

Technical Manual C5-E

Fieldbus: USB, EtherNet/IP™

For use with the following variants:

C5-E-1-11, C5-E-2-11





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1 Introduction

The *C5-E* is a controller for the *open loop* or *closed loop* operation of stepper motors and the *closed loop* operation of BLDC motors.

This manual describes the functions of the controller and the available operating modes. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.

You can find further information on the product on <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

1.1 Version information

Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version	Hardware version
1.0.0	06/2018	First edition	FIR-v1748	W002
1.1.0	11/2018	Changes in <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u> and <u>Setting the motor data</u>	FIR-v1825	W002
1.2.0	08/2019	 New chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u> Changes and additions in chapter <u>Closed Loop</u> New sections in chapter <u>Control modes</u>: <u>Controller structure</u>, <u>Feed forward</u>, <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops and Slow Speed</u> Addition to the connection data for the connectors Minor additions and error corrections in the object dictionary 	FIR-v1926	W002
1.3.0	10/2019	New <u>assembly objects</u> for the <i>Plug & Drive interface</i> (PDI)	FIR-v1939	W002
1.4.0	11/2020	 Changing the <u>assembly objects</u> New chapter <u>Analog inputs</u> New objects <u>606F</u>_h and <u>6070</u>_h for monitoring the actual speed in <i>Profile Velocity</i> mode New object <u>320E</u>_h:0D_h for setting a voltage feed forward (see <u>Feed forward</u>) New objects <u>320E</u>_h:0F_h and <u>320F</u>_h:05_h for setting the maximum PWM voltage New object <u>4021</u>_h for configuring the ballast circuit 	FIR-v2039	W002
1.5.0	11/2021	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v2139	W002

1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

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1.3 Intended use

The *C5-E* serves to control stepper motors and BLDC motors and is used as a component in drive systems in a wide range of industrial applications.

Use the product as intended within the limits defined in the technical data (in particular, see <u>Permissible</u> operating voltage) and the approved Environmental conditions.

Under no circumstances may this Nanotec product be integrated as a safety component in a product or system. All products containing a component manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.

1.4 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec assumes no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from installation errors, failure to observe this manual or improper repairs. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the plant engineer or end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the integration of the product in the end system.

Our general terms and conditions at www.nanotec.com apply.



NOTICE

Changes or modifications to the product are not permitted.

1.5 Target group and qualification

The product and this documentation are directed towards technically trained specialists staff such as:

- Development engineers
- Plant engineers
- Installers/service personnel
- Application engineers

Only specialists may install, program and commission the product. Specialist staff are persons who

- have appropriate training and experience in working with motors and their control,
- are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual,
- know the applicable regulations.

1.6 EU directives for product safety

The following EU directives were observed:

■ RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)



■ EMC directive (2014/30/EU)

1.7 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

- Accident-prevention regulations
- Local regulations on occupational safety

1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.

CAUTION



The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation.

Failure to observe the notice may result in moderately severe injuries.

▶ Describes how you can avoid the dangerous situation.

NOTICE



Indicates a possible incorrect operation of the product.

Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other products.

▶ Describes how you can avoid the incorrect operation.



TIP

Shows a tip for the application or task.

1.9 Emphasis in the text

The following conventions are used in the document:

<u>Underlined</u> text indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.

Text set in italics marks named objects:

- Read the installation manual.
- Use the *Plug & Drive Studio* software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the *Operation* tab.
- For hardware: Use the *ON/OFF* switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od write(0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:

- Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300_h, bit 0 = "1".
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in 3212_h:01_h.



1.10 Numerical values

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript *h* at the end of the number.

The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows: <Index>:<Subindex>

Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is 00_h .

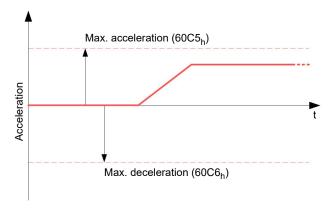
Example: Subindex 5 of object 1003_h is addressed with 1003_h : 05_h , subindex 00 of object 6040_h with 6040_h .

1.11 Bits

The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type *UNSIGNED8* as an example.

1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects $60C5_h$ and $60C6_h$ depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.





2 Safety and warning notices

NOTICE



Damage to the controller!

Changing the wiring during operation may damage the controller.

▶ Only change the wiring in a de-energized state. After switching off, wait until the capacitors have discharged.

NOTICE



Damage to the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor!

Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.

▶ Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.

NOTICE



Damage to the electronics through improper handling of ESD-sensitive components!

The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Improper handling can damage the device.

▶ Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.

NOTICE



Damage to the electronics if the supply voltage is connected with reversed polarity!

Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.

▶ Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.



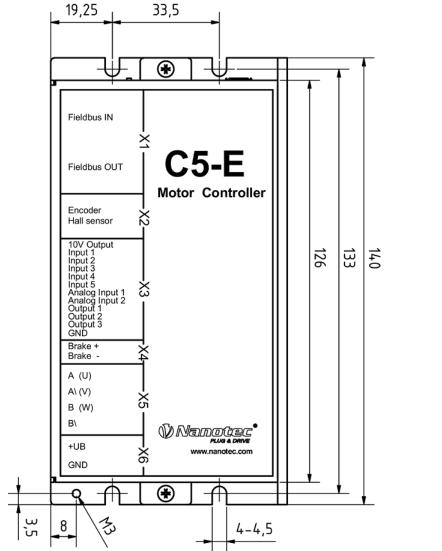
3 Technical details and pin assignment

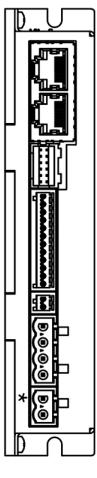
3.1 Environmental conditions

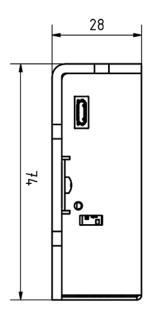
Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP20
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 95 %
Max. Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C



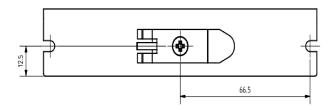
3.2 Dimensioned drawings and installation options











You can secure the controller by its side tabs to a flat mounting surface using screws or mount it on a TH35 DIN rail in your switch cabinet using the supplied DIN rail clip.

3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

Property	Description / value	
Operating voltage	12 V DC to 48 V DC +/-5%	
Rated current	C5-E-1-11 (low current): 6 A _{rms}	
	C5-E-2-11 (high current): 10 A _{rms}	
Peak current	C5-E-1-11 (low current): 6 A _{rms}	
	C5-E-2-11 (high current): 30 A _{rms} for 5 seconds	
Commutation	Stepper motor – open loop, stepper motor – closed loop with encoder, BLDC motor – closed loop with Hall sensor, and BLDC motor – closed loop with encoder	
Operating modes	Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Clock-Direction Mode	
Set value setting / programming	Clock-direction, analog, NanoJ program	
Interfaces	USB, EtherNet/IP [™]	
Inputs	 5 inputs, 24 V (inputs 1 to 5) individually switchable between 5 and 24 V, factory setting: 5 V 1 analog input, 10 bit, switchable 0-10 V or 0-20 mA, factory setting: 0-10 V 1 analog input, 10 bit, 0-10 V 	
Outputs	3 outputs, (open drain, 0 switching, max. 24 V and 100 mA)	
Protection circuit	Overvoltage and undervoltage protection	
	Overtemperature protection (> 75° Celsius on the power board)	
	Polarity reversal protection: In the event of a polarity reversal, a short-circuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a line protection device (fuse) is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned	
	 greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller, less than the maximum current of the voltage supply. 	
	If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.	



3.4 Overtemperature protection

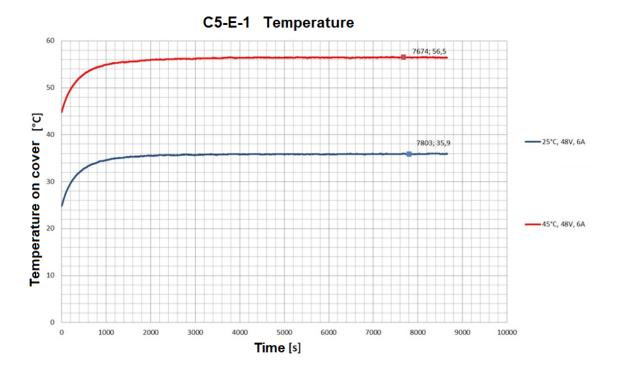
Above a temperature of approx. 75°C on the power board (corresponds to 65–72°C outside on the back cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects $\underline{1001}_h$ and $\underline{1003}_h$). After cooling down and confirming the error (see $\underline{\text{table for the controlword}}$, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

The following temperature test results provide information on the temperature behavior of this controller.

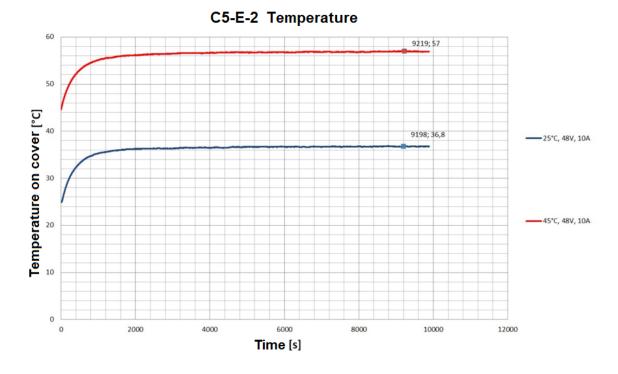
Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

- Operating voltage: 48 V DC
- Motor current: 6 A (C5-E-1 low current)/10 A (C5-E-2 high current) rms
- Operation mode: Velocity Mode, full step, 30 rpm
- Ambient temperature: 25 °C / 45 °C
- Altitude of site: 500 m above sea level
- No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e. g., via fan

The following graphic shows the results of the temperature tests:







Summary:

At 25°C (+48 V, 6/10 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), the controller was in operation for longer than 3 hours without having been switched off. The temperature on the cover was stable at approx. 37°C.

At 45°C (+48 V, 6/10 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), the controller was in operation for longer than 3 hours without having been switched off. The temperature on the cover was stable at approx. 57°C.



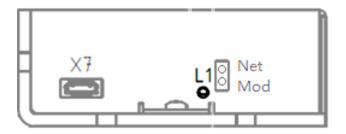


Aside from the motor, the exact temperature behavior is also dependent on the flange connection and the heat transfer there as well as on the convection in the application. For this reason, we recommend always performing an endurance test in the actual environment for applications in which current level and ambient temperature pose a problem.

3.5 LED signaling

3.5.1 Power LED

The power LED indicates the current status.





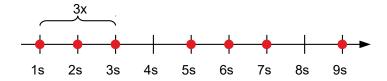
3.5.1.1 Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED L1 flashes briefly once per second.



3.5.1.2 Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.



The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

Flash rate	Error
1	General
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset



NOTICE

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.

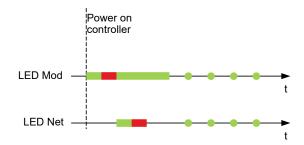


TIP

You can switch off the power LEDs with 3250h:09h.

3.5.2 EtherNet/IP™ LEDs

The "Mod" and "Net" LEDs flash in the pattern depicted below after switching on the controller.



After the start-up sequence, the "Mod" and "Net" LEDs flash continuously until an EtherNet/IP[™] connection is established. All other flash combinations are described in the following chapters.



3.5.2.1 Mod LED

The Mod LED indicates the one of the following states of the controller:

LED behavior	Summary	Prerequisite
Permanently off	No voltage supply	If the controller has no voltage supply, the Mod LED is permanently off.
Continuously green	Device ready for operation	If the controller is operating correctly, the LED is continuously green.
Flashing green	Standby	If the controller is not configured, the Mod LED flashes green.
Flashing red	Error (minor fault)	If an error occurs, the Mod LED flashes red.
Continuously red	Watchdog (major fault)	If a watchdog error occurs, the Mod LED illuminates continuously red.

3.5.2.2 Net LED

The Net LED indicates the following status of the controller:

LED behavior	Summary	Prerequisite
Permanently off	No voltage supply, no IP address	The controller is switched off or has voltage supply but no IP address has been configured (interface configuration attribute of the TCP/IP interface object).
Flashing green	No connection	An IP address is configured but no CIP [™] connection was established and an exclusive user connection timed out.
Continuously green	Connected	At least one CIP [™] connection (any transport class) is established and an exclusive user connection did not time out.
Flashing red	Connection timeout	An exclusive user connection whose target is the controller is running in a time out. The "Net LED" only switches back to continuously green if all exclusive user connections have been reestablished.

3.6 Pin assignment

3.6.1 Overview

Connection	Function
X1	EtherNet/IP [™]
X2	Encoder and Hall sensor connection
X3	Digital/analog inputs and outputs
X4	Brake connection
X5	Motor connection
X6	Voltage supply
X7	Micro USB connection
L1	Power LED





NOTICE

All pins with designation GND are internally connected.

3.6.2 X1 - EtherNet/IP™

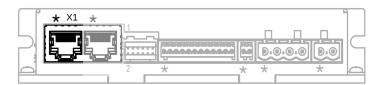
Type: RJ45 socket

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "*".



NOTICE

The second Ethernet port is not connected and is provided for reasons of hardware compatibility only.





NOTICE

The most frequently used network topology is the star topology. All nodes are connected to a central node (e.g. via an Ethernet switch) by means of a point#to#point connection.

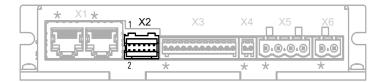
Pin		Function	Note
1	Tx+		
2	Tx-		
3	Rx+		
4	n.c.		
5	n.c.		
6	Rx-		
7	n.c.		
8	n.c.		

3.6.3 X2 - encoder/Hall sensor

- Type: JST S12B-PADSS-1
- Mating connector (not included in scope of delivery):
 - ☐ Housing: JST PADP-12V-1-S (or equivalent)
 - □ Contacts: JST SPH-001T-P0.5L (or equivalent)
- Suitable Nanotec cables (not included in the scope of delivery):
 - □ ZK-PADP-12-500-S
 - □ ZK-M12-8-2M-2-PADP
 - □ ZK-M12-12-2M-2-PADP
 - □ ZK-NTO3-10-500-PADP / ZK-NTO3-10-1000-PADP
 - □ ZK-NOE-10-500-S-PADP
 - □ ZK-WEDL-500-S-PADP



Pin 1 and pin 2 are marked in the figure.



Pin	Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Vcc	5 V DC, output and supply voltage for encoder / Hall sensor; max. 200 mA
3	Α	5 V signal, max. 1 MHz
4	В	5 V signal, max. 1 MHz
5	A\	5 V signal, max. 1 MHz
6	B\	5 V signal, max. 1 MHz
7	1	5 V signal, max. 1 MHz
8	1\	5 V signal, max. 1 MHz
9	Hall 1	5 V signal
10	Hall 2	5 V signal
11	Hall 3	5 V signal
12	Shielding	Shielding

NOTICE



If a single-ended encoder is used, channels A/, B/ and I/ are not evaluated!

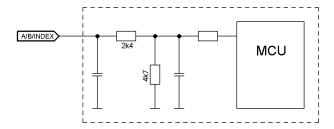
To ensure that a single-ended encoder is correctly detected:

- ► Set the object 2059_h to the value "2".
- ▶ Do not connect anything to pins A\, B\, I\, and do not connect these pins to ground (GND).

The following switching thresholds apply for the encoder inputs:

Type	Switching thresholds		
	On		Off
Single	> 3.8 V	< 0.26 V	
Difference	> 3.8 V	< 0.26 V	

The internal wiring of the encoder inputs is shown in the following.

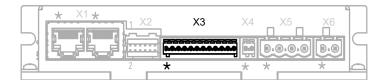




3.6.4 X3 – inputs and outputs

- Type: Phoenix Contact MC 0.5/12-G-2.5
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Phoenix Contact FK-MCP 0.5/12-ST-2.5 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFK-MC0,5-12

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "*".



Pin	Function	Note
1	+10 V DC	Output voltage, max. 200 mA
2	Digital input 1	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$, max. 1 MHz; clock input in clock-direction mode
3	Digital input 2	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$, max. 1 MHz; direction input in clock-direction mode
4	Digital input 3	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 _h
5	Digital input 4	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$
6	Digital input 5	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$
7	Analog input 1	10 bit, 0-10 V or 0-20 mA, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3221}_{h}$
8	Analog input 2	10 bit, 0-10 V, not switchable by means of software
9	Digital output 1	Open drain, maximum 24 V / 100 mA
10	Digital output 2	Open drain, maximum 24 V / 100 mA
11	Digital output 3	Open drain, maximum 24 V / 100 mA
12	GND	

The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 1 to 5:

Max. Voltage	Switching thresholds			
		On	0	ff
5 V	> 3.8 V		< 0.26 V	
24 V	> 14.42 V		< 4.16 V	

The following applies for the analog inputs:

Configuration of analog input	Input resistance (maximum value)
Voltage input	approx. 147 kOhm
Current input (analog input 1 only)	at 1 mA: approx. 350 ohm
Current input (analog input 1 only)	at 20 mA: approx. 283 ohm

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm ²	0.5 mm ²

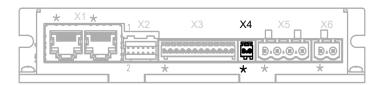


Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm ²	0.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm ²	0.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20

3.6.5 X4 - brake connection

- Type: Phoenix Contact MC 0.5/2-G-2.5
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Phoenix Contact FK-MCP 0.5/2-ST-2.5 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFK-MC0,5-2

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "*".



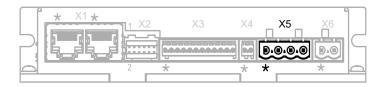
Pin	Function	Note
1	Brake +	Internally connected to +UB
2	Brake -	PWM-controlled open-drain output, max. 1.5 A

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.14 mm ²	0.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.14 mm ²	0.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm ²	0.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	26	20
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	28	20

3.6.6 X5 - motor connection

- Type: Würth Elektronik 691313510004
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Würth Elektronik 691353500004 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFKC-2,5HC-4

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "*".





Pin	Function (Stepper)	Function (BLDC)
1	A	U
2	A\	V
3	В	W
4	B\	Not used

Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.2 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.2 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve min. Plastic sleeve min.	0.25 mm ²	0.75 mm ²
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	24	16
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	24	16

3.6.7 X6 - voltage supply

- Type: Würth Elektronik 691313510002
- Mating connector (included in scope of delivery): Würth Elektronik 691353500002 (or equivalent)
- Nanotec article number: ZCPHOFKC-2,5HC-2

3.6.7.1 Voltage source

The operating or supply voltage supplies a battery, a transformer with rectification and filtering, or a switching power supply.

NOTICE

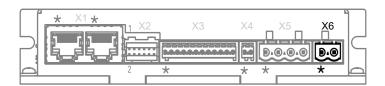


EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.

- ▶ An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/ motor.
- ▶ Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

3.6.7.2 Connections

Pin 1 is marked with an asterisk "*".



Pin	Function	Note
1	+UB	12 V - 48 V DC, ±5%
2	GND	



Connection data	min	max
Conductor cross section, rigid, min.	0.2 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min.	0.2 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve without plastic sleeve, min.	0.25 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Conductor cross section, flexible, min. Wire-end sleeve min. Plastic sleeve min.	0.25 mm ²	0.75 mm ²
Conductor cross section, min. AWG	24	16
Min. AWG acc. to UL/CUL	24	16

3.6.7.3 Permissible operating voltage

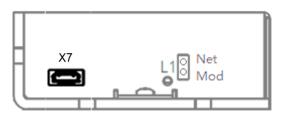
The maximum operating voltage is 50.4 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller exceeds the threshold value set in $\underline{2034}_h$, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. Above the response threshold set in $\underline{4021}_h$:02_h, the integrated ballast circuit is activated (wirewound resistor CR257-05T15R from VITROHM with 5 W continuous output).

The minimum operating voltage is 11.4 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller falls below 10 V, the motor is switched off and an error triggered.

A charging capacitor of at least 4700 μ F / 50 V (approx. 1000 μ F per ampere rated current) must be connected in parallel to the supply voltage to avoid exceeding the permissible operating voltage (e.g., during braking).

3.6.8 X7 - Micro USB

A cable of type "micro USB" is needed for this USB connection.





4 Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation. You can configure the controller via USB or via EtherNet/ IP^{TM} .

The *Plug & Drive Studio* software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the controller to the connected motor. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

Observe the following note:

NOTICE

EMC: Current-carrying cables – particularly around supply and motor cables – produce electromagnetic alternating fields. These can interfere with the motor and other devices.

Suitable measures may be:



- ▶ Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- ► Keep power supply and motor cables as short as possible.
- ► Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- ► Lay supply, motor and control cables separately.

4.1 Configuration via USB

4.1.1 General

The following options are available for configuring the controller via USB:

Configuration file

This file can be saved to the controller via the USB connection. For further information, read chapters USB connection and Configuration file.

NanoJ program

This program can be programmed, compiled and then transferred to the controller with *NanoJ* via USB. For further information, read chapters <u>NanoJ program</u> and <u>Programming with NanoJ</u>.

After connecting to a voltage supply, the controller reads out the configuration in the following order:

- 1. The configuration file is read out and processed.
- 2. The NanoJ program is started.

4.1.2 USB connection

If the controller is connected to a PC via a USB cable, the controller behaves like a removable storage device. No further drivers are required.

Three files are displayed: the configuration file (cfg.txt), the NanoJ program (vmmcode.usr) and the information file (info.txt), where the serial numbers and firmware version of the product can be found.

You can thereby store the configuration file or the *NanoJ program* on the controller. The voltage supply of the controller must also be connected during USB operation.



NOTICE

- Only use a standard Micro USB cable. Never use a USB cable that manufacturers of mobile phones include with their products. These USB cables could have a different plug shape or pin assignment.
- Do not save any files on the controller other than those listed below:



- 1. cfg.txt
- 2. vmmcode.usr
- 3. info.bin
- 4. reset.txt

Any other file is deleted when the voltage supply of the controller is switched on!

TIP

Because it is often necessary during commissioning to copy the same file to the controller following an update, it is recommended that a script file be used to perform this task.

Under Windows, you can create a text file with file extension bat and the following content:



```
copy <SOURCE> <TARGET>
```

Under Linux, you can create a script with file extension sh and the following content:

```
#!/bin/bash
cp <SOURCE> <TARGET>
```

4.1.3 Configuration file

4.1.3.1 General

The cfg.txt configuration file is used to preset values for the object dictionary to a certain value during startup. This file uses a special syntax to make accessing the objects of the object dictionary as easy as possible. The controller evaluates all assignments in the file from top to bottom.



NOTICE

If you delete the configuration file, the controller recreates the file (without content) on the next restart.

4.1.3.2 Reading and writing the file

How to access the file:

- 1. Connect and switch on the voltage supply.
- 2. Connect the controller to your PC using the USB cable.
- 3. After the PC has detected the device as a removable storage device, navigate in the Explorer to the directory of the controller. File cfg.txt (for a PD4C, the file is named pd4ccfg.txt) is stored there.
- **4.** Open this file with a simple text editor, such as Notepad or Vi. Do not use any programs that use markup (LibreOffice or similar).

After you have made changes to the file, proceed as follows to apply the changes through a restart:

- 1. Save the file if you have not yet already done so. The motor stops.
- 2. Disconnect the USB cable from the controller.
- 3. Disconnect the voltage supply from the controller for approx. 1 second until the power LEDs stop flashing.
- **4.** Reconnect the voltage supply. When the controller is now restarted, the values in the configuration file are read out and applied.





TIP

To restart the controller, you can also copy an empty reset.txt file to the controller. This restarts the controller. The reset.txt file is deleted on the next restart.

4.1.3.3 Structure of the configuration file

Comments

Lines that begin with a semicolon are ignored by the controller.

Example

; This is a comment line

Assignments



NOTICE

Before setting a value, determine its data type (see chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u>)! The controller does not validate entries for logical errors!

Values in the object dictionary can be set with the following syntax:

<Index>:<Subindex>=<Value>

<Index>

This value corresponds to the index of the object and is interpreted as a hexadecimal number. The value must always be specified with four digits.

<Subindex>

This value corresponds to the subindex of the object and is interpreted as a hexadecimal number. The value must always be specified with two digits and can be omitted if the subindex is 00_h .

<Value>

The value that is to be written in the object is interpreted as a hexadecimal number. Hexadecimal numbers are to be prefixed with "0x".

You can also set individual bits:

Set bit

3202:00.03=1

Reset bit

3202:00.03=0



Bitwise OR

3202:00|=0x08

Bitwise AND

3202:00&=0x08

Example

Set object 203B_h:01 (rated current) to the value "600" (mA):

```
203B:01=600
```

Set object 3202_h:00 to the value "8" (activate current reduction while at a standstill in *open loop* mode):

```
3202:00=8
```

or only set bit 3

3202:00.03=1

NOTICE

There must be no blank characters to the left and right of the equal sign. The following assignments are not correct:

```
6040:00 = 5

6040:00 = 5

6040:00 = 5
```

A

The number of places must not be changed. The index must be four characters long and the subindex two characters long. The following assignments are not correct:

```
6040:0=6
6040=6
```

■ Blank spaces at the start of the line are not permitted.

4.1.4 NanoJ program

A *NanoJ program* can be executed on the controller. To load and start a program on the controller, proceed as follows:

- 1. Write and compile your program as described in chapter Programming with NanoJ.
- 2. Connect the voltage supply to the controller and switch on the voltage supply.
- 3. Connect the controller to your PC using the USB cable.
- **4.** After the PC has detected the device as a removable storage device, open an Explorer window and delete file vmmcode.usr on the controller.
- 5. Navigate in the Explorer to the directory with your program. The compiled file has the same name as the source code file, only with file extension .usr. Rename this file vmmcode.usr.
- 6. Copy file vmmcode.usr to the controller.



To start the *NanoJ program* the next time the controller is restarted, add the following line to the configuration file:

2300:00=1

- 7. Disconnect the voltage supply from the controller for approx. 1 second until the power LEDs stop flashing.
- 8. Reconnect the voltage supply. When the controller now starts, the new *NanoJ program* is read in and started.



TIP

To restart the controller, you can also copy an empty reset.txt file to the controller. This restarts the controller. The reset.txt file is deleted on the next restart.

NOTICE



- The NanoJ program on the controller must have file name vmmcode.usr.
- If the NanoJ program was deleted, an empty file named vmmcode.usr is created the next time the controller is started.

TIP

It is possible to automate the deletion of the old *NanoJ program* and the copying of the new one with a script file:

■ Under Windows, you can create a file with file extension bat and the following content:

```
copy <SOURCE PATH>\<OUTPUT>.usr <TARGET>:\vmmcode.usr
```



For example:

copy c:\test\main.usr n:\vmmcode.usr

Under Linux, you can create a script with file extension sh and the following content:

```
#!/bin/bash
cp <SOURCE PATH>/<OUTPUT>.usr <TARGET PATH>/vmmcode.usr
```

You can protect your *NanoJ program* from being read out/copied by activating the *hidden* attribute of the FAT file system.

4.2 Configuring the Ethernet interface

4.2.1 Overview

4.2.1.1 Hardware address

The controller initially has no IP address, but is instead addressed via the printed hardware address (MAC address). This address consists of 6 hexadecimal numbers in form44-AA-E8-xx-xx-xx.

The hardware address is unique and unchangeable and is assigned during production. In general, this is only needed during a firmware update. As soon as the boot loader has ended and the actual firmware begins to operate, subsequent communication takes place via the TCP/IP protocol.

4.2.1.2 IP address

The controller needs a valid IP address. This can be obtained in the following ways:



- DHCP: A DHCP server assigns the IP address to the controller (default setting).
- Static IP address: This is defined by the user.

Which method is used depends on the network environment and is defined by the network administrator.

4.2.2 Setting the IP address

Each of the connected devices (controller and communication partners) in an Ethernet network or with a point-to-point Ethernet connection requires a unique IP address. This can either be obtained automatically (DHCP) or assigned statically. In the following, "communication partner" refers to a PC or laptop.

You can integrate the controller in an existing Ethernet network. To do this, you only need to establish the physical connection with a standard Ethernet cable. Provided DHCP is activated on the controller (factory setting), the controller is also automatically detected on the network and can immediately be operated via a PC located on the network.

4.2.3 Setting DHCP

IP addresses can be obtained dynamically in a network from a DHCP server. DHCP is preset in the controller at the factory for automatically obtaining an IP address from a DHPC server.



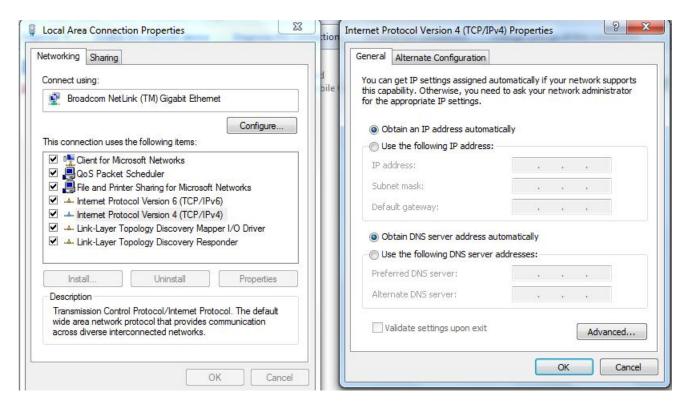


If the DHCP server also assigns a hostname for the IP address to be assigned, this hostname is adopted by the controller. From this point on, the controller responds only to this hostname and no longer to the MAC address.

To establish the connection to the controller, it may only be necessary to make a few settings on the communication partner (e.g., PC or laptop). Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- 3. Select Change adapter settings.
- **4.** A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter to which the controller is connected (e.g., click with the right mouse button).
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties button.
- 6. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically option.
- **7.** Confirm acceptance of the entries with the *OK* button.





4.2.4 Setting a static IP address

If static addresses are to be assigned to the controller and the communication partner, just a few settings need to be performed on the controller and the communication partner.

The controller can be assigned a static IP address and network mask (each IPv4) through OD entries. The following entries are relevant in the object dictionary:

Index	Description
2010 _h	IP configuration, bit mask with the following meaning:
	Bit 0: A static IP address from object $\underline{2011}_h$ and the network mask from object $\underline{2012}_h$ are used.
<u>2011</u> _h	Static IP address, 4 bytes in hex coding
2012 _h	Static IP subnet mask, 4 bytes in hex coding
2013 _h	Gateway address
2014 _h	Active IP address, 4 bytes in hex coding
2015 _h	Active IP subnet mask, 4 bytes in hex coding
2016 _h	Currently used gateway address
<u>200F</u> _h	MAC address

NOTICE



You must save the objects $2010_h...2013_h$ (*category: Ethernet*) after making changes (see the chapter <u>Saving objects</u>) by writing the value "65766173" in $1010_h:0C_h$. The changes are not taken over until after the controller has been restarted.

