

Technical Manual PD4-E

Fieldbus: Modbus RTU

For use with the following devices:

PD4-E591L42-E-65-5, PD4-E601L42-E-65-5, PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5





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1 Introduction

The *PD4-E* is a brushless motor with integrated controller in protection class IP65. The integrated absolute encoder makes immediate operation possible in *closed loop* mode without homing.

This manual describes the functions of the controller and the available operating modes. It also shows how you can address and program the controller via the communication interface.

You can find further information on the product on <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

1.1 Version information

Manual version	Date	Changes	Firmware version	Hardware version
1.0.0	03/2018	First edition	FIR-v1748	W002b
1.0.1	07/2018	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1748	W002b
1.1.0	12/2018	Changes in <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u> and <u>I2t Motor overload protection</u>	FIR-v1825	W002b
1.2.0	08/2019	 Changes and additions in chapter <u>Closed Loop</u> New sections in chapter <u>Control modes</u>: <u>Controller structure</u>, <u>Feed forward</u>, and <u>Slow Speed</u> Minor additions and error corrections in the object dictionary 	FIR-v1926	W002b
1.3.0	10/2019	Additions and error corrections	FIR-v1939	W002b
1.4.0	11/2020	 New chapter Analog inputs New objects 606F_h and 6070_h for monitoring the actual speed in <i>Profile Velocity</i> mode New object 320E_h:0D_h for setting a voltage feed forward (see Feed forward) New objects 320E_h:0F_h and 320F_h:05_h for setting the maximum PWM voltage New object 4021_h for configuring the ballast circuit 	FIR-v2039	W002b

1.2 Copyright, marking and contact

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1.3 Intended use

The *PD4-E* motor with integrated controller is used as a component of drive systems in a range of industrial applications.

Use the product as intended within the limits defined in the technical data (in particular, see <u>Permissible</u> operating voltage) and the approved Environmental conditions.

Under no circumstances may this Nanotec product be integrated as a safety component in a product or system. All products containing a component manufactured by Nanotec must, upon delivery to the end user, be provided with corresponding warning notices and instructions for safe use and safe operation. All warning notices provided by Nanotec must be passed on directly to the end user.

1.4 Target group and qualification

The product and this documentation are directed towards technically trained specialists staff such as:

- Development engineers
- Plant engineers
- Installers/service personnel
- Application engineers

Only specialists may install, program and commission the product. Specialist staff are persons who

- have appropriate training and experience in working with motors and their control,
- are familiar with and understand the content of this technical manual,
- know the applicable regulations.

1.5 Warranty and disclaimer

Nanotec assumes no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from installation errors, failure to observe this manual or improper repairs. The selection and use of Nanotec products is the responsibility of the plant engineer or end user. Nanotec accepts no responsibility for the integration of the product in the end system.

Our general terms and conditions apply: en.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-and-conditions/.

Customers of Nanotec Electronic US Inc. please refer to <u>us.nanotec.com/service/general-terms-andconditions/.</u>



Note

Changes or modifications to the product are not permitted.

1.6 EU directives for product safety

The following EU directives were observed:

- RoHS directive (2011/65/EU, 2015/863/EU)
- EMC directive (2014/30/EU)

1.7 Other applicable regulations

In addition to this technical manual, the following regulations are to be observed:

Accident-prevention regulations



Local regulations on occupational safety

1.8 Used icons

All notices are in the same format. The degree of the hazard is divided into the following classes.

CAUTION



The CAUTION notice indicates a possibly dangerous situation.

Failure to observe the notice may result in moderately severe injuries.

▶ Describes how you can avoid the dangerous situation.

Note



Indicates a possible incorrect operation of the product.

Failure to observe the notice may result in damage to this or other products.

Describes how you can avoid the incorrect operation.



Tip

Shows a tip for the application or task.

1.9 Emphasis in the text

The following conventions are used in the document:

<u>Underlined</u> text indicates cross references and hyperlinks:

- The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:
- A list of available system calls can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.

