the *voltage feed forward* is specified in object  $320E_h:0D_h$  in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current. If the factor is 1000‰ (factory setting), the voltage is immediately available and the actual current quickly reaches the rated current. As a result, there is practically no control deviation during acceleration and the current controller is relieved.

The *voltage feed forward* is active in all modes. To switch it off, set <u>320E<sub>h</sub></u>:0D<sub>h</sub> to "0".

### 5.1.3.4 Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops

In object  $3203_h$ , you define which of the existing feedbacks the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (current controller/commutation, velocity, position). You can also use a second sensor for the commutation (see <u>Commutation help</u>).

Each subindex of the object contains a bit mask for the respective feedback of a sensor. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in Closed Loop.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.

The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.



### Example

The controller has two physical interfaces. Hall sensors and a (non-absolute) incremental encoder were connected.

Bit	Controller	Feedback 1 Sensorless	Feedback 2 Hall	Feedback 3 Incremental encoder
0	Position	0	0	1
1	Velocity	0	1	1 <sup>1</sup>
2	Commutation	0	1 <sup>2</sup>	1
	Index:Subindex	3203 <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub>	3203 <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub>	3203 <sub>h</sub> :03 <sub>h</sub>

<sup>1</sup>The Hall sensors should be used for velocity control, the encoder for the positioning and commutation. Although the bit for the velocity was also set for the third feedback, this is not taken into account.

<sup>2</sup>Immediately after switching on – and until the index of the encoder is passed over for the first time – commutation is to take place via the Hall sensors and immediately enable *closed loop* mode.

### **Commutation help**

Some sensors are initially lacking the alignment necessary for the commutation (offset between the index of the encoder and the magnets of the rotor). This means that the rotor orientation cannot be determined using only the position information of the sensor.

For assistance, you can set a second sensor as commutation sensor (bit 2 of the corresponding subindex in  $3203_h$ ). It is thereby possible, for example, for each (electric) absolute sensor with alignment (such as a Hall sensor), to offer commutation assistance, e. g., for an incremental encoder without index or still missing alignment (index signal not yet seen since a restart). The controller automatically uses the better sensor for the commutation.

If no second commutation sensor is selected or if the alignment is missing for the selected sensors, an autoalignment is determined in *open loop* if necessary (independent of bit 4 in  $3202_{\rm h}$ ).

# 5.1.3.5 Commissioning

An auto setup should be performed before using *closed loop* mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter <u>Auto setup</u>.

To use *closed loop* mode, certain settings are necessary depending on the motor type and feedback; see chapter <u>Setting the motor data</u>.

Bit 0 in 3202<sub>h</sub> must be set . The bit is set automatically after a successfully completed auto setup.

### Activation

If an (electric) absolute sensor (e.g., Hall sensor) is used for the commutation, the *closed loop* is activated automatically already when switching on.



If an encoder is used for the commutation, the index of the encoder must be passed over at least once after switching on before *closed loop* can be activated (remains in *open loop* mode until this takes place).

If no index is present or if it cannot be used, you can:

- use a second sensor for commutation (see <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u>)
- or have an *auto alignment* determined in *open loop* by setting bit 4 in <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u> to "1".
   *Auto alignment* is determined once every time the controller is restarted after the first command that switches the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the *Operation enabled* state.
   In doing so, the rotor is moved up to a magnetic pole. After the alignment has been determined, the *Operation enabled* state is reached and travel continues if applicable.

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#### Note

To be able to determine the *auto alignment*, you must ensure that the (automatic or manual) brake control is deactivated (see chapter <u>Automatic brake control</u>).

#### CAUTION

#### Uncontrolled motor movements!

Unforeseeable reactions can result if the alignment is not correctly determined.



- Please observe the following requirements for the use of auto alignment:
- ► The motor shaft must ideally be load-free. If this is not possible, the motor must be designed so that there is a large torque reserve (at least 25%).

▶ Use an encoder with sufficiently high resolution (at least 500 counts per revolution, after quadrature, for a motor with 50 pole pairs)

Bit 15 in <u>6041h Statusword</u> indicates whether or not *closed loop* is active (if the state of <u>CiA 402 Power State</u> <u>Machine</u> is *Operation enabled*).

### 5.1.3.6 Optimizations

In *closed loop*, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

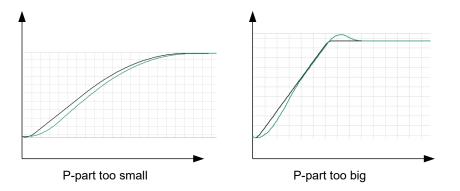
The objective of control parameter optimization (the so-called *tuning* of the controller) is the smoothest possible running of the motor, high accuracy and high dynamics in the reaction of the controller to faults. All control deviations should be eliminated as quickly as possible.

Due to the cascaded <u>Controller structure</u>, it is useful to start the optimization of the inner-most controller (current controller) before the velocity and – if applicable – the position controller are optimized. Each of the three controllers consists of a proportional and an integral component, which should normally be adjusted in this order.

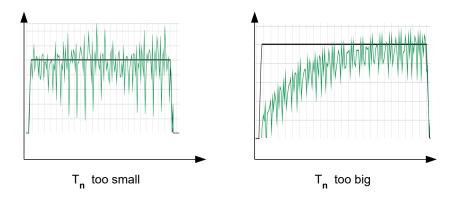
The following figures show the reaction of the controller to a change in set value.

If the proportional component is too small, the actual value remains below the set value. A proportional component that is too large, on the other hand, results in "overshooting".





If the reset time is too small, the system tends toward oscillations. If the reset time is too large, the deviations are compensated for too slowly.





#### Risk of injury through uncontrolled motor movements!

Incorrect control parameters may result in an unstable control behavior. Unforeseen reactions can result.

► Increase the control parameters slowly and incrementally. Do not increase these further if you notice strong vibrations/oscillations.

► Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.

### 5.1.4 Slow Speed

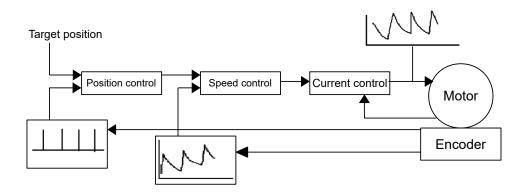
#### 5.1.4.1 Introduction

The *slow speed* mode combines the advantages of *open loop* and *closed loop* technologies in a low speed range and can be used if an encoder is present as feedback. *Slow speed* offers following error monitoring but is more smooth-running than in pure *closed loop* mode at low speeds.

The rotor orientation is detected via the signals of the encoder. To calculate the speed, the change of position is divided by the (fixed) cycle time. At low speeds, the controller counts fewer (or even no) encoder increments in one cycle, which leads to a speed curve with a relatively high number of peaks (in spite of the used low-pass filter).

Due to the cascaded control loop, this results in current peaks in *closed loop* mode, which can lead to uneven running, as the following figure shows.





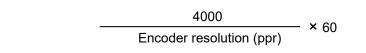
In the *slow speed* mode, the motor instead operates with constant phase current, as in *open loop*. The following error is, however, monitored by means of the encoder and the vector control of the magnetic field is activated if necessary, as in *closed loop*.

## 5.1.4.2 Activation

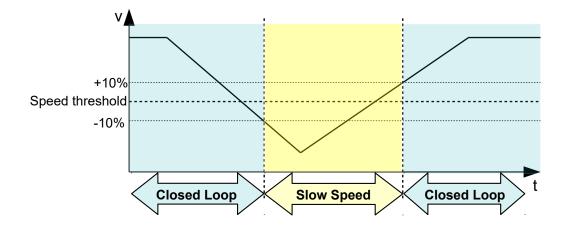
To activate the *slow speed* mode, you must:

- 1. activate closed loop,
- 2. in object <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 7 to "1".

The changeover between *slow speed* and *closed loop* occurs automatically at a speed that is dependent on the physical encoder resolution, with a hysteresis of 10%. This fixed changeover speed is calculated in revolutions per minute as follows:



The following figure shows the changeover as a function of speed in both directions.





While at a standstill, the motor is in *closed loop* mode.

## 5.1.4.3 Optimizations

The entire phase current remains constant as in *open loop*. Depending on the system, resonances may occur that you can avoid by adjusting the motor current and/or the acceleration ramp. See also chapter <u>Open Loop</u>.

During operation at various speed ranges, if changing between *closed loop* and *slow speed*, it may be necessary to:

- reduce the motor current (objects <u>6075<sub>h</sub></u>, <u>6073<sub>h</sub></u>) if changing from *closed loop* to *slow speed*,
- ascertain various control parameters (see <u>Controller structure</u>) for each speed range.

# 5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

# 5.2.1 State machine

## 5.2.1.1 CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a *state machine*. This is defined in *CANopen standard 402*. State changes are requested in object  $6040_h$  (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object  $6041_h$  (statusword).

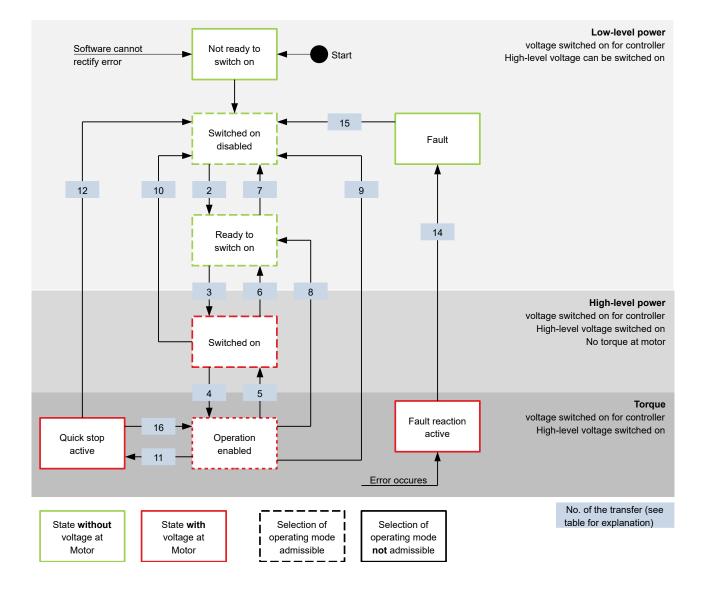
## 5.2.1.2 Controlword

State changes are requested via object 6040h (controlword).

### **State transitions**

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.





Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An X here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. Exceptions are the resetting of the error (fault reset) and the changeover from *Quick Stop Active* to *Operation Enabled*: the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

Command	Bit in object 6040 <sub>h</sub>					Transition
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	Х	1	1	0	2, 6, 8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Disable voltage	0	Х	Х	0	Х	7, 10, 9, 12
Quick stop	0	Х	0	1	Х	11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4
Enable operation after Quick stop	0	1	_	1	1	16



Command		Bit	in object	Transition		
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Fault reset		Х	Х	Х	Х	15

## 5.2.1.3 Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled	
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault	

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the *Switch on disabled* state.

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Note

If an unrecoverable error occurs, the controller changes to the *Not ready to switch on* state and remains there.

# 5.2.1.4 Operating mode

The operating mode is set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$ . The actually active operating mode is displayed in  $\underline{6061}_h$ . The operating mode can be set or changed at any time.

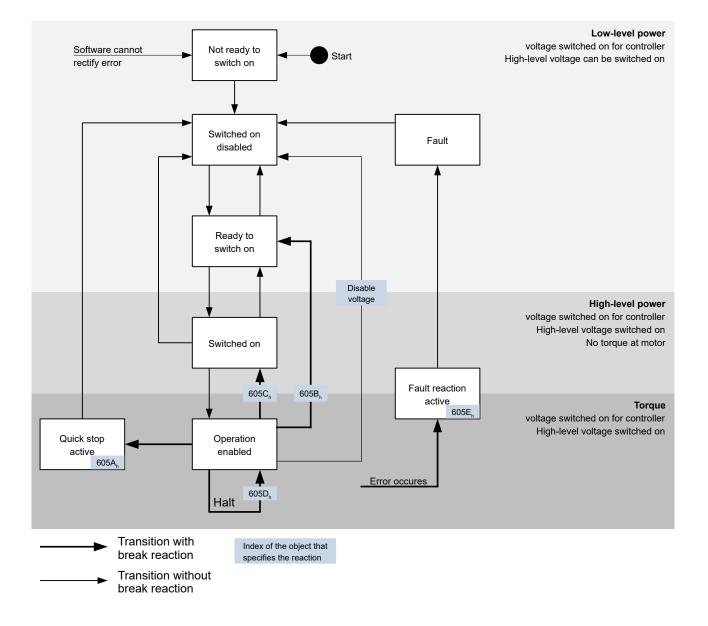
# 5.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

### 5.2.2.1 Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the Operation enabled state.

The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.





### 5.2.2.2 Quick stop active

Transition to the Quick stop active state (quick stop option):

In this case, the action stored in object 605A<sub>h</sub> is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description				
0	Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled				
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>				
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>				
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.				



	Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085</u> <sub>h</sub> ) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

The *Quick stop active* state can also be reached when a limit switch is actuated; see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>.

### 5.2.2.3 Ready to switch on

Transition to the *Ready to switch on* state (shutdown option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $\underline{605B}_h$  is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605B <sub>h</sub>	Description			
-327681	Reserved			
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely			
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>			
2 32767	Reserved			

## 5.2.2.4 Switched on

Transition to the Switched on state (disable operation option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $\underline{605C}_{h}$  is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605C <sub>h</sub>	Description			
-327681	Reserved			
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely			
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>			
2 32767	Reserved			

# 5.2.2.5 Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword), the action stored in  $\underline{605D}_h$  is executed (see following table):

Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u>
3 32767	Reserved



# 5.2.2.6 Fault

Case of an error (fault):

If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object  $\underline{605E}_{h}$ .

Value in object 605E <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u>
3 32767	Reserved

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003<sub>h</sub>.

# 5.2.2.7 Following/slippage error

If a following or slippage error occurs, the motor is braked according to the value stored in object 3700h.

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u>
3 32767	Reserved

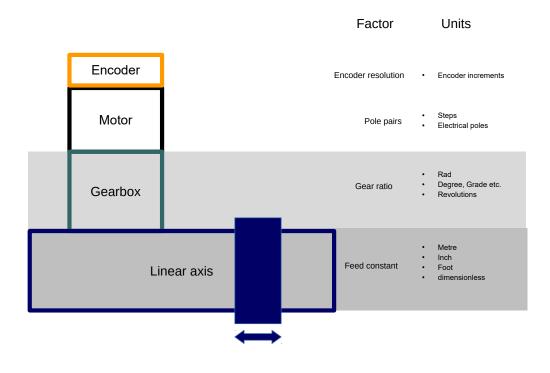
You can deactivate error monitoring by setting object  $\underline{6065}_h$  to the value "-1" (FFFFFFF<sub>h</sub>) or object  $\underline{60F8}_h$  to the value "7FFFFFF<sub>h</sub>".

# 5.3 User-defined units

The controller offers you the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [°], millimeter [mm], etc.

Depending on the mechanical circumstances, you can also define a Gear ratio and/or a Feed constant.





Note

Value changes of all objects that are described in this chapter are not immediately applied in the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>. For this to happen, the *Operation enabled* state must be exited.

# 5.3.1 Units

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Units of the international unit system (*SI*) as well as a number of specific units are supported. It is also possible to specify a power of ten as a factor.

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the position and their values for  $\underline{60A8}_h$  (Position unit) or  $\underline{60A9}_h$  (Speed unit). Depending on the unit that is used, Feed constant ( $\underline{6092}_h$ ) and/or Gear ratio ( $\underline{6091}_h$ ) are/is taken into account.

Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 <sub>h</sub>	6092 <sub>h</sub>	Description
meter	m	01 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	Meter
inch	in	C1 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	<i>Inch</i> (=0.0254 m)
foot	ft	C2 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	<i>Foot</i> (=0.3048 m)
grade	g	40 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	<i>Gradian</i> (unit of angle, 400 corresponds to 360°)
radian	rad	10 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Radian
degree	0	41 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Degrees
arcminute	1	42 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Arcminute (60'=1°)
arcsecond	"	43 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Arcsecond (60"=1')
mechanical revolution		B4 <sub>h</sub>	yes	no	Revolution



Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 <sub>h</sub>	6092 <sub>h</sub>	Description
encoder increment		B5 <sub>h</sub>	no	no	<i>Encoder increments.</i> Dependent on the used sensor (encoder/Hall sensor) and <u>control mode</u> . In <i>open loop</i> and <i>sensorless</i> mode, the number of pole pairs (2030 <sub>h</sub> ) multiplied by 65536 corresponds to one motor revolution.
step		AC <sub>h</sub>	no	no	Steps. With 2-phase stepper motors, the number of pole pairs $(2030_h)$ multiplied by 4 is equivalent to one revolution. With 3-phase BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs $(2030_h)$ multiplied by 6 is equivalent to one revolution.
electrical pole		C0 <sub>h</sub>	no	no	<i>Electric poles.</i> With a stepper motor that has, e.g., 50 pole pairs (2030 <sub>h</sub> ), the unit corresponds to 1/50 of a revolution.
dimensionless	5	00 <sub>h</sub>	yes	yes	Dimensionless length unit

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the time and their values for 60A9<sub>h</sub> (Speed unit):

Name	Unit symbol	Value	Description
second	S	03 <sub>h</sub>	Second
minute	min	47 <sub>h</sub>	Minute
hour	h	48 <sub>h</sub>	Hour
day	d	49 <sub>h</sub>	Day
year	а	4A <sub>h</sub>	Year (=365.25 days)

Listed in the following table are the possible exponents and their values for  $\underline{60A8}_h$  (Position unit) and  $\underline{60A9}_h$  (Speed unit):

Factor	Exponent	Value
10 <sup>6</sup> 10 <sup>5</sup>	6	06 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>5</sup>	5	05 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>1</sup>	1	01 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>0</sup> 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0	00 <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>-1</sup>	-1	FF <sub>h</sub>
10 <sup>-5</sup>	-5	FB <sub>h</sub>
 10 <sup>-5</sup> 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-6	FA <sub>h</sub>

# 5.3.2 Encoder resolution

The physical resolution for position measurement of the used encoder/sensor is calculated from the encoder increments ( $\underline{60E6}_h$  (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions ( $\underline{60EB}_h$  (Motor Revolutions)).

# 5.3.3 Gear ratio

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions ( $\underline{60E8}_h$  (Motor Shaft Revolutions)) per axis rotations ( $\underline{60ED}_h$  (Driving Shaft Revolutions)).



# 5.3.4 Feed constant

The feed constant is calculated in user-defined position units from the feed ( $\underline{60E9}_h$  (Feed) per revolution of the output shaft ( $\underline{60EE}_h$  (Driving Shaft Revolutions).

The feed constant is useful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis and is used if the unit is based on length dimensions or if it is dimensionless.

# 5.3.5 Calculation formulas for user units

### 5.3.5.1 Position unit

Object 60A8<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor									Unit					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)									reser	ved (0	0h)			

#### Example

If  $\underline{60A8}_h$  is written with the value "FF410000<sub>h</sub>" (bits 16-23=41<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=FF<sub>h</sub>), the unit is set to *tenths of degree* (factory setting).

With a relative target position  $(\underline{607A}_h)$  of 3600, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if <u>Gear ratio</u> is 1:1. The <u>Feed constant</u> plays no role in this case.

### Example

If  $\underline{60A8}_h$  is written with the value "FD010000<sub>h</sub>" (bits 16-23=01<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=FD<sub>h</sub>(=-3)), the unit is set to *millimeter*.

With a relative target position  $(\underline{607A}_h)$  of 1, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if <u>Feed constant</u> and <u>Gear ratio</u> are 1:1.

If the <u>Feed constant</u> is set according to the lead screw pitch of a linear axis, the motor turns far enough that a feed of 1 mm is achieved.

Described in chapter <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u> is how you can determine which encoder/sensor is to be used for position control and measurement.

### 5.3.5.2 Speed unit

Object 60A9h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor							N	omina	tor (Po	sition)				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	d (00h	)			



### Example

If  $\underline{60A9}_h$  is written with the value "00B44700<sub>h</sub>" (bits 8-15=00<sub>h</sub>, bits 16-23=B4<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=47<sub>h</sub>), the unit is set to *revolutions per minute* (factory setting).

#### Example

If  $\underline{60A9}_h$  is written with the value "FD010300<sub>h</sub>" (bits 8-15=FD<sub>h</sub>(=-3), bits 16-23=01<sub>h</sub> and bits 24-31=03<sub>h</sub>), the unit is set to *millimeters per second*.

Described in chapter <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u> is how you can determine which encoder/sensor is to be used for speed control and measurement.



The speed unit in <u>Velocity</u> mode is preset to *revolutions per minute*. You can only set the unit via the 604Ch VI Dimension Factor.

Note

## Conversion factor for the speed unit

You can set an additional factor for the speed unit. Thus, a unit of, e.g., 1/3 revolutions/minute is possible. The factor n is calculated from the factor for numerator ( $\underline{6096}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub>) divided by the factor for denominator ( $\underline{6096}_h$ :02<sub>h</sub>).

$$n_{velocity} = -\frac{6096_{h}:01}{6096_{h}:02}$$

### 5.3.5.3 Acceleration unit

The acceleration unit is speed unit per second.

### Conversion factor for the acceleration unit

The factor n for the acceleration unit is calculated from the numerator  $(\underline{6097}_h:01_h)$  divided by the denominator  $(\underline{6097}_h:02_h)$ .

 $n_{acceleration} = \frac{6097_{h}:01}{6097_{h}:02}$ 

### 5.3.5.4 Jerk unit

The jerk unit is Acceleration unit per second.

### **Conversion factor for jerk**

The factor n for the jerk is calculated from the numerator  $(\underline{60A2}_h:01_h)$  divided by the denominator  $(\underline{60A2}_h:02_h)$ .

$$n_{jerk} = \frac{60A2_{h}:01}{60A2_{h}:02}$$



# 5.4 Limitation of the range of motion

The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

# 5.4.1 Behavior upon reaching the limit switch

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 (*Warning*) is set in  $6041_h$  (*statusword*) and the action that is stored in object  $3701_h$  executed (see following table).

Value in object 3701 <sub>h</sub>	Description
-1 (factory settings)	No reaction (e.g., to execute a homing operation)
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

As long as the limit switch is still active, travel in the direction of the limit switch is blocked; it is, however, possible to travel in the opposite direction.

Bit 7 (*Warning*) in <u>6041<sub>h</sub></u> is not deleted until the limit switch is deactivated and the limit switch position has been passed back over.

The quick-stop bit (bit 2) in  $6040_h$  is not automatically set to "0" when the state changes to *Quick stop active*.

Note

▶ If you want to change the <u>state machine</u> back to the Operation enabled state, you must set the bit to "0" and then to "1" again.

# 5.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches ( $\underline{607D}_h$  (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ( $\underline{607A}_h$ ) are limited by  $\underline{607D}_h$ ; the absolute target position may not be larger than the limits in  $\underline{607D}_h$ . If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

# 5.5 Cycle times

i

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms. This means that data are processed every 1 ms; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

Task	Cycle time
Application	1 ms
NanoJ application	1 ms



Task	Cycle time
Current controller	62.5 μs (16 kHz)
Velocity controller	250 μs (4 kHz)
Position controller	1 ms



# 6 Operating modes

# 6.1 Profile Position

# 6.1.1 Overview

# 6.1.1.1 Description

*Profile Position Mode* is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/ braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.

# 6.1.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> <u>State Machine</u>").

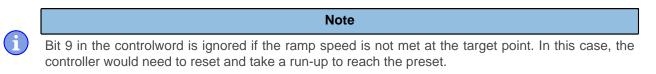
# 6.1.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1". An exception occurs if changing from another operating mode to *profile position*: If bit 4 is already set, it does not need to be set to "0" and then back to "1" in order to start the travel command.
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to "0", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position (<u>607A<sub>h</sub></u>) is absolute and with "1" the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object <u>60F2<sub>h</sub></u>.
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D<sub>h</sub>.
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

Controlword 6040 <sub>h</sub>							
Bit 9	Bit 5	Definition					
Х	1	The new target position is moved to immediately.					
0	0	Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new limits.					
1	0	The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target position is moved to with the new values.					

For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".



# 6.1.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  (statusword) have a special function:



- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window (6067<sub>h</sub>) for a preset time (6068<sub>h</sub>).
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D<sub>h</sub>.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.

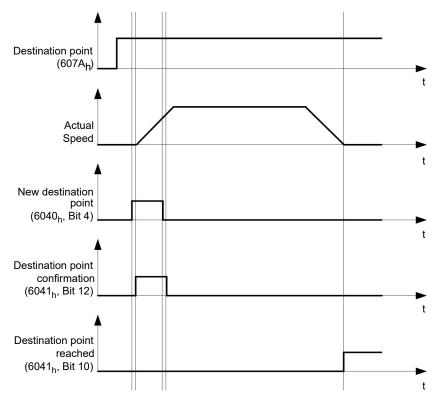
There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel command is ignored. The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:

- □ The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- □ A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (<u>6065<sub>h</sub></u> (Following Error Window) and <u>6066<sub>h</sub></u> (Following Error Time Out)).