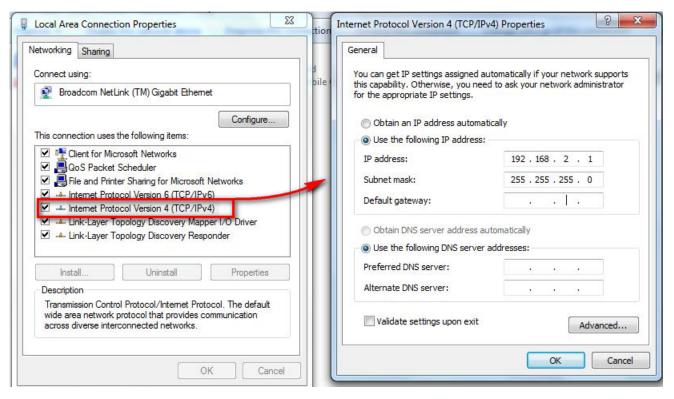
Notes:



- If DHCP was activated, the controller uses the set static IP address if no address could be assigned via DHCP (e.g., because the DHCP service is temporarily unavailable).
- If both objects 2010_h and 2011_h are set to the value "0", an incorrect configuration is assumed and DHCP are switched on.
- If bit 0 is set in object 2010_h, the static IP address is used. DHCP is not used in this case.
- If only DHCP is switched on and an IP address assignment did not function, an attempt is made independent of bit 0 to connect using the entered static IP address.

A static IP address is also assigned to the communication partner. Settings using the Windows 7 operating system as an example:

- 1. Press the Windows Start button and select Control Panel.
- 2. Select Network and Sharing Center.
- 3. Select Change adapter settings.
- **4.** A list of the available network adapters is displayed. Open the properties on the adapter with which the controller is connected (e.g., right-mouse click and select *Properties*).
- 5. Select Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and press the Properties button.
- **6.** Select the *Use the following IP address:* option and enter the desired IP address and network mask in the *IP address* field.
- **7.** Confirm acceptance of the entries with the OK button.



4.3 REST web services

4.3.1 Introduction

The protocol used by the web server is HTTP/1.0. The architecture here is realized according to REST (Representational State Transfer) which also offers the possibility to access objects/resources. The values in the object dictionary are an example of this.

The operations supported here are:

■ GET: Request a resource

■ POST: Add a new resource



4.3.2 Resource names

The name of a resource is always specified in the *URI* (*Uniform Resource Identifier*) notation familiar from the Internet. Via this *URI*, the controller supports access to the <u>object dictionary</u>. The identifier for this is:

Od: Object dictionary

Example

Accessing a value in the object dictionary:

```
GET /od/6040/00 HTTP/1.0
```

This string is used to access entry 6040_h subindex 00_h in the object dictionary.

The reply is made as a JSON string and reflects the content of this object:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Server: uip/1.0
Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, private
Content-type: application/json
"0006"
```

Writing a value to the object dictionary:

```
POST /od/6040/00 HTTP/1.0

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Form item: ""000F"" = ""(Key: "000F", Value:)
```

This string is used to write value "15(0F_h)" to object 6040_h subindex 00_h.

The controller receives confirmation with status code 200 OK:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Server: uip/1.0
```

4.3.3 Accessing the object dictionary

The following URIs enable access to the object dictionary:

<IP address>/od/xxxx/yy

Requests entry xxxx subindex yy from the object dictionary.

<IP address>/od/xxxx/data

Requests entry xxxx with all subindices.

Example

Accessing a value in the object dictionary:

```
http://192.168.2.100/od/6040/00
```

This string is used to access entry 6040_h subindex 00_h in the object dictionary.

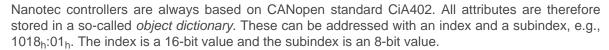
The reply is made as a JSON string and reflects the content of this object.



4.4 Commissioning EtherNet/IP™

This controller is equipped with an EtherNet/IP[™] interface. Read chapter EtherNet/IPfor further details.

NOTICE





The controller offers EtherNet/IP $^{\text{TM}}$, but this protocol uses a different procedure: all attributes are stored on the basis of objects. For this reason, the *C5-E* uses an assignment to create a bridge between EtherNet/IP $^{\text{TM}}$ and CANopen. As a consequence, the configuration of this controller is somewhat different that with normal EtherNet/IP $^{\text{TM}}$ devices.

The following commissioning procedure assumes the use of a *CompactLogix* PLC and *Studio 5000* software from Rockwell.

4.4.1 Connection

- 1. Connect the supply voltage to connector X6 (see chapter X6 voltage supply).
- Connect the Rockwell CompactLogix PLC to connection X1 of the controller (see chapter X1 EtherNet/ IP).

4.4.2 Software connection

By default, the controller is in DHCP mode. A DHCP server is therefore needed in the network. If no DHCP server is available or if the controller is to operate with a fixed IP address, the *BOOTP/DHCP* tool from Rockwell can be used. With this tool, is is possible to either assign an IP address to the controller by means of DHCP or to assign a static address and deactivate DHCP. BOOTP is not supported by the controller.

If you have your own DHCP server and wish to ascertain the IP address, this can be accomplished most easily with the *ping* tool. To do this, the NetBIOS service must be activated on the PC and the MAC address of the controller must be known.

Example

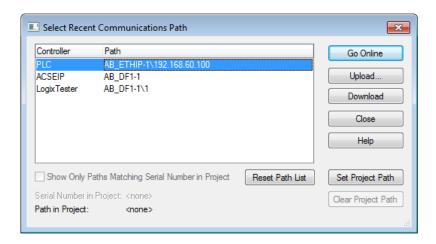
If controller with MAC address 44:AA:E8:00:02:9F is to be addressed, the tool is called in a shell or command line using:

ping MAC-44AAE800029F

You must perform the next steps in the Rockwell Logix Designer.

- Use the RSLinx Classic software to create an EtherNet/IP[™] driver. Refer to the corresponding manual for help.
- 2. Select the project path of the PLC.

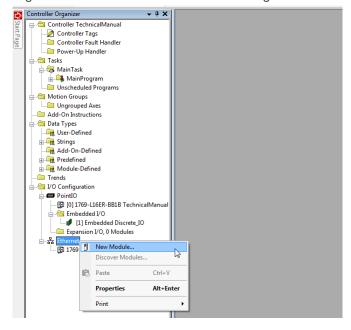




3. Import the EDS file of the controller: Click on *Tools\EDS Hardware Installation Tool*, select *Register an EDS file(s)*. Then select the correct EDS file and import it.

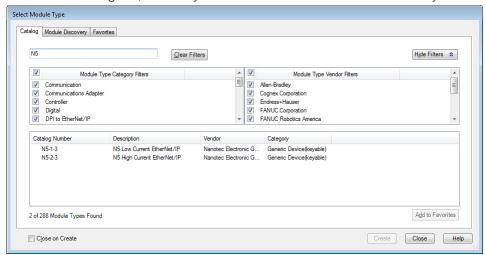


4. Right-click on Ethernet in the Controller Organizer and select New Module....

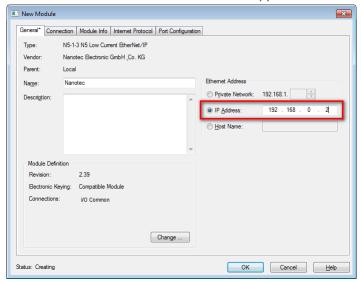




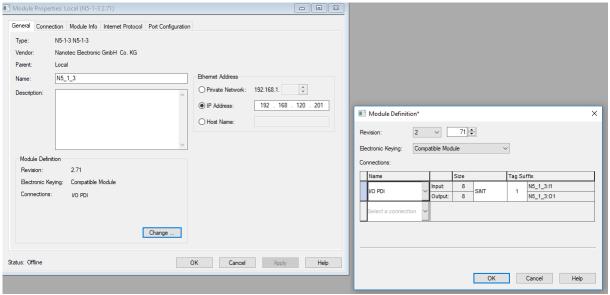
Select the Catalog tab, find entry C5-E and select the device with which you would like to work.



The *New Module* input mask then opens. Select the *General* tab and enter a name and the IP address for the device. Use of the *Host Name* is not supported.

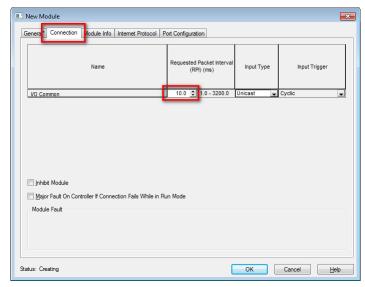


Click on *Change* to select one of the assemblies (either *IIO Common* or *I/O PDI*, see chapter <u>Assembly objects</u>).



Select the *Connection* tab and enter an RPI value for the *I/O Common* data as shown in the following figure. The *input type* can also be changed to *unicast* or *multicast*.





Lastly, close the mask by clicking on OK.

4.5 Setting the motor data

Prior to commissioning, the motor controller requires a number of values from the motor data sheet.

- Number of pole pairs: Object 2030_h:00_h (pole pair count) The number of motor pole pairs is to be entered here. With a stepper motor, the number of pole pairs is calculated using the step angle, e.g., 1.8° = 50 pole pairs, 0.9° = 100 pole pairs (see step angle in motor data sheet). With BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs is specified directly in the motor data sheet.
- Object 2031_h:00_h: maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- Object 6075_h:00_h: rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet), limited by 2031_h
- Object 6073_h:00_h: maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory settings: "1000", which corresponds to 100% of the value in 6075_h. Is limited by 2031_h.
- Object 203B_h:02_h Maximum duration of the maximum current (6073_h) in ms (for initial commissioning, Nanotec recommends a value of 100 ms; this value is to be adapted later to the specific application).
- Setting the motor type:
 - Stepper motor:
 - Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type stepper motor, activates current reduction on motor standstill: 0000008h.See also chapter <u>Commissioning open loop</u>.
 - □ BLDC motor:
 - Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): Defines motor type BLDC: 00000040h
- Motor with encoder: Object <u>2059</u>_h:00_h (Encoder Configuration): Depending on the encoder version, one of the following values is to be entered (see motor data sheet):
 - □ Supply voltage 5V, differential: 00000000h
 - □ Supply voltage 5V, single-ended: 00000002h
- Motor with encoder without index: You must set the encoder parameters after the <u>Auto setup</u>, see chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.
- Motor with brake: Object 3202_h:00_h (Motor Drive Submode Select): The brake control is activated for the initial commissioning. Depending on the specific application, this configuration can be deactivated later if necessary. One of the following values is to be entered depending on the motor type:
 - □ Stepper motor, brake control (and <u>current reduction</u>) activated: 0000000Ch
 - □ BLDC motor, brake control activated: 00000044h



NOTICE



Due to the sine commutation and the sinusoidal current flow, the current of a motor winding can achieve an alternating current value that is briefly greater (by max. $\sqrt{2}$ times) than the set current.

At especially slow speeds or while at a standstill with full load, one of the windings can therefore be supplied with overcurrent for a longer period of time. Take this into account when dimensioning the motor and select a motor with larger torque reserve if necessary if required by the application.

4.6 Connecting the motor

After setting the motor parameters, see <u>Setting the motor data</u>, connect the motor and, if applicable, the present sensors (encoders / Hall sensors).

NOTICE



Damage to the electronics if motor is connected incorrectly!

- ▶ Observe the PIN assignment in chapter *Pin assignment* and the motor data sheet.
- Connect the motor:
 - □ to connection X5, see X5 motor connection
- Connect encoders / Hall sensors:
 - □ to connection X2, see X2 encoder/Hall sensor
- Connect the brake:
 - □ to connection X4, see <u>X4 − brake connection</u>

How the automatic brake control can be activated is described in chapter Automatic brake control.

4.7 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), you must perform an auto setup.





As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

TIP

NOTICE

Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:



- ► The motor must be load-free.
- ▶ The motor must not be touched.
- ▶ The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- ► No NanoJ programs may be running (object 2300_h:00_h bit 0 = "0", see 2300h NanoJ Control).

-6-

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.

TIP



4.7.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

Parameter	All motors independent of the configuration
Motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor)	✓
Winding resistance	✓
Winding inductance	✓
Interlinking flux	✓



NOTICE

For motors which have windings with significally deviating inductivity, it is not possible to determine the Interlinking flux. Because of this, thee motors are not suitable for sensorless *Closed Loop* operation.

Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Encoder resolution	-	✓	
Alignment (shifting of the electrical zero to the index)	-	✓	

Parameter	Motor without Hall sensor	Motor with Hall sensor
Hall transitions	-	✓

4.7.2 Execution

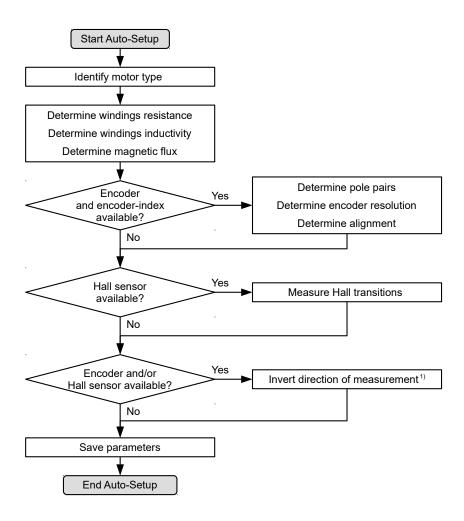
Before performing the *auto setup*, make certain that you have correctly set the necessary parameters (see <u>Setting the motor data</u>).

- 1. To preselect the *auto setup* operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FE_h") in object 6060_h:00_h. The *power state machine* must now switch to the *Operation enabled* state, see <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>.
- 2. Start *auto setup* by setting bit 4 *OMS* in object 6040_h:00_h (controlword).

While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:



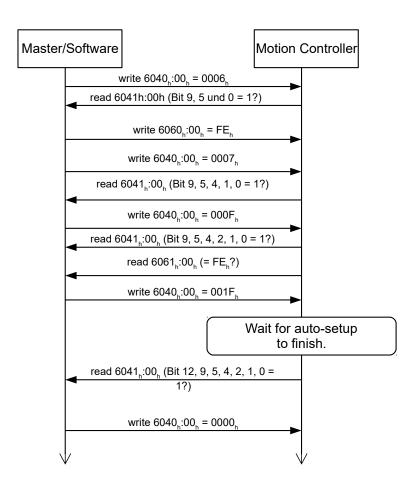
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1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 OMS in object $6041_h:00_h$ (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 TARG in object $6041_h:00_h$ can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.





4.7.3 Parameter memory

After a successful *auto setup*, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see <u>Saving objects</u> and <u>1010h Store Parameters</u>. Categories *Drive* $1010_h:05_h$ and *Tuning* $1010_h:06_h$ are used.

CAUTION



Uncontrolled motor movements!

After the auto setup, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ Restart the device after an auto setup. Homing alone does not suffice.

4.8 Configuring the sensors

The parameters (configuration, alignment, etc.) of each feedback are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and stored in the following objects:

Object	Feedback	Description
3380 _h	Sensorless	Contains measurement and configuration values for sensorless control
3390 _h	Hall sensor (digital)	contains configuration values for the Hall sensors
33A0 _h	Incremental encoder 1	contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder



NOTICE



It is not possible to determine the resolution of encoders without index or with more than one index per motor revolution.

In this case, you must enter and store the parameters in the corresponding objects (see <u>3204</u>_h, <u>60E6</u>_h and <u>60EB</u>_h) (category *Tuning*, see <u>Saving objects</u>).

For external sensors that are not mounted directly on the motor shaft, you must set and store the gear ratio according to the constructive features (objects $60E8_h$ and $60ED_h$) and/or the feed constant (objects $60E9_h$ and $60EE_h$) (category *Application*).

Example

An encoder with a resolution of 2000 increments/mm was connected that is to be used in the field directly at the process for a high-precision position measurement. The constructive design was realized as follows:

Motor	Gearbox	Process	Encoder
Rotary	Rotary Rotary	Rotary Translational	Translational
1	i=4	Diameter 40 mm 125.6637 mm/ revolution	2000 incr./mm (62831.85 incr. per motor revolution)

You must set the resolution, gear ratio and feed constant as follows:

Object	Value
60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments	1256637
60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions	20
60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions	4
60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions	1
60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed	2513274 incr. (corresponds to 1256.637 mm)
60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions	10

You must still set the unit for the position to millimeters or other unit of length, see chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

In object 3203_h you can set which of the present feedbacks the controller takes into account for each controller (current controller/commutation, velocity controller, position controller) in *closed loop* or the determination of the actual position and actual speed in *open loop*. See also chapter <u>Closed Loop</u> and <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u>.



NOTICE



The value "0" in a subindex of the object <u>60E6</u>_h means that the respective feedback is not connected and is not used. Thus, it is possible, for example, to switch off the sensorless function to save computing time. This can be helpful if a *NanoJ* program needs the computing time.

If there is a value not equal to "0" in a subindex, the controller checks the corresponding sensor at power on. In case of an error (signal not available, configuration/status not valid etc.) the error bit is set in the status word and an error code is entered in the object 1003h.



5 General concepts

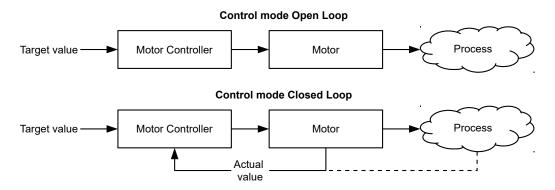
5.1 Control modes

5.1.1 General

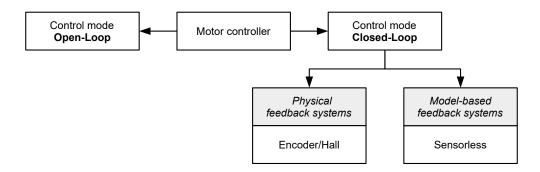
The control mode of systems without feedback is called *open loop*, the mode with feedback is called *closed loop*. In the *closed loop* control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.

For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.



In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as *sensorless* systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality.



Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controller-specific and is described in chapters *Pin assignment* and <u>Operating modes</u>.

Control mode	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Open Loop	yes	no
Closed Loop	yes	yes

Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Hall	no	yes
Encoder	yes	yes



Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Sensorless	yes	yes

Nanotec developed the <u>Slow Speed</u> control mode, which is a combination of *open loop* and *closed loop*, especially for applications in the low speed range. This control mode can be used if an encoder is present as feedback.

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

Operating mode	Control mode		
	Open Loop	Closed Loop	Slow Speed
Profile Position	yes	yes	yes
Velocity	yes	yes	yes
Profile Velocity	yes	yes	yes
Profile Torque	no ¹⁾	yes	no
Homing	yes ²⁾	yes	yes
Interpolated Position Mode	yes ³⁾	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Position	yes ³⁾	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	yes ³⁾	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Torque	no ¹⁾	yes	no
Clock-direction	yes	yes	yes

- 1) The <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> torque operating modes are not possible in the *open loop* control mode due to a lack of feedback.
- 2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.
- 3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity</u> follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with *open loop* control mode.

5.1.2 Open Loop

5.1.2.1 Introduction

Open loop mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to *closed loop*, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. *Open loop* mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike *closed loop*, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in *open loop* mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of the inertia of the rotor and overall system. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

5.1.2.2 Commissioning

To use open loop mode, the following settings are necessary:



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- In object 2030_h (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of 1.8° corresponds to 50 pole pairs and 0.9° corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object 2031_h:00_h, enter the maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- In object 6075_h:00_h, enter the rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object 6073_h:00_h, enter the maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory settings: "1000", which corresponds to 100% of the value in 6073_h. A value greater than "1000" is limited internally to "1000".
- In object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".

Nanotec recommends to activate the current reduction on motor standstill in order to reduce the power loss and heat build-up. To activate current reduction, the following settings are necessary:

- In object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 3 (CurRed) to "1".
- In object 2036_h (open-loop current reduction idle time), the time in milliseconds is specified that the motor must be at a standstill (set value is checked) before current reduction is activated.
- In object <u>2037</u>_h (open-loop current reduction value/factor), the root mean square is specified to which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in *open loop* and the motor is at a standstill.

5.1.2.3 Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in *open loop* mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see objects <u>6073</u>_h and <u>6075</u>_h, respectively. An excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects 3210_h:09_h (I_P) and 3210_h:0A_h (I_I) or 320F_h (generally not necessary).
 The current controller operates optimally if the actual current of both windings (square root of the

sum $I_a^2 + I_b^2$, 2039_h :03h/:04_h) divided by 2 at any point in time corresponds to the set rated current (203B_h:01_h).

Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:

Profile Position operating mode

Objects <u>6083</u>_h (Profile Acceleration), <u>6084</u>_h (Profile Deceleration) and <u>6081</u>_h (Profile Velocity).

Velocity operating mode

Objects 6048_h (Velocity Acceleration), 6049_h (Velocity Deceleration) and 6042_h (Target Velocity).

Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects 6083_h (Profile Acceleration), 6084_h (Profile Deceleration) and 6081_h (Profile Velocity).

Homing operating mode

Objects <u>609A</u>_h (Homing Acceleration), <u>6099</u>_h:01_h (Speed During Search For Switch) and <u>6099</u>_h:02_h (Speed During Search For Zero).

Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

Cyclic Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.



Cyclic Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

Clock-direction operating mode

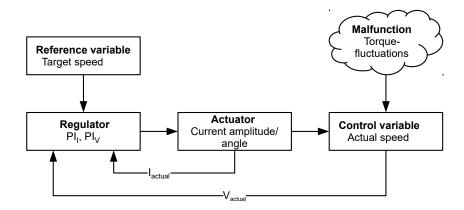
Change of the step resolution via objects $\underline{2057}_h$ (Clock Direction Multiplier) and $\underline{2058}_h$ (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

5.1.3 Closed Loop

5.1.3.1 Introduction

The *closed loop* theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.

Closed loop using a speed control as an example:



 PI_{I} = Proportional-integral current control loop

PI_V = Proportional-integral velocity control loop

 $I_{actual} = Actual current$ $V_{actua\overline{t}}$ Actual speed

The *closed loop* method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of *closed loop* technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using sensor signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for *closed loop* mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through a software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which – above a certain minimum speed – supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support *closed loop* mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With *closed loop* mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.



5.1.3.2 Controller structure

The controller consists of three cascaded PI controllers (proportional-integral): the current controller (commutation), the velocity controller and the position controller.

The current controller is active in all operating modes. The velocity controller is as well with the sole exception of the "Real Torque" modes (torque mode without speed limiting if bit 5 in 3202_h is set to "1").

The position controller is active in the following operating modes:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity/Cyclic Synchronous Velocity if bit 1 in 3202_h is set to "1"

NOTICE

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema described here for the <u>Controller structure</u> applies.

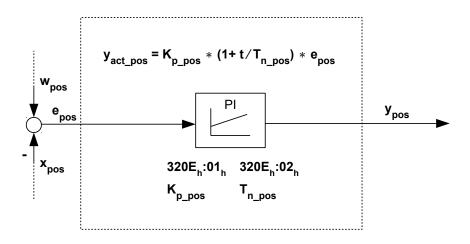


The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are still activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

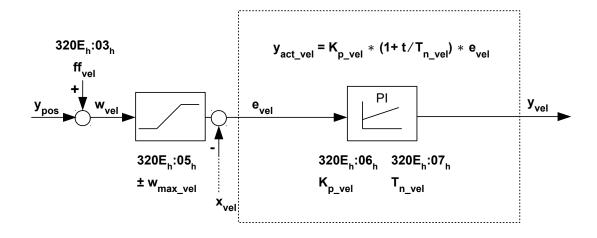
To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". When the controller is switched on, the old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320E}_h$ or $\underline{320F}_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

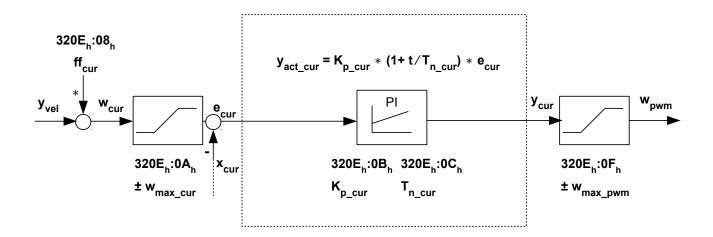
Each controller consists of a proportional component with the *gain factor* K_p and an integral component with the *reset time* T_n . The control variable (the output signal of the controller, which is the set point for the next controller) is limited by the maximum speed (position controller), the maximum current (velocity controller) or the maximum PWM signal (current controller), respectively.

The following figures show the structure of the three cascaded controllers.









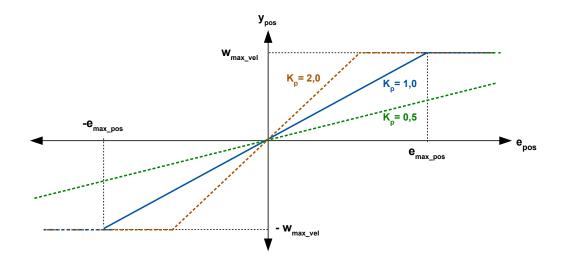
For each controller you can set a maximum control deviation (e_{max}) and a *gain factor* (K_p) that determine the output of the controller (control variable), taking into account the limitation of the control variable (y_{max}).

The following figure shows the relationship between the maximum control deviation (e), the control variable (y) and the *gain factor* (K_p) using the position controller as an example.

With a K_p of 100%, a maximum deviation set in 320E_h:04_h (e_{max_pos}) leads to the set maximum control variable set in 320E_h:05_h (in the case of the maximum speed, y_{max_vel}). For smaller deviations, the control variable is also correspondingly smaller.

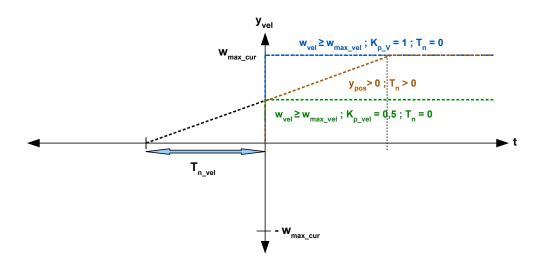
The *gain factor* K_p has a direct influence on the current control variable: at the same deviation, the control variable is proportional to the gain factor.





Each controller also has an integral component that is determined by the *reset time* (T_n). The following figure shows the influence of the reset time on the control variable using the velocity controller as an example.

The smaller the reset time, the greater the influence of the integral component and the faster the control variable increases. If the reset time is 0, the integral component is internally set to "0" and the controller only has the proportional component.



5.1.3.3 Feed forward

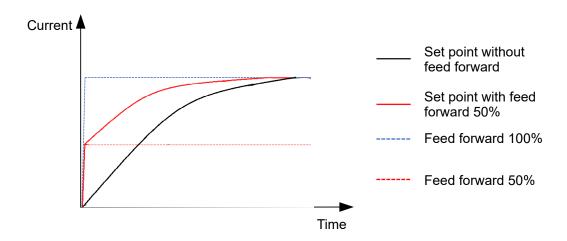
It is also possible to set a *velocity feed forward*, an *acceleration feed forward* (that corresponds to a torque/current value) and a *voltage feed forward*.

You can use the *feed forward* to add an already known or anticipated control variable to the set point ("predictive"). You can, e. g., compensate for the inertia of the load by adding an acceleration feed forward value to the output of the velocity controller.

The feed forward values are additionally fed to the speed/current control loop or added to the voltage value and are immediately available. A more dynamic control can thereby be achieved.



The following figure shows the current (produced by the acceleration) during the acceleration phase as a function of the *acceleration feed forward*. At a feed forward value of "50%", the current is at "50%" already at the start of the acceleration phase; the current controller is thereby "relieved".



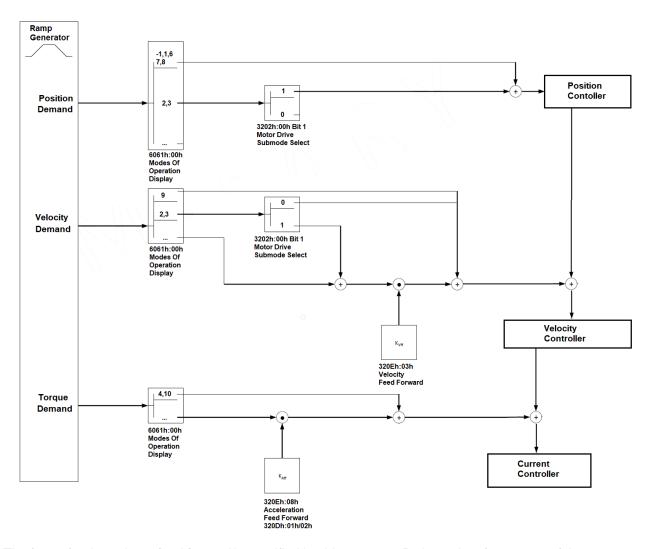
The factor for the *velocity feed forward* is set in object $\underline{320E_h}$:03_h in tenths of a percent of the output of the ramp generator ($\underline{606B_h}$) and added to the output of the position controller before the velocity controller. The *velocity feed forward* is active in all modes with position control loop:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity if bit 1 in 3202_h is set to "1"

The factor for the *acceleration feed forward* is set in object $320E_h$:08_h in tenths of a percent of the factor of $320D_h$ and multiplied by the output of the ramp generator (6074_h). The value is added to the output of the velocity controller before the current controller. The *acceleration feed forward* is active in all modes, with the exception of the torque modes.

The following figure shows the cases in which the feed forward is active and the position of the feed forward within the controller cascade.





The factor for the *voltage feed forward* is specified in object $320E_h$:0D_h in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current. If the factor is 1000‰ (factory setting), the voltage is immediately available and the actual current quickly reaches the rated current. As a result, there is practically no control deviation during acceleration and the current controller is relieved.

The voltage feed forward is active in all modes. To switch it off, set 320E_h:0D_h to "0".

5.1.3.4 Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops

In object $\underline{3203}_h$, you define which of the existing feedbacks the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (current controller/commutation, velocity, position). You can also use a second sensor for the commutation (see <u>Commutation help</u>).

Each subindex of the object contains a bit mask for the respective feedback of a sensor. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in <u>Closed Loop</u>.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.

