

# **Technical Manual N5**

Fieldbus: EtherCAT

## For use with the following devices:

N5-1-1, N5-2-1



Valid with firmware version FIR-v1650 and since hardware version W007

Technical Manual Version: 2.0.1



## Contents

1	Introduction	7
	1.1 Version information	7
	1.2 Copyright, marking and contact	8
	1.3 Intended use	8
	1.4 Warranty and disclaimer	9
	1.5 Specialist staff	9
	1.6 EU directives for product safety	9
	1.7 Other applicable regulations	9
	1.8 Used icons	9
	1.9 Emphasis in the text	10
	1.10 Numerical values	10
	1.11 Bits	10
	1.12 Counting direction (arrows)	10
2	2 Safety and warning notices	12
3	B Technical details and pin assignment	13
	3.1 Environmental conditions	
	3.2 Dimensioned drawings	
	3.3 Electrical properties and technical data	
	3.4 Overtemperature protection	
	3.5 LED signaling	
	3.6 Pin assignment	
4	Commissioning	
4	Commissioning	
4	4.1 Configuration via Ethernet	28
4	<ul><li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li><li>4.2 Configuration via EtherCAT</li></ul>	28 33
4	<ul><li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li><li>4.2 Configuration via EtherCAT</li><li>4.3 Setting the motor data</li></ul>	28 33 34
4	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li> <li>4.2 Configuration via EtherCAT</li> <li>4.3 Setting the motor data</li> <li>4.4 Connecting the motor</li> </ul>	28 33 34 34
4	<ul><li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li><li>4.2 Configuration via EtherCAT</li><li>4.3 Setting the motor data</li></ul>	28 33 34 34 34 35
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet.</li> <li>4.2 Configuration via EtherCAT.</li> <li>4.3 Setting the motor data.</li> <li>4.4 Connecting the motor.</li> <li>4.5 Auto setup.</li> <li>4.6 Test run.</li> </ul> <b>General concepts.</b> 5.1 Control modes. 5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine. 5.3 User-defined units. 5.4 Limitation of the range of motion.	
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	28 33 34 34 35 37 <b>37</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>39</b> <b>51</b> <b>52</b> <b><b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>60</b> <b>62</b> <b>65</b> <b>67</b></b>
5	<ul> <li>4.1 Configuration via Ethernet</li></ul>	28 33 34 34 35 37 <b>37</b> <b>39</b> 39 



	6.8 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	
	6.9 Cyclic Synchronous Torque.	
	6.10 Clock-direction mode	
	6.11 Auto setup	81
-	On a sight formation a	~~
(	Special functions	
	7.1 Digital inputs and outputs	
	7.2 Automatic brake control	
	7.3 I <sup>2</sup> t Motor overload protection	
	7.4 Saving objects	95
8	EtherCAT1	01
9	Programming with NanoJ1	
	9.1 NanoJ program	
	9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program	
	9.3 System calls in a NanoJ program	.107
_		
1	0 Description of the object dictionary1	
	10.1 Overview	
	10.2 Structure of the object description	
	10.3 Object description	
	10.4 Value description	
	10.5 Description	
	1000h Device Type	
	1001h Error Register	
	1003h Pre-defined Error Field.	
	1008h Manufacturer Device Name	
	1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version	
	100Ah Manufacturer Software Version	
	1010h Store Parameters 1011h Restore Default Parameters	
	1018h Identity Object	
	1020h Verify Configuration	
	1600h Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter	
	1601h Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter 1602h Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter	
	1603h Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter	
	1A00h Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter	
	1A01h Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter	
	1A02h Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter	
	1A03h Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter	
	1C00h Sync Manager Communication Type	
	1C12h Sync Manager PDO Assignment.	
	1C13h Sync Manager PDO Assignment	
	1C32h Output Sync Manager Synchronization	
	1C33h Input Sync Manager Synchronization	
	1F50h Program Data	
	1F51h Program Control	
	1F57h Program Status	
	2010h IP-Configuration	
	2010h Static-IPv4-Address	
	2012h Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask	
	2014h Current-IPv4-Address	
	2015h Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask	



	Pole Pair Count	
2031h	Maximum Current	161
2032h	Maximum Speed	162
2033h	Plunger Block	162
2034h	Upper Voltage Warning Level	163
2035h	Lower Voltage Warning Level	163
2036h	Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time	164
2037h	Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor	164
	Brake Controller Timing	
	Motor Currents	
203Ah	Homing On Block Configuration	169
	I2t Parameters	
	Torque Window	
	Torque Window Time	
	Encoder Alignment	
	Encoder Optimization	
	Encoder Resolution	
	Limit Switch Tolerance Band	
	Clock Direction Multiplier	
	Clock Direction Divider	
	Encoder Configuration	
	Encoder Boot Value	
	Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode	
	Compensate Polepair Count	
	Velocity Numerator	
	Velocity Denominator	
	Acceleration Numerator	
	Acceleration Denominator	
	Jerk Numerator	
	Jerk Denominator	
	Bootup Delay	
	Fieldbus Module Availability	
	Fieldbus Module Control	
	Fieldbus Module Status	
	EtherCAT Slave Status	
	NanoJ Control	
	NanoJ Status	
	NanoJ Error Code	
	Number Of Active User Program	
	Table Of Available User Programs	
	Uptime Seconds	
	NanoJ Input Data Selection	
	NanoJ Output Data Selection	
	NanoJ In/output Data Selection	
	NanoJ Inputs	
	NanoJ Init Parameters	
	NanoJ Outputs	
	NanoJ Debug Output	
	Customer Storage Area	
	Bootloader And Reboot Settings	
	Motor Drive Submode Select	
	Motor Drive Sensor Display Open Loop	
	Motor Drive Sensor Display Closed Loop	
	Motor Drive Parameter Set	
	Motor Drive Flags	
	Analog Inputs	
	Analogue Inputs Control.	
	Digital Inputs Control	
	Digital Input Routing	



	Digital Outputs Control	
3252h	Digital Output Routing	223
	Read Analogue Input	
3321h	Analogue Input Offset	226
3322h	Analogue Input Pre-scaling	227
3700h	Following Error Option Code	228
4012h	HW Information	228
4013h	HW Configuration	229
4014h	Operating Conditions	230
	Drive Serial Number	
4041h	Device Id	232
	Error Code	
	Controlword	
	Statusword	
	VI Target Velocity	
	VI Velocity Demand	
	VI Velocity Actual Value	
	VI Velocity Min Max Amount	
	VI Velocity Acceleration	
	VI Velocity Deceleration	
	VI Velocity Quick Stop	
	VI Dimension Factor	
	Quick Stop Option Code	
	Shutdown Option Code	
	Disable Option Code	
	Halt Option Code	
	Fault Option Code	
	Modes Of Operation	
	Modes Of Operation Display	
	Position Demand Value	
	Position Actual Internal Value	
	Position Actual Value	
	Following Error Window	
	Following Error Time Out	
	Position Window	
	Position Window Time	
606Bh	Velocity Demand Value	251
	Velocity Actual Value	
	Velocity Window	
	Velocity Window Time	
	Target Torque	
	Max Torque	
	Torque Demand	
	Torque Actual Value	
	Target Position	
	Position Range Limit	
	Home Offset	
	Software Position Limit	
	Polarity	
	Profile Velocity	
	End Velocity	
	Profile Acceleration	
	Profile Deceleration	
	Quick Stop Deceleration	
	Motion Profile Type	
6087h	Torque Slope	262
608Fh	Position Encoder Resolution	263
	Gear Ratio	
6092h	Feed Constant	265

6098h Homing Method	
6099h Homing Speed	
609Ah Homing Acceleration	
60A4h Profile Jerk	
60C1h Interpolation Data Record	
60C2h Interpolation Time Period	
60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration	
60C5h Max Acceleration	
60C6h Max Deceleration	
60F2h Positioning Option Code	274
60F4h Following Error Actual Value	
60FDh Digital Inputs	
60FEh Digital Outputs	277
60FFh Target Velocity	
6502h Supported Drive Modes	279
6503h IEEE 802 MAC Address	
6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address	

11 Copyrights	
11.1 Introduction	
11.2 AES	
11.3 MD5	
11.4 ulP	
11.5 DHCP	
11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library	
11.7 FatFs	
11.8 Protothreads	
11.9 lwIP	



## **1** Introduction

The *N5* is a controller for the *open loop* or *closed loop* operation of stepper motors and the *closed loop* operation of BLDC motors.

This manual describes the functions of the controller and the available operating modes. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.

You can find further information on the device on the Nanotec website us.nanotec.com.

## **1.1 Version information**

Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version
1.0.0	30.04.2014	Edition	FIR-v1417
1.0.3	12.05.2014	Minor corrections, assignment of the OD entries now correct	FIR-v1419
1.1.0	16.05.2014	Following chapters added:	FIR-v1426
		<ul> <li>Cyclic Synchronous Position</li> <li>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity</li> <li>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</li> </ul>	
1.2.0	23.07.2014	<ul> <li>Chapter "Saving objects" added, savable added to the list of objects</li> <li>The following objects were shifted: <ul> <li>"Read Analog Input": from 6402 h to 3320 h</li> <li>"Analogue Input Offset": from 6431 h to 3321 h</li> <li>"Analogue Input Pre-scaling": from 6432 h to 3322 h</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	FIR-v1426
1.2.7	10.09.2014	Error corrections	FIR-v1436
1.2.15	18.11.2014	<ul> <li>Error corrections</li> <li>The "Mode of modulo operation" object in 2070<sub>h</sub> was replaced with the "Positioning option code" object in 60F2<sub>h</sub></li> </ul>	FIR-v1446
1.2.16	26.01.2015	<ul> <li>The following objects were shifted:</li> <li>"Current-IPv4-Address": from 2018<sub>h</sub> to 2014<sub>h</sub></li> <li>"Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask": from 2019<sub>h</sub> to 2015<sub>h</sub></li> <li>"Drive Serial Number": from 2022<sub>h</sub> to 4040<sub>h</sub></li> <li>The following objects were removed:</li> <li>"AppInfo-Static-IP-Address" 2020<sub>h</sub></li> <li>"AppInfo-Static-Subnet-Mask" 2021<sub>h</sub></li> </ul>	FIR-v1450
1.3.0	11.03.2015	New chapter:  Clock-direction mode	FIR-v1504
1.3.1	24.04.2015	<ul><li>Error corrections</li><li>New chapter Input Routing</li></ul>	FIR-v1512
1.4.0	02.10.2015	<ul> <li>Error corrections</li> <li>New chapter Overtemperature protection</li> <li>New chapter Output Routing</li> <li>New section Possible combinations of travel commands</li> <li>Addition to the connection data for the connectors</li> </ul>	FIR-v1540



Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version
		<ul> <li>Addition to the switching thresholds for digital inputs</li> </ul>	
1.5.0	08.04.2016	<ul> <li>Error corrections</li> <li>New chapter Interpolated Position Mode</li> </ul>	FIR-v1614
1.5.1	22.07.2016	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1626
2.0.0	01/2018	<ul> <li>New chapter Environmental conditions</li> <li>New chapter Control modes</li> <li>New chapter Limitation of the range of motion</li> <li>New chapter Cycle times</li> <li>Revision of chapter Commissioning</li> <li>Additions and error corrections</li> </ul>	FIR-v1650
2.0.1	08/2018	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1650

## 1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

Copyright © 2013 – 2018 Nanotec® Electronic GmbH & Co. KG. All rights reserved.

CE

Nanotec<sup>®</sup> Electronic GmbH & Co. KG Kapellenstraße 6 D-85622 Feldkirchen/Munich

Phone: +49 (0)89-900 686-0 Fax: +49 (0)89-900 686-50

Internet: us.nanotec.com

Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> 98/NT/ME/2000/XP/7/10 are registered trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation. TwinCAT<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Beckhoff Automation GmbH<sup>®</sup>.

## 1.3 Intended use

The *N5 controller* is used to control stepper and BLDC motors and is designed for use under the approved **Environmental conditions**.

Any other use is considered unintended use.



Note

Changes or modification to the controller are not permitted.



## 1.4 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec produces component parts that are used in a wide range of industrial applications. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the system engineer and end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the integration of the products in the end system.

Under no circumstances may a Nanotec product be integrated as a safety controller in a product or construction. All products containing a component part manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.

Our general terms and conditions apply: en.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-and-conditions/.

## **1.5 Specialist staff**

Only specialists may install, program and commission the device:

- · Persons who have appropriate training and experience in work with motors and their control.
- Persons who are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual.
- Persons who know the applicable regulations.

## 1.6 EU directives for product safety

The following EU directives were observed:

- RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)
- EMC directive (2014/30/EU)

## 1.7 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

- · Accident-prevention regulations
- Local regulations on occupational safety

## 1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.

#### CAUTION

- The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation.
- Failure to observe the notice may result in moderately severe injuries.
  - Describes how you can avoid the danger.

#### Note

- Indicates an error source or likelihood of confusion.
  - Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other devices.
  - Describes how device damage can be avoided.
- -``@`-

a

Tip

Shows a tip for the application or task.



## **1.9 Emphasis in the text**

The following conventions are used in the document:

Text set in **bold** indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter System calls in a NanoJ program.

Text set in *italics* marks named objects:

- Read the installation manual.
- Use the Plug & Drive Studio software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the Operation tab.
- For hardware: Use the ON/OFF switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:

- Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300<sub>h</sub>, bit 0 = "1".
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in 3212<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

## **1.10 Numerical values**

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript h at the end of the number.

The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows: <Index>:<Subindex>

Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is  $00_{h}$ .

Example: Subindex 5 of object  $1003_h$  is addressed with  $1003_h$ :  $05_h$ , subindex 00 of object  $6040_h$  with  $6040_h$ .

## 1.11 Bits

The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type *UNSIGNED8* as an example.

 MSB
 LSB

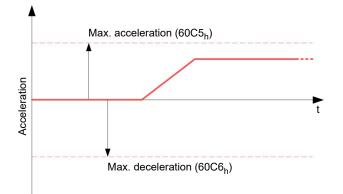
 Bit Nummer
 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 Bits
 0
 1
 0
 1
 0
 1
 0
 1
 △
 55<sub>hex</sub> ≙ 85<sub>dec</sub>

## 1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects  $60C5_h$  and  $60C6_h$  depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.





 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{b}}}$ 

 $(\mathbf{f})$ 

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{f}}}$ 



## 2 Safety and warning notices

Note

- Damage to the controller.
- Changing the wiring during operation may damage the controller.
- Only change the wiring in a de-energized state. After switching off, wait until the capacitors have discharged.

#### Note

- Fault of the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor.
  - Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.
- Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.

#### Note

- There is no polarity reversal protection.
- Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.
- Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.

### Note

- The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge.
- Improper handling can damage the device.
- Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.



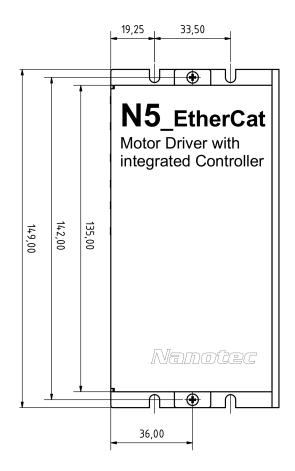
## 3 Technical details and pin assignment

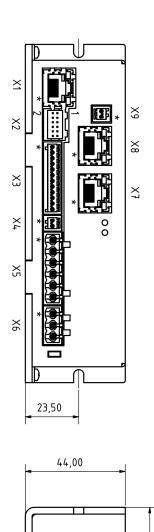
## **3.1 Environmental conditions**

Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP20
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 95 %
Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C



## **3.2 Dimensioned drawings**





## 3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

Property	Description / value
Operating voltage	<ul> <li>12 V-5%72 V +4% DC for <i>low-current version</i> with designation N5-1-1</li> <li>12 V - 48 V +/-5% DC for the <i>high-current version</i> with designation N5-2-1 and up to hardware version w007</li> <li>12 V -5%57.4 V DC for the <i>high-current version</i> with designation N5-2-1 and from hardware version w007b</li> </ul>

74,00



Property	Description / value
Rated current	N5-1-1 ( <i>low current</i> ): 10 A <sub>rms</sub>
	N5-2-1 ( <i>high current</i> ): 18 A <sub>rms</sub>
Peak current	N5-1-1 ( <i>low current</i> ): 10 A <sub>rms</sub>
	N5-2-1 ( <i>high current</i> ): 40 A <sub>rms</sub> for 5 seconds
Commutation	Stepper motor – open loop, stepper motor – closed loop with encoder, BLDC motor – closed loop with Hall sensor, and BLDC motor – closed loop with encoder
Operating modes	Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode
Set value setting / programming	EtherCAT, Ethernet (REST with the NanoIP user interface), clock- direction, analog, NanoJ program
Interfaces	EtherCAT, Ethernet
Inputs	<ul> <li>4 inputs, 5 V/24 V (inputs 1 to 4) individually switchable by means of software, factory setting: 5 V</li> <li>2 inputs, wide range 5-24 V (inputs 5 and 6);</li> <li>2 analog inputs -10 to +10 V or 0–20 mA (switchable by means of software)</li> </ul>
Outputs	2 outputs, (open drain, 0 switching, max. 24 V and 500 mA)
Encoder input	5 V or 24 V signal, differential or single-ended (switchable by means of software), max. resolution 65536 increments per revolution (16-bit)
Protection circuit	Overvoltage and undervoltage protection
	Overtemperature protection (> 75° Celsius on the power board)
	Polarity reversal protection: In the event of a polarity reversal, a short-circuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a line protection device (fuse) is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned
	<ul><li>greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller</li><li>less than the maximum current of the voltage supply.</li></ul>
	If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.

## 3.4 Overtemperature protection

Above a temperature of approx.  $75^{\circ}$ C on the power board (corresponds to  $65-72^{\circ}$ C outside on the cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects **1001**<sub>h</sub> and **1003**<sub>h</sub>). After cooling down and confirming the error (see **table for the controlword**, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

The following temperature test results provide information on the temperature behavior of this controller.

Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

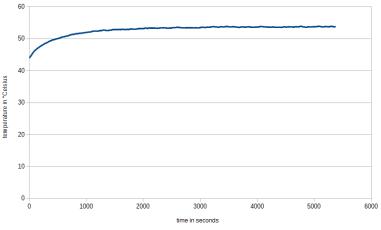
Operating voltage: 48 V DC



- Motor current: 10 A (N5-1 low current)/18 A (N5-2 high current) rms
- Operation mode: Velocity Mode, full step, 30 rpm
- Ambient temperature: 45 °C
- Altitude of site: 500 m above sea level
- No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e.g., via fan

The following graphics show the results of the temperature tests:

N5: Controller temperature at  $45^\circ$  Celsius ambient temperature and 10A motor current



N5: Controller temperature at 45° Celsius ambient temperature and 18A motor current 70 60 50 temperature in "Celsius 40 30 20 10 0 ò 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 time in seconds

## Note

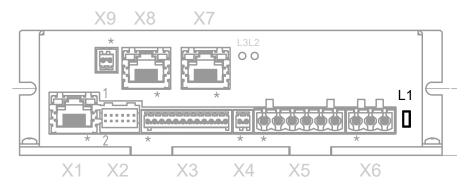
Aside from the motor, the exact temperature behavior is also largely dependent on the flange connection and the heat transfer there as well as on the convection in the machine. For this reason, we recommend always performing an endurance test in the actual environment for applications in which current level and ambient temperature pose a problem.

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 



## 3.5 LED signaling

## 3.5.1 Power LED



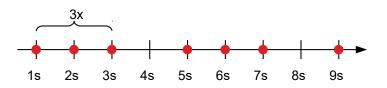
#### **Normal operation**

In normal operation, the green power LED L1 flashes briefly once per second.



#### Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.



The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

Flash rate	Error
1	General
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset

	Note
1)	For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object <b>1003</b> <sub>h</sub> .

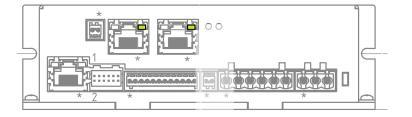
## 3.5.2 EtherCAT LEDs

C

The *N5* is equipped with 3 LEDs (*LINK*, *RUN*, *ERR*) which indicate the status of the controller on the EtherCAT bus.

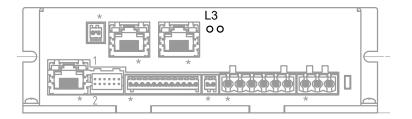


LINK



The green *LINK* LED is on if the EtherCAT cable is connected and flashes during data transfer.

RUN

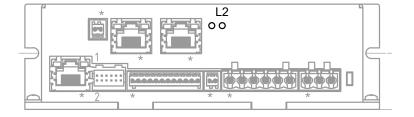


The green *RUN* LED (L3) indicates one of the following controller states (*EtherCAT slave*):

LED behavior	Status	Prerequisite
Permanently of	INIT	The <i>slave</i> is in the initialisation state.
Flashing	PRE-OPERATIONAL	The <i>slave</i> is in the <i>PRE-OPERATIONAL</i> state.
Single flash	SAFE-OPERATIONAL	The slave is in the SAFE-OPERATIONAL state.
Flickering	INITIALISATION or BOOTSTRAP	The <i>slave</i> is in the initialisation phase and has not yet achieved the <i>INIT</i> status or the <i>slave</i> is in <i>boot loader mode</i> and firmware is being loaded.
continuously green	OPERATIONAL	The <i>slave</i> is in the <i>OPERATIONAL</i> state.



## ERR

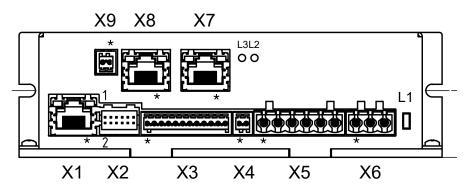


The red ERR LED (L2) indicates one of the following controller states (EtherCAT slave):

LED behavior	Status	Prerequisite
Permanently off	No error	Not an error
Flashing	Invalid Configuration	General configuration error
Single flash	Local Error	The <i>slave</i> automatically changed its <i>EtherCAT status</i> due to a local error.
Double flash	Process Data Watchdog Timeout/ EtherCAT Watchdog Timeout	Watchdog timeout
Triple flash	Application Error	Error in the power state machine of the slave
Flickering	Booting Error	Error when loading the firmware
continuously red	Application controller failure	The <i>slave</i> no longer responds.

## 3.6 Pin assignment

## 3.6.1 Overview



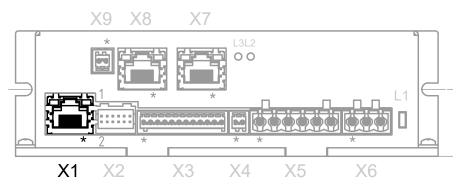
Connector	Function	
X1	Ethernet	
X2	Encoder and Hall sensor connection	
X3	Digital/analog inputs and outputs	
X4	Brake connection	
X5	Motor connection	
X6	Voltage supply	



Connector	Function
Х7	EtherCAT IN
X8	EtherCAT OUT
X9 External logic supply, input voltage +24 V DC	
	Voltage supply for encoder, input voltage +24 V DC

## 3.6.2 Connector X1 – Ethernet

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".



## 3.6.3 Connector X2 – encoder/Hall sensor

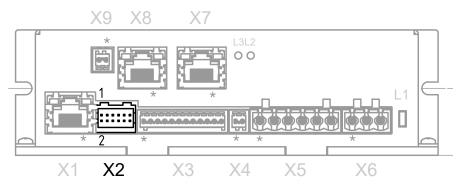
Note

Two types of encoder/Hall sensor are supported:

- Encoder/Hall sensor with 5 V supply voltage. In this case, nothing is to be connected to connector X9; object 2059<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "0" (factory setting).
- Encoder/Hall sensor with 24 V supply voltage. In this case, you must connect a voltage of 24 V DC to connector X9 (see Connector X9 voltage supply for encoder/Hall sensor, external logic supply) and set object 2059<sub>h</sub> to the value "1".

Pin 1 and pin 2 are marked in the figure.

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 



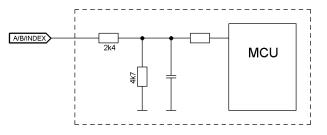


Pin	Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Vcc	+5 V DC (factory setting) or +24 V DC, output voltage switchable by means of software with object <b>2059</b> <sub>h</sub> .
3	А	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
4	В	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
5	A١	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
6	B/	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
7	I	5/24 V signal
8	I\	5/24 V signal
9	Hall 1	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
10	Hall 2	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
11	Hall 3	5/24 V signal, max. 1 MHz
12	Shielding	Shielding

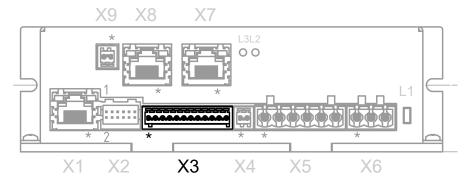
It must be ensured that the encoder reaches the switching thresholds specified below. Otherwise, an additional external circuit is necessary.

Туре	Switching thresholds	
	On	Off
Single-ended 5 V	> approx. 2.8 V	< approx. 1.1 V
Differential 5 V	> approx. 2.8 V	< approx. 2 V
Single-ended 24 V	> approx. 12 V	< approx. 6.8 V
Differential 24 V	> approx. 12 V	< approx. 8 V

The internal wiring of the encoder inputs is shown in the following.