Text set in italics marks named objects:

- Read the installation manual.
- Use the *Plug & Drive Studio* software to perform the auto setup.
- For software: You can find the corresponding information in the *Operation* tab.
- For hardware: Use the *ON/OFF* switch to switch the device on.

A text set in Courier marks a code section or programming command:

- The line with the od write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect.
- The NMT message is structured as follows: 000 | 81 2A

A text in "quotation marks" marks user input:

- Start the NanoJ program by writing object 2300_h , bit 0 = "1".
- If a holding torque is already needed in this state, the value "1" must be written in 3212_h:01_h.

1.10 Numerical values

Numerical values are generally specified in decimal notation. The use of hexadecimal notation is indicated by a subscript *h* at the end of the number.

The objects in the object dictionary are written with index and subindex as follows: <Index>:<Subindex>

Both the index as well as the subindex are specified in hexadecimal notation. If no subindex is listed, the subindex is 00_h .



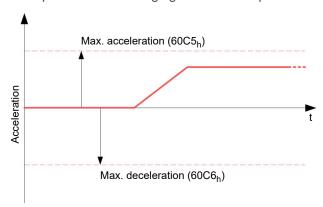
Example: Subindex 5 of object 1003_h is addressed with 1003_h : 05_h , subindex 00 of object 6040_h with 6040_h .

1.11 Bits

The numbering of individual bits in an object always begins with the LSB (bit number 0). See the following figure, which uses data type *UNSIGNED8* as an example.

1.12 Counting direction (arrows)

In figures, the counting direction is always in the direction of an arrow. Objects $60C5_h$ and $60C6_h$ depicted as examples in the following figure are both specified as positive.





2 Safety and warning notices

Note

A

Damage to the controller!

Changing the wiring during operation may damage the controller.

▶ Only change the wiring in a de-energized state. After switching off, wait until the capacitors have discharged.

Note



Damage to the controller due to excitation voltage of the motor!

Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller.

▶ Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.

Note



Damage to the electronics through improper handling of ESD-sensitive components!

The device contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Improper handling can damage the device.

▶ Observe the basic principles of ESD protection when handling the device.

Note



Damage to the electronics if the supply voltage is connected with reversed polarity!

Polarity reversal results in a short-circuit between supply voltage and GND (earth) via the power diode.

▶ Install a line protection device (fuse) in the supply line.



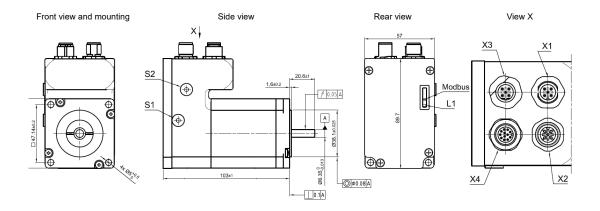
3 Technical details and pin assignment

3.1 Environmental conditions

Environmental condition	Value
Protection class	IP65 (except for shaft output)
Ambient temperature (operation)	-10 +40°C
Air humidity (non-condensing)	0 85%
Max. Altitude of site above sea level (without drop in performance)	1500 m
Ambient temperature (storage)	-25 +85°C

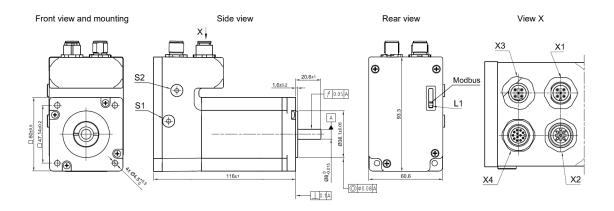
3.2 Dimensioned drawings

3.2.1 PD4-E591L42-E-65-5

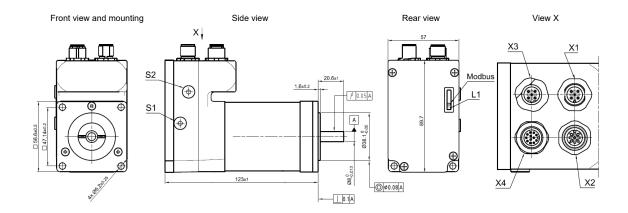




3.2.2 PD4-E601L42-E-65-5



3.2.3 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5



3.3 Electrical properties and technical data

3.3.1 Technical data - motor

	PD4-E	PD4-EB59CD
Туре	Stepper motor	BLDC
Operating voltage	12 - 48 V DC ±5%	12 - 48 V DC ±5%
Rated voltage	-	48 V DC
Rated current rms	4.2 A	6 A
Peak current rms for 5 s	5.5 A	18 A