The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.



Example

The controller has two physical interfaces. Hall sensors and a (non-absolute) incremental encoder were connected.

Bit	Controller	Feedback 1 Sensorless	Feedback 2 Hall	Feedback 3 Incremental encoder
0	Position	0	0	1
1	Velocity	0	1	1 ¹
2	Commutation	0	1 ²	1
	Index:Subindex	3203 _h :01 _h	3203 _h :02 _h	3203 _h :03 _h

¹The Hall sensors should be used for velocity control, the encoder for the positioning and commutation. Although the bit for the velocity was also set for the third feedback, this is not taken into account.

Commutation help

Some sensors are initially lacking the alignment necessary for the commutation (offset between the index of the encoder and the magnets of the rotor). This means that the rotor orientation cannot be determined using only the position information of the sensor.

For assistance, you can set a second sensor as commutation sensor (bit 2 of the corresponding subindex in $\underline{3203}_h$). It is thereby possible, for example, for each (electric) absolute sensor with alignment (such as a Hall sensor), to offer commutation assistance, e. g., for an incremental encoder without index or still missing alignment (index signal not yet seen since a restart). The controller automatically uses the better sensor for the commutation.

If no second commutation sensor is selected or if the alignment is missing for the selected sensors, an autoalignment is determined in *open loop* if necessary (independent of bit 4 in 3202_h).

5.1.3.5 Commissioning

An auto setup should be performed before using *closed loop* mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter <u>Auto setup</u>.

To use *closed loop* mode, certain settings are necessary depending on the motor type and feedback; see chapter <u>Setting the motor data</u>.

Bit 0 in 3202_h must be set . The bit is set automatically after a successfully completed auto setup.

Activation

If an (electric) absolute sensor (e.g., Hall sensor) is used for the commutation, the *closed loop* is activated automatically already when switching on.

²Immediately after switching on – and until the index of the encoder is passed over for the first time – commutation is to take place via the Hall sensors and immediately enable *closed loop* mode.



If an encoder is used for the commutation, the index of the encoder must be passed over at least once after switching on before *closed loop* can be activated (remains in *open loop* mode until this takes place).

If no index is present or if it cannot be used, you can:

- use a second sensor for commutation (see <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u>)
- or have an auto alignment determined in open loop by setting bit 4 in 3202_h to "1".
 Auto alignment is determined once every time the controller is restarted after the first command that switches the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the <u>Operation enabled</u> state.
 In doing so, the rotor is moved up to a magnetic pole. After the alignment has been determined, the <u>Operation enabled</u> state is reached and travel continues if applicable.



NOTICE

To be able to determine the *auto alignment*, you must ensure that the (automatic or manual) brake control is deactivated (see chapter Automatic brake control).

CAUTION

Uncontrolled motor movements!





Please observe the following requirements for the use of auto alignment:

- ▶ The motor shaft must ideally be load-free. If this is not possible, the motor must be designed so that there is a large torque reserve (at least 25%).
- ▶ Use an encoder with sufficiently high resolution (at least 500 counts per revolution, after quadrature, for a motor with 50 pole pairs)

Bit 15 in 6041h Statusword indicates whether or not *closed loop* is active (if the state of <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is *Operation enabled*).

5.1.3.6 Optimizations

In *closed loop*, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

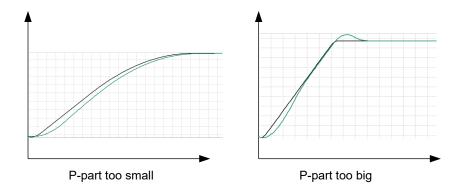
The objective of control parameter optimization (the so-called *tuning* of the controller) is the smoothest possible running of the motor, high accuracy and high dynamics in the reaction of the controller to faults. All control deviations should be eliminated as quickly as possible.

Due to the cascaded <u>Controller structure</u>, it is useful to start the optimization of the inner-most controller (current controller) before the velocity and – if applicable – the position controller are optimized. Each of the three controllers consists of a proportional and an integral component, which should normally be adjusted in this order.

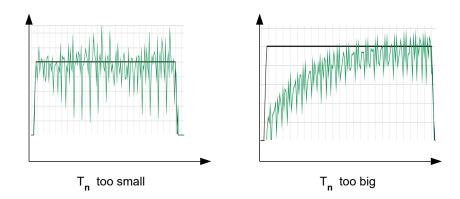
The following figures show the reaction of the controller to a change in set value.

If the proportional component is too small, the actual value remains below the set value. A proportional component that is too large, on the other hand, results in "overshooting".





If the reset time is too small, the system tends toward oscillations. If the reset time is too large, the deviations are compensated for too slowly.



CAUTION

Risk of injury through uncontrolled motor movements!



Incorrect control parameters may result in an unstable control behavior. Unforeseen reactions can result.

- ▶ Increase the control parameters slowly and incrementally. Do not increase these further if you notice strong vibrations/oscillations.
- ▶ Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.

5.1.4 Slow Speed

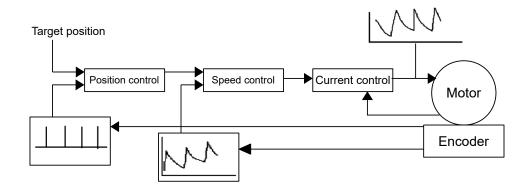
5.1.4.1 Introduction

The *slow speed* mode combines the advantages of *open loop* and *closed loop* technologies in a low speed range and can be used if an encoder is present as feedback. *Slow speed* offers following error monitoring but is more smooth-running than in pure *closed loop* mode at low speeds.

The rotor orientation is detected via the signals of the encoder. To calculate the speed, the change of position is divided by the (fixed) cycle time. At low speeds, the controller counts fewer (or even no) encoder increments in one cycle, which leads to a speed curve with a relatively high number of peaks (in spite of the used low-pass filter).

Due to the cascaded control loop, this results in current peaks in *closed loop* mode, which can lead to uneven running, as the following figure shows.





In the *slow speed* mode, the motor instead operates with constant phase current, as in *open loop*. The following error is, however, monitored by means of the encoder and the vector control of the magnetic field is activated if necessary, as in *closed loop*.

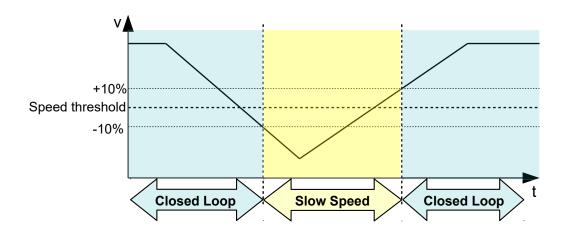
5.1.4.2 Activation

To activate the slow speed mode, you must:

- 1. activate closed loop,
- 2. in object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 7 to "1".

The changeover between *slow speed* and *closed loop* occurs automatically at a speed that is dependent on the physical encoder resolution, with a hysteresis of 10%. This fixed changeover speed is calculated in revolutions per minute as follows:

The following figure shows the changeover as a function of speed in both directions.





While at a standstill, the motor is in *closed loop* mode.

5.1.4.3 Optimizations

The entire phase current remains constant as in *open loop*. Depending on the system, resonances may occur that you can avoid by adjusting the motor current and/or the acceleration ramp. See also chapter <u>Open Loop</u>.

During operation at various speed ranges, if changing between *closed loop* and *slow speed*, it may be necessary to:

- reduce the motor current (objects 6075_h, 6073_h) if changing from *closed loop* to *slow speed*,
- ascertain various control parameters (see Controller structure) for each speed range.

5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

5.2.1 State machine

5.2.1.1 CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a *state machine*. This is defined in *CANopen standard 402*. State changes are requested in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object $\underline{6041}_h$ (statusword).

5.2.1.2 Controlword

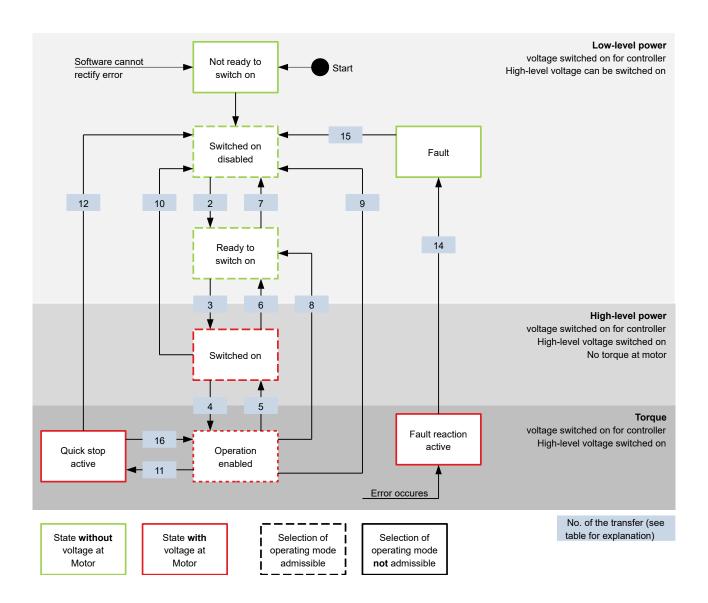
State changes are requested via object 6040_h (controlword).

State transitions

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.



60



Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An X here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. Exceptions are the resetting of the error (fault reset) and the changeover from *Quick Stop Active* to *Operation Enabled*: the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

Command		Bit	in object	6040 _h		Transition
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	X	1	1	0	2, 6, 8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Disable voltage	0	Χ	Χ	0	Χ	7, 10, 9, 12
Quick stop	0	Χ	0	1	Χ	11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4
Enable operation after Quick stop	0	1		1	1	16



Command		Bit	in object	Transition		
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Fault / warning reset		X	X	X	X	15

5.2.1.3 Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 _h)	State					
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on					
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled					
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on					
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on					
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled					
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active					
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active					
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault					

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the *Switch on disabled* state.



NOTICE

If an unrecoverable error occurs, the controller changes to the *Not ready to switch on* state and remains there.

5.2.1.4 Operating mode

The operating mode is set in object $\underline{6060}_h$. The actually active operating mode is displayed in $\underline{6061}_h$.

The operating mode can be set or changed at any time.

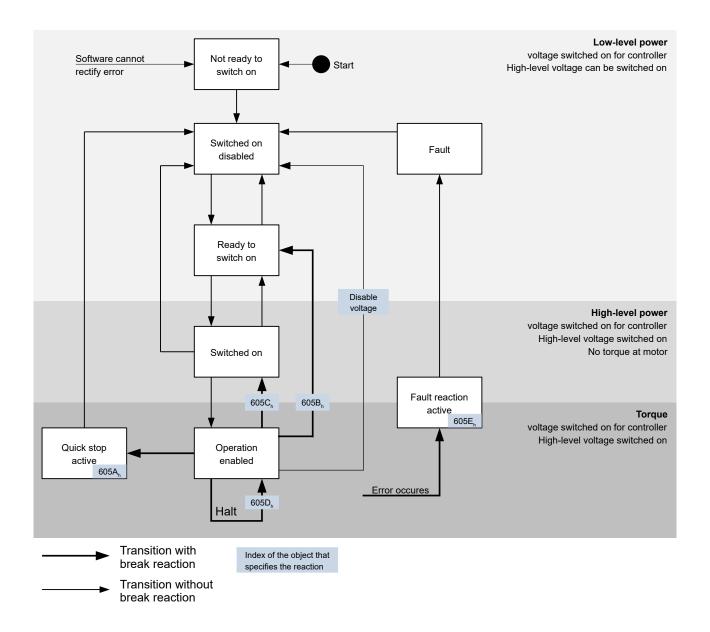
5.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

5.2.2.1 Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the Operation enabled state.

The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.





5.2.2.2 Quick stop active

Transition to the Quick stop active state (quick stop option):

In this case, the action stored in object $\underline{605A_h}$ is executed (see following table).

	Value in object 605A _h	Description				
0		Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled				
1		Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled				
2		Braking with $quick\ stop\ ramp\ (\underline{6085}_h)$ and subsequent state change to $Switch\ on\ disabled$				
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.				



	Value in object 605A _h	Description				
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.				

The *Quick stop active* state can also be reached when a limit switch is actuated; see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>.

5.2.2.3 Ready to switch on

Transition to the *Ready to switch on* state (shutdown option):

In this case, the action stored in object $\underline{605B}_h$ is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605B _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Ready to switch on
2 32767	Reserved

5.2.2.4 Switched on

Transition to the *Switched on* state (disable operation option):

In this case, the action stored in object $\underline{605C_h}$ is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605C _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switched on
2 32767	Reserved

5.2.2.5 Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword), the action stored in $\underline{605D}_h$ is executed (see following table):

Value in object 605D _h	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)



Value in object 605D _h	Description				
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)				
3 32767	Reserved				

5.2.2.6 Fault

Case of an error (fault):

If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object 605Eh.

Value in object 605E _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)
3 32767	Reserved

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.

5.2.2.7 Following/slippage error

If a following or slippage error occurs, the motor is braked according to the value stored in object 3700h.

Value	Description
-327682	Reserved
-1	no reaction
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)
3 32767	reserved

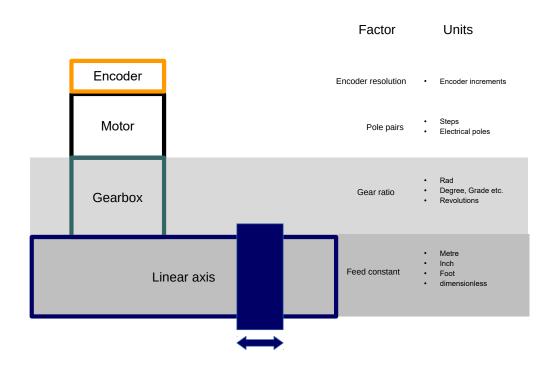
You can deactivate error monitoring by setting object $\underline{6065}_h$ to the value "-1" (FFFFFFFh) or object $\underline{60F8}_h$ to the value "7FFFFFFh".

5.3 User-defined units

The controller offers you the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [°], millimeter [mm], etc.

Depending on the mechanical circumstances, you can also define a Gear ratio and/or a Feed constant.









Value changes of all objects that are described in this chapter are not immediately applied in the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>. For this to happen, the *Operation enabled* state must be exited.

5.3.1 Units

Units of the international unit system (*SI*) as well as a number of specific units are supported. It is also possible to specify a power of ten as a factor.

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the position and their values for $\underline{60A8}_h$ (Position unit) or $\underline{60A9}_h$ (Speed unit). Depending on the unit that is used, Feed constant ($\underline{6092}_h$) and/or $\underline{Gear\ ratio}\ (\underline{6091}_h)$ are/is taken into account.

Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 _h	6092 _h	Description
meter	m	01 _h	yes	yes	Meter
inch	in	C1 _h	yes	yes	Inch (=0.0254 m)
foot	ft	C2 _h	yes	yes	Foot (=0.3048 m)
grade	g	40 _h	yes	no	Gradian (unit of angle, 400 corresponds to 360°)
radian	rad	10 _h	yes	no	Radian
degree	0	41 _h	yes	no	Degrees
arcminute	1	42 _h	yes	no	Arcminute (60'=1°)
arcsecond	"	43 _h	yes	no	Arcsecond (60"=1")
mechanical revolution		B4 _h	yes	no	Revolution



Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 _h	6092 _h	Description
encoder increment		B5 _h	no	no	Encoder increments. Dependent on the used sensor (encoder/Hall sensor) and control mode. In open loop and sensorless mode, the number of pole pairs (2030 _h) multiplied by 65536 corresponds to one motor revolution.
step		AC_h	no	no	Steps. With 2-phase stepper motors, the number of pole pairs (2030 _h) multiplied by 4 is equivalent to one revolution. With 3-phase BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs (2030 _h) multiplied by 6 is equivalent to one revolution.
electrical pole		C0 _h	no	no	Electric poles. With a stepper motor that has, e.g., 50 pole pairs (2030 _h), the unit corresponds to 1/50 of a revolution.
dimensionless	;	00 _h	yes	yes	Dimensionless length unit

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the time and their values for 60A9_h (Speed unit):

Name	Unit symbol	Value	Description
second	S	03 _h	Second
minute	min	47 _h	Minute
hour	h	48 _h	Hour
day	d	49 _h	Day
year	а	4A _h	Year (=365.25 days)

Listed in the following table are the possible exponents and their values for $\underline{60A8}_h$ (Position unit) and $\underline{60A9}_h$ (Speed unit):

Factor	Exponent	Value
10 ⁶ 10 ⁵	6	06 _h
10 ⁵	5	05 _h
10 ¹	1	01 _h
10 ⁰ 10 ⁻¹	0	00 _h
10 ⁻¹	-1	FF _h
10 ⁻⁵	-5	FB _h
10 ⁻⁵	-6	FA _h

5.3.2 Encoder resolution

The physical resolution for position measurement of the used encoder/sensor is calculated from the encoder increments ($\underline{60E6}_h$ (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions ($\underline{60EB}_h$ (Motor Revolutions)).

5.3.3 Gear ratio

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions ($\underline{60E8}_h$ (Motor Shaft Revolutions)) per axis rotations ($\underline{60ED}_h$ (Driving Shaft Revolutions)).



5.3.4 Feed constant

The feed constant is calculated in user-defined position units from the feed ($\underline{60E9}_h$ (Feed) per revolution of the output shaft ($\underline{60EE}_h$ (Driving Shaft Revolutions).

The feed constant is useful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis and is used if the unit is based on length dimensions or if it is dimensionless.

5.3.5 Calculation formulas for user units

5.3.5.1 Position unit

Object 60A8_h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)								reser	ved (0	0h)				

Example

If $\underline{60A8}_h$ is written with the value "FF410000_h" (bits 16-23=41_h and bits 24-31=FF_h), the unit is set to *tenths of degree* (factory setting).

With a relative target position ($607A_h$) of 3600, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if <u>Gear ratio</u> is 1:1. The <u>Feed constant</u> plays no role in this case.

Example

If $\underline{60A8}_h$ is written with the value "FD010000 $_h$ " (bits 16-23=01 $_h$ and bits 24-31=FD $_h$ (=-3)), the unit is set to *millimeter*.

With a relative target position ($\underline{607A}_h$) of 1, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if <u>Feed constant</u> and <u>Gear ratio</u> are 1:1.

If the <u>Feed constant</u> is set according to the lead screw pitch of a linear axis, the motor turns far enough that a feed of 1 mm is achieved.

Described in chapter <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u> is how you can determine which encoder/sensor is to be used for position control and measurement.

5.3.5.2 Speed unit

Object 60A9_h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Factor							N	omina	tor (Po	sition)				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	d (00h)			



Example

If $\underline{60A9}_h$ is written with the value "00B44700_h" (bits 8-15=00_h, bits 16-23=B4_h and bits 24-31=47_h), the unit is set to *revolutions per minute* (factory setting).

Example

If $\underline{60A9}_h$ is written with the value "FD010300_h" (bits 8-15=FD_h(=-3), bits 16-23=01_h and bits 24-31=03_h), the unit is set to *millimeters per second*.

Described in chapter <u>Assignment of the feedbacks to the control loops</u> is how you can determine which encoder/sensor is to be used for speed control and measurement.



NOTICE

The speed unit in <u>Velocity</u> mode is preset to *revolutions per minute*. You can only set the unit via the 604Ch VI Dimension Factor.

Conversion factor for the speed unit

You can set an additional factor for the speed unit. Thus, a unit of, e.g., 1/3 revolutions/minute is possible. The factor n is calculated from the factor for numerator ($\underline{6096}_h$:01_h) divided by the factor for denominator ($\underline{6096}_h$:02_h).

$$n_{\text{velocity}} = \frac{6096_{\text{h}}:01}{6096_{\text{h}}:02}$$

5.3.5.3 Acceleration unit

The acceleration unit is speed unit per second.

Conversion factor for the acceleration unit

The factor n for the acceleration unit is calculated from the numerator (6097_h :01_h) divided by the denominator (6097_h :02_h).

$$n_{\text{acceleration}} = \frac{6097, :01}{6097, :02}$$

5.3.5.4 Jerk unit

The jerk unit is Acceleration unit per second.

Conversion factor for jerk

The factor n for the jerk is calculated from the numerator ($\underline{60A2}_h$:01_h) divided by the denominator ($\underline{60A2}_h$:02_h).

$$n_{jerk} = \frac{60A2_h:01}{60A2_h:02}$$



5.4 Limitation of the range of motion

The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

5.4.1 Behavior upon reaching the limit switch

If a limit switch is triggered, the limit switch position is internally saved, bit 7 (*Warning*) is set in <u>6041</u>_h (*statusword*) and the action that is stored in object <u>3701</u>_h executed (see following table).

Value in object 3701 _h	Description
-2	No reaction, discarding the limit switch position
-1 (factory settings)	No reaction (e. g., to execute a homing operation), except noting the limit switch position
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely (state Switch on disabled)
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch</i> on disabled
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

A travel behind the limit switch is blocked, provided that the value in 3701_h is not "-1" or "-2". It is, however always possible to travel in the opposite direction.

If the value "-2" is used, Bit 7 in 6041_h (Warning) gets already deleted when the limit switches are not triggered anymore. Otherwise. it is only deleted if addiotionaly the motor has trevelled backwards behind the internaly noted limit switch position.





When using the options "5" or "6" and in order to avoid an automatic change from the state $Quick\ Stop\ Active$ to $Operation\ Enabled$ — the Quick Stop Bit (Bit 2) in 6040_h is not used when triggering the limit switches —, a change of the Quick Stop Bit from "0" to "1" is expected, to switch back to the $Operation\ Enabled$ state.

Discarding the limit switch position



NOTICE

Discarding the limit switch positions is necessary if both switches were triggered simultaneously or the range of motion is dynamically limited by relocating the limit switches.

To delete the internally saved limit switch position and to release the limit switches or to retract, set object 3701_h temporarily to "-2".



When using the values "5" or "6" in 3701_h and if the state of the <u>State Machine</u> is <u>Quick Stop Active</u> and the motor must stay energized, proceed as follows, to avoid an automatic change to the state <u>Switch On Disabled</u>:

- 1. Switch back to the state *Operation Enabled* by toggling n Bit 2 (Quick Stop) in 6040_h to "1", but without starting a travel (set Bit 4 in 6040_h or the target velocity/torque to 0).
- 2. Set 3701_h to "-2".
- 3. Release the limit switches.
- 4. Set 3701_h back to "5" or "6" again.

5.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches ($\underline{607D_h}$ (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ($\underline{607A_h}$) are limited by $\underline{607D_h}$; the absolute target position may not be larger than the limits in $\underline{607D_h}$. If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

5.5 Cycle times

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms. This means that data are processed every 1 ms; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

Task	Cycle time
Application	1 ms
NanoJ application	1 ms
Current controller	62.5 µs (16 kHz)
Velocity controller	250 μs (4 kHz)
Position controller	1 ms



6 Operating modes

6.1 Profile Position

6.1.1 Overview

6.1.1.1 Description

Profile Position Mode is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.

6.1.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

6.1.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1". An exception occurs if changing from another operating mode to *profile position*: If bit 4 is already set, it does not need to be set to "0" and then back to "1" in order to start the travel command.
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to "0", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position (607A_h) is absolute and with "1" the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object 60F2_h.
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D_h.
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

	Controlword 6040 _h							
Bit 9	Bit 9 Bit 5 Definition							
X	1	The new target position is moved to immediately.						
0	0	Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new limits.						
1	0	The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target position is moved to with the new values.						

For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".



NOTICE

Bit 9 in the controlword is ignored if the ramp speed is not met at the target point. In this case, the controller would need to reset and take a run-up to reach the preset.

6.1.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:



- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window (6067_h) for a preset time (6068_h). The bit is also set to "1" if the halt bit (bit 8) in 6040_h has been set and as soon as the motor is at a standstill.
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607Dh.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.

There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel command is ignored.

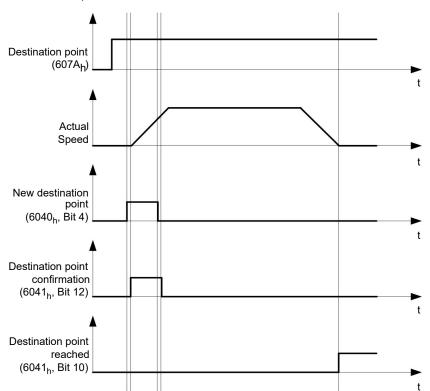
The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:

- The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- □ A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065_h (Following Error Window) and 6066_h (Following Error Time Out)).

6.1.2 Setting travel commands

6.1.2.1 Travel command

In object $\underline{607A_h}$ (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see $\underline{User\text{-defined units}}$). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object $\underline{6040_h}$ (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object $\underline{6041_h}$ (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".



The controller can also reset bit 4 in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object $\underline{60F2}_h$.

6.1.2.2 Other travel commands

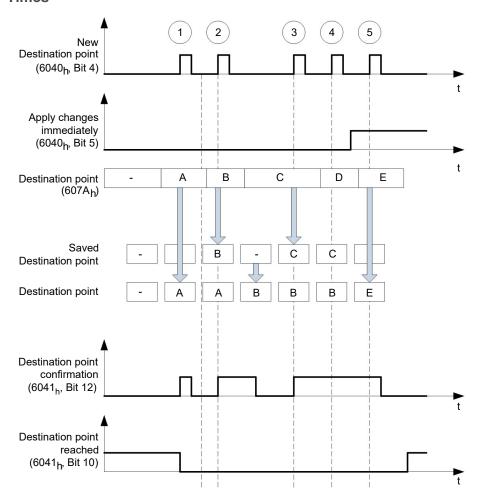
Bit 12 in object 6041_h (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters – such as speed, acceleration, braking



deceleration, etc. – can thereby be reset (time 2). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).

If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).

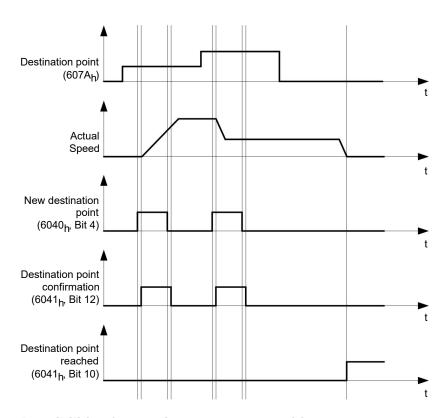
Times



Transition procedure for second target position

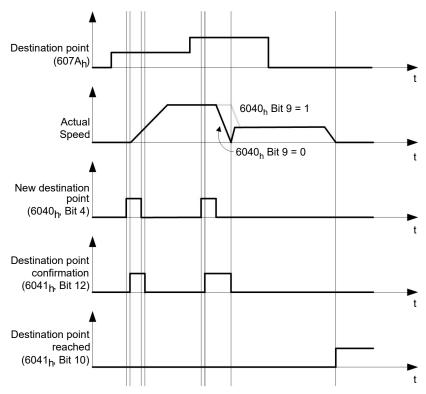
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object 6040_h (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.





Possibilities for moving to a target position

If bit 9 in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword) is equal to "0", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed ($\underline{6082}_h$) of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to "1", the profile speed ($\underline{6081}_h$) is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.



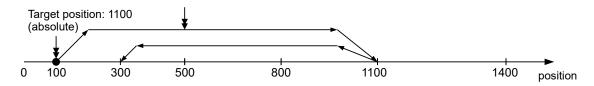
Possible combinations of travel commands

To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

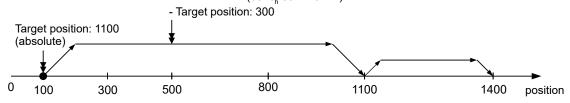


The following applies for the figures below:

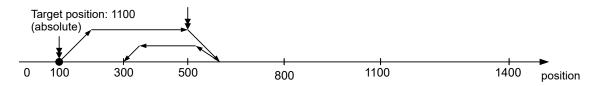
- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.
 - Change on setpoint $(6040_{\rm h}:00 \text{ Bit } 5=0)$
 - Move absolute (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 0)
 - Target position: 300



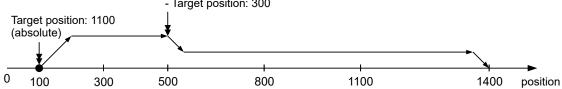
- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change on setpoint $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5=0)$
- Move relative (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 1)



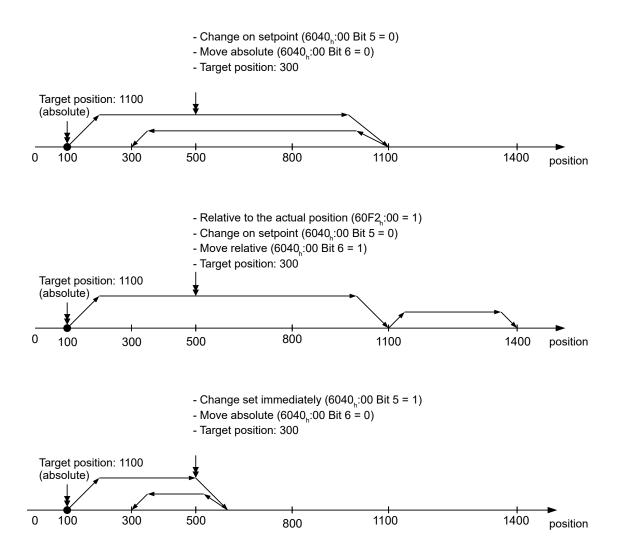
- Change set immediately (6040_h:00 Bit 5 = 1)
- Move absolute $(6040_{h}:00 \text{ Bit } 6 = 0)$
- Target position: 300



- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change set immediately $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5 = 1)$
- Move relative (6040,:00 Bit 6 = 1)
- Target position: 300

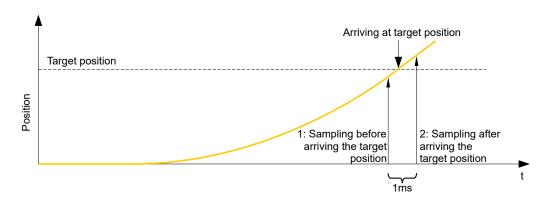






6.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.



The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.