## 3.6.4 Connector X3 – inputs and outputs





PIN	Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Input 1	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object $\textbf{3240}_h,$ max. 1 MHz
3	Input 2	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object <b>3240</b> , max. 1 MHz
4	Input 3	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object <b>3240</b> , max. 1 MHz, direction input in clock-direction mode
5	Input 4	5 V / 24 V digital input, switchable by means of software with object <b>3240</b> , max. 1 MHz, clock input in clock-direction mode
6	Input 5	Digital input 5 V to 24 V, not switchable by means of software, max. 1 MHz
7	Input 6	Digital input 5 V to 24 V, not switchable by means of software, max. 1 MHz
8	Analog input 1	-10 V+10 V or 020 mA, switchable by means of software with object $3221_h$
9	Analog input 2	-10 V+10 V or 020 mA, switchable by means of software with object $3221_h$
10	Output 1	Digital output, open drain, max. 24 V / 0.5 A
11	Output 2	Digital output, open drain, max. 24 V / 0.5 A
12	Shielding	Shielding

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 1 to 4:

Max. Voltage	Switching thresholds		
	Safe switch on Safe switch off		
5 V	> approx. 3 V	< approx. 1 V	
24 V	> approx. 16 V	< approx. 7 V	

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 5 and 6 (wide-range inputs from 5-24 V):

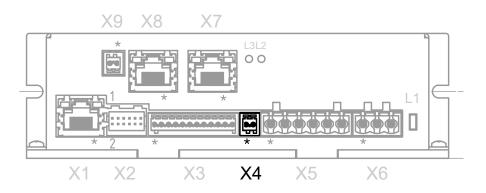
Switching thresholds		
On	Off	
> approx. 3 V	< approx. 2 V	

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20

## 3.6.5 Connector X4 – brake connection

#### Technical Manual N5 (EtherCAT) 3 Technical details and pin assignment

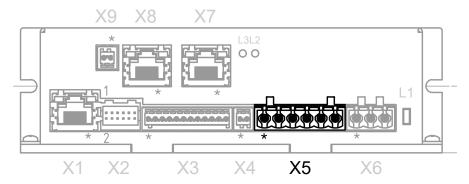




PIN	Function	Note
1	Brake +	Internally connected to +UB
2	Brake -	PWM-controlled open drain output, max. 1.5 A

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20

## 3.6.6 Connector X5 – motor connection



PIN	Function (stepper motor)	Function (BLDC motor)	Note
1	Shielding	Shielding	Shielding
2	А	U	
3	A\	V	
4	В	W	
5	B\	Not used	
6	Shielding	Shielding	Shielding



Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve min. Plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, AWG	24	12
2 conductors of the same cross section, flexible, min. TWIN-AEH with plastic sleeve	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
AWG acc. to UL/CUL	26	12

## 3.6.7 Connector X6 – voltage supply

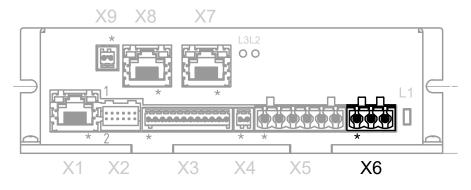
#### Voltage source

The operating or supply voltage supplies a battery, a transformer with rectification and filtering, or a switching power supply.

- Note
- EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.
- An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/motor.
- · Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

#### Connections

 $\mathbf{\hat{i}}$ 



PIN	Function	Note
1	Shielding	Shielding
2	+UB	<ul> <li>For version N5-1 (<i>low current</i>): 12 V-5%72 V +4% DC</li> <li>For version N5-2 (<i>high current</i>) and up to hardware version w007: 12 V48 V ±5% DC</li> <li>For version N5-2 (<i>high current</i>) and hardware version w007b and higher: 12 V -5%58.5 V DC</li> </ul>
3	GND	



Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve min. Plastic sleeve	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, AWG	24	12
2 conductors of the same cross section, flexible, min. TWIN-AEH with plastic sleeve	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
AWG acc. to UL/CUL	26	12

#### Permissible operating voltage

Depending on the version, the maximum operating voltage is:

- N5-1 (*low current*): 76 V DC
- N5-2 (high current) and up to hardware version w007: 51.5 V DC
- N5-2 (*high current*) and **hardware version** w007b and higher: 58.5 V DC. With this version, you must if desired also enter this threshold value in **2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level**.

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The integrated ballast circuit (25 W power) is activated above:

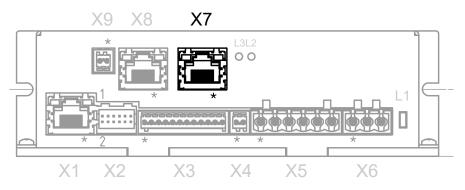
- N5-1 (*low current*): 75 V DC
- N5-2 (high current) and up to hardware version w007: 50.5 V DC
- N5-2 (high current) and hardware version w007b and higher: 57.5 V DC.

The minimum operating voltage is 10 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered.

A charging capacitor of at least 4700  $\mu$ F / 50 V (approx. 1000  $\mu$ F per ampere rated current) must be connected to the supply voltage to avoid exceeding the permissible operating voltage (e.g., during braking).

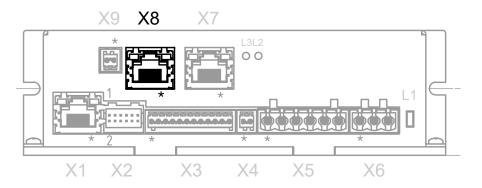
## 3.6.8 Connector X7 - EtherCAT IN

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "\*".



## 3.6.9 Connector X8 – EtherCAT OUT





## 3.6.10 Connector X9 – voltage supply for encoder/Hall sensor, external logic supply

#### **Functionality**

The voltage supply at X9 must be connected under one of the following conditions:

- A 24 V encoder is used. In this case, a voltage of 24 V DC must be connected to X9 and bit 0 in object 2059<sub>h</sub> set to the value "1".
- 2. A logic voltage supply is necessary for the controller to ensure continued access to the following functions should the power supply be lost at connector X6 (see "Connector X6 voltage supply"):
  - Logical functionality of the controller
  - Controller communication
  - Encoder

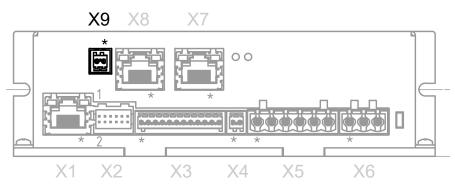
 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{h}}}$ 

Note

The windings of the motor are not supplied by the logic supply.

In this case, a voltage of 24 V DC must be connected to X9. With a 24 V encoder, bit 0 in object **2059**<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "1". In the case of a 5 V encoder, bit 0 in object **2059**<sub>h</sub> is to be set to the value "0".

#### Connection



PIN	Function	Note
1	+UB Logic/ encoder	+24 V DC, supply voltage for logic and encoder/Hall sensor
2	GND	



Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20



## **4** Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation. You can configure the controller via Ethernet using *NanoIP* – a browser-based user interface – or via EtherCAT.

The *Plug & Drive Studio* software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the controller to the connected motor. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at **us.nanotec.com**.

Observe the following note:

#### Note

- EMC: Current-carrying cables particularly around supply and motor cables produce electromagnetic alternating fields.
- These can interfere with the motor and other devices. Nanotec recommends the following measures:
- Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- Lay supply, motor and control cables physically separate from one another.

## 4.1 Configuration via Ethernet

## 4.1.1 Overview

(i)

#### Interface

The controller is equipped with a 10/100 MBit Ethernet interface on connector X1. It can thereby be operated with all common Ethernet components (switches, PCs) and configured via the *NanoIP* web interface or the *Plug & Drive Studio* software.

#### Hardware address

The controller initially has no IP address, but is instead addressed via the printed hardware address (MAC address). This address consists of 6 hexadecimal numbers in form44-AA-E8-xx-xx-xx.

The hardware address is unique and unchangeable and is assigned during production. In general, this is only needed during a firmware update. As soon as the boot loader has ended and the actual firmware begins to operate, subsequent communication takes place via the TCP/IP protocol.

#### IP address

The controller needs a valid IP address. This can be obtained in the following ways:

- DHCP: A DHCP server assigns the IP address to the controller (default setting).
- AutoIP: The controller automatically determines a suitable IP address. The prerequisite here is that the communication partners are in the same physical subnet and also use AutoIP.
- Static IP address: This is defined by the user.

Which method is used depends on the network environment and is defined by the network administrator.



## 4.1.2 Establishing connection with the controller

#### Setting the IP address

Each of the connected devices (controller and communication partners) in an Ethernet network or with a point-to-point Ethernet connection requires a unique IP address. This can either be obtained automatically (DHCP) or generated (Auto-IP) or assigned statically. In the following, "communication partner" refers to a PC or laptop.

You can integrate the controller in an existing Ethernet network. To do this, you only need to establish the physical connection with a standard Ethernet cable. Provided DHCP and UPnP are activated on the controller (factory setting), the controller is also automatically detected on the network and can immediately be operated via a PC located on the network.

#### Setting DHCP/Auto-IP

IP addresses can be obtained dynamically in a network from a DHCP server or, for example, in the case of a PC direct connection, can be automatically self-generated without DHCP by the two communication devices (e.g., PC and controller). DHCP and UPnP are preset in the controller at the factory for automatically obtaining an IP address from a DHPC server or for automatic IP address generation. To establish the connection to the controller, it may only be necessary to make a few settings on the communication partner (e.g., PC or laptop). Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- 3. Select Change adapter settings.
- **4.** A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter to which the controller is connected (e.g., click with the right mouse button).
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties button.
- 6. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically option.
- 7. Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.

etworking Sharing		General Alternate Configuration			
Connect using:	bile	You can get IP settings assigned auto this capability. Otherwise, you need			
🔮 Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethernet		for the appropriate IP settings.	U ASK YOUR I	letwon	c auministrator
Configure		Obtain an IP address automatica	ally		
This connection uses the following items:		Ouse the following IP address:			
Client for Microsoft Networks		IP address:			
✓ ■ File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks		Subnet mask:			
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)		Default gateway:		2	
<ul> <li>Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)</li> <li>Link-Laver Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver</li> </ul>					
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper 1/0 Driver		Obtain DNS server address auto	matically		
		Ouse the following DNS server ad	dresses:		
Install Uninstall Properties		Preferred DNS server:			
Description		Alternate DNS server:			•
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.		Validate settings upon exit		1	Advanced

For the communication partner to automatically detect the controller in the entire network or for a pointto-point connection (PC direct connection), network discovery must be switched on and the UPnP service must be started on the communication partner (e.g., PC or laptop). No further settings are necessary on the controller. Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Switching on network discovery:
  - a. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.



- b. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- c. Select Change advanced sharing settings.
- d. Open the Public section.
- e. Under Network discovery, select the Turn on network discovery option.
- **2.** Activating the UPnP service:
  - a. Press the Windows Start button and then right-click on Computer and select Manage.
  - b. Open the Services and Applications node and select Services.
  - c. Double-click the UPnP device host service to open.
  - d. As Startup type, select Automatic and press the Start button.
  - e. Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.

🛓 Computer Management							1	UPnP Device Host Properties (Local Computer)
File Action View Help	2 🗊 🕨 🗉 II ID							General Log On Recovery Dependencies
Computer Management (Local )     System Tools	O Services	_				Actions Services		Service name: uprphost Display name: UPnP Device Host
De Task Scheduler     Event Viewer	UPnP Device Host	Name UPnP Device Host	Description Allows UPn	Status	Startup Type	More Actions		Description: Allows UPnP devices to be hosted on this computer. A f this service is stopped, any hosted UPnP devices
Bardefoldes     Shared Folders     Solution     Construction     Construction     Construction     Construction     Construction     Construction     Construction     Construction     Construction	Start the service Description. All of Uppart. If this repart to the service of the service interpret and the service of the added. If this service is disabled, any service that egolicity depend on it will fail to start.	User Profile Service Vitual Disk VMware Snapshot VMware Tools Volume Shadow C WebClient Windows Audio Windows Audio E	His service Provides m VMware Sn Provides su Manages au Enables Win Manages au Manages au Thaware su The Windo Securely en The Windo Securely en The WCSPLu Protection a	Started Started Started Started	Automatic Manual Manual Automatic Manual Automatic Manual	UNP Deterior		Path to executable: C:Windows system 32'evolvest see + LocalSevice-Andholmpersonation Santue type: Automatic Hele mis conflours service attatus controls. Service status: Sopped Sast: Sopped Sast: Sopped Pause Resume You can specify the start parameters that apply when you start the service from here. Sast parameters.
		Windows Error Re	Allows error		Manual			OK Cancel Apply

#### Setting a static IP address

If static addresses are to be assigned to the controller and the communication partner, just a few settings need to be performed on the controller and the communication partner.

The controller can be assigned a static IP address and network mask (each IPv4) through OD entries. The following entries are relevant in the object dictionary:

Index	Description
<b>2010</b> <sub>h</sub>	IP configuration, bit mask with the following meaning:
	Bit 0: A static IP address from object <b>2011</b> <sub>h</sub> and the network mask from object <b>2012</b> <sub>h</sub> are used.
<b>2011</b> <sub>h</sub>	Static IP address, 4 bytes in hex coding
<b>2012</b> <sub>h</sub>	Static IP subnet mask, 4 bytes in hex coding
<b>2014</b> <sub>h</sub>	Active IP address, 4 bytes in hex coding
<b>2015</b> <sub>h</sub>	Active IP subnet mask, 4 bytes in hex coding
<b>6503</b> <sub>h</sub>	Drive catalogue number / MAC address

Notes:

- If DHCP was activated and Auto-IP is not active, the controller uses the set static IP address if no
  address could be assigned via DHCP (e.g., because the DHCP service is temporarily unavailable).
- If both objects 2010<sub>h</sub> and 2011<sub>h</sub> are set to the value "0", an incorrect configuration is assumed and DHCP, UPnP and Auto-IP are switched on.
- If bit 0 is set in object 2010<sub>h</sub>, the static IP address is used. DHCP and Auto-IP are not used in this case.
- If DHCP and Auto-IP are activated simultaneously, DHCP is used first to try and obtain an address. If this does not function, Auto-IP is executed.
- If only DHCP is switched on and an IP address assignment did not function, an attempt is made independent of bit 0 to connect using the entered static IP address.



A static IP address is also assigned to the communication partner. Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- **3.** Select Change adapter settings.
- **4.** A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter with which the controller is connected (e.g., right-mouse click and select *Properties*).
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties button.
- 6. Select the Use the following IP address: option and enter the desired IP address and network mask in the IP address field.
- 7. Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.

etworking Sharing		General	
Connect using:	bile		utomatically if your network supports
Proadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethernet	oile	this capability. Otherwise, you nee for the appropriate IP settings.	d to ask your network administrator
Configure		🔘 Obtain an IP address automa	tically
This connection uses the following items:		Our of the following IP address:	
✓ Interview Contract Networks ✓ Interview Contract Networks ✓ Interview Contract Networks		IP address:	192.168.2.1
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks		Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)     Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)		Default gateway:	
Ink-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver      ALInk-Layer Topology Discovery Responder		Obtain DNS server address a	utomatically
		Output Server Output Server	addresses:
Install Uninstall Properties		Preferred DNS server:	· · ·
Description		Alternate DNS server:	1) 3.46 (t
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks		Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
across diverse interconnected networks.			<u></u>

## 4.1.3 REST web services

#### Introduction

The protocol used by the the web server is HTTP/1.0. The architecture here is realized according to REST (Representational State Transfer) which, in addition to access to the *NanoIP* web interface, also offers the possibility to access objects/resources. The values in the object dictionary are an example of this.

The operations supported here are:

- GET: Request a resource
- POST: Add a new resource
- PUT: Create or change a new resource
- DELETE: Delete a resource

#### **Resource names**

The name of a resource is always specified in the *URI (Uniform Resource Identifier)* notation familiar from the Internet. Via this *URI*, the controller supports access to the **file system** and the **object dictionary**. The identifiers for this are:

- Od: Object dictionary
- Fs: File system



#### Example

Accessing a value in the object dictionary:

http://192.168.2.100/od/6040/00

This string is used to access entry  $6040_h$  subindex 0 in the object dictionary.

The reply is made as a JSON string and reflects the content of this object.

#### Accessing the file system

The following URIs enable access to the file system:

#### <IP address>/fs

Lists the root directory.

#### <IP address>/fs/dir

Lists the subdirectory.

#### <IP address>/fs/dir/file.xxx

Requests file "file.xxx" from directory "dir".

Files are uploaded with the PUT command, GET is used to download and DELETE is used to delete.



Note

Deleting files may place the controller in a non-functional state.

#### Accessing the object dictionary

The following URIs enable access to the object dictionary:

#### <IP address>/od/xxxx/yy

Requests entry xxxx subindex yy from the object dictionary.

#### <IP address>/od/xxxx/Data

Requests entry xxxx with all subindices.

## 4.1.4 NanolP

 $\mathbf{G}$ 

#### General

The controller is equipped with an integrated web server (*NanolP*) that can be queried with a web browser. With *NanolP*, the controller can be configured and parameterized, including access to the internal file system for loading sequence programs (*NanoJ programs*).

#### Note

There are no guaranteed execution and response times when accessing the web server of the controller.

In extreme cases, these may vary by several seconds. Access via a web server is therefore not suited for directly controlling the motor and should only be used for commissioning/diagnosis or troubleshooting.



## **Starting NanolP**

- 1. Connect controller (connector X1) and PC.
- 2. Connect voltage supply to connector X6 of the controller.
- 3. Wait until the boot process of the controller has concluded (LED L1 flashes once per second).
- 4. The controller is depicted in the network area of Windows Explorer after the scan operation (naming convention is "N5-44AAE8" followed by 6 hexadecimal digits, e.g., "N5-44AAE8123456"). Network discovery and the UPnP service must be activated. Double-click to open the *NanoIP* web server in the web browser.

#### **Parameter input**

- 1. Start the NanoIP web server.
- 2. Select the OBJECT DICTIONARY menu item.
- 3. Enter all values in the corresponding objects.
- 4. Use the Download settings button to transfer the values to the controller.
- 5. Select the SETUP->Configuration menu item
- 6. Use the Save Complete Configuration button to permanently save the values in the controller.

## 4.2 Configuration via EtherCAT

## 4.2.1 Software connection

Tip

The following description assumes that an EtherCAT master from Beckhoff with the *TwinCAT* software is used.

- 1. Connect the EtherCAT master to the controller, see **Technical details and pin assignment**.
- 2. Supply the controller with voltage.
- **3.** Obtain the *ESI file* that corresponds exactly to the used **firmware version** from the following sources:
  - **a.** Via the Nanotec homepage **us.nanotec.com**. The current version of the firmware and the *ESI* file can be found in the *Plug & Drive Studio* download folder.
  - **b.** From Nanotec support.
  - **c.** From the website for the device (see chapter **NanoIP**). The file can simply be downloaded from the *EtherCAT* tab on the *Field bus* tab. A download link can be found there with the name *Download EtherCAT Slave Information File*. This file is always up to date for the firmware on the motor controller and is always updated together with the firmware.
- 4. Close the *TwinCAT* system manager if it is open.
- 5. Then copy the ESI file to the TwinCAT subfolder:
  - If you use *TwinCAT* version 2, use folder <TWINCAT INSTALL DIR>/IO/EtherCAT
  - If you use *TwinCAT* version 3, use folder <TWINCAT INSTALL DIR>/3.1/Config/Io/ EtherCAT

#### Example

Example: If *TwinCAT* 2 is installed on your computer under path C:\TwinCAT\, copy the *ESI file* to path C:\TwinCAT\Io\EtherCAT\.

- 6. Open the ESI file with an editor. Find the AddInfo parameter. Enter:
  - the value "2" if you would like to integrate the controller as Box (factory settings)
  - the value "0" if you would like to integrate the controller as NC-Axis



Save and close the file.

- 7. Now restart the TwinCAT system manager. The ESI files are read in again following a restart.
- Note
   The cycle time of the sync signal must always be set to 1 ms. You can set the bus cycle time (and, consequently, the interpolation time in 60C2<sub>b</sub>) to integer multiples of 1 ms.

## 4.3 Setting the motor data

Prior to commissioning, the motor controller requires a number of values from the motor data sheet.

- Number of pole pairs: Object 2030<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (pole pair count) The number of motor pole pairs is to be entered here. With a stepper motor, the number of pole pairs is calculated using the step angle, e.g., 1.8° = 50 pole pairs, 0.9° = 100 pole pairs (see step angle in motor data sheet). With BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs is specified directly in the motor data sheet.
- Setting the motor current / motor type:
  - Stepper motor only: Object **2031**<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>: Rated current (bipolar) in mA (see motor data sheet)
    - Object **2031**<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>: Rated current (bipolar) in mA (see motor data sheet)
    - Object 3202<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type stepper motor, activates current reduction on motor standstill: 0000008h. See also chapter Commissioning open loop.
  - BLDC motor only:
    - Object **2031**<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> Peak current in mA (see motor data sheet)
    - Object **203B**<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> Rated current in mA (see motor data sheet)
    - Object 203B<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> Maximum duration of the peak current in ms (for initial commissioning, a value of 100 ms is recommended; this value is to be adapted later to the specific application).
    - Object 3202<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type BLDC: 00000041h
- Motor with encoder: Object 2059<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Encoder Configuration): Depending on the encoder version, one of the following values is to be entered (see motor data sheet):
  - Supply voltage 5V, differential: 0000000h
  - Supply voltage 24V, differential: 0000001h
  - Supply voltage 5V, single-ended: 0000002h
  - Supply voltage 24V, single-ended: 0000003h
- Motor with brake: Object 3202<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select): The brake control is activated for the initial commissioning. Depending on the specific application, this configuration can be deactivated later if necessary. One of the following values is to be entered depending on the motor type:
  - Stepper motor, brake control (and current reduction while at standstill) activated: 0000000Ch
  - BLDC motor, brake control activated: 00000044h

## 4.4 Connecting the motor

After setting the motor parameters, see **Setting the motor data**, connect the motor and, if applicable, the present sensors (encoders / Hall sensors) and the brake.

- Connect the motor:
  - to connection X5, see Connector X5 motor connection
- Connect encoders / Hall sensors:
  - to connection X2, see Connector X2 encoder/Hall sensor
- Connect the brake:



• to connection X4, see Connector X4 - brake connection

How the automatic brake control can be activated is described in chapter Automatic brake control.

## 4.5 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an auto setup is performed. **Closed Loop** operation requires a successfully completed auto setup.

Note

- Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:
- The motor must be load-free.
- The motor must not be touched.
- The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- No NanoJ programs may be running (object 2300<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> bit 0 = "0", see **2300h NanoJ Control**).

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.

Tip

#### Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see Limitation of the range of motion.

-`@

 $(\mathbf{f})$ 

- <del>\</del>

As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

Tip

### 4.5.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

Parameter	All motors independent of the configuration
Motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor)	X
Winding resistance	X
Winding inductance	X
Interlinking flux	<u>X</u>

Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Encoder resolution	-	Х	



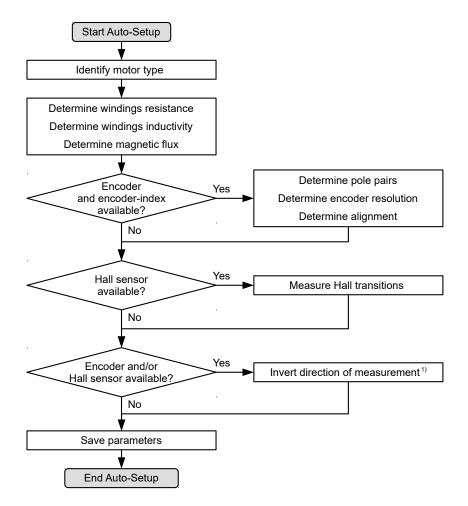
Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Alignment (shifting of the electrical zero to the index.)	-	x	
Parameter	Motor without Hall sensor	Motor with Hall sensor	

Х

## 4.5.2 Execution

Hall transitions

- To preselect the *auto setup* operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FE<sub>h</sub>") in object 6060<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub>. The *power state machine* must now switch to the *Operation enabled* state, see CiA 402 Power State Machine.
- 2. Start auto setup by setting bit 4 OMS in object 6040<sub>h</sub>:00<sub>h</sub> (controlword).

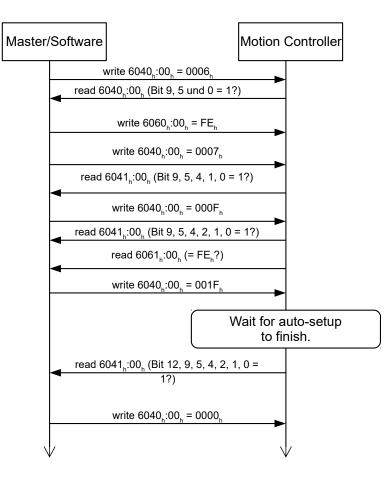


While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:

1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 *OMS* in object  $6041_h:00_h$  (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 *TARG* in object  $6041_h:00_h$  can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.





### 4.5.3 Parameter memory

After a successful *auto setup*, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see **Saving objects** and **1010h Store Parameters**. Categories *Drive*  $1010_h:05_h$  and *Tuning*  $1010_h:06_h$  are used.

#### CAUTION

- After executing auto setup mode, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid.
- Homing alone does not suffice! If the controller is not restarted, unexpected reactions may result.
  - Restart the device after an auto setup!

# 4.6 Test run

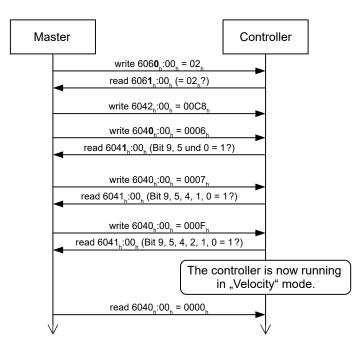
After configuring and the auto setup, a test run can be performed. As an example, the **Velocity** operating mode is used.

The values are transferred from your *EtherCAT master* or to the controller. After every transfer, the *master* should use the status objects of the controller to ensure successful parameterization.

- 1. Select the Velocity mode by setting object 6060<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) to the value "2".
- 2. Write the desired speed in 6042<sub>h</sub>.
- **3.** Switch the *power state machine* to the *Operation enabled* state, see **CiA 402 Power State Machine**.

The following sequence starts Velocity mode; the motor turns at 200 rpm.





**4.** To stop the motor, set controlword  $(6040_h)$  to "0".



# **5 General concepts**

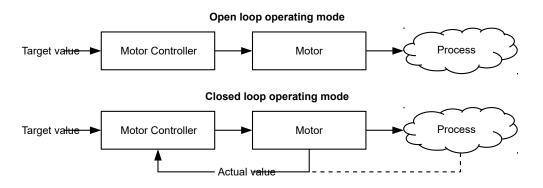
# 5.1 Control modes

### 5.1.1 General

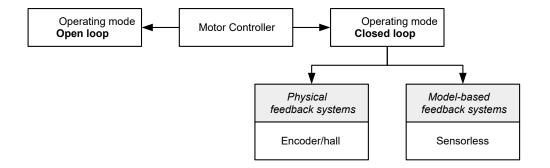
The control mode of systems without feedback is called *open loop*, the mode with feedback is called *closed loop*. In the *closed loop* control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.

For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.



In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as sensorless systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality.



Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controller-specific and is described in chapters **Pin assignment** and **Operating modes**.

Control mode	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Open Loop	yes	no
Closed Loop	yes	yes

Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Hall	no	yes
Encoder	yes	yes



Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Sensorless	yes	yes

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

Operating mode	Control mode		
	Open Loop	Closed Loop	
Profile Position	yes	yes	
Velocity	yes	yes	
Profile Velocity	yes	yes	
Profile Torque	no <sup>1)</sup>	yes	
Homing	yes <sup>2)</sup>	yes	
Interpolated Position Mode	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Position	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	yes <sup>3)</sup>	yes	
Cyclic Synchronous Torque	no <sup>1)</sup>	yes	
Clock-direction	yes	yes	

1) The **Profile Torque** and **Cyclic Synchronous Torque** torque operating modes are not possible in the *open loop* control mode due to a lack of feedback.