3.3.2 Technical data

Operating modes	Profile Position Mode, Profile Velocity Mode, Profile Torque Mode, Velocity Mode, Homing Mode, Interpolated Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Position Mode, Cyclic Sync Velocity Mode, Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode, Clock-Direction Mode
Set value setting / programming	Analog input, NanoJ program

3 Technical details and pin assignment



Inputs 6 digital inputs (+5 V/+24 V DC), individually switchable by means of

software, factory settings: 5 V

1 analog input 0–10 V or 0–20 mA (switchable by means of software)

Outputs 2 outputs, *Open Drain*, max. 100 mA

Integrated encoder Magnetic, single-turn absolute encoder, 1024 cpr

Protection circuit Overvoltage and undervoltage protection

Overtemperature protection (> 68°C on rear cover)

Polarity reversal protection: In the event of a polarity reversal, a short-circuit will occur between supply voltage and GND over a power diode; a line protection device (fuse) is therefore necessary in the supply line. The values of the fuse are dependent on the application and must be dimensioned

less than the maximum current of the voltage supply.

greater than the maximum current consumption of the controller,

If the fuse value is very close to the maximum current consumption of

the controller, a medium / slow tripping characteristics should be used.

3.4 Overtemperature protection

Above a temperature of approx. 75°C on the power board (corresponds to 65–72°C outside on the back cover), the power part of the controller switches off and the error bit is set (see objects $\underline{1001}_h$ and $\underline{1003}_h$). After cooling down and confirming the error (see <u>table for the controlword</u>, "Fault reset"), the controller again functions normally.

The following temperature test results provide information on the temperature behavior of this controller.

Temperature tests are performed under the following conditions:

Operating voltage: 48 V DC

Motor current: 4.2 A (stepper motor) / 6 A (BLDC motor) rms

Operation mode: Velocity Mode, full step, 30 rpm

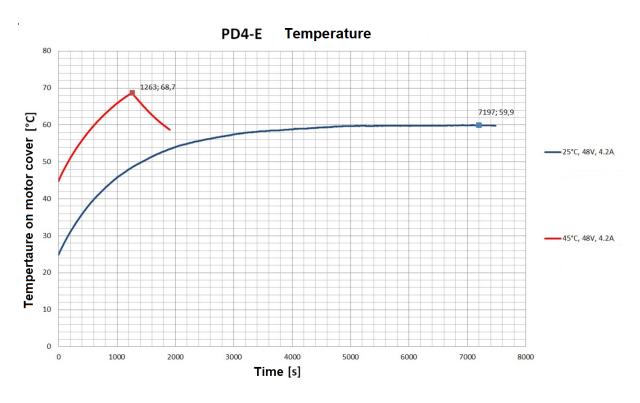
Ambient temperature: 25 °C / 45 °C
Altitude of site: 500 m above sea level

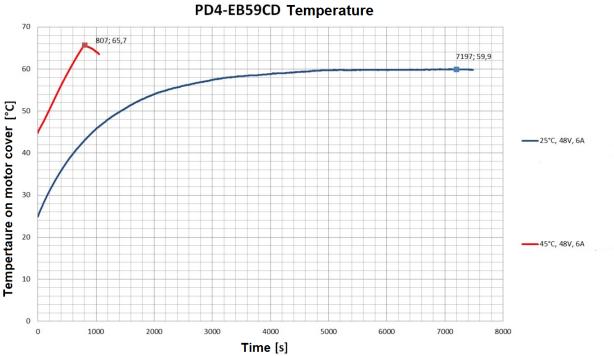
No external cooling in the climatic chamber, e. g., via fan

Motor not flanged mounted

The following graphics show the results of the temperature tests:







Summary:

At 25°C (+48 V, 4.2/6 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), the controller was in operation for longer than 2 hours without having been switched off. The temperature on the cover was stable at approx. 60°C.