6.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

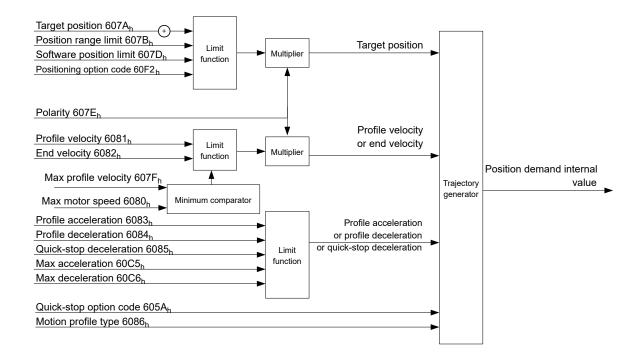
6.1.4.1 Object entries

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- 607A_h: (Target Position): Planned target position
- 607D_h: (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter <u>Software limit switches</u>)
- 607C_h (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>. (See "<u>Homing</u>")
- 607B_h (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- 607_h (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- 6081_h (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6082_h (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- 6083_h (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- 6084_b (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- 6085_h (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- $\underline{6086}_{h}$ (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is "0", the jerk is not limited; if the value is "3", the values of $60A4_{h}$: 1_{h} are set as limits for the jerk.
- 60C5_h (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60C6_h (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60A4_h (Profile Jerk), subindex 01_h to 04_h: Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- 60F2_h: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior

6.1.4.2 Objects for the positioning move

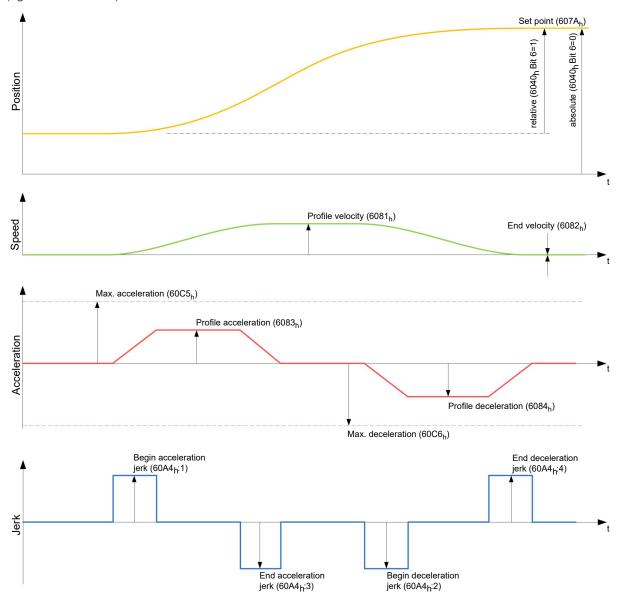
The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.





6.1.4.3 Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).



6.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

6.1.5.1 Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

6.1.5.2 Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object $\underline{6086}_h$ to "3". The entries for the jerks in subindices :1_h-4_h of object $\underline{60A4}$ thereby become valid.

6.1.5.3 Non-jerk-limited mode

A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object 6086_h is set to "0" (default setting).



6.2 Velocity

6.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the *profile velocity mode*, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.

6.2.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{CiA\ 402\ Power}$ State Machine").

6.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.

6.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.

6.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 604C_h (Dimension Factor):
 - The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects.
 - Subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).
- 6042_h: Target Velocity.
 - The target speed is set here in user-defined units.
- 6048_h: Velocity Acceleration
 - This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

VL velocity acceleration =
$$\frac{\text{Delta speed } (6048_{\text{h}}:1)}{\text{Delta time } (6048_{\text{h}}:2)}$$

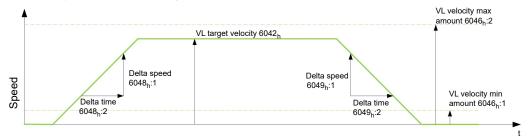
- 6049_h (Velocity Deceleration):
 - This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object 6048_h; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.
- 6046_h (Velocity Min Max Amount):
 - The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object.
 - The minimum speed is set in 6046_h :1_h. If the target speed (6042_h) falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed 6046_h :1_h.
 - The maximum speed is set in $\underline{6046_h}$:2_h. If the target speed ($\underline{6042_h}$) exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed $\underline{6046_h}$:2_h.
- 604A_h (Velocity Quick Stop):
 - This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object $\underline{6048}_h$.

The following objects can be used to check the function:

- 6043_h (VI Velocity Demand)
- 6044_h (VI Velocity Actual Value)

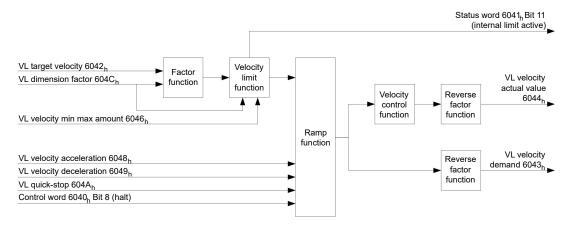


6.2.5.1 Speeds in Velocity Mode



6.2.5.2 Objects for Velocity Mode

The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object 6041_h is set (internal limit active).



6.3 Profile Velocity

6.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps. Unlike *Velocity Mode* (see "Velocity"), the statusword is used in this mode to indicate whether the target speed is reached.

6.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "3" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> State Machine").

6.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.

6.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).



	6041 _h Bit 10	6040 _h Bit 8	Description	
0	()	Target speed not reached	
0	1		Axis braking	
1	()	Target speed within target window (defined in 606D _h h and 606E _h)	
1	1		Axis speed is 0	

- Bit 12: This bit indicates whether the actual speed is zero.

 If the actual speed is greater than the value in 606F_h(Velocity Threshold) for a time of 6070_h(Velocity Threshold Time), this bit has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".
- Bit 13 (Deviation Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the slippage error is greater than the set limits (60F8h Max Slippage and 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out).

6.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

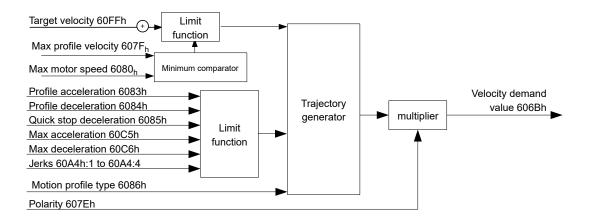
- 606B_h (Velocity Demand Value):
 This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.
- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value): Indicates the current actual speed.
- 606D_h (Velocity Window): This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object 6041_h (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 606E_h (Velocity Window Time): This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see 606D_h "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object 6041_h (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 607E_h (Polarity): If bit 6 is set to "1" here,

If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.

- 6083_h (Profile acceleration):
 Sets the value for the acceleration ramp.
- 6084_h (Profile Deceleration):
 Sets the value for the deceleration ramp.
- 6085_h (Quick Stop Deceleration):
 Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking.
- 6086_h (Motion Profile Type): The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).
- 60FF_h (Target Velocity):
 Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.



6.3.5.1 Objects in Profile Velocity Mode

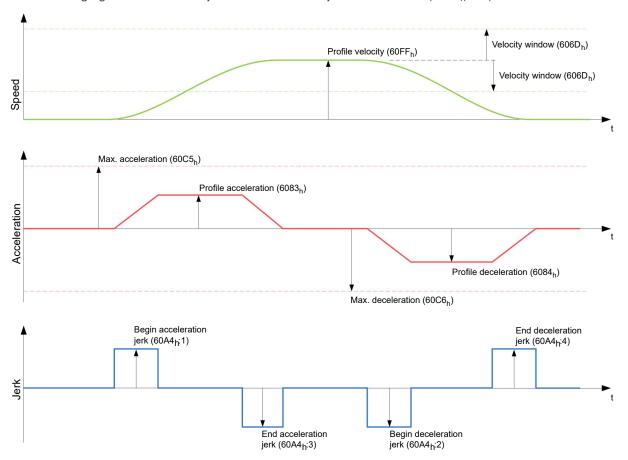


6.3.5.2 Activation

After the mode is selected in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>") is switched to *Operation enabled*, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object <u>60FF</u>_h (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

6.3.5.3 Limitations in the jerk-limited case

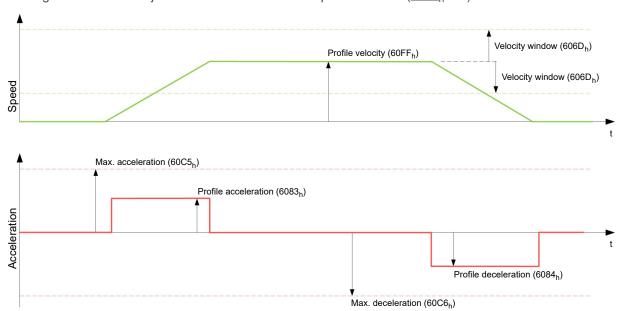
The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case ($6086_h = 3$).





6.3.5.4 Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case ($6086_h = 0$).



6.4 Profile Torque

6.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.



NOTICE

This mode only functions if closed loop is activated, see also Commissioning Closed Loop.

6.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{CiA\ 402\ Power}$ State Machine").

6.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. If this bit is set from "1" to "0", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from "0" to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.

6.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object 6040_h (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque (6077h Torque Actual Value) is within a tolerance window (203Dh Torque Window) for a specified time (203Eh Torque Window Time Out).

6040 _h Bit 8	6041 _h Bit 10	Description
0	0	Specified torque not reached



6040 _h Bit 8	6041 _h Bit 10	Description
0	1	Specified torque reached
1	0	Axis brakes
1	1	Axis speed is 0

■ Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque (6071_h) exceeds the maximum torque entered in 6072_h.

6.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current ($\underline{203B}_h$:01_h). This includes the objects:

- 6071_h (Target Torque): Target torque
- 6072_h (Max Torque):
 Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)
- 6073_h (Max Current): Maximum current. The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.
- 6074_h (Torque Demand):
 Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller
- 6087_h (Torque Slope):
 Max. change in torque per second

NOTICE



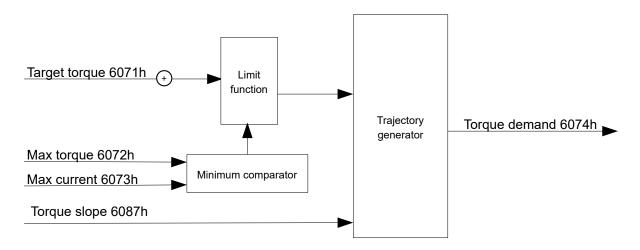
These values are not limited to 100% of the rated current ($\underline{203B}_h$:01_h). Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration ($\underline{203B}_h$:02_h) of the maximum current ($\underline{6073}_h$) is set (see $\underline{12t \ Motor \ overload \ protection}$). All torque objects are limited by the maximum motor current ($\underline{2031}_h$).

The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

■ 3202_h Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):

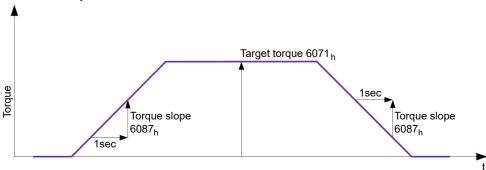
If this bit is set to "0", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in object 6080_h and the controller can operate in field weakening mode. If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.

6.4.5.1 Objects of the ramp generator





6.4.5.2 Torque curve



6.5 Homing

6.5.1 Overview

6.5.1.1 Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

6.5.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

TIP



If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/O configuration (see "<u>Digital inputs and outputs</u>").

To use the limit switch, you must also set object 3701_h to "-1" (factory setting) to prevent blocking the further travel of the motor.

6.5.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 4: If the bit is set to "1", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference position is reached or bit 4 is reset to "0".

6.5.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description	
0	0	0	Homing is performed	
0	0	1	Homing is interrupted or not started	
0	1	0	Homing has been performed since the last restart but target is not currently reached	
0	1	1	Homing completed	
1	0	0	Error during homing, motor still turning	
1	0	1	Error during homing, motor at standstill	



NOTICE



Bit 12 in *Homing* mode is set to 1 after the first fully completed homing operation since the restart. It is only reset to 0

- during all subsequent homing operations
- in the event of an error during a homing operation (permanently deleted until a new homing operation is fully completed).

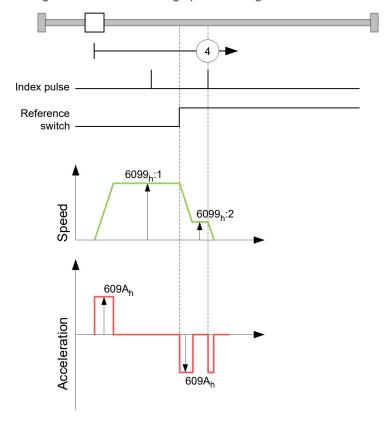
6.5.1.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607C_h (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>.
- 6098_h (Homing Method): Method to be used for referencing (see "Homing method")
- 6099_h:01_h (Speed During Search For Switch):
 Speed for the search of the switch
- 6099_h:02_h (Speed During Search For Zero):
 Speed for the search of the index
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 609A_h (Homing Acceleration):
 Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing
- 203A_h:01_h (Minimum Current For Block Detection):
 Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.
- 203A_h:02_h (Period Of Blocking):
 Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

Homing speeds

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:





6.5.2 Homing method

6.5.2.1 Description

The homing method is written as a number in object $\underline{6098}_h$ and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14, 33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.

In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The *limit switch* is located before the respective mechanical block; the *home switch* is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.

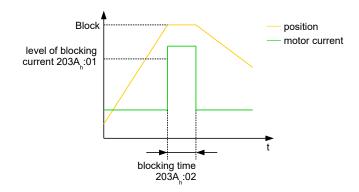
For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

6.5.2.2 Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in *closed loop* mode.

"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

- Current level: In object <u>203A_h</u>:01, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
- 2. Blocking duration: In object 203A_h:02, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.



6.5.2.3 Overview of methods

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.

Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

The following methods can be used for homing on block:

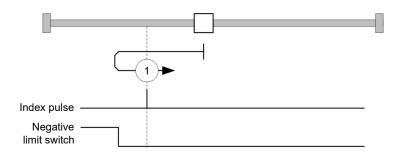
- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse

6.5.2.4 Methods 1 and 2

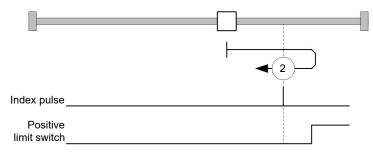
Reference to limit switches and index pulse.

Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:





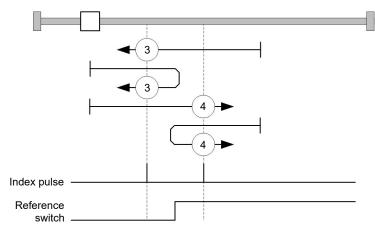
Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:



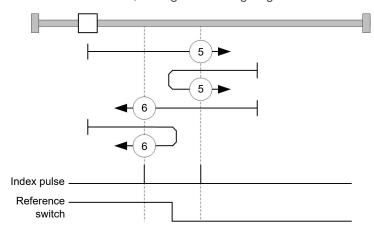
6.5.2.5 Methods 3 to 6

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.

With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 5 and 6, the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



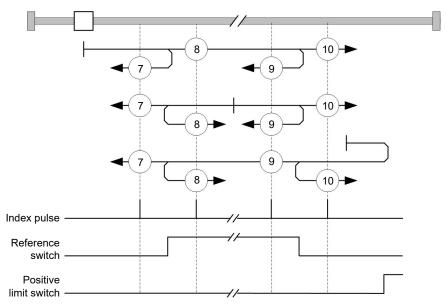
6.5.2.6 Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).

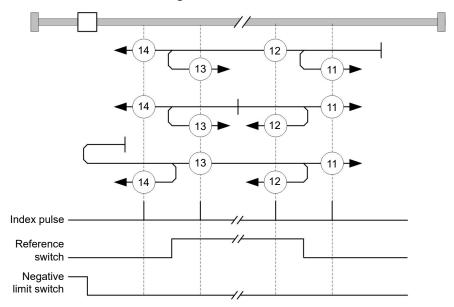


With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:



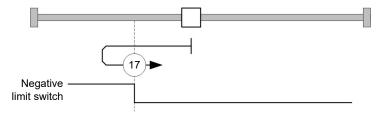
Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:



6.5.2.7 Methods 17 and 18

Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.

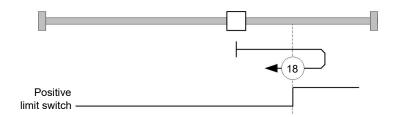
Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:



Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:



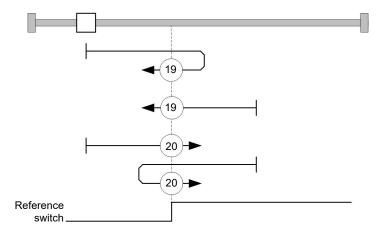
90



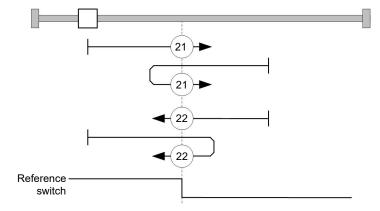
6.5.2.8 Methods 19 to 22

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.

With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



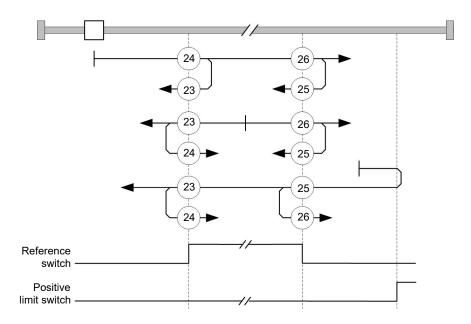
6.5.2.9 Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).

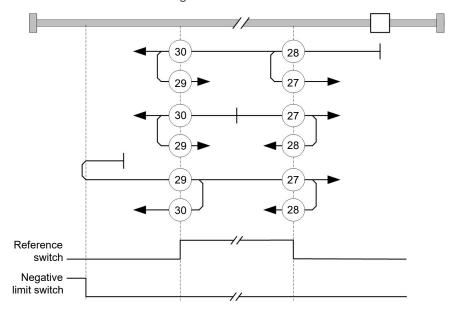
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:





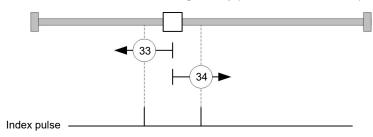
Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:



6.5.2.10 Methods 33 and 34

Reference to the next index pulse.

With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:



6.5.2.11 Method 35

References to the current position.





NOTICE

For homing mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in *open loop* mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35.

6.6 Clock-direction mode

6.6.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal.

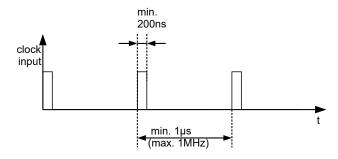
6.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

6.6.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

■ The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns.



- The demand position resulting from the input pulses is updated cyclically; the cycle time corresponds to the Interpolation Time Period (60C2h). The input pulses that arrive within a cycle are collected and buffered in the controller.
- The steps are scaled using objects 2057_h and 2058_h. The following formula applies here:

step width per pulse =
$$\frac{2057_{h}}{2058_{h}}$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to 128 ($\underline{2057}_h$ =128 and $\underline{2058}_h$ =1) ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value "512", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.





For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.

In *clock-direction mode*, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, 12 (=4*3) full steps correspond to one revolution.





NOTICE

If there is a change of direction, a time of at least 35 μ s must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.

6.6.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

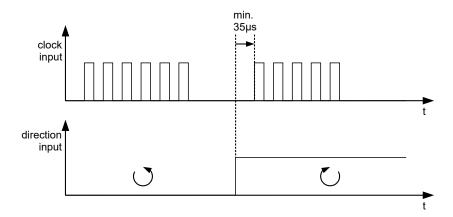
■ Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065_h (Following Error Window) and 6066_h (Following Error Time Out)).

6.6.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

6.6.5.1 Clock-direction mode (TR mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B_h must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

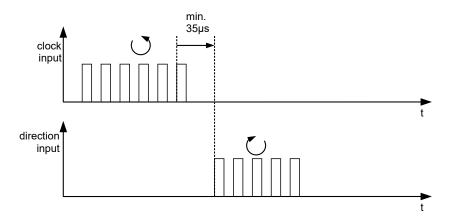
In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).



6.6.5.2 Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object 205B_h must be set to the value "1".

In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).





6.7 Auto setup

6.7.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an *auto setup* is performed. <u>Closed Loop</u> operation requires a successfully completed *auto setup*. *Auto setup* is only to be performed once during commissioning as long as the motor/sensor connected to the controller is not changed. For details, see <u>the corresponding section in chapter Commissioning</u>.

6.7.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (=" FE_h ") must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see $\underline{CiA\ 402}$ Power State Machine).

6.7.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".

6.7.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded



7 Special functions

7.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with digital inputs and outputs.

7.1.1 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., <u>60FDh</u> <u>Digital Inputs</u> or <u>60FEh Digital Outputs</u>):

- 1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
- 2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31.

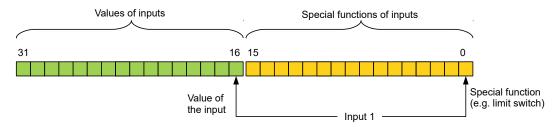
Example

To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in 60FE_h.

To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1, set bit 0 in $\underline{3240}_h$:01_h; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in $\underline{60FD}_h$. Bit 16 in $\underline{60FD}_h$ also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).

This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

Bits of any object for controlling inputs



7.1.2 Digital inputs

7.1.2.1 Overview



NOTICE

For digital inputs with 5 V, the length of the supply lines must not exceed 3 meters.



NOTICE

The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:



Input	Special function	Switching threshold switchable	Differential / single-ended
1	Negative limit switch/clock input in clock-direction mode	yes, 5 V or 24 V	single-ended
2	Positive limit switch / direction input in clock-direction mode	yes, 5 V or 24 V	single-ended
3	Home switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V	single-ended
4	None	yes, 5 V or 24 V	single-ended
5	None	yes, 5 V or 24 V	single-ended

7.1.2.2 Object entries

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.

3240_h:01_h (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e. g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch (see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>)
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch (see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>)
- ☐ Bit 2: Home switch (see Homing)
- □ Bit 3: Interlock (see interlock function)

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0-2 in 3240h:01h must be set to "1".

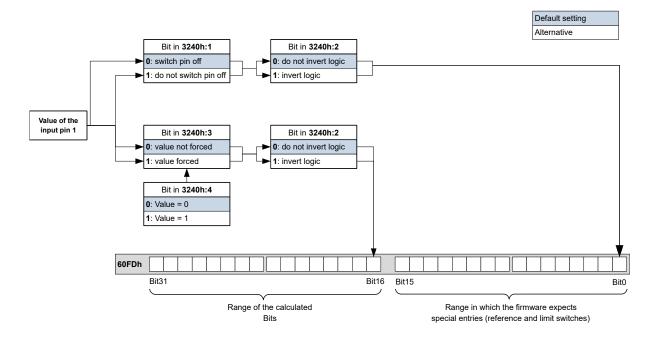
- 3240_h:02_h (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD_h) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
 - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:03_h (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240_h:04_h, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:04_h (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240_h:03_h.
- 3240_h:05_h (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240_h:06_h (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 60FD_h (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

7.1.2.3 Computation of the inputs

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1:

The value at bit 0 of object $60FD_h$ is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.

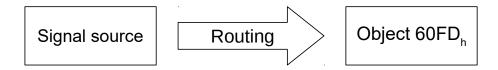




7.1.2.4 Input Routing

Principle

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called *Input Routing Mode*. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object $\underline{60FD_h}$.



Activation

This mode is activated by setting object 3240_h:08_h (Routing Enable) to "1".



NOTICE

Entries 3240_h:01_h to 3240:04_h then have **no** function until Input Routing is again switched off.





If Input Routing is switched on, the initial values of 3242_h are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of Input Routing. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of Input Routing. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and Input Routing.

Routing

Object 3242_h determines which signal source is routed to which bit of $\underline{60FD_h}$. Subindex 01_h of 3242_h determines bit 0, subindex 02_h determines bit 1, and so forth. The signal sources and their numbers can be found in the following lists.



Number				
dec	hex	Signal source		
00	00	Signal is always 0		
01	01	Physical input 1		
02	02	Physical input 2		
03	03	Physical input 3		
04	04	Physical input 4		
05	05	Physical input 5		
06	06	Physical input 6		
07	07	Physical input 7		
08	08	Physical input 8		
09	09	Physical input 9		
10	0A	Physical input 10		
11	0B	Physical input 11		
12	0C	Physical input 12		
13	0D	Physical input 13		
14	0E	Physical input 14		
15	0F	Physical input 15		
16	10	Physical input 16		
65	41	Hall input "U"		
66	42	Hall input "V"		
67	43	Hall input "W"		
68	44	Encoder input "A"		
69	45	Encoder input "B"		
70	46	Encoder input "Index"		
71	47	USB Power Signal		
72	48	"Ethernet active" status		

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13



Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
193	C1	Inverted Hall input "U"
194	C2	Inverted Hall input "V"
195	C3	Inverted Hall input "W"
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"
199	C7	Inverted USB power signal
200	C8	"Ethernet active" inverted status

Example

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object 60FDh:

The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in 3242_h :11_h.

Hence, object 3242h:11h must be set to the value "1".

7.1.2.5 Interlock function

The interlock function is a release that you control via bit 3 in $\underline{60FD_h}$. If this bit is set to "1", the motor can move. If the bit is set to "0", the controller switches to the error state and the action stored in $\underline{605E_h}$ is executed.

To activate the interlock function, you must switch on the special function by setting bit 3 in 3240:01_h to "1".

Use *Input Routing* to define which signal source is routed to bit 3 of <u>60FD</u>_h and is to control the interlock function.

Example

Input 4 is to be routed to bit 3 of object <u>60FD</u>_h to control the interlock function. A low level is to result in an error state.

- 1. To activate *Input Routing*, set 3240_h:08_h to "1".
- 2. To route input 4 to bit 3, set 3242_h:04_h to "4".

7.1.3 Digital outputs

7.1.3.1 Outputs

The outputs are controlled via object $\underline{60FE_h}$. Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object $\underline{60FE_h}$, output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15. The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0, which controls the motor brake.



7.1.3.2 Wiring



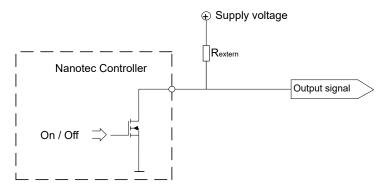
NOTICE

Always observe the maximum capacity of the output (see Pin assignment).

The outputs are implemented as "open drain". Hence, an external voltage supply is always necessary.

Example

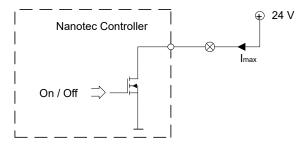
The digital output signal should continue to be used. For this purpose, a circuit as shown in the following figure is to be realized.



With a supply voltage of +24 V, a resistance value R_{external} of 10 $k\Omega$ is recommended.

Example

A simple load is to be used with the digital output.



7.1.3.3 Object entries

Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

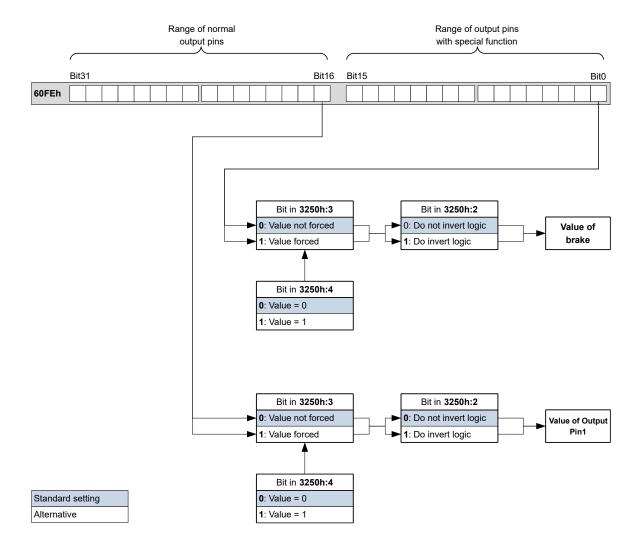
- \blacksquare 3250_h:01_h: No function.
- 3250_h:02_h: This is used to switch the logic from *normally open* to *normally closed*. Configured as *normally open*, the output outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the *normally closed* configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object 60FE_h.
- 3250_h:03_h: If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object 3250_h:4_h; this is also possible for the brake output.
- $\frac{3250}{h}$:04h: The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if manual control of the output is activated by means of object $\frac{3250}{h}$:03h.



- 3250_h:05_h: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 3250_h:08_h: For activating the <u>Output Routing</u>.

7.1.3.4 Computation of the outputs

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:



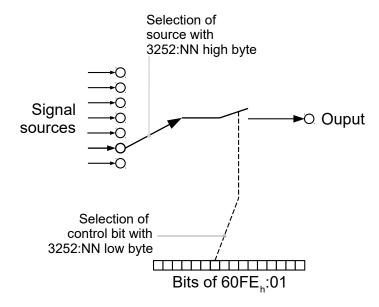
7.1.3.5 Output Routing

Principle

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object $\underline{60FE}_h$:01_h switches the signal on or off.

The source is selected with 3252_h :01 to n in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8). The assignment of a control bit from object $60FE_h$:01_h is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0) of 3252_h :01_h to n (see following figure).





Activation

This mode is activated by setting object 3250_h:08_h (Routing Enable) to "1".



NOTICE

Entries 3250_h:01_h to 3250:04_h then have **no** function until Output Routing is again switched off.

Routing

The subindex of object $\underline{3252}_h$ determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

Subindex 3252 _h	Output Pin
01 _h	Configuration of the PWM output (software PWM)
02 _h	Configuration of output 1
03 _h	Configuration of output 2 (if available)
0n _h	Configuration of output n (if available)



NOTICE

The maximum output frequency of the PWM output (software PWM) is 2 kHz. All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz.

Subindices 3252_h :01_h to 0n_h are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e. g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object $60FE_h$:01.

Bit 7 of 3252_h :01_h to 0n_h inverts the controller from object $60FE_h$:01. Normally, value "1" in object $60FE_h$:01_h switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value "0" switches on the signal.





TIP

To deactivate routing, enter the value FFFF_h.

Number in 3252:01 to 0n		
00XX _h	Output is always "1"	
01XX _h	Output is always "0"	
02XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 1	
03XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 2	
04XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 4	
05XX _h	Encoder signal (6063h) with frequency divider 8	
06XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 16	
07XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 32	
08XX _h	Encoder signal (6063h) with frequency divider 64	
09XX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 1	
0AXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 2	
0BXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 4	
0CXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 8	
0DXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 16	
0EXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 32	
0FXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 64	
10XX _h	PWM signal that is configured with object 2038 _h :05 _h and 06 _h	
11XX _h	Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object $\underline{2038}_{h}$:05 _h and 06 _h	

NOTICE



On any change of the "encoder signal" $(\underline{6063}_h)$ or the current position $(\underline{6064}_h)$ in user-defined units) by an increment, a pulse is output at the digital input (for frequency divider 1). Take this into account when selecting the frequency divider and the unit, especially when using sensors with low resolution (such as Hall sensors).