# 6.1.2 Setting travel commands

## 6.1.2.1 Travel command

In object  $\underline{607A}_h$  (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see <u>User-defined units</u>). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".



The controller can also reset bit 4 in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object  $\underline{60F2}_h$ .

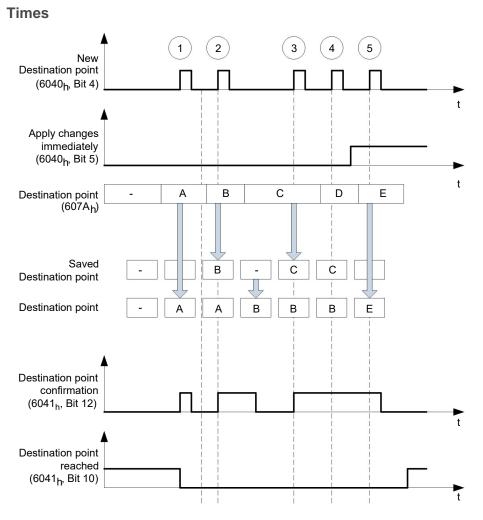
# 6.1.2.2 Other travel commands

Bit 12 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters – such as speed, acceleration, braking deceleration, etc. – can thereby be reset (time 2). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).

### 6 Operating modes



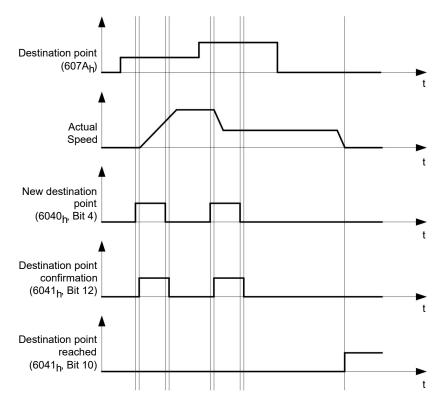
If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object <u>6040</u><sub>h</sub> (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).



### Transition procedure for second target position

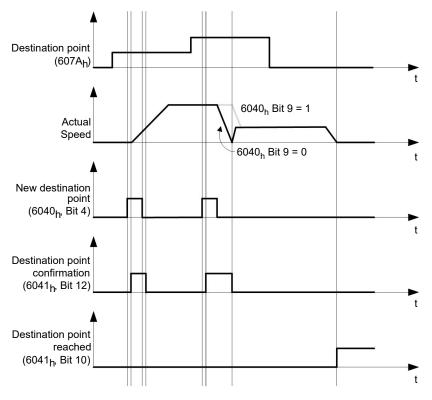
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object  $6040_h$  (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.





## Possibilities for moving to a target position

If bit 9 in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword) is equal to "0", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed ( $\underline{6082}_h$ ) of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to "1", the profile speed ( $\underline{6081}_h$ ) is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.



## Possible combinations of travel commands

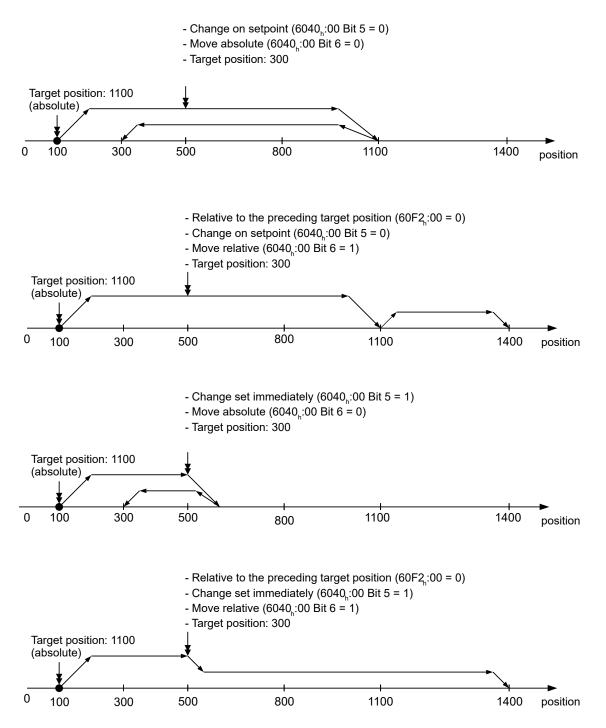
To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

### 6 Operating modes

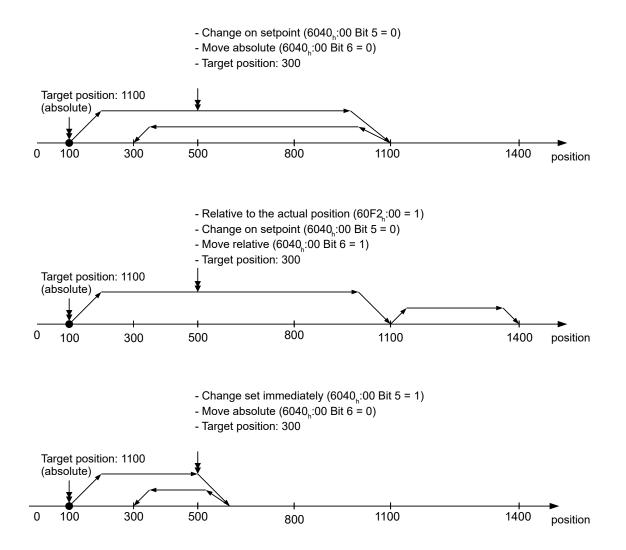


The following applies for the figures below:

- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.

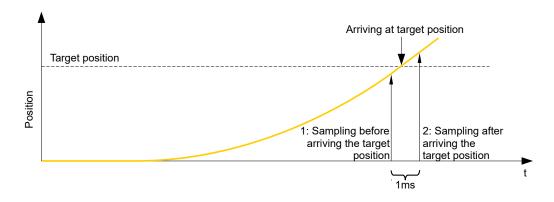






## 6.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.



The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.



# 6.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

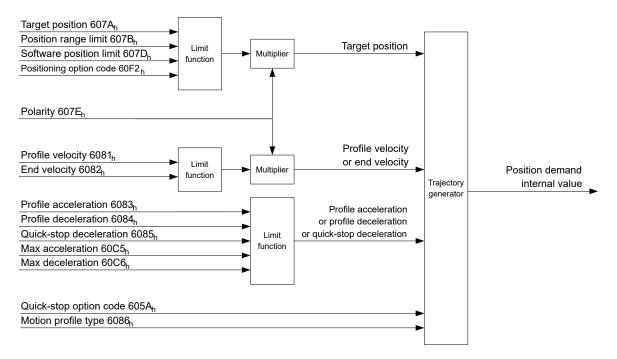
### 6.1.4.1 Object entries

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- <u>607A<sub>h</sub></u>: (Target Position): Planned target position
- <u>607D</u><sub>h</sub>: (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter <u>Software limit switches</u>)
- <u>607C</u><sub>h</sub> (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>. (See "<u>Homing</u>")
- <u>607B</u><sub>h</sub> (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- <u>607</u><sub>h</sub> (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- <u>6081<sub>h</sub></u> (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- <u>6082</u><sub>h</sub> (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- <u>6083</u><sub>h</sub> (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- <u>6084</u><sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- <u>6085</u><sub>h</sub> (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- $6086_h$  (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is "0", the jerk is not limited; if the value is "3", the values of  $60A4_h:1_h-4_h$  are set as limits for the jerk.
- <u>60C5</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- <u>60C6</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- $60A4_h$  (Profile Jerk), subindex  $01_h$  to  $04_h$ : Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- The speed is is limited by <u>607F<sub>h</sub></u> (Max Profile Velocity) and <u>6080<sub>h</sub></u> (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- <u>60F2<sub>h</sub></u>: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior
- <u>60B0</u><sub>h</sub> (Position Offset): Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>

## 6.1.4.2 Objects for the positioning move

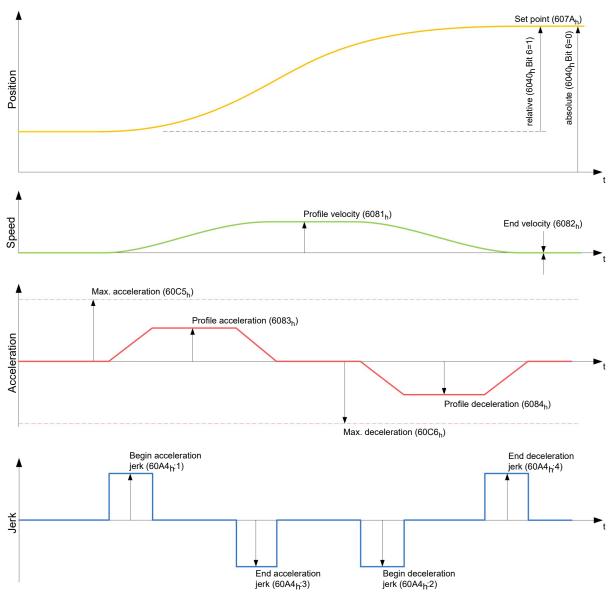
The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.





## 6.1.4.3 Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).



## 6.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

### 6.1.5.1 Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

### 6.1.5.2 Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object  $\underline{6086}_h$  to "3". The entries for the jerks in subindices :1<sub>h</sub>-4<sub>h</sub> of object  $\underline{60A4}$  thereby become valid.

### 6.1.5.3 Non-jerk-limited mode

A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object <u>6086<sub>h</sub></u> is set to "0" (default setting).



# 6.2 Velocity

## 6.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the *profile velocity mode*, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.

## 6.2.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object <u>6060<sub>h</sub></u> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> <u>State Machine</u>").

## 6.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object  $\underline{6040}_h$  (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.

## 6.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object  $\underline{6041}_{h}$  (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.

## 6.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

■ <u>604C<sub>h</sub></u> (Dimension Factor):

The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects.

Subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

- <u>6042<sub>h</sub></u>: Target Velocity.
   The target speed is set here in user-defined units.
- <u>6048</u><sub>h</sub>: Velocity Acceleration
   This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

VL velocity acceleration = 
$$\frac{\text{Delta speed (6048}_{h}:1)}{\text{Delta time (6048}_{h}:2)}$$

■ <u>6049</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Deceleration):

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object  $\underline{6048}_{h}$ ; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.

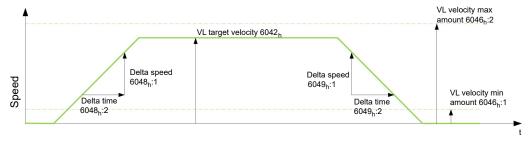
- <u>6046<sub>h</sub></u> (Velocity Min Max Amount): The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object. The minimum speed is set in <u>6046<sub>h</sub></u>:1<sub>h</sub>. If the target speed (<u>6042<sub>h</sub></u>) falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed <u>6046<sub>h</sub></u>:1<sub>h</sub>. The maximum speed is set in <u>6046<sub>h</sub></u>:2<sub>h</sub>. If the target speed (<u>6042<sub>h</sub></u>) exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed <u>6046<sub>h</sub></u>:2<sub>h</sub>.
- <u>604A<sub>h</sub></u> (Velocity Quick Stop): This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object <u>6048<sub>h</sub></u>.
- <u>60B1</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>

The following objects can be used to check the function:

- <u>6043</u><sub>h</sub> (VI Velocity Demand)
- <u>6044</u><sub>h</sub> (VI Velocity Actual Value)

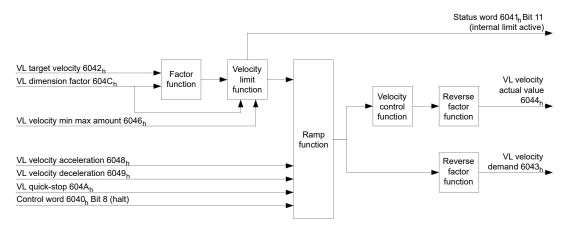


## 6.2.5.1 Speeds in Velocity Mode



## 6.2.5.2 Objects for Velocity Mode

The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object  $6041_h$  is set (internal limit active).



# 6.3 Profile Velocity

## 6.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps. Unlike *Velocity Mode* (see "<u>Velocity</u>"), the <u>statusword</u> is used in this mode to indicate whether the target speed is reached.

## 6.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "3" must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

## 6.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.

## 6.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).



	••	040 <sub>h</sub> Bit 8	Description
0	0	٦	arget speed not reached
0	1	A	Axis braking
1	0		Farget speed within target window (defined in <u>606D<sub>h</sub>h</u> and <u>606E<sub>h</sub>)</u>
1	1	ŀ	Axis speed is 0

- Bit 12: This bit indicates whether the actual speed is zero.
   If the actual speed is greater than the value in <u>606F<sub>h</sub></u>(Velocity Threshold) for a time of <u>6070<sub>h</sub></u>(Velocity Threshold Time), this bit has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".
- Bit 13 (Deviation Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the slippage error is greater than the set limits (<u>60F8h Max Slippage</u> and <u>203Fh Max Slippage Time Out</u>).

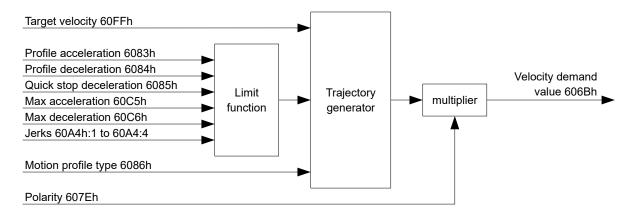
## 6.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- <u>606B</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Demand Value): This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.
- <u>606C</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value): Indicates the current actual speed.
- <u>606D</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Window): This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object <u>6041</u><sub>h</sub> (statusword) to be set to "1".
- <u>606E<sub>h</sub></u> (Velocity Window Time): This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see <u>606D<sub>h</sub></u> "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object <u>6041<sub>h</sub></u> (statusword) to be set to "1".
- <u>607E<sub>h</sub></u> (Polarity):
   If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.
- <u>6083</u><sub>h</sub> (Profile acceleration): Sets the value for the acceleration ramp.
- <u>6084</u><sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration): Sets the value for the deceleration ramp.
- <u>6085</u><sub>h</sub> (Quick Stop Deceleration): Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking.
- <u>6086</u><sub>h</sub> (Motion Profile Type): The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).
- <u>60FF</u><sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity):
   Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.
- The speed is is limited by <u>607F<sub>h</sub></u> (Max Profile Velocity) and <u>6080<sub>h</sub></u> (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- <u>60B1</u><sub>h</sub> (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>



## 6.3.5.1 Objects in Profile Velocity Mode

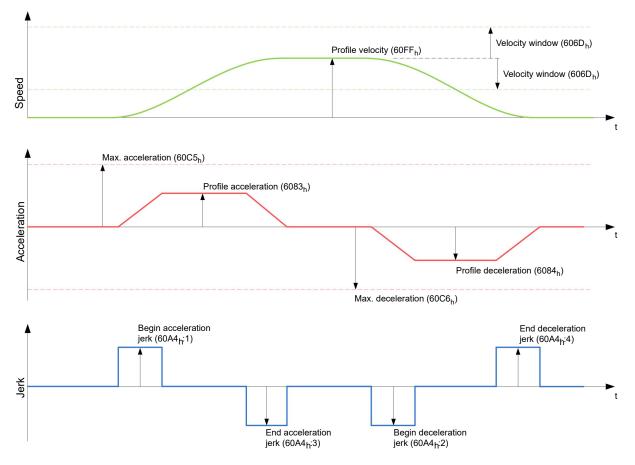


### 6.3.5.2 Activation

After the mode is selected in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>") is switched to *Operation enabled*, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object  $\underline{60FF}_h$  (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

### 6.3.5.3 Limitations in the jerk-limited case

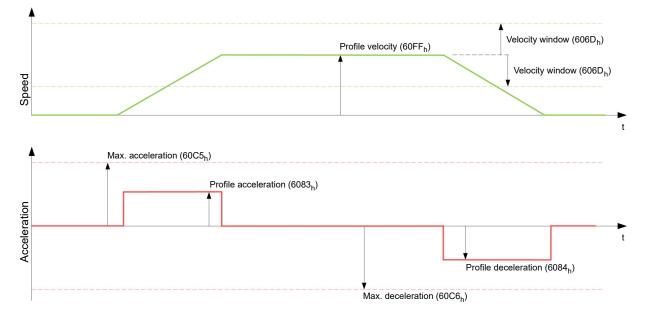
The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case  $(\underline{6086}_{h} = 3)$ .



## 6.3.5.4 Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case  $(\underline{6086}_{h} = 0)$ .





# 6.4 Profile Torque

## 6.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.



## 6.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

## 6.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. If this bit is set from "1" to "0", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from "0" to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.

## 6.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object <u>6040<sub>h</sub></u> (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque (<u>6077h Torque Actual Value</u>) is within a tolerance window (<u>203Dh Torque Window</u>) for a specified time (<u>203Eh Torque Window Time Out</u>).

6040 <sub>h</sub> Bit 8	6041 <sub>h</sub> Bit 10	Description
0	0	Specified torque not reached
0	1	Specified torque reached
1	0	Axis brakes
1	1	Axis speed is 0



Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque  $(\underline{6071}_h)$  exceeds the maximum torque entered in  $\underline{6072}_h$ .

## 6.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current  $(203B_h:01_h)$ . This includes the objects:

- <u>6071<sub>h</sub></u> (Target Torque): Target torque
- <u>6072</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Torque): Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)
- <u>6073</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Current):

i

- Maximum current. The minimum of  $6073_h$  and  $6072_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $6071_h$ .
- <u>6074</u><sub>h</sub> (Torque Demand):
   Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller
- <u>6087</u><sub>h</sub> (Torque Slope): Max. change in torque per second
- <u>60B2</u><sub>h</sub> (Torque Offset): Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent

Note

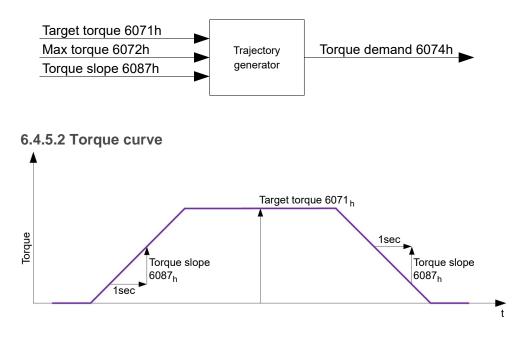
These values are not limited to 100% of the rated current ( $203B_h:01_h$ ). Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration ( $203B_h:02_h$ ) of the maximum current ( $6073_h$ ) is set (see <u>12t Motor overload protection</u>). All torque objects are limited by the maximum motor current ( $2031_h$ ).

The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

<u>3202</u><sub>h</sub> Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):

If this bit is set to "0", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in object <u>6080<sub>h</sub></u> and the controller can operate in field weakening mode. If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.

## 6.4.5.1 Objects of the ramp generator





# 6.5 Homing

## 6.5.1 Overview

## 6.5.1.1 Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

## 6.5.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object  $\underline{6060}_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> <u>State Machine</u>").



If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/O configuration (see "Digital inputs and outputs").

Tip

To use the limit switch, you must also set object  $3701_h$  to "-1" (factory setting) to prevent blocking the further travel of the motor.

## 6.5.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object <u>6040<sub>h</sub></u> (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 4: If the bit is set to "1", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference position is reached or bit 4 is reset to "0".

### 6.5.1.4 Statusword

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description
0	0	0	Homing is performed
0	0	1	Homing is interrupted or not started
0	1	0	Homing has been performed since the last restart but target is not currently reached
0	1	1	Homing completed
1	0	0	Error during homing, motor still turning
1	0	1	Error during homing, motor at standstill

The following bits in object  $6041_h$  (statusword) have a special function:

#### Note

Bit 12 in *Homing* mode is set to 1 after the first fully completed homing operation since the restart. It is only reset to 0

- during all subsequent homing operations
- in the event of an error during a homing operation (permanently deleted until a new homing operation is fully completed).

## 6.5.1.5 Object entries

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The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

<u>607C</u><sub>h</sub> (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>.



■ <u>6098<sub>h</sub></u> (Homing Method):

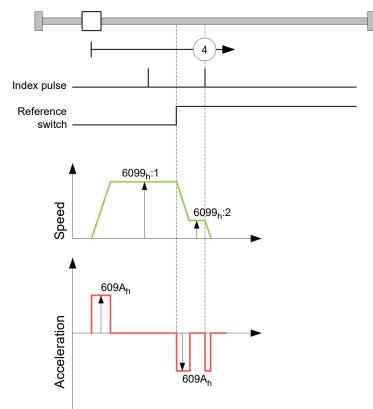
Method to be used for referencing (see "<u>Homing method</u>")

- <u>6099</u><sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Switch): Speed for the search of the switch
- <u>6099</u><sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Zero): Speed for the search of the index
- <u>6080</u><sub>h</sub> (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- <u>609A<sub>h</sub></u> (Homing Acceleration): Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing
- <u>203A</u><sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Minimum Current For Block Detection): Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.
   <u>203A</u><sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Period Of Blocking):

Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

## Homing speeds

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:



## 6.5.2 Homing method

## 6.5.2.1 Description

The homing method is written as a number in object  $6098_h$  and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/ falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14, 33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.

In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The *limit switch* is located before the respective mechanical block; the *home switch* is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.



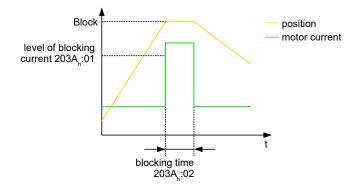
For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

### 6.5.2.2 Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in *closed loop* mode.

"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

- Current level: In object <u>203A<sub>h</sub></u>:01, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
- 2. Blocking duration: In object <u>203A<sub>h</sub></u>:02, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.



### 6.5.2.3 Overview of methods

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.

Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

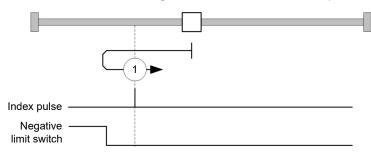
The following methods can be used for homing on block:

- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse

#### 6.5.2.4 Methods 1 and 2

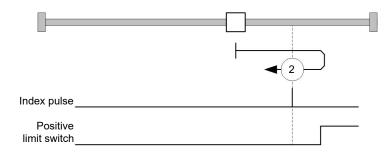
Reference to limit switches and index pulse.

Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:



Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:

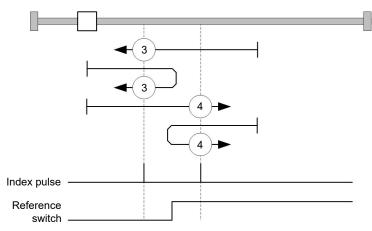




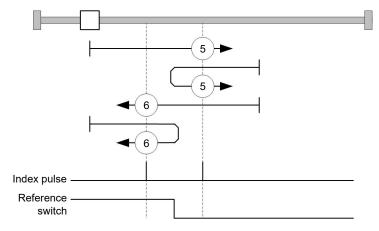
## 6.5.2.5 Methods 3 to 6

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.

With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 5 and 6, the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



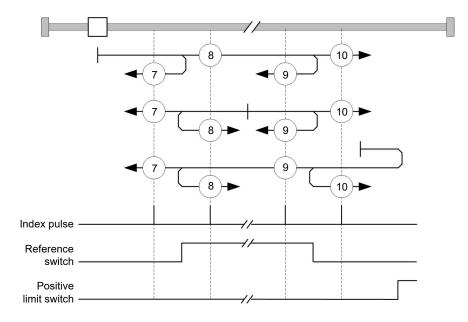
## 6.5.2.6 Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).

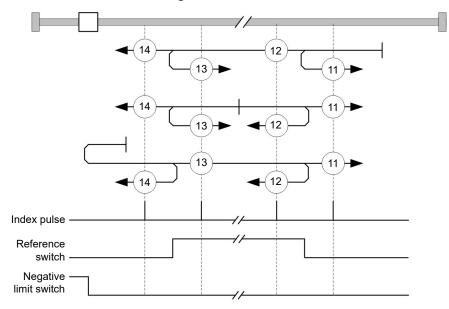
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:





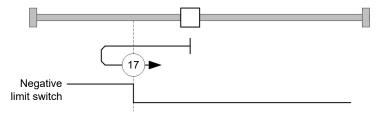
Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:



## 6.5.2.7 Methods 17 and 18

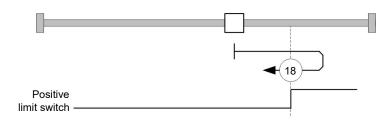
Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.

Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:



Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:

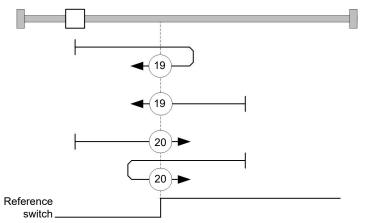




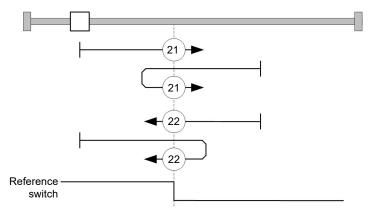
### 6.5.2.8 Methods 19 to 22

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.