2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.

3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes **Cyclic Synchronous Position** and **Cyclic Synchronous Velocity** follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with *open loop* control mode.

# 5.1.2 Open Loop

#### Introduction

*Open loop* mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to *closed loop*, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. *Open loop* mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike *closed loop*, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in *open loop* mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of rotor's inertia. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

#### Commissioning

To use open loop mode, the following settings are necessary:



- In object 2030<sub>h</sub> (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of 1.8° corresponds to 50 pole pairs and 0.9° corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object **2031**<sub>h</sub> (Max Current), enter the maximum current in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object 3202<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".
- If the clock-direction mode is to be used, then observe chapter Clock-direction mode.

If necessary, current reduction on motor standstill should be activated to reduce the power loss and heat build-up. To activate current reduction, the following settings are necessary:

- In object **3202**<sub>h</sub> (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 3 (CurRed) to "1".
- In object 2036<sub>h</sub> (Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time), the time in milliseconds is specified that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.
- In object 2037<sub>h</sub> (Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor), the root mean square is specified to
  which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop and the motor
  is at a standstill.

#### Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in *open loop* mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see object 2031<sub>h</sub> (Max Current). Excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects 3210<sub>h</sub>:09<sub>h</sub> (I\_P) and 3210<sub>h</sub>:0A<sub>h</sub> (I\_I).
- Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:

#### **Profile Position operating mode**

Objects  $6083_h$  (Profile Acceleration),  $6084_h$  (Profile Deceleration) and  $6081_h$  (Profile Velocity).

#### Velocity operating mode

Objects  $6048_h$  (Velocity Acceleration),  $6049_h$  (Velocity Deceleration) and  $6042_h$  (Target Velocity).

#### Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects  $6083_h$  (Profile Acceleration),  $6084_h$  (Profile Deceleration) and  $6081_h$  (Profile Velocity).

#### Homing operating mode

Objects  $609A_h$  (Homing Acceleration),  $6099_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Switch) and  $6099_h$ :02<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Zero).

#### Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

#### Cycle Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

#### Cycle Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.



#### **Clock-Direction operating mode**

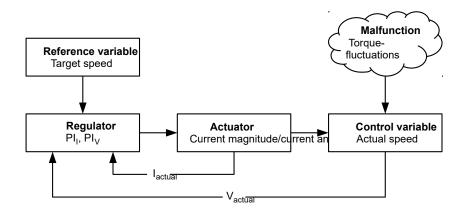
Change of the step resolution via objects  $2057_h$  (Clock Direction Multiplier) and  $2058_h$  (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

# 5.1.3 Closed Loop

#### Introduction

The *closed loop* theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.

Closed loop using a speed control as an example:



- PI<sub>1</sub> = Proportional-integral current control loop
- PI<sub>V</sub> = Proportional-integral velocity control loop
- I<sub>actual</sub>= Actual current
- Vactuar Actual speed

The *closed loop* method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of *closed loop* technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using the encoder signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for *closed loop* mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which – above a certain minimum speed – supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support *closed loop* mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With *closed loop* mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.



#### Commissioning

An auto setup must be performed before using *closed loop* mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter **Auto setup**.

To use *closed loop* mode, certain settings are necessary depending on the motor type and feedback; see chapter **Setting the motor data**. Bit 0 in **3202**<sub>h</sub> must be set . If the encoder is used for the commutation, the index of the encoder must be passed over at least once after switching on (bit 15 in **6041h Statusword** is set).

# 5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

### 5.2.1 State machine

#### CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a *state machine*. This is defined in *CANopen standard 402*. State changes are requested in object **6040**<sub>h</sub> (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword).

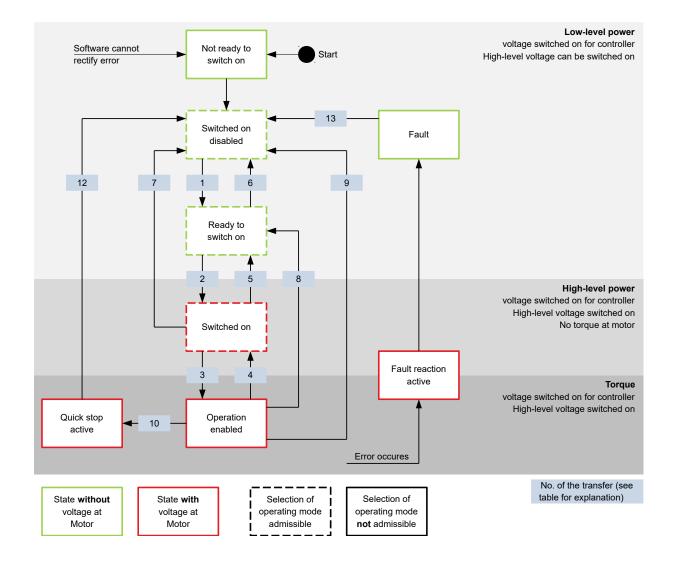
#### Controlword

State changes are requested via object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword).

#### State transitions

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.





Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An X here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. The only exception is the resetting of the error (fault reset): the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

Command	Bit in o	bject 6040	) <sub>h</sub>			Transition
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	Х	1	1	0	1, 5, 8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	2
Disable voltage	0	Х	Х	0	Х	6, 7, 9, 12
Quick stop	0	Х	0	1	Х	10
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	4
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3
Fault reset		Х	Х	Х	Х	13



#### Holding torque in the *Switched on* state

Ex works, no holding torque is built up in the *Switched on* state. If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in  $3212_h:01_h$ .

**(f)** 

Note

If the *Holding torque in the switched on state* option is active, changing the operating mode may cause the motor to jerk.

#### Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the *Switch on disabled* state.

#### **Operating mode**

The set operating mode ( $6060_h$ ) does not become active until the *Operation enabled* state. The actually active operating mode is displayed in  $6061_h$ .

The operating mode can only be set or changed in the following states (see states enclosed in a dashed border in the diagram):

- Switch on disabled
- Ready to switch on
- Switched on

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

It is not possible to change the operating mode in running operation (*Operation enabled*). The *Fault* state is exited if bit 7 in object **6040**<sub>h</sub> (controlword) is set from "0" to "1" (rising edge).

#### Note

If an unrecoverable error occurs, the controller changes to the Not ready to switch on state and remains there.

Furthermore, this state can be reached by means of a bus error with fieldbus type EtherCAT. In this case – after the bus error is rectified – the state automatically changes back to the *Switch on disabled* state.

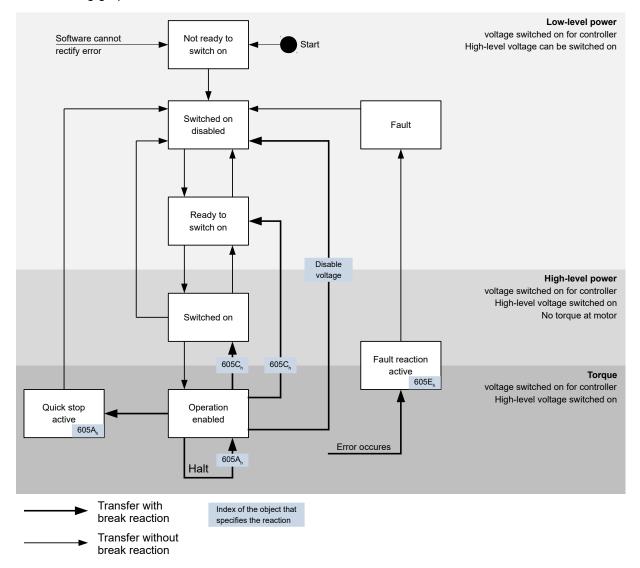


# 5.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

### Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the Operation enabled state.

The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.



### **Quick stop active**

Transition to the *Quick stop active* state (quick stop option): In this case, the action stored in object **605A**<sub>h</sub> is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop



Value in object 605A <sub>h</sub>	Description
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
3 32767	Reserved

#### Ready to switch on

Transition to the *Ready to switch on* state (shutdown option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $605B_h$  is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605B <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2 32767	Reserved

### Switched on

Transition to the Switched on state (disable operation option):

In this case, the action stored in object  $605C_h$  is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605C <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Switch on disabled</i>
2 32767	Reserved

#### Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object  $6040_h$  (controlword), the reaction stored in  $605D_h$  is executed (see following table):

Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)



Value in object 605D <sub>h</sub>	Description
3 32767	Reserved

#### Fault

Case of an error (fault):

If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object 605E<sub>h</sub>.

Value in object 605E <sub>h</sub>	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

#### **Following error**

If a following error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object 3700<sub>h</sub>.

Value	Description	
-327681	Reserved	
0	Immediate stop	
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)	
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)	
3 32767	Reserved	

Following error monitoring can be deactivated by setting object 6065<sub>h</sub> to the value "-1" (FFFFFFF<sub>h</sub>).

### 5.3 User-defined units

The controller supports the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [°], [mm], etc.

### 5.3.1 Calculation formulas for user units

#### **Position information**

All position values in *open loop* and *closed lop* mode are specified in the resolution of the virtual position encoder. This is calculated from the virtual encoder increments ( $608F_h:1_h$  (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions ( $608F_h:2_h$  (Motor Revolutions)):

Encoder increments  $(608F_{h}:01)$ 

Virutal encoder posiiton resolution =

Motor revolutions (608F<sub>b</sub>:02)



If value  $608F_h:1_h$  or value  $608F_h:2_h$  is set to "0", the controller uses "1" in subsequent calculations. The factory settings are:

- Encoder increments 608F<sub>h</sub>:1 = "2000"
- Motor revolutions 608F<sub>h</sub>:2 = "1"

#### Example

 $608F_h:2_h$  is set to the value "1",  $608F_h:1_h$  is set to the value "2000" (default). Thus, the user unit is 2000 increments per revolution. For a stepper motor with step angle of 1.8°, this corresponds to the *one tenth* step mode.

With a target position (607A<sub>h</sub>) of 2000, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution

The physical resolution of the connected position encoder (of the present feedback in general) is set in object **2052**<sub>h</sub> or determined by **Auto setup**.

#### **Gear ratio**

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions ( $6091_h$ :1 (Motor Revolutions)) per axis rotation ( $6091_h$ :2 (Shaft Revolutions)) as follows:

Gear ratio =  $\frac{\text{Motor revolution (6091}_{h}:1)}{\text{Shaft revolution (6091}_{h}:2)}$ 

If object 6091<sub>h</sub>:1 or object 6091<sub>h</sub>:2 is set to "0", the firmware sets the value to "1".

#### **Feed constant**

The feed constant is calculated from the feed ( $6092_h$ :1 (Feed Constant) per revolution of the drive axis ( $6092_h$ :2 (Shaft Revolutions) as follows:

Feed rate =  $\frac{\text{Feed } (6092_{\text{h}}:1)}{\text{Revolution of the drive axis } (6092_{\text{h}}:2)}$ 

This is helpful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis.

If object 6092<sub>h</sub>:1 or object 6092<sub>h</sub>:2 is set to "0", the firmware sets the value to "1".

#### Position

The current position in user units ( $6064_h$ ) and the target position ( $607A_h$ ) are calculated as follows:

Position =  $\frac{608F_{h}:01 \text{ x Feed constant } (6092_{h})}{608F_{h}:02 \text{ x Gear ratio } (6091_{h})}$ 

#### Speed

The speed presets of the following objects can also be specified in user units:

Object	Mode	Meaning
<b>606B</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Velocity Mode	Output value of the ramp generator
<b>60FF</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Velocity Mode Speed preset	
<b>6099</b> <sub>h</sub>	Homing Mode Speed for searching for the index / switch	



Object	Mode	Meaning	
<b>6081</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Position Mode	Target speed	
<b>6082</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Position Mode	Final speed	
<b>2032</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Torque	Maximum speed	

The internal unit is revolutions per second (rps).

The factor n for the speed is calculated from the factor for the numerator  $(2061_h)$  divided by the factor for the denominator  $(2062_h)$ .

$$n_{velocity} = \frac{2061_{h}}{2062_{h}}$$

When entering values, the following applies correspondingly: Internal value =  $n_{speed} x$  input value When outputting values, the following applies correspondingly: Output value = internal value /  $n_{speed}$ 

#### Example

 $2061_h$  is set to the value "1",  $2062_h$  is set to the value "60" (default). Thus, the user unit is "revolutions per minute" and  $n_{speed} = 1/60$ .

If **60FF**<sub>h</sub> is written with the value "300", the internal value is set to 300 rpm x 1/60 = 5 rps. If the motor turns at an internal speed of 5 rps, object **606B**<sub>h</sub> is set to a speed of 5 / 1/60 = 300 rpm.

#### Acceleration

The acceleration can also be specified in user units:

Object	Mode	Meaning	
609A <sub>h</sub>	Homing Mode	Acceleration	
<b>6083</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Position Mode	Acceleration	
<b>6084</b> <sub>h</sub>	Profile Position Mode	Braking deceleration	
60C5 <sub>h</sub>	Profile Velocity Mode	Acceleration	
60C6 <sub>h</sub>	Profile Position Mode Braking deceleration		
<b>6085</b> <sub>h</sub>	"Quick stop active" state (CiA 402 Power State Machine)	Braking deceleration	

The internal unit is revolutions per second<sup>2</sup> (rps<sup>2</sup>).

The factor n for the acceleration is calculated from the scaling factor for the numerator ( $2063_h$ ) divided by the scaling factor for the denominator ( $2064_h$ ).

$$n_{Acceleration} = \frac{2063_{h}}{2064_{h}}$$

When entering values, the following applies correspondingly: Internal value = nacceleration x input value

#### Example



 $2063_h$  is set to the value "1",  $2064_h$  is set to the value "60". Thus, the user unit is *revolutions* per minute per second and n<sub>acceleration</sub> = 1/60.

If  $60C5_h$  is set to the value "600", the internal value is set to 600 rp(s\*min) x 1/60 = 10 rps<sup>2</sup>.

If object 2063<sub>h</sub> or object 2064<sub>h</sub> is set to "0", the firmware sets the value to "1".

#### Jerk

For the jerk, objects  $60A4_h:1_h$  to  $60A4_h:4_h$  can be specified in user units. These objects only affect *Profile Position Mode* and *Profile Velocity Mode*.

The internal unit is revolutions per second<sup>3</sup> (rps<sup>3</sup>).

The factor n for the acceleration is calculated from the factor for numerator  $(2065_h)$  divided by the factor for the denominator  $(2066_h)$ .

When entering values, the following applies correspondingly: Internal value = n<sub>ierk</sub> x input value

#### Example

 $2063_h$  is set to the value "1",  $2064_h$  is set to the value "60". Thus, the user unit is "revolutions per minute per second squared" and  $n_{jerk} = 1/60$ .

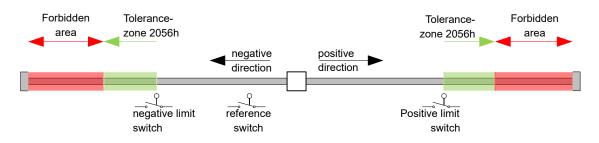
If **60A4**<sub>h</sub> is set to the value "500", the internal value is set to 500 rp(min \*  $s^2$ ) x 1/60 = 8.3 rps<sup>3</sup>.

If object  $2065_h$  or object  $2066_h$  is set to "0", the firmware sets the value to "1".

# 5.4 Limitation of the range of motion

The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter **Digital inputs**, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

### 5.4.1 Tolerance bands of the limit switches



The previous figure shows the breakdown of the tolerance bands next to the limit switches:

- The tolerance zone begins immediately after the limit switch. Free movement is possible in this zone. The length of the zone can be set in object 2056<sub>h</sub>.
- If the motor moves into the forbidden range, the controller triggers an immediate stop and it switches to the *fault* state, see also **State transitions**.



# 5.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches ( $607D_h$  (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ( $607A_h$ ) are limited by  $607D_h$ ; the demand position ( $6062_h$ ) may not be larger than the limits in  $607D_h$ . If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

# 5.5 Cycle times

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms. This means that data are processed every 1 ms; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

Task	Cycle time
Application	1 ms
NanoJ application	1 ms
Current controller	31.25 μs (32 kHz)
Speed controller	31.25 μs (32 kHz)
Position controller	31.25 μs (32 kHz)



# 6 Operating modes

# 6.1 Profile Position

# 6.1.1 Overview

### Description

Profile Position Mode is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.



Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see Limitation of the range of motion.

### Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object 6060<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

### Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to "0", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position (607A<sub>h</sub>) is absolute and with "1" the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object 60F2h.
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D<sub>h</sub>.
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

Controlword 6040 <sub>h</sub>		
Bit 9	Bit 5	Definition
Х	1	The new target position is moved to immediately.
0	0	Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new limits.
1	0	The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target position is moved to with the new values.

#### For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".

Bit 9 in the controlword is ignored if the ramp speed is not met at the target point. In this case, the controller would need to reset and take a run-up to reach the preset.

Note

(i)



#### Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window (6067<sub>h</sub>) for a preset time (6068<sub>h</sub>).
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D<sub>h</sub>.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.
   There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel

The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:

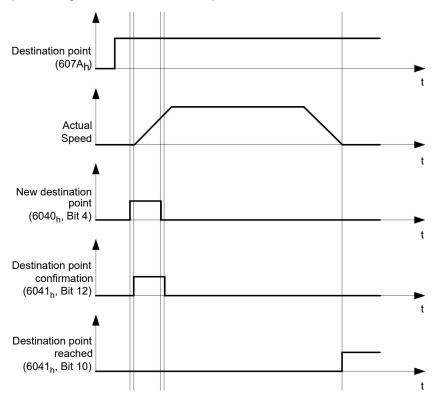
- The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out)).

### 6.1.2 Setting travel commands

command is ignored.

#### **Travel command**

In object **607A**<sub>h</sub> (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see "**User-defined units**"). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object **6040**<sub>h</sub> (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".



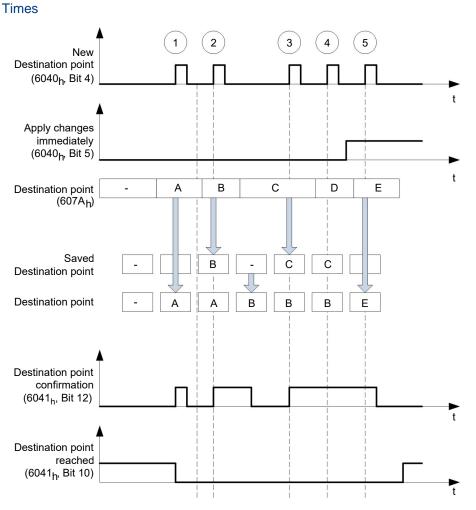
The controller can also reset bit 4 in object  $6040_h$  (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object  $60F2_h$ .



#### Other travel commands

Bit 12 in object  $6041_h$  (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters – such as speed, acceleration, braking deceleration, etc. – can thereby be reset (time 2). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).

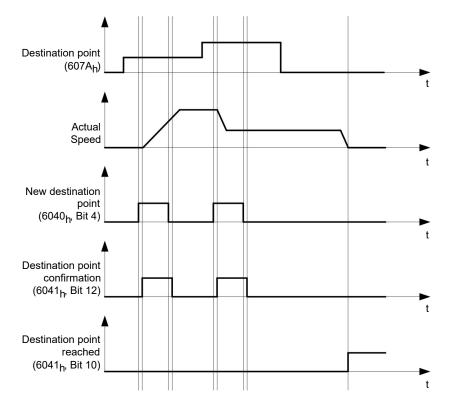
If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object **6040**<sub>h</sub> (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).



# Transition procedure for second target position

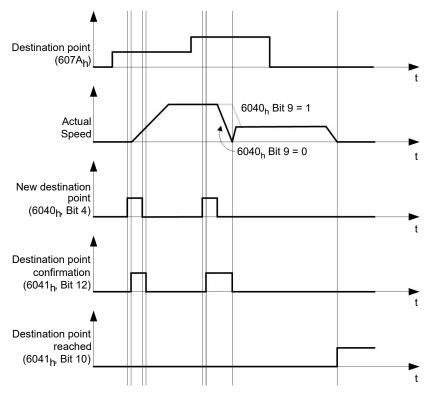
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object  $6040_h$  (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.





#### Possibilities for moving to a target position

If bit 9 in object  $6040_h$  (controlword) is equal to "0", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed ( $6082_h$ ) of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to "1", the profile speed ( $6081_h$ ) is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.



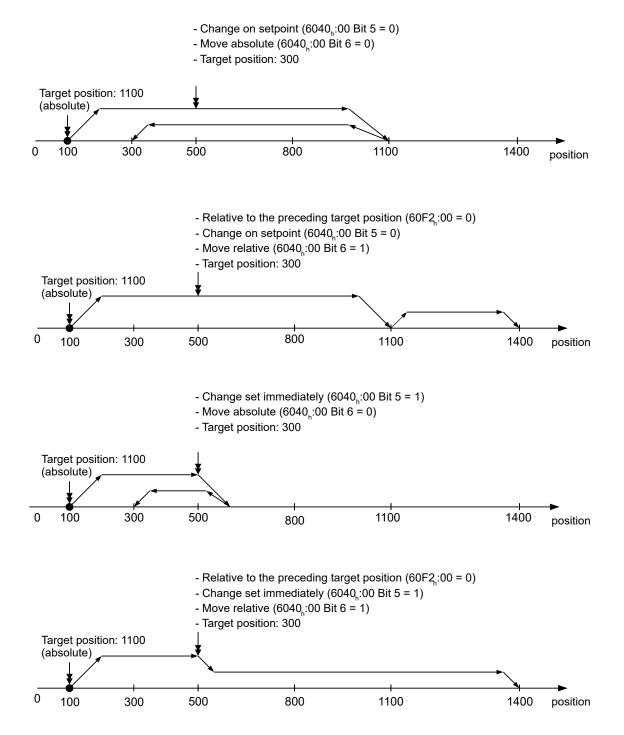
#### Possible combinations of travel commands

To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

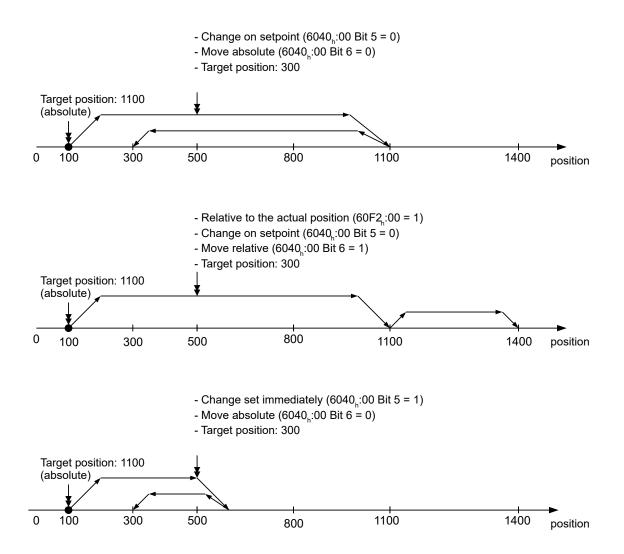


The following applies for the figures below:

- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.

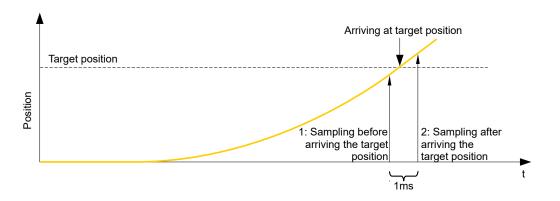






# 6.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.



The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.



# 6.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

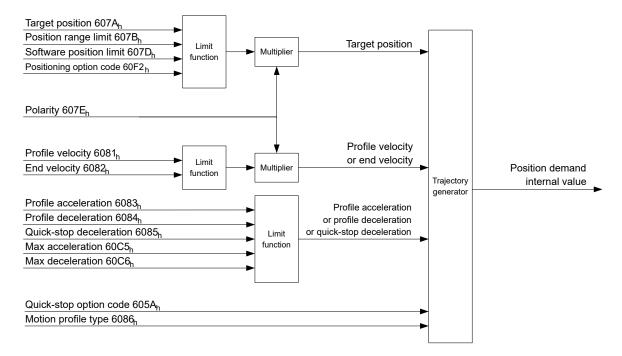
### **Object entries**

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- 607A<sub>h</sub>: (Target Position): Planned target position
- **607D**<sub>h</sub>: (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter **Software limit switches**)
- 607C<sub>h</sub> (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units. (See "Homing")
- 607B<sub>h</sub> (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- 607<sub>h</sub> (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- 6081<sub>h</sub> (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6082<sub>h</sub> (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- 6083<sub>h</sub> (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- **6084**<sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- 6086<sub>h</sub> (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is "0", the jerk is not limited; if the value is "3", the values of 60A4<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub>-4<sub>h</sub> are set as limits for the jerk.
- 60C5<sub>h</sub> (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60C6<sub>h</sub> (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- **60A4**<sub>h</sub> (Profile Jerk), subindex 01<sub>h</sub> to 04<sub>h</sub>: Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- 60F2<sub>h</sub>: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior

#### Objects for the positioning move

The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.

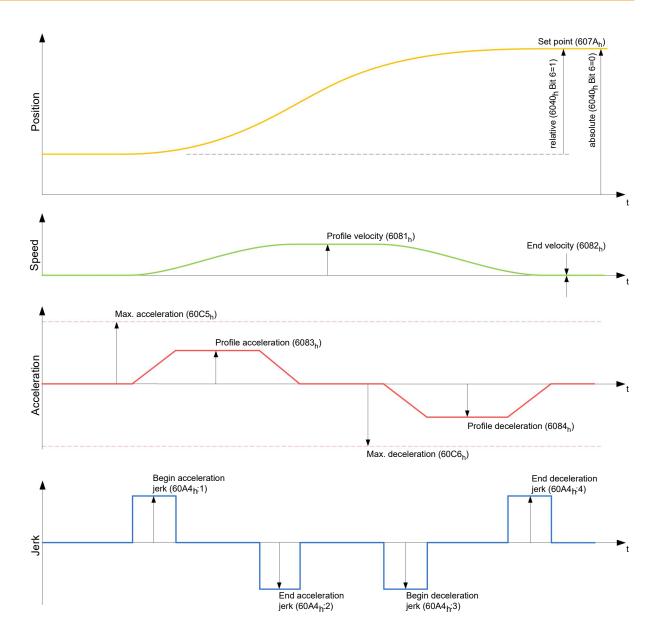


#### Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).







# 6.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

#### Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

#### Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object  $6086_h$  to "3". The entries for the jerks in subindices :1<sub>h</sub>-4<sub>h</sub> of object 60A4 thereby become valid.