Example

The encoder signal (6063_h) is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4. The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object 60FE:01.

- 3250_h :08_h = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:02_h = 0405_h (04XX_h + 0005_h)$
- 04XX_h: Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- 0005_h: Selection of bit 5 of <u>60FE</u>:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object 60FE:01.

Example

The brake PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Because the automatic brake control uses bit 0 of 60FE:01_h, this should be used as control bit.



- 3250_h :08_h = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:03_h = 1080_h (=10XX_h + 0080_h)$. Where:
 - □ 10XX_h: Brake PWM signal
 - □ 0080_h: Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object <u>60FE</u>:01

7.2 Analog inputs

The controller has 2 analog inputs with 10-bit resolution. They are located on pins 7 and 8 of $\underline{X3}$. You can configure analog input 1 as a current input or as a voltage input with $\underline{\text{object } 3221_h}$.

You can read out the analog value in a NanoJ program and use it as you like, e. g., to specify the target speed.

7.2.1 Object entries

To read out and, if necessary, manipulate the value of the analog input, use the following OD settings:

- 3220_h (Analog Inputs):
 - This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.
- 3221_h: (Analogue Inputs Control):
 - With this object, you can switch the analog input from voltage measurement to current measurement.
- 3320_h (Read Analogue Input):
 - This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.
- 3321_h (Analogue Input Offset):
 - This is the offset that is added to the read analog value (3220_h) before scaling (multiplier from object 3322_h and divisor from object 3323_h).
- 3322_h(Analogue Input Factor Numerator):
 - This is the value by which the read analog value ($3220_h + 3321$) is multiplied before it is written in object 3320_h .
- 3323_h(Analogue Input Factor Denominator):
 This is the value by which the read analog value (3220_b + 3321_b) is divided before it is v
 - This is the value by which the read analog value $(3220_h + 3321_h)$ is divided before it is written in object 3320_h .

7.2.2 Scale analog value

You read the value in object $\underline{3320_h}$ (Read Analogue Input): This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

The user-defined units are made up of offset (3321_h) and scaling value (3322_h) (3323_h) . If both are still set to the default values, the value in 3320_h is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

Example

Analog input 1 has a measuring range of 0 V...+10 V. There is a voltage of 0 V...+10 V on the analog input, which, at a resolution of 10 bits, corresponds to the value range 0...1023 *ADC digits*.

To display the analog value in the physical unit of millivolt, proceed as follows:

- 1. Write the value "10000" (corresponds to the entire measurement range in millivolt) in 3322_h:01_h (Analogue Input Factor Numerator).
- 2. Write the value "1023" (corresponds to the resolution in digits) in 3323_h:01_h (Analogue Input Factor Denominator).

At the maximum voltage of 10 V, now read out the value "10000" in object 3320_h (Read Analogue Input):

1023 digits * 10000 mV / 1023 = 10000 mV



7.3 Automatic brake control

7.3.1 Description

Automatic brake control is activated if the controller is switched to the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402</u> <u>Power State Machine</u>; the brake otherwise always remains closed.

The brake output of the controller results in a PWM signal that can be adjusted with respect to frequency and duty cycle.

For information on the interaction of the brake with the motor stopping behavior, see also chapter <u>Power</u> State machine – halt motion reactions.

7.3.2 Activation and connection

The brake can be controlled either automatically or manually:

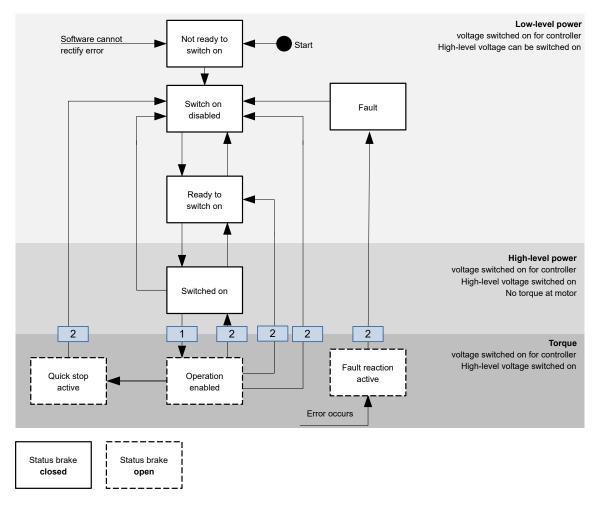
- Automatic: Setting bit 2 of object 3202_h to "1" activates the brake control.
- Manual: Setting bit 2 of object 3202_h to "0" deactivates the brake control; the brake can now be controlled with bit 0 in object 60FE_h:01_h.

7.3.2.1 Connection

The brake output is located on connector X4 (see chapter X4 – brake connection)

7.3.3 Brake control

The following graphic shows the states of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> together with the states of the brake for the automatic mode.



The following steps are performed on the transition, which is marked with 1:



- 1. The motor current is switched on.
- 2. The time stored in 2038_h:3_h is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake releases.
- **4.** The time stored in 2038_h:4_h is allowed to elapse.
- **5.** The *Operation enabled* state is reached, the motor controller can perform travel commands.

The following steps are performed on all transitions that are marked with 2:

- 1. The motor is brought to a standstill.
- **2.** The time stored in 2038_h :1_h is allowed to elapse.
- 3. The brake is activated.
- **4.** The time stored in 2038_h:2_h is allowed to elapse.
- 5. The motor current is switched off.

7.3.4 Brake PWM

The switched-on brake generates a PWM signal at the output of the controller that can be adjusted with respect to duty cycle and frequency. If an output pin without PWM is needed, a duty cycle of 100 percent can be set.

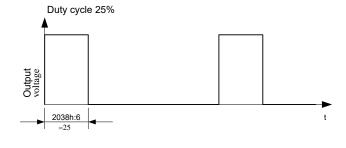
7.3.4.1 Frequency

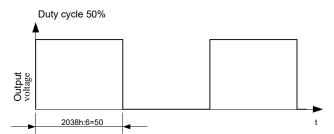
The frequency of the brake PWM can be set in object $\underline{2038}_{h}$:5_h. The unit is Hertz; a value greater than 20000 is not possible.

7.3.4.2 Duty cycle

The duty cycle – the ratio of pulse to period duration – is set in 2038_h :6_h. The value is a percentage and can be selected between 2 and 100. With a value of 100, the output pin is permanently switched on.

In the following figure, example duty cycles of 25 and 50 percent are shown, whereby the frequency is held constant.





7.4 I²t Motor overload protection

7.4.1 Description



NOTICE

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using 1²t with stepper motors.



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The goal of I²t motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.

This function is only available if the controller is in the <u>closed loop mode</u> (bit 0 of object <u>3202</u>_h must be set to "1").

7.4.2 Object entries

The following objects affect I²t motor overload protection:

- 2031_h: Max Motor Current specifies the maximum permissible motor current in mA.
- 203B_h:1_h Motor Rated Current specifies the rated current in mA.
- 6073_h Max Current specifies the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current.
- 203B_h:2_h Maximum Duration Of Peak Current specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.

The following objects indicate the current state of I²t:

- 203B_h:3_h Threshold specifies the limit in A²ms that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 203B_h:4_h CalcValue specifies the calculated value in A²ms that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 203B_h:5_h LimitedCurrent shows the momentary current value in mA that was set by I²t.
- 203B_h:6_h Status:
 - \Box Value = "0": I^2 t deactivated
 - □ Value = "1": I²t activated

7.4.3 Activation

Closed loop must be activated, (bit 0 of object 3202_h set to "1", see also chapter Closed Loop).

To activate the mode, you must appropriately specify the four object entries mentioned above ($\underline{2031}_h$, $\underline{6073}_h$, $\underline{203B}_h$:1_h, $\underline{203B}_h$:2_h). This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the I²t functionality remains deactivated.

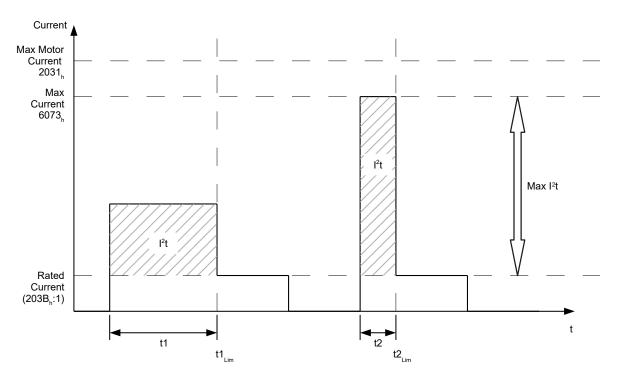
7.4.4 Function of I²t

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an I²t_{Lim} is calculated.

The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated I^2t_{Lim} is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current. The maximum current is limited by the maximum motor current (2031_h) .

The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagrams.





In the first section, t1, the current value is higher than the rated current. At time $t1_{Lim}$, l^2t_{Lim} is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for l^2t_{lim} is reached more quickly than in time t1.

7.5 Saving objects

7.5.1 General

Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.

Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as *categories*) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following categories:

- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Customer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, *closed/open loop...*). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.
- Ethernet: Parameters related to Ethernet communication

If an object is not assigned one of these *categories*, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.

The objects in each *category* are listed below. In chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u>, the corresponding *category* for each object is also specified.

7.5.2 Category: communication

- 2102_h: Fieldbus Module Control
- 3501_h: EtherNetIP Rx PDO Mapping



- 3502_h: MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
- 3601_h: EtherNetIP Tx PDO Mapping
- 3602_h: MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

7.5.3 Category: application

- 2034_h: Upper Voltage Warning Level
- 2035_h: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- 2036_h: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- 2037_h: Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- 2038_h: Brake Controller Timing
- 203A_h: Homing On Block Configuration
- 203D_h: Torque Window
- 203E_h: Torque Window Time Out
- 203F_h: Max Slippage Time Out
- 2057_h: Clock Direction Multiplier
- 2058_h: Clock Direction Divider
- 205B_h: Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- 2084_h: Bootup Delay
- 2290_h: PDI Control
- 2300_h: NanoJ Control
- 2410_h: NanoJ Init Parameters
- 2800_h: Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- 3210_h: Motor Drive Parameter Set
- 3212_h: Motor Drive Flags
- 3221_h: Analogue Inputs Control
- 3240_h: Digital Inputs Control
- 3242_h: Digital Input Routing
- 3243_h: Digital Input Homing Capture
- 3250_h: Digital Outputs Control
- 3252_h: Digital Output Routing
- 3321_h: Analogue Input Offset
- 3322_h: Analogue Input Factor Numerator
- 3323_h: Analogue Input Factor Denominator
- 3700_h: Deviation Error Option Code
- 3701_h: Limit Switch Error Option Code
- 4013_h: HW Configuration
- 6040_h: Controlword
- 6042_h: VI Target Velocity
- 6046_h: VI Velocity Min Max Amount
- 6048_h: VI Velocity Acceleration
- 6049_h: VI Velocity Deceleration
- 604A_h: VI Velocity Quick Stop
- 604C_h: VI Dimension Factor
- 605A_h: Quick Stop Option Code
- 605B_h: Shutdown Option Code
- 605C_h: Disable Option Code
- 605D_h: Halt Option Code
- 605E_h: Fault Option Code
- 6060_h: Modes Of Operation
- 6065_h: Following Error Window
- 6066_h: Following Error Time Out
- 6067_h: Position Window

7 Special functions



- 6068_h: Position Window Time
- 606D_h: Velocity Window
- 606E_h: Velocity Window Time
- 606F_h: Velocity Threshold
- 6070_h: Velocity Threshold Time
- 6071_h: Target Torque
- 6072_h: Max Torque
- 607A_h: Target Position
- 607B_h: Position Range Limit
- 607C_h: Home Offset
- 607D_h: Software Position Limit
- 607E_h: Polarity
- 607F_h: Max Profile Velocity
- 6081_h: Profile Velocity
- 6082_h: End Velocity
- 6083_h: Profile Acceleration
- 6084_h: Profile Deceleration
- 6085_h: Quick Stop Deceleration
- 6086_h: Motion Profile Type
- 6087_h: Torque Slope
- 6091_h: Gear Ratio
- 6092_h: Feed Constant
- 6096_h: Velocity Factor
- 6097_h: Acceleration Factor
- 6098_h: Homing Method
- 6099_h: Homing Speed
- 609A_h: Homing Acceleration
- 60A2_h: Jerk Factor
- 60A4_h: Profile Jerk
- 60A8_h: SI Unit Position
- 60A9_h: SI Unit Velocity
- 60B0_h: Position Offset
- 60B1_h: Velocity Offset
- 60B2_h: Torque Offset
- 60C1_h: Interpolation Data Record
- 60C2_h: Interpolation Time Period
- 60C4_h: Interpolation Data Configuration
- 60C5_h: Max Acceleration
- 60C6_h: Max Deceleration
- 60E8_h: Additional Gear Ratio Motor Shaft Revolutions
- 60E9_h: Additional Feed Constant Feed
- 60ED_h: Additional Gear Ratio Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60EE_h: Additional Feed Constant Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60F2_h: Positioning Option Code
- 60F8_h: Max Slippage
- 60FE_h: Digital Outputs
- 60FF_h: Target Velocity

7.5.4 Category: User

■ 2701_h: Customer Storage Area



7.5.5 Category: drive

- 3202_h: Motor Drive Submode Select
- 320D_h: Torque Of Inertia Factor
- 320E_h: Closed Loop Controller Parameter
- 320F_h: Open Loop Controller Parameter
- 6073_h: Max Current
- 6080_h: Max Motor Speed

7.5.6 Category: tuning

- 2030_h: Pole Pair Count
- 2031_h: Max Motor Current
- 203B_h: I2t Parameters
- 2059_h: Encoder Configuration
- 3203_h: Feedback Selection
- 3380_h: Feedback Sensorless
- 3390_h: Feedback Hall
- 33A0_h: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
- 4021_h: Ballast Configuration
- 6075_h: Motor Rated Current
- <u>608F</u>_h: Position Encoder Resolution
- 6090_h: Velocity Encoder Resolution
- 60E6_h: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Encoder Increments
- 60EB_h: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Motor Revolutions

7.5.7 Category: Ethernet

- 2010_h: IP-Configuration
- 2011_h: Static-IPv4-Address
- 2012_h: Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask
- 2013_h: Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address

7.5.8 Starting the save process

CAUTION



Uncontrolled motor movements!

Control may be affected while saving. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ The motor must be at a standstill before starting the saving process. The motor must not be started while saving.

NOTICE



- Saving may take a few seconds. Under no circumstances may you interrupt the voltage supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
- Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object 1010h.



There is a subindex in object 1010_h for each *category*. To save all objects of this *category*, the value "65766173_h" must be written in the subindex. ¹ The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".

The following table shows which subindex of object 1010_h is responsible for which category.

Subindex	Category
01 _h	All categories with the exception of 0C _h (Ethernet)
02 _h	Communication
03 _h	Application
04 _h	User
05 _h	Movement
06 _h	Tuning
0C _h	Ethernet

7.5.9 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one *category* of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C_h" must be written in object 1011_h. ² The following subindices correspond to a *category* here:

Subindex	Category
01 _h	All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of 06_h (Tuning) and $0C_h$ (Ethernet)
02 _h	Communication
03 _h	Application
04 _h	User
05 _h	Movement
06 _h	Tuning
0C _h	Ethernet

The saved objects are subsequently discarded; the change does not take effect until after the controller is restarted. You can restart the controller by entering the value "746F6F62_h" in 2800_h:01_h.

NOTICE



- Objects of category 06_h (Tuning) are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and are not reset when resetting to factory settings with subindex 01_h (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto setup). You can reset these objects with subindex 06_h.
- Objects of category 0C_h (Ethernet) are not reset with subindex 01_h.

7.5.10 Verifying the configuration

Object $\underline{1020}_h$ can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object $\underline{1020}_h$ can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with $\underline{1010}_h$:01.

This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011_d or the ASCII string save.

² This corresponds to the decimal of 1684107116_d or the ASCII string load.

7 Special functions



The entries of $\underline{1020}_h$ are reset to "0" as soon as a savable object (including $\underline{1010}_h$:0x_h, except for $\underline{1010}_h$:01_h and $\underline{1020}_h$) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

- 1. An external tool or master configures the controller.
- **2.** The tool or master sets the value in object $\underline{1020}_h$.
- 3. The tool or master activates the saving of all objects $\underline{1010}_h$:01_h = 65766173_h. The date and time in object $\underline{1020}_h$ are also saved.

After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in $\underline{1020}_h$:01_h and $\underline{1020}$:01_h. If one of the values is "0", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in $\underline{1020}$ does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.



8 EtherNet/IP™

With EtherNet/ IP^{T} , it is possible to use the most important CiA402 operating modes of the controller. The use of the cyclical modes described in the CiA402 standard (interpolated position mode, cyclic synchronous torque, velocity and position) is not currently possible.

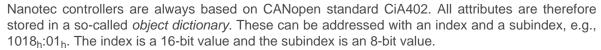
The following message types are supported:

- CIP[™] messages (CIP UCMM, CIP class 3 and others)
- I/O data transfer (CIP class 1)

EtherNet/IP[™] references: www.odva.org.

- THE CIP NETWORKS LIBRARY Volume 1: Common Industrial Protocol (CIP), Date: April.2014,Edition: 3.16
- THE CIP NETWORKS LIBRARY Volume 2: EtherNet/IP Adaptation of CIP, Date: April.2015, Edition: 1.19
- Network Infrastructure for EtherNet/IP™: Introduction and Considerations

NOTICE





The controller offers EtherNet/IP[™], but this protocol uses a different procedure: all attributes are stored on the basis of objects. For this reason, the controller uses an assignment to create a bridge between EtherNet/IP[™] and CANopen. As a consequence, the configuration of this controller is somewhat different that with normal EtherNet/IP[™] devices.

8.1 Device profile

The Nanotec EtherNet/IP[™] implementation contains a manufacturer-specific device profile for accessing manufacturer-specific controller properties and motor control.

With the following three services, it is possible to access each attribute for reading or writing. Each attribute listed in chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u> can be accessed.

Name	Service	Class	Instance
Get object dictionary entry	0x32	0x64	1
Set object dictionary entry	0x33	0x64	1
Get object dictionary entry Rockwell	0x34	0x64	1

In addition to the manufacturer-specific profile, the following standard services are also offered:

- Message Router Object
- Connection Manager
- Connection Configuration
- Port
- Ethernet Link Object
- TCP/IP Object
- Assembly

8.2 Service: Get object dictionary entry

The following table shows the assignment of the data for reading an attribute. The length of the data is dependent on the attribute.



Name	Service	Class	Instance	Data	
GetOD entry	0x32	0x64	1	Index (16-bit)	Subindex (8-Bit)

Example

The example below shows how to read the value of object 2014_h:00_h (current IPv4 address):

Request

32 02 20 64 24 01 14 20 00

Reply

B2 00 00 00 F4 00 A8 C0

8.3 Service: Set object dictionary entry

The following table shows the assignment of the data for writing a value in an attribute. The length of the data is dependent on the attribute. It is at least 1 byte and no more than 4 bytes long.

Name	Service	Class	Instance	Data
SetOD entry	0x33	0x64	1	Index (16-bit) Subindex (8- Value Bit)

Example

Below is an example showing how to write the value 00000304_h in object $2031_h:00_h$ (Max Motor Current):

Request

33 02 20 64 24 01 31 20 00 04 03 00 00

Reply

B3 00 00 00

8.4 Service: Get object dictionary entry Rockwell

The following table shows the assignment of the data for reading an attribute. The response contains a 16-bit object type, a 16-bit data length and the data. The response to this is: Object type (16-bit), followed by the data length (16-bit) and the data itself.

Name	Service	Class	Instance	[Data
GetOD entry	0x34	0x64	1	Index (16-bit)	Subindex (8-Bit)

Example

The example below shows a read request and reply for object 2014_h:00_h (current IPv4 address):



Request

34 02 20 64 24 01 14 20 00

Reply

B4 00 00 00 07 00 04 00 F4 00 A8 C8

8.5 Assembly objects

There is a set of producer/consumer groups (I/O Common) that contain the following:

- Objects for operating the Plug & Drive interface which enable you
 - to use the supported operating modes,
 - to monitor the state of the controller
 - and to access the objects of the object dictionary.

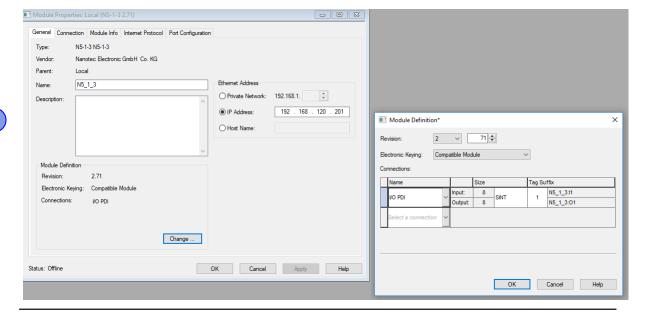
You can find additional information on the *Plug & Drive interface* in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface* on <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

- NanoJ inputs and outputs. They are used to pass values to the NanoJ program and to read out values.
- Inputs and outputs
- Current actual values such as position, speed, torque, following errors
- the error code of the last error that occurred

An additional set (I/O PDI) contains only the input and output objects for the Plug & Drive interface (PDI), see PDI assemblies.

NOTICE

It is not possible to use the *I/O Common* assembly set and <u>PDI assemblies</u> (*I/O PDI*) simultaneously. Select only one *connection*; either *I/O Common* or *I/O PDI*.



A *configuration assembly* is not supported. The attributes that are not included in the *assemblies* must be read and written via the manufacturer-specific device profile.



Assembly	Path
Assem100: Target -> Originator Assembly - Common	20 04 24 64 30 03
Assem101: Originator -> Target Assembly - Common	20 04 24 65 30 03
Configuration - Common	

Assembly - Common Target -> Originator - Data assignment

Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	2292 _h :01 _h PDI Status	16
2	603F _h :00 _h Error Code	16
4	2292 _h :02 _h PDI Return Value	32
8	6064 _h :00 _h Position Actual Value	32
12	606C _h :00 _h Velocity Actual Value	32
16	60FD _h :00 _h Digital Inputs	32
20	6077 _h :00 _h Torque Actual Value	16
22	3220 _h :01 _h Analog Input 1	16
24	60F4 _h :00 _h Following Error Actual Value	32
28	2500 _h :01 _h NanoJ Output #1	32
32	2500 _h :02 _h NanoJ Output #2	32
i	i	32
116	2500 _h :17 _h NanoJ Output #23	32
120	Reserved for future use	64 (2 x 32)

Assembly - Common Originator -> Target - Data assignment

Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	2291 _h :01 _h PDI Set Value 1	32
4	2291 _h :02 _h PDI Set Value 2	16
6	2291 _h :03 _h PDI Set Value 3	8
7	2291 _h :04 _h PDI Command	8
8	60FE _h :01 _h Digital Output	32
12	2400 _h :01 _h NanoJ Input #1	32
16	<u>2400</u> _h :02 _h NanoJ Input #2	32
i	i	32
116	2400 _h :1B _h NanoJ Input #27	32
120	Reserved for future use	64 (2 x 32)

PDI assemblies

The assemblies for the *Plug & Drive interface* contain the input or output object of the PDI. You can find additional information on the *Plug & Drive interface* in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface* on us.nanotec.com.

Assembly	Path
Assem104: Target -> Originator Assembly - Common	20 04 24 68 30 03



Assembly	Path
Assem105: Originator -> Target Assembly - Common	20 04 24 69 30 03

Assembly - Common Target -> Originator - Data assignment

Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	<u>2292</u> _h :01 _h PDI Status	16
2	603F _h :00 _h Error Code	16
4	2292 _h :02 _h PDI Return Value	32

Assembly - Common Originator -> Target - Data assignment

Offset (bytes)	Object dictionary entry	Size (bits)
0	2291 _h :01 _h PDI Set Value 1	32
4	2291 _h :02 _h PDI Set Value 2	16
6	2291 _h :03 _h PDI Set Value 3	8
8	2291 _h :04 _h PDI Command	8

8.6 Configuring the assembly objects

The assembly objects in the controller are static and do not support dynamic assemblies. The size of the static assemblies is always 128 bytes. The most important data for the various operating modes are already configured; it is, however, possible to append additional data.

The mapped data can only be changed with the *SetOD entry* command. If changing the configuration, note that the EDS file must also be adapted. It is recommended that the new data be appended to the end of the current mapping. As listed in chapter <u>Assembly objects</u>, there is a data range provided for future use.



NOTICE

The PDI assemblies cannot be modified.

The data are organized successively without gaps. If an 8-bit data value is to have, e.g., 32-bit alignment, it is possible to use so-called *dummy objects*. Use can also be viewed in the standard configuration for objects 3501_h and 3601_h .

NOTICE



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting the corresponding subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

The following table lists all available dummy objects:



Index	Data type
0002 _h	Signed integer (8 bit)
0003 _h	Signed integer (16 bit)
0004 _h	Signed integer (32 bit)
0005 _h	Unsigned integer (8 bit)
0006 _h	Unsigned integer (16 bit)
0007 _h	Unsigned integer (32 bit)

8.7 Rockwell Studio 5000

8.7.1 Restrictions

The controller operates with all possible data formats; it can handle the data formats in the following list.

		Abbreviation							
	Size in bytes	Sigr	ned	Unsigned					
8		SINT	USINT						
16		INT	UINT						
32		DINT	UDINT						

Rockwell PLCs only support signed number formats. Thus, all attributes are converted to a DINT (32 byte, signed). This can cause problems when converting an unsigned 32-bit integer to one with a sign if the highest bit is set. In this case, the number becomes a negative – instead of a positive – number. Currently, such UDINT attributes – which may likely have the highest bit set – are usually a status and it is possible to reference the individual bits with a BOOL type.

8.8 Panasonic PLC





Connection problems when importing the EDS file in the case of the Panasonic PLC. The Panasonic PLC does not support the "ZERO" connection type.

▶ Before importing, remove the "ZERO" connection type from the EDS file.



9 Programming with NanoJ

NanoJ is a programming language similar to C or C++. NanoJ is integrated in the Plug & Drive Studio software. You can find further information in document Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide at us.nanotec.com.

9.1 NanoJ program

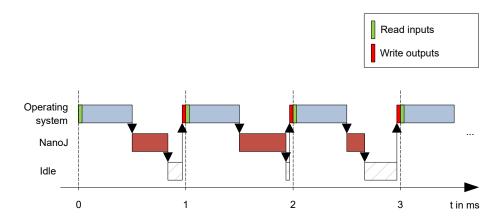
A *NanoJ program* makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a *NanoJ program* is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

If the *NanoJ program* was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted, as long as you do not set bit 0 in object 2300_h to "0".

9.1.1 Available computing time

A NanoJ program receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only approx. 30% - 50% of computing time is available to the user program (depending on control mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the yield() function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the yield() function.



If the *NanoJ program* needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.





When developing user programs, the runtime behavior must be carefully examined, especially for more time-intensive tasks. For example, it is therefore recommended that tables be used instead of calculating a sine value using a sin function.



NOTICE



If the NanoJ program does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number $_4$ is entered in the statusword for object 2301_h ; in the error register for object 2302_h , the number $_5$ (timeout) is noted, see $\underline{2301h}$ NanoJ Status and $\underline{2302h}$ NanoJ Error Code.

To keep the NanoJ program from stopping, you can activate AutoYield mode by writing value "5" in 2300_h . In AutoYield mode, however, the NanoJ program is no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms.

9.1.2 Protected runtime environment

Using process-specific properties, a so-called *protected runtime environment* is generated. A user program in the protected runtime environment is only able to access specially allocated memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an *MPU Fault* and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

9.1.3 NanoJ program – communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- Directly read and write OD values via NanoJ functions
- Call other NanoJ functions (e.g., write <u>debug output</u>)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via *PDO mapping*. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular C variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- Input mappings can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects 2310_h , 2320_h , and 2330_h . Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.

Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in *Plug & Drive Studio* via the specification of the *linker section*.

NanoJ inputs and NanoJ outputs

To communicate with the NanoJ program via the respective interface, you can use the following objects:

- 2400h NanoJ Inputs: Array with thirty-two S32 values for passing values to the NanoJ program
- 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters: Array with thirty-two S32 values. This object can be stored, unlike 2400_h.
- <u>2500h NanoJ Outputs</u>: Array with thirty-two S32 values, where the *NanoJ program* can store values that can be read out via the fieldbus

9.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

When executing a cycle, the *NanoJ program* essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

- 1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
- 2. Execute a user program
- 3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary



The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.

In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via NanoJ functions. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in In/Out/InOut).



TIP

Nanotec recommends: Map OD entries that are used and changed frequently and use NanoJ function to access OD entries that are used less frequently.

A list of available NanoJ functions can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.



TIP

Nanotec recommends accessing a given OD value either by mapping or using a NanoJ function with od write(). If both are used simultaneously, the NanoJ function has no effect.

9.1.5 NanoJ program - OD entries

The NanoJ program is controlled and configured in object range 2300_h to 2330_h (see 2300h NanoJ Control).

	OD-Index	Name and description
2300 _h		2300h NanoJ Control
2301 _h		2301h NanoJ Status
2302 _h		2302h NanoJ Error Code
2310 _h		2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection
2320 _h		2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection
2330 _h		2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Example:

To start the *TEST1.USR* user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Check entry 2302_h for error code.
- If no error:

 Start the *NanoJ program* by writing object 2300_h, bit 0 = "1" or by restarting the controller.



NOTICE

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

- Check entry $\underline{2302}_h$ for error code and object $\underline{2301}_h$, bit 0 = "1".
- Rename file TEST1.USR with vmmcode.usr.
- Copy file vmmcode.usr to the controller via USB.
- Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300_h, bit 0 = "1" or by restarting the controller.
- Check entry $\underline{2302}_h$ for error code and object $\underline{2301}_h$, bit 0 = "1" (NanoJ program running).



NOTICE

Due to limitations in the USB implementation, file "VMMCODE.USR" is, following a restart of the controller, set to a size of 16 kB and the creation date set to 13.03.2012.



To stop a running program: write entry 2300_h with bit 0 value = "0".

9.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction #include "wrapper.h"
- the void user(){} function

The code to be executed can be stored in the void user() function.