With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



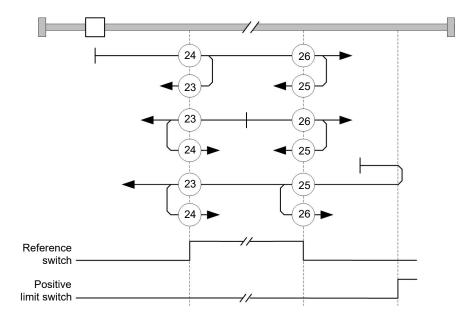
## 6.5.2.9 Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).

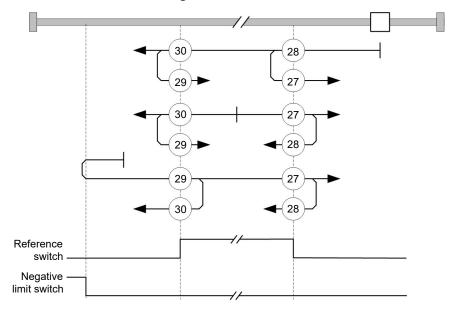
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:





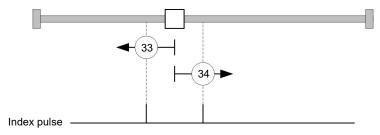
Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:



### 6.5.2.10 Methods 33 and 34

Reference to the next index pulse.

With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:



## 6.5.2.11 Method 35

References to the current position.



Note

For homing mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in *open loop* mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35.

## 6.6 Clock-direction mode

## 6.6.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal.

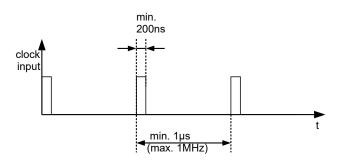
## 6.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object <u>6060<sub>h</sub></u> (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA</u> <u>402 Power State Machine</u>").

## 6.6.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns.



- The demand position resulting from the input pulses is updated cyclically; the cycle time corresponds to the Interpolation Time Period (<u>60C2<sub>h</sub></u>). The input pulses that arrive within a cycle are collected and buffered in the controller.
- The steps are scaled using objects  $2057_h$  and  $2058_h$ . The following formula applies here:

step width per pulse = 
$$\frac{2057_{h}}{2058_{h}}$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to 128 ( $2057_h$ =128 and  $2058_h$ =1) ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value "512", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.

#### Note

For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.

In *clock-direction mode*, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, 12 (=4\*3) full steps correspond to one revolution.

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#### Note

If there is a change of direction, a time of at least 35  $\mu$ s must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.

### 6.6.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

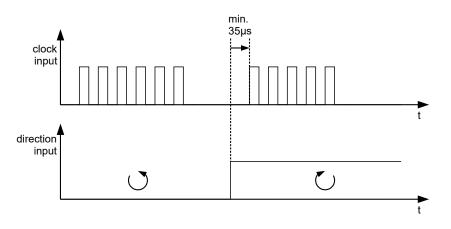
 Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (<u>6065<sub>h</sub></u> (Following Error Window) and <u>6066<sub>h</sub></u> (Following Error Time Out)).

### 6.6.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

#### 6.6.5.1 Clock-direction mode (TR mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

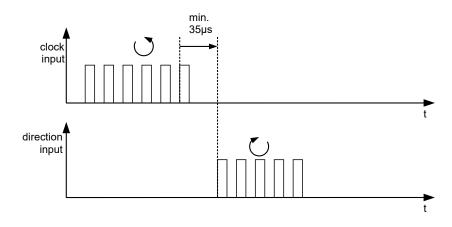
In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).



### 6.6.5.2 Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object  $205B_h$  must be set to the value "1".

In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).





# 6.7 Auto setup

## 6.7.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an *auto setup* is performed. <u>Closed Loop</u> operation requires a successfully completed *auto setup*. *Auto setup* is only to be performed once during commissioning as long as the motor/sensor connected to the controller is not changed. For details, see <u>the corresponding section in chapter Commissioning</u>.

## 6.7.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (=" $FE_h$ ") must be set in object <u>6060<sub>h</sub></u> (Modes Of Operation) (see <u>CiA 402</u> Power State Machine).

## 6.7.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".

## 6.7.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded



# 7.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with digital inputs and outputs.

## 7.1.1 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., <u>60FDh</u> <u>Digital Inputs</u> or <u>60FEh Digital Outputs</u>):

- 1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
- 2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31.

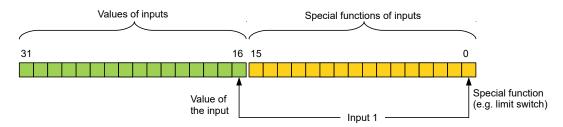
#### Example

To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in 60FE<sub>h</sub>.

To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1, set bit 0 in  $\underline{3240}_h:01_h$ ; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in  $\underline{60FD}_h$ . Bit 16 in  $\underline{60FD}_h$  also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).

This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

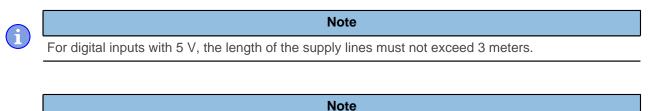
#### Bits of any object for controlling inputs



## 7.1.2 Digital inputs

## 7.1.2.1 Overview

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The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:



	Input	Special function	Switching threshold switchable	Differential / single-ended
1		Negative limit switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub>)</u>	single-ended
2		Positive limit switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
3		Home switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
4		None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
5		None	no, 5 V to 24 V wide range input	single-ended
6		None	no, 5 V to 24 V wide range input	single-ended

## 7.1.2.2 Object entries

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.

<u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e. g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch (see Limitation of the range of motion)
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch (see Limitation of the range of motion)
- □ Bit 2: Home switch (see <u>Homing</u>)
- □ Bit 3: Interlock (see interlock function)

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in 3240<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> must be set to "1".

<u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object <u>60FD</u><sub>h</sub>) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").

This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.

<u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240, :04, but rather the set values for the set value

In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object  $3240_h$ :04<sub>h</sub>, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.

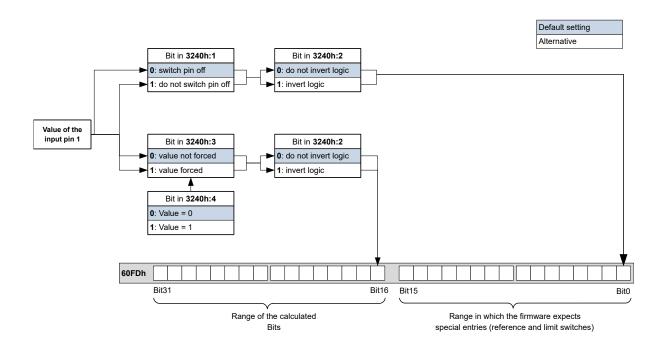
- <u>3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>.</u>
- **3240**<sub>h</sub>: $05_h$  (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- <u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- <u>60FD<sub>h</sub></u> (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

### 7.1.2.3 Computation of the inputs

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1:

The value at bit 0 of object  $\underline{60FD}_h$  is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.

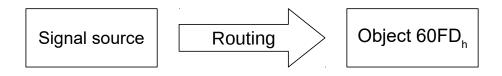




## 7.1.2.4 Input Routing

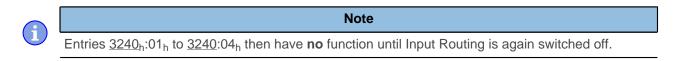
### **Principle**

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called *Input Routing Mode*. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object  $\underline{60FD}_{h}$ .



## Activation

This mode is activated by setting object <u>3240<sub>h</sub></u>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable) to "1".



If *Input Routing* is switched on, the initial values of <u>3242</u><sub>h</sub> are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of *Input Routing*. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of *Input Routing*. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and *Input Routing*.

Note

## Routing

Object  $3242_h$  determines which signal source is routed to which bit of <u>60FD</u><sub>h</sub>. Subindex  $01_h$  of  $3242_h$  determines bit 0, subindex  $02_h$  determines bit 1, and so forth. You can find the signal sources and their numbers in the following lists.



Number			
dec	hex	Signal source	
00	00	Signal is always 0	
01	01	Physical input 1	
02	02	Physical input 2	
03	03	Physical input 3	
04	04	Physical input 4	
05	05	Physical input 5	
06	06	Physical input 6	
07	07	Physical input 7	
08	08	Physical input 8	
09	09	Physical input 9	
10	0A	Physical input 10	
11	0B	Physical input 11	
12	0C	Physical input 12	
13	0D	Physical input 13	
14	0E	Physical input 14	
15	0F	Physical input 15	
16	10	Physical input 16	
65	41	Hall input "U"	
66	42	Hall input "V"	
67	43	Hall input "W"	
68	44	Encoder input "A"	
69	45	Encoder input "B"	
70	46	Encoder input "Index"	
72	48	"Ethernet active" status	

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14



Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"
200	C8	"Ethernet active" inverted status

#### Example

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object 60FD<sub>h</sub>:

The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in  $3242_h$ :11<sub>h</sub>.

Hence, object  $3242_h:11_h$  must be set to the value "1".

### 7.1.2.5 Interlock function

The interlock function is a release that you control via bit 3 in  $\underline{60FD}_h$ . If this bit is set to "1", the motor can move. If the bit is set to "0", the controller switches to the error state and the action stored in  $\underline{605E}_h$  is executed.

To activate the interlock function, you must switch on the special function by setting bit 3 in <u>3240</u>:01<sub>h</sub> to "1".

Use *Input Routing* to define which signal source is routed to bit 3 of  $\underline{60FD}_h$  and is to control the interlock function.

#### Example

Input 4 is to be routed to bit 3 of object  $\underline{60FD}_h$  to control the interlock function. A low level is to result in an error state.

- 1. To activate Input Routing, set 3240<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> to "1".
- 2. To route input 4 to bit 3, set 3242<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> to "4".

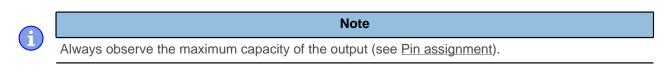
## 7.1.3 Digital outputs

### 7.1.3.1 Outputs

The outputs are controlled via object  $\underline{60FE}_h$ . Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object  $\underline{60FE}_h$ , output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15. The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0, which controls the motor brake.



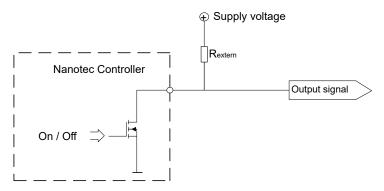
## 7.1.3.2 Wiring



The outputs are implemented as "open drain". Hence, an external voltage supply is always necessary.

#### Example

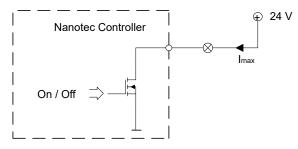
The digital output signal should continue to be used. For this purpose, a circuit as shown in the following figure is to be realized.



With a supply voltage of +24 V, a resistance value  $R_{external}$  of 10  $k\Omega$  is recommended.

#### Example

A simple load is to be used with the digital output.



### 7.1.3.3 Object entries

Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

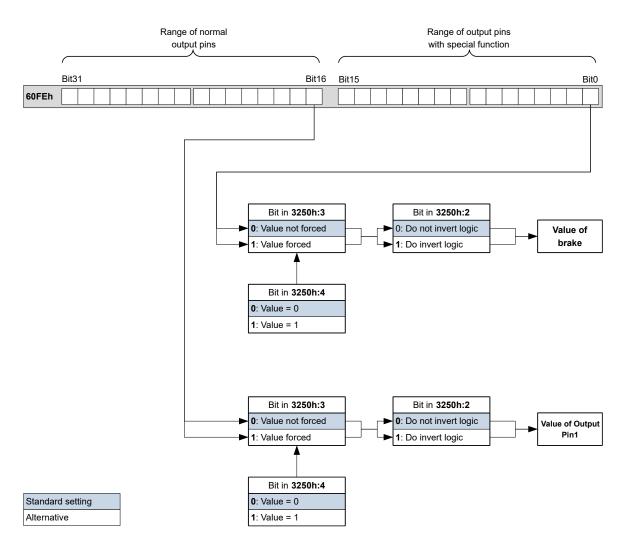
- $3250_h:01_h:$  No function.
- <u>3250</u><sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>: This is used to switch the logic from normally open to normally closed. Configured as normally open, the output outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the normally closed configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object <u>60FE</u><sub>h</sub>.
- $3250_h:03_h:$  If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object  $3250_h:4_h$ ; this is also possible for the brake output.
- <u>3250<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>: The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if manual control of the output is activated by means of object <u>3250<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub></u>.</u>



- $3250_h:05_h:$  The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- <u>3250<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub>: For activating the Output Routing</u>.
- <u>3250</u><sub>h</sub>:09<sub>h</sub>: For switching control of the <u>Power LED</u> on/off. If bit 0 is set to "1", the green LED is activated (flashes in normal operation). If bit 1 is set to "1", the red LED is activated (flashes in case of an error). If the bit is set to "0", the respective LED remains off.

## 7.1.3.4 Computation of the outputs

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:



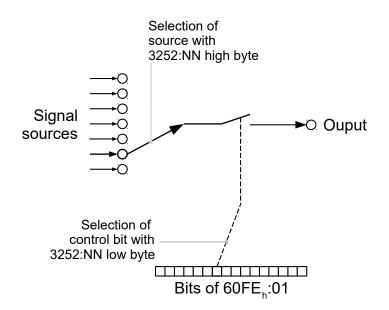
## 7.1.3.5 Output Routing

### **Principle**

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object  $\underline{60FE}_h:01_h$  switches the signal on or off.

The source is selected with  $3252_h$ :01 to 05 in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8). The assignment of a control bit from object  $60FE_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0) of  $3252_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> to 05 (see following figure).





### Activation

This mode is activated by setting object  $3250_h:08_h$  (Routing Enable) to "1".



## Routing

The subindex of object  $3252_h$  determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

Subindex 3252 <sub>h</sub>	Output Pin
01 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of the PWM output (software PWM)
02 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 1
03 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 2 (if available)
0n <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output n (if available)



The maximum output frequency of the PWM output (software PWM) is 2 kHz. All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz.

Note

Subindices  $3252_h:01_h$  to  $0n_h$  are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e. g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object  $60FE_h:01$ .

Bit 7 of  $3252_h:01_h$  to  $0n_h$  inverts the controller from object  $60FE_h:01$ . Normally, value "1" in object  $60FE_h:01_h$  switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value "0" switches on the signal.

### Number in 3252:01 to 0n

 $00XX_{h}$ 

Output is always "1"



Number in 3252:01 to 0n	
01XX <sub>h</sub>	Output is always "0"
02XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 1
03XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 2
04XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 4
05XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 8
06XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 16
07XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 32
08XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 64
09XX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value ( $6064_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 1
0AXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value ( $6064_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 2
0BXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value ( $6064_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 4
0CXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value ( $6064_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 8
0DXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value ( $6064_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 16
0EXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value ( $6064_{h}$ ) with frequency divider 32
0FXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 64
10XX <sub>h</sub>	PWM signal that is configured with object $\underline{2038}_{h}$ :05 <sub>h</sub> and 06 <sub>h</sub>
11XX <sub>h</sub>	Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object $\underline{2038}_{h}{:}05_{h}$ and $06_{h}$

### Note

On any change of the "encoder signal" ( $\underline{6063}_h$ ) or the current position ( $\underline{6064}_h$  in <u>user-defined units</u>) by an increment, a pulse is output at the digital input (for frequency divider 1). Take this into account when selecting the frequency divider and the unit, especially when using sensors with low resolution (such as Hall sensors).

#### Example

The encoder signal  $(\underline{6063}_h)$  is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4. The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object <u>60FE</u>:01.

- $3250_h:08_h = 1$  (activate routing)
- $3252_h:02_h = 0405_h (04XX_h + 0005_h)$
- 04XX<sub>h</sub>: Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- 0005<sub>h</sub>: Selection of bit 5 of <u>60FE</u>:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object 60FE:01.

## Example

The brake PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Because the automatic brake control uses bit 0 of  $\underline{60FE}$ :01<sub>h</sub>, this should be used as control bit.

- $3250_h:08_h = 1$  (activate routing)
- $3252_h:03_h = 1080_h (=10XX_h + 0080_h)$ . Where:
  - □ 10XX<sub>h</sub>: Brake PWM signal
  - 0080<sub>h</sub>: Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object <u>60FE</u>:01



# 7.2 Analog inputs

The controller has 2 analog inputs with 10-bit resolution. They are located on pins 8 and 9 of  $\underline{X3}$ . You can configure both analog inputs as a current input or as a voltage input with <u>object 3221<sub>h</sub></u>.

You can read out the analog value in a <u>NanoJ program</u> and use it as you like, e. g., to specify the target speed.

## 7.2.1 Object entries

To read out and, if necessary, manipulate the value of the analog input, use the following OD settings:

- <u>3220<sub>h</sub></u> (Analog Inputs): This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.
- <u>3221<sub>h</sub></u>: (Analogue Inputs Control): With this object, you can switch the analog input from voltage measurement to current measurement.
- <u>3320</u><sub>h</sub> (Read Analogue Input): This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.
- <u>3321<sub>h</sub></u>(Analogue Input Offset): This is the offset that is added to the read analog value (<u>3220<sub>h</sub></u>) before scaling (multiplier from object <u>3322<sub>h</sub></u> and divisor from object <u>3323<sub>h</sub></u>).
- <u>3322<sub>h</sub>(Analogue Input Factor Numerator)</u>: This is the value by which the read analog value (<u>3220<sub>h</sub></u> + <u>3321</u>) is multiplied before it is written in object <u>3320<sub>h</sub></u>.
- <u>3323<sub>h</sub>(Analogue Input Factor Denominator)</u>:

This is the value by which the read analog value  $(3220_{h} + 3321_{h})$  is divided before it is written in object  $3320_{h}$ .

## 7.2.2 Scale analog value

You read the value in object  $\underline{3320_h}$  (Read Analogue Input): This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

The user-defined units are made up of offset  $(3321_{h})$  and scaling value  $(3322_{h}/3323_{h})$ . If both are still set to the default values, the value in  $3320_{h}$  is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

### Example

Analog input 1 has a measuring range of -10 V...+10 V. There is a voltage of 0 V...+10 V on the analog input, which, at a resolution of 10 bits, corresponds to the value range 512...1023 *ADC digits*.

To display the analog value in the physical unit of millivolt, proceed as follows:

- **1.** Write the value "-511" in  $3321_h:01_h$  (Analogue Input Offset).
- Write the value "20000" (corresponds to the entire measurement range in millivolt) in 3322<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Analogue Input Factor Numerator).
- **3.** Write the value "1024" (corresponds to the resolution) in 3323<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Analogue Input Factor Denominator).

At the maximum voltage of 10 V, now read out the value "10000" in object  $3320_{hh}$  (Read Analogue Input):

(1023 digits - 511 digits) \* 20000 mV / 1024 = 10000 mV



# 7.3 Automatic brake control

## 7.3.1 Description

Automatic brake control is activated if the controller is switched to the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402</u> <u>Power State Machine</u>; the brake otherwise always remains closed.

The brake output of the controller results in a PWM signal that can be adjusted with respect to frequency and duty cycle.

For information on the interaction of the brake with the motor stopping behavior, see also chapter <u>Power</u> <u>State machine – halt motion reactions</u>.

## 7.3.2 Activation and connection

The brake can be controlled either automatically or manually:

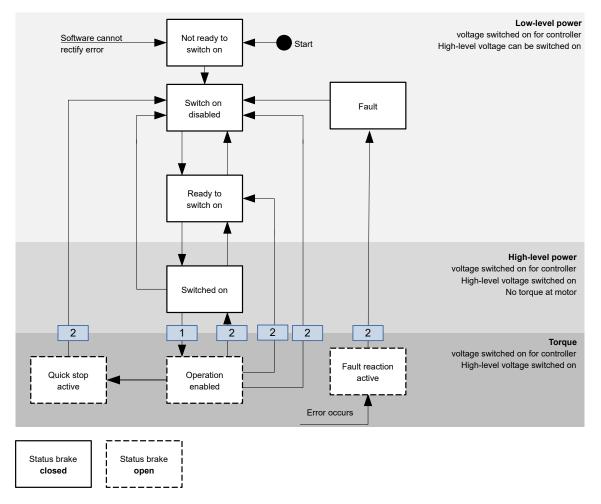
- Automatic: Setting bit 2 of object <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u> to "1" activates the brake control.
- Manual: Setting bit 2 of object <u>3202<sub>h</sub></u> to "0" deactivates the brake control; the brake can now be controlled with bit 0 in object <u>60FE<sub>h</sub></u>:01<sub>h</sub>.

## 7.3.2.1 Connection

The brake output is located on connector X4 (see chapter X4 – brake connection)

## 7.3.3 Brake control

The following graphic shows the states of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> together with the states of the brake for the automatic mode.



The following steps are performed on the transition, which is marked with 1:



- 1. The motor current is switched on.
- **2.** The time stored in  $2038_h$ :  $3_h$  is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake releases.
- **4.** The time stored in  $2038_h$ :4<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The Operation enabled state is reached, the motor controller can perform travel commands.

The following steps are performed on all transitions that are marked with 2:

- 1. The motor is brought to a standstill.
- **2.** The time stored in  $2038_h$ :1<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake is activated.
- **4.** The time stored in  $2038_h$ :  $2_h$  is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The motor current is switched off.

## 7.3.4 Brake PWM

The switched-on brake generates a PWM signal at the output of the controller that can be adjusted with respect to duty cycle and frequency. If an output pin without PWM is needed, a duty cycle of 100 percent can be set.

#### Note

The Brake + pin of the brake output is internally connected to the voltage supply of the controller.



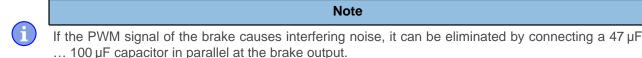
If the operating voltage of the brake is greater than the supply voltage of the controller, you cannot use the brake output of the controller; you must supply the brake externally.

If the supply voltage of the controller is greater than the operating voltage of the brake (and up to 48 V DC), it is recommended that the PWM controller from Nanotec with order designation EB-BRAKE-48V be used and the duty cycle of the controller brake output be set to "100".

Note

## 7.3.4.1 Frequency

The frequency of the brake PWM can be set in object  $2038_{h}$ :5<sub>h</sub>. The unit is Hertz; a value greater than 2000 is not possible.

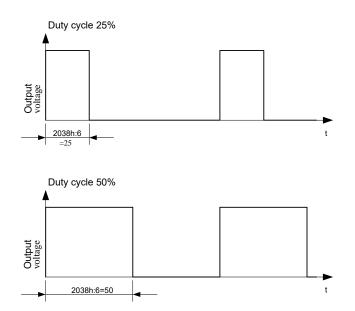


## 7.3.4.2 Duty cycle

The duty cycle – the ratio of pulse to period duration – is set in 2038<sub>b</sub>:6<sub>b</sub>. The value is a percentage and can be selected between 2 and 100. With a value of 100, the output pin is permanently switched on.

In the following figure, example duty cycles of 25 and 50 percent are shown, whereby the frequency is held constant.





# 7.4 I<sup>2</sup>t Motor overload protection

# 7.4.1 Description



**Note** For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using  $l^2t$  with stepper motors.

The goal of I<sup>2</sup>t motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.

This function is only available if the controller is in the <u>closed loop mode</u> (bit 0 of object  $3202_h$  must be set to "1").

# 7.4.2 Object entries

The following objects affect I<sup>2</sup>t motor overload protection:

- <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u>: Max Motor Current specifies the maximum permissible motor current in mA.
- <u>203B</u><sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub> Motor Rated Current specifies the rated current in mA.
- <u>6073</u><sub>h</sub> Max Current specifies the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current.
- <u>203B</u><sub>h</sub>:2<sub>h</sub> Maximum Duration Of Peak Current specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.

The following objects indicate the current state of I<sup>2</sup>t:

- <u>203B<sub>h</sub>:3<sub>h</sub></u> Threshold specifies the limit in mAs that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- <u>203B</u><sub>h</sub>:4<sub>h</sub> CalcValue specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- $203B_h:5_h$  LimitedCurrent shows the momentary current value that was set by  $I^2t$ .
- <u>203B</u><sub>h</sub>:6<sub>h</sub> Status:
  - $\Box$  Value = "0": I<sup>2</sup>t deactivated
  - $\Box$  Value = "1": I<sup>2</sup>t activated

## 7.4.3 Activation

Closed loop must be activated, (bit 0 of object <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub> set to "1", see also chapter <u>Closed Loop</u>).



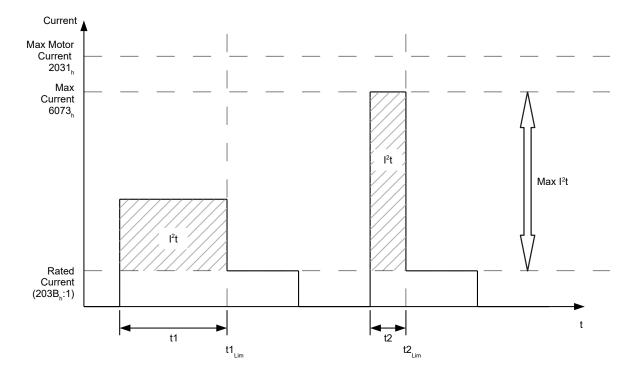
To activate the mode, you must appropriately specify the four object entries mentioned above  $(2031_h, 6073_h, 203B_h:1_h, 203B_h:2_h)$ . This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the l<sup>2</sup>t functionality remains deactivated.