#### Non-jerk-limited mode

A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object 6086<sub>h</sub> is set to "0" (default setting).

# 6.2 Velocity

### 6.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the *Profile Velocity Mode*, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.



#### Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

### 6.2.2 Activation

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{f}}}$ 

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

### 6.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor
accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor
brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.

### 6.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

• Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.

### 6.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

• **604C**<sub>h</sub> (Dimension Factor):

The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects. If subindices 1 and 2 are set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per minute. Otherwise, subindex 1 contains the multiplier and subindex 2 the divisor of the fraction by which the

speed values are multiplied in revolutions per second to calculate the desired user unit, see **Userdefined units**. Object **2060**<sub>h</sub> is used to select whether the revolutions are electrical (**2060**<sub>h</sub> = 0) or mechanical (**2060**<sub>h</sub> = 1).

- 6042<sub>h</sub>: Target Velocity.
  The target speed is set here in user-defined is
- The target speed is set here in user-defined units.
- 6048<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Acceleration
   This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

VL velocity acceleration =  $\frac{\text{Delta speed (6048}_{h}:1)}{\text{Delta time (6048}_{h}:2)}$ 

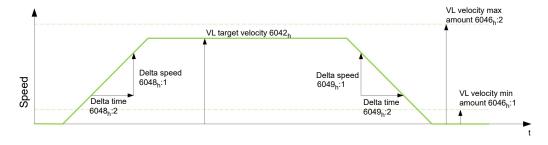
- 6049<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Deceleration): This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object 6048<sub>h</sub>; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.
- **6046**<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Min Max Amount): The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object. The minimum speed is set in **6046**<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub>. If the target speed (**6042**<sub>h</sub>) falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed **6046**<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub>. The maximum speed is set in **6046**<sub>h</sub>:2<sub>h</sub>. If the target speed (**6042**<sub>h</sub>) exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed **6046**<sub>h</sub>:2<sub>h</sub>.
- 604A<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Quick Stop): This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object 6048<sub>h</sub>.

The following objects can be used to check the function:

- 6043<sub>h</sub> (VI Velocity Demand)
- **6044**<sub>h</sub> (VI Velocity Actual Value)

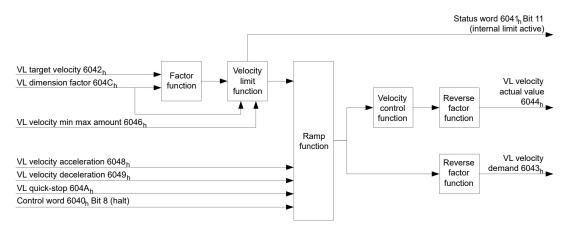


#### **Speeds in Velocity Mode**



#### **Objects for Velocity Mode**

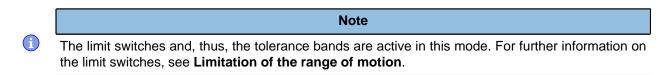
The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> is set (internal limit active).



# **6.3 Profile Velocity**

### 6.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps.



### 6.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "3" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

### 6.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.

### 6.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:



• Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).

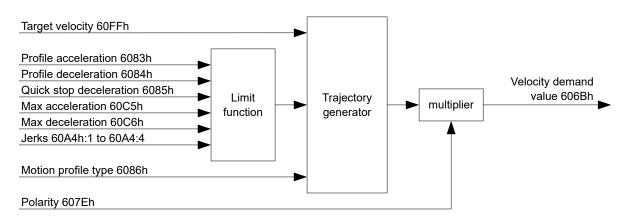
6041 <sub>h</sub> Bit 10	6040 <sub>h</sub> Bit 8	Description
0	0	Target speed not reached
0	1	Axis braking
1	0	Target speed within target window (defined in <b>606D</b> <sub>h</sub> h and <b>606E</b> <sub>h</sub> )
1	1	Axis speed is 0

# 6.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 606B<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Demand Value): This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the speed controller.
- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value): Indicates the current actual speed.
- 606D<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Window): This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 606E<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Window Time): This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see 606D<sub>h</sub> "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 607E<sub>h</sub> (Polarity): If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.
- 6083<sub>h</sub> (Profile acceleration): Sets the value for the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode.
- 6084<sub>h</sub> (Profile Deceleration): Sets the value for the deceleration ramp in Velocity Mode.
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick Stop Deceleration): Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking in Velocity Mode.
- 6086<sub>h</sub> (Motion Profile Type): The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).
- **60FF**<sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity): Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.

### **Objects in Profile Velocity Mode**



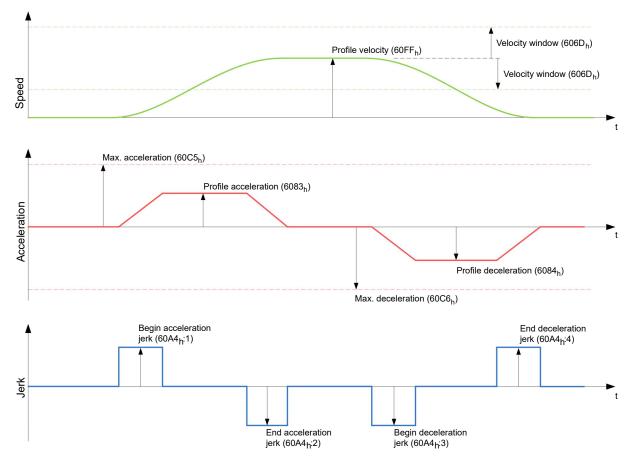


### Activation

After the mode is selected in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**") is switched to *Operation enabled*, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object **60FF**<sub>h</sub> (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

### Limitations in the jerk-limited case

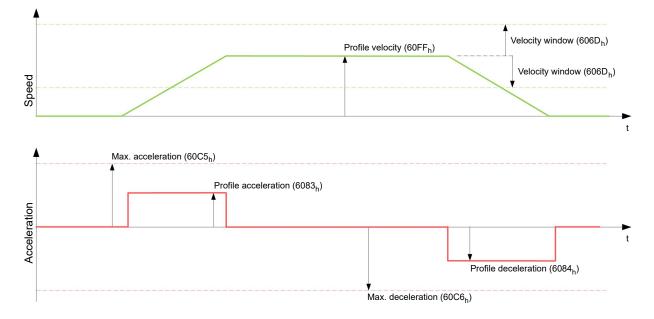
The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case ( $6086_h = 3$ ).



### Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case ( $6086_h = 0$ ).

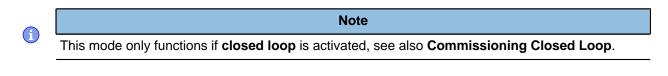




# 6.4 Profile Torque

# 6.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.



The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

Note

# 6.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

# 6.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. If this bit is set from "1" to "0", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from "0" to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.

# 6.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque (6077h Torque Actual Value) is within a tolerance window (203Dh Torque Window) for a specified time (203Eh Torque Window Time).



6040 <sub>h</sub> Bit 8	6041 <sub>h</sub> Bit 10	Description
0	0	Specified torque not reached
0	1	Specified torque reached
1	0	Axis accelerated
1	1	Axis speed is 0

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque (6071<sub>h</sub>) exceeds the maximum torque entered in 6072<sub>h</sub>.

# 6.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current  $(203B_h:01_h)$ . This includes the objects:

- **6071**<sub>h</sub> (Target Torque): Target torque
- 6072<sub>h</sub> (Max Torque): Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)
- 6074<sub>h</sub> (Torque Demand): Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller
- 6087<sub>h</sub> (Torque Slope): Max. change in torque per second

Note

These values are not limited to 100% of the rated current  $(203B_h:01_h)$ . Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration of the peak current  $(203B_h:02_h)$  is set (see **I2t Motor overload protection**). All torque objects are limited by the peak current.

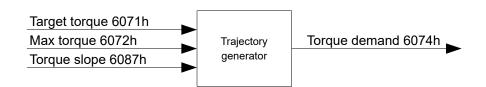
The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

• **3202**<sub>h</sub> Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):

If this bit is set to "0", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in object **2032**<sub>h</sub> and the controller can operate in field weakening mode.

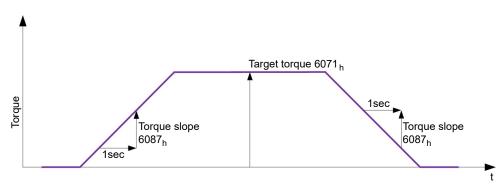
If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.

#### Objects of the ramp generator





#### **Torque curve**



# 6.5 Homing

### 6.5.1 Overview

#### Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

### Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object  $6060_h$  (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/ O configuration (see "**Digital inputs and outputs**").

### Controlword

The following bits in object 6040<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 4: If the bit is set to "1", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference position is reached or bit 4 is reset to "0".

#### Statusword

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description
0	0	0	Homing is performed
0	0	1	Homing is interrupted or not started
0	1	0	Homing confirmed, but target not yet reached
0	1	1	Homing completed
1	0	0	Error during homing, motor still turning
1	0	1	Error during homing, motor at standstill

The following bits in object  $\mathbf{6041}_h$  (statusword) have a special function:

# **Object entries**

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

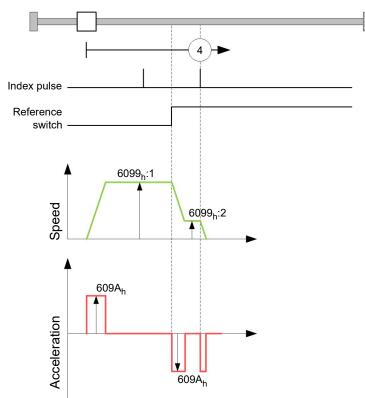
- 607C<sub>h</sub> (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units.
- 6098<sub>h</sub> (Homing Method): Method to be used for referencing (see "Homing method")



- 6099<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Switch): Speed for the search of the switch
- 6099<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Speed During Search For Zero): Speed for the search of the index
- 609A<sub>h</sub> (Homing Acceleration): Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing
- 2056<sub>h</sub> (Limit Switch Tolerance Band): After reaching the positive or negative limit switch, the controller permits a tolerance range in which the motor can continue to run. If this tolerance range is exceeded, the motor stops and the controller switches to the "Fault" state. If limit switches can be actuated during homing, the tolerance range should be selected such that the motor does not exit the tolerance range during braking. Homing cannot otherwise be successfully performed. After homing is completed, the tolerance range can be reset to "0" if this is required by the application.
- 203A<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Minimum Current For Block Detection): Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.
- 203A<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Period Of Blocking): Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

#### Homing speeds

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:



# 6.5.2 Homing method

#### Description

The homing method is written as a number in object  $6098_h$  and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14, 33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.



In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The *limit switch* is located before the respective mechanical block; the *home switch* is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.

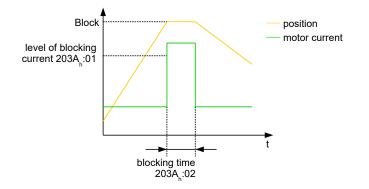
For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

#### Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in *closed loop* mode.

"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

- 1. Current level: In object 203A<sub>h</sub>:01, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
- Blocking duration: In object 203A<sub>h</sub>:02, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.



#### **Overview of methods**

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.

Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

The following methods can be used for homing on block:

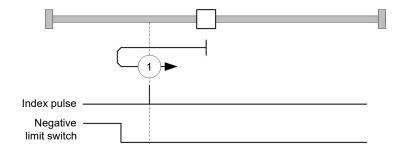
- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse

#### Methods 1 and 2

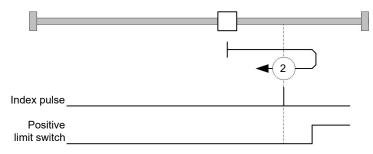
Reference to limit switches and index pulse.

Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:





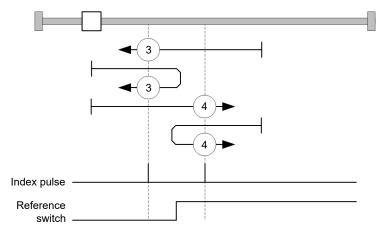
Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:



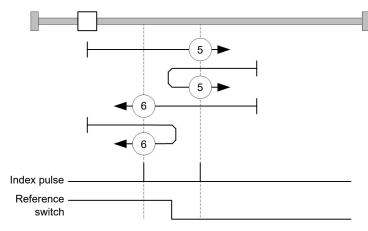
#### Methods 3 to 6

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.

With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 5 and 6, the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



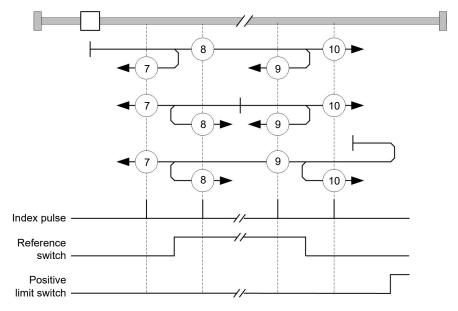
#### Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).

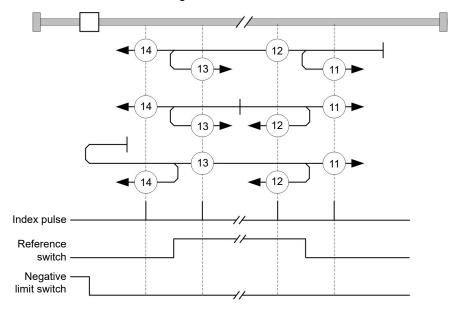


With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:



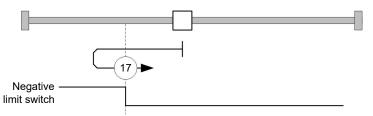
Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:



#### Methods 17 and 18

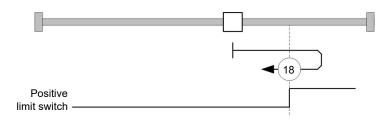
Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.

Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:



Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:

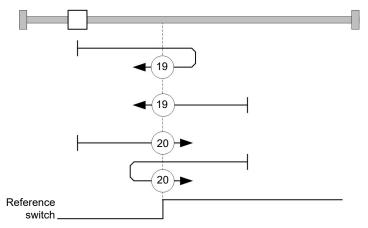




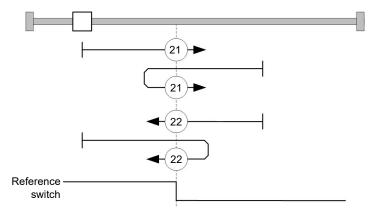
#### Methods 19 to 22

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.

With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



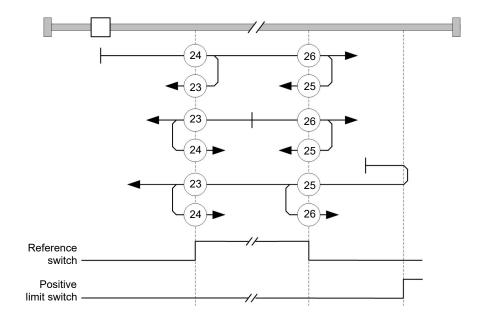
### Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).

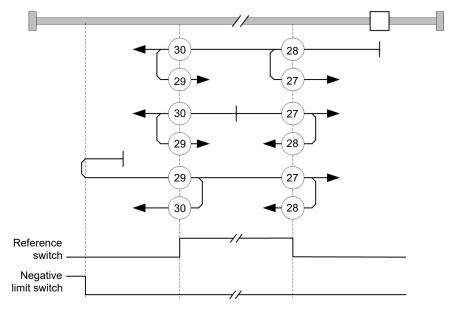
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:





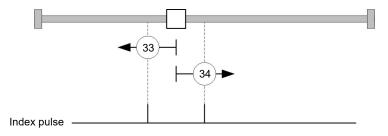
Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:



#### Methods 33 and 34

Reference to the next index pulse.

With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:



#### Method 35

References to the current position.



#### Note

For Homing Mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in *open loop* mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35.

# 6.6 Interpolated Position Mode

## 6.6.1 Overview

#### Description

Interpolated Position Mode is used to synchronize multiple axes. For this purpose, a higher-level controller performs the ramp and path calculation and passes the respective demand position, at which the axis is to be located at a certain time, to the controller. The controller interpolates between these intermediate position points.

Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

#### Synchronization with the SYNC object

For Interpolated Position Mode, it is necessary that the controller synchronizes with the SYNC object (depending on the fieldbus). This SYNC object is to be sent by the higher-level controller in regular intervals. Synchronization occurs as soon as the controller is switched to the *Operational* NMT mode.

(i)

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{h}}}$ 

Note

Where possible, it is recommended that a time interval of the SYNC object be used.

## 6.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "7" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

## 6.6.3 Controlword

The following bits in object **6040**<sub>h</sub> (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 activates the interpolation when it is set to "1".
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D<sub>h</sub>.

## 6.6.4 Statusword

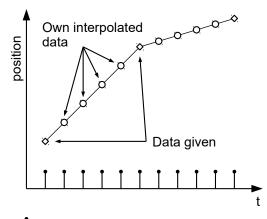
The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Target position reached: This bit is set to "1" if the target position was reached (if the halt bit in the controlword is "0") or the axis has speed 0 (if the halt bit in the last control word was "1").
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D<sub>h</sub>.
- Bit 12 (IP mode active): This bit is set to "1" if interpolation is active.



## 6.6.5 Use

The controller follows a linearly interpolated path between the current position and the preset target position. The (next) target position must be written in record  $60C1_h:01_h$ .



Synchronisation

In the current implementation, only

- linear interpolation
- and a target position

are supported.

## 6.6.6 Setup

The following setup is necessary:

- **60C2**<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>: Time between two passed target positions in ms.
- 60C4<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub>: This object is to be set to "1" to be able to modify the target position in object 60C1<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.
- To be able to turn the motor, the *power state machine* is to be set to the *Operation enabled* state (see CiA 402 Power State Machine)

## 6.6.7 Operation

After setting up, the task of the higher-level controller is to write the target positions to object  $60C1_h:01_h$  in time.

# 6.7 Cyclic Synchronous Position

## 6.7.1 Overview

## Description

In this mode, the controller receives an absolute position preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

The target position is transferred cyclically (via *PDO*). Bit 4 in the controlword does not need to be set (unlike the **Profile Position** mode).



Note

The target is absolute and, thus, independent of how often it was sent per cycle.



#### Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

#### Activation

(f)

To activate the mode, the value "8" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

#### Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword **6040**<sub>h</sub> have no special function.

#### Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of <b>607A</b> <sub>h</sub> (Target Position) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object <b>607A</b> <sub>h</sub> (Target Position) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	No following error
13	1	Following error

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607D<sub>h</sub>.

## 6.7.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607A<sub>h</sub> (Target Position): This object must be written cyclically with the position set value.
- 607B<sub>h</sub> (Position Range Limit): This object contains the preset for an overrun or underrun of the position specification.
- 607D<sub>h</sub> (Software Position Limit): This object defines the limitations within which the position specification (607A<sub>h</sub>) must be located.
- 6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window): This object specifies a tolerance corridor in both the positive and negative direction from the set specification. If the actual position is outside of this corridor for longer than the specified time (6066<sub>h</sub>), a following error is reported.
- 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out): This object specifies the time range in milliseconds. If the actual position is outside of the position corridor (6065<sub>h</sub>) for longer than this time range, a following error is triggered.
- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered.
- 605A<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event
  of a quick-stop.
- 6086<sub>h</sub> (Motion Profile Type):
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 607A<sub>h</sub> in these time intervals.



The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $60C2_h:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02}$  seconds.

60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 6064<sub>h</sub> (Position Actual Value)
- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value)
- **60F4**<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Actual Value)

# 6.8 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity

# 6.8.1 Overview

#### Description

In this mode, the controller passes a speed preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

#### Activation

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{h}}}$ 

To activate the mode, the value "9" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

#### Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword 6040<sub>h</sub> have no special function.

#### Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\mathbf{60FF}_h$ (Target Velocity) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object <b>60FF</b> <sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	Reserved
13	1	Reserved

## 6.8.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

• **60FF**<sub>h</sub> (Target Velocity): This object must be written cyclically with the speed set value.



- 6085<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- **605A**<sub>h</sub> (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 60FF<sub>h</sub> in these time intervals. The following applies here: cycle time = value of 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> \* 10<sup>value of 60C2:02</sup> seconds.
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value)
- **607E**<sub>h</sub> (Polarity)

# 6.9 Cyclic Synchronous Torque

## 6.9.1 Overview

#### Description

In this mode, the controller passes an absolute torque preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.



**(f)** 

#### Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

#### Activation

To activate the mode, the value "10" must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "**CiA 402 Power State Machine**").

#### Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword  $\mathbf{6040}_h$  have no special function.

#### Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of <b>6071</b> <sub>h</sub> (Target Torque) is ignored



Bit	Value	Description
12	1	Controller follows the target; object <b>6071</b> <sub>h</sub> (Target Torque) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	Reserved
13	1	Reserved

# 6.9.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 6071<sub>h</sub> (Target Torque): This object must be written cyclically with the torque set value and is to be set relative to 6072<sub>h</sub>.
- 6072<sub>h</sub> (Max Torque): Describes the maximum permissible torque.
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in 60FF<sub>h</sub> in these time intervals. The following applies here: cycle time = value of 60C2<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> \* 10<sup>value of 60C2:02</sup> seconds.
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.

The following objects can be read in this mode:

• **606C**<sub>h</sub> (Velocity Actual Value)

# 6.10 Clock-direction mode

## 6.10.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal.



## Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

# 6.10.2 Activation

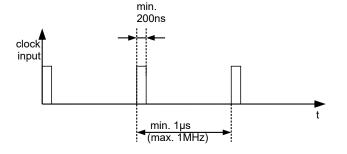
To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

# 6.10.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

• The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns.





• The steps are scaled using objects **2057**<sub>h</sub> and **2058**<sub>h</sub>. The following formula applies here:

step width per pulse = 
$$\frac{2057_{h}}{2058_{h}}$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to 128 ( $2057_h$ =128 and  $2058_h$ =1) ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value "512", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.

#### Note

For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.

In *clock-direction mode*, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, 12 (=4\*3) full steps correspond to one revolution.

**f** 

6

If there is a change of direction, a time of at least 35 µs must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.

Note

## 6.10.4 Statusword

The following bits in object **6041**<sub>h</sub> (statusword) have a special function:

 Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and 6066<sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out)).

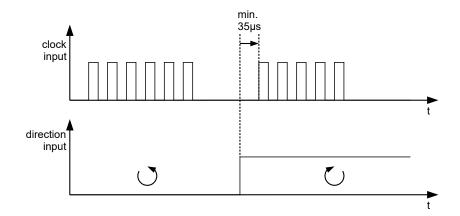
## 6.10.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

#### **Clock-direction mode (TR mode)**

To activate the mode, object **205B**<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).

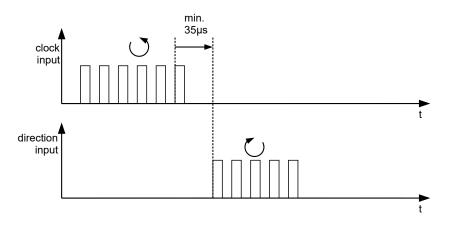




## Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B<sub>h</sub> must be set to the value "1".

In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).



# 6.11 Auto setup

## 6.11.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an auto setup is performed. **Closed Loop** operation requires a successfully completed *auto setup*. *Auto setup* is only to be performed once during commissioning as long as the motor connected to the controller is not changed. For details, see the corresponding section in chapter **Commissioning**.

#### Note

The limit switches and, thus, the tolerance bands are active in this mode. For further information on the limit switches, see **Limitation of the range of motion**.

# 6.11.2 Activation

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (=" $FE_h$ ") must be set in object **6060**<sub>h</sub> (Modes Of Operation) (see **CiA 402 Power State Machine**).



# 6.11.3 Controlword

The following bits in object  $6040_h$  (controlword) have a special function:

• Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".

## 6.11.4 Statusword

The following bits in object  $6041_h$  (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded



# **7 Special functions**

# 7.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with digital inputs and outputs.

# 7.1.1 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., **60FDh Digital Inputs** or **60FEh Digital Outputs**):

- 1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
- 2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31.

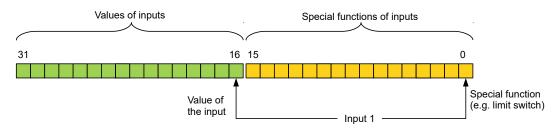
#### Example

To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in 60FE<sub>h</sub>.

To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1, set bit 0 in  $3240_h:01_h$ ; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in  $60FD_h$ . Bit 16 in  $60FD_h$  also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).

This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

Bits of any object for controlling inputs



# 7.1.2 Digital inputs

#### **Overview**

The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:



Input	Special function	Switching threshold switchable	Differential / single-ended
1	Negative limit switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <b>3240</b> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
2	Positive limit switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <b>3240</b> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
3	Home switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <b>3240</b> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
4	None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <b>3240</b> <sub>h</sub> :06 <sub>h</sub> )	single-ended
5	None	no, 5 V to 24 V wide range input	single-ended
6	None	no, 5 V to 24 V wide range input	single-ended

## **Object entries**

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.

• **3240**<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- Bit 2: Home switch

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in  $3240_h:01_h$  must be set to "1".

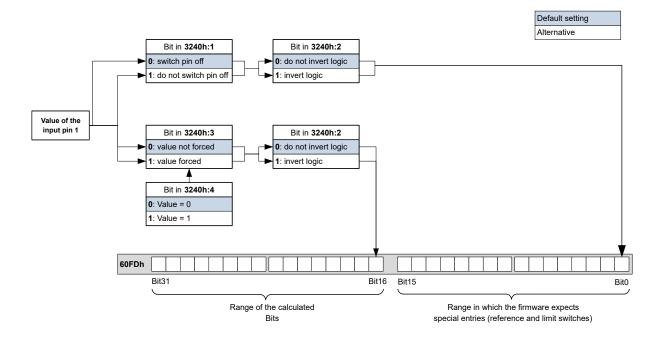
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Function Inverted): This bit switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD<sub>h</sub>) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0"). This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> (Force Enable): This bit switches on the software simulation of input values if it is set to "1". In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>, but rather the set values for the respective input.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>.
- **3240**<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- **60FD**<sub>h</sub> (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

#### **Computation of the inputs**

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1:

The value at bit 0 of object  $60FD_h$  is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.





## **Input Routing**

## Principle

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called *Input Routing Mode*. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object **60FD**<sub>h</sub>.



## Activation

This mode is activated by setting object **3240**<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable) to 1.

G

**(f)** 

Entries **3240**<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> to **3240**:04<sub>h</sub> then have **no** function until Input Routing is again switched off.