NOTICE

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main.cpp is permissible, file name aLongFileName.cpp is not permissible.

NOTICE



- In NanoJ programs, global variables may only be initialized within functions. It then follows:
- No new operatorNo constructors
- No initialization of global variables outside of functions

Examples:

The global variable is to be initialized within the void user() function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user() {
  i = 1;
  i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment is not correct:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
void user() {
  i += 1;
}
```

9.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object 2500_h:01_h.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"

// user program
void user()
{
    U16 counter = 0;
    while( 1 )
    {
        ++counter;

        if( counter < 100 )
            InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
        else if( counter < 200 )
            InOut.outputReg1 = 1;</pre>
```



```
else
    counter = 0;

// yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
for(U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i )
    yield();
}
}// eof</pre>
```

You can find other examples at us.nanotec.com.

9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program

With this method, a variable in the *NanoJ program* is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the #include "wrapper.h" instruction.

TIP

Nanotec recommends:



- Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e.g., *controlword* 6040_h or *statusword* 6041_h.
- The od_write() and od_read() functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see Accessing the object dictionary.

9.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

```
map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>
```

Where:

<TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

<input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

<INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.

Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: *In*, *Out* or *InOut* depending on the defined write and read direction.



NOTICE

A comment is only permitted above the respective mapping declaration in the code, not on the same line.



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9.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
// 6040h:00h is UNSIGNED16
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
// 6041h:00h is UNSIGNED16
map U16 statusWord as input 0x6041:00

// 6060h:00h is SIGNED08 (INTEGER8)
map S08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00

#include "wrapper.h"

void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  U16 tmpVar = In.statusword;
  InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
  [...]
}
```

9.2.3 Possible error at od write()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od_write() function (see NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  [...]
  od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping überschrieben
  [...]
}
```

The line with the od_write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

- 1. The od write function writes the value 5 in object 6040h:00h.
- 2. At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object 6040_h:00_h, however, with the value 1.
- 3. From the perspective of the user, the od write command thus serves no purpose.

9.3 NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program

With NanoJ functions, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Code can only be directly executed in the protected area of the protected execution environment and is realized via so-called *Cortex Supervisor Calls* (Svc Calls). Here, an interrupt is triggered when the function is called, thereby giving the firmware the possibility to temporarily permit code execution outside of the protected execution environment. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism – for them, the NanoJ functions can be called up like normal C functions. Only the *wrapper.h* file needs to be integrated as usual.

9.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)



This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

index	Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary
value	Value to be written

NOTICE



It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with yield() after calling a $od_write()$. The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with yield().

U32 od_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)

This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.

index	Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary
Output value	Content of the OD entry



NOTICE

Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield().

Example

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```

9.3.2 Process control

```
void yield()
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

```
void sleep (U32 ms)
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.

ms	Time to be waited in milliseconds



9.3.3 Debug output

The following functions output a value in the debug console. They differ with respect to the data type of the parameter to be passed.

bool VmmDebugOutputInt (const U32 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputByte (const U08 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputHalfWord (const U16 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputWord (const U32 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputFloat (const float val)

NOTICE



The debug outputs are first written to a separate area of the object dictionary and read from there by the *Plug & Drive Studio*.

This OD entry has index 2600_h and is 64 characters long, see $\underline{2600h}$ NanoJ Debug Output. Subindex 00 always contains the number of characters already written.

If the buffer is full, VmmDebugOutputxxx() initially fails; execution of the user program ceases and it stops at the location of the debug output. Only after the GUI has read the buffer and after subindex 00 has been reset does the program continue and VmmDebugOutputxxx() returns to the user program.



NOTICE

Debug outputs may therefore only be used during the test phase when developing a user program.



NOTICE

Do not use the debug output if Auto Yield mode is activated (see Available computing time).

9.4 Restrictions and possible problems

Restrictions and possible problems when working with NanoJ are listed below:

Restriction/problem	Measure
	Instead use od_read / od_write to access the object.
of the object was never defined before starting the	Initialize the values of the mapped objects in your NanoJ program to ensure that it behaves deterministically.

9 Programming with NanoJ



Restriction/problem	Measure
The array initialization must not be used with more than 16 entries.	Use constant array instead.
float must not be used with comparison operators.	Use int instead.
double must not be used.	
If a NanoJ program restarts the controller (either directly with an explicit restart or indirectly, e. g., through the use of the Reset function), the controller may fall into a restart loop that can be exited only with difficulty if at all.	
math or cmath cannot be included.	



10 Description of the object dictionary

10.1 Overview

This chapter contains a description of all objects.

You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- Descriptions of bits
- Description of the object

10.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:

Function

The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

Object description

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "Object description"

Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "Value description"

Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "Description"

10.3 Object description

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:

Index

Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

Object name

The name of the object.

Object Code

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- RECORD: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.



■ VISIBLE_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1. These character strings are **not** terminated by a null character.

Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

Firmware version

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

10.4 Value description



NOTICE

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.



Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

Name

Name of the sub-entry.

Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

Access

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

10.5 Description

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or sub-entry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

Example: The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7.

7	6 5		4	3	2	1	0
	Exam	ple [4]		Exan	nple [2]	В	Α

Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.



Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value 00_b: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "0".
- Value 01_b: The description here applies if bit 2 is "0" and bit 3 is "1".
- Value 10_b: The description here applies if bit 2 is "1" and bit 3 is "0".
- Value 11_b: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "1".

В

Description of bit B; no length is specified for a single bit.

Α

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

1000h Device Type

Function

Describes the controller type.

Object description

Index	1000 _h
Object name	Device Type
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00060192 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Motor T	ype [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Device profile number [16]														

Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": BLDC motor
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "4": Stepper motor
- Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "6": Stepper motor as well as BLDC motor

Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.



Values:

0192_h or 0402_d (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

1001h Error Register

Function

Error register: The corresponding error bit is set in case of an error. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.



NOTICE

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.

Object description

Index	1001 _h
Object name	Error Register
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAN	RES	PROF	СОМ	TEMP	VOL	CUR	GEN

GEN

General error

CUR

Current

VOL

Voltage

TEMP

Temperature

COM

Communication

PROF

Relates to the device profile



RES

Reserved, always "0"

MAN

Manufacturer-specific

1003h Pre-defined Error Field

Function

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

Object description

Index 1003_h

Object name Pre-defined Error Field

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Errors
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Subindex 01_h

Name 1st Standard Error Field

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name 2nd Standard Error Field

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

10 Description of the object dictionary



Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	3th Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	4th Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	5th Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	06 _h	
Name	6th Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	07 _h	
Name	7th Standard Error Field	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	08 _h	



Name 8th Standard Error Field

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

General function

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1. The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0. If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code = 08000024_h) is sent in response. If a "0" is written in subindex 0, counting starts again from the beginning.

Bit description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Error Number [8] Error Class [8]															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							Error C	ode [16]							

Error Number [8]

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

Error number	Description
0	Watchdog-Reset
1	Input voltage (+Ub) too high
2	Output current too high
3	Input voltage (+Ub) too low
4	Error at fieldbus
6	CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send Nodeguarding request
7	Sensor 1 (see 3204 _h): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
8	Sensor 2 (see 3204 _h): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
9	Sensor 3 (see 3204 _h): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
10	Warning: Positive limit switch exceeded
11	Warning: Negative limit switch exceeded
12	Overtemperature error
13	The values of object <u>6065</u> _h (Following Error Window) and object <u>6066</u> _h (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered.
14	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full. The current save process could not be completed; parts of the data of the save process are lost. Controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
15	Motor blocked
16	Warning: Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work (all saved objects are reset to default).
17	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.



Error number	Description
18	Sensor n (see $\underline{3204}_h$), where n is greater than 3: Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
19	CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error
20	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
21	Warning: Restart the controller to avoid future errors when saving (nonvolatile memory full/corrupt).
22	Rated current must be set (203B _h :01 _h /6075 _h)
23	Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are incorrect.
24	Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters.
25	Internal software error, generic
26	Current too high at digital output
27	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length
30	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
32	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP
40	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
46	Interlock error: Bit 3 in 60FD_h is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>)

Error Class[8]

This byte is identical to object 1001_h

Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

Error Code	Description
1000 _h	General error
2300 _h	Current at the controller output too large
3100 _h	Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input
4200 _h	Temperature error within the controller
5540 _h	Interlock error: Bit 3 in 60FD _h is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>)
6010 _h	Software reset (watchdog)
6100 _h	Internal software error, generic
6320 _h	Rated current must be set (203B _h :01 _h /6075 _h)
7113 _h	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
7121 _h	Motor blocked
7200 _h	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP
7305 _h	Sensor 1 (see 3204 _h) faulty
7306 _h	Sensor 2 (see 3204 _h) faulty
7307 _h	Sensor n (see 3204 _h), where n is greater than 2
7600 _h	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for cleanup work
8100 _h	Error during fieldbus monitoring
8130 _h	CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error



Error Code	Description
8200 _h	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
8210 _h	CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error
8220 _h	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
8240 _h	CANopen only: unexpected sync length
8400 _h	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
8611 _h	Position monitoring error: Following error too large
8612 _h	Position monitoring error: Limit switch exceeded

1008h Manufacturer Device Name

Function

Contains the device name as character string.

Object description

Index	1008 _h
	Manufacturer Device Name
Object name	Manufacturer Device Name
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	■ C5-E-1-11: C5-E-1-11
	■ C5-E-2-11: C5-E-2-11
	■ C3-E-2-11. C3-E-2-11
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version

Function

This object contains the hardware version as character string.

Object description

Index	1009 _h
Object name	Manufacturer Hardware Version
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

100Ah Manufacturer Software Version

Function

This object contains the software version as character string.

Object description

Index 100A_h

Object name Manufacturer Software Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FIR-v2139-B1022383

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

1010h Store Parameters

Function

This object is used to start the saving of objects. See chapter Saving objects.

Object description

Index 1010_h

Object name Store Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from "Store

Parameter" to "Store Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from

3 to 4.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

4 to 5.



Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

Value description

00 _h
Number Of Entries
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
0D _h
01 _h
Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000001 _h
02 _h
Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000001 _h
03 _h
Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000001 _h
04 _h
Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory
UNSIGNED32

10 Description of the object dictionary



141

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 06_h

Name Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 07_h

Name Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 08_h

Name Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 09_h

Name Save Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Subindex	0A _h
Name	Save CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	0B _h
Name	Save Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	0C _h
Name	Save Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	0D _h
Name	Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value " 65766173_h " must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011_d or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter Saving objects.



1011h Restore Default Parameters

Function

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values. See chapter <u>Saving objects</u>.

Object description

Index	1011 _h
Object name	Restore Default Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 4.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0D _h
Subindex	01 _h

10 Description of the object dictionary



Name Restore All Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Restore Communication Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Restore Application Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Restore Customer Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Restore Drive Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 06_h

Name Restore Tuning Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

10 Description of the object dictionary



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 07_h

Name Restore Miscellaneous Configurations

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 08_h

Name Restore Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 09_h

Name Restore Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0A_h

Name Restore CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name Restore Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h



Subindex $0C_h$

Name Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

UNSIGNED32 Data type read / write Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Subindex $0D_h$

Name Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type **UNSIGNED32** Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Description

If the value $64616F6C_h$ (or 1684107116_d or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter Discarding the saved data.

1018h Identity Object

Function

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.



TIP

Have these values ready in the event of service inquiries.

Object description

Index 1018_h **Identity Object** Object name Object Code **RECORD** Data type **IDENTITY** Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	110
Preset value	04
rieset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Vendor-ID
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000026C _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Product Code
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	■ C5-E-1-11: 00000052 _h
	■ C5-E-1-11: 00000032h ■ C5-E-2-11: 00000053h
Subindex	02
Name	03 _h Revision Number
	UNSIGNED32
Data type	
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	00500000
Preset value	085B0000 _h
Subindex	04
	04 _h
Name Data type	Serial Number UNSIGNED32
Data type	
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0000000
Preset value	00000000 _h

1020h Verify Configuration

Function

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.



A configuration tool or a master can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.

The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter <u>Saving objects</u>).

Object description

Index	1020 _h
Object name	Verify Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: verify
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h								
Name	Number Of Entries								
Data type	UNSIGNED8								
Access	read only								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	02 _h								
Subindex	01 _h								
Name	Configuration Date								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								
Subindex	02 _h								
Name	Configuration Time								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								



Description

Subindex 01_h (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984. Subindex 02_h (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

1F50h Program Data

Function

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index	1F50 _h
Object name	Program Data
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	DOMAIN
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Data type Access

Subindex	00 _h							
Name	Number Of Entries							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	02 _h							
Subindex	01 _h							
Name	Program Data Bootloader/firmware							
Data type	DOMAIN							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0							
Subindex	02 _h							
Name	Program Data NanoJ							

Version: 1.5.0 / FIR-v2139

DOMAIN

read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

1F51h Program Control

Function

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index 1F51_h

Object name Program Control

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Program Control Bootloader/firmware

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Program Control NanoJ

Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read / write

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

1F57h Program Status

Function

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index 1F57_h Object name **Program Status Object Code** ARRAY Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable no Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1540

Value description

Change history

Subindex 00_h
Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value 02_h

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Subindex} & & \text{O1}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{Program Status Bootloader/firmware} \end{array}$

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Program Status NanoJ



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

200Fh IEEE 802 MAC Address

Function

This object contains the MAC address of the controller as a character string.

no

Object description

Index 200F_h

Object name IEEE 802 MAC Address

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384

Change history

2010h IP-Configuration

Function

Use this object to configure the Ethernet interface. The object is only taken into consideration once when restarting the controller. You can find further details in chapter *Commissioning*.

Object description

Index 2010_h

Object name IP-Configuration
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: Ethernet

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000064_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".



Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	2	2	1	0
15	14	13	12	- 11	10	9	0	,	U	3	4	3	2		U
									LLMNR	NBIOS			DHCP		ΙΡ

IΡ

Value = "1": A static IP address from object $\underline{2011}_h$ is used and the network mask from object $\underline{2012}_h$ is used

DHCP

Value = "1": IP address assignment using a DHCP server is activated

AUTO

Value = "1": IP address assignment using the AUTO-IP protocol is activated

NBIOS

Value = "1": The NetBIOS protocol is activated; this is necessary before resolving a hostname (e.g., with a ping command).

LLMNR

Value = "1": The LLMNR protocol is activated; this is necessary before resolving a hostname (e.g., with a ping command).



NOTICE

To avoid conflicts, never simultaneously set bit 0 (static IP address) and bits 2 and 3 (DHCP or Auto-IP) to "1".

2011h Static-IPv4-Address

Function

Contains the static IPv4 address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Object description

Index 2011_h

Object name Static-IPv4-Address

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: Ethernet

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value C0A80792_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Static-IP-Address" to "Static-IPv4-Address".



Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
		IP	Address	Part 1	[8]			IP Address Part 2 [8]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	IP Address Part 3 [8]									ΙP	Address	s Part 4	[8]		

IP Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP address

IP Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP address

IP Address Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the IP address

IP Address Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the IP address

Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $192 => C0_h$

 $168 => A8_{h}$

 $2 => 02_h$

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then COA80200h.

2012h Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

Function

Contains the subnet mask of the static IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Object description

Index 2012_h Object name Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask Object Code VARIABLE Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: Ethernet

read / write Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FFFFF00h



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Static-IP-Subnet-Mask" to "Static-IPv4-Subnet-Mask".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]								Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]									
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]									Sub	net Ma	sk Part 4	1 [8]				

Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the subnet mask

Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the subnet mask

Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the subnet mask

Subnet Mask Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the subnet mask

Example

The class C network mask 255.255.255.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $255 => FF_{h}$

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then FFFFFF00h.

2013h Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address

Function

Contains the static IP gateway address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Object description

Index 2013_h

Object name Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: Ethernet

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1446

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Static-IP-Gateway-Address" to "Static-IPv4-Gateway-Address".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B533384: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Ethernet".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16			
	IP-Gateway-Address Part 1 [8]								IP-Gateway-Address Part Part 2 [8]									
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	IP-Gateway-Address Part 3 [8]								IP	-Gatewa	ay-Addre	ess Part	Part 4 [[8]				

IP-Gateway-Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP gateway address

IP-Gateway-Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP gateway address

IP-Gateway-Address Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the IP gateway address

IP-Gateway-Address Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the IP gateway address

Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $192 => C0_h$

 $168 => A8_{h}$

 $2 => 02_{h}$

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then COA80200h.

2014h Current-IPv4-Address

Function

Contains the currently active IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Object description

Index 2014_h

Object name Current-IPv4-Address

Object Code VARIABLE



Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Current-IP-Address" to "Current-IPv4-Address".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
	IP Address Part 1 [8]							IP Address Part 2 [8]									
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
IP Address Part 3 [8]									ΙP	Address	s Part 4	[8]					

IP Address Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the IP address

IP Address Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the IP address

IP Address Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the IP address

IP Address Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the IP address

Example

Address 192.168.2.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $192 => C0_h$

 $168 => A8_{h}$

 $2 => 02_h$

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then COA80200h.

2015h Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

Function

Contains the currently active subnet mask of the static IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Object description

Index	2015 _h



Object name Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Current-IP-Subnet-Mask" to "Current-IPv4-Subnet-Mask".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16		
	Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]								Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]								
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]									Sub	net Ma	sk Part 4	[8]				

Subnet Mask Part 1 [8]

Specifies the first part of the subnet mask

Subnet Mask Part 2 [8]

Specifies the second part of the subnet mask

Subnet Mask Part 3 [8]

Specifies the third part of the subnet mask

Subnet Mask Part 4 [8]

Specifies the fourth part of the subnet mask

Example

The class C network mask 255.255.255.0 is first converted to hexadecimal format, resulting in the following configuration value:

 $255 => FF_h$

0 => 0

The corresponding adjustment value is then FFFFFF00h.

2016h Current-IPv4-Gateway-Address

Function

This object contains the currently active gateway IP address in the form of a 32-bit word.

Object description

Index 2016_h

Object name Current-IPv4-Gateway-Address



Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

2030h Pole Pair Count

Function

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.

Object description

Index 2030_h

Object name Pole Pair Count
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000032_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: tuning".

2031h Max Motor Current

Function

Enter the maximum permissible motor current in milliamperes here. All current values are limited by this value.

Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.

Object description

Index 2031_h

Object name Max Motor Current

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no



Allowed values

Preset value ■ C5-E-1-11: 00000258_h

■ C5-E-2-11: 000003E8_h

Firmware version

FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from "Peak

Current" to "Max Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

Object description

Index 2034_h

Upper Voltage Warning Level Object name

Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED32**

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000C20Dh Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object 2034_h minus 2 volts).



2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

Object description

Index	2035 _h
Object name	Lower Voltage Warning Level
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00002710 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object 2035_h plus 1.5 volts.

2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

Function

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

Object description

Index	2036 _h
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

Function

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop (bit 3 in $3202_h = "1"$) and the motor is at a standstill.

Object description

Index	2037 _h
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFCE _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value of 2037_h greater than or equal to 0 and less than value 6075_h

Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

Value of 2037_h in the range from -1 to -100

The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in 2037_h . The value in 6075_h is used for the calculation.

Example: Object $\underline{6075_h}$ has the value 4200 mA. The value -60 in $\underline{2037_h}$ reduces the current by 60% of $\underline{6075_h}$. The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of $\underline{6075_h}$ * ($\underline{2037_h}$ + 100) / 100 = 1680 mA.

The value -100 in $\underline{2037}_h$ would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA.

2038h Brake Controller Timing

Function

This object contains the times for the *brake control* in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.

Object description

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426



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Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h							
Name	Number Of Entries							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	06 _h							
Subindex	01 _h							
Name	Close Brake Idle Time							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	000003E8 _h							
Subindex	02 _h							
Name	Shutdown Power Idle Time							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	000003E8 _h							
Subindex	03 _h							
Name	Open Brake Delay Time							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	000003E8 _h							
Subindex	04 _h							
Name	Start Operation Delay Time							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 _h							



Subindex 05_h

Name PWM Frequency
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values between 0 and 2000 (7D0_h) 20000 (4E20_h)

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 06_h

Name PWM Duty Cycle
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values 0, between 2 and 100 (64_h)

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- 02h: Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- 03_h: Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- 04_h: Time between the opening of the brake and when the Operation enabled state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is reached.
- 05_h: Frequency of the PWM signal in hertz.
- 06_h: Duty cycle of the PWM signal in percent.

2039h Motor Currents

Function

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA. All values are peak values, (#2*rms).

Object description

Index 2039_h

Object name Motor Currents

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".



Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h				
Name	Number Of Entries				
Data type	UNSIGNED8				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	04 _h				
Subindex	01 _h				
Name	I_d				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	TX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 _h				
Subindex	02 _h				
Name	I_q				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	TX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 _h				
Subindex	03 _h				
Name	I_a				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	TX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 _h				
Subindex	04 _h				
Name	I_b				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	TX-PDO				
Allowed values					



Preset value 00000000_h

Description

01_h: Field-forming components of the current

02_h: Torque-forming components of the current

■ 03_h: Phase current in phase A (stepper motor) or U (BLDC motor)

■ 04_h: Phase current in phase B (stepper motor) or W (BLDC motor)



NOTICE

Motor currents I_d (subindex 01_h) and I_q (subindex 02_h) are only displayed if <u>closed loop</u> was activated; the value 0 is otherwise output.

203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

Function

This object contains the parameters for *Homing on Block* (see chapter <u>Homing</u>).

Object description

Index 203A_h

Object name Homing On Block Configuration

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access

PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from

4 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of

Blocking" to "Block Detection time".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h



Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Minimum Current For Block Detection

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value ■ C5-E-1-11: 000005DC_h

C5-E-2-11: 000009C4_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Block Detection Time

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000000C8_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA, negative numbers specify a percentage of object 2031_h. Example: The value "1000" corresponds to 1000 mA (= 1 A); the value "-70" corresponds to 70% of 2031_h.
- 02_h: Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.

203Bh I2t Parameters

Function

This object contains the parameters for l²t monitoring.

 I^{2} t monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in $203B_{h}$:01 and $203B_{h}$:02 and a value greater than 1000 in 6073_{h} (see I^{2} t Motor overload protection).

With one exception, I^2 t monitoring can only be used for *closed loop* mode: If I^2 t is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of $203B_h$:01_h, 6073_h and 2031_h .

Object description

Index	203B _h
Object name	I2t Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY

10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED32
Savable yes, category: tuning

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

7 to 8.

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" entry changed from

"Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from

"Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from

"Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from

"Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from

"Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: The number of entries was

changed from 8 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1926-B648637: "Name" entry changed from

"Maximum Duration Of Peak Current" to "Maximum Duration Of Max

Current".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 06_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Motor Rated Current

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value ■ C5-E-1-11: 00000258_h

■ C5-E-2-11: 000003E8_h



Subindex	02 _h			
Name	Maximum Duration Of Max Current			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00000000 _h			
Subindex	03 _h			
Name	Threshold			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00000000 _h			
Subindex	04 _h			
Name	CalcValue			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00000000 _h			
Subindex	05 _h			
Name	LimitedCurrent			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00000000 _h			
Subindex	06 _h			
Name	Status			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	00000000 _h			

Description

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex 01_h and 02_h contain parameters for control, subindices 03_h to 06_h are status values. The functions are as follows:



- 01_h: The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in 2031_h and 6073_h, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- 02_h: Specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current (<u>6073</u>_h) in ms.
- 03_h: Threshold, specifies the limit in A²ms that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 04_h: CalcValue, specifies the calculated value in A²ms that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 05_h: LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by I²t.
- 06_h: Current status. If the sub-entry value is "0", I²t is deactivated; if the value is "1", I²t is activated.

203Dh Torque Window

Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object <u>6041</u>_h (statusword) is never set.

Object description

Index	203D _h
Object name	Torque Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

203Eh Torque Window Time Out

Function

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window" ($203D_h$) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

Object description

Index	203E _h	
Object name	Torque Window Time Out	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Savable	yes, category: application	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	



Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Torque Window Time" to "Torque Window Time Out".

203Fh Max Slippage Time Out

Function

Time in milliseconds until an excessively large slippage error in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode results in an error message.

Object description

Index 203F_h

Object name Max Slippage Time Out

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of the object $\underline{60F8}_h$ (Max Slippage) is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\underline{203F}_h$.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

Function

The clock count value in Clock-direction mode is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

Object description

Index 2057_h

Object name Clock Direction Multiplier

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32



Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000080_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2058h Clock Direction Divider

Function

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is divided by this value before it is processed further.

Object description

Index 2058_h

Object name Clock Direction Divider

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2059h Encoder Configuration

Function

This object can be used to switch the type of encoder.

Object description

Index 2059_h

Object name Encoder Configuration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".



Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														TYPE	

TYPE

Defines the type of encoder. For a differential encoder, the bit must have the value "0". For a single-ended encoder, the bit must be set to "1".

205Ah Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)

Function



TIP

This object only has a function when using an absolute encoder. If an absolute encoder is not used, the value is always 0.

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in <u>user-defined units</u>) can be read from this object.

Object description

Index	205A _h
Object name	Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1446
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Encoder Boot Value" to "Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

Function

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value = "0") to the <u>right/left rotation mode</u> (value = "1").



Object description

Index 205B_h

Object name Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1504

Change history

2084h Bootup Delay

Function

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

Object description

Index 2084_h

Object name Bootup Delay
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

Function

Shows the available fieldbuses.

Object description

Index 2101_h

Object name Fieldbus Module Availability

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

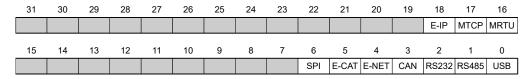
Preset value 001D0011_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability".

Description

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).



USB

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

RS-485

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

RS-232

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.

CAN

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

E-NET

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

E-CAT

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.

MRTU

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

MTCP

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP

E-IP

Value = "1": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP™

2102h Fieldbus Module Control

Function

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).



Object description

Index 2102_h

Object name Fieldbus Module Control

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 001D0011_h Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

Description

Object $\underline{2103}_h$:1_h contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object (2102_h). The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object $\underline{2103}_h$:2_h.

The following distribution of the bits applies here:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

USB interface

RS-485

RS-485 interface

RS-232

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

E-NET

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol



MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP[™] protocol

2103h Fieldbus Module Status

Function

Shows the active fieldbuses.

Object description

Index 2103_h

Object name Fieldbus Module Status

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Fieldbus Module Disable Mask

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Fieldbus Module Enabled

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 001D0011_h

Description

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. A value "1" means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.

Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The value "1" means that that the fieldbus is active.

The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

USB interface

RS-485

RS-485 interface

RS-232

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

E-NET

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP[™] protocol

2290h PDI Control

Function

With this object, you can activate the *Plug&Drive interface*. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug&Drive interface*.



Object description

Index2290hObject namePDI ControlObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

Description

To activate the Plug&Drive interface, set bit 0 to "1".

2291h PDI Input

Function

If you use the *Plug&Drive interface*, you can use this object to select and start the operating mode and set the corresponding target values (target position, speed, etc.). You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug&Drive interface*.

Object description

Index 2291_h
Object name PDI Input
Object Code RECORD
Data type PDI_INPUT

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only



PDO mapping	RX-PDO						
Allowed values							
Preset value	04 _h						
Subindex	01 _h						
Name	PDI Set Value 1						
Data type	INTEGER32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	RX-PDO						
Allowed values							
Preset value	00000000 _h						
Subindex	02 _h						
Name	PDI Set Value 2						
Data type	INTEGER16						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	RX-PDO						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000 _h						
Subindex	03 _h						
Name	PDI Set Value 3						
Data type	INTEGER8						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	RX-PDO						
Allowed values							
Preset value	00 _h						
Subindex	04 _h						
Name	PDI Command						
Data type	INTEGER8						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	RX-PDO						
Allowed values							
Preset value	00 _h						

2292h PDI Output

Function

If you use the *Plug&Drive interface*, you can, in this object, read the status and a return value that is dependent on the used operating mode. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug&Drive interface*.



Index 2292_h Object name PDI Output Object Code **RECORD** PDI_OUTPUT Data type Savable no Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667 Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h									
Name	Number Of Entries									
Data type	UNSIGNED8									
Access	read only									
PDO mapping	TX-PDO									
Allowed values										
Preset value	02 _h									
Subindex	01 _h									
Name	PDI Status									
Data type	INTEGER16									
Access	read only									
PDO mapping	TX-PDO									
Allowed values										
Preset value	0000 _h									
Subindex	02 _h									
Name	PDI Return Value									
Data type	INTEGER32									
Access	read only									
PDO mapping	TX-PDO									
Allowed values										
Preset value	00000000 _h									

2300h NanoJ Control

Function

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.



Index 2300_h

Object name NanoJ Control
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

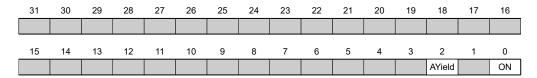
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM"

Control" to "NanoJ Control".

Description



ON

Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").

With a rising edge in bit 0, the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.



NOTICE

Startup of the NanoJ program can take up to 200 ms.

When switching on, a check is performed to determine whether a *NanoJ program* is present. If present, "1" is entered in 2300 and the *NanoJ program* is started.

AYield (AutoYield)

If this feature is activated (bit set to "1"), the *NanoJ program* is no longer stopped if it runs longer than it is allowed to. The *NanoJ program* is, thus, no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms (see <u>Available computing time</u>).



NOTICE

Do not use the Debug output if Auto Yield mode is activated.

2301h NanoJ Status

Function

Indicates the operating state of the user program.



Index 2301_h

Object name NanoJ Status
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

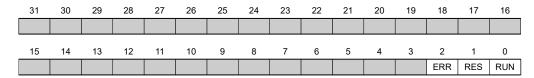
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM"

Status" to "NanoJ Status".

Description



RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.

RES

Reserved.

ERR

Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object 2302h.

2302h NanoJ Error Code

Function

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.

Object description

Index 2302_h

Object name NanoJ Error Code

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Error Code" to "NanoJ Error Code".

Description

Error codes during program execution:

Number	Description
0001 _h	Firmware does not support the used function (e.g., sin, cosin, etc.)
0005 _h	Time Out: Code executed too long without yield() or sleep()
0007 _h	Too many variables on the stack
0100 _h	Invalid NanoJ program file
0101 _h	Invalid NanoJ version of the program file
0102 _h	CRC error in the NanoJ program file

Error when accessing an object:

Number	Description
1xxxxyy _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should – but cannot – be mapped.
2000000 _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type input were declared (see 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection)
3000000 _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type output were declared (see 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection)
4000000 _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type inout were declared (see 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection)
1000 _h	Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary
1001 _h	Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD
1002 _h	An attempt was made to write a value that is too low or too high to an object.
1003 _h	An attempt was made to read out an object that permits only write access.
1FFF _h	Unauthorized access of an object

230Fh Uptime Seconds

Function

This object contains the operating time in seconds since the last time the controller was started.