# 7.4.4 Function of I<sup>2</sup>t

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an  $I^2 t_{Lim}$  is calculated.

The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated  $I^2 t_{Lim}$  is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current. The maximum current is limited by the maximum motor current (2031<sub>h</sub>).

The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagrams.



In the first section, t1, the current value is higher than the rated current. At time  $t1_{Lim}$ ,  $I^2t_{Lim}$  is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for  $I^2t_{Lim}$  is reached more quickly than in time t1.

# 7.5 Saving objects

Note

Improper use of the function can result in it no longer being possible to start the controller. Therefore, carefully read the entire chapter before using the function.

## 7.5.1 General

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Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.

Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as *categories*) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following categories:



- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Customer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, *closed/open loop…*). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.
- Ethernet: Parameters related to Ethernet communication

If an object is not assigned one of these *categories*, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.

The objects in each *category* are listed below. In chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u>, the corresponding *category* for each object is also specified.

## 7.5.2 Category: communication

- <u>2102</u><sub>h</sub>: Fieldbus Module Control
- <u>3501<sub>h</sub>: EtherNetIP Rx PDO Mapping</u>
- <u>3601</u><sub>h</sub>: EtherNetIP Tx PDO Mapping

## 7.5.3 Category: application

- <u>2034</u><sub>h</sub>: Upper Voltage Warning Level
- <u>2035</u><sub>h</sub>: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- <u>2036</u><sub>h</sub>: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- <u>2037</u><sub>h</sub>: Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- <u>2038</u><sub>h</sub>: Brake Controller Timing
- <u>203A<sub>h</sub>: Homing On Block Configuration</u>
- <u>203D</u><sub>h</sub>: Torque Window
- <u>203E<sub>h</sub></u>: Torque Window Time Out
- <u>203F</u><sub>h</sub>: Max Slippage Time Out
- <u>2057</u><sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Multiplier
- <u>2058</u><sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Divider
- <u>205B</u><sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- <u>2084</u><sub>h</sub>: Bootup Delay
- <u>2290</u><sub>h</sub>: PDI Control
- <u>2300</u><sub>h</sub>: NanoJ Control
- <u>2410</u><sub>h</sub>: NanoJ Init Parameters
- <u>2800</u><sub>h</sub>: Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- <u>3210<sub>h</sub></u>: Motor Drive Parameter Set
- <u>3212</u><sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Flags
- <u>3221<sub>h</sub></u>: Analogue Inputs Control
- <u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>: Digital Inputs Control
- <u>3242<sub>h</sub></u>: Digital Input Routing
- <u>3243</u><sub>h</sub>: Digital Input Homing Capture
- <u>3250</u><sub>h</sub>: Digital Outputs Control
- <u>3252<sub>h</sub></u>: Digital Output Routing
- <u>3321<sub>h</sub></u>: Analogue Input Offset
- <u>3322<sub>h</sub></u>: Analogue Input Factor Numerator
- <u>3323<sub>h</sub></u>: Analogue Input Factor Denominator
- <u>3700</u><sub>h</sub>: Deviation Error Option Code
- <u>3701<sub>h</sub></u>: Limit Switch Error Option Code
- <u>4013</u><sub>h</sub>: HW Configuration
- <u>6040</u><sub>h</sub>: Controlword



- <u>6042</u><sub>h</sub>: VI Target Velocity
- <u>6046</u>: VI Velocity Min Max Amount
- <u>6048</u><sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Acceleration
- <u>6049</u><sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Deceleration
- <u>604A<sub>h</sub></u>: VI Velocity Quick Stop
- <u>604C<sub>h</sub></u>: VI Dimension Factor
- <u>605A<sub>h</sub></u>: Quick Stop Option Code
- <u>605B<sub>h</sub></u>: Shutdown Option Code
- <u>605C<sub>h</sub></u>: Disable Option Code
- <u>605D</u><sub>h</sub>: Halt Option Code
- <u>605E<sub>h</sub>: Fault Option Code</u>
- <u>6060</u><sub>h</sub>: Modes Of Operation
- <u>6065<sub>h</sub></u>: Following Error Window
- <u>6066</u>: Following Error Time Out
- <u>6067</u><sub>h</sub>: Position Window
- <u>6068<sub>h</sub></u>: Position Window Time
- <u>606D<sub>h</sub></u>: Velocity Window
- <u>606E<sub>h</sub></u>: Velocity Window Time
- <u>606F<sub>h</sub></u>: Velocity Threshold
- <u>6070</u><sub>h</sub>: Velocity Threshold Time
- <u>6071<sub>h</sub>: Target Torque</u>
- <u>6072<sub>h</sub>: Max Torque</u>
- <u>607A<sub>h</sub></u>: Target Position
- <u>607B<sub>h</sub></u>: Position Range Limit
- <u>607C<sub>h</sub>: Home Offset</u>
- <u>607D<sub>h</sub>: Software Position Limit</u>
- <u>607E<sub>h</sub>: Polarity</u>
- <u>607F<sub>h</sub></u>: Max Profile Velocity
- <u>6081<sub>h</sub></u>: Profile Velocity
- <u>6082<sub>h</sub></u>: End Velocity
- <u>6083</u><sub>h</sub>: Profile Acceleration
- <u>6084</u>: Profile Deceleration
- <u>6085<sub>h</sub></u>: Quick Stop Deceleration
- <u>6086</u><sub>h</sub>: Motion Profile Type
- <u>6087</u><sub>h</sub>: Torque Slope
- <u>6091<sub>h</sub>: Gear Ratio</u>
- <u>6092</u><sub>h</sub>: Feed Constant
- <u>6096<sub>h</sub></u>: Velocity Factor
- <u>6097</u><sub>h</sub>: Acceleration Factor
- <u>6098</u><sub>h</sub>: Homing Method
- <u>6099</u><sub>h</sub>: Homing Speed
- <u>609A<sub>h</sub></u>: Homing Acceleration
- <u>60A2<sub>h</sub>: Jerk Factor</u>
- <u>60A4</u><sub>h</sub>: Profile Jerk
- <u>60A8</u><sub>h</sub>: SI Unit Position
- <u>60A9</u><sub>h</sub>: SI Unit Velocity
- <u>60B0<sub>h</sub></u>: Position Offset
- <u>60B1<sub>h</sub></u>: Velocity Offset
- <u>60B2<sub>h</sub></u>: Torque Offset
- <u>60C1<sub>h</sub></u>: Interpolation Data Record
- <u>60C2<sub>h</sub></u>: Interpolation Time Period
- <u>60C4</u><sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Data Configuration
- <u>60C5<sub>h</sub></u>: Max Acceleration



- <u>60C6</u><sub>h</sub>: Max Deceleration
- <u>60E8</u><sub>h</sub>: Additional Gear Ratio Motor Shaft Revolutions
- <u>60E9<sub>h</sub>: Additional Feed Constant Feed</u>
- <u>60ED<sub>h</sub></u>: Additional Gear Ratio Driving Shaft Revolutions
- <u>60EE<sub>h</sub>: Additional Feed Constant Driving Shaft Revolutions</u>
- <u>60F2<sub>h</sub></u>: Positioning Option Code
- <u>60F8<sub>h</sub></u>: Max Slippage
- <u>60FE<sub>h</sub>: Digital Outputs</u>
- <u>60FF<sub>h</sub></u>: Target Velocity

## 7.5.4 Category: customer

<u>2701<sub>h</sub></u>: Customer Storage Area

## 7.5.5 Category: drive

- <u>3202</u><sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Submode Select
- <u>320D<sub>h</sub></u>: Torque Of Inertia Factor
- <u>320E<sub>h</sub></u>: Closed Loop Controller Parameter
- <u>320F<sub>h</sub></u>: Open Loop Controller Parameter
- <u>6073</u><sub>h</sub>: Max Current
- <u>6080</u><sub>h</sub>: Max Motor Speed

## 7.5.6 Category: tuning

- <u>2030</u><sub>h</sub>: Pole Pair Count
- <u>2031</u><sub>h</sub>: Max Motor Current
- <u>203B</u><sub>h</sub>: I2t Parameters
- <u>2059</u><sub>h</sub>: Encoder Configuration
- <u>3203</u><sub>h</sub>: Feedback Selection
- <u>3380</u><sub>h</sub>: Feedback Sensorless
- <u>3390<sub>h</sub></u>: Feedback Hall
- <u>33A0</u><sub>h</sub>: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
- <u>4021<sub>h</sub></u>: Ballast Configuration
- <u>6075</u><sub>h</sub>: Motor Rated Current
- <u>608F</u><sub>h</sub>: Position Encoder Resolution
- <u>6090</u><sub>h</sub>: Velocity Encoder Resolution
- <u>60E6</u><sub>h</sub>: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Encoder Increments
- <u>60EB<sub>h</sub></u>: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Motor Revolutions

## 7.5.7 Category: Ethernet

- <u>2010</u><sub>h</sub>: IP-Configuration
- <u>2011</u>: Static-IPv4-Address
- <u>2012</u><sub>h</sub>: Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
- <u>2013</u><sub>h</sub>: Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address

## 7.5.8 Starting the save process

### CAUTION



### Uncontrolled motor movements!

Control may be affected while saving. Unforeseen reactions can result.

► The motor must be at a standstill before starting the saving process. The motor must not be started while saving.

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- Note
- Saving may take a few seconds. Under no circumstances may you interrupt the voltage supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
- Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object <u>1010<sub>h</sub></u>.

There is a subindex in object  $1010_h$  for each *category*. To save all objects of this *category*, the value "65766173<sub>h</sub>" must be written in the subindex. <sup>1</sup> The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".

The following table shows which subindex of object  $1010_{h}$  is responsible for which *category*.

Subindex	Category
01 <sub>h</sub>	All categories with the exception of 0C <sub>h</sub> (Ethernet)
02 <sub>h</sub>	Communication
03 <sub>h</sub>	Application
04 <sub>h</sub>	Customer
05 <sub>h</sub>	Drive
06 <sub>h</sub>	Tuning
0C <sub>h</sub>	Ethernet

#### 7.5.9 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one *category* of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C<sub>h</sub>" must be written in object  $1011_{h}$ .<sup>2</sup> The following subindices correspond to a *category* here:

Subindex	Category
01 <sub>h</sub>	All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of $06_h$ (Tuning) and $0C_h$ (Ethernet)
02 <sub>h</sub>	Communication
03 <sub>h</sub>	Application
04 <sub>h</sub>	Customer
05 <sub>h</sub>	Drive
06 <sub>h</sub>	Tuning
0C <sub>h</sub>	Ethernet

The saved objects are subsequently discarded; the change does not take effect until after the controller is restarted. You can restart the controller by entering the value "746F6F62<sub>h</sub>" in  $2800_{h}$ :01<sub>h</sub>.

#### Note

- Objects of *category* 06<sub>h</sub> (Tuning) are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and are not reset when resetting to factory settings with subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto setup). You can reset these objects with subindex 06<sub>h</sub>.
- Objects of *category* 0C<sub>h</sub> (Ethernet) are not reset with subindex 01<sub>h</sub>.

<sup>1</sup> This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011<sub>d</sub> or the ASCII string save.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This corresponds to the decimal of  $1684107116_d$  or the ASCII string load.



## 7.5.10 Verifying the configuration

Object  $1020_h$  can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object  $\frac{1020_{h}}{1010_{h}}$  can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with  $\frac{1010_{h}}{1010_{h}}$ :01.

The entries of  $\underline{1020}_h$  are reset to "0" as soon as a savable object (including  $\underline{1010}_h$ :0x<sub>h</sub>, except for  $\underline{1010}_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> and  $\underline{1020}_h$ ) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

- 1. An external tool or master configures the controller.
- **2.** The tool or master sets the value in object  $1020_{\rm h}$ .
- **3.** The tool or master activates the saving of all objects  $1010_h:01_h = 65766173_h$ . The date and time in object  $1020_h$  are also saved.

After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in  $\underline{1020}_{h}:01_{h}$  and  $\underline{1020}:01_{h}$ . If one of the values is "0", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in  $\underline{1020}$  does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.



# 8 EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>

With EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>, it is possible to use the most important CiA402 operating modes of the controller. The use of the cyclical modes described in the CiA402 standard (interpolated position mode, cyclic synchronous torque, velocity and position) is not currently possible.

The following message types are supported:

- CIP<sup>™</sup> messages (CIP UCMM, CIP class 3 and others)
- I/O data transfer (CIP class 1)

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> references: <u>www.odva.org</u>.

- THE CIP NETWORKS LIBRARY Volume 1: Common Industrial Protocol (CIP), Date: April.2014, Edition: 3.16
- THE CIP NETWORKS LIBRARY Volume 2: EtherNet/IP Adaptation of CIP, Date: April.2015, Edition: 1.19
- Network Infrastructure for EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>: Introduction and Considerations

Note

Nanotec controllers are always based on CANopen standard CiA402. All attributes are therefore stored in a so-called *object dictionary*. These can be addressed with an index and a subindex, such as  $1018_{\rm h}$ :01<sub>h</sub>. The index is a 16-bit value and the subindex is an 8-bit value.

The controller offers EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>, but this protocol uses a different procedure: all attributes are stored on the basis of objects. For this reason, the controller uses an assignment to create a bridge between EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> and CANopen. As a consequence, the configuration of this controller is somewhat different that with normal EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> devices.

## 8.1 Device profile

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The Nanotec EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> implementation contains a manufacturer-specific device profile for accessing manufacturer-specific controller properties and motor control.

With the following three services, it is possible to access each attribute for reading or writing. Each attribute listed in chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u> can be accessed.

Name	Service	Class	Instance	Attribute
Get object dictionary entry	0x32	0x64	1	0
Set object dictionary entry	0x33	0x64	1	0
Get object dictionary entry Rockwell	0x34	0x64	1	0

In addition to the manufacturer-specific profile, the following standard services are also offered:

- Message Router Object
- Connection Manager
- Connection Configuration
- Port
- Ethernet Link Object
- TCP/IP Object
- Assembly

## 8.2 Service: Get object dictionary entry

The following table shows the assignment of the data for reading an attribute. The length of the data is dependent on the attribute.



Name	Service	Class	Instance	Attribute	Data
GetOD entry	0x32	0x64	1	0	Index (16-bit) Subindex (8- Bit)

## 8.3 Service: Set object dictionary entry

The following table shows the assignment of the data for writing a value in an attribute. The length of the data is dependent on the attribute. It is at least 1 byte and no more than 4 bytes long.

Name	Service	Class	Instance	Attribute		Data	1
SetOD entry	0x33	0x64	1	0	Index (16- bit)	Subindex (8-Bit)	Value

## 8.4 Service: Get object dictionary entry Rockwell

The following table shows the assignment of the data for reading an attribute. The response contains a 16bit object type, a 16-bit data length and the data. The response to this is: Object type (16-bit), followed by the data length (16-bit) and the data itself.

Name	Service	Class	Instance	Attribute	Data
GetOD entry	0x34	0x64	1	0	Index (16-bit) Subindex (8- Bit)

## 8.5 Assembly objects

There is a set of producer/consumer groups (*I/O Common*) that contain the following:

- Objects for operating the Plug & Drive interface which enable you
  - □ to use the supported operating modes,
  - □ to monitor the state of the controller
  - □ and to access the objects of the object dictionary.

You can find additional information on the *Plug* & *Drive interface* in document *Function description Plug* & *Drive interface* on <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

- <u>NanoJ inputs and outputs</u>. They are used to pass values to the *NanoJ program* and to read out values.
- Inputs and outputs
- Current actual values such as position, speed, torque, following errors
- the error code of the last error that occurred

An additional set (*I/O PDI*) contains only the input and output objects for the *Plug & Drive interface* (PDI), see <u>PDI assemblies</u>.



Note

It is not possible to use the *I/O Common* assembly set and <u>PDI assemblies</u> (*I/O PDI*) simultaneously. Select only one *connection*; either *I/O Common* or *I/O PDI*.

	ties: Local (N5-1-3 2.71)  ction Module Info Internet Protocol Port Configuration N5-13 N5-13 Nanotec Bectronic GmbH Co. KG Local  N5_1_3	Ehemet Address           Private Network:           192.168.1.           © IP Address:           192.168.1.20.201	Module Definition*	×
Module Defin Revision: Bectronic K Connections Status: Offline	2.71 ying: Compatible Module : VO PDI Change	O Host Name:	Revision:       2       71         Bectronic Keying:       Compatible Module          Connections:           Name       Size       Tag Suffix         VO PDI       Input:       8       SNT       1       N5_1_3.01         Select a connection	Help

A *configuration assembly* is not supported. The attributes that are not included in the *assemblies* must be read and written via the manufacturer-specific device profile.

Assembly	Path
Assem100: Target -> Originator Assembly - Common	20 04 24 64 30 03
Assem101: Originator -> Target Assembly - Common	20 04 24 65 30 03
Configuration - Common	

#### Assembly - Common Target -> Originator - Data assignment

Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	<u>2292</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> PDI Status	16
2	<u>603F</u> <sub>h</sub> :00 <sub>h</sub> Error Code	16
4	<u>2292</u> <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub> PDI Return Value	32
8	<u>6064</u> <sub>h</sub> :00 <sub>h</sub> Position Actual Value	32
12	<u>606C</u> <sub>h</sub> :00 <sub>h</sub> Velocity Actual Value	32
16	<u>60FD<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> Digital Inputs</u>	32
20	<u>6077</u> <sub>h</sub> :00 <sub>h</sub> Torque Actual Value	16
22	<u>3220</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> Analog Input 1	16
24	60F4 <sub>h</sub> :00 <sub>h</sub> Following Error Actual Value	32
28	<u>2500</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Output #1	32
#	# <u>2500</u> <sub>h</sub> :0x <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Output #x	: 32
#	# <u>2500</u> <sub>h</sub> :0x <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Output #x	: 32
116	<u>2500</u> <sub>h</sub> :17 <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Output #23	32
120	Reserved for future use	64 (2 x 32)



Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	<u>2291</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> PDI Set Value 1	32
4	<u>2291</u> <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub> PDI Set Value 2	16
6	<u>2291<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> PDI Set Value 3</u>	8
8	2291 <sub>h</sub> :04 <sub>h</sub> PDI Command	8
8	<u>60FE</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> Digital Output	32
12	<u>2400</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Input #1	32
16	<u>2400</u> <sub>h</sub> :0x <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Input #x	32
116	<u>2400</u> <sub>h</sub> :1B <sub>h</sub> NanoJ Input #27	32
120	Reserved for future use	64 (2 x 32)

#### Assembly - Common Originator -> Target - Data assignment

#### **PDI** assemblies

The assemblies for the *Plug* & *Drive interface* contain the input or output object of the PDI. You can find additional information on the *Plug* & *Drive interface* in document *Function description Plug* & *Drive interface* on <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

Assembly	Path
Assem104: Target -> Originator Assembly - Common	20 04 24 68 30 03
Assem105: Originator -> Target Assembly - Common	20 04 24 69 30 03

#### Assembly - Common Target -> Originator - Data assignment

Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	<u>2292</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> PDI Status	16
2	<u>603F</u> h:00h Error Code	16
4	2292 <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub> PDI Return Value	32

#### Assembly - Common Originator -> Target - Data assignment

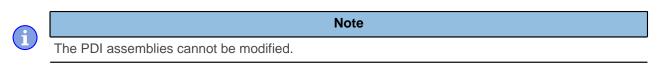
Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)			
0	<u>2291</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> PDI Set Value 1	32			
4	<u>2291</u> <sub>h</sub> :02 <sub>h</sub> PDI Set Value 2	16			
6	<u>2291</u> <sub>h</sub> :03 <sub>h</sub> PDI Set Value 3	8			
8	2291 <sub>h</sub> :04 <sub>h</sub> PDI Command	8			

### 8.6 Configuring the assembly objects

The assembly objects in the controller are static and do not support dynamic assemblies. The size of the static assemblies is always 128 bytes. The most important data for the various operating modes are already configured; it is, however, possible to append additional data.



The mapped data can only be changed with the *SetOD entry* command. If changing the configuration, note that the EDS file must also be adapted. It is recommended that the new data be appended to the end of the current mapping. As listed in chapter <u>Assembly objects</u>, there is a data range provided for future use.



The data are organized successively without gaps. If an 8-bit data value is to have, e.g., 32-bit alignment, it is possible to use so-called *dummy objects*. Use can also be viewed in the standard configuration for objects  $3501_h$  and  $3601_h$ .



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting the corresponding subindex  $0_{\rm h}$  to "0".

Note

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex  $0_{\rm h}.$ 

The following table lists all available *dummy objects*:

Index	Data type
0002 <sub>h</sub>	Signed integer (8 bit)
0003 <sub>h</sub>	Signed integer (16 bit)
0004 <sub>h</sub>	Signed integer (32 bit)
0005 <sub>h</sub>	Unsigned integer (8 bit)
0006 <sub>h</sub>	Unsigned integer (16 bit)
0007 <sub>h</sub>	Unsigned integer (32 bit)

### 8.7 Rockwell Studio 5000

### 8.7.1 Restrictions

The controller operates with all possible data formats; it can handle the data formats in the following list.

	Abbreviation							
Size in bytes	Signed	Unsigned						
8	SINT	USINT						
16	INT	UINT						
32	DINT	UDINT						

Rockwell PLCs only support signed number formats. Thus, all attributes are converted to a DINT (32 byte, signed). This can cause problems when converting an unsigned 32-bit integer to one with a sign if the highest bit is set. In this case, the number becomes a negative – instead of a positive – number. Currently, such UDINT attributes – which may likely have the highest bit set – are usually a status and it is possible to reference the individual bits with a BOOL type.

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## 8.8 Panasonic PLC

Note

Connection problems when importing the EDS file in the case of the Panasonic PLC. The Panasonic PLC does not support the "ZERO" connection type.

▶ Before importing, remove the "ZERO" connection type from the EDS file.



# 9 Programming with NanoJ

*NanoJ* is a programming language similar to *C* or *C*++. NanoJ is integrated in the *Plug* & *Drive Studio* software. You can find further information in document *Plug* & *Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

## 9.1 NanoJ program

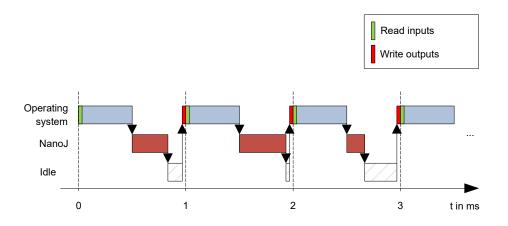
A *NanoJ program* makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a *NanoJ program* is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

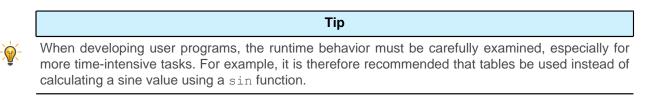
If the *NanoJ program* was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted, as long as you do not set bit 0 in object <u>2300<sub>h</sub></u> to "0".

### 9.1.1 Available computing time

A *NanoJ program* receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only approx. 30% – 50% of computing time is available to the user program (depending on control mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the <code>yield()</code> function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the <code>yield()</code> function.



If the *NanoJ program* needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.



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Note

If the NanoJ program does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number 4 is entered in the statusword for object  $2301_h$ ; in the error register for object  $2302_h$ , the number 5 (timeout) is noted, see <u>2301h NanoJ Status</u> and <u>2302h NanoJ Error Code</u>.

To keep the *NanoJ program* from stopping, you can activate *AutoYield* mode by writing value "5" in  $2300_{\rm h}$ . In *AutoYield* mode, however, the *NanoJ program* is no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms.

### 9.1.2 Protected runtime environment

Using process-specific properties, a so-called *protected runtime environment* is generated. A user program in the protected runtime environment is only able to access specially allocated memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an *MPU Fault* and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

### 9.1.3 NanoJ program – communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- Directly read and write OD values via NanoJ functions
- Call other NanoJ functions (e.g., write <u>debug output</u>)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via *PDO mapping*. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular C variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- *Input mappings* can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects  $2310_h$ ,  $2320_h$ , and  $2330_h$ . Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.

Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in *Plug & Drive Studio* via the specification of the *linker section*.

#### NanoJ inputs and NanoJ outputs

To communicate with the NanoJ program via the respective interface, you can use the following objects:

- 2400h NanoJ Inputs: Array with thirty-two S32 values for passing values to the NanoJ program
- 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters: Array with thirty-two S32 values. This object can be stored, unlike 2400h.
- <u>2500h NanoJ Outputs</u>: Array with thirty-two S32 values, where the NanoJ program can store values that can be read out via the fieldbus

### 9.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

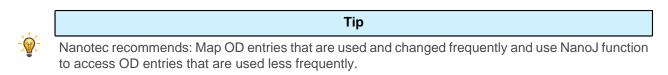
When executing a cycle, the *NanoJ program* essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

- 1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
- 2. Execute a user program
- 3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary

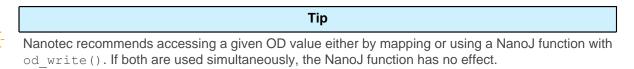


The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.