Note

Note

If *Input Routing* is switched on, the initial values of **3242**<sub>h</sub> are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of *Input Routing*. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of *Input Routing*. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and *Input Routing*.

## Routing

Object  $3242_h$  determines which signal source is routed to which bit of **60FD**<sub>h</sub>. Subindex  $01_h$  of  $3242_h$  determines bit 0, subindex  $02_h$  determines bit 1, and so forth. You can find the signal sources and their numbers in the following lists.



Numbe	r	
dec	hex	Signal source
00	00	Signal is always 0
01	01	Physical input 1
02	02	Physical input 2
03	03	Physical input 3
04	04	Physical input 4
05	05	Physical input 5
06	06	Physical input 6
07	07	Physical input 7
08	08	Physical input 8
09	09	Physical input 9
10	0A	Physical input 10
11	0B	Physical input 11
12	0C	Physical input 12
13	0D	Physical input 13
14	0E	Physical input 14
15	0F	Physical input 15
16	10	Physical input 16
65	41	Hall input "U"
66	42	Hall input "V"
67	43	Hall input "W"
68	44	Encoder input "A"
69	45	Encoder input "B"
70	46	Encoder input "Index"
72	48	"Ethernet active" status

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

Numbe	Number		
dec	hex	Signal source	
128	80	Signal is always 1	
129	81	Inverted physical input 1	
130	82	Inverted physical input 2	
131	83	Inverted physical input 3	
132	84	Inverted physical input 4	
133	85	Inverted physical input 5	
134	86	Inverted physical input 6	
135	87	Inverted physical input 7	
136	88	Inverted physical input 8	
137	89	Inverted physical input 9	
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10	
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11	
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12	
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13	
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14	



Numbe	Number		
dec	hex	Signal source	
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15	
144	90	Inverted physical input 16	
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"	
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"	
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"	
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"	
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"	
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"	
200	C8	"Ethernet active" inverted status	

#### Example

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object 60FD<sub>h</sub>:

The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in  $3242_h$ :11<sub>h</sub>.

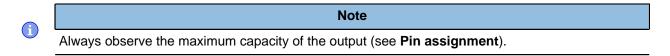
Hence, object  $3242_h:11_h$  must be set to the value "1".

# 7.1.3 Digital outputs

#### **Outputs**

The outputs are controlled via object  $60FE_h$ . Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object  $60FE_h$ , output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15. The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0, which controls the motor brake.

#### Wiring

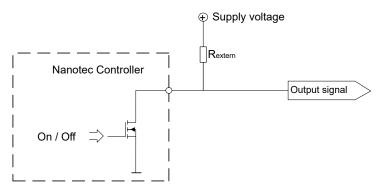


The outputs are implemented as open drain. Hence, an external voltage supply is always necessary.

#### Example

The digital output signal should continue to be used. For this purpose, a circuit as shown in the following figure is to be realized.

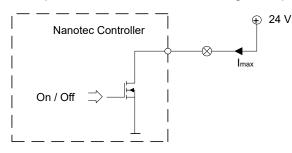




With a supply voltage of +24 V, a resistance value  $R_{external}$  of 10 k $\Omega$  is recommended.

#### Example

A simple load is to be used with the digital output.



#### **Object entries**

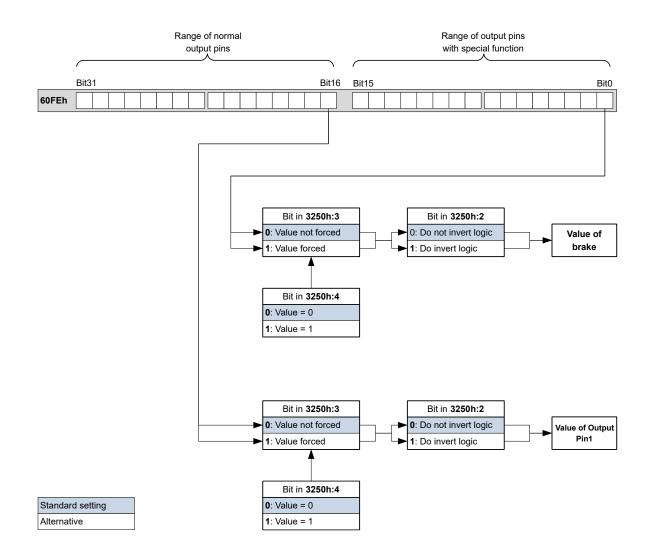
Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

- **3250**<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>: No function.
- **3250**<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>: This is used to switch the logic from *normally open* to *normally closed*. Configured as *normally open*, the input outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the *normally closed* configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object **60FE**<sub>h</sub>.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>: If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object 3250<sub>h</sub>:4<sub>h</sub>; this is also possible for the brake output.
- 3250<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>: The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if
  manual control of the output is activated by means of object 3250<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>.
- **3250**<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub>: This object has no function and is included for reasons of compatibility.

## **Computation of the outputs**

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:





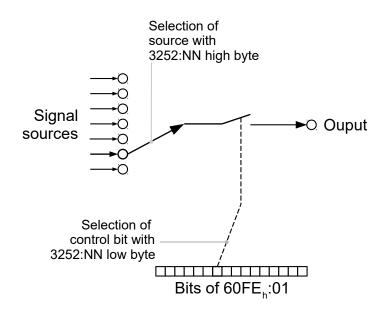
## **Output Routing**

#### Principle

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object  $60FE_h:01_h$  switches the signal on or off.

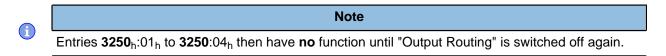
The source is selected with  $3252_h:01$  to 05 in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8). The assignment of a control bit from object  $60FE_h:01_h$  is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0) of  $3252_h:01_h$  to 05 (see following figure).





#### Activation

This mode is activated by setting object **3250**<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> (Routing Enable) to 1.



## Routing

(i)

The subindex of object  $3252_h$  determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

Subindex 3252 <sub>h</sub>	Output Pin
01 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of the brake output (if available)
02 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 1
03 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 2 (if available)
04 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 3 (if available)
05 <sub>h</sub>	Configuration of output 4 (if available)

#### Note

The maximum output frequency of the brake output, output 1 and output 2 is 10 kHz. All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz.

Subindices  $3252_h:01_h$  to  $05_h$  are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e.g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object  $60FE_h:01$ .

Bit 7 of  $3252_h:01_h$  to 05 inverts the controller from object  $60FE_h:01$ . Normally, value "1" in object  $60FE_h:01$  switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value "0" switches on the signal.

Number in 3252:01 to 05	
00XX <sub>h</sub>	Output is always "1"



Number in 3252:01 to 05	
01XX <sub>h</sub>	Output is always "0"
02XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 1
03XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 2
04XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 4
05XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 8
06XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 16
07XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 32
08XX <sub>h</sub>	Encoder signal (6063 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 64
09XX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 1
0AXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 2
0BXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 4
0CXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 8
0DXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 16
0EXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 32
0FXX <sub>h</sub>	Position Actual Value (6064 <sub>h</sub> ) with frequency divider 64
10XX <sub>h</sub>	PWM signal that is configured with object ${f 2038}_h{:}05_h$ and $06_h$
11XX <sub>h</sub>	Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object <b>2038</b> <sub>h</sub> :05 <sub>h</sub> and 06 <sub>h</sub>

## Example

The encoder signal  $(6063_h)$  is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4. The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object 60FE:01.

- **3250**<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> = 1 (activate routing)
- **3252**<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> = 0405<sub>h</sub> (04XX<sub>h</sub> + 0005<sub>h</sub>) Dabei ist:
- 04XX<sub>h</sub>: Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- 0005<sub>h</sub>: Selection of bit 5 of 60FE:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object 60FE:01.

## Example

The PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Bit 0 of 60FE:01<sub>h</sub> should be used as control bit.

- **3250**<sub>h</sub>:08<sub>h</sub> = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:03_h = 1080_h (=10XX_h + 0080_h)$ . Where:
  - 10XX<sub>h</sub>: PWM signal
  - 0080h: Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object 60FE:01

# 7.2 Automatic brake control

## 7.2.1 Description

Automatic brake control is activated if the controller is switched to the *Operation enabled* state of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine**; the brake otherwise always remains closed.

The brake output of the controller results in a PWM signal that can be adjusted with respect to frequency and duty cycle.



For information on the interaction of the brake with the motor stopping behavior, see also chapter **Power State machine – halt motion reactions**.

# 7.2.2 Activation and connection

The brake can be controlled either automatically or manually:

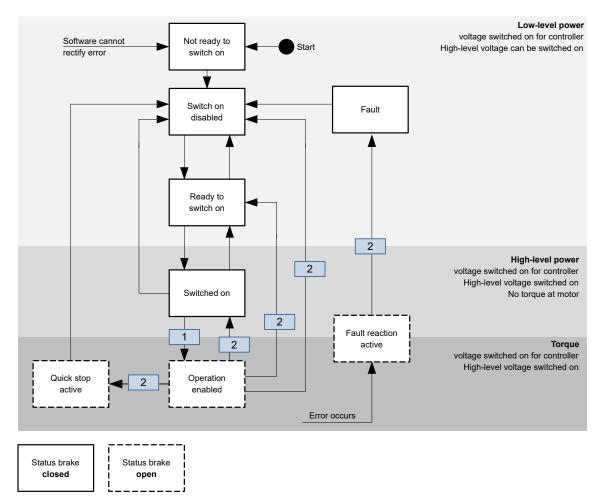
- Automatic: Setting bit 2 of object **3202**<sub>h</sub> to "1" activates the brake control.
- Manual: Setting bit 2 of object 3202<sub>h</sub> to "0" deactivates the brake control; the brake can now be controlled with bit 0 in object 60FE<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

#### Connection

The brake output is located on connector X4 (see chapter Connector X4 – brake connection)

## 7.2.3 Brake control

The following graphic shows the states of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** together with the states of the brake for the automatic mode.



The following steps are performed on the transition, which is marked with 1:

- **1.** The motor current is switched on.
- 2. The time stored in 2038<sub>h</sub>:3<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake releases.
- **4.** The time stored in  $2038_h$ :4<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The Operation enabled state is reached, the motor controller can perform travel commands.

The following steps are performed on all transitions that are marked with 2:



- 1. The motor is brought to a standstill.
- 2. The time stored in 2038<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub> is allowed to elapse.
- **3.** The brake is activated.
- 4. The time stored in  $2038_h:2_h$  is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The motor current is switched off.

# 7.2.4 Brake PWM

The switched-on brake generates a PWM signal at the output of the controller that can be adjusted with respect to duty cycle and frequency. If an output pin without PWM is needed, a duty cycle of 100 percent can be set.

Note

The *Brake* + pin of the brake output is internally connected to the voltage supply of the controller.

If the operating voltage of the brake is greater than the supply voltage of the controller, you cannot use the brake output of the controller; you must supply the brake externally.

If the supply voltage of the controller is greater than the operating voltage of the brake (and up to 48 V DC), it is recommended that the PWM controller from Nanotec with order designation *EB-BRAKE-48V* be used and the duty cycle of the controller brake output be set to "100".

## Frequency

The frequency of the brake PWM can be set in object  $2038_h:5_h$ . The unit is Hertz; a value greater than 2000 is not possible.

(i)

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

#### Note

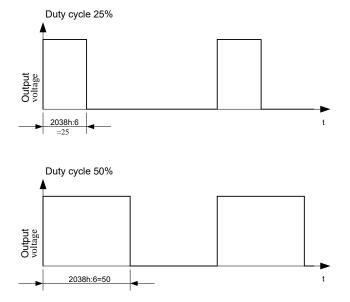
If the PWM signal of the brake causes interfering noise, it can be eliminated by connecting a 47  $\mu$ F ... 100  $\mu$ F capacitor in parallel at the brake output.

## Duty cycle

The duty cycle – the ratio of pulse to period duration – is set in  $2038_h:6_h$ . The value is a percentage and can be selected between 2 and 100. With a value of 100, the output pin is permanently switched on.

In the following figure, example duty cycles of 25 and 50 percent are shown, whereby the frequency is held constant.





# 7.3 I<sup>2</sup>t Motor overload protection

# 7.3.1 Description

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using I<sup>2</sup>t with stepper motors.

Note

The goal of I<sup>2</sup>t motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.

This function is only available if the controller is in the **closed loop mode** (bit 0 of object  $3202_h$  must be set to "1").

There is an exception: If I<sup>2</sup>t is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is limited to the set rated current, even if the set maximum current is larger. This function was implemented for safety reasons so that one can switch from *closed loop* mode with very high, brief maximum current to *open loop* mode without damaging the motor.

# 7.3.2 Object entries

The following objects affect I<sup>2</sup>t motor overload protection:

- 2031<sub>h</sub>: Peak Current specifies the maximum current in mA.
- **203B**<sub>h</sub>:1<sub>h</sub> Nominal Current specifies the rated current in mA.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:2<sub>h</sub> Maximum Duration Of Peak Current specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.

The following objects indicate the current state of  $I^2t$ :

- 203B<sub>h</sub>:3<sub>h</sub> Threshold specifies the limit in mAs that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 203B<sub>h</sub>:4<sub>h</sub> CalcValue specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- $203B_h:5_h$  LimitedCurrent shows the momentary current value that was set by  $l^2t$ .
- **203B**<sub>h</sub>:6<sub>h</sub> Status:
  - Value = "0": I<sup>2</sup>t deactivated
  - Value = "1": I<sup>2</sup>t activated



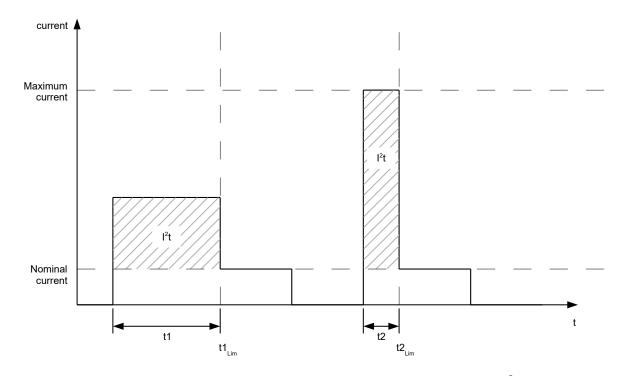
# 7.3.3 Activation

*Closed loop* must be activated, (bit 0 of object  $3202_h$  set to "1", see also chapter **Closed Loop**). To activate the mode, the three object entries mentioned above ( $2031_h$ ,  $203B_h$ :1, $_h$   $203B_h$ :2, $_h$ ) must have been appropriately specified. This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the l<sup>2</sup>t functionality remains deactivated.

# 7.3.4 Function of I<sup>2</sup>t

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an I<sup>2</sup>t<sub>Lim</sub> is calculated.

The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated  $I^2 t_{Lim}$  is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current.



The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagram.

In the first section, t1, the current value is higher than the rated current. At time  $t1_{Lim}$ ,  $I^2t_{Lim}$  is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for  $I^2t_{Lim}$  is reached more quickly than in time t1.

# 7.4 Saving objects

	Note
<b>i</b>	Improper use of the function can result in it no longer being possible to start the controller. Therefore, carefully read the entire chapter before using the function.

# 7.4.1 General

Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.



Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as *categories*) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following *categories*:

- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Customer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, *Closed/Open Loop...*). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.

If an object is not assigned one of these *categories*, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.

The objects in each *category* are listed below. In chapter **Description of the object dictionary**, the corresponding *category* for each object is also specified.

# 7.4.2 Category: communication

- **1600**<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter
- **1601**<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter
- 1602<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter
- 1603<sub>h</sub>: Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter
- 1A00<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter
- **1A01**<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter
- 1A02<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter
- **1A03**<sub>h</sub>: Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter
- 1C12<sub>h</sub>: Sync Manager PDO Assignment
- 1C13<sub>h</sub>: Sync Manager PDO Assignment
- 2010<sub>h</sub>: IP-Configuration
- **2011**<sub>h</sub>: Static-IPv4-Address
- 2012<sub>h</sub>: Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
- 2102<sub>h</sub>: Fieldbus Module Control

## 7.4.3 Category: application

- 2033<sub>h</sub>: Plunger Block
- 2034<sub>h</sub>: Upper Voltage Warning Level
- 2035<sub>h</sub>: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- **2036**<sub>h</sub>: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- 2037<sub>h</sub>: Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- 2038<sub>h</sub>: Brake Controller Timing
- 203A<sub>h</sub>: Homing On Block Configuration
- 203D<sub>h</sub>: Torque Window
- 203E<sub>h</sub>: Torque Window Time
- 2056<sub>h</sub>: Limit Switch Tolerance Band
- 2057<sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Multiplier
- 2058<sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Divider
- 205B<sub>h</sub>: Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- 2060<sub>h</sub>: Compensate Polepair Count
- **2061**<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Numerator
- 2062<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Denominator
- 2063<sub>h</sub>: Acceleration Numerator
- 2064<sub>h</sub>: Acceleration Denominator



- 2065<sub>h</sub>: Jerk Numerator
- 2066<sub>h</sub>: Jerk Denominator
- **2084**<sub>h</sub>: Bootup Delay
- 2300<sub>h</sub>: NanoJ Control
- 2303<sub>h</sub>: Number Of Active User Program
- 2304<sub>h</sub>: Table Of Available User Programs
- 2410<sub>h</sub>: NanoJ Init Parameters
- 2800<sub>h</sub>: Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- 320A<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Sensor Display Open Loop
- 320B<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Sensor Display Closed Loop
- 3210<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Parameter Set
- 3212<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Flags
- 3221<sub>h</sub>: Analogue Inputs Control
- **3240**<sub>h</sub>: Digital Inputs Control
- 3242<sub>h</sub>: Digital Input Routing
- 3250<sub>h</sub>: Digital Outputs Control
- **3252**<sub>h</sub>: Digital Output Routing
- 3321<sub>h</sub>: Analogue Input Offset
- **3322**<sub>h</sub>: Analogue Input Pre-scaling
- **3700**<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Option Code
- 4013<sub>h</sub>: HW Configuration
- 6040<sub>h</sub>: Controlword
- 6042<sub>h</sub>: VI Target Velocity
- 6046<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Min Max Amount
- 6048<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Acceleration
- 6049<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Deceleration
- 604A<sub>h</sub>: VI Velocity Quick Stop
- 604C<sub>h</sub>: VI Dimension Factor
- 605A<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Option Code
- **605B**<sub>h</sub>: Shutdown Option Code
- **605C**<sub>h</sub>: Disable Option Code
- 605D<sub>h</sub>: Halt Option Code
- 605E<sub>h</sub>: Fault Option Code
- **6060**<sub>h</sub>: Modes Of Operation
- 6065<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Window
- 6066<sub>h</sub>: Following Error Time Out
- 6067<sub>h</sub>: Position Window
- 6068<sub>h</sub>: Position Window Time
- 606D<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Window
- 606E<sub>h</sub>: Velocity Window Time
- 6071<sub>h</sub>: Target Torque
- 6072<sub>h</sub>: Max Torque
- 607A<sub>h</sub>: Target Position
- 607B<sub>h</sub>: Position Range Limit
- 607C<sub>h</sub>: Home Offset
- 607D<sub>h</sub>: Software Position Limit
- 607E<sub>h</sub>: Polarity
- 6081<sub>h</sub>: Profile Velocity
- 6082<sub>h</sub>: End Velocity
- **6083**<sub>h</sub>: Profile Acceleration
- 6084<sub>h</sub>: Profile Deceleration
- 6085<sub>h</sub>: Quick Stop Deceleration
- 6086<sub>h</sub>: Motion Profile Type



- 6087<sub>h</sub>: Torque Slope
- 608F<sub>h</sub>: Position Encoder Resolution
- 6091<sub>h</sub>: Gear Ratio
- 6092<sub>h</sub>: Feed Constant
- 6098<sub>h</sub>: Homing Method
- 6099<sub>h</sub>: Homing Speed
- **609A**<sub>h</sub>: Homing Acceleration
- 60A4<sub>h</sub>: Profile Jerk
- 60C1<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Data Record
- 60C2<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Time Period
- **60C4**<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation Data Configuration
- **60C5**<sub>h</sub>: Max Acceleration
- 60C6<sub>h</sub>: Max Deceleration
- 60F2<sub>h</sub>: Positioning Option Code
- 60FE<sub>h</sub>: Digital Outputs
- **60FF**<sub>h</sub>: Target Velocity

## 7.4.4 Category: customer

• 2701<sub>h</sub>: Customer Storage Area

# 7.4.5 Category: drive

• 3202<sub>h</sub>: Motor Drive Submode Select

# 7.4.6 Category: tuning

- **2030**<sub>h</sub>: Pole Pair Count
- 2031<sub>h</sub>: Maximum Current
- 2032<sub>h</sub>: Maximum Speed
- 203B<sub>h</sub>: I2t Parameters
- **2050**<sub>h</sub>: Encoder Alignment
- 2051<sub>h</sub>: Encoder Optimization
- 2052<sub>h</sub>: Encoder Resolution
- **2059**<sub>h</sub>: Encoder Configuration

# 7.4.7 Starting the save process

1

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{h}}}$ 

## CAUTION

The motor must be at a standstill during the save process and may not be started up while saving.

# Note

- The fieldbus function may be affected while saving.
- Saving may take a few seconds. Under no circumstances may you interrupt the voltage supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
  - Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object **1010**<sub>h</sub>.



There is a subindex in object  $1010_h$  for each *category*. To save all objects of this *category*, the value "65766173<sub>h</sub>" must be written in the subindex. <sup>1</sup> The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".

The following table shows which subindex of object **1010**<sub>h</sub> is responsible for which *category*.

Subindex	Category
01 <sub>h</sub>	All categories
02 <sub>h</sub>	Communication
03 <sub>h</sub>	Application
04 <sub>h</sub>	Customer
05 <sub>h</sub>	Drive
06 <sub>h</sub>	Tuning

## 7.4.8 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one *category* of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C<sub>h</sub>" must be written in object **1011**<sub>h</sub>. <sup>2</sup> The following subindices correspond to a *category* here:

Subindex	Category
01 <sub>h</sub>	All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of category $06_h$ (Tuning)
02 <sub>h</sub>	Communication
03 <sub>h</sub>	Application
04 <sub>h</sub>	Customer
05 <sub>h</sub>	Drive
06 <sub>h</sub>	Tuning

The saved objects are subsequently discarded. After the data have been deleted, the controller automatically restarts.

Objects of *category*  $06_h$  (Tuning) are determined by **Auto setup** and are not reset when resetting to factory settings with subindex  $01_h$  (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto setup). You can reset these objects with subindex  $06_h$ .

Note

# 7.4.9 Verifying the configuration

Object **1020**<sub>h</sub> can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object  $1020_h$  can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with  $1010_h$ :01.

The entries of  $1020_h$  are reset to "0" as soon as a savable object (including  $1010_h$ :0x,<sub>h</sub> except for  $1010_h$ :01<sub>h</sub> and  $1020_h$ ) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This corresponds to the decimal of  $1702257011_d$  or the ASCII string save.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This corresponds to the decimal of  $1684107116_d$  or the ASCII string load.



- 1. An external tool or master configures the controller.
- 2. The tool or master sets the value in object 1020<sub>h</sub>.
- **3.** The tool or master activates the saving of all objects  $1010_h:01_h = 65766173_h$ . The date and time in object  $1020_h$  are also saved.

After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in  $1020_h:01_h$  and  $1020:01_h$ . If one of the values is "0", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in 1020 does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.



# 8 EtherCAT

EtherCAT references: www.ethercat.org.

- ETG. 1000.1 Overview, Date: 03.01.2013, Version 1.0.3
- ETG. 1000.2 Physical Layer service and protocol specification, Date: 03.01.2013, Version 1.0.3
- ETG. 1000.3 Data Link Layer service definition, Date: 03.01.2013, Version 1.0.3
- ETG. 1000.4 Data-link layer protocol specification, Date: 03.01.2013, Version 1.0.3
- ETG. 1000.5 Application layer service definition, Date: 03.01.2013, Version 1.0.3
- ETG. 1000.6 Application layer protocol specification, Date: 03.01.2013, Version 1.0.3
- ETG. 1300 Indicator and Labeling specification, Date: 11.11.2014, Version 1.1.0.2



# 9 Programming with NanoJ

*NanoJ* is a programming language similar to *C* or *C*++. NanoJ is integrated in the *Plug* & *Drive Studio* software. You can find further information in document *Plug* & *Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at **us.nanotec.com**.

# 9.1 NanoJ program

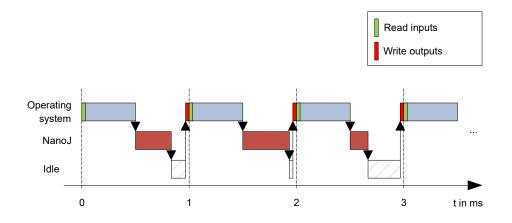
A *NanoJ program* makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a *NanoJ program* is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

If the *NanoJ program* was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted.

## 9.1.1 Available computing time

A *NanoJ program* receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only approx. 30% - 50% of computing time is available to the user program (depending on operating mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the <code>yield()</code> function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the <code>yield()</code> function.



If the *NanoJ program* needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.

Tip When developing user programs, the runtime behavior must be carefully examined, especially for more time-intensive tasks. For example, it is therefore recommended that tables be used instead of calculating a sine value using a sin function.



#### Note

If the *NanoJ program* does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number 4 is entered in the statusword for object 2301<sub>h</sub>; in the error register for object 2302<sub>h</sub>, the number 5 (timeout) is noted, see **2301h NanoJ Status** and **2302h NanoJ Error Code**.

# 9.1.2 Sandbox

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{f}}}$ 

Using processor-specific features, a so-called *sandbox* is generated. When used in the sandbox, a user program can only access specially assigned memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an *MPU Fault* and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

## 9.1.3 NanoJ program – communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- · Directly read and write OD values using system calls
- Call other system calls (e.g., write debug output)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via *PDO mapping*. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular C variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- Input mappings can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects  $2310_h$ ,  $2320_h$ , and  $2330_h$ . Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.

Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in *NanoJEasy* via the specification of the *linker section*.

# 9.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

When executing a cycle, the *NanoJ program* essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

- 1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
- 2. Execute a user program
- 3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary

The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.

In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via system calls. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in In/Out/InOut).

-

#### Тір

Nanotec recommends: Map OD entries that are used and changed frequently and use system calls to access OD entries that are used less frequently.

-



A list of available system calls can be found in chapter System calls in a NanoJ program.

Тір
Nanotec recommends accessing a given OD value either by mapping or using a system call with
od write (). If both are used simultaneously, the system call has no effect.

# 9.1.5 NanoJ program – OD entries

The NanoJ program is controlled and configured in object range  $2300_h$  to  $2330_h$  (see **2300h NanoJ Control**).