NOTICE

This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on.

Object description

Index	230F _h
Object name	Uptime Seconds



Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history

2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

Object description

Index 2310_h

Object name NanoJ Input Data Selection

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

A.I.

Allowed values

Preset value 10_h



Subindex	01 _h - 10 _h
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			SubIn	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the *NanoJ program* after it is executed.

Object description

Index	2320 _h
Object name	NanoJ Output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".



Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 10 _h
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			SubIn	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.



Index 2330_h

Object name NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

In/output Data Selection" to "NanoJ In/output Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 10_h

Subindex 01_h - 10_h

Name Mapping #1 - #16
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Each subindex (1-16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			SubIn	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2400h NanoJ Inputs

Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

Object description

Index	2400 _h
Object name	NanoJ Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N#" to "NanoJ Input N#".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h

Subindex 01_h - 20_h

Name NanoJ Input #1 - #32

Data type INTEGER32



Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the NanoJ program.

2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

Function

This object functions identically to object <u>2400</u>_h with the difference that this object can be stored.

Object description

Index 2410_h

Object name NanoJ Init Parameters

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 20_h

Subindex 01_h - 20_h

Name NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



2500h NanoJ Outputs

Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

Object description

Index	2500 _h
Object name	NanoJ Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Output N#" to "NanoJ Output N#".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Name	NanoJ Output #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

Here, the NanoJ program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.

2600h NanoJ Debug Output

Function

This object contains debug output of a user program.



Index 2600_h

Object name NanoJ Debug Output

Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM

Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output".

Value description

Subindex 00_h Name Num

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Subindex} & & & \text{O1}_{\text{h}} - 40_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{Value #1 - #64} \\ \text{Data type} & & \text{UNSIGNED8} \end{array}$

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Description

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the VmmDebugOutputString() and VmmDebugOutputInt().

2701h Customer Storage Area

Function

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.

Object description

Index 2701_h

Object name Customer Storage Area

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: customer



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name **Number Of Entries UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only PDO mapping

no

no

Allowed values

Preset value FE_h

Subindex 01_h - FE_h

Name Storage #1 - #254 **UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

Function

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered and the short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode switched off and on.

Object description

Index 2800_h

Bootloader And Reboot Settings Object name

Object Code ARRAY

UNSIGNED32 Data type

Savable yes, category: application

read only Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
	9911
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Reboot Command
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Reboot Delay Time In Ms
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Bootloader HW Config
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: If the value "746F6F62_h" is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- 02_h: Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- 03_h: Bit 0 can be used to switch short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode off and on:
 - \Box Bit 0 = 1: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched off.
 - \Box Bit 0 = 0: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched on.



3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

Function

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between *closed loop / open loop* and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in *closed loop*.

Object description

Index	3202 _h
Object name	Motor Drive Submode Select
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: movement".

Description



CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop (see chapter Control modes)

- Value = "0": open loop
- Value = "1": closed loop

Toggling is not possible in the *Operation enabled* state.

VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes

Brake

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control.

CurRed (Current Reduction)

Value = "1": Current reduction activated in open loop

AutoAl (auto alignment)

For the case that operation in *closed loop* is required (bit 0 in 3202_h is set).



Value = "1": The *auto alignment* process is activated; immediately after switching on, an alignment is determined in *open loop* and a switch is immediately made to *closed loop* mode without the encoder index having been seen.

The rotor is moved slightly during this process.

Value = "0": No *auto alignment*, the motor operates in *open loop* until the encoder index is seen (maximum one revolution of the motor shaft).

If the incremental encoder used for commutation does not have an index (bit 0 in 33A0_h is "0"), an auto alignment is always determined.

Torque

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque

Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object $\underline{6080}_h$ is ignored; $\underline{3210}_h$:3 and $\underline{3210}_h$:4 have no effect on the control.

BLDC

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

Slow (slow speed)

Value = "1": The slow speed mode is activated (closed loop must already be activated)

3203h Feedback Selection

Function

In this object, the sources of the presets are defined for the commutation and the velocity and position control.

A value change in the *Operation enabled* state shows no immediate effect. Value changes in objects are buffered and read out upon changing to the *Operation enabled* state.

Object description

Index	3203 _h
Object name	Feedback Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h



Neme	Number Of Entries
Name Data tuna	UNSIGNED8
Data type	
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	1st Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	3rd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- \blacksquare n_h :
 - Subindex n contains a bit mask for the respective feedback n. The bits have the following meaning here:
- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in Closed Loop.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.



The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.

NOTICE



If bit 0 in 3202_h is set to "0", closed loop is deactivated; bit 2 (commutation) then has no meaning. Bit 1 for the velocity and bit 0 for the position in the respective subindicies are still used for the display of the actual position and speed values.

3204h Feedback Mapping

Function

This object contains information on the existing feedbacks.

Object description

Index	3204 _h
Object name	Feedback Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface
Name Data type	
	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface
Data type	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface UNSIGNED16
Data type Access	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface UNSIGNED16 read only



Subindex	02 _h
Name	Index Of 2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	3390 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Index Of 3rd Feedback Interface

UNSIGNED16 Data type Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 33A0_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

■ 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

 \blacksquare n_h :

Subindex n refers to the index of the respective object for the configuration of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter Configuring the sensors.

320Dh Torque Of Inertia Factor

Function

This factor is used for calculating the acceleration feed forward (see 320E_h:08_h). Default is 0 (feed forward inactive).

Acceleration feed forward applies during deceleration as well.

Object description

Index	320D _h
Object name	Torque Of Inertia Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	



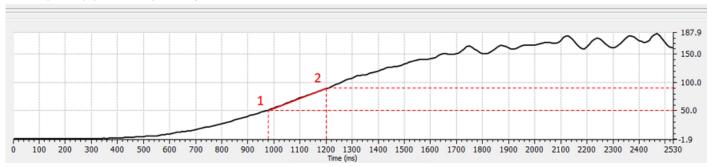
Value description

00 _h
Number Of Entries
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
02 _h
01 _h
Current
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 _h
02 _h
Acceleration
UNSIGNED32
read / write
no
00000000 _h

Description

The value is dependent on the inertia of the load. To determine the factor:

- 1. Activate <u>closed loop</u> and select the <u>profile torque</u> mode.
- 2. Set a target for the torque and enter the corresponding current value (mA) in 320D_h:01_h.
- 3. Record (e. g., in *Plug & Drive Studio*) the current speed (object 606C_h). Calculate the acceleration in the set <u>user-defined units</u> for the speed range, where this is constant. Enter the value in 320D_h:02_h. Using the speed curve in the following figure as an example: (90-50)/(1200-980)=182 rpm/s.





320Eh Closed Loop Controller Parameter

Function

Contains the control parameters for <u>closed loop</u>.

NOTICE

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320}E_h$ or $\underline{320}E_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

Object description

Index 320E_h

Object name Closed Loop Controller Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type CLOSED_LOOP_CONTROLLER_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: drive

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1913-B623284: "Name" entry changed from

"PWM Feed Forward" to "Reserved."

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from

"Max Current Deviation" to "Max Current Deviation [%]".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware Version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from

"Max Voltage Via PWM" to "Max Voltage [mV]".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: "Name" entry changed from

"Reserved" to "Voltage Feed Forward [%]".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0F_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Position Controller Kp [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Position Controller Tn [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Velocity Feed Forward [‰]

no

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 03E8_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Max Position Deviation

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Max Motor Speed
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00007530 _h								
Subindex	06 _h								
Name	Velocity Controller Kp [‰]								
Data type	UNSIGNED16								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000 _h								
Subindex	07 _h								
Name	Velocity Controller Tn [µs]								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								
Outrieds	00								
Subindex	08 _h								
Name	Acceleration Feed Forward [‰]								
Data type	UNSIGNED16								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values	0050								
Preset value	03E8 _h								
Subindex	09 _h								
Name	Max Velocity Deviation								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								
Subindex	0A _h								
Name	Max Current [‰]								
Data type UNSIGNED16									
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	03E8 _h								
Subindex	$0B_h$								



Name	Current Controller Kp [‰]
------	---------------------------

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name Current Controller Tn [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0D_h

Name Voltage Feed Forward [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 03E8_h

Subindex 0E_h

Name Max Current Deviation [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 0F_h

Name Max Voltage [mV]
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000186A0_h

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the position controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 02_h: Reset time (integral component) of the position controller in microseconds
- Subindex 03_h: Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.



- Subindex 04h: Maximum control deviation of the position controller in <u>user-defined units</u>
- Subindex 05_h: Maximum permissible speed of the motor in <u>user-defined units</u>. See 6080_h.
- Subindex 06_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the velocity controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 07_h: Reset time (integral component) of the velocity controller in microseconds
- Subindex 08_h: Acceleration feed forward in tenths of a percent of the value of 320D_h
- Subindex 09_h: Maximum control deviation of the velocity controller in <u>user-defined units</u>
- Subindex 0A_h: Maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current, see object 6073_h
- Subindex 0B_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 0C_h: Reset time (integral component) of the current controller in microseconds
- Subindex 0D_h: Voltage feed forward in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current
- Subindex 0E_h: Maximum control deviation of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 0F_n: Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt.

Also dependent on this value is whether the *overmodulation* of the voltage vector is used. If *overmodulation* is used, a higher torque can be achieved. The resulting voltage is no longer sinusoidal, which can result in harmonics and higher losses.

Value in mV	Overmodulation
1001U _{o_low}	None; the voltage vector describes a circle.
$U_{o_low}U_{o_high}$	The voltage vector describes a circle that is increasingly flattened on four/six sides in proportion to the set value.
≥U _{o_high}	Full; the voltage vector describes a square or a hexagon.

U o low

The lowest voltage above which overmodulation occurs. Is calculated as follows:

Operating voltage*0.9425

U o_high

The maximum overmodulation occurs above this voltage. Is calculated as follows:

With two-phase stepper motors: operating voltage*1.063

With three-phase BLDC motors: operating voltage*0.99

320Fh Open Loop Controller Parameter

Function

Contains the control parameters for <u>open loop</u>.

NOTICE

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320}E_h$ or $\underline{320F}_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).



Index 320F_h

Object name Open Loop Controller Parameter

Object Code RECORD

Data type OPEN_LOOP_CONTROLLER_PARAMETER

Savable yes, category: drive

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1913-B623284: "Name" entry changed from

"PWM Feed Forward" to "Reserved."

Firmware Version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from

"Max Voltage Via PWM" to "Max Voltage [mV]".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 05_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Current Controller Kp [%]

no

no

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Current Controller Tn [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Subindex	03 _h						
Name	Reserved						
Data type	UNSIGNED16						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000 _h						
Subindex	04 _h						
Name	Max Current Deviation [‰]						
Data type	UNSIGNED16						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	0000 _h						
Subindex	05 _h						
Name	Max Voltage [mV]						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	000186A0 _h						

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 02_h: Reset time (integral component) of the current controller in microseconds
- Subindex 03_h: Reserved
- Subindex 04_h: Maximum control deviation of the current controller in mA
- Subindex 05_h: Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt.

3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

Function

Contains the P and I components of the current, speed and position controllers for *open loop* (only current controller activated) and *closed loop*.

NOTICE

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320}E_h$ or $\underline{320}E_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).



Index 3210_h

Object name Motor Drive Parameter Set

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_P" to

"Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_I" to

"Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_P" to

"Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_I" to

"Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_P" to

"Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_I" to

"Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_P" to

"Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_I" to

"Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor,

open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open

loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from

"Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open

loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 11 to 13.



Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 to 0A changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h							
Name	Number Of Entries							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	$0C_h$							
Subindex	01 _h							
Name	Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000800 _h							
Subindex	02 _h							
Name	Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000000 _h							
Subindex	03 _h							
Name	Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00002EE0 _h							
Subindex	04 _h							
Name	Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)							
Data type	UNSIGNED32							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	RX-PDO							
Allowed values								



Preset value	0000001E _h								
Subindex	05 _h								
Name	Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00881EE0 _h								
Subindex	06 _h								
Name	Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0007C740 _h								
Subindex	07 _h								
Name	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00881EE0 _h								
Subindex	08 _h								
Name	Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0007C740 _h								
Subindex	09 _h								
Name	Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop)								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	RX-PDO								
Allowed values									
Preset value	004DC880 _h								
Subindex	$0A_h$								



Name Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 001D2B30_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name Velocity Feed Forward Factor In Per Mille

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name Acceleration Feed Forward Factor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 02_h: Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 03_h: Proportional component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 04_h: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 05_h: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 06_h: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 07_h: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 08_h: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 09_h: (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex 0A_h: (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 0B_h: (Closed loop) Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 0C_h: (Closed loop) Acceleration feed forward. Default is 0 (feed forward inactive). It applies during deceleration as well.



3212h Motor Drive Flags

Function

This object is used to specify whether or not <u>auto setup</u> is to adapt the controller parameters. The direction of the rotating field can also be changed.



NOTICE

Changes in subindex 02_h do not take effect until after the controller is restarted. Afterwards, <u>Auto setup</u> must again be performed.

Object description

Index 3212_h

Object name Motor Drive Flags

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

2 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from

"Enable Legacy Power Mode" to "Reserved".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 03_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Reserved
Data type INTEGER8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h



Subindex	02 _h
Name	Override Field Inversion
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h

Subindex	03 _h
Name	Do Not Touch Controller Settings
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h

Description

Valid values for subindex 02_h:

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex 03h:

- Value = "0": <u>Auto setup</u> detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform <u>auto setup</u> with the values for the controller that were entered in object 3210_h or $320E_h$ before the auto setup; the values in 3210_h or $320E_h$ are not changed.

3220h Analog Inputs

Function

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.

With object 3221_h, the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input.

Object description

Index	3220 _h
Object name	Analog Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Value description

Subindex	00 _h							
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	02 _h							
Subindex	01 _h							
Name	Analogue Input 1							
Data type	INTEGER16							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 _h							
Subindex	02 _h							
Name	Analogue Input 2							
Data type	INTEGER16							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	0000 _h							

Description

Formulas for converting from [digits] to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits * 10 V / 1023 digits
- Current input (if configurable): x digits * 20 mA / 1023 digits

3221h Analogue Inputs Control

Function

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement if permitted by the hardware (see technical data).

Object description

Index	3221 _h
Object name	Analogue Inputs Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														AC2	AC1

In general: If a bit is set to the value "0", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

AC1

Setting for analog input 1

AC2

Setting for analog input 2

3225h Analogue Inputs Switches

Function

This object contains . The switch position is only read during a restart one time.

Object description

Index 3225_h

Object name Analogue Inputs Switches

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Analogue Input Switch1

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Description

3240h Digital Inputs Control

Function

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

Object description

Index 3240_h

Object name Digital Inputs Control

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01_h: "Name" entry changed

from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

8 to 9.

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 08_h

Subindex 01_h



Name Special Function Enable

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Function Inverted
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Force Enable
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Force Value
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Raw Value
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 06_h

Name Input Range Select
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Differential Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO

Description

Allowed values
Preset value

The subindices have the following function:

3240_h:01_h (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

0000000_h

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- □ Bit 2: Home switch
- □ Bit 3: Interlock

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0-2 in 3240_h:01_h must be set to "1".

- 3240_h:02_h (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD_h) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
 - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:03_h (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object $\underline{3240}_h$:04_h, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:04_h (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240_h:03_h.
- 3240_h:05_h (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240_h:06_h (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.



- 3240_h:07_h (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value "0" in the subindex) and "differential input" (value "1" in the subindex) if the input supports this function.
- 3240_h:08_h (Routing Enable): The value "1" in this subindex activates <u>Input Routing</u>.

3242h Digital Input Routing

Function

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in 60FD_h.

Object description

Object name Digital Input Routing Object Code ARRAY Data type UNSIGNED8 Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504 Change history	Index	3242 _h
Data type UNSIGNED8 Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504	Object name	Digital Input Routing
Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504	Object Code	ARRAY
Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504	Data type	UNSIGNED8
PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504	Savable	yes, category: application
Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504	Access	read only
Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1504	PDO mapping	no
Firmware version FIR-v1504	Allowed values	
	Preset value	
Change history	Firmware version	FIR-v1504
	Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Name	Input Source #1 - #32
Name Data type	
	Input Source #1 - #32
Data type	Input Source #1 - #32 UNSIGNED8
Data type Access	Input Source #1 - #32 UNSIGNED8 read / write
Data type Access PDO mapping	Input Source #1 - #32 UNSIGNED8 read / write



3243h Digital Input Homing Capture

Function

With this object, the current position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at the digital input that is used for the home switch.



NOTICE

Do not use this function in combination with a homing operation. The homing operation cannot otherwise be successfully completed.

Object description

Index 3243_h

Object name Digital Input Homing Capture

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Subindex 01_h
Name Control

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Capture Count



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h
Name Value

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Sensor Raw Value
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

■ Subindex 01_h: This is used to select the type of level change:

Deactivate function: Value "0"
With rising edge: Value "1"
With falling edge: Value "2"
Both edges: Value "3"

- Subindex 02_h: Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is reset to 0 if subindex 01_h is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex 03_h: Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from 6064_h)
- Subindex 04_h: Encoder position of the level change

3250h Digital Outputs Control

Function

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter " Digital inputs and outputs".

The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.

Object description

Index 3250_h

Object name Digital Outputs Control

Object Code ARRAY



Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01_h: "Name" entry changed

from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"

Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special

Function Enable" to "No Function".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from

6 to 9.

no

Firmware version FIR-v2039: Subindex 09 added

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 08_h

Subindex 01_h

Name No Function
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Function Inverted
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Force Enable
Data type UNSIGNED32



A	and turite	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values	0000000	
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	Force Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	Raw Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	06 _h	
Name	Reserved1	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	07 _h	
Name	Reserved2	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	08 _h	
Name	Routing Enable	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		



Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: No function.
- 02_h: This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).
- 03_h: This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex 4_h.
- 04_h: This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value "0" returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- 05_h: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 08_h: If the subindex is set to "1", *Output Routing* is activated.



NOTICE

Entries 3250_h:01_h to 3250:04_h then have **no** function until Output Routing is again switched off.

3252h Digital Output Routing

Function

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with $\underline{60FE}_h$. You can find details in chapter *Output Routing*.

Object description

Index	3252 _h
Object name	Digital Output Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h



Subindex	01 _h
Name	Output Control Brake
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	1080 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Output Control #1
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0090 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Output Control #2
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0091 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Output Control #3
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0092 _h

3320h Read Analogue Input

Function

This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 3320_h

Object name Read Analogue Input

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Analogue Inputs

no

UNSIGNED8 Data type Access read only

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Analogue Input 1 **INTEGER32** Data type Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Analogue Input 2 INTEGER32 Data type Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Description

The user-defined units are made up of offset (3321_h) and scaling value (3322_h/3323_h). If both are still set to the default values, the value in 3320h is specified in the ADC Digits unit.

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits * 10 V / 1023 digits
- Current input (if configurable): x digits * 20 mA / 1023 digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:

- Subindex 00_h: Number of analog inputs
- Subindex 01_h: Analog value 1
- Subindex 02_h: Analog value 2 (if present)



3321h Analogue Input Offset

Function

Offset that is added to the read analog value (3220_h) before scaling (multiplier from object 3322 and divisor from object 3323_h).

Object description

Index	3321 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h



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Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of offsets
- Subindex 01_h: Offset for analog input 1
- Subindex 02_h: Offset for analog input 2 (if present)

3322h Analogue Input Factor Numerator

Function

Value by which the read analog value (3220_h, 3321_h) is multiplied before it is written in object 3320_h.

Object description

Index	3322 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Factor Numerator
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Data type

Version: 1.5.0 / FIR-v2139

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
0.1: 1	
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Analogue Input 2

INTEGER16



Access read / write

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_h

Description

The subindices contain:

■ Subindex 01_h: Multiplier for analog input 1

Subindex 02_h: Multiplier for analog input 2 (if present)

3323h Analogue Input Factor Denominator

Function

Value by which the read analog value (3220_h+3321_h) is divided before it is written in object 3320_h.

Object description

Index 3323_h

Object name Analogue Input Factor Denominator

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1926-B648637

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Analogue Inputs

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Analogue Input 1
Data type INTEGER16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	0001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Analogue Input 2
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h

Description

The subindices contain:

- Subindex 01_h: Divisor for analog input 1
- Subindex 02_h: Divisor for analog input 2 (if present)

3380h Feedback Sensorless

Function

Contains measurement and configuration values that are necessary for the sensorless control and field weakening in <u>Closed Loop</u>.

Object description

Index	3380 _h
Object name	Feedback Sensorless
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 6.

Value description

Subindex	00 _h	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	05 _h	



Subindex	01 _h
Name	Resistance [Ohm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Inductance [H]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Magnetic Flux [Vs]
	UNSIGNED32
Data type	
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Switch On Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000078 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Switch Off Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000064 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

■ 01_h: Winding resistance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.



- 02_h: Winding inductance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 03_h: Interlinking flux. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 04_h: Switch-on speed in RPM. *Closed loop* (*sensorless*) is activated above this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 05_h: Switch-off speed in RPM. *Closed loop* (*sensorless*) is deactivated below this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.

3390h Feedback Hall

Function

Contains configuration values for the Hall sensors. The values are determined by the Auto setup.

Object description

Index	3390 _h
Object name	Feedback Hall
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	$0C_h$
Subindex	01 _h
Name	1st Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Alignment



Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	IX-I DO
Preset value	0000 _h
1 1000t value	0000h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	3rd Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	4th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	5th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	6th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000_{h}
Subindex	07 _h
Name	7th Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO



Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	08 _h	
Name	8th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	09 _h	
Name	9th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	0A _h	
Name	10th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	0B _h	
Name	11th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	0C _h	
Name	12th Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	



33A0h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1

Function

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the Auto setup.

Object description

Index 33A0_hFeedback Incremental A/B/I 1 Object name Object Code **ARRAY** Data type **UNSIGNED16** Savable yes, category: tuning Access read only PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312 Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h	_
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	02 _h	
Subindex	01 _h	
Name	Configuration	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Alignment	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	



Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
 - □ Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index exists and is to be used.
- 02_h (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the rotor's magnets. The exact determination is possible via <u>auto setup</u>. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed loop* mode with encoder.

3501h EtherNetIP Rx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.

NOTICE



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

Object description

Index	3501 _h
IIIaox	0001

Object name EtherNetIP Rx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2139-B1019507: "Name" entry changed from

"Highest Sub-index Supported" to "Number Of Entries".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _b



Subindex 01_h Name 1st Object To Be Mapped Data type **UNSIGNED32** Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 22910120_h Subindex 02_h2nd Object To Be Mapped Name **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 22910210_h Subindex 03_h Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32 Data type Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 22910308_h Subindex 04_{h} Name 4th Object To Be Mapped **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 22910408_h Subindex 05_h Name 5th Object To Be Mapped **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 60FE0120_h Subindex 06_h Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

UNSIGNED32

Version: 1.5.0 / FIR-v2139

Data type



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24000120_h

Subindex 07_h

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping n

Allowed values

Preset value 24000220_h

Subindex 08_h

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 24000320_h

Subindex 09_h

Name 9th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

D ()

Preset value 24000420_h

Subindex 0A_h

Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 24000520_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	24000620 _h
	24000020 _h
Subindex	0C _h
Name	12th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000720 _h
Subindex	0D _h
Name	13th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000820 _h
Subindex	0E _h
Name	14th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000920 _h
Subindex	0F _h
Name	15th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000A20 _h
Subindex	10 _h
Name	16th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24000B20 _h
Subindex	11 _h



Name 17th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24000C20_h

Subindex 12_h

Name 18th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24000D20_h

Subindex 13_h

Name 19th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24000E20_h

Subindex 14_h

Name 20th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24000F20_h

Subindex 15_h

Name 21th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24001020_h

Subindex 16_h

Name 22th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24001120_h

Subindex 17_h

Name 23th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24001220_h

Subindex 18_h

Name 24th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24001320_h

Subindex 19_h

Name 25th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 24001420_h

Subindex 1A_h

Name 26th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24001520_h

Subindex 1B_h

Name 27th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 24001620_h



Subindex	1C _h
Name	28th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001720 _h
Subindex	1D _h
Name	29th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001820 _h
Subindex	 1E _h
Name	30th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no no
Allowed values	110
Preset value	24001920 _h
1 10001 Value	2 100 10201
0.13.1.	
Subindex	1F _h
Name	31th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0.4004.400
Preset value	24001A20 _h
Subindex	20 _h
Name	32th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24001B20 _h



3502h MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.

NOTICE



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

Object description

Index 3502_h

Object name MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed

from "MODBUS Rx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 07_h

Subindex 01_h

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60400010_h



Subindex	02 _h	
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00050008 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60600008 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	607A0020 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60810020 _h	
Subindex	06 _h	
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	60420010 _h	
Subindex	07 _h	
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped	

UNSIGNED32

Version: 1.5.0 / FIR-v2139

Data type



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60FE0120_h

Subindex 08_h

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex 09_h

Name 9th Object To Be Mapped

UNSIGNED32 Data type Access read / write no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex $0A_h$

Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

UNSIGNED32 Data type read / write Access no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex $0B_{h}$

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex $0C_h$

Name 12th Object To Be Mapped

UNSIGNED32 Data type read / write Access

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0D _h
Name	13th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0E _h
Name	14th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0F _h
Name	15th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	10 _h
Name	16th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

3601h EtherNetIP Tx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

NOTICE



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .



Object description

Index 3601_h

Object name EtherNetIP Tx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2139-B1019507: "Name" entry changed from

"Highest Sub-index Supported" to "Number Of Entries".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 20_h

Subindex 01_h

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 22920110_h

Subindex 02_h

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 603F0010_h

Subindex 03_h

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 22920220_h

Subindex 04_h

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60640020_h

Subindex 05_h

Name 5th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 606C0020_h

Subindex 06_h

Name 6th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 60FD0020_h

Subindex 07_h

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 60770010_h

Subindex 08_h

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	32200110 _h
	.
Subindex	09 _h
Name	9th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	110
Preset value	60E40020
Preset value	60F40020 _h
Subindex	0.0
	0A _h
Name	10th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0.7000100
Preset value	25000120 _h
Cultinator	OD.
Subindex	0B _h
Name	11th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25000220 _h
Cubindov	00
Subindex	0C _h
Name	12th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	0500000
Preset value	25000320 _h
Subindex	$\overline{OD_h}$
Name	
	13th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	05000400
Preset value	25000420 _h
Subindex	0E _h
CUDITION	∪∟h



Name 14th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000520_h

Subindex 0F_h

Name 15th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000620_h

Subindex 10_h

Name 16th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000720_h

Subindex 11_h

Name 17th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000820_h

Subindex 12_h

Name 18th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000920_h

Subindex 13_h

Name 19th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000A20_h

Subindex 14_h

Name 20th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000B20_h

Subindex 15_h

Name 21th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000C20_h

Subindex 16_h

Name 22th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 25000D20_h

Subindex 17_h

Name 23th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000E20_h

Subindex 18_h

Name 24th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25000F20_h



252

Subindex	19 _h
Name	25th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001020 _h
Subindex	1A _h
Name	26th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001120 _h
Subindex	1B _h
Name	27th Object To Be Mapped
	UNSIGNED32
Data type Access	read / write
PDO mapping	
Allowed values	no
Preset value	25001220 _h
Fleset value	23001220 _h
Subindex	1C _h
Name	28th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001320 _h
Subindex	1D _h
Name	29th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	25001420 _h
Subindex	1E _h
Name	30th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25001520_h

Subindex 1F_h

Name 31th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 25001620_h

Subindex 20_h

Name 32th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 25001720_h

3602h MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

NOTICE



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

Object description

Index 3602_h

Object name MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed

from "MODBUS Tx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 06_h

Subindex 01_h

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60410010_h

Subindex 02_h

Name 2nd Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00050008_h

Subindex 03_h

Name 3rd Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60610008_h

Subindex 04_h

Name 4th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

10 Description of the object dictionary



Drooot value	00040000								
Preset value	60640020 _h								
Subindex	05 _h								
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	60440010 _h								
Subindex	06 _h								
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	60FD0020 _h								
Subindex	07 _h								
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								
Subindex	08 _h								
Name	8th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								
Subindex	09 _h								
Name	9th Object To Be Mapped								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								
Subindex	0A _h								

10 Description of the object dictionary



Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name 12th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0D_h

Name 13th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0E_h

Name 14th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0F_h

Name 15th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Out in day	40	_
Subindex	10 _h	
Name	16th Object To Be Mapped	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		

3700h Deviation Error Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following or slippage error is triggered.

 00000000_{h}

Object description

Preset value

Index	3700 _h
Object name	Deviation Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Following Error Option Code" to "Deviation Error Option Code".

Description

Value	Description
-327682	Reserved
-1	no reaction
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085h)
3 32767	reserved



3701h Limit Switch Error Option Code

Function

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 (*Warning*) is set in <u>6041</u>_h (*statusword*) and the action that is stored in this object executed. See chapter <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>.

Object description

Index	3701 _h						
Object name	Limit Switch Error Option Code						
Object Code	VARIABLE						
Data type	INTEGER16						
Savable	yes, category: application						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	FFFF _h						
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662						
Change history							

Description

Value in object 3701 _h	Description					
-2	No reaction, discarding the limit switch position					
-1 (factory settings)	No reaction (e. g., to execute a homing operation), except noting the limit switch position					
0	Switch off driver without deceleration ramp; drive function blocked – motor can turn freely (state <i>Switch on disabled</i>)					
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled					
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Switch</i> on <i>disabled</i>					
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.					
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.					

4012h HW Information

Function

This object contains information about the hardware.

Object description

Index	4012 _b

10 Description of the object dictionary



Object name HW Information

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Subindex 01_h

Name EEPROM Size In Bytes

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value "0" means that no EEPROM is connected.

4013h HW Configuration

Function

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

Object description

Index 4013_h

Object name HW Configuration

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Number Of Entries Name **UNSIGNED8** Data type read only Access no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 01_{h}

Subindex 01_{h}

Name HW Configuration #1 **UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Description

reserved

4014h Operating Conditions

Function

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

Object description

Index 4014_h

Operating Conditions Object name

Object Code **ARRAY** INTEGER32 Data type

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 4 to 6.

Value description

Subindex (00 _h
------------	-----------------

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 05_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Voltage UB Power [mV]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Voltage UB Logic [mV]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Subindex 04_h

Name Temperature Motor [Celsius * 10]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Temperature Microcontroller Chip [Celsius * 10]

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices contain:

■ 01_h: Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]

■ 02_h: Current logic voltage in [mV]

■ 03_h: Current temperature of the control board in [d°C] (tenths of degree)

■ 04_h: Reserves

■ 05_h: Reserves

4021h Ballast Configuration

Function

With this object, you switch the ballast circuit on or off and determine its response threshold.