In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via NanoJ functions. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in In/Out/InOut).



A list of available NanoJ functions can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.



#### 9.1.5 NanoJ program – OD entries

The NanoJ program is controlled and configured in object range 2300<sub>h</sub> to 2330<sub>h</sub> (see 2300h NanoJ Control).

	OD-Index	Name and description						
2300 <sub>h</sub>		2300h NanoJ Control						
2301 <sub>h</sub>		2301h NanoJ Status						
2302 <sub>h</sub>		2302h NanoJ Error Code						
2310 <sub>h</sub>		2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection						
2320 <sub>h</sub>		2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection						
2330 <sub>h</sub>		2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection						

#### Example:

To start the TEST1.USR user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Check entry <u>2302</u><sub>h</sub> for error code.
- If no error:

Start the NanoJ program by writing object  $2300_{\rm h}$ , bit 0 = "1" or by restarting the controller.



#### Note

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

• Check entry  $2302_h$  for error code and object  $2301_h$ , bit 0 = "1".

To stop a running program: write entry  $2300_h$  with bit 0 value = "0".

#### 9.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction #include "wrapper.h"
- the void user() { } function

The code to be executed can be stored in the  ${\tt void}$   ${\tt user()}$  function.





#### Note

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main.cpp is permissible, file name aLongFileName.cpp is not permissible.

#### Note

In NanoJ programs, global variables may only be initialized within functions. It then follows:

- No new operator
- No constructors
- No initialization of global variables outside of functions

#### **Examples:**

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The global variable is to be initialized within the void user() function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user(){
    i = 1;
    i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment is not correct:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
void user() {
  i += 1;
}
```

### 9.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object 2500<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"
// user program
void user()
  U16 counter = 0;
  while(1)
  {
    ++counter;
    if ( counter < 100 )
    InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
    else if ( counter < 200 )
     InOut.outputReg1 = 1;
    else
     counter = 0;
    // yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
    for(U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
      yield();
  }
}// eof
```

You can find other examples at us.nanotec.com.



## 9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program

With this method, a variable in the *NanoJ program* is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the #include "wrapper.h" instruction.

Nanotec recommends:

Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e.g., controlword 6040<sub>h</sub> or statusword 6041<sub>h</sub>.

Tip

The od\_write() and od\_read() functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see <u>Accessing the object dictionary</u>.

### 9.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Where:

<TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

<input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

<INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.

Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: *In*, *Out* or *InOut* depending on the defined write and read direction.



Note

A comment is only permitted above the respective mapping declaration in the code, not on the same line.

#### 9.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
// 6040_h:00_h is UNSIGNED16
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
// 6041_h:00_h is UNSIGNED16
map U16 statusWord as input 0x6041:00
// 6060_h:00_h is SIGNED08 (INTEGER8)
map S08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00
```



```
#include "wrapper.h"
void user()
{
   [...]
   Out.controlWord = 1;
   U16 tmpVar = In.statusword;
   InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
   [...]
}
```

### 9.2.3 Possible error at od\_write()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od\_write() function (see <u>NanoJ functions in the</u> <u>NanoJ program</u>) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
   [...]
   Out.controlWord = 1;
   [...]
   od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping überschrieben
   [...]
}
```

The line with the  $od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5)$ ; command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

- **1.** The od write function writes the value 5 in object  $6040_h:00_h$ .
- **2.** At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object  $6040_h:00_h$ , however, with the value 1.
- 3. From the perspective of the user, the od write command thus serves no purpose.

### 9.3 NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program

With NanoJ functions, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Code can only be directly executed in the protected area of the protected execution environment and is realized via so-called *Cortex Supervisor Calls* (Svc Calls). Here, an interrupt is triggered when the function is called, thereby giving the firmware the possibility to temporarily permit code execution outside of the protected execution environment. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism – for them, the NanoJ functions can be called up like normal C functions. Only the *wrapper.h* file needs to be integrated as usual.

### 9.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od\_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)

This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

index	Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary
value	Value to be written



Note

It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with <code>yield()</code> after calling a <code>od\_write()</code>. The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with <code>yield()</code>.

#### U32 od\_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)

This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.

index	Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary
Output value	Content of the OD entry



i

Note
Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield().

#### Example

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```

#### 9.3.2 Process control

void yield()

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

void **sleep** (U32 ms)

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.

ms

Time to be waited in milliseconds



### 9.3.3 Debug output

The following functions output a value in the debug console. They differ with respect to the data type of the parameter to be passed.

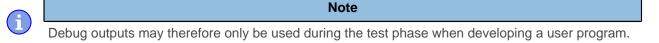
bool VmmDebugOutputString (const char *outstring)	
bool VmmDebugOutputInt (const U32 val)	
boor vienbebugoucpuctine (const 052 var)	
bool VmmDebugOutputByte (const U08 val)	
boor vience ago a const out out out of the second s	
bool VmmDebugOutputHalfWord (const U16 val)	
······································	
bool VmmDebugOutputWord (const U32 val)	
bool VmmDebugOutputFloat (const float val)	

Note

The debug outputs are first written to a separate area of the object dictionary and read from there by the *Plug & Drive Studio*.

This OD entry has index  $2600_h$  and is 64 characters long, see <u>2600h NanoJ Debug Output</u>. Subindex 00 always contains the number of characters already written.

If the buffer is full, VmmDebugOutputxxx() initially fails; execution of the user program ceases and it stops at the location of the debug output. Only after the GUI has read the buffer and after subindex 00 has been reset does the program continue and VmmDebugOutputxxx() returns to the user program.





i

Do not use the debug output if AutoYield mode is activated (see Available computing time).

Note

## 9.4 Restrictions and possible problems

Restrictions and possible problems when working with NanoJ are listed below:

Restriction/problem	Measure
If an object is mapped, e.g., 0x6040, the object is reset to its previous value every 1 ms. This makes it impossible to control this object via the fieldbus or the <i>Plug &amp; Drive Studio</i> .	<pre>Instead use od_read / od_write to access the object.</pre>
If an object was mapped as output and the value of the object was never defined before starting the <i>NanoJ program</i> , the value of this object may be random.	Initialize the values of the mapped objects in your NanoJ program to ensure that it behaves deterministically.



Restriction/problem	Measure
The array initialization must not be used with more than 16 entries.	Use constant array instead.
float must not be used with comparison operators.	Use int instead.
double <b>must not be used</b> .	
If a NanoJ program restarts the controller (either directly with an explicit restart or indirectly, e. g., through the use of the Reset function), the controller may fall into a restart loop that can be exited only with difficulty if at all.	
math or cmath cannot be included.	



# 10 Description of the object dictionary

## **10.1 Overview**

This chapter contains a description of all objects.

You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- Descriptions of bits
- Description of the object

## 10.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:

#### Function

The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

#### **Object description**

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "<u>Object description</u>"

#### Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "<u>Value</u> <u>description</u>"

#### Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "Description"

## **10.3 Object description**

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:

#### Index

Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

#### **Object name**

The name of the object.

#### **Object Code**

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries – and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- RECORD: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries – and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.



 VISIBLE\_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1. These character strings are **not** terminated by a null character.

#### Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

#### Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

#### **Firmware version**

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

#### Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

#### Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

#### **PDO** mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

#### **Allowed values**

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

#### **Preset value**

1

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

## **10.4 Value description**

Note

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.



Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

#### Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

#### Name

Name of the sub-entry.

#### Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

#### Access

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

#### **PDO** mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

#### Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

#### **Preset value**

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

## **10.5 Description**

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or sub-entry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

**Example:** The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Exam	ple [4]		Exam	ple [2]	В	А

#### Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.



#### Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value 00<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "0".
- Value 01<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 is "0" and bit 3 is "1".
- Value 10<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 is "1" and bit 3 is "0".
- Value 11<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "1".

#### В

Description of bit B; no length is specified for a single bit.

#### Α

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

## 1000h Device Type

### **Function**

Describes the controller type.

#### **Object description**

Index	1000 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Device Type
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00060192 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Motor Type [16]														
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Device profile number [16]														

#### Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": BLDC motor
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "4": Stepper motor
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "6": Stepper motor as well as BLDC motor

#### Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.



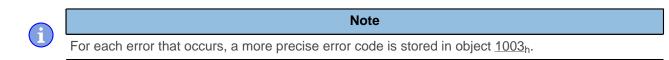
Values:

 $0192_h \, \text{or} \, 0402_d$  (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

## **1001h Error Register**

### **Function**

Error register: The corresponding error bit is set in case of an error. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.



## **Object description**

Index	1001 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Error Register
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Description

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
MAN	RES	PROF	COM	TEMP	VOL	CUR	GEN	

#### GEN

General error

#### CUR

Current

#### VOL

Voltage

#### TEMP

Temperature

#### COM

Communication

#### PROF

Relates to the device profile



## RES

Reserved, always "0"

### MAN

Manufacturer-specific

## 1003h Pre-defined Error Field

### **Function**

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

## **Object description**

Index	1003 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Pre-defined Error Field
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>		
Name	Number Of Errors		
Data type	UNSIGNED8		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>		
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>		
Name	Standard Error Field		
Data type	UNSIGNED32		
Access	read only		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>		
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>		
Name	Standard Error Field		
Data type	UNSIGNED32		
Access	read only		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			



Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000h	
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000h	
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000h	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000h	
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	08 <sub>b</sub>	

Subindex



Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

### Description

#### **General function**

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1. The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0. If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code =  $08000024_h$ ) is sent in response. If a "0" is written in subindex 0, counting starts again from the beginning.

#### **Bit description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Error Nu	mber [8	]						Error C	lass [8]			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							Error C	ode [16]							

#### Error Number [8]

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

Error number	Description
0	Watchdog-Reset
1	Input voltage too high
2	Output current too high
3	Input voltage (+Ub) too low
4	Error at fieldbus
6	CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send nodeguarding request
7	Sensor 1 (see $3204_{h}$ ): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
8	Sensor 2 (see 3204 <sub>h</sub> ): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
9	Sensor 3 (see $3204_{h}$ ): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
10	Warning: Positive limit switch exceeded
11	Warning: Negative limit switch exceeded
12	Overtemperature error
13	The values of object <u>6065<sub>h</sub></u> (Following Error Window) and object <u>6066<sub>h</sub></u> (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered.
14	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full. The current save process could not be completed; parts of the data of the save process are lost. Controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
15	Motor blocked
16	Warning: Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work (all saved objects are reset to default).
17	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.



Error number	Description
18	Sensor n (see $\underline{3204}_h$ ), where n is greater than 3: Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
19	CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error
20	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
21	Warning: Restart the controller to avoid future errors when saving (nonvolatile memory full/corrupt).
22	Rated current must be set (203B <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> /6075 <sub>h</sub> )
23	Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are incorrect.
24	Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters.
25	Internal software error, generic
26	Current too high at digital output
27	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length
30	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
32	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP
33	Undervoltage due to voltage connected with reverse polarity
40	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
46	Interlock error: Bit 3 in 60FD <sub>h</sub> is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u> )

### Error Class[8]

This byte is identical to object  $1001_h$ 

## Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

Error Code	Description
1000 <sub>h</sub>	General error
2300 <sub>h</sub>	Current at the controller output too large
3100 <sub>h</sub>	Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input
4200 <sub>h</sub>	Temperature error within the controller
5540 <sub>h</sub>	Interlock error: Bit 3 in 60FD <sub>h</sub> is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u> )
6010 <sub>h</sub>	Software reset (watchdog)
6100 <sub>h</sub>	Internal software error, generic
6320 <sub>h</sub>	Rated current must be set (203B <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> /6075 <sub>h</sub> )
7113 <sub>h</sub>	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
7121 <sub>h</sub>	Motor blocked
7200 <sub>h</sub>	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP
7305 <sub>h</sub>	Sensor 1 (see <u>3204<sub>h</sub>)</u> faulty
7306 <sub>h</sub>	Sensor 2 (see <u>3204<sub>h</sub>)</u> faulty
7307 <sub>h</sub>	Sensor n (see $3204_{h}$ ), where n is greater than 2
7600 <sub>h</sub>	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for cleanup work
8100 <sub>h</sub>	Error during fieldbus monitoring



Error Code	Description
8130 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error
8200 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
8210 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error
8220 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
8240 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: unexpected sync length
8400 <sub>h</sub>	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
8611 <sub>h</sub>	Position monitoring error: Following error too large
8612 <sub>h</sub>	Position monitoring error: Limit switch exceeded

## 1008h Manufacturer Device Name

### Function

Contains the device name as character string.

## **Object description**

Index	1008 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Manufacturer Device Name
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	■ N5-1-3: N5-1-3
	■ N5-2-3: N5-2-3
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version

### Function

This object contains the hardware version as character string.

## **Object description**

Index	1009 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Manufacturer Hardware Version
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **100Ah Manufacturer Software Version**

### **Function**

This object contains the software version as character string.

## **Object description**

Index	100A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Manufacturer Software Version
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FIR-v2039-B807052
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **1010h Store Parameters**

### **Function**

This object is used to start the saving of objects. See chapter Saving objects.

## **Object description**

Index	1010 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Store Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from "Store Parameter" to "Store Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 3 to 4.



Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0D <sub>h</sub>
	- H
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	00000004
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0000000
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	07 <sub>h</sub> Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Name	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Name Data type	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 <sub>h</sub> 08 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 <sub>h</sub> 08 <sub>h</sub> Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 08h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 08h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 08h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 08h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 08h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 00000001h 008h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000000h
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 00000001h 008h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000000h 0000000h
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 00000001h 008h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000000h 0000000h
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 00000001h 00000001h 008h Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000000h 0000000h



Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0D <sub>h</sub>
Name	Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value " $65766173_h$ " must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of  $1702257011_d$  or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter Saving objects.



# **1011h Restore Default Parameters**

### Function

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values. See chapter <u>Saving</u> <u>objects</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	1011 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Restore Default Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 4.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

## Value description

00
00 <sub>h</sub>
Highest Sub-index Supported
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
0D <sub>h</sub>
01 <sub>h</sub>
-



Nomo	Restore All Default Parameters
Name Data tura	UNSIGNED32
Data type	read / write
Access	
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	00000004
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Communication Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Application Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	04 <sub>h</sub> Restore Customer Default Parameters
Name	Restore Customer Default Parameters
Name Data type Access	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32
Name Data type	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001 <sub>h</sub> 05 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 00000001h 00000001h
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 06h Restore Tuning Default Parameters
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	Restore Customer Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 05h Restore Drive Default Parameters UNSIGNED32 read / write no 00000001h 00000001h 00000001h



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values Preset value	0000001
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Miscellaneous Configurations
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0D <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

If the value  $64616F6C_h$  (or  $1684107116_d$  or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter Discarding the saved data.

## **1018h Identity Object**

### **Function**

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.



### **Object description**

Index	1018 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Identity Object
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	IDENTITY
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported



Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Vendor-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000026C <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Product Code
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	<ul> <li>N5-1-3: 0000001A<sub>b</sub></li> </ul>
	■ N5-2-3: 0000001B <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Revision Number
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	07F70000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Serial Number
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

# **1020h Verify Configuration**

## Function

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.



A configuration tool or a master can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.

The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter Saving objects).

# **Object description**

Index	1020 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Verify Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: verify
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00.	
	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Configuration Date	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Configuration Time	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000h	



Subindex  $01_h$  (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984. Subindex  $02_h$  (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

# 1F50h Program Data

# **Function**

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

# **Object description**

Index	1F50 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Data
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	DOMAIN
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

00 <sub>h</sub> Highest Sub-index Supported UNSIGNED8 read only no 02 <sub>h</sub>
UNSIGNED8 read only no
read only no
no
02 <sub>h</sub>
02 <sub>h</sub>
01 <sub>h</sub>
Program Data Bootloader/firmware
DOMAIN
read / write
no
0
02 <sub>h</sub>
Program Data NanoJ
DOMAIN
read / write



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0

# **1F51h Program Control**

# Function

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

# **Object description**

Index	1F51 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Control Bootloader/firmware	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Control NanoJ	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	



Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

# 1F57h Program Status

## **Function**

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

### **Object description**

Index	1F57 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Status
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
<u></u>		
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Status Bootloader/firmware	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name Program Status NanoJ		



Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	

# 200Fh IEEE 802 MAC Address

### **Function**

This object contains the MAC address of the controller as a character string.

### **Object description**

Index	200F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	IEEE 802 MAC Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B533384
Change history	

# 2010h IP-Configuration

### **Function**

Use this object to configure the Ethernet interface. The object is only taken into consideration once when restarting the controller.

Index	2010 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	IP-Configuration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: Ethernet
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									LLMNR	NBIOS			DHCP		IP

#### IP

Value = "1": A static IP address from object  $2011_h$  is used and the network mask from object  $2012_h$  is used.

#### DHCP

Value = "1": IP address assignment using a DHCP server is activated

#### AUTO

Value = "1": IP address assignment using the AUTO-IP protocol is activated

#### EXT

Value = "1": The IP address was set externally by NanoFlash and applies only until the controller is restarted again.

#### **NBIOS**

Value = "1": The NetBIOS protocol is activated; this is necessary before resolving a hostname (e.g., with a ping command).

#### LLMNR

Value = "1": The LLMNR protocol is activated; this is necessary before resolving a hostname (e.g., with a ping command).

# 2011h Static-IPv4-Address

### **Function**

Contains the static IPv4 address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Index	2011 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Static-IPv4-Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: Ethernet
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	C0A80792 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Static-IP-Address" to "Static-IPv4-Address".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	
IP Address Part 1 [8]								IP Address Part 2 [8]								
15	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8							7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	IP Address Part 3 [8]									IP	Address	s Part 4	[8]			

### IP Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP address

#### **IP Address Part 3 [8]**

Specifies the third part of the IP address

#### **IP Address Part 4 [8]**

Specifies the fourth part of the IP address

### Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

```
192 \implies C0_{h}
168 \implies A8_{h}
2 \implies 02_{h}
0 \implies 0
The corresp
```

The corresponding adjustment value is then  $COA80200_h$ .

# 2012h Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

# **Function**

Contains the subnet mask of the static IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Index	2012 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: Ethernet
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFF00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Static-IP-Subnet-Mask" to "Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask".



Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".

## Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]									Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]								
15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5									5	4	3	2	1	0			
Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]										Sul	onet Mas	sk Part 4	1 [8]				

#### Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the subnet mask

### Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the subnet mask

#### Example

The class C network mask 255.255.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $255 \Rightarrow FF_h$ 

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then FFFFF00h.

# 2013h Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address

### **Function**

Contains the static IP gateway address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Index	2013 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: Ethernet
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Firmware version	FIR-v1446



Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Object Name" entry changed from "Static-IP-Gateway-Address" to "Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".

### Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
IP-Gateway-Address Part 1 [8]									IP-Gateway-Address Part Part 2 [8]								
15	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8							7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
IP-Gateway-Address Part 3 [8]									IP	-Gatewa	ay-Addre	ess Part	Part 4 [	[8]			

#### **IP-Gateway-Address Part 1 [8]**

Specifies the first part of the IP gateway address

#### **IP-Gateway-Address Part 2 [8]**

Specifies the second part of the IP gateway address

#### **IP-Gateway-Address Part 3 [8]**

Specifies the third part of the IP gateway address

#### **IP-Gateway-Address Part 4 [8]**

Specifies the fourth part of the IP gateway address

#### Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

$$192 \implies C0_{h}$$
  
 $168 \implies A8_{h}$   
 $2 \implies 02_{h}$   
 $0 \implies 0$ 

The corresponding adjustment value is then COA80200h.

# 2014h Current-IPv4-Address

#### Function

Contains the currently active IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Index	2014 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Current-IPv4-Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Current-IP-Address" to "Current-IPv4-Address".

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16			
	IP Address Part 1 [8]									IP Address Part 2 [8]								
15	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8							7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	IP Address Part 3 [8]									IP	Address	s Part 4	[8]					

#### IP Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the IP address

#### **IP Address Part 4 [8]**

Specifies the fourth part of the IP address

#### Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $192 \Rightarrow C0_h$   $168 \Rightarrow A8_h$   $2 \Rightarrow 02_h$   $0 \Rightarrow 0$ The corresponding adjustment value is then C0A80200\_h.

# 2015h Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

#### Function

Contains the currently active subnet mask of the static IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Index	2015 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
Object Code	VARIABLE

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Current-IP-Subnet-Mask" to "Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask".

## Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]								Sul	onet Mas	sk Part 2	2 [8]			
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]									Sul	onet Mas	sk Part 4	l [8]		

#### Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the subnet mask

### Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the subnet mask

#### Example

The class C network mask 255.255.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $255 => FF_{h}$ 

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then FFFFF00h.

### 2016h Current-IPv4-Gateway-Address

### **Function**

This object contains the currently active gateway IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Index	2016 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Current-IPv4-Gateway-Address	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	



Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

# 2030h Pole Pair Count

### **Function**

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.

### **Object description**

Index	2030 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Pole Pair Count
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000032 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning".

# 2031h Max Motor Current

## **Function**

Enter the maximum permissible motor current in milliamperes here. All current values are limited by this value.

Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.

Index	2031 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Motor Current
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	■ N5-1-3: 000003E8 <sub>h</sub>



■ N5-2-3: 00000708<sub>h</sub>

FIR-v1426

Firmware version Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from "Peak Current" to "Max Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Object Name" entry changed from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

# 2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

### **Function**

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

### **Object description**

Index	2034 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Upper Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	N5-1-3: 0001258A <sub>b</sub>
	■ N5-2-3: 0000C78A <sub>b</sub>
<b>_</b>	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Description

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object  $2034_h$  minus 2 volts).



# 2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

# Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

### **Object description**

Index	2035 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Lower Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002710 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object  $2035_h$  plus 1.5 volts.

# 2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

# **Function**

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

Index	2036 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



# 2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

## **Function**

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop (bit 3 in  $3202_h = "1"$ ) and the motor is at a standstill.

### **Object description**

Index	2037 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFCEh
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Description

#### Value of $2037_h$ greater than or equal to 0 and less than value $6075_h$

Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

#### Value of 2037<sub>h</sub> in the range from -1 to -100

The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in  $2037_{h}$ . The value in  $6075_{h}$  is used for the calculation.

Example: Object  $\underline{6075}_h$  has the value 4200 mA. The value -60 in  $\underline{2037}_h$  reduces the current by 60% of  $\underline{6075}_h$ . The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of  $\underline{6075}_h * (\underline{2037}_h + 100) / 100 = 1680$  mA.

The value -100 in  $2037_h$  would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA.

# 2038h Brake Controller Timing

### **Function**

This object contains the times for the *brake control* in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.

Index	2038 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Brake Controller Timing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Close Brake Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shutdown Power Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Open Brake Delay Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Start Operation Delay Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PWM Frequency
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	between 0 and 2000 (7D0 <sub>h</sub> )
Preset value	00000000h

Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PWM Duty Cycle
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0, between 2 and 100 (64 <sub>h</sub> )
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- $02_h$ : Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Time between the opening of the brake and when the Operation enabled state of the <u>CiA 402 Power</u> <u>State Machine</u> is reached.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: Frequency of the PWM signal in hertz.
- 06<sub>h</sub>: Duty cycle of the PWM signal in percent.

# 2039h Motor Currents

### **Function**

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA. All values are peak values, (#2\*rms).

Index	2039 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Currents
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".



Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Oubinder	00
Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	I_d
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	l_q
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	l_a
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	I_b
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	



```
Preset value
```

0000000<sub>h</sub>

# Description

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Field-forming components of the current
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Torque-forming components of the current
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Phase current in phase A (stepper motor) or U (BLDC motor)
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Phase current in phase B (stepper motor) or W (BLDC motor)

# 203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

### **Function**

i

This object contains the parameters for Homing on Block (see chapter Homing).

# **Object description**

Index	203A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing On Block Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	
PDO mapping	
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 3.
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of Blocking" to "Block Detection time".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

# Value description

Subindex



Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Minimum Current For Block Detection
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	■ N5-1-3: 000009C4 <sub>b</sub>
	■ N5-2-3: 00001194 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Block Detection Time
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000C8 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following function:

- O1<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA, negative numbers specify a percentage of object <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u>. Example: The value "1000" corresponds to 1000 mA (= 1 A); the value "-70" corresponds to 70% of <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u>.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.

# 203Bh I2t Parameters

### **Function**

This object contains the parameters for I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring.

 $I^{2}$ t monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in <u>203B<sub>h</sub></u>:01 and <u>203B<sub>h</sub></u>:02 and a value greater than 1000 in <u>6073<sub>h</sub></u> (see <u>I2t Motor overload protection</u>).

With one exception,  $I^2t$  monitoring can only be used for *closed loop* mode: If  $I^2t$  is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of  $203B_h:01_h$ ,  $6073_h$  and  $2031_h$ .