OD-Index	Name and description
2300 <sub>h</sub>	2300h NanoJ Control
2301 <sub>h</sub>	2301h NanoJ Status
2302 <sub>h</sub>	2302h NanoJ Error Code
2310 <sub>h</sub>	2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection
2320 <sub>h</sub>	2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection
2330 <sub>h</sub>	2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

#### Example:

To select and start the TEST1.USR user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Upload the program file to the *config* directory via an Ethernet connection
- Write value "54455354"<sub>h</sub> (=TEST in ASCII characters) in object 2304<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.
- Write value "31000000"<sub>h</sub> (=1 in ASCII characters) in object **2304**<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>.
- Write value "1"<sub>h</sub> in object **2303**<sub>h</sub>.
- Check entry **2302**<sub>h</sub> for error code.
- If no error: Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300<sub>h</sub>, bit 0 = "1".



(i)

## Note

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

• Check entry 2302<sub>h</sub> for error code and object 2301<sub>h</sub>, bit 0 = "1".

To stop a running program: write entry  $2300_h$  with bit 0 value = "0".

## 9.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction #include "wrapper.h"
- the void user() { } function

The code to be executed can be stored in the void user() function.

Note

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main.cpp is permissible, file name aLongFileName.cpp is not permissible.



#### Note

In the *NanoJ program*, only global variables are permitted and they may only be initialized within code. It then follows:



- No new operator
- No constructors
- No initialization of global variables outside of code

#### Examples:

The global variable is to be initialized within the void user() function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user(){
  i = 1;
  i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment is not correct:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
void user() {
  i += 1;
}
```

## 9.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object 2500<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"
// user program
void user()
{
  U16 counter = 0;
  while(1)
  {
    ++counter;
    if ( counter < 100 )
    InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
    else if ( counter < 200 )
     InOut.outputReg1 = 1;
    else
      counter = 0;
    // yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
    for(U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
      yield();
}// eof
```

You can find other examples at us.nanotec.com

# 9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program



With this method, a variable in the *NanoJ program* is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the #include "wrapper.h" instruction. A comment is permitted above the mapping.

Тір

Nanotec recommends:

- -**@**-
- Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e.g., controlword 6040<sub>h</sub> or statusword 6041<sub>h</sub>.
  - The od\_write() and od\_read() functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see Accessing the object dictionary.

# 9.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Where:

<TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

• <NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

<input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

<INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.

Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: *In*, *Out* or *InOut* depending on the defined write and read direction.

## 9.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
map U08 statusWord as input 0x6041:00
map U08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00
#include "wrapper.h"
void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  U08 tmpVar = In.statusword;
  InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
  [...]
}
```



# 9.2.3 Possible error at od\_write()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od\_write() function (see **System calls in a NanoJ program**) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  [...]
  od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping
  überschrieben
  [...]
}
```

The line with the  $od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5)$ ; command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

- **1.** The od write function writes the value 5 in object  $6040_h:00_h$ .
- **2.** At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object  $6040_h:00_h$ , however, with the value 1.
- 3. From the perspective of the user, the od\_write command thus serves no purpose.

# 9.3 System calls in a NanoJ program

With system calls, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Because direct code execution is only possible in the protected area of the sandbox, this is implemented via so-called *Cortex-Supervisor-Calls* (Svc Calls). An interrupt is triggered when the function is called. The firmware thus has the possibility of temporarily allowing code execution outside of the sandbox. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism – for them, the system calls can be called up like normal C functions. Only the *wrapper.h* file needs to be integrated as usual.

## 9.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od\_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)

This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

index	Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary
value	Value to be written

#### Note

It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with yield() after calling a od\_write(). The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with yield().

#### U32 od\_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)

This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.

 $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{h}}}$ 



index	Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary
Output value	Content of the OD entry

Note

Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield().

#### Example

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```

## 9.3.2 Process control

void yield()

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

void **sleep** (U32 ms)

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.

ms

Time to be waited in milliseconds



## **10 Description of the object dictionary**

## **10.1 Overview**

This chapter contains a description of all objects.

You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- Descriptions of bits
- · Description of the object

### 10.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:

### Function

The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

#### **Object description**

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "**Object description**"

#### Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "**Value description**"

#### Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "**Description**"

### **10.3 Object description**

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:

#### Index

Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

#### **Object name**

The name of the object.

#### **Object Code**

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries – and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries – and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.



• VISIBLE\_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1. These character strings are **not** terminated by a null character.

#### Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

#### Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

#### **Firmware version**

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

### Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

#### Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

#### **PDO mapping**

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

#### **Allowed values**

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

#### **Preset value**

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

## **10.4 Value description**



Note

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.



Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

#### Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

#### Name

Name of the sub-entry.

### Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

#### Access

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

### **PDO mapping**

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

#### Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

#### **Preset value**

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

## **10.5 Description**

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or subentry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

**Example:** The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Exam	ple [4]		Exam	nple [2]	В	A

### Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.



### Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value 00<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "0".
- Value 01<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 is "0" and bit 3 is "1".
- Value 10<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 is "1" and bit 3 is "0".
- Value 11<sub>b</sub>: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "1".

#### В

Description of bit B; no length is specified for a single bit.

### Α

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

## 1000h Device Type

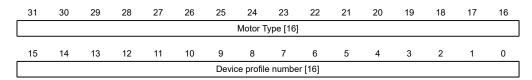
### **Function**

Describes the controller type.

### **Object description**

Object nameDevice TypeObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED32SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed valuesPreset valuePreset value00060192hFirmware versionFIR-v1426Change historyChange history	Index	1000 <sub>h</sub>
Data typeUNSIGNED32Data typenoSavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values	Object name	Device Type
SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values00060192hPreset value00060192hFirmware versionFIR-v1426	Object Code	VARIABLE
Accessread onlyPDO mappingnoAllowed values00060192hPreset value00060192hFirmware versionFIR-v1426	Data type	UNSIGNED32
PDO mappingnoAllowed values00060192hPreset value00060192hFirmware versionFIR-v1426	Savable	no
Allowed values Preset value 00060192 <sub>h</sub> Firmware version FIR-v1426	Access	read only
Preset value00060192hFirmware versionFIR-v1426	PDO mapping	no
Firmware version FIR-v1426	Allowed values	
	Preset value	00060192 <sub>h</sub>
Change history	Firmware version	FIR-v1426
5,	Change history	

### **Description**



### Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "1": Servo drive
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": Stepper motor

### Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.

Values:



0192<sub>h</sub> or 0402<sub>d</sub> (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

## **1001h Error Register**

### **Function**

Error register: The corresponding error bit is set in case of an error. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.

### **Object description**

Index	1001 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Error Register
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **Description**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAN	RES	PROF	COM	TEMP	VOL	CUR	GEN

#### GEN

General error

#### CUR

Current

### VOL

Voltage

#### TEMP

Temperature

#### СОМ

Communication

#### PROF

Relates to the device profile

#### RES

Reserved, always "0"

#### MAN

Manufacturer-specific: The motor turns in the wrong direction.



## 1003h Pre-defined Error Field

### **Function**

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

## **Object description**

Index	1003 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Pre-defined Error Field
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Errors
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32



	read only
Access	read only
PDO mapping Allowed values	no
Allowed values Preset value	0000000
FIESEL VAIUE	0000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
	no
PDO mapping	no
PDO mapping Allowed values	no 00000000 <sub>h</sub>
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	0000000h
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	0000000h 07h
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	00000000h 07h Standard Error Field
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32 read only
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32 read only no
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32 read only
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32 read only no 0000000h
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32 read only no 0000000h 08h
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name	0000000h 07h Standard Error Field UNSIGNED32 read only no 0000000h 0000000h
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	0000000h           07h           Standard Error Field           UNSIGNED32           read only           no           00000000h           00000000h           08h           Standard Error Field           UNSIGNED32
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access	0000000h           07h           Standard Error Field           UNSIGNED32           read only           no           00000000h           00000000h           00000000h           UNSIGNED32           read only           no           UNSIGNED32           read only           no           UNSIGNED32           read only           read only
PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Subindex Name Data type	0000000h           07h           Standard Error Field           UNSIGNED32           read only           no           00000000h           00000000h           08h           Standard Error Field           UNSIGNED32



Preset value

0000000<sub>h</sub>

## Description

### **General function**

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1. The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0. If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code =  $08000024_h$ ) is sent in response. If a "0" is written in subindex 0, counting starts again from the beginning.

### **Bit description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Error Number [8]									Error C	lass [8]				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							Error C	ode [16]							

### Error Number [8]

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

Error number	Description
0	Watchdog-Reset
1	Input voltage too high
2	Output current too high
3	Input voltage too low
4	Error at fieldbus
5	Motor turns – in spite of active block – in the wrong direction
6	CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send nodeguarding request
7	Encoder error due to electrical fault or defective hardware
8	Encoder error; index not found during the auto setup
9	Error in the AB track
10	Positive limit switch and tolerance zone exceeded
11	Negative limit switch and tolerance zone exceeded
12	Device temperature above 80°C
13	The values of object <b>6065</b> <sub>h</sub> (Following Error Window) and object <b>6066</b> <sub>h</sub> (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered.
14	Nonvolatile memory full; controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
15	Motor blocked
16	Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
17	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
18	Hall sensor faulty
19	CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error
20	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
21	Nonvolatile memory full; controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
22	Rated current must be set (203B <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> )



Error number	Description
23	Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are incorrect.
24	Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters.
25	Internal software error, generic
26	Current too high at digital output
27	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length
28	EtherCAT only: The motor was stopped because EtherCAT switched state from OP to either SafeOP or PreOP without first stopping the motor.

### Error Class[8]

This byte is identical to object  $\mathbf{1001}_{h}$ 

### Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

Error Code	Description
1000 <sub>h</sub>	General error
2300 <sub>h</sub>	Current at the controller output too large
3100 <sub>h</sub>	Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input
4200 <sub>h</sub>	Temperature error within the controller
6010 <sub>h</sub>	Software reset (watchdog)
6100 <sub>h</sub>	Internal software error, generic
6320 <sub>h</sub>	Rated current must be set (203B <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> )
7121 <sub>h</sub>	Motor blocked
7305 <sub>h</sub>	Incremental encoder or Hall sensor faulty
7600 <sub>h</sub>	Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for cleanup work
8000 <sub>h</sub>	Error during fieldbus monitoring
8130 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error
8200 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
8210 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error
8220 <sub>h</sub>	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
8611 <sub>h</sub>	Position monitoring error: Following error too large
8612 <sub>h</sub>	Position monitoring error: Limit switch and tolerance zone exceeded
9000 <sub>h</sub>	EtherCAT: Motor running while EtherCAT changes from OP -> SafeOp, PreOP, etc.

# 1008h Manufacturer Device Name

## **Function**

Contains the device name as character string.



## **Object description**

Index	1008 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Manufacturer Device Name
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	• N5-1-1: N5-1-1
	• N5-2-1: N5-2-1
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version**

### **Function**

This object contains the hardware version as character string.

## **Object description**

Index	1009 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Manufacturer Hardware Version	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING	
Savable	no	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426	
Change history		

## **100Ah Manufacturer Software Version**

### **Function**

This object contains the software version as character string.

## **Object description**

Index Object name Object Code Data type 100A<sub>h</sub> Manufacturer Software Version VARIABLE VISIBLE\_STRING



Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FIR-v1650-B527540
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **1010h Store Parameters**

## **Function**

This object is used to start the saving of objects.

## **Object description**

1010 <sub>h</sub>
Store Parameters
ARRAY
UNSIGNED32
no
FIR-v1426
Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from "Store Parameter" to "Store Parameters".
Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 3 to 4.
Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.
Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.

Subindex	00 <sub>b</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	



Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	04	
	04 <sub>h</sub> Seve Customer Decemeters To Non velatile Momery	
Name	Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values	00000001	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>	
	····· II	



Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value " $65766173_h$ " must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of  $1702257011_d$  or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter **Saving objects**.

## **1011h Restore Default Parameters**

## **Function**

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values.

### **Object description**

Index	1011 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Restore Default Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 4.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore All Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Communication Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping Allowed values	no
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Application Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Customer Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Drive Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Restore Tuning Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	

If the value  $64616F6C_h$  (or  $1684107116_d$  or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter **Discarding the saved data**.

## **1018h Identity Object**

### **Function**

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.

Tip



Have these values ready in the event of service inquiries.

## **Object description**

Index	1018 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Identity Object	
Object Code	RECORD	
Data type	IDENTITY	
Savable	no	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426	
Change history		

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Vendor-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	2222220
Preset value	0000026C <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Product Code
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	• N5-1-1: 0000007 <sub>h</sub>
	• N5-2-1: 00000009 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Revision Number
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06720000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Serial Number
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h

## **1020h Verify Configuration**

## **Function**

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.

A network configuration tool or a CANopen manager can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.

The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter **Saving objects**).

## **Object description**



Savable	yes, category: verify
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

## **Value description**

Name       Highest Sub-index Supported         Data type       UNSIGNED8         Access       read only         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       02 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       01 <sub>h</sub> Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       00000000 <sub>h</sub>	<u> </u>								
Data type       UNSIGNED8         Access       read only         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       02h         Subindex       01h         Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       PDO mapping         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h	Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>							
Access       read only         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       02h         Subindex       01h         Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         O0000000h       Image: Note that the second	Name								
PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       02h         Subindex       01h         Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       00000000h	Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Allowed values       02h         Preset value       01h         Subindex       01h         Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h	Access	read only							
Preset value       02h         Subindex       01h         Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       0000000h	PDO mapping	no							
Subindex       01 <sub>h</sub> Name       Configuration Date         Data type       UNSIGNED32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h	Allowed values								
NameConfiguration DateData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000h	Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>							
NameConfiguration DateData typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000h									
Data typeUNSIGNED32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesPreset valuePreset value0000000h	Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     00000000h	Name	Configuration Date							
PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     0000000h	Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Allowed values Preset value 0000000h	Access	read / write							
Preset value 0000000h	PDO mapping	no							
	Allowed values								
Subindex 02 <sub>h</sub>	Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex 02 <sub>b</sub>									
11	Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>							
Name Configuration Time	Name	Configuration Time							
Data type UNSIGNED32	Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access read / write	Access	read / write							
PDO mapping no	PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values	Allowed values								
Preset value 0000000h	Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							

## Description

Subindex  $01_h$  (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984. Subindex  $02_h$  (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

## 1600h Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter

## **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 1).



# **Object description**

Index	1600 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1600h Drive Control" to "1600h Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Drive Control" to "Receive PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Outlinder	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60400010 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	607A0020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
	UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values	
Preset value	32020020 <sub>h</sub>
1 16361 VAIUE	
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60600008 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
	····
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
ו ובסבו אמועב	0000000h



Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]				

### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1601h Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 2).

### **Object description**

Index	1601 <sub>h</sub>						
Object name	Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter						
Object Code	RECORD						
Data type	PDO_MAPPING						
Savable	yes, category: communication						
Firmware version	FIR-v1426						
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1601h Positioning Control" to "1601h Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".						
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Positioning Control" to "Receive PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".						

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>



News	
Name Data tura	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	607A0020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60810020 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	
	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]				

### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1602h Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 3).

### **Object description**

Index

1602<sub>h</sub>



Object name	Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1602h Velocity Control" to "1602h Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Velocity Control" to "Receive PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported								
Data type	JNSIGNED8								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	60420010 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000h								
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>								



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping no								
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000h							
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000h							
Outlinda								
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000h							



# 1603h Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter

## **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can receive (RX-PDO 4).

## **Object description**

Index	1603 <sub>h</sub>						
Object name	Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter						
Object Code	RECORD						
Data type	PDO_MAPPING						
Savable	yes, category: communication						
Firmware version	FIR-v1426						
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1603 Output Control" to "1603h Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".						
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Output Control" to "Receive PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".						

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported								
Data type	UNSIGNED8								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	60420010 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>								



Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	04 <sub>b</sub>								
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped								
	UNSIGNED32								
Data type Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values	0000000								
Preset value	00000000h								
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000h								
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								



Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000h	

# 1A00h Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter

## **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 1).

## **Object description**

Index	1A00 <sub>h</sub>				
Object name	Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter				
Object Code	RECORD				
Data type	PDO_MAPPING				
Savable	yes, category: communication				
Firmware version	FIR-v1426				
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A00h Drive Status" to "1A00h Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".				
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Drive Status" to "Transmit PDO 1 Mapping Parameter".				

Subindex 00 <sub>h</sub>								
Name Highest Sub-index Supported								
Data type UNSIGNED8								
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	60410010 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							



A									
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values	00040000								
Preset value	60640020 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	60610008 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>								
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000h								
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000h								
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>								
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									



Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>						
Name 8th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>						

Each subindex (1-8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Index [16]														
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]								Leng	th [8]					

### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1A01h Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 2).

## **Object description**

Index	1A01 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDO_MAPPING
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A01h Positioning Status" to "1A01h Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".
	Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Positioning Status" to "Transmit PDO 2 Mapping Parameter".



Subindex	00							
	00 <sub>h</sub>							
Name Data tura	Highest Sub-index Supported UNSIGNED8							
Data type								
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	60640020 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000h							
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>							



Name	5th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000h						
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000000h						

Each subindex (1–8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.



## Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1A02h Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter

## **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 3).

## **Object description**

1A02 <sub>h</sub>				
Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter				
RECORD				
PDO_MAPPING				
yes, category: communication				
FIR-v1426				
Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A02h Velocity Status" to "1A02h Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".				
Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Velocity Status" to "Transmit PDO 3 Mapping Parameter".				

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported						
Data type	UNSIGNED8						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	60440010 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						



Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	
	7th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32
Data type	read / write
Access	
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values Preset value	0000000
FIESEL VAIUE	00000000h



Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

Each subindex (1-8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]										Leng	th [8]			

### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 1A03h Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter

### **Function**

This object contains the mapping parameters for PDOs that the controller can send (TX-PDO 4).

## **Object description**

1A03 <sub>h</sub>
Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter
RECORD
PDO_MAPPING
yes, category: communication
FIR-v1426
Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Heading" entry changed from "1A03h Input Status" to "1A03h Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".
Firmware version FIR-v1426: "Object Name" entry changed from "Input Status" to "Transmit PDO 4 Mapping Parameter".

### Value description

Subindex

00<sub>h</sub>



Nome	Lishest Sub index Supported						
Name Data tura	Highest Sub-index Supported UNSIGNED8						
Data type							
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping Allowed values	no						
	02						
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	60FD0020 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	33200120 <sub>h</sub>						
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	33200220 <sub>h</sub>						
Cubinder							
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub> Ath Object To Do Monrod						
Name Data tura	4th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values	0000000						
Preset value	00000000h						
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>						
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h

Each subindex (1-8) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

_	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	
		Index [16]															
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ſ	SubIndex [8]									Length [8]							

### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

### Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.



# 1C00h Sync Manager Communication Type

## **Function**

This object indicates the assignment of the four EtherCAT SyncManagers.

## **Object description**

Index	1C00 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Sync Manager Communication Type
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 5

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Sync Manager Communication Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Sync Manager Communication Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Sync Manager Communication Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Sync Manager Communication Type
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>

The assignment of the SyncManagers is defined by the manufacturer and cannot be changed.

Subindex	Function
/ Syncmanager	
1	Receive mailbox messages
2	Send mailbox messages
3	Receive cyclical process data
4	Send cyclical process data

## 1C12h Sync Manager PDO Assignment

### **Function**

This object lists the activated Rx-PDO mappings (see **1600**<sub>h</sub>) and is written by the EtherCAT master.

Index	1C12 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Sync Manager PDO Assignment
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 5
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".



Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	1600 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value

0000<sub>h</sub>

# 1C13h Sync Manager PDO Assignment

## **Function**

This object lists the activated Tx-PDO mappings (see  $1A00_h$ ) and is written by the EtherCAT master.

## **Object description**

Index	1C13 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Sync Manager PDO Assignment
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: communication
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 5
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "PDO-Mapping Index" to "PDO Mapping Index".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	1A00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>



Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PDO Mapping Index
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>

## 1C32h Output Sync Manager Synchronization

#### **Function**

Located here are the synchronization parameters for Tx-PDO mapping for EtherCAT (see  $1C12_h$ ). These are set by the EtherCAT master.

Index	1C32 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Output Sync Manager Synchronization
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	SYNCMGR_SYNCHRONIZATION
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: communication".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".



Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Synchronization Type
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Cycle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shift Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

## 1C33h Input Sync Manager Synchronization

#### **Function**

Located here are the synchronization parameters for Rx-PDO mapping for EtherCAT (see  $1C13_h$ ). These are set by the EtherCAT master.



# **Object description**

Index	1C33 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Input Sync Manager Synchronization
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	SYNCMGR_SYNCHRONIZATION
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: communication".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Synchronization Type
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Cycle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shift Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

## 1F50h Program Data

#### **Function**

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

## **Object description**

Index	1F50 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Data
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	DOMAIN
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Data Bootloader/firmware	
Data type	DOMAIN	

read / write

no

0

Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values Preset value



Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Data NanoJ	
Data type	DOMAIN	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex Name	03 <sub>h</sub> Program Data DataFlash	
Name	Program Data DataFlash	
Name Data type	Program Data DataFlash DOMAIN	
Name Data type Access	Program Data DataFlash DOMAIN read / write	

## **1F51h Program Control**

### **Function**

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

## **Object description**

Index	1F51 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values		
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Control Bootloader/firmware	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Control NanoJ	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Program Control DataFlash	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

## **1F57h Program Status**

### **Function**

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Index	1F57 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Program Status
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no



Allowed values Preset value		
Firmware version	FIR-v1540	
Change history		

# Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Program Status Bootloader/firmware
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Program Status NanoJ
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Program Status DataFlash
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

## Description



## 2010h IP-Configuration

#### **Function**

This object is used to configure the Ethernet interface.

#### **Object description**

Index	2010 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	IP-Configuration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000E <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
															EXT
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
											OFF	AUTO	DHCP	UPnP	IP

#### IP

Value = "1": A static IP address from object  $2011_h$  is used and the network mask from object  $2012_h$  is used.

#### UPnP

Value = "1": The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) messages are activated

#### DHCP

Value = "1": IP address assignment using a DHCP server is activated

#### AUTO

Value = "1": IP address assignment using the AUTO-IP protocol is activated

#### OFF

Value = "1": The network interface is deactivated

### 2011h Static-IPv4-Address

### **Function**

Contains the static IPv4 address in the form of a 32-bit word.



#### **Object description**

Index	2011 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Static-IPv4-Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	C0A80792 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Static-IP-Address" to "Static-IPv4-Address".

### Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
IP Address Part 1 [8]							IP Address Part 2 [8]								
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IP Address Part 3 [8]									IP	Address	s Part 4	[8]			

#### IP Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the IP address

#### Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

192 => C0<sub>h</sub>

168 => A8<sub>h</sub>

2 => 02<sub>h</sub>

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then COA80200h.



## 2012h Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

#### **Function**

Contains the subnet mask of the static IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

#### **Object description**

Index	2012 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFF00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Static-IP-Subnet-Mask" to "Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask".

### **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]									Sub	onet Mas	sk Part 2	2 [8]		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]									Sub	onet Mas	sk Part 4	1 [8]		

#### Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the subnet mask

#### Example

The class C network mask 255.255.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

255 => FF<sub>h</sub>

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then FFFFF00h.



## 2014h Current-IPv4-Address

#### **Function**

Contains the currently active IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

#### **Object description**

Index	2014 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Current-IPv4-Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Current-IP-Address" to "Current-IPv4-Address".

#### **Description**

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	IP Address Part 1 [8]									IP	Address	s Part 2	[8]		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	IP Address Part 3 [8]									IP	Address	s Part 4	[8]		

#### IP Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the IP address

#### IP Address Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the IP address

#### Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $192 \implies C0_{h}$  $168 \implies A8_{h}$  $2 \implies 02_{h}$  $0 \implies 0$ 



The corresponding adjustment value is then COA80200h.

## 2015h Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

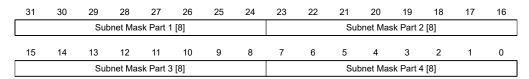
#### **Function**

Contains the currently active subnet mask of the static IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

#### **Object description**

Index	2015 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from "Current-IP-Subnet-Mask" to "Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask".

#### **Description**



#### Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the subnet mask

#### Subnet Mask Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the subnet mask

#### Example

The class C network mask 255.255.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

255 => FF<sub>h</sub> 0 => 0



The corresponding adjustment value is then  $FFFFF00_h$ .

## 2030h Pole Pair Count

#### **Function**

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.

### **Object description**

Index	2030 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Pole Pair Count
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000032 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning".

## 2031h Maximum Current

#### **Function**

If  $l^2t$  monitoring is not active, the rms current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. If **closed loop** mode is used or if  $l^2t$  monitoring is activated, the maximum current value is specified here in mA.

Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.

Index	2031 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Maximum Current
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	• N5-1-1: 000003E8 <sub>b</sub>
	• N5-2-1: 00000708 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".



Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from "Peak Current" to "Max Current".

### 2032h Maximum Speed

### **Function**

Specifies the maximum permissible speed of the motor in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index	2032 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Maximum Speed
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00030D40 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

### Description

The object is not taken into account in the Cyclic Synchronous Velocity and Homing operating modes. In the Velocity and Profile Velocity operating modes, it is only taken into account if an Sramp (position ramp, see 3202h Motor Drive Submode Select) is used.

Note

## 2033h Plunger Block

#### **Function**

The object prevents traveling too far in an undesired direction.

Index	2033 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Plunger Block
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

An electronic locking bolt is thereby realized.

The value 0 switches off monitoring.

The value 100, for example, means that the drive may rotate any distance in the negative direction, but as soon as it moves more than 100 steps in the positive direction, the motor is stopped immediately and an error triggered.

When winding thread, for example, it is thereby possible to prevent accidental unwinding.

## 2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

#### **Function**

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

#### **Object description**

Index	2034 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Upper Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	• N5-1-1: 000128E0 <sub>h</sub>
	• N5-2-1: 0000C92C <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object 2034<sub>h</sub> minus 2 volts).

## 2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

#### **Function**

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

### **Object description**

Index

2035<sub>h</sub>



Object name	Lower Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002710 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object  $2035_h$  plus 2 volts.

## 2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

#### **Function**

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

#### **Object description**

- <u>-</u>	
Index	2036 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

#### **Function**

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop (bit 3 in  $3202_h = "1"$ ) and the motor is at a standstill.

Index	2037 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor



Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFCE <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Value of $2037_h$ greater than or equal to 0 and less than value $2031_h$

Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

#### Value of 2037<sub>h</sub> in the range from -1 to -100

The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in  $2037_h$ . The value in  $2031_h$  is used for the calculation.