Object description

Index 4021_h

Object name Ballast Configuration

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history



Value description

Subindex	00 _h								
Name	Number Of Entries								
Data type	UNSIGNED8								
Access	read only								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	03 _h								
Subindex	01 _h								
Name	Settings [Bit0: On/Off]								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000001 _h								
Subindex	02 _h								
Name	UB Power Limit [mV]								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000C019 _h								
Subindex	03 _h								
Name	UB Power Hysteresis [mV]								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read / write								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	000001F4 _h								

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h:
 - □ Bit 0: Switches the ballast on (value = "1") or off (value = "0")
- 02_h: Response threshold (switch on/off) of the ballast circuit
- 03_h: Hysteresis for the response threshold (switch on/off)



4040h Drive Serial Number

Function

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

Object description

Index 4040_h

Object name Drive Serial Number

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value (

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history

4041h Device Id

Function

This object contains the ID of the device.

Object description

Index 4041_h
Object name Device Id
Object Code VARIABLE

Data type OCTET_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value (

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

4042h Bootloader Infos

Object description

Index 4042_h

Object name Bootloader Infos

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

10 Description of the object dictionary



Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

no

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 03_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Bootloader Version
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Bootloader Supported Fieldbus

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Bootloader Hw-group

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Version of the boot loader. The 4 most significant bytes contain the main version number; the 4 least significant bytes contain the minor version number. Example for version 4.2: 00040002_h
- 02_h: Fieldbuses supported by the boot loader. The bits have the same function as the bits of object <u>2101h</u> Fieldbus Module Availability.

603Fh Error Code

Function

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.

It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object $\underline{1003}_h$. For the description of the error codes, refer to object $\underline{1003}_h$.

Object description

Index	603F _h					
Object name	Error Code					
Object Code	VARIABLE					
Data type	UNSIGNED16					
Savable	no					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	TX-PDO					
Allowed values						
Preset value	0000 _h					
Firmware version	FIR-v1426					
Change history						

Description

For the meaning of the error, see object 1003_h (Pre-defined Error Field).

6040h Controlword

Function

This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Object description

Index	6040 _h
Object name	Controlword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						OMS	HALT	FR		OMS [3]		EO	QS	EV	SO

SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

EV (Enable Voltage)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

EO (Enable Operation)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state

OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

FR (Fault Reset)

Resets an error or a warning (if possible)

HALT

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

6041h Statusword

Function

This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Object description

Index 6041_h
Object name Statusword
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO



Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode. Refer to the corresponding section in chapter <u>Operating modes</u>.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CLA		OMS	[2]	ILA	TARG	REM	SYNC	WARN	SOD	QS	VE	FAULT	OE	so	RTSO

RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

OE (Operation Enabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state

FAULT

Error occurred (see 1003h)

VE (Voltage Enabled)

Voltage applied

QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning

SYNC (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = "0": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

REM (Remote)

Remote (value of the bit is always "1")

TARG

Target reached

ILA (Internal Limit Active)

Limit exceeded

OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

CLA (Closed Loop Active)

Value = "1": The controller is in the Operation enabled state and the Closed Loop is activated.



Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 _h)		State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled	
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault	

6042h VI Target Velocity

Function

Specifies the target speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for <u>Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index	6042 _h
Object name	VI Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00C8 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

6043h VI Velocity Demand

Function

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the controller in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index	6043 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO



Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{0000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history

6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

Function

Specifies the current actual speed in <u>user-defined units</u> in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index 6044_h Object name VI Velocity Actual Value Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **INTEGER16** Savable no Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 0000_{h} Firmware version FIR-v1426

6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

Function

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Change history

 Index
 6046h

 Object name
 VI Velocity Min Max Amount

 Object Code
 ARRAY

 Data type
 UNSIGNED32

 Savable
 yes, category: application

 Firmware version
 FIR-v1426

 Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name MinAmount
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name MaxAmount
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO
Allowed values
Preset value 00007530h

Description

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.

Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.

If the value of the target speed (object <u>6042</u>_h) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statusword_h is set.

A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statuswordh is set.

6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

Function

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

Object description

Index 6048_h

Object name VI Velocity Acceleration

Object Code RECORD

Data type VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



Value description

00 _h
Number Of Entries
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
02 _h
01 _h
DeltaSpeed
UNSIGNED32
read / write
RX-PDO
000001F4 _h
02 _h
DeltaTime
UNSIGNED16
read / write
RX-PDO
0001 _h

Description

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

Function

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

Object description

Index 6049_h

Object name VI Velocity Deceleration

Object Code RECORD

Data type VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426



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Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h

Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

Function

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in velocity mode.

Object description

Index	604A _h

Object name VI Velocity Quick Stop

Object Code RECORD



Data type VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION

FIR-v1426

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16

Description

Access

PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

604Ch VI Dimension Factor

Function

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with velocity mode.

read / write RX-PDO

 0001_{h}



Object description

Index	604C _h
Object name	VI Dimension Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	VI Dimension Factor Numerator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	VI Dimension Factor Denominator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

Subindex 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the denominator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).



605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the *Quick Stop active* state.

Object description

Index	605A _h
Object name	Quick Stop Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Valu	ıe in object 605A _h	Description
0		Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
1		Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2		Braking with $quick\ stop\ ramp\ (\underline{6085_h})$ and subsequent state change to $Switch\ on\ disabled$
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

605Bh Shutdown Option Code

Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Ready to switch on* state.

Object description

Index	605B _h
Object name	Shutdown Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE



Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping r

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

Value in object 605B _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Ready to switch on
2 32767	Reserved

605Ch Disable Option Code

Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Switched on* state.

Object description

Index	605C _h
Object name	Disable Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value in object 605C _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switched on
2 32767	Reserved



605Dh Halt Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword 6040h.

Object description

Index	605D _h
Object name	Halt Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value in object 605D _h	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)
3 32767	Reserved

605Eh Fault Option Code

Function

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.

Object description

Index	605E _h
Object name	Fault Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Description

Value in object 605E _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)
3 32767	Reserved

6060h Modes Of Operation

Function

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.

Object description

Index	6060 _h
Object name	Modes Of Operation
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Description

Mode	Description
-2	Auto setup
-1	Clock-direction mode
0	No mode change/no mode assigned
1	Profile Position Mode
2	Velocity Mode
3	Profile Velocity Mode
4	Profile Torque Mode
5	Reserved
6	Homing Mode



6061h Modes Of Operation Display

Function

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

Object description

Index 6061_h

Object name Modes Of Operation Display

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER8

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6062h Position Demand Value

Function

Indicates the current demand position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6062_h

Object name Position Demand Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6063h Position Actual Internal Value

Function

Contains the current actual position in encoder increments. Unlike objects $\underline{6062}_h$ and $\underline{6064}_h$, this value is not set to "0" following a <u>Homing</u> operation. The source is determined in $\underline{3203h}$ Feedback Selection.



NOTICE

If the encoder resolution in object $\underline{608F_h}$ = zero, the numerical values of this object are invalid.



Object description

Index 6063_h

Object name Position Actual Internal Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6064h Position Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual position in <u>user-defined units</u>. The source is determined in <u>3203h Feedback</u> Selection.

Object description

Index 6064_h

Object name Position Actual Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6065h Following Error Window

Function

Defines the maximum allowed <u>following error</u> in <u>user-defined units</u> symmetrically to the <u>demand position</u>.

Object description

Index 6065_h

Object name Following Error Window

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application



Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000100_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\underline{6066}_h$.

If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, following error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

6066h Following Error Time Out

Function

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

Object description

Index 6066_h

Object name Following Error Time Out

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object $\underline{6065}_h$ is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object 3700_h . If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object 1003_h .

6067h Position Window

Function

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u>.



Object description

Data type

Index 6067_h

Object name Position Window **VARIABLE Object Code UNSIGNED32**

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000A_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object 6041_h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6068_h.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, monitoring is switched off.

6068h Position Window Time

Function

The current position must be within the "Position Window" (6067_h) for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> modes.

Object description

Index 6068_h

Position Window Time Object name

VARIABLE Object Code Data type **UNSIGNED16**

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO**

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object 6067_h, bit 10 in object 6041_h is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 6068_h.



606Bh Velocity Demand Value

Function

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the velocity controller.

Object description

Index	606B _h
Object name	Velocity Demand Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.

606Ch Velocity Actual Value

Function

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	606C _h
Object name	Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

606Dh Velocity Window

Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.



Object description

Index 606D_h

Object name Velocity Window
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{001E}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\underline{606E}_h$ (see also $\underline{\text{statusword in}}$ $\underline{\text{Profile Velocity Mode}}$).

606Eh Velocity Window Time

Function

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" ($\underline{606D}_h$) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

Object description

Index 606E_h

Object name Velocity Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".



Description

Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object $\underline{606D}_h$, bit 10 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 606E (see also <u>statusword in Profile Velocity Mode</u>).

606Fh Velocity Threshold

Function

Speed in <u>user-defined units</u> above which the actual speed in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode is considered to be nonzero.

Object description

maex	000F _h
Object name	Velocity Threshold
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
0	van antonomy amplication

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history

Description

If the actual speed is greater than the value in $\underline{606F_h}$ (Velocity Threshold) for a time of $\underline{6070_h}$ (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in $\underline{6041_h}$ (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

6070h Velocity Threshold Time

Function

Time in milliseconds above which an actual speed greater than the value in <u>606F</u>_h in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode is considered to be nonzero.

Object description

Index 6070_h

Object name Velocity Threshold Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h



Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history

Description

If the actual speed is greater than the value in $\underline{606F_h}$ (Velocity Threshold) for a time of $\underline{6070_h}$ (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in $\underline{6041_h}$ (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

6071h Target Torque

Function

This object contains the target torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Object description

Index 6071_h
Object name Target Torque
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_n).

6072h Max Torque

Function

The object describes the maximum torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Object description

Index	6072 _h
Object name	Max Torque
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16

10 Description of the object dictionary



Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_n).

6073h Max Current

Function

Contains the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current entered in $\underline{320E}_h$:0A_h. Is limited by the maximum motor current ($\underline{2031}_h$). See also $\underline{12t}$ Motor overload protection.



NOTICE

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. The value of 6073_h should therefore not exceed the value 1000 (100%).

Object description

Index	6073 _h
Object name	Max Current
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03E8 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	

Description

The maximum current is calculated in tenths of a percent of the rated current as follows:

(6073_h*203B_h:01)/1000

The maximum current determines:

- the maximum current for the <u>I2t Motor overload protection</u>
- the rated current in *open loop* mode.





NOTICE

The maximum current also affects the control behavior in *closed loop* mode (see <u>Controller structure</u>). If you change the maximum current, you must also proportionally adjust the value of $320E_h$:09_h.

6074h Torque Demand

Function

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

Object description

Index	6074 _h
Object name	Torque Demand
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of $\underline{6073}_h$ and $\underline{6072}_h$ is used as limit for the torque in $\underline{6071}_h$.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_n).

6075h Motor Rated Current

Function

Contains the rated current entered in 203B_h:01_h in mA.

6077h Torque Actual Value

Function

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

Object description

Index	6077 _h	
Object name	Torque Actual Value	
Object Code	VARIABLE	



Data type INTEGER16

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_n).

607Ah Target Position

Function

This object specifies the target position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous</u> Position modes.

Object description

Index 607A_h

Object name Target Position
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000FA0}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

607Bh Position Range Limit

Function

Contains the minimum and maximum position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 607B_h

Object name Position Range Limit

Object Code ARRAY



Data type **INTEGER32**

Savable yes, category: application

FIR-v1426

INTEGER32 read / write

RX-PDO

0000000_h

Firmware version

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Min Position Range Limit
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h

Description

Name

Data type

PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value

Access

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object 607D_h ("Software Position Limit").

Max Position Range Limit

607Ch Home Offset

Function

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	607C _h
Object name	Home Offset

10 Description of the object dictionary



Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

607Dh Software Position Limit

Function

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 607D_h

Object name Software Position Limit

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Min Position Limit
Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h



Name Max Position Limit
Data type INTEGER32

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The absolute target position must lie within the limits set here. The Home Offset $(\underline{607C_h})$ is not taken into account.

607Eh Polarity

Function

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

Object description

Index 607E_h
Object name Polarity
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

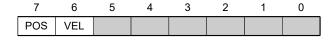
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Description

The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is "0", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.



VEL (Velocity)

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Velocity Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

POS (Position)

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

■ Profile Position Mode



Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode



TIP

You can force an inversion of the rotary field that affects all operating modes. See object 3212h:02h.

607Fh Max Profile Velocity

Function

Specifies the maximum speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for which the Mod i <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Interpolated Position</u> Mode (only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated) and <u>Profile Velocity</u>.

Object description

Index	607F _h	
Object name	Max Profile Velocity	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Savable	yes, category: application	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00007530 _h	
Firmware version Change history	FIR-v1540	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Max profile velocity" to "Max Profile Velocity".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED32".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".	
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "TX-PDO" to "RX-PDO".	

6080h Max Motor Speed

Function

Contains the maximum permissible speed of the motor in user-defined units entered in 320E_h:05_h.



NOTICE

The maximum speed also affects the control behavior in *closed loop* mode (see <u>Controller structure</u>). If you change the maximum speed, you must also proportionally adjust the value of $320E_h$:04_h



Object description

Index 6080_h

Object name Max Motor Speed

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: drive

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00007530_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Speed" to "Max Motor Speed".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: movement".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: movement" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: movement".

6081h Profile Velocity

Function

Specifies the maximum travel speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6081_h

Object name Profile Velocity
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



6082h End Velocity

Function

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in user-defined units.

Object description

Index6082hObject nameEnd VelocityObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6083h Profile Acceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6083_h

Object name Profile Acceleration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6084h Profile Deceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units. Is limited by 60C6_h.

Object description

Indov	6004	
Index	00046	
111007	000 :[[



Object name Profile Deceleration

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in <u>user-defined units</u>. Depending on the operating mode, is limited by $60C6_h$ (Max Deceleration) and, if applicable, $60A4_h$ (Profile Jerk).

Object description

Index 6085_h

Object name Quick Stop Deceleration

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6086h Motion Profile Type

Function

Specifies the ramp type for the Profile Position and Profile Velocity modes.

Object description

Index 6086_h

Object name Motion Profile Type

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{0000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history

Description

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp
Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk

6087h Torque Slope

Function

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

Object description

6087_h Index Object name Torque Slope **VARIABLE Object Code** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of $\underline{6073}_h$ and $\underline{6072}_h$ is used as limit for the torque in $\underline{6071}_h$.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_n).

608Fh Position Encoder Resolution

Function

Contains the physical resolution (see objects $\underline{60E6}_h$ / $\underline{60EB}_h$) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see $\underline{3203h}$ Feedback Selection).

Object description

Index 608F_h
Object name Position Encoder Resolution
Object Code ARRAY

Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: tuning



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Encoder Increments
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Subindex	02 _h
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (608F_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions (608F_h:02_h)

6090h Velocity Encoder Resolution

Function

Contains the physical resolution (see objects $\underline{60E6}_h$ / $\underline{60EB}_h$) of the encoder/sensor that is used for speed control (see $\underline{3203h}$ Feedback Selection).



Object description

Index 6090_h

Object name Velocity Encoder Resolution

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Encoder Increments Per Second

no

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write



PDO mapping **RX-PDO**

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Motor Revolutions Per Second

Data type INTEGER32 Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Description

Velocity Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments per second (6090_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions per second $(6090_h:02_h)$

6091h Gear Ratio

Function

Contains the gear ratio (number of motor revolutions per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see 3203h Feedback Selection).

Object description

Index 6091_h Object name Gear Ratio **Object Code ARRAY**

Data type **UNSIGNED32**

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Number Of Entries Name **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only PDO mapping

no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h



Subindex 01_h

Name Motor Revolutions **UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access PDO mapping **RX-PDO**

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name **Shaft Revolutions UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Description

Gear Ratio = Motor Revolutions (6091_h:01_h) / Shaft Revolutions (6091_h:02_h)

6092h Feed Constant

Function

Contains the feed constant (feed in user-defined units per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/ sensor that is used for position control (see 3203h Feedback Selection).

Object description

Index 6092_h Object name Feed Constant Object Code **ARRAY** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: application Firmware version FIR-v1426

Value description

Change history

Subindex 00_{h} Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values 02_{h} Preset value



Subindex 01_h Name Feed

UNSIGNED32 Data type Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO**

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name **Shaft Revolutions UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO**

Allowed values

Preset value 0000001_h

Description

Feed Constant = Feed (6092_h:01_h) / Shaft Revolutions (6092_h:02_h)

6096h Velocity Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined speed units. See chapter <u>User-</u> defined units.

Object description

Index 6096_h

Object name Velocity Factor

Object Code **ARRAY**

Data type **UNSIGNED32**

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

 00_{h} Subindex

Name Number Of Entries **UNSIGNED8** Data type read only Access

10 Description of the object dictionary



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Numerator
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h
Name Divisor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

■ 01_h: Numerator of the factor

02_h: Denominator of the factor

6097h Acceleration Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration units. See chapter User-defined units.

Object description

Index 6097_h

Object name Acceleration Factor

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history



0 1: 1	00
Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Numerator
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Divisor
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Numerator of the factor
- 02_h: Denominator of the factor

6098h Homing Method

Function

This object defines the $\underline{\text{Homing method}}$ in $\underline{\text{Homing mode}}.$

Object description

Index	6098 _h
Object name	Homing Method
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

10 Description of the object dictionary



Allowed values

Preset value 23_h

Firmware version

Change history

6099h Homing Speed

Function

Specifies the speeds for homing mode (6098_h) in user-defined units.

FIR-v1426

Object description

Index 6099_h

Object name Homing Speed

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Speed During Search For Switch

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000032_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Speed During Search For Zero

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values



Preset value	0000000A _h
--------------	-----------------------

Description

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.

The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.

NOTICE



- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked, especially with high-resolution encoders. The minimum detectable width of the index pulse is 31.25 µs.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2.

609Ah Homing Acceleration

Function

Specifies the acceleration ramp for homing mode in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	609A _h
Object name	Homing Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.

60A2h Jerk Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined jerk units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

Object description

t t	
Index	60A2 _h
HIGGA	00/12 _h

10 Description of the object dictionary



Object name Jerk Factor
Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Numerator
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h
Name Divisor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Numerator of the factor
- 02_h: Denominator of the factor



60A4h Profile Jerk

Function

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk can be entered in this object. An entry with the value "0" means that the jerk is not limited.

Object description

Index	60A4 _h
Object name	Profile Jerk
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk".
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h			
Name	Number Of Entries			
Data type	UNSIGNED8			
Access	read only			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	04 _h			
Subindex	01 _h			
Name	Begin Acceleration Jerk			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	000003E8 _h			
Subindex	02 _h			
Name	Begin Deceleration Jerk			
Data type	UNSIGNED32			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	no			
Allowed values				
Preset value	000003E8 _h			
Name Data type Access PDO mapping Allowed values	Begin Deceleration Jerk UNSIGNED32 read / write no			



Subindex 03_h

Name End Acceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 04_h

Name End Deceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Description

Subindex 01_h (Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration

Subindex 02_h (Begin Deceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during braking

Subindex 03_h (End Acceleration Jerk): Final jerk during acceleration

Subindex 04_h (End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking

60A8h SI Unit Position

Function

This object contains the position unit. See chapter User-defined units.

Object description

Index 60A8_h

Object name SI Unit Position
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FF410000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Description

Object 60A8_h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)							reser	ved (00	0h)					

60A9h SI Unit Velocity

Function

This object contains the speed unit. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60A9 _h
Object name	SI Unit Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00B44700 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Description

Object 60A9_h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Facto	r						N	omina	tor (Po	sition)		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	d (00h)			

60B0h Position Offset

Function

Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>. Is taken into account in mode <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u>.

Object description

Index	60B0 _h
Object name	Position Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE

10 Description of the object dictionary



312

Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

Change history

60B1h Velocity Offset

Function

Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>. Is taken into account in the <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u>, <u>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity</u> and <u>Clock-direction mode</u> modes.

Object description

Index 60B1_h
Object name Velocity Offset
Object Code VARIABLE

Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

Change history

60B2h Torque Offset

Function

Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent. Is taken into account in the <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u>, Cyclic Synchronous Velocity, Cyclic Synchronous Torque and Clock-direction mode modes.

Object description

Index 60B2_h

Object name Torque Offset
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321



Change history

60C1h Interpolation Data Record

Function

This object contains the demand position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the interpolation algorithm for the <u>interpolated position</u> operating mode.

Object description

Index	60C1 _h
Object name	Interpolation Data Record
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1512
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h					
Name	Number Of Entries					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	01 _h					
Subindex	01 _h					
Name	1st Set-point					
Data type	INTEGER32					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	RX-PDO					
Allowed values						
Preset value	00000000 _h					

Description

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.



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60C2h Interpolation Time Period

Function

This object contains the interpolation time.

Object description

Index 60C2_h Object name Interpolation Time Period Object Code **RECORD** INTERPOLATION_TIME_PERIOD Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h					
Name	Number Of Entries					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	02 _h					
Subindex	01 _h					
Name	Interpolation Time Period Value					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	01 _h					
Subindex	02 _h					
Name	Interpolation Time Index					
Data type	INTEGER8					
Access	read / write					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	FD _h					



Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Interpolation time.
- 02_h: Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).

The following applies here: cycle time = value of $\underline{60C2}_h$:01_h * 10 $\underline{^{value\ of\ 60C2:02}}$ seconds.

60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration

Function

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer.

It is also used to store the position of other data points.

Object description

Index	60C4 _h					
Object name	Interpolation Data Configuration					
Object Code	RECORD					
Data type	INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION					
Savable	yes, category: application					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value						
Firmware version	FIR-v1512					
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only".					
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only".					
	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".					
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".					

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 _h

10 Description of the object dictionary



Subindex	01 _h
Name	MaximumBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	ActualBufferSize
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
<u> </u>	
Subindex	03 _h
Name	BufferOrganization
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	BufferPosition
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	SizeOfDataRecord
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	write only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	BufferClear
Data type	UNSIGNED8
• •	



Access write only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Description

The value of subindex 01_h contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.

The value of subindex 02_h contains the current number of interpolated records.

If subindex 03_h is "00_h", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is "01_h", it specifies a ring buffer organization.

The value of subindex 04_h is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.

The value of subindex 05_h is specified in units of "byte".

If the value $"00_h"$ is written in subindex 06_h , it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records.

If the value "01_h" is written in subindex 06_h, it activates access to the input buffer.

60C5h Max Acceleration

Function

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Profile Velocity</u> modes.

Object description

Index	60C5 _h
Object name	Max Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

60C6h Max Deceleration

Function

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Profile Velocity</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> operating modes.

Object description

Index	60C6 _h	
Object name	Max Deceleration	
Object Code	VARIABLE	



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Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

60E4h Additional Position Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual position of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 60E4_h

Object name Additional Position Actual Value

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Entries

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 03_h

Subindex $01_h - 03_h$

Name Additional Position Actual Value #1 - #3

Data type INTEGER32 Access read only



PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

■ 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

 \blacksquare n_h

Subindex n contains the current actual position of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

60E5h Additional Velocity Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual speed of all existing feedbacks in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	60E5 _h
Object name	Additional Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	TX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	03 _h	
Subindex	01 _h - 03 _h	



Name Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #3

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

■ 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

 \blacksquare n_h

Subindex n contains the current actual speed of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

Function

With this object and with 60EB_h, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Object description

Index	60E6 _h
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 03 _h
Juditiuex	σ i _h - σσ _h



Name Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

Feedback Interface #1 - #3

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- \blacksquare n_h :

Subindex n contains the number of increments of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter Configuring the sensors.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB_h:02_h)

NOTICE



The value "0" in a subindex means that the respective feedback is not connected and is not used. Thus, it is possible, for example, to switch off the sensorless function to save computing time. This can be helpful if a *NanoJ* program needs the computing time.

If there is a value not equal to "0" in a subindex, the controller checks the corresponding sensor at power on. In case of an error (signal not available, configuration/status not valid etc.) the error bit is set in the status word and an error code is entered in the object 1003h.

60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in 60EDh, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Object description

Index 60E8_h

Object name Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history



Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 03 _h
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of motor revolutions for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter Configuring the sensors.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED_h:n_h)

60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed

Function

In this object and in 60EE_h, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60E9 _h
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 03 _h
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the feed in <u>user-defined units</u> for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE_h:n_h)

60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions

Function

With this object and with 60E6_h, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Object description

Index	60EB _h
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindey	01 03.
Subindex	01 _h - 03 _h
Subindex Name	01 _h - 03 _h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Name Data type	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32
Name Data type Access	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3 UNSIGNED32 read / write

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n contains the number of motor revolutions of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6_h:n_h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB_h:n_h)

60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in 60E8h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60ED _h
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312



Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Cubindov	04 02
Subindex	01 _h - 03 _h
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter <u>Configuring the sensors</u>.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED_h:n_h)

60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in <u>60E9</u>_h, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60EE _h
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Entries
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h
Subindex	
0 0.0 1 0.0 7 1	01 _h - 03 _h
Name	01 _h - 03 _h Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #3
	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback

Description

PDO mapping

Allowed values
Preset value

The subindices have the following function:

■ 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.

RX-PDO

0000001_h

• n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. The order of the remaining feedbacks corresponds to the table in chapter Configuring the sensors.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE_h:n_h)

60F2h Positioning Option Code

Function

The object describes the positioning behavior in **Profile Position** mode.

Object description

Index	60F2 _h
Object name	Positioning

Object name Positioning Option Code

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write



PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_h Firmware version FIR-v1446

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MS	RES	SERVED	[3]		IP OPT	ION [4]		RAD	O [2]	RRO	[2]	CIC	[2]	REL. (OPT. [2]

REL. OPT. (Relative Option)

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "profile position" mode if bit 6 of controlword $\underline{6040}_h = "1"$ is set.

Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target position)
0	1	Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) of the ramp generator.
1	0	Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object $\underline{6064}_{h}$).
1	1	Reserved

RRO (Request-Response Option)

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword $\underline{6040}_h$ bit 4 ("new setpoint") – in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to "0" afterwards. After the bit is set to the value "0" by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword $\underline{6041}_h$.



NOTICE

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword 6040h.

Bit 5	Bit 4	Definition
0	0	The functionality is as described under <u>Setting travel commands</u> .
0	1	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current targeted movement has reached its target.
1	0	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for the controller.
1	1	Reserved



RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)

These bits determine the direction of rotation in "profile position" mode.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Definition
0	0	Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range Limits" – $\underline{607B}_h$:01 _h and 02 _h – is reached or exceeded, the preset is automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible.
0	1	Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min Position Range Limit" from object 607D _h :01 _h .
1	0	Positioning only in positive direction: If the target position is less than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Max Position Range Limit" from object 607D _h :01 _h .
1	1	Positioning with the shortest distance to the target position. If the difference between the current position and the target position in a 360° system is less than 180°, the axis moves in the positive direction.

60F4h Following Error Actual Value

Function

This object contains the current following error in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60F4 _h
Object name	Following Error Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

60F8h Max Slippage

Function

Defines the maximum allowed slippage error in <u>user-defined units</u> symmetrically to the <u>set speed</u> in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index	60F8 _h



Object name Max Slippage
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000190_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\underline{203F}_h$.

If the value of 60F8_h is set to "7FFFFFFF"_h, slippage error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

60FAh Control Effort

Function

This object contains the correction speed (control variable) in <u>user-defined units</u> that is fed to the velocity controller by the position controller.

Object description

Index	60FA _h
Object name	Control Effort
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

Description

The position controller calculates a correction speed (in <u>user-defined units</u>) from the difference between the current position and the demand position which is then passed on to the velocity controller. This correction value is dependent on the proportional component and integral component of the position controller. See also chapter <u>Closed Loop</u>.





60FCh Position Demand Internal Value

Function

Indicates the current preset value for the position controller in increments of the sensor selected for the position (see <u>Controller structure</u>).

Object description

Index	60FC _h
Object name	Position Demand Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

60FDh Digital Inputs

Function

With this object, the <u>digital inputs</u> of the motor can be read.

Object description

Index	60FD _h
Object name	Digital Inputs
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
								IN 8	IN 7	IN 6	IN 5	IN 4	IN 3	IN 2	IN 1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
												IL	HS	PLS	NLS

NLS (Negative Limit Switch)

Negative limit switch

PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

HS (Home Switch)

Home switch

IL (Interlock)

Interlock

IN n (Input n)

Input n – the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

60FEh Digital Outputs

Function

With this object, the <u>digital outputs</u> of the motor can be written.

Object description

Index	60FE _h
Object name	Digital Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h	
Name	Number Of Entries	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	01 _h	

Subindex 01_h



Name Digital Outputs #1
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

To write the outputs, the entries in object $\underline{3250}_h$, subindex 02_h to 05_h , must also be taken into account.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
												OUT4	OUT3	OUT2	OUT1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
															BRK

BRK (Brake)

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function):

Value "1" means that the brake is activated (no current can flow between the two pins of the brake connection; the brake is closed).

OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

60FFh Target Velocity

Function

In this object, the target speed for the <u>profile velocity</u> and <u>cyclic synchronous velocity</u> modes is entered in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index 60FF_h Object name **Target Velocity** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type INTEGER32 Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



6502h Supported Drive Modes

Function

The object describes the supported operating modes in object 6060_h.

Object description

Index 6502_h

Object name Supported Drive Modes

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000002F_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is "0", the mode is not supported.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						CST	CSV	CSP	IP	НМ		TQ	PV	VL	PP

PP

Profile Position Mode

VL

Velocity Mode

PV

Profile Velocity Mode

TQ

Torque Mode

HM

Homing Mode

IΡ

Interpolated Position Mode

CSP

Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

CSV

Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode



CST

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

6503h Drive Catalogue Number

Function

Contains the device name as character string.

Object description

Index 6503_h

Object name Drive Catalogue Number

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value (

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

Function

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.

Object description

Index 6505_h

Object name Http Drive Catalogue Address

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



11 Copyrights

11.1 Introduction

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11.2 **AES**

FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation

Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine

Copyright (C) 2009 Paul Bakker <polarssl_maintainer at polarssl dot org>

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The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.

http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf

http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

11.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm

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11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library

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11.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010



FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems.

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11.8 Protothreads

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.

This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/

Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/protothreads/

Original BSD-style license

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This file is part of the lwIP TCP/IP stack.

Author: Adam Dunkels <adam@sics.se>

11.10 littlefs

```
/*
  * The little filesystem
  *
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  */
```

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