Index	203B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	I2t Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 8.
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 7.
	Firmware version FIR-v1926-B648637: "Name" entry changed from "Maximum Duration Of Peak Current" to "Maximum Duration Of Max Current".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Rated Current
Name Data type	Motor Rated Current UNSIGNED32
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	UNSIGNED32 read / write
Data type Access PDO mapping	UNSIGNED32 read / write



Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Maximum Duration Of Max Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
	66666666n
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Threshold
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	CalcValue
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	LimitedCurrent
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Status
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex  $01_h$  and  $02_h$  contain parameters for the control, subindices  $03_h$  to  $06_h$  are status values. The functions are as follows:



- 01<sub>h</sub>: The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in <u>2031<sub>h</sub></u> and <u>6073<sub>h</sub></u>, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- $02_h$ : Specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current (<u>6073\_h</u>) in ms.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Threshold, specifies the limit in mA that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: CalcValue, specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by I<sup>2</sup>t.
- $06_h$ : Current status. If the sub-entry value is "0",  $I^2$ t is deactivated; if the value is "1",  $I^2$ t is activated.

# 203Dh Torque Window

### Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object  $\underline{6041}_{h}$  (statusword) is never set.

# **Object description**

Index	203D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# 203Eh Torque Window Time Out

### **Function**

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window"  $(203D_h)$  for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

Index	203E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Window Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO



 Allowed values

 Preset value
 0000h

 Firmware version
 FIR-v1540

 Change history
 Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

 Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Torque Window Time" to "Torque Window Time Out".

# 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out

### **Function**

Time in milliseconds until an excessively large slippage error in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode results in an error message.

### **Object description**

Index	203F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Slippage Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

# Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of the object  $\underline{60F8}_h$  (Max Slippage) is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $\underline{203F}_h$ .

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object  $3700_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $1003_h$ .

# 2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

### **Function**

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

Index	2057 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Multiplier
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32

### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000080 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 2058h Clock Direction Divider

## **Function**

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is divided by this value before it is processed further.

# **Object description**

Index	2058 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Divider
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 2059h Encoder Configuration

## **Function**

This object can be used to switch the supply voltage and the type of encoder.

Index	2059 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Encoder Configuration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														TYPE	VOLT

#### VOLT

If this bit is set to the value "0", the supply voltage for the encoder is set to 5 V. If the bit is set to the value "1", the supply voltage is set to 24 V.

#### TYPE

Defines the type of encoder. For a differential encoder, the bit must have the value "0". For a singleended encoder, the bit must be set to "1".

# 205Ah Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)

## Function



Tip

This object only has a function when using an absolute encoder. If an absolute encoder is not used, the value is always 0.

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in <u>user-defined units</u>) can be read from this object.

Index	205A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1446
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Encoder Boot Value" to "Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".



# 205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

# Function

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value = "0") to the <u>right/left rotation mode</u> (value = "1").

### **Object description**

Index	205B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	

# 2084h Bootup Delay

### **Function**

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

### **Object description**

Index	2084 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Bootup Delay
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

# **Function**

Shows the available fieldbuses.



### **Object description**

Index	2101 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fieldbus Module Availability
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00040010 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from "Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability".

# Description

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### USB

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

#### **RS-485**

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

#### **RS-232**

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.

## CAN

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

### E-NET

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

#### E-CAT

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

### SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.

#### MRTU

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

### MTCP

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP.

#### E-IP

Value = "1": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup>.



# 2102h Fieldbus Module Control

# **Function**

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).

### **Object description**

Index	2102 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fieldbus Module Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00040010 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

## Description

Object  $2103_h$ :1<sub>h</sub> contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object (2102<sub>h</sub>). The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object  $2103_h$ :2<sub>h</sub>.

The following distribution of the bits applies here:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### USB

USB interface

### RS-485

RS-485 interface

#### RS-232

RS-232 interface

#### CAN

CANopen interface

#### E-NET

EtherNet interface

#### E-CAT

EtherCAT interface



## SPI

SPI interface

### MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

## MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

### E-IP

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> protocol

# 2103h Fieldbus Module Status

### Function

Shows the active fieldbuses.

# **Object description**

Index	2103 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fieldbus Module Status
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Fieldbus Module Disable Mask
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Preset value	00000000h	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Fieldbus Module Enabled	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00040010 <sub>h</sub>	

# Description

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. A value "1" means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.

Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The value "1" means that the fieldbus is active.

The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### USB

USB interface

#### RS-485

RS-485 interface

### RS-232

RS-232 interface

### CAN

CANopen interface

#### E-NET

EtherNet interface

### E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

#### SPI

SPI interface

#### MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

#### MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol



### E-IP

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> protocol

# 2290h PDI Control

# **Function**

With this object, you can activate the *Plug & Drive interface*. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*.

## **Object description**

Index	2290 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	PDI Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

# Description

To activate the Plug & Drive interface, set bit 0 to "1".

# 2291h PDI Input

# Function

If you use the *Plug&Drive interface*, you can use this object to select and start the operating mode and set the corresponding target values (target position, speed, etc.). You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*.

Index	2291 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	PDI Input
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDI_INPUT
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667



Change history	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Savable" entry changed from
	"yes, category: application" to "no".

<u></u>	
Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDI Set Value 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDI Set Value 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDI Set Value 3
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDI Command
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

00<sub>h</sub>

# 2292h PDI Output

# Function

If you use the *Plug & Drive interface*, you can, in this object, read the status and a return value that is dependent on the used operating mode. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*.

# **Object description**

Index	2292 <sub>b</sub>
Object name	PDI Output
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDI_OUTPUT
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDI Status
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDI Return Value
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only



PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h

# 2300h NanoJ Control

### Function

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.

### **Object description**

Index	2300 <sub>h</sub>							
Object name	NanoJ Control							
Object Code	VARIABLE							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Savable	yes, category: application							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Firmware version	FIR-v1426							
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Control" to "NanoJ Control".							

# Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													AYield		ON

#### ON

Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").

With a rising edge in bit 0, the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.

Note
Startup of the NanoJ program can take up to 200 ms.

When switching on, a check is performed to determine whether a *NanoJ program* is present. If present, "1" is entered in 2300 and the *NanoJ program* is started.

#### AYield (AutoYield)

If this feature is activated (bit set to "1"), the *NanoJ program* is no longer stopped if it runs longer than it is allowed to. The *NanoJ program* is, thus, no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms (see <u>Available computing time</u>).





Note

Do not use the <u>Debug output</u> if *AutoYield* mode is activated.

# 2301h NanoJ Status

### **Function**

Indicates the operating state of the user program.

## **Object description**

Index	2301 <sub>h</sub>						
Object name	NanoJ Status						
Object Code	VARIABLE						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Savable	no						
Access	read only						
PDO mapping	TX-PDO						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Firmware version	FIR-v1426						
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Status" to "NanoJ Status".						

# Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													ERR	RES	RUN

#### RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.

#### RES

Reserved.

#### ERR

Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object  $\underline{2302}_{h}$ .

# 2302h NanoJ Error Code

### **Function**

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.



# **Object description**

Index	2302 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Error Code" to "NanoJ Error Code".

# Description

Error codes during program execution:

Number	Description
0001 <sub>h</sub>	Firmware does not support the used function (e.g., sin, cosin, etc.)
0005 <sub>h</sub>	Time Out: Code executed too long without yield() or sleep()
0007 <sub>h</sub>	Too many variables on the stack
0100 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid NanoJ program file
0101 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid NanoJ version of the program file
0102 <sub>h</sub>	CRC error in the NanoJ program file

Error when accessing an object:

Number	Description
1xxxxyy <sub>h</sub>	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should – but cannot – be mapped.
2000000 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type input were declared (see <u>2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection</u> )
3000000 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type output were declared (see <u>2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection</u> )
4000000 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type inout were declared (see <u>2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection</u> )
1000 <sub>h</sub>	Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary
1001 <sub>h</sub>	Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD
1002 <sub>h</sub>	An attempt was made to write a value that is too low or too high to an object.
1003 <sub>h</sub>	An attempt was made to read out an object that permits only write access.
1FFF <sub>h</sub>	Unauthorized access of an object



# 230Fh Uptime Seconds

### **Function**

This object contains the operating time in seconds since the last time the controller was started.

Note
This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on.

# **Object description**

Index	230F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Uptime Seconds
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Firmware version	FIR-v1436
Change history	

# 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

### Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

Index	2310 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Input Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".



Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]				

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

#### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

#### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the *NanoJ program* after it is executed.



# **Object description**

Index	2320 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

# Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Index	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

#### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

#### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.

#### **Object description**

Index	2330 <sub>b</sub>					
Object name	NanoJ In/output Data Selection					
Object Code	ARRAY					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Savable	no					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value						
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161					
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM In/output Data Selection" to "NanoJ In/output Data Selection".					
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".					
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".					
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".					

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values	
Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Index	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

#### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

# 2400h NanoJ Inputs

#### **Function**

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

Index	2400 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33.
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".



Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N#" to "NanoJ Input N#".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	NanoJ Input #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the NanoJ program.

### 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

#### Function

This object functions identically to object  $\underline{2400}_h$  with the difference that this object can be stored.

Index	2410 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Init Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".



# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

# 2500h NanoJ Outputs

### **Function**

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

#### **Object description**

Index	2500 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Output N#" to "NanoJ Output N#".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	NanoJ Output #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

# Description

Here, the NanoJ program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.

# 2600h NanoJ Debug Output

#### Function

This object contains debug output of a user program.

#### **Object description**

Index	2600 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Debug Output
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 40 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Value #1 - #64
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the VmmDebugOutputString() and VmmDebugOutputInt().

# 2701h Customer Storage Area

#### Function

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.

### **Object description**

Index	2701 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Customer Storage Area
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: customer
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FE <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - FE <sub>h</sub>
Name	Storage #1 - #254
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



# 2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

### Function

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered.

# **Object description**

Index2800hObject nameBootloader And Reboot SettingsObject CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset valueFIR-v1540Change history-		
Object CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset valueFIR-v1540	Index	2800 <sub>h</sub>
Data typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset valueFIR-v1540	Object name	Bootloader And Reboot Settings
Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset value-Firmware versionFIR-v1540	Object Code	ARRAY
Accessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed valuesPreset valueFirmware versionFIR-v1540	Data type	UNSIGNED32
PDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset value-Firmware versionFIR-v1540	Savable	yes, category: application
Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1540	Access	read only
Preset value       Firmware version       FIR-v1540	PDO mapping	no
Firmware version FIR-v1540	Allowed values	
	Preset value	
Change history	Firmware version	FIR-v1540
	Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported			
	UNSIGNED8			
Data type				
Access	read only			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>			
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Reboot Command			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>			
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Reboot Delay Time In Ms			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>			



Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Bootloader HW Config
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following function:

- $01_h$ : If the value "746F6F62<sub>h</sub>" is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Reserved

### 3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

#### **Function**

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between *closed loop / open loop* and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in *closed loop*.

#### **Object description**

Index	3202 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Drive Submode Select
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: movement".

#### Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
								Slow	BLDC	Torque	AutoAl	CurRed	Brake	VoS	CL/OL

#### CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop (see chapter Control modes)

■ Value = "0": open loop



#### ■ Value = "1": closed loop

Toggling is not possible in the Operation enabled state.

#### VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes

#### Brake

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control.

#### **CurRed (Current Reduction)**

Value = "1": Current reduction activated in open loop

#### AutoAl ( auto alignment)

For the case that operation in *closed loop* is required (bit 0 in 3202<sub>h</sub> is set).

Value = "1": The *auto alignment* process is activated; immediately after switching on, an alignment is determined in *open loop* and a switch is immediately made to *closed loop* mode without the encoder index having been seen.

The rotor is moved slightly during this process.

Value = "0": No *auto alignment*, the motor operates in *open loop* until the encoder index is seen (maximum one revolution of the motor shaft).

If the incremental encoder used for commutation does not have an index (bit 0 in <u>33A0<sub>h</sub></u> is "0"), an *auto alignment* is always determined.

#### Torque

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque

Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object  $\underline{6080}_h$  is ignored;  $\underline{3210}_h$ :3 and  $\underline{3210}_h$ :4 have no effect on the control.

#### BLDC

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

#### Slow (slow speed)

Value = "1": The slow speed mode is activated ( closed loop must already be activated)

### 3203h Feedback Selection

#### **Function**

In this object, the sources of the presets are defined for the commutation and the velocity and position control.

A value change in the *Operation enabled* state shows no immediate effect. Value changes in objects are buffered and read out upon changing to the *Operation enabled* state.

Index	3203 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Selection
Object Code	ARRAY



Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>



The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains a bit mask for the respective feedback n. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in <u>Closed Loop</u>.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.

The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.

Note

If bit 0 in 3202<sub>h</sub> is set to "0", *closed loop* is deactivated; bit 2 (commutation) then has no meaning. Bit 1 for the velocity and bit 0 for the position in the respective subindicies are still used for the display of the actual position and speed values.

# 3204h Feedback Mapping

#### **Function**

i.

This object contains information on the existing feedbacks.

#### **Object description**

Index	3204 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only



PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	3380 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Index Of 2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	3390 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Index Of 3rd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	33A0 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n refers to the index of the respective object for the configuration of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

# 320Dh Torque Of Inertia Factor

#### **Function**

This factor is used for calculating the acceleration feed forward (see  $\underline{320E}_h:08_h$ ). Default is 0 (feed forward inactive).

Acceleration feed forward applies during deceleration as well.



# **Object description**

Index	320D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Of Inertia Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Acceleration
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

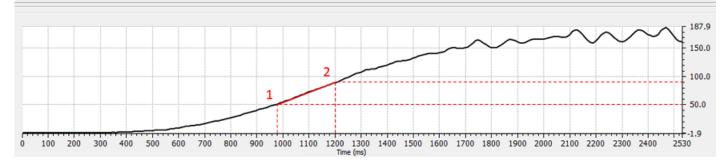
The value is dependent on the inertia of the load. To determine the factor:

- 1. Activate <u>closed loop</u> and select the <u>profile torque</u> mode.
- 2. Set a target for the torque and enter the corresponding current value (mA) in 320Dh:01h.

#### 10 Description of the object dictionary



Record (e. g., in *Plug & Drive Studio*) the current speed (object 606C<sub>h</sub>). Calculate the acceleration in the set <u>user-defined units</u> for the speed range, where this is constant. Enter the value in 320D<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>. Using the speed curve in the following figure as an example: (90-50)/(1200-980)=182 rpm/s.



# 320Eh Closed Loop Controller Parameter

#### **Function**

Contains the control parameters for <u>closed loop</u>.

Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.

The old control parameters (object 3210<sub>h</sub>) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set  $3210_h:07_h$  (for *closed loop*) or  $3210_h:09_h$  (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object  $320E_h$  or  $320E_h$ . You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

Index	320E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Closed Loop Controller Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	CLOSED_LOOP_CONTROLLER_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1913-B623284: "Name" entry changed from "PWM Feed Forward" to "Reserved."
	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from "Max Current Deviation" to "Max Current Deviation [‰]".
	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".
	Firmware Version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from "Max Voltage Via PWM" to "Max Voltage [mV]".



Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: "Name" entry changed from "Reserved" to "Voltage Feed Forward [‰]".

Subindex	00h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0F <sub>b</sub>
0.111.11	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> Desition Controller Ke W 1
Name Data trac	Position Controller Kp [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping Allowed values	no
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
1 16361 VAIUE	0000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Position Controller Tn [µs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Feed Forward [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Position Deviation



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Motor Speed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00007530 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Controller Kp [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Controller Tn [µs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	UNSIGNED32 read / write
Access	read / write
Access PDO mapping	read / write
Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read / write no
Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read / write no
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	read / write no 00000000h
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	read / write no 00000000h 08h
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰]
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write no
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write no
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write no 03E8h
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write no 03E8h 09h
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write no 03E8h 09h Max Velocity Deviation
Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	read / write no 00000000h 08h Acceleration Feed Forward [‰] UNSIGNED16 read / write no 03E8h 09h Max Velocity Deviation UNSIGNED32



Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Outlinder	0.0
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Current [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>
Name	Current Controller Kp [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Name	
	Current Controller Tn [µs] UNSIGNED32
Data type	
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0000000
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0D <sub>h</sub>
Name	Voltage Feed Forward [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0E <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Current Deviation [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
. 10001 40100	



Subindex	0F <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Voltage [mV]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000186A0 <sub>h</sub>

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of entries
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Gain factor (proportional component) of the position controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Reset time (integral component) of the position controller in microseconds
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Maximum control deviation of the position controller in <u>user-defined units</u>
- Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>: Maximum permissible speed of the motor in <u>user-defined units</u>. See <u>6080</u><sub>h</sub>.
- Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>: Gain factor (proportional component) of the velocity controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>: Reset time (integral component) of the velocity controller in microseconds
- Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>: Acceleration feed forward in tenths of a percent of the value of <u>320D<sub>h</sub></u>
- Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>: Maximum control deviation of the velocity controller in <u>user-defined units</u>
- Subindex 0A<sub>h</sub>: Maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current, see object <u>6073<sub>h</sub></u>
- Subindex 0B<sub>h</sub>: Gain factor (proportional component) of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 0Ch: Reset time (integral component) of the current controller in microseconds
- Subindex 0D<sub>h</sub>: Voltage feed forward in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current
- Subindex 0E<sub>h</sub>: Maximum control deviation of the current controller in mA
- Subindex 0F<sub>h</sub>: Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt.

Also dependent on this value is whether the *overmodulation* of the voltage vector is used. If *overmodulation* is used, a higher torque can be achieved. The resulting voltage is no longer sinusoidal, which can result in harmonics and higher losses.

Value in mV	Overmodulation
1001U <sub>o_low</sub>	None; the voltage vector describes a circle.
$U_{o\_low}U_{o\_high}$	The voltage vector describes a circle that is increasingly flattened on four/six sides in proportion to the set value.
≥U o_high	Full; the voltage vector describes a square or a hexagon.

#### $U_{o_{low}}$

The lowest voltage above which overmodulation occurs. Is calculated as follows:

With two-phase stepper motors: operating voltage\*1.063

With three-phase BLDC motors: operating voltage\*0.99

#### $U_{o_high}$

The maximum overmodulation occurs above this voltage. Is calculated as follows:

Operating voltage\*0.9425



# 320Fh Open Loop Controller Parameter

#### Function

i

Contains the control parameters for <u>open loop</u>.

Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.

The old control parameters (object  $3210_h$ ) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set  $\underline{3210}_h$ :07<sub>h</sub> (for *closed loop*) or  $\underline{3210}_h$ :09<sub>h</sub> (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object  $\underline{320E}_h$  or  $\underline{320E}_h$ . You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

#### **Object description**

Index	320F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Open Loop Controller Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	OPEN_LOOP_CONTROLLER_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1913-B623284: "Name" entry changed from "PWM Feed Forward" to "Reserved."
	Firmware Version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from "Max Voltage Via PWM" to "Max Voltage [mV]".
	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".
	from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Current Controller Kp [‰]



Data type	UNSIGNED16							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 <sub>b</sub>							
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Current Controller Tn [µs]							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Reserved							
Data type	UNSIGNED16							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Max Current Deviation [‰]							
Data type	UNSIGNED16							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Max Voltage [mV]							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	000186A0 <sub>h</sub>							

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of entries
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Gain factor (proportional component) of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Reset time (integral component) of the current controller in microseconds
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Reserved
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Maximum control deviation of the current controller in mA



■ Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>: Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt.

# 3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

#### **Function**

Contains the P and I components of the current, speed and position controllers for *open loop* (only current controller activated) and *closed loop*.

#### Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object  $3210_h$ ) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set  $3210_h:07_h$  (for *closed loop*) or  $3210_h:09_h$  (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object  $320E_h$  or  $320E_h$ . You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

Index	3210 <sub>h</sub>				
Object name	Motor Drive Parameter Set				
Object Code	ARRAY				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Savable	yes, category: application				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value					
Firmware version	FIR-v1426				
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_P" to "Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_I" to "Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_P" to "Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_I" to "Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_P" to "Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_I" to "Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".				



Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I\_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I\_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 11 to 13.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 to 0A changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported								
Data type	UNSIGNED8								
Access	read only								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0C <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000800 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000h								



Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	U3 <sub>h</sub> Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00002EE0 <sub>h</sub>								
	00002220h								
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000001E <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
	00881EE0 <sub>h</sub>								
Preservanie									
Preset value									
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex Name	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)								
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32								
Subindex Name Data type Access	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 07 <sub>h</sub> Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 07 <sub>h</sub> Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 07 <sub>h</sub> Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 07 <sub>h</sub> Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 07 <sub>h</sub> Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	06 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO 0007C740 <sub>h</sub> 07 <sub>h</sub> Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop) UNSIGNED32 read / write RX-PDO								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	06h         Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)         UNSIGNED32         read / write         RX-PDO         0007C740h         07h         Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)         UNSIGNED32         read / write         RX-PDO         00707C740h         0007C740h         008IGNED32         read / write         RX-PDO         00881EE0h								
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	06h         Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)         UNSIGNED32         read / write         RX-PDO         0007C740h         07h         Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)         UNSIGNED32         read / write         RX-PDO         007h         0007C740h         0007C740h         008IGNED32         read / write         RX-PDO         00881EE0h         08h								



Access PDO mapping	read / write RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0007C740 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	004DC880 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	001D2B30 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Velocity Feed Forward Factor In Per Mille							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Acceleration Feed Forward Factor							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of entries
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Proportional component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)

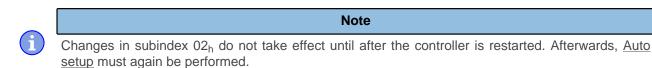


- Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>: (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex 0A<sub>h</sub>: (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 0B<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 0C<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Acceleration feed forward. Default is 0 (feed forward inactive). It applies during deceleration as well.

# 3212h Motor Drive Flags

#### Function

This object is used to specify whether or not <u>auto setup</u> is to adapt the controller parameters. The direction of the rotating field can also be changed.



### **Object description**

Index	3212 <sub>h</sub>							
Object name	Motor Drive Flags							
Object Code	ARRAY							
Data type	INTEGER8							
Savable	yes, category: application							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value								
Firmware version	FIR-v1450							
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 3.							
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from "Enable Legacy Power Mode" to "Reserved".							

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only



PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Reserved								
Data type	INTEGER8								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Override Field Inversion								
Data type	INTEGER8								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Do Not Touch Controller Settings								
Data type	INTEGER8								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>								

Valid values for subindex 02h:

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex 03<sub>h</sub>:

- Value = "0": <u>Auto setup</u> detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform <u>auto setup</u> with the values for the controller that were entered in object <u>3210<sub>h</sub></u> or <u>320E<sub>h</sub></u> before the auto setup; the values in <u>3210<sub>h</sub></u> or <u>320E<sub>h</sub></u> are not changed.

### 3220h Analog Inputs

#### **Function**

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.



With object  $\underline{3221}_h$ , the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input, if supported by the input.

### **Object description**

Index	3220 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analog Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Analogue Input 1							
Data type	INTEGER16							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Analogue Input 2							
Data type	INTEGER16							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>							

# Description

Formulas for converting from [digits] to the respective unit:



- Voltage input: (x digits 512 digits) \* 20 V / 1023 digits
- Current input (if configurable): x digits \* 20 mA / 1023 digits

# 3221h Analogue Inputs Control

#### **Function**

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement if permitted by the hardware (see technical data).

#### **Object description**

Index	3221 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analogue Inputs Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														AC2	AC1

In general: If a bit is set to the value "0", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

#### AC1

Setting for analog input 1

#### AC2

Setting for analog input 2

# **3240h Digital Inputs Control**

#### Function

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

Index	3240 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Inputs Control
Object Code	ARRAY



Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Savable	yes, category: application	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426	
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 <sub>h</sub> : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"	
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 9.	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>b</sub>		
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported		
Data type	UNSIGNED8		
Access	read only		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value	08 <sub>h</sub>		
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>		
Name	Special Function Enable		
Data type	UNSIGNED32		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	RX-PDO		
Allowed values			
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>		
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>		
Name	Function Inverted		
Data type	UNSIGNED32		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	RX-PDO		
Allowed values			
Preset value	00000000h		
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>		
Name	Force Enable		
Data type	UNSIGNED32		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	RX-PDO		
Allowed values			
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>		

Subindex



Marra				
Name	Force Value			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00000000h			
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Raw Value			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000000h			
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Input Range Select			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000000h			
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Differential Select			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000000h			
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Routing Enable			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value 00000000h				

The subindices have the following function:

<u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be



switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- Bit 2: Home switch
- □ Bit 3: Interlock

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in 3240<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> must be set to "1".

<u>3240<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Function Inverted)</u>: This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object <u>60FD<sub>h</sub></u>) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").

This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.

- <u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
   In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object <u>3240</u><sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object <u>3240<sub>h</sub></u>:03<sub>h</sub>.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:07<sub>h</sub> (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value "0" in the subindex) and "differential input" (value "1" in the subindex) if the input supports this function.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable): The value "1" in this subindex activates Input Routing.

# 3242h Digital Input Routing

#### Function

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in 60FD<sub>h</sub>.

#### **Object description**

Index	3242 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Input Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	

#### Value description

Subindex

00<sub>h</sub>



Name	Highest Sub-index Supported			
Data type	UNSIGNED8			
Access	read only			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	24 <sub>h</sub>			
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 24 <sub>h</sub>			
Name	Input Source #1 - #36			
Data type	UNSIGNED8			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	TX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>			

Subindex  $01_h$  contains the source for bit 0 of object <u>60FD</u>. Subindex  $02_h$  contains the source for bit 1 of object <u>60FD</u> and so on.