Example: Object **2031**<sub>h</sub> has the value 4200 mA. The value -60 in **2037**<sub>h</sub> reduces the current by 60% of **2031**<sub>h</sub>. The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of **2031**<sub>h</sub> \* (**2037**<sub>h</sub> + 100) / 100 = 1680 mA.

The value -100 in  $2037_h$  would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA.

i

#### Note

If the rated current is greater than 0 in  $203B_h$ :01, the smaller of  $2031_h$  and  $203B_h$ :01 is used as the rated current for calculating the current reduction.

## 2038h Brake Controller Timing

#### **Function**

This object contains the times for the *brake control* in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.

Index	2038 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Brake Controller Timing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Close Brake Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shutdown Power Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Open Brake Delay Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Start Operation Delay Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name	PWM Frequency
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	between 0 and 2000 (7D0 <sub>h</sub> )
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	PWM Duty Cycle
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0, between 2 and 100 (64 <sub>h</sub> )

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Time between the opening of the brake and when the *Operation enabled* state of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** is reached.
- 05<sub>h</sub>: Frequency of the brake PWM in hertz.
- 06<sub>h</sub>: Duty cycle of the brake PWM in percent.

### **2039h Motor Currents**

### **Function**

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA.

Index	2039 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Currents
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".



Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	I_d
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	l_q
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	I_a
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	I_b
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

0000000<sub>h</sub>

# 203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

#### **Function**

This object contains the parameters for Homing on Block (see chapter Homing)

## **Object description**

Index	203A <sub>b</sub>
Object name	Homing On Block Configuration
, Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	
PDO mapping	
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 3.
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of Blocking" to "Block Detection time".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
<u></u>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Minimum Current For Block Detection
Data type	INTEGER32



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFBA <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Block Detection Time
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000C8 <sub>h</sub>

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA, negative numbers specify a percentage of object 2031<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>. Example: The value "1000" corresponds to 1000 mA (= 1 A); the value "-70" corresponds to 70% of 2031<sub>h</sub>.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.

### 203Bh I2t Parameters

#### **Function**

This object contains the parameters for I<sup>2</sup>t monitoring.

 $I^{2}t$  monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in  $203B_{h}$ :01 and  $203B_{h}$ :02 (see I2t Motor overload protection ).

With one exception,  $I^2t$  monitoring can only be used for *closed loop* mode: If  $I^2t$  is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of **203B**<sub>h</sub> and **2031**<sub>h</sub>.

Index	203B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	I2t Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 8.
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	07 <sub>h</sub>
<u></u>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Nominal Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Maximum Duration Of Peak Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Threshold
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	CalcValue
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name	LimitedCurrent
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Status
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	ActualResistance
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex  $01_h$  and  $02_h$  contain parameters for the control, subindices  $03_h$  to  $06_h$  are status values. The functions are as follows:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in object 2031<sub>h</sub>, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Specifies the maximum duration of the peak current in ms.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Threshold, specifies the limit in mA that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: CalcValue, specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- $05_h$ : LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by  $I^2t$ .
- $06_h$ : Current status. If the sub-entry value is "0",  $I^2t$  is deactivated; if the value is "1",  $I^2t$  is activated.

## 203Dh Torque Window

#### **Function**

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object  $6041_h$  (controlword) is never set.



#### **Object description**

Index	203D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## 203Eh Torque Window Time

#### **Function**

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window"  $(203D_h)$  for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

#### **Object description**

Index	203E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Window Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## 2050h Encoder Alignment

#### **Function**

This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the electric field.

### **Object description**

Index Object name 2050<sub>h</sub> Encoder Alignment



Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning".

The exact determination is only possible via **auto setup**. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed loop* mode with encoder.

# 2051h Encoder Optimization

### **Function**

Contains compensation values for achieving better runout in *closed loop* mode.

### **Object description**

Index	2051 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Encoder Optimization
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Parameter 1
Data type	INTEGER32



Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Parameter 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Parameter 3
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

The exact determination is only possible via auto setup.

## 2052h Encoder Resolution

### **Function**

Contains the physical resolution of the encoder that is used for commutation.

Index	2052 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Encoder Resolution
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: tuning".



A negative value means that the encoder is driven in the opposite direction of the motor. This can be corrected by reversing the polarity of a motor winding.

	Тір
- <b>`@</b> `-	The unit is "pulses per revolution" (ppr), which corresponds to four times the resolution in "counts per revolution" (cpr) (quadrature). This means that for an encoder with a resolution of, e.g., 1000 increments per revolution, the value in $2052_h$ is 4000.

## 2056h Limit Switch Tolerance Band

#### **Function**

Specifies how far a limit switch may be passed over in the positive or negative direction before the controller triggers an error.

This tolerance band is necessary, for example, to complete homing operations – in which limit switches can be actuated – error free.

### **Object description**

Index	2056 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Limit Switch Tolerance Band
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

#### **Function**

The clock count value in clock/direction mode is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

Index	2057 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Multiplier
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	00000080 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 2058h Clock Direction Divider

#### **Function**

The clock count value in clock/direction mode is divided by this value before it is processed further.

### **Object description**

Index	2058 <sub>h</sub>				
Object name	Clock Direction Divider				
Object Code	VARIABLE				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Savable	yes, category: application				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>				
Firmware version	FIR-v1426				
Change history					

## 2059h Encoder Configuration

#### **Function**

This object can be used to switch the supply voltage and the type of encoder.

Index	2059 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Encoder Configuration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														TYPE	VOLT

#### VOLT

If this bit is set to the value "0", the supply voltage for the encoder is set to 5 V. If the bit is set to the value "1", the supply voltage is set to 24 V.

#### TYPE

Defines the type of encoder. For a differential encoder, the bit must have the value "0". For a single-ended encoder, the bit must be set to "1".

## 205Ah Encoder Boot Value

#### **Function**

	Тір
-`\$	This object only has a function when using an absolute encoder. If an absolute encoder is not used, the value is always 0.

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in **user-defined units**) can be read from this object.

### **Object description**

Index	205A <sub>h</sub>				
Object name	Encoder Boot Value				
Object Code	VARIABLE				
Data type	UNSIGNED32				
Savable	no				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>				
Firmware version	FIR-v1446				
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".				

## 205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

### **Function**

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value = "0") to the right/left rotation mode (value = "1").



#### **Object description**

Index	205B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	

## 2060h Compensate Polepair Count

#### **Function**

Allows motion blocks to be assigned independent of motor.

#### **Object description**

2060 <sub>h</sub>
Compensate Polepair Count
VARIABLE
UNSIGNED32
yes, category: application
read / write
no
0000001 <sub>h</sub>
FIR-v1426

#### **Description**

If this entry is set to 1, the number of pole pairs is automatically included in the calculation of all speed, acceleration and jerk parameters.

If the value is 0, the **number of pole pairs** is included in the preset values as with standard stepper motor controllers and must be taken into account if the motor is changed.

### 2061h Velocity Numerator

#### **Function**

Contains the counter that is used for converting from user-defined speed values to the internal revolutions/second. See chapter **User-defined units**.



#### **Object description**

Index	2061 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Numerator
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### 2062h Velocity Denominator

#### **Function**

Contains the denominator that is used for converting from user-defined speed values to the internal revolutions/second. See chapter **User-defined units**.

#### **Object description**

Index	2062 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Denominator
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003C <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### 2063h Acceleration Numerator

#### **Function**

Contains the counter that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration values to the internal revolutions/second<sup>2</sup>. See chapter **User-defined units**.

## **Object description**

Index Object name Object Code Data type 2063<sub>h</sub> Acceleration Numerator VARIABLE UNSIGNED32



Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 2064h Acceleration Denominator

### **Function**

Contains the denominator that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration values to the internal revolutions/second<sup>2</sup>. See chapter **User-defined units**.

### **Object description**

Index	2064 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Acceleration Denominator
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003C <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 2065h Jerk Numerator

### **Function**

Contains the counter that is used for converting from user-defined jerk values to the internal revolutions/second <sup>3</sup>. See chapter **User-defined units**.

Index	2065 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Jerk Numerator
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

### 2066h Jerk Denominator

### **Function**

Contains the denominator that is used for converting from user-defined jerk values to the internal revolutions/second <sup>3</sup>. See chapter **User-defined units**.

## **Object description**

Index	2066 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Jerk Denominator
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003C <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### 2084h Bootup Delay

#### **Function**

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

Index	2084 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Bootup Delay
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



## 2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

### **Function**

Shows the available fieldbuses.

### **Object description**

Index	2101 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fieldbus Module Availability
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000030 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from "Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability".

### **Description**

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### USB

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

#### RS-485

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

#### **RS-232**

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.

#### CAN

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

### E-NET

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

### E-CAT

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

#### SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.



#### MRTU

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

#### MTCP

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP.

#### E-IP

Value = "1": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup>.

### 2102h Fieldbus Module Control

#### **Function**

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).

#### **Object description**

Index	2102 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fieldbus Module Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000030 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

### Description

Object  $2103_h:1_h$  contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object (2102<sub>h</sub>). The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object  $2103_h:2_h$ .

The following distribution of the bits applies here:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### USB

USB interface

#### **RS-485**

RS-485 interface

#### **RS-232**

RS-232 interface



### CAN

CANopen interface

#### E-NET

EtherNet interface

### E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

### SPI

SPI interface

### MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

#### МТСР

Modbus TCP protocol

#### E-IP

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> protocol

## 2103h Fieldbus Module Status

### **Function**

Shows the active fieldbuses.

## **Object description**

Index	2103 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fieldbus Module Status
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>



01 <sub>h</sub>
Fieldbus Module Disable Mask
UNSIGNED32
read only
no
0000000 <sub>h</sub>
02 <sub>h</sub>
Fieldbus Module Enabled
UNSIGNED32
read only
no
0000030 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. A value "1" means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.

Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The value "1" means that that the fieldbus is active.

The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

#### USB

USB interface

#### RS-485

RS-485 interface

#### **RS-232**

RS-232 interface

### CAN

CANopen interface

### E-NET

EtherNet interface

#### E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

### SPI

SPI interface



#### MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

#### MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

#### E-IP

EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> protocol

### 2110h EtherCAT Slave Status

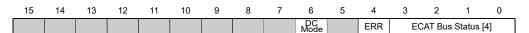
### **Function**

Indicates the operating state of the EtherCAT slave module.

#### **Object description**

Index	2110 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	EtherCAT Slave Status
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description



#### ECAT Bus Status [4]

The current EtherCAT bus status is entered here

- Value = 01<sub>h</sub>: Bus status INIT
- Value = 02<sub>h</sub>: Bus status PREOPERATIONAL
- Value = 03<sub>h</sub>: Bus status BOOT
- Value = 04<sub>h</sub>: Bus status SAFEOPERATIONAL
- Value = 08<sub>h</sub>: Bus status OPERATIONAL

#### ERR

Value = "1": An error is active

#### DC mode

Value = "1": EtherCAT synchronization active (DC mode), value "0" means "no synchronization"



## 2300h NanoJ Control

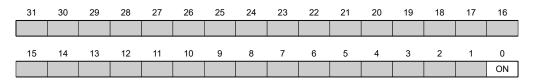
### **Function**

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.

### **Object description**

Index	2300 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Control" to "NanoJ Control".

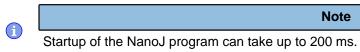
### **Description**



#### ON

Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").

With a rising edge in bit 0, the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.



## 2301h NanoJ Status

### **Function**

Indicates the operating state of the user program.

Index	2301 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Status
Object Code	VARIABLE



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Status" to "NanoJ Status".

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													ERR	RES	RUN

#### RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.

### RES

Reserved.

#### ERR

Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object 2302<sub>h</sub>.

## 2302h NanoJ Error Code

### **Function**

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.

Index	2302 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Error Code" to "NanoJ Error Code".



Error codes during program execution:

Number	Description
0000 <sub>h</sub>	Not an error
0001 <sub>h</sub>	Firmware does not (yet) support the used function
0002 <sub>h</sub>	Not or incorrectly initialized pointer
0003 <sub>h</sub>	Impermissible access to system resource
0004 <sub>h</sub>	Hard fault (internal error)
0005 <sub>h</sub>	Code executed too long without yield() or sleep()
0006 <sub>h</sub>	Impermissible access to system resource
0007 <sub>h</sub>	Too many variables on the stack
0100 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid NanoJ program file

Error when accessing an object:

Number	Description
10xxxxyy <sub>h</sub>	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should – but cannot – be mapped.
1000 <sub>h</sub>	Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary
1001 <sub>h</sub>	Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD
1002 <sub>h</sub>	Internal file system error

File system error codes when loading the user program:

Number	Description
10002 <sub>h</sub>	Internal file system error
10003 <sub>h</sub>	Storage medium not ready
10004 <sub>h</sub>	File not found
10005 <sub>h</sub>	Folder not found
10006 <sub>h</sub>	Invalid file name/folder name
10008 <sub>h</sub>	Access of file not possible
10009 <sub>h</sub>	File/directory object is invalid
1000A <sub>h</sub>	Storage medium is read-only
1000B <sub>h</sub>	Drive number is invalid
1000C <sub>h</sub>	Working range of the drive is invalid
1000D <sub>h</sub>	No valid file system on the drive
1000E <sub>h</sub>	Creation of the file system failed
1000F <sub>h</sub>	Access not possible within the required time
10010 <sub>h</sub>	Access was rejected



## 2303h Number Of Active User Program

### **Function**

Selects one of four possible user programs, the file names of which were previously stored in object  ${\bf 2304}_{\rm h}$ .

### **Object description**

Index	2303 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Number Of Active User Program
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Description

Changing the entry while a user program is being executed results in the following sequence:

- The current program is stopped.
- The newly selected program is loaded.
- The newly loaded program is started.

### 2304h Table Of Available User Programs

#### **Function**

The file names of the available user programs are stored here.

### **Object description**

Index	2304 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Table Of Available User Programs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	10
Preset value	08 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 1 UB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 1 LB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 2 UB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04
	04 <sub>h</sub> Name Of Lleer Program 21 P
Name Data typo	Name Of User Program 2 LB UNSIGNED32
Data type	read / write
Access	
PDO mapping Allowed values	no
	0000000
Preset value	00000000h
0.111.11	
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 3 UB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 3 LB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 4 UB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Name Of User Program 4 LB
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

Coded in each of two successive subindices in the ASCII character set is the name of a user program.

Program 1: subindex 1 and 2

Program 2: subindex 3 and 4

Program 3: subindex 5 and 6

Program 4: subindex 7 and 8

**Example:** Program 1 with designation "test.usr" is, thus, coded as follows:

 $t = 74_{h}$ 

 $e = 65_h$ 

 $s = 73_{h}$ 

This yields the two entries in subindices 1 and 2:

74657374<sub>h</sub>, 0000000<sub>h</sub>

Coded in each of two successive subindices in the ASCII character set is the name of a user program. The subindex with the UB (upper byte) designation contains the first four letters of the name, the subindex with the LB (lower byte) designation contains the last four letters. If the name has less than eight letters, the missing letters must be filled with zeros.



## 230Fh Uptime Seconds

### **Function**

This object contains the operating hours in seconds since the last time the controller was started.

**(f)** 

Note
This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on.

## **Object description**

Index	230F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Uptime Seconds
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1436
Change history	

## 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

Index	2310 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Input Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".



Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Index	<b>‹</b> [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]				

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

#### SubIndex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

### 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

#### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the VMM program after it is executed.



## **Object description**

Index	2320 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]				

#### Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

#### SubIndex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

#### Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

## 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

### **Function**

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.

### **Object description**

Index	2330 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ In/output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM In/output Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only



PDO mapping Allowed values	no	
Preset value	10 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 10 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Mapping #1 - #16	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000h	

## 2400h NanoJ Inputs

### **Function**

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

### **Object description**

Index	2400 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33.
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N#" to "NanoJ Input N#".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	NanoJ Input #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the VMM program.

## 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

### **Function**

This object functions identically to object  $\mathbf{2400}_h$  with the difference that this object can be stored.

## **Object description**

Index	2410 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Init Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	$01_{\rm h} - 20_{\rm h}$

Subindex	$01_h - 20_h$
Name	NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32



Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>	

## 2500h NanoJ Outputs

### **Function**

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

## **Object description**

Index	2500 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Output N#" to "NanoJ Output N#".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 20 <sub>h</sub>
Name	NanoJ Output #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

Here, the VMM program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.



## 2600h NanoJ Debug Output

### **Function**

This object contains debug output of a user program.

### **Object description**

Index	2600 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	NanoJ Debug Output
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 40 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Value #1 - #64
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the VmmDebugOutputString(), VmmDebugOutputInt() and similar functions.

## 2701h Customer Storage Area

### **Function**

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.



## **Object description**

Index	2701 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Customer Storage Area
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: customer
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FE <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - FE <sub>h</sub>
Name	Storage #1 - #254
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

## 2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

### **Function**

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered and the short circuiting of the motor windings in bootloader mode switched off and on.

Index	2800 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Bootloader And Reboot Settings
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

0.1.1.1.	00
Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reboot Command
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Reboot Delay Time In Ms
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Bootloader HW Config
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: If the value 746F6F62<sub>h</sub> is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Bit 0 can be used to switch short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode off and on:
  - Bit 0 = 1: Short circuiting of the motor windings in bootloader mode is switched off.
  - Bit 0 = 0: Short circuiting of the motor windings in bootloader mode is switched on.

### 3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

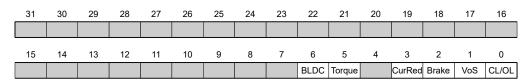
#### **Function**

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between *closed loop / open loop* and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in *closed loop*.

#### **Object description**

Index	3202 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Drive Submode Select
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: drive".

### **Description**



#### CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop

- Value = "0": open loop
- Value = "1": closed loop

#### VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes



#### Brake

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control

#### **CurRed (Current Reduction)**

Value = "1": Current reduction activated in open loop

#### Torque

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque

Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object  $2032_h$  is ignored;  $3210_h$ :3 and  $3210_h$ :4 have no effect on the control.

#### BLDC

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

### 320Ah Motor Drive Sensor Display Open Loop

#### **Function**

This can be used to change the source for objects 6044<sub>h</sub> and 6064<sub>h</sub> in open loop mode.

#### **Object description**

Index	320A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Drive Sensor Display Open Loop
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Commutation
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Torque	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Velocity	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Position	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>	

The following subindices have a function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Not used
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Not used
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Changes the source of object 6044<sub>h</sub>:
  - Value = "-1": The internally calculated set value is entered in object 6044<sub>h</sub>
  - Value = "0": The value is kept at 0
  - Value = "1": The encoder value is entered in object 6044<sub>h</sub>
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Changes the source of 6064<sub>h</sub>:
  - Value = "-1": The internally calculated set value is entered in object 6064<sub>h</sub>
  - Value = "0": The value is kept at 0
  - Value = "1": The encoder value is entered in object 6064<sub>h</sub>

## 320Bh Motor Drive Sensor Display Closed Loop

### **Function**

This can be used to change the source for objects 6044<sub>h</sub> and 6064<sub>h</sub> in *closed loop* mode.



# **Object description**

Index	320B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Drive Sensor Display Closed Loop
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Name     Highest Sub-index Supported       Data type     UNSIGNED8       Access     read only       PD0 mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       O4h	Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Data type     UNSIGNED8       Access     read only       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     04n       Preset value     04n       Subindex     01h       Name     Commutation       Data type     INTEGER32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     00000000h       Preset value     00000000h       Subindex     02h       Name     Torque       Data type     INTEGER32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     02h       Name     Torque       Data type     INTEGER32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Subindex     03h       Name     Velocity       Data type     INTEGER32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Preset value       Output     Integers2       Preset value     Output       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Name <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
Access       read only         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       04h         Preset value       04h         Subindex       01h         Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         POO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         U       U         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       U         Preset value       0000000h         U       U         Access       read / write         Puto type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       IN		
PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       04h         Preset value       04h         Subindex       01h         Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       O0000000h         Preset value       00000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32		
Allowed values         Preset value       04h         Subindex       01h         Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         U       U         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       U         Preset value       00000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32		
Preset value       04h         Subindex       01h         Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       00000000h         Preset value       00000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Piteger32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Piteger32		
Subindex       01 <sub>h</sub> Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       00000000 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       02 <sub>h</sub> Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         DO0000000 <sub>h</sub> INTEGER32         Access       read / write         Preset value       00000000 <sub>h</sub> Subindex       03 <sub>h</sub> Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32		04
Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       O000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Nature		
Name       Commutation         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       O000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Name		
Data typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex02hNameTorqueData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex0000000hSubindexVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesNameVelocityData typeData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesread / write	Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       POO mapping         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         Subindex       0000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         O000000h       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       No	Name	Commutation
PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Preset value         DOTODONON       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Note	Data type	INTEGER32
Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       0000000h	Access	read / write
Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       0000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       INTEGER32	PDO mapping	no
Subindex       02h         Name       Torque         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       00000000h         Preset value       00000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       00000000h	Allowed values	
NameTorqueData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesINTEGER32	Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
NameTorqueData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesINTEGER32		
NameTorqueData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesINTEGER32	Subindox	02
Data typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesintegerse		
Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values0000000hPreset value0000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values		
PDO mapping Allowed valuesnoPreset value0000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesInteger (Compare)		
Allowed values       0000000h         Preset value       000000h         Subindex       03h         Name       03h         Velocity         Data type       INTEGER32         Access       read / write         PDO mapping       no         Allowed values       Velocity		
Preset value000000hSubindex03hNameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesVelocity		no
Subindex     03 <sub>h</sub> Name     Velocity       Data type     INTEGER32       Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Velocity		0000000
NameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesVelocity	Preset value	0000000h
NameVelocityData typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed valuesVelocity		
Data typeINTEGER32Accessread / writePDO mappingnoAllowed values	Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Access     read / write       PDO mapping     no       Allowed values     Image: Constraint of the second seco	Name	Velocity
PDO mapping no Allowed values	Data type	INTEGER32
Allowed values	Access	read / write
	PDO mapping	no
	Allowed values	
i reservate oooooorh	Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Position
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

The following subindices have a function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Not used
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Not used
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Changes the source of object 6044<sub>h</sub>:
  - Value = "-1": The internally calculated set value is entered in object 6044<sub>h</sub>
  - Value = "0": The value is kept at 0
  - Value = "1": The encoder value is entered in object 6044<sub>h</sub>
- 04<sub>h</sub>: Changes the source of object 6064<sub>h</sub>:
  - Value = "-1": The internally calculated set value is entered in object 6064<sub>h</sub>
  - Value = "0": The value is kept at 0
  - Value = "1": The encoder value is entered in object 6064<sub>h</sub>

### 3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

### **Function**

Contains the P and I components of the current, distance and position controllers for open loop (only current controller activated) and *closed loop*.

Index	3210 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motor Drive Parameter Set
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_P" to "Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_I" to "Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_P" to "Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_I" to "Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_P" to "Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".



Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id\_I" to "Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq\_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq\_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I\_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I\_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0A <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000800 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	



Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002EE0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001E <sub>b</sub>
Subindex	05
	05 <sub>h</sub> Flux Current Leen, Prepertienel Cain (cleand Leen)
Name Data tura	Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	00000000
Preset value	000668A0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002EE0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000668A0 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002EE0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	09 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0003A980 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	0A <sub>h</sub>
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)

•••••	
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000AFC8 <sub>h</sub>

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of entries
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub>: Proportional component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub>: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 05<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 06<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 07<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 08<sub>h</sub>: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 09<sub>h</sub>: (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex 0A<sub>h</sub>: (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component



## 3212h Motor Drive Flags

### **Function**

**(i)** 

This object determines whether or not the output voltage for the motor is active in the "switched on" mode of the CiA 402 state machine. The direction of the rotating field can also be changed.

#### Note

Changes in subindex 02 do not take effect until after the control is restarted. Afterwards, **Auto setup** must again be performed.

### **Object description**

3212 <sub>h</sub>
Motor Drive Flags
ARRAY
INTEGER8
yes, category: application
read only
no
FIR-v1450
Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 3.

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Enable Legacy Power Mode
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>



Name	Override Field Inversion
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Do Not Touch Controller Settings
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

Valid values for subindex 01<sub>h</sub>:

- Value = "0": In the "Switched on" state of the CiA 402 Power State Machine, the output voltage for the motor (PWM) is permanently set to 50%; no holding torque is built up.
- Value = "1": In the "Switched on" state of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine**, the output voltage for the motor (PWM) is active via the controller; holding torque is built up. The motor remains at a standstill.

Valid values for subindex 02h:

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex 03<sub>h</sub>:

- Value = "0": **Auto setup** detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform auto setup with the values for the controller that were entered in object 3210<sub>h</sub> before the auto setup; the values in 3210<sub>h</sub> are not changed.

### 3220h Analog Inputs

### **Function**

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in digits.

With object **3221**<sub>h</sub>, the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input.

Index	3220 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analog Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

### **Value description**

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits \* 10 V / 1024 digits
- Current input: x digits \* 20 mA / 1024 digits

## 3221h Analogue Inputs Control

### **Function**

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement.

Index	3221 <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Analogue Inputs Control	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	INTEGER32	



Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														AC2	AC1

In general: If a bit is set to the value "0", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

#### AC1

Setting for analog input 1

#### AC2

Setting for analog input 2

## **3240h Digital Inputs Control**

### **Function**

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.

Index	3240 <sub>h</sub>			
Object name	Digital Inputs Control			
Object Code	ARRAY			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Savable	yes, category: application			
Firmware version	FIR-v1426			
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 <sub>h</sub> : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"			
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 9.			



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	08 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Special Function Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Function Inverted
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>



Name	Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Input Range Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Differential Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h

The subindices have the following function:

• **3240**<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub> (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- Bit 2: Home switch

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in  $3240_h:01_h$  must be set to "1".



- 3240<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub> (Function Inverted): This bit switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD<sub>h</sub>) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0"). This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub> (Force Enable): This bit switches on the software simulation of input values if it is set to "1". In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub>, but rather the set values for the respective input.
- **3240**<sub>h</sub>:04<sub>h</sub> (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object **3240**<sub>h</sub>:03<sub>h</sub>.
- **3240**<sub>h</sub>:05<sub>h</sub> (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240<sub>h</sub>:06<sub>h</sub> (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- **60FD**<sub>h</sub> (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

## 3242h Digital Input Routing

#### **Function**

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in 60FD<sub>h</sub>.

### **Object description**

Index	3242 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Input Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	

00 <sub>h</sub>
Highest Sub-index Supported
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
24 <sub>h</sub>
01 24

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub> - 24 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Input Source #1 - #36
Data type	UNSIGNED8



PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex  $01_h$  contains the source for bit 0 of object **60FD**. Subindex  $02_h$  contains the source for bit 1 of object **60FD** and so on.

The number that is written in a subindex determines the source for the corresponding bit. The following table lists all possible signal sources.

Numb	er	
dec	hex	Signal source
00	00	Signal is always 0
01	01	Physical input 1
02	02	Physical input 2
03	03	Physical input 3
04	04	Physical input 4
05	05	Physical input 5
06	06	Physical input 6
07	07	Physical input 7
08	08	Physical input 8
09	09	Physical input 9
10	0A	Physical input 10
11	0B	Physical input 11
12	0C	Physical input 12
13	0D	Physical input 13
14	0E	Physical input 14
15	0F	Physical input 15
16	10	Physical input 16
65	41	Hall input "U"
66	42	Hall input "V"
67	43	Hall input "W"
68	44	Encoder input "A"
69	45	Encoder input "B"
70	46	Encoder input "Index"
71	47	USB Power Signal
72	48	"Ethernet active" status
73	49	DIP switch 1
74	4A	DIP switch 2
75	4B	DIP switch 3
76	4C	DIP switch 4
77	4D	DIP switch 5
78	4E	DIP switch 6
79	4F	DIP switch 7
80	50	DIP switch 8



Numbe	r	
dec	hex	Signal source
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"
199	C7	Inverted USB power signal
200	C8	"Ethernet active" inverted status
201	C9	Inverted DIP switch 1
202	CA	Inverted DIP switch 2
203	СВ	Inverted DIP switch 3
204	CC	Inverted DIP switch 4
205	CD	Inverted DIP switch 5
206	CE	Inverted DIP switch 6
207	CF	Inverted DIP switch 7
208	D0	Inverted DIP switch 8

# 3250h Digital Outputs Control

### **Function**

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter " **Digital inputs and outputs**".

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.



# **Object description**

Index	3250 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Outputs Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 <sub>h</sub> : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"
	Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Enable" to "No Function".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 6 to 9.

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	08 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	No Function
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Function Inverted
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Force Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32



A	rood / write	
Access	read / write RX-PDO	
PDO mapping Allowed values		
Preset values	0000000	
Preset value	00000000h	
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Force Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000h	
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Raw Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Reserved1	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	07 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Reserved2	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	08 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Routing Enable	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		



Preset value

0000000<sub>h</sub>

### Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: No function.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).
- 03<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex 4<sub>h</sub>.
- 04<sub>h</sub>: This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value "0" returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- 05<sub>b</sub>: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.

### 3252h Digital Output Routing

#### **Function**

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with 60FE<sub>h</sub>.

#### **Object description**

Index	3252 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Output Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #1
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	1080 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #2
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0090 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #3
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0091 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #4
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0092 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Output Control #5
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0093 <sub>h</sub>

## 3320h Read Analogue Input

## **Function**

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.



## **Object description**

Index	3320 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Read Analogue Input
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### **Value description**

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

The user-defined units are made up of offset  $(3321_h)$  and pre-scaling value  $(3322_h)$ . If both object entries are still set to the default values, the value in  $3320_h$  is specified in the "ADC digits" unit.

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

Voltage input: (x digits - 512 digits) \* 20 V / 1024 digits

Current input: x digits \* 20 mA / 1024 digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:



- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of analog inputs
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Analog value 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Analog value 2

## 3321h Analogue Input Offset

### **Function**

Offset that is added to the read analog value (3320<sub>h</sub>) before dividing by the divisor from object 3322<sub>h</sub>.

### **Object description**

Index	3321 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analogue Input Offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of offsets
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Offset for analog input 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Offset for analog input 2

### 3322h Analogue Input Pre-scaling

### **Function**

Value by which the read analog value  $(3320_h, 3321_h)$  is divided before it is written in object  $3320_h$ .

### **Object description**

Index	3322 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Analogue Input Pre-scaling
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	All values permitted except 0
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	All values permitted except 0
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>



The subindices contain:

- Subindex 00<sub>h</sub>: Number of divisors
- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Divisor for analog input 1
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Divisor for analog input 2

## **3700h Following Error Option Code**

#### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following error is triggered.

#### **Object description**

Index	3700 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Description

Value	Description
-327682	Reserved
-1	No reaction
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

### **4012h HW Information**

### Function

This object contains information about the hardware.

Index	4012 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	HW Information



Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>

Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	EEPROM Size In Bytes
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h

### Description

Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value "0" means that no EEPROM is connected.

# 4013h HW Configuration

#### **Function**

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

Index	4013 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	HW Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only



PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value		
Firmware version	FIR-v1540	
Change history		

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	HW Configuration #1
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

# Description

Bit 0: reserved

# **4014h Operating Conditions**

### **Function**

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

Index	4014 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Operating Conditions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540



Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Voltage UB Power [mV]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000h
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Voltage UB Logic [mV]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>



The subindices contain:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Current logic voltage in [mV]
- 03<sub>h</sub>: Current temperature in [d°C] (tenths of degree)

### 4040h Drive Serial Number

#### **Function**

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

### **Object description**

Index	4040 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Drive Serial Number
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	

### 4041h Device Id

#### **Function**

This object contains the ID of the device.

### **Object description**

Index	4041 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Device Id
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	OCTET_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

## Description



## 603Fh Error Code

#### **Function**

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.

It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object  $1003_h$ . For the description of the error codes, refer to object  $1003_h$ .

## **Object description**

Index	603F <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Error Code	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Savable	no	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426	
Change history		

### Description

For the meaning of the error, see object  $1003_h$  (Pre-defined Error Field).

### 6040h Controlword

#### **Function**

This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Index	6040 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Controlword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						OMS	HALT	FR		OMS [3]		EO	QS	EV	SO

#### SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

#### EV (Enable Voltage)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

#### QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

#### EO (Enable Operation)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state

#### **OMS (Operation Mode Specific)**

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

#### FR (Fault Reset)

Resets an error (if possible)

#### HALT

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

#### 6041h Statusword

#### **Function**

This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Index	6041 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Statusword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

15 10 7 0 14 13 12 11 9 8 6 5 4 3 2 1 OMS [2] ILA TARG REM SYNC WARN SOD RTSO CLA QS VE FAULT OE SO

#### RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

#### SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

#### **OE (Operation Enabled)**

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state

#### FAULT

Error occurred

#### VE (Voltage Enabled)

Voltage applied

#### QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

#### SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

#### WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning

#### SYNC (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = "0": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

#### **REM (Remote)**

Remote (value of the bit is always "1")

#### TARG

Target reached

#### ILA (Internal Limit Reached)

Limit exceeded

#### **OMS (Operation Mode Specific)**

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

#### CLA (Closed Loop Available)

Value = "1": Auto setup was successful and encoder index seen: closed loop mode possible

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on



Statusword (6041 <sub>h</sub> )	State
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

## 6042h VI Target Velocity

#### **Function**

Specifies the target speed in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	6042 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00C8 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## 6043h VI Velocity Demand

### **Function**

Specifies the current target speed in user units.

Index	6043 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



## 6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

#### **Function**

Specifies the current actual speed in user-defined units.

In open loop mode, the source of this object can be set with object  $320A_h:03_h$  to either the internal, calculated value or to the encoder.

#### **Object description**

Index	6044 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

#### **Function**

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	6046 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Min Max Amount
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	MinAmount	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	MaxAmount	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00004E20 <sub>h</sub>	

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.

Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.

If the value of the target speed (object  $6042_h$ ) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statusword<sub>h</sub> is set.

A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in **6041h Statusword**<sub>h</sub> is set.

### 6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

### **Function**

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

#### **Object description**

Index	6048 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Acceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in **user-defined units**: Speed change per change in time. Subindex  $01_h$ : Contains the change in speed. Subindex  $02_h$ : Contains the change in time.

## 6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

### **Function**

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

Index	6049 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Deceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	
Data type Savable Firmware version	yes, category: application



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02<sub>h</sub>: Contains the change in time.

### 604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

### **Function**

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in **Velocity Mode**.

Index	604A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Velocity Quick Stop
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION



Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in **user-defined units**:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex  $01_h$ : Contains the change in speed.

Subindex  $02_h$ : Contains the change in time.

## **604Ch VI Dimension Factor**

#### **Function**

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with Velocity Mode.



## **Object description**

Index	604C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	VI Dimension Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### **Value description**

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	VI Dimension Factor Numerator	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	VI Dimension Factor Denominator	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	000003C <sub>h</sub>	

### Description

If subindex 1 is set to the value "1" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1"; the speed is specified in revolutions per minute.

Otherwise, subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per second. If subindex 1 is set to the value "1" and subindex 2 is set to the value "60" (factory setting), the speed is specified in revolutions per minute (1 revolution per 60 seconds).



## 605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

#### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** to the Quick Stop state.

#### **Object description**

Index	605A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Quick Stop Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
3 32767	Reserved

## 605Bh Shutdown Option Code

### **Function**

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Ready to switch on* state.

Index	605B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Shutdown Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
2 32767	Reserved

# 605Ch Disable Option Code

#### **Function**

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the **CiA 402 Power State Machine** from the "Operation enabled" state to the "Switched on" state.

## **Object description**

Index	605C <sub>b</sub>
Object name	Disable Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to "Switch on disabled"
2 32767	Reserved



## 605Dh Halt Option Code

### **Function**

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword **6040**<sub>h</sub>.

#### **Object description**

Index	605D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Halt Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Description

Value	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

### 605Eh Fault Option Code

#### **Function**

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.

Index	605E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Fault Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 <sub>h</sub>



Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Immediate stop
1	Braking with "slow down ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with "quick stop ramp" (deceleration (deceleration ramp) depending on operating mode)
3 32767	Reserved

# 6060h Modes Of Operation

### **Function**

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.

## **Object description**

Index	6060 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Modes Of Operation
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

# Description

Mode	Description
-2	Auto setup
-1	Clock-direction mode
0	No mode change/no mode assigned
1	Profile Position Mode
2	Velocity Mode
3	Profile Velocity Mode
4	Profile Torque Mode
5	Reserved



Mode	Description
6	Homing Mode
7	Interpolated Position Mode
8	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
9	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
10	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

# 6061h Modes Of Operation Display

#### **Function**

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

### **Object description**

Index	6061 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Modes Of Operation Display
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6062h Position Demand Value

#### **Function**

Indicates the current demand position in user-defined units.

Index	6062 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Demand Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



### 6063h Position Actual Internal Value

#### **Function**

 $\mathbf{\hat{H}}$ 

Contains the current rotary encoder position in increments. Unlike objects  $6062_h$  and  $6064_h$ , this value is not set to "0" following a **Homing** operation.

**Note** If the encoder resolution in object  $2052_h = 0$ , the numerical values of this object are invalid.

#### **Object description**

Index	6063 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Actual Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### 6064h Position Actual Value

### **Function**

Contains the current actual position in user-defined units.

In open loop mode, the source of this object can be set with object  $320A_h:04_h$  to either the internal, calculated value or to the encoder.

(i)

Note

If the encoder resolution in object  $2052_h = 0$ , the numerical values of this object are invalid.

Index	6064 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>



Firmware version Change history FIR-v1426

### 6065h Following Error Window

## **Function**

Defines the maximum allowed **following error** in **user-defined units** symmetrically to the **demand position**.

#### **Object description**

Index	6065 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000100 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object  $6066_h$ .

If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, following error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object  $3700_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $1003_h$ .

### 6066h Following Error Time Out

#### **Function**

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

Index	6066 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object  $6065_h$  is exceeded, bit 13 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object  $3700_h$ . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object  $1003_h$ .

#### 6067h Position Window

#### **Function**

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes **Profile Position** and **Interpolated Position Mode**.

#### **Object description**

Index	6067 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000A <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $6066_h$ .

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"<sub>h</sub>, monitoring is switched off.



## 6068h Position Window Time

#### **Function**

The current position must be within the "Position Window" (**6067**<sub>h</sub>) for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the **Profile Position** and **Interpolated Position Mode** modes.

#### **Object description**

Index	6068 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Window Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object  $6067_h$ , bit 10 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $6066_h$ .

### 606Bh Velocity Demand Value

#### **Function**

Speed specification in user-defined units for the controller in Profile Velocity Mode.

Index	606B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Demand Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	
	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the speed controller.

## 606Ch Velocity Actual Value

#### **Function**

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

### **Object description**

Index	606C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 606Dh Velocity Window

#### **Function**

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the **Profile Velocity** mode.

Index	606D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	001E <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



### Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object  $6066_h$  (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

## 606Eh Velocity Window Time

#### **Function**

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" (**606D**<sub>h</sub>) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

#### **Object description**

Index	606E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Velocity Window Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### Description

#### Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object  $606D_h$ , bit 10 in object  $6041_h$  is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6066 (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

#### 6071h Target Torque

#### **Function**

This object contains the target torque for the **Profile Torque** and **Cyclic Synchronous Torque** modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Index	6071 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Target Torque
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{\rm h}$ :01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).

#### 6072h Max Torque

#### **Function**

The object describes the maximum torque for the **Profile Torque** and **Cyclic Synchronous Torque** modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

#### **Object description**

Index	6072 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Torque
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{\rm h}$ :01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).

#### 6074h Torque Demand

#### **Function**

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the nominal torque for the internal controller.



#### **Object description**

Index	6074 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{h}$ :01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in **2031**<sub>h</sub>).

## 6077h Torque Actual Value

#### **Function**

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the nominal torque for the internal controller.

#### **Object description**

Index	6077 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

### Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{\rm h}$ :01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).



## 607Ah Target Position

### **Function**

This object specifies the target position in **user-defined units** for the **Profile Position** and **Cyclic Synchronous Position** modes.

#### **Object description**

Index	607A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Target Position
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000FA0 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## **607Bh Position Range Limit**

#### **Function**

Contains the minimum and maximum position in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index	607B <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Range Limit
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>



Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Min Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Max Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

### Description

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object  $607D_h$  ("Software Position Limit").

## 607Ch Home Offset

#### **Function**

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in **user-defined units**.

#### **Object description**

Index	607C <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Home Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## **607Dh Software Position Limit**

#### **Function**

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in user-defined units.



## **Object description**

Index	607D <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Software Position Limit
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Min Position Limit	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>	
Name	Max Position Limit	
Data type	INTEGER32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>	

## Description

The target position must lie within the limits set here. Prior to every check, the respective Home Offset  $(607C_h)$  is subtracted:

Corrected Min Position Limit = Min Position Limit-Home Offset

Corrected Max Position Limit = Max Position Limit-Home Offset.



## **607Eh Polarity**

#### **Function**

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

#### **Object description**

Index	607 <b>F</b>
Index	607E <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Polarity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is "0", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
POS	VEL						

#### **VEL (Velocity)**

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Velocity Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
- Velocity Mode

#### **POS (Position)**

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

## 6081h Profile Velocity

#### Function

Specifies the maximum travel speed in user-defined units.

#### **Object description**

Index	
Object	name

6081<sub>h</sub> Profile Velocity



Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6082h End Velocity

#### **Function**

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in **user-defined units**.

### **Object description**

Index	6082 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	End Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

# 6083h Profile Acceleration

### **Function**

.....

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

Index	6083 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Profile Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

## **6084h Profile Deceleration**

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units.

## **Object description**

Index	6084 <sub>b</sub>
Object name	Profile Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>b</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

#### **Function**

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in user-defined units.

## **Object description**

Index	6085 <sub>b</sub>
Object name	Quick Stop Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>b</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6086h Motion Profile Type

#### **Function**

Specifies the ramp type for the **Profile Position** and **Profile Velocity** modes.



## **Object description**

Index	6086 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Motion Profile Type
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk

## 6087h Torque Slope

#### **Function**

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

#### **Object description**

Index	6087 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Torque Slope
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### **Description**

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object  $203B_{\rm h}$ :01.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the peak current in 2031<sub>h</sub>).



## **608Fh Position Encoder Resolution**

#### **Function**

Virtual encoder increments per revolution. See chapter **User-defined units**.

#### **Object description**

Index	608F <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Position Encoder Resolution
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Encoder Increments
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000007D0 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments  $(608F_h:01_h)$  / Motor Revolutions  $(608F_h:02_h)$ 



## 6091h Gear Ratio

#### **Function**

Number of motor revolutions per output shaft revolution.

## **Object description**

Index	6091 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Gear Ratio
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shaft Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

Gear Ratio = Motor Revolutions (6091<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Shaft Revolutions (6091<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>)



## 6092h Feed Constant

## **Function**

Feed in the case of a linear drive; in **user-defined units** per revolution on the drive.

## **Object description**

Index	6092 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Feed Constant
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

#### Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Feed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Shaft Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

Feed Constant = Feed (6092<sub>h</sub>:01<sub>h</sub>) / Shaft Revolutions (6092<sub>h</sub>:02<sub>h</sub>)



## 6098h Homing Method

#### **Function**

This object defines the **Homing method** in **Homing** Mode.

# **Object description**

Index	6098 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Method
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	23 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 6099h Homing Speed

#### **Function**

Specifies the speeds for Homing Mode (6098<sub>h</sub>) in user-defined units.

## **Object description**

Index	6099 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Speed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>



Name	Speed During Search For Switch
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000032 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Speed During Search For Zero
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000A <sub>h</sub>

#### Description

This value is calculated with the numerator in object 2061<sub>h</sub> and the dominator in object 2062<sub>h</sub>.

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.

The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.

Note

- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked. The speed in subindex 2 should therefore be less than 1000 steps per second.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2.

## **609Ah Homing Acceleration**

#### **Function**

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

Specifies the acceleration ramp for Homing Mode in user-defined units.

Index	609A <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Homing Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

## Description

The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.

## 60A4h Profile Jerk

### **Function**

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk can be entered in this object. An entry with the value "0" means that the jerk is not limited.

#### **Object description**

Index	60A4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Profile Jerk
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk".

## Value description

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Begin Acceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>



Name	Begin Deceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	End Acceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	End Deceleration Jerk
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 <sub>h</sub>

### **Description**

- Subindex 01<sub>h</sub> ( Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 02<sub>h</sub> ( *Begin Deceleration Jerk*): Initial jerk during braking
- Subindex 03<sub>h</sub> ( *End Acceleration Jerk*): Final jerk during acceleration
- Subindex 04<sub>h</sub> ( End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking

## 60C1h Interpolation Data Record

#### **Function**

This object contains the demand position in **user-defined units** for the interpolation algorithm for the **Interpolated Position** operating mode.

Index	60C1 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Data Record
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	1st Set-point
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>

## Description

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.

## 60C2h Interpolation Time Period

#### **Function**

This object contains the interpolation time.

Index	60C2 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Time Period
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	INTERPOLATION_TIME_PERIOD
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Interpolation Time Period Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Interpolation Time Index
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FD <sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01<sub>h</sub>: Interpolation time.
- 02<sub>h</sub>: Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).

The following applies here: cycle time = value of  $60C2_h:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02}$  seconds.

## 60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration

#### **Function**

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer. It is also used to store the position of other data points.

Index	60C4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Interpolation Data Configuration
Object Code	RECORD



Data type	INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>
Name	MaximumBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	02 <sub>h</sub>
Name	ActualBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	03 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferOrganization



Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	04 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferPosition
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	05 <sub>h</sub>
Name	SizeOfDataRecord
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	write only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 <sub>h</sub>
Subindex	06 <sub>h</sub>
Name	BufferClear
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	write only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 <sub>h</sub>

#### **Description**

The value of subindex 01<sub>h</sub> contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.

The value of subindex 02<sub>h</sub> contains the current number of interpolated records.

If subindex  $03_h$  is " $00_h$ ", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is " $01_h$ ", it specifies a ring buffer organization.

The value of subindex 04<sub>h</sub> is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.

The value of subindex  $05_h$  is specified in units of "byte". If the value " $00_h$ " is written in subindex  $06_h$ , it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records. If the value " $01_h$ " is written in subindex  $06_h$ , it activates access to the input buffer.



## 60C5h Max Acceleration

#### **Function**

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the **Profile Position** and **Profile Velocity** modes.

#### **Object description**

Index	60C5 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 60C6h Max Deceleration

#### **Function**

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the **Profile Position** and **Profile Velocity** modes.

#### **Object description**

Index	60C6 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Max Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## 60F2h Positioning Option Code

#### **Function**

The object describes the positioning behavior in **Profile Position** mode.



#### **Object description**

Index	60F2 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Positioning Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1446
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

#### Description

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MS	RES	SERVED	) [3]		IP OPT	ION [4]		RAD	O [2]	RR	D [2]	CIC	) [2]	REL.	OPT. [2]

#### **REL. OPT. (Relative Option)**

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "Profile Position" mode if bit 6 of controlword  $6040_h = "1"$  is set.

Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target position)
0	1	Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) of the ramp generator.
1	0	Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object <b>6064</b> <sub>h</sub> ).
1	1	Reserved

#### **RRO (Request-Response Option)**

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword  $6040_h$  bit 5 ("new setpoint") – in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to "0" afterwards. After the bit is set to the value "0" by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword  $6041_h$ .

**(i)** 

Note

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword 6040h.



Bit 5	Bit 4	Definition
0	0	The functionality is as described under Setting travel commands.
0	1	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current targeted movement has reached its target.
1	0	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for the controller.
1	1	Reserved

#### **RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)**

These bits determine the direction of rotation in "Profile Position" mode.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Definition
0	0	Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range Limits" – $607B_h:01_h$ and $02_h$ – is reached or exceeded, the preset is automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible.
0	1	Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min Position Range Limit" from object <b>607D</b> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> .
1	0	Positioning only in positive direction: If the target position is less than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Max Position Range Limit" from object <b>607D</b> <sub>h</sub> :01 <sub>h</sub> .
1	1	Positioning with the shortest distance to the target position. If the difference between the current position and the target position in a 360° system is less than 180°, the axis moves in the positive direction.

## 60F4h Following Error Actual Value

#### **Function**

This object contains the current following error in **user-defined units**.

Index	60F4 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Following Error Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



## **60FDh Digital Inputs**

#### **Function**

With this object, the **digital inputs** of the motor can be read.

#### **Object description**

Index	60FD <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Digital Inputs
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
								IN 8	IN 7	IN 6	IN 5	IN 4	IN 3	IN 2	IN 1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
													HS	PLS	NLS

#### NLS (Negative Limit Switch)

Negative limit switch

#### PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

#### HS (Home Switch)

Home switch

#### IN n (Input n)

Input n – the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

## **60FEh Digital Outputs**

#### **Function**

With this object, the **digital outputs** of the motor can be written.

Index	60FE <sub>h</sub>	
Object name	Digital Outputs	
Object Code	ARRAY	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	



Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Subindex	00 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Subindex	01 <sub>h</sub>							
Name	Digital Outputs #1							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000001 <sub>h</sub>							

## Description

To write the outputs, the entries in object  $3250_h$ , subindex  $02_h$  to  $05_h$ , must also be taken into account.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25		23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
												OUT4	OUT3	OUT2	OUT1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
															BRK

#### **BRK (Brake)**

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function).

#### OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

## **60FFh Target Velocity**

#### **Function**

In this object, the target speed for the **Profile Velocity** and **Cyclic Synchronous Velocity** modes is entered in **user-defined units**.



## **Object description**

Index	60FF <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

## 6502h Supported Drive Modes

#### **Function**

The object describes the supported operating modes in object 6060<sub>h</sub>.

#### **Object description**

Index	6502 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Supported Drive Modes
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003EF <sub>h</sub>
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

## Description

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is "0", the mode is not supported.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						CST	CSV	CSP	IP	НМ		TQ	PV	VL	PP

PP

**Profile Position Mode** 



VL	
	Velocity Mode
PV	
	Profile Velocity Mode
TQ	
	Torque Mode
НМ	
	Homing Mode
IP	
	Interpolated Position Mode
CSP	
	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
csv	
	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
сѕт	
	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

## 6503h IEEE 802 MAC Address

#### **Function**

This object contains the MAC address of the controller as a character string.

## **Object description**

Index	6503 <sub>h</sub>			
Object name	IEEE 802 MAC Address			
Object Code	VARIABLE			
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING			
Savable	no			
Access	read only			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0			
Firmware version	FIR-v1426			
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Object Name" entry changed from "Drive Catalogue Number" to "IEEE 802 MAC Address".			

## 6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

### **Function**

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.



Index	6505 <sub>h</sub>
Object name	Http Drive Catalogue Address
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	http://www.nanotec.de
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



# **11 Copyrights**

## **11.1 Introduction**

Integrated in the Nanotec software are components from products from external software manufacturers. In this chapter, you will find the copyright information regarding the used external software sources.

## 11.2 AES

FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation

Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine

Copyright (C) 2009 Paul Bakker <polarssl\_maintainer at polarssl dot org>

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution; or, the application vendor's website must provide a copy of this notice.
- Neither the names of PolarSSL or XySSL nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.

http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf

http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

#### 11.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm

Copyright (C) 1991-2, RSA Data Security, Inc. Created 1991. All rights reserved.

License to copy and use this software is granted provided that it is identified as the "RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm" in all material mentioning or referencing this software or this function.

License is also granted to make and use derivative works provided that such works are identified as "derived from the RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm" in all material mentioning or referencing the derived work.

RSA Data Security, Inc. makes no representations concerning either the merchantability of this software or the suitability of this software for any particular purpose. It is provided "as is" without express or implied warranty of any kind.



These notices must be retained in any copies of any part of this documentation and/or software.

#### 11.4 ulP

Copyright (c) 2005, Swedish Institute of Computer Science

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- **2.** Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- **3.** Neither the name of the Institute nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE INSTITUTE AND CONTRIBUTORS ``AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE INSTITUTE OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

## 11.5 DHCP

Copyright (c) 2005, Swedish Institute of Computer Science

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- **2.** Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- **3.** Neither the name of the Institute nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE INSTITUTE AND CONTRIBUTORS ``AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE INSTITUTE OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

#### **11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library**

Copyright (C) 2010 ARM Limited. All rights reserved.



## 11.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010

FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems.

This is a free software that opened for education, research and commercial

developments under license policy of following trems.

Copyright (C) 2010, ChaN, all right reserved.

The FatFs module is a free software and there is NO WARRANTY.

No restriction on use. You can use, modify and redistribute it for

personal, non-profit or commercial product UNDER YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.

Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice.

## **11.8 Protothreads**

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.

This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/

Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/ protothreads/

Original BSD-style license

Copyright (c) 2004-2005, Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- **2.** Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- **3.** Neither the name of the Institute nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

This software is provided by the Institute and contributors "as is" and any express or implied warranties, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose are disclaimed. In no event shall the Institute or contributors be liable for any direct, indirect, incidental, special, exemplary, or consequential damages (including, but not limited to, procurement of substitute goods or services; loss of use, data, or profits; or business interruption) however caused and on any theory of liability, whether in contract, strict liability, or tort (including negligence or otherwise) arising in any way out of the use of this software, even if advised of the possibility of such damage.

## 11.9 IwIP

Copyright (c) 2001-2004 Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- **2.** Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.



**3.** The name of the author may not be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR ``AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHOR BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

This file is part of the IwIP TCP/IP stack.

Author: Adam Dunkels <adam@sics.se>