The number that is written in a subindex determines the source for the corresponding bit. The following table lists all possible signal sources.

Nu	ımber			
dec	hex		Signal source	
00	00	Signal is always 0		
01	01	Physical input 1		
02	02	Physical input 2		
03	03	Physical input 3		
04	04	Physical input 4		
05	05	Physical input 5		
06	06	Physical input 6		
07	07	Physical input 7		
08	08	Physical input 8		
09	09	Physical input 9		
10	0A	Physical input 10		
11	0B	Physical input 11		
12	0C	Physical input 12		
13	0D	Physical input 13		
14	0E	Physical input 14		
15	0F	Physical input 15		
16	10	Physical input 16		
65	41	Hall input "U"		
66	42	Hall input "V"		
67	43	Hall input "W"		
68	44	Encoder input "A"		
69	45	Encoder input "B"		



Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
70	46	Encoder input "Index"
72	48	"Ethernet active" status
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"
200	C8	"Ethernet active" inverted status

## 3243h Digital Input Homing Capture

#### **Function**

With this object, the current position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at the digital input that is used for the home switch.



#### Note

Do not use this function in combination with a homing operation. The homing operation cannot otherwise be successfully completed.

#### **Object description**

Index	3243 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Input Homing Capture
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32

## 10 Description of the object dictionary



Savable	yes, category: application	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value		
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312	
Change history		

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Control
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Capture Count
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Cultinglass	04

Subindex



Name	Sensor Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>

- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: This is used to select the type of level change:
  - Deactivate function: Value "0"
  - □ With rising edge: Value "1"
  - □ With falling edge: Value "2"
  - □ Both edges: Value "3"
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is
  reset to 0 if subindex 01<sub>h</sub> is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from <u>6064<sub>h</sub></u>)
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Encoder position of the level change

## 3250h Digital Outputs Control

#### **Function**

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter " Digital inputs and outputs".

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.

#### **Object description**

Index	3250 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Outputs Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 <sub>h</sub> : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"
	Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Enable" to "No Function".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 9.
	Firmware version FIR-v2039: Subindex 09 added



# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	09 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	No Function
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Function Inverted
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Cubinday	04
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub> Force Malue
Name	Force Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	0000000
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	056

Subindex



Name	Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reserved1
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reserved2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Enable Mask [Bit0=StatusLed, Bit1=ErrorLed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFF <sub>b</sub>

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: No function.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).



- 03<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex 4<sub>h</sub>.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value "0" returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- $\hfill 05_h$  : The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 08<sub>h</sub>: If the subindex is set to "1", *Output Routing* is activated.

**Note** Entries  $3250_{h}:01_{h}$  to  $3250:04_{h}$  then have **no** function until *Output Routing* is again switched off.

09<sub>h</sub>: For switching control of the <u>Power LED</u> on/off. If bit 0 is set to "1", the green LED is activated (flashes in normal operation). If bit 1 is set to "1", the red LED is activated (flashes in case of an error). If the bit is set to "0", the respective LED remains off.

## 3252h Digital Output Routing

#### **Function**

i

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with 60FE<sub>h</sub>.

#### **Object description**

Index	3252 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Output Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #1
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO



Allowed values	
Preset value	1080 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #2
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0090 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #3
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0091 <sub>h</sub>

## 3320h Read Analogue Input

#### **Function**

This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	3320 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Read Analogue Input
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

00 <sub>h</sub>
Number Of Analogue Inputs
UNSIGNED8
read only



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The user-defined units are made up of offset  $(3321_h)$  and scaling value  $(3322_h/3323_h)$ . If both are still set to the default values, the value in  $3320_h$  is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: (x digits 512 digits) \* 20 V / 1023 digits
- Current input (if configurable): x digits \* 20 mA / 1023 digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of analog inputs
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Analog value 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Analog value 2 (if present)

#### 3321h Analogue Input Offset

#### Function

Offset that is added to the read analog value  $(3220_h)$  before scaling (multiplier from object 3322 and divisor from object  $3323_h$ ).

#### **Object description**

Index	3321 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analogue Input Offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only



PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value			
Firmware version	FIR-v1426		
Change history			

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of offsets
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Offset for analog input 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Offset for analog input 2 (if present)

## 3322h Analogue Input Factor Numerator

#### Function

Value by which the read analog value  $(3220_h, 3321_h)$  is multiplied before it is written in object  $3320_h$ .

#### **Object description**

Index

 $3322_h$ 



Object name	Analogue Input Factor Numerator
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

The subindices contain:

- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Multiplier for analog input 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Multiplier for analog input 2 (if present)



# 3323h Analogue Input Factor Denominator

#### Function

Value by which the read analog value  $(\underline{3220}_h + \underline{3321}_h)$  is divided before it is written in object  $\underline{3320}_h$ .

## **Object description**

Index	3323 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analogue Input Factor Denominator
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1926-B648637
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>



The subindices contain:

- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Divisor for analog input 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Divisor for analog input 2 (if present)

### 3380h Feedback Sensorless

#### **Function**

Contains measurement and configuration values that are necessary for the sensorless control and field weakening in <u>Closed Loop</u>.

#### **Object description**

Index	3380 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Sensorless
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 6.

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Resistance [Ohm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex



Name	Inductance [H]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Magnetic Flux [Vs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Switch On Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000078 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Switch Off Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000064 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Winding resistance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Winding inductance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Interlinking flux. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Switch-on speed in RPM. Closed loop (sensorless) is activated above this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: Switch-off speed in RPM. Closed loop (sensorless) is deactivated below this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.

## 3390h Feedback Hall

#### **Function**

Contains configuration values for the Hall sensors. The values are determined by the Auto setup.



# **Object description**

Index	2200
Index	3390 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Hall
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0C <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	4th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	5th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	6th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	7th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	8th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	



Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>
Name	9th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	10th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0B <sub>h</sub>
Name	11th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Name	12th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>

## 33A0h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1

#### Function

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the <u>Auto</u> <u>setup</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	33A0 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning



Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Configuration
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>

#### Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub> (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
  - □ Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index exists and is to be used.
- 02<sub>h</sub> (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the rotor's magnets. The exact determination is possible via <u>auto setup</u>. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed loop* mode with encoder.



## 3501h EtherNetIP Rx PDO Mapping

### **Function**

A

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.

To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex  $0_h$  to "0". After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex  $0_h$ .

Note

### **Object description**

Index	3501 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	EtherNetIP Rx PDO Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	22910120 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	00040040
Preset value	22910210 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	22910308 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	22910408 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	05 <sub>h</sub> 5th Object To Be Mapped
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Name Data type	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120 <sub>h</sub> 06 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120 <sub>h</sub> 06 <sub>h</sub> 6th Object To Be Mapped
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120 <sub>h</sub> 06 <sub>h</sub> 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120h 06h 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120h 06h 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120h 06h 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120h 06h 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	5th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 60FE0120 <sub>h</sub> 06 <sub>h</sub> 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 24000120 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	5th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         60FE0120h         06h         6th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000120h         07h
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	5th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         60FE0120h         06h         6th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000120h         07h         7th Object To Be Mapped
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	5th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         60FE0120h         06h         6th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000120h         07h         7th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32



Preset value         24000220h           Subindex         08h           Name         8th Object To Be Mapped           Data type         UNSIGNED32           Access         read / write           PDO mapping         no           Allowed values         Preset value           Preset value         24000320h           Subindex         09h           Name         9th Object To Be Mapped           Data type         UNSIGNED32           Access         read / write           PDO mapping         no           Allowed values         Preset value           Preset value         24000420h           Subindex         0Ah           Name         10th Object To Be Mapped           Data type         UNSIGNED32           Access         read / write           PDO mapping         no           Allowed values         Preset value           Proset value         24000520h           Subindex         0Bh           Name         11th Object To Be Mapped           Data type         UNSIGNED32           Access         read / write           PDO mapping         no           Allowed values	Allowed values	
Name     8h Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000320 <sub>h</sub> Subindex     09 <sub>h</sub> ,       Name     9th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000420 <sub>h</sub> Subindex     0A <sub>h</sub> Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0A <sub>h</sub> Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0B <sub>h</sub> Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Preset value       Subindex	Preset value	24000220 <sub>h</sub>
Name     8h Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000320 <sub>h</sub> Subindex     09 <sub>h</sub> ,       Name     9th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000420 <sub>h</sub> Subindex     0A <sub>h</sub> Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0A <sub>h</sub> Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0B <sub>h</sub> Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Preset value       Subindex		
Name     8h Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000320 <sub>h</sub> Subindex     09 <sub>h</sub> ,       Name     9th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000420 <sub>h</sub> Subindex     0A <sub>h</sub> Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0A <sub>h</sub> Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0B <sub>h</sub> Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Preset value       Subindex	Subindex	08
Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     24000320,       Preset value     24000320,       Subindex     09,       Name     9th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     no       Preset value     24000420,       Subindex     0A,       Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     no       Preset value     24000420,       Subindex     0A,       Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Zubindex     0B,       Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000620,       UNSIGNED32     Access <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 24000320 <sub>h</sub> Subindex 09 <sub>h</sub> Name 9th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 24000420 <sub>h</sub> Subindex 0A <sub>h</sub> Name 10th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex 0B <sub>h</sub> Name 11th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex 0B <sub>h</sub> Name 11th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex 0B <sub>h</sub> Name 11th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 24000620 <sub>h</sub>		
PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       24000320,         Preset value       24000320,         Subindex       09,         Name       9th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000420,         Subindex       OA,         Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000420,         Subindex       OA,         Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620,         Subindex       OC,         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32		
Allowed values     Preset value     24000320h       Subindex     09h       Name     9th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000420h       Subindex     0An       Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       24000520h     Image: State		
Preset value     24000320h       Subindex     09h       Name     9th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000420h       Subindex     0Ah       Name     10th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       24000520h     Preset value       Subindex     0Bh       Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     0Bh       Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     24000620h       Subindex     0Ch       Name     12th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO <mapping< td="">     no</mapping<>		
Name       9th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000420h         Subindex       0Ah         Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       0Bh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no		24000320 <sub>h</sub>
Name       9th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000420h         Subindex       0Ah         Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       0Bh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no		
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Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000420 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       OA <sub>h</sub> Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       OB <sub>h</sub> Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         UNSIGNED32       Access         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       0C <sub>h</sub> Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       PO	Name	9th Object To Be Mapped
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Allowed values       Preset value       24000420h         Subindex       OAh         Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       OBh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Z4000520h       Subindex         OBh       Name         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       OCh         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Notite	Access	read / write
Preset value       24000420h         Subindex       0Ah         Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       0Bh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       0Bh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Access       read / write	PDO mapping	no
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Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       OBh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       OBh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       OCh         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write	Preset value	24000420 <sub>h</sub>
Name       10th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       OBh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       OBh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       OCh         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write		
Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520h         Subindex       0Bh         Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write         PDO mapping       no	Subindex	OA <sub>h</sub>
Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       OB <sub>h</sub> Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       OC <sub>h</sub> Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         24000620 <sub>h</sub> UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write	Name	10th Object To Be Mapped
PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       0B <sub>h</sub> Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       0C <sub>h</sub> Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         24000620 <sub>h</sub> Image: Comparison of the mapped         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Alcowed values       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       read / write	Data type	UNSIGNED32
Allowed values         Preset value       24000520 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       0B <sub>h</sub> Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       OC <sub>h</sub> Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         24000620 <sub>h</sub> Ch	Access	read / write
Preset value     24000520h       Subindex     0Bh       Name     11th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       24000620h     Image: State of the st		no
Subindex       0B <sub>h</sub> Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         24000620 <sub>h</sub> Subindex         OC <sub>h</sub> Name         12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no	Allowed values	
Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       24000620h         Verset value       24000620h         Subindex       OCh         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Image: Note that the second se	Preset value	24000520 <sub>h</sub>
Name       11th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       24000620h         Verset value       24000620h         Subindex       OCh         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Image: Note that the second se		
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Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       24000620h         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       No	Name	
PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       OCh         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Vertex		
Allowed values       24000620h         Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Vertice		read / write
Preset value       24000620h         Subindex       0Ch         Name       12th Object To Be Mapped         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Vertice		no
Subindex     0Ch       Name     12th Object To Be Mapped       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     V		
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Name12th Object To Be MappedData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values		
Data typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values	Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values	Name	12th Object To Be Mapped
PDO mapping no Allowed values	Data type	UNSIGNED32
Allowed values	Access	read / write
	PDO mapping	no
Preset value 24000720h		
	Preset value	24000720 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	0D <sub>h</sub>
Name	13th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000820 <sub>h</sub>
ו ובשבו אמועב	
Subindex	0E <sub>h</sub>
Name	14th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000920 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0F <sub>h</sub>
Name	15th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Dreast victors	24000A20 <sub>h</sub>
Preset value	2πυυυπ2υh
Preset value	
Subindex	10 <sub>h</sub>
	10 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	
Subindex	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped
Subindex Name Data type Access	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Subindex Name Data type	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 24000B20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub> 16th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 24000B20 <sub>h</sub> 11 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000C20h         12h
Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	10h         16th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h         11h         17th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         24000B20h



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000D20 <sub>h</sub>
	210000200
Subindex	13 <sub>h</sub>
Name	19th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000E20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	14 <sub>h</sub>
Name	20th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000F20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	15 <sub>h</sub>
Name	21th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	16 <sub>h</sub>
Name	22th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001120 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	17 <sub>h</sub>
Name	23th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	24001220 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	18 <sub>h</sub>
Name	24th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001320 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	19 <sub>h</sub>
Name	25th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001420 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1A <sub>b</sub>
Name	26th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001520 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1B <sub>h</sub>
Name	27th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001620 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1C <sub>h</sub>
Name	28th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001720 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1D <sub>h</sub>



Name	29th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001820 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1E <sub>h</sub>
Name	30th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001920 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1F <sub>h</sub>
Name	31th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001A20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	32th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001B20 <sub>h</sub>

## 3601h EtherNetIP Tx PDO Mapping

#### Function

G

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

Note

To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex  $0_h$  to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex  $0_h$ .



# **Object description**

Index	3601 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	EtherNetIP Tx PDO Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	22920110 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	603F0010 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	22920220 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60640020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	606C0020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60FD0020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60770010 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	32200110 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>
Name	9th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60F40020 <sub>h</sub>
<u></u>	
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	10th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000120 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0Bh
Name	11th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
i bo mapping	10
Allowed values	
Allowed values	25000220.
Allowed values Preset value	25000220 <sub>h</sub>
Preset value	
Preset value Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub>
Preset value Subindex Name	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped
Preset value Subindex Name Data type	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25000320 <sub>h</sub>
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	0C <sub>h</sub> 12th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25000320 <sub>h</sub>
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	0Ch         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         0Dh         13th Object To Be Mapped
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	0Ch         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	0Ch         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         0Dh         13th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	0Ch         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         0Dh         13th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no
Preset value          Subindex         Name         Data type         Access         PDO mapping         Allowed values         Preset value         Subindex         Name         Data type         Access         PDO mapping	0Ch         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         0Dh         13th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	OCh         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         ODh         13th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000420h
Preset value          Subindex         Name         Data type         Access         PDO mapping         Allowed values         Preset value         Subindex         Name         Data type         Access         PDO mapping         Allowed values         Preset value         Subindex         Name         Data type         Access         PDO mapping         Allowed values         Preset value         Subindex         Subindex	0Ch         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         0Dh         13th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000420h         0Eh
Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	OCh         12th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000320h         ODh         13th Object To Be Mapped         UNSIGNED32         read / write         no         25000420h



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	10
Preset value	25000520 <sub>h</sub>
	20000320h
Subindex	0F <sub>h</sub>
Name	15th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000620 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	16th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000720 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	11 <sub>h</sub>
Name	17th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000820 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	12 <sub>h</sub>
Name	18th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000920 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	13 <sub>h</sub>
Name	19th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	25000A20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	14 <sub>h</sub>
Name	20th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000B20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	15 <sub>h</sub>
Name	21th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000C20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	16 <sub>h</sub>
Name	22th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000D20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	17 <sub>h</sub>
Name	23th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000E20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	18 <sub>h</sub>
Name	24th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
	no
PDO mapping	
PDO mapping Allowed values	
	25000F20 <sub>h</sub>
Allowed values	25000F20 <sub>h</sub>

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Name	Off Object To De Menned
	25th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	read / write
PDO mapping Allowed values	no
Preset value	25001020
Flesel value	25001020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1A <sub>h</sub>
Name	26th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001120 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1B <sub>h</sub>
Name	27th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001220 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1C <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	1C <sub>h</sub> 28th Object To Be Mapped
Name	
	28th Object To Be Mapped
Name Data type	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub> 29th Object To Be Mapped
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub> 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub> 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub> 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320h 1Dh 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub> 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001420 <sub>h</sub>
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320h 1Dh 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001420h 1Eh
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320 <sub>h</sub> 1D <sub>h</sub> 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001420 <sub>h</sub> 1E <sub>h</sub> 30th Object To Be Mapped
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	28th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001320h 1Dh 29th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 read / write no 25001420h 1Eh



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001520 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	1F <sub>h</sub>
Name	31th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001620 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	32th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001720 <sub>h</sub>

## **3700h Deviation Error Option Code**

#### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following or slippage error is triggered.

## **Object description**

Index	3700 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Deviation Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Following Error Option Code" to "Deviation Error Option Code".

## Description

Value		Description	
-327681	Reserved		



Value	Description
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u>
3 32767	Reserved

## 3701h Limit Switch Error Option Code

#### **Function**

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 (*Warning*) is set in  $\underline{6041}_h$  (*statusword*) and the action that is stored in this object executed.

### **Object description**

Index	3701 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Limit Switch Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

#### Description

	Value in object 3701 <sub>h</sub>	Description
-1		No reaction (e.g., to execute a homing operation)
1		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.



#### Note

The quick-stop bit (bit 2) in  $6040_h$  is not automatically set to "0" when the state changes to *Quick stop active*.

▶ If you want to change the <u>state machine</u> back to the Operation enabled state, you must set the bit to "0" and then to "1" again.

#### **4012h HW Information**

#### Function

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

This object contains information about the hardware.

#### **Object description**

Index	4012 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	HW Information
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	EEPROM Size In Bytes
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value "0" means that no EEPROM is connected.

## 4013h HW Configuration

#### **Function**

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

#### **Object description**

Index	4013 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	HW Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

### Value description

00 <sub>h</sub>
Highest Sub-index Supported
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
01 <sub>h</sub>
01 <sub>h</sub>
HW Configuration #1
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no

### Description

reserved



# 4014h Operating Conditions

## Function

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

# **Object description**

Index	4014 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Operating Conditions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 6.

Subindex	$OO_{1}$
Name	00 <sub>h</sub> Highest Sub index Supported
	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Voltage UB Power [mV]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	02 <sub>b</sub>
Name	Voltage UB Logic [mV]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Temperature Motor [Celsius * 10]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Temperature Microcontroller Chip [Celsius * 10]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices contain:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Current logic voltage in [mV]
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Current temperature of the control board in [d°C] (tenths of degree)
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Reserves
- 05<sub>h</sub>: Reserves

## 4021h Ballast Configuration

### Function

With this object, you switch the ballast circuit on or off and determine its response threshold.



# **Object description**

Index	4021 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Ballast Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Settings [Bit0: On/Off]					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	UB Power Limit [mV]					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	■ N5-1-3: 00012396 <sub>b</sub>					
	■ N5-2-3: 0000C596 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	UB Power Hysteresis [mV]					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read / write					



PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>	

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>:
  - $\square$  Bit 0: Switches the ballast on (value = "1") or off (value = "0")
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Response threshold (switch on/off) of the ballast circuit
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Hysteresis for the response threshold (switch on/off)

# 4040h Drive Serial Number

### **Function**

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

### **Object description**

Index	4040 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Drive Serial Number
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	

# 4041h Device Id

### **Function**

This object contains the ID of the device.

Index	4041 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Device Id
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	OCTET_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0



Firmware version FIR-v1540 Change history

### 4042h Bootloader Infos

# **Object description**

Index4042hObject nameBootloader InfosObject CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset valueFIR-v2013-B726332Change history-		
Object CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset valueFIR-v2013-B726332	Index	4042 <sub>h</sub>
Data typeUNSIGNED32Data typeuNSIGNED32SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset value-Firmware versionFIR-v2013-B726332	Object name	Bootloader Infos
SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values	Object Code	ARRAY
Accessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values-Preset value-Firmware versionFIR-v2013-B726332	Data type	UNSIGNED32
PDO mappingnoAllowed valuesPreset valueFirmware versionFIR-v2013-B726332	Savable	no
Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332	Access	read only
Preset value Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332	PDO mapping	no
Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332	Allowed values	
	Preset value	
Change history	Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
	Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Bootloader Version					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>					
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>					
Name	Bootloader Supported Fieldbus					
Data type	UNSIGNED32					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	0000000h					



Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Bootloader Hw-group
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Version of the boot loader. The 4 most significant bytes contain the main version number; the 4 least significant bytes contain the minor version number. Example for version 4.2: 00040002<sub>h</sub>
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Fieldbuses supported by the boot loader. The bits have the same function as the bits of object <u>2101h</u> <u>Fieldbus Module Availability</u>.

# 603Fh Error Code

### **Function**

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.

It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object  $1003_h$ . For the description of the error codes, refer to object  $1003_h$ .

#### **Object description**

Index	603F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

For the meaning of the error, see object  $1003_h$  (Pre-defined Error Field).

# 6040h Controlword

#### Function

This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.



### **Object description**

Index	6040 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Controlword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						OMS	HALT	FR		OMS [3]		EO	QS	EV	SO

#### SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

#### EV (Enable Voltage)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

#### QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

#### EO (Enable Operation)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state

#### **OMS (Operation Mode Specific)**

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

#### FR (Fault Reset)

Resets an error (if possible)

#### HALT

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode



# 6041h Statusword

#### **Function**

This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

#### **Object description**

Index	6041 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Statusword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode. Refer to the corresponding section in chapter <u>Operating modes</u>.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CLA		OMS	S [2]	ILA	TARG	REM	SYNC	WARN	SOD	QS	VE	FAULT	OE	SO	RTSO

#### RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

#### SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

#### **OE (Operation Enabled)**

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state

#### FAULT

Error occurred (see  $1003_h$ )

#### **VE (Voltage Enabled)**

Voltage applied

#### QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

#### SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

#### WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning



#### SYNC (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = "0": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

#### **REM (Remote)**

Remote (value of the bit is always "1")

#### TARG

Target reached

#### ILA (Internal Limit Active)

Limit exceeded

#### **OMS (Operation Mode Specific)**

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

#### CLA (Closed Loop Active)

Value = "1": The controller is in the *Operation enabled* state and the <u>Closed Loop</u> is activated.

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

# 6042h VI Target Velocity

### **Function**

Specifies the target speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for <u>Velocity</u> mode.

Index	6042 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00C8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# 6043h VI Velocity Demand

### **Function**

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the controller in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

### **Object description**

Index	6043 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

### **Function**

Specifies the current actual speed in <u>user-defined units</u> in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

# **Object description**

Index	6044 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

# **Function**

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.



# **Object description**

Index	6046 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Min Max Amount
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	MinAmount
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	MaxAmount
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00007530 <sub>h</sub>

# Description

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.

Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.

If the value of the target speed (object  $\underline{6042}_h$ ) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in  $\underline{6041h}$  Statusword<sub>h</sub> is set.

A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statusword<sub>h</sub> is set.



# 6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

### **Function**

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see <u>Velocity</u>).

# **Object description**

Index	6048 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Acceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Value description

Subindex       00h         Name       Highest Sub-index Supported         Data type       UNSIGNED8         Access       read only         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       02h         Subindex       01h         Name       DeltaSpeed         Data type       UNSIGNED32
Data type     UNSIGNED8       Access     read only       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     02h       Preset value     02h       Subindex     01h       Name     DeltaSpeed
Access     read only       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Preset value     02h       Subindex     01h       Name     DeltaSpeed
PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     02h       Preset value     02h       Subindex     01h       Name     DeltaSpeed
Allowed values Preset value 02h  Subindex 01h DeltaSpeed
Preset value     02h       Subindex     01h       Name     DeltaSpeed
Subindex     01 <sub>h</sub> Name     DeltaSpeed
Name DeltaSpeed
Name DeltaSpeed
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO
Allowed values
Preset value 000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex 02 <sub>h</sub>
Name DeltaTime
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO
Allowed values
Preset value 0001 <sub>h</sub>

# Description

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.



Subindex  $01_h$ : Contains the change in speed. Subindex  $02_h$ : Contains the change in time.

# 6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

### **Function**

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

# **Object description**

Index	6049 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Deceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00
	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>



The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex  $02_h$ : Contains the change in time.

# 604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

# **Function**

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in velocity mode.

# **Object description**

Index	604A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Quick Stop
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

0001<sub>h</sub>

# Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex  $02_h$ : Contains the change in time.

# 604Ch VI Dimension Factor

### Function

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with velocity mode.

# **Object description**

Index	604C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Dimension Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	VI Dimension Factor Numerator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	VI Dimension Factor Denominator
Data type	INTEGER32



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the denominator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

# 605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

# **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the *Quick Stop active* state.

# **Object description**

Index	605A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Quick Stop Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

	Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
0		Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
1		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 <sub>h</sub> ) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.



# 605Bh Shutdown Option Code

# Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Ready to switch on* state.

### **Object description**

Index	605B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Shutdown Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### **Description**

Value in object 605B <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2 32767	Reserved

# 605Ch Disable Option Code

### **Function**

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Switched on* state.

Index	605C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Disable Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

# Description

Value in object 605C <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2 32767	Reserved

# 605Dh Halt Option Code

#### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword 6040h.

### **Object description**

Index	605D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Halt Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u>
3 32767	Reserved

# 605Eh Fault Option Code

### **Function**

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.



# **Object description**

Index	605E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fault Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

Value in object 605E <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> ( <u>6085<sub>h</sub>)</u>
3 32767	Reserved

# 6060h Modes Of Operation

# **Function**

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.

Index	6060 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Modes Of Operation
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



Mode	Description
-2	Auto setup
-1	Clock-direction mode
0	No mode change/no mode assigned
1	Profile Position Mode
2	Velocity Mode
3	Profile Velocity Mode
4	Profile Torque Mode
5	Reserved
6	Homing Mode

# 6061h Modes Of Operation Display

# Function

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

# **Object description**

Index	6061 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Modes Of Operation Display
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6062h Position Demand Value

### Function

Indicates the current demand position in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Index	6062 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Demand Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO



Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6063h Position Actual Internal Value

### Function

Contains the current rotary encoder position in increments. Unlike objects  $\underline{6062}_h$  and  $\underline{6064}_h$ , this value is not set to "0" following a <u>Homing</u> operation.



If the encoder resolution in object  $608F_{h}$  = zero, the numerical values of this object are invalid.

Note

# **Object description**

Index	6063 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Actual Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6064h Position Actual Value

#### **Function**

Contains the current actual position in user-defined units.

Index	6064 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

# 6065h Following Error Window

### **Function**

Defines the maximum allowed following error in user-defined units symmetrically to the demand position.

### **Object description**

Index	6065 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000100 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $\underline{6066}_h$ .

If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, following error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object  $\underline{3700}_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $\underline{1003}_h$ .

# 6066h Following Error Time Out

#### **Function**

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

Index	6066 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object  $6065_h$  is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object  $\underline{3700}_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $\underline{1003}_h$ .

### 6067h Position Window

#### Function

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u>.

#### **Object description**

Index	6067 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000A <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $\underline{6066}_h$ .

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, monitoring is switched off.

#### 6068h Position Window Time

#### **Function**

The current position must be within the "Position Window"  $(\underline{6067}_h)$  for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> modes.

Index	6068 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Window Time
Object Code	VARIABLE



Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object  $\frac{6067}{h}$ , bit 10 in object  $\frac{6041}{h}$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $\frac{6066}{h}$ .

# 606Bh Velocity Demand Value

#### **Function**

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the velocity controller.

# **Object description**

Index	606B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Demand Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.

# 606Ch Velocity Actual Value

#### Function

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index Object name 606C<sub>h</sub> Velocity Actual Value



Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 606Dh Velocity Window

#### **Function**

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.

### **Object description**

Index	606D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	001E <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $\underline{606E}_h$  (see also <u>statusword in</u> <u>Profile Velocity Mode</u>).

# 606Eh Velocity Window Time

### **Function**

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" ( $\underline{606D}_h$ ) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

#### **Object description**

Index	
Object name	
Object Code	

606E<sub>h</sub> Velocity Window Time VARIABLE



Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object  $\underline{606D}_h$ , bit 10 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 606E (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

# **606Fh Velocity Threshold**

#### **Function**

Speed in <u>user-defined units</u> above which the actual speed in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode is considered to be nonzero.

#### **Object description**

Index	606F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Threshold
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	

# Description

If the actual speed is greater than the value in  $\underline{606F}_h$ (Velocity Threshold) for a time of  $\underline{6070}_h$ (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in  $\underline{6041}_h$ (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

# 6070h Velocity Threshold Time

### **Function**

Time in milliseconds above which an actual speed greater than the value in  $\underline{606F}_h$  in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode is considered to be nonzero.



### **Object description**

Index	6070 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Threshold Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>b</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	

# Description

If the actual speed is greater than the value in  $\underline{606F}_h$ (Velocity Threshold) for a time of  $\underline{6070}_h$ (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in  $\underline{6041}_h$ (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

# 6071h Target Torque

#### **Function**

This object contains the target torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

#### **Object description**

Index	6071 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Target Torque
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).



# 6072h Max Torque

### **Function**

The object describes the maximum torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

### **Object description**

Index	6072 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Torque
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_h$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_{h}$  and  $\underline{6072}_{h}$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_{h}$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).

# 6073h Max Current

# **Function**

Contains the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current entered in  $\underline{320E}_h:OA_h$ . Is limited by the maximum motor current ( $\underline{2031}_h$ ). See also <u>12t Motor overload protection</u>.



For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. The value of  $6073_h$  should therefore not exceed the value 1000 (100%).

Note

Index	6073 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Current
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value	03E8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	

The maximum current is calculated in tenths of a percent of the rated current as follows:

(6073h\*203Bh:01)/1000

The maximum current determines:

- the maximum current for the <u>I2t Motor overload protection</u>
- the rated current in open loop mode

i

Note

The maximum current also affects the control behavior in *closed loop* mode (see <u>Controller structure</u>). If you change the maximum current, you must also proportionally adjust the value of  $320E_h$ :09<sub>h</sub>.

# 6074h Torque Demand

### **Function**

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

#### **Object description**

Index	6074 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).



# 6075h Motor Rated Current

# Function

Contains the rated current entered in  $\underline{203B}_h:01_h$  in mA.

# 6077h Torque Actual Value

### Function

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

### **Object description**

Index	6077 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

# Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).

# 607Ah Target Position

#### **Function**

This object specifies the target position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous</u> <u>Position</u> modes.

Index	607A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Target Position
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value	00000FA0 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# 607Bh Position Range Limit

# Function

Contains the minimum and maximum position in <u>user-defined units</u>.

# **Object description**

Index	607B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Range Limit
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Min Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

0000000<sub>h</sub>

# Description

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object  $\underline{607D}_h$  ("Software Position Limit").

# 607Ch Home Offset

#### **Function**

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>.

### **Object description**

Index	607C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Home Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# **607Dh Software Position Limit**

#### **Function**

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index	607D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Software Position Limit
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Min Position Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Position Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

The absolute target position must lie within the limits set here. The Home Offset  $(\underline{607C}_h)$  is not taken into account.

# **607Eh Polarity**

# **Function**

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

Index	607E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Polarity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".



The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is "0", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
POS	VEL							

### **VEL (Velocity)**

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Velocity Mode
- <u>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode</u>

#### **POS (Position)**

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Position Mode
- <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode</u>



#### Tip

You can force an inversion of the rotary field that affects all operating modes. See object <u>3212<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub></u>.

# 607Fh Max Profile Velocity

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for which the Mod i <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Interpolated Position</u> <u>Mode</u> (only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated) and <u>Profile Velocity</u>.

Index	607F <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Max Profile Velocity	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Savable	yes, category: application	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00007530 <sub>h</sub>	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540	
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Max profile velocity" to "Max Profile Velocity".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".	



Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "TX-PDO" to "RX-PDO".

# 6080h Max Motor Speed

### **Function**

Contains the maximum permissible speed of the motor in <u>user-defined units</u> entered in  $\underline{320E}_h:05_h$ .

**Note** The maximum speed also affects the control behavior in *closed loop* mode (see <u>Controller structure</u>). If you change the maximum speed, you must also proportionally adjust the value of <u>320E<sub>h</sub></u>:04<sub>h</sub>

### **Object description**

Index	6080 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Motor Speed
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00007530 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Maximum Speed" to "Max Motor Speed".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: movement".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: movement" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: movement".

# 6081h Profile Velocity

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum travel speed in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index



Object name	Profile Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6082h End Velocity

# **Function**

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in user-defined units.

# **Object description**

Index	6082 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	End Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6083h Profile Acceleration

### **Function**

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

Index	6083 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Profile Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>



Firmware version Change history FIR-v1426

# **6084h Profile Deceleration**

### **Function**

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units. Is limited by 60C6h.

### **Object description**

Index	6084 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Profile Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in <u>user-defined units</u>. Depending on the operating mode, is limited by  $\underline{60C6}_h$  (Max Deceleration) and, if applicable,  $\underline{60A4}_h$  (Profile Jerk).

# **Object description**

Index	6085 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Quick Stop Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6086h Motion Profile Type

### Function

Specifies the ramp type for the Profile Position and Profile Velocity modes.



# **Object description**

Index	6086 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motion Profile Type
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk

# 6087h Torque Slope

### **Function**

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

# **Object description**

Index	6087 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Slope
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{h}$ :01.

The minimum of  $\underline{6073}_h$  and  $\underline{6072}_h$  is used as limit for the torque in  $\underline{6071}_h$ .

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).



# 608Fh Position Encoder Resolution

### Function

Contains the physical resolution (see objects  $\underline{60E6}_h/\underline{60EB}_h$ ) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see  $\underline{3203h}$  Feedback Selection).

### **Object description**

Index	608F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Encoder Resolution
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Encoder Increments
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000007D0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments  $(\underline{608F}_h:01_h)$  / Motor Revolutions  $(\underline{608F}_h:02_h)$ 

## 6090h Velocity Encoder Resolution

### **Function**

Contains the physical resolution (see objects  $\underline{60E6}_h/\underline{60EB}_h$ ) of the encoder/sensor that is used for speed control (see  $\underline{3203h}$  Feedback Selection).

Index	6090 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Velocity Encoder Resolution	
Object Code	ARRAY	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Savable	yes, category: tuning	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value		
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312	
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".	



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Encoder Increments Per Second	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Motor Revolutions Per Second	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	

## Description

Velocity Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments per second  $(6090_h:01_h)$  / Motor Revolutions per second  $(6090_h:02_h)$ 

## 6091h Gear Ratio

## **Function**

Contains the gear ratio (number of motor revolutions per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see <u>3203h Feedback Selection</u>).

Index	6091 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Gear Ratio
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".



Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shaft Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Gear Ratio = Motor Revolutions  $(\underline{6091}_h:01_h)$  / Shaft Revolutions  $(\underline{6091}_h:02_h)$ 

#### **6092h Feed Constant**

#### **Function**

Contains the feed constant (feed in <u>user-defined units</u> per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/ sensor that is used for position control (see <u>3203h Feedback Selection</u>).

Index	6092 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feed Constant
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application



Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Feed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shaft Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Feed Constant = Feed  $(\underline{6092}_h:01_h)$  / Shaft Revolutions  $(\underline{6092}_h:02_h)$ 

## 6096h Velocity Factor

#### **Function**

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined speed units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

6096 <sub>h</sub>
Velocity Factor
ARRAY
UNSIGNED32
yes, category: application



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Numerator of the factor
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Denominator of the factor

## 6097h Acceleration Factor

## **Function**

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.



## **Object description**

Index	6097 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Acceleration Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Numerator of the factor
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Denominator of the factor



# 6098h Homing Method

## **Function**

This object defines the <u>Homing method</u> in <u>Homing</u> mode.

## **Object description**

Index	6098 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Method
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	23 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6099h Homing Speed

### Function

Specifies the speeds for homing mode  $(\underline{6098}_{h})$  in <u>user-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	6099 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Speed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex

01<sub>h</sub>



Data typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values00000032hPreset value00000032hSubindex02hNameSpeed During Search For ZeroData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values000000AhPreset value000000Ah	Name	Speed During Search For Switch
PDO mapping Allowed valuesRX-PDOPreset value00000032hSubindex02hNameSpeed During Search For ZeroData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesV	Data type	UNSIGNED32
Allowed values       00000032h         Preset value       00000032h         Subindex       02h         Name       Speed During Search For Zero         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       RX-PDO         Allowed values       Karana Search Sea	Access	read / write
Preset value     00000032h       Subindex     02h       Name     Speed During Search For Zero       Data type     UNSIGNED32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     RX-PDO       Allowed values     Karter Search S	PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Subindex02hNameSpeed During Search For ZeroData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values	Allowed values	
NameSpeed During Search For ZeroData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesValues	Preset value	0000032 <sub>h</sub>
NameSpeed During Search For ZeroData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesValues		
Data typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values		
Accessread / writePDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values	Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values		
Allowed values	Name	Speed During Search For Zero
	Name Data type	Speed During Search For Zero UNSIGNED32
Preset value 000000A <sub>h</sub>	Name Data type Access	Speed During Search For Zero UNSIGNED32 read / write
	Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Speed During Search For Zero UNSIGNED32 read / write

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.

The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.



- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked. The speed in subindex 2 should therefore be less than 1000 steps per second.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2.

## 609Ah Homing Acceleration

#### **Function**

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Specifies the acceleration ramp for homing mode in user-defined units.

Index	609A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.

## 60A2h Jerk Factor

## **Function**

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined jerk units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	60A2 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Jerk Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Numerator of the factor
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Denominator of the factor

## 60A4h Profile Jerk

### **Function**

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk can be entered in this object. An entry with the value "0" means that the jerk is not limited.

## **Object description**

Index	60A4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Profile Jerk
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Begin Acceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Begin Deceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	End Acceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	End Deceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>

- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> (Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> (*Begin Deceleration Jerk*): Initial jerk during braking
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub> (*End Acceleration Jerk*): Final jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub> ( End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking

## 60A8h SI Unit Position

#### **Function**

This object contains the position unit. See chapter User-defined units.

Index	60A8 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	SI Unit Position
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	FF410000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Object 60A8<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		re	served	l (00h)						reser	ved (0	0h)			

# 60A9h SI Unit Velocity

## **Function**

This object contains the speed unit. See chapter User-defined units.

## **Object description**

Index	60A9 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	SI Unit Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00B44700 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Description

Object 60A9<sub>h</sub> contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Facto	r						N	omina	tor (Po	sition)		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		De	enomin	nator ( <sup>-</sup>	Time)					r	eserve	d (00h	)		



## 60B0h Position Offset

## Function

Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	60B0 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B505321
Change history	

# 60B1h Velocity Offset

#### **Function**

Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>.

## **Object description**

Index	60B1 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B505321
Change history	

## 60B2h Torque Offset

#### **Function**

Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent.

## **Object description**

Index



Object name	Torque Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B505321
Change history	

# 60C1h Interpolation Data Record

### **Function**

This object contains the demand position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the interpolation algorithm for the <u>interpolated position</u> operating mode.

## **Object description**

Index	60C1 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Data Record
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Set-point
Data type	INTEGER32



read / write	
RX-PDO	
00000000 <sub>h</sub>	
	RX-PDO

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.

# 60C2h Interpolation Time Period

### **Function**

This object contains the interpolation time.

## **Object description**

Index	60C2 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Time Period
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	INTERPOLATION_TIME_PERIOD
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# Value description

00 <sub>h</sub>
Highest Sub-index Supported
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
02 <sub>h</sub>
01 <sub>h</sub>
Interpolation Time Period Value
UNSIGNED8
read / write
no
01 <sub>h</sub>
-



Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Interpolation Time Index
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FD <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation time.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).

The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $60C2_h:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02}$  seconds.

# 60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration

### **Function**

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer.

It is also used to store the position of other data points.

Index	60C4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Data Configuration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	MaximumBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	ActualBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferOrganization
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferPosition
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name	SizeOfDataRecord
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	write only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferClear
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	write only
PDO mapping	no
· • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Allowed values	

The value of subindex 01<sub>h</sub> contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.

The value of subindex 02<sub>h</sub> contains the current number of interpolated records.

If subindex  $03_h$  is " $00_h$ ", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is " $01_h$ ", it specifies a ring buffer organization.

The value of subindex 04<sub>h</sub> is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.

The value of subindex 05<sub>h</sub> is specified in units of "byte".

If the value  $"00_h"$  is written in subindex  $06_h$ , it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records.

If the value  $"01_h"$  is written in subindex  $06_h$ , it activates access to the input buffer.

## 60C5h Max Acceleration

#### **Function**

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Profile Velocity</u> modes.

Index	60C5 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



# 60C6h Max Deceleration

## **Function**

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Profile Velocity</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> operating modes.

### **Object description**

Index	60C6 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 60E4h Additional Position Actual Value

#### **Function**

Contains the current actual position of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	60E4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Position Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported



Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Position Actual Value #1 - #3
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains the current actual position of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

## 60E5h Additional Velocity Actual Value

#### **Function**

Contains the current actual speed of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

Index	60E5 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".



Cubindov	00
Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindey	01 03.
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub> Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #3
Name	Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #3
Name Data type	Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #3 INTEGER32
Name Data type Access	Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #3 INTEGER32 read only

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- ∎ n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains the current actual speed of the corresponding feedback. Subindex  $01_h$  always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

# 60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

## Function

With this object and with  $\underline{60EB}_{h}$ , the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Index	60E6 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
	Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	INTEGER32
Data type Access	INTEGER32 read / write
Access	read / write
Access PDO mapping	read / write

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- ∎ n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains the number of increments of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments  $(60E6_h:01_h)$  / Motor Revolutions  $(60EB_h:02_h)$ 



The value "0" in a subindex means that the respective feedback is not connected and is not used. Thus, it is possible, for example, to switch off the sensorless function to save computing time.

Tip

This can be helpful if a *NanoJ* program needs the computing time.

## 60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

#### **Function**

In this object and in <u>60ED<sub>h</sub></u>, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Index	60E8 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Mana	
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Name Data type	
	- #3
Data type	- #3 UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	- #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write
Data type Access PDO mapping	- #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_h$ : Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the number of motor revolutions for the corresponding feedback.
   Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions ( $60E8_h:n_h$ ) / Driving Shaft Revolutions ( $\underline{60ED}_h:n_h$ )

## 60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed

#### Function

In this object and in  $\underline{60EE}_h$ , you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

#### **Object description**

Index Object name 60E9<sub>h</sub> Additional Feed Constant - Feed



Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub> Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Subindex Name Data type	
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Name Data type	Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_h$ : Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the feed in <u>user-defined units</u> for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed  $(60E9_h:n_h)$  / Driving Shaft Revolutions  $(60EE_h:n_h)$ 

## **60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions**

#### **Function**

With this object and with  $\underline{60E6}_{h}$ , the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

#### **Object description**

Index



Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>b</sub>

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00<sub>h</sub>: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>:

Subindex n contains the number of motor revolutions of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Motor Revolutions (60EB<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)

# 60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions

#### Function

In this object and in  $\underline{60E8}_{h}$ , you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.



## **Object description**

Index60EDhObject nameAdditional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft RevolutionsObject CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesFireset valueFirmware versionFIR-v1738-B501312Change historySavable State St		
Object CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values	Index	60ED <sub>h</sub>
Data typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed values	Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Savableyes, category: applicationAccessread onlyPDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesPreset valueFirmware versionFIR-v1738-B501312	Object Code	ARRAY
Accessread onlyPDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesPreset valueFirmware versionFIR-v1738-B501312	Data type	UNSIGNED32
PDO mappingRX-PDOAllowed valuesPreset valueFirmware versionFIR-v1738-B501312	Savable	yes, category: application
Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312	Access	read only
Preset valueFirmware versionFIR-v1738-B501312	PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312	Allowed values	
	Preset value	
Change history	Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
	Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface
	#1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_h$ : Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED<sub>h</sub>:n<sub>h</sub>)



# 60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions

## Function

In this object and in  $\underline{60E9}_{h}$ , you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

#### **Object description**

Index	60EE <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex Name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback
	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Name Data type	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write
Name Data type Access PDO mapping	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write

## Description

The subindices have the following function:

- $00_h$ : Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n<sub>h</sub>: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:



Feed Constant = Feed  $(60E9_h:n_h)$  / Driving Shaft Revolutions  $(60EE_h:n_h)$ 

## 60F2h Positioning Option Code

### **Function**

The object describes the positioning behavior in Profile Position mode.

### **Object description**

Index	60F2 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Positioning Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1446
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## Description

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MS	RES	SERVED	0 [3]		IP OPT	ION [4]		RAD	O [2]	RRO	D [2]	CIC	0 [2]	REL. C	OPT. [2]

#### **REL. OPT. (Relative Option)**

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "profile position" mode if bit 6 of controlword  $\underline{6040}_{h} = "1"$  is set.

Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target position)
0	1	Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) of the ramp generator.
1	0	Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object $6064_{h}$ ).
1	1	Reserved

#### **RRO (Request-Response Option)**

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword  $\underline{6040}_h$  bit 4 ("new setpoint") – in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to "0"



afterwards. After the bit is set to the value "0" by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword  $\frac{6041}{h}$ .



Note

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword 6040h.

Bit 5	Bit 4	Definition
0	0	The functionality is as described under Setting travel commands.
0	1	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current targeted movement has reached its target.
1	0	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for the controller.
1	1	Reserved

#### **RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)**

These bits determine the direction of rotation in "profile position" mode.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Definition
0	0	Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range Limits" $- \frac{607B_h}{101_h}$ and $02_h -$ is reached or exceeded, the preset is automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible.
0	1	Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min Position Range Limit" from object <u>607D</u> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> .
1	0	Positioning only in positive direction: If the target position is less than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Max Position Range Limit" from object <u>607D</u> h:01h.
1	1	Positioning with the shortest distance to the target position. If the difference between the current position and the target position in a 360° system is less than 180°, the axis moves in the positive direction.

# 60F4h Following Error Actual Value

#### **Function**

This object contains the current following error in user-defined units.

Index	60F4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no



Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 60F8h Max Slippage

## **Function**

Defines the maximum allowed slippage error in <u>user-defined units</u> symmetrically to the <u>set speed</u> in <u>Profile</u> <u>Velocity</u> mode.

### **Object description**

Index	60F8 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Slippage
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000190 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $\underline{6041}_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $\underline{203F}_h$ .

If the value of 60F8<sub>h</sub> is set to "7FFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, slippage error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object  $3700_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $1003_h$ .

# 60FAh Control Effort

## **Function**

This object contains the correction speed (control variable) in <u>user-defined units</u> that is fed to the velocity controller by the position controller.

Index	60FA <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Control Effort
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no



Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

The position controller calculates a correction speed (in <u>user-defined units</u>) from the difference between the current position and the demand position which is then passed on to the velocity controller. This correction value is dependent on the proportional component and integral component of the position controller. See also chapter <u>Closed Loop</u>.



## **60FCh Position Demand Internal Value**

#### **Function**

Indicates the current preset value for the position controller in increments of the sensor selected for the position (see <u>Controller structure</u>).

#### **Object description**

Index	60FC <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Demand Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

## **60FDh Digital Inputs**

### **Function**

With this object, the digital inputs of the motor can be read.



### **Object description**

Index	60FD <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Inputs
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
								IN 8	IN 7	IN 6	IN 5	IN 4	IN 3	IN 2	IN 1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
												IL	HS	PLS	NLS

#### NLS (Negative Limit Switch)

Negative limit switch

#### PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

#### HS (Home Switch)

Home switch

#### IL (Interlock)

Interlock

### IN n (Input n)

Input n – the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

# **60FEh Digital Outputs**

### **Function**

With this object, the <u>digital outputs</u> of the motor can be written.

Index	60FE <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to
	"yes, category: application".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Digital Outputs #1
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

To write the outputs, the entries in object  $3250_h$ , subindex  $02_h$  to  $05_h$ , must also be taken into account.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
												OUT4	OUT3	OUT2	OUT1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
															BRK

#### **BRK (Brake)**

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function):

Value "1" means that the brake is activated (no current can flow between the two pins of the brake connection; the brake is closed).

#### OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

## **60FFh Target Velocity**

#### **Function**

In this object, the target speed for the profile velocity and cyclic synchronous velocity modes is entered in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index

 $60 \mathrm{FF}_{\mathrm{h}}$ 



Object name	Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# 6502h Supported Drive Modes

### **Function**

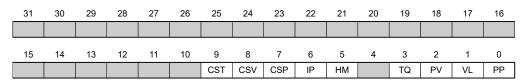
The object describes the supported operating modes in object 6060h.

### **Object description**

Index	6502 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Supported Drive Modes
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000002F <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Description

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is "0", the mode is not supported.



PP

**Profile Position Mode** 

VL

Velocity Mode



#### Ρ٧

Profile Velocity Mode

#### TQ

Torque Mode

### НМ

Homing Mode

#### IP

Interpolated Position Mode

#### CSP

Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

#### CSV

Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

#### CST

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

## 6503h Drive Catalogue Number

#### **Function**

Contains the device name as character string.

#### **Object description**

Index	6503 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Drive Catalogue Number
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

### **Function**

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.

Index	6505 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Http Drive Catalogue Address
Object Code	VARIABLE

## 10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	http://www.nanotec.de
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



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# 11.2 AES

FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation

Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine

Copyright (C) 2009 Paul Bakker <polarssl\_maintainer at polarssl dot org>

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The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.

http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf

http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

## 11.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm

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## 11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library

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## 11.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010

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## **11.8 Protothreads**

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.

This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/

Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/protothreads/

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This file is part of the IwIP TCP/IP stack.

Author: Adam Dunkels <adam@sics.se>

## 11.10 littlefs

```
/*

* The little filesystem

*

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*/
```

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