At 45°C (+48 V, 4.2/6 A rms, Velocity Mode 30 rpm), temperature protection switched off the controller after approx. 21 (stepper motor) or 14 (BLDC motor) minutes.





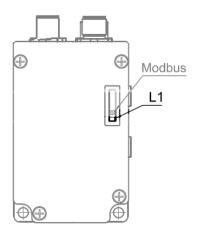


Aside from the motor, the exact temperature behavior is also dependent on the flange connection and the heat transfer there as well as on the convection in the application. For this reason, we recommend always performing an endurance test in the actual environment for applications in which current level and ambient temperature pose a problem.

3.5 LED signaling

3.5.1 Power LED

The power LED indicates the current status.



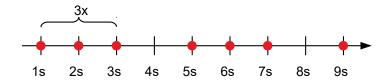
3.5.1.1 Normal operation

In normal operation, the green power LED L1 flashes briefly once per second.



3.5.1.2 Case of an error

If an error has occurred, the LED turns red and signals an error number. In the following figure, the error number 3 is signaled.



The following table shows the meaning of the error numbers.

Flash rate		Error	
1	General		
2	Voltage		



Flash rate	Error
3	Temperature
4	Overcurrent
5	Controller
6	Watchdog-Reset



Note

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.

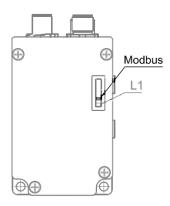


Tip

You can switch off the power LEDs with 3250h:09h.

3.5.2 Modbus LEDs

The two Modbus LEDs flash if Modbus communication is active.



3.6 Pin assignment

3.6.1 Overview

Connection	Function
X1	Modbus RTU IN
X2	Modbus RTU OUT
X3	Voltage supply
X4	Inputs/outputs and external logic supply
L1	Power LED, see chapter Power LED
S1	Hex coding switch for slave address and baud rate
S2	150 ohm termination resistor (switch set to ON)





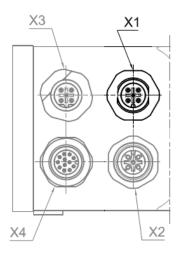
Note

All pins with designation GND are internally connected.

3.6.2 X1 - Modbus RTU (RS-485) IN

Connection for Modbus RTU. Type: M12, 5-pin, A-coded, male

Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-5-2M-1-AFF (not included in the scope of delivery)



Pin	Function	Note
1	n.c.	Internally connected with pin 1 of X2
2	RS-485-	
3	COMMON GND	Electrically isolated from the GND of the main supply and the inputs/outputs
4	RS-485+	
5	n.c.	

3.6.2.1 RS-485 line polarization



Note

The controller is **not** equipped with line polarization and expects the master device to have one.

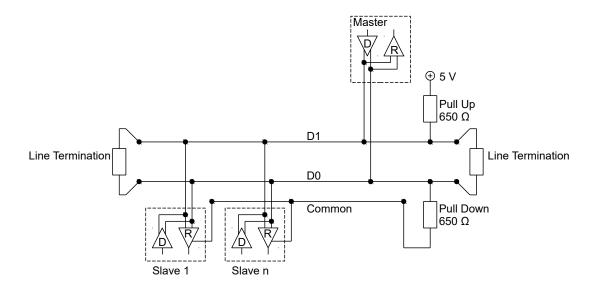
If the master device on the bus does not have line polarization of its own, a pair of resistors must be attached to the RS-485 balanced cables:

- A pull-up resistor to a 5V voltage on the RS-485+ (D1) cable
- A pull-down resistor to earth (GND) on the RS-485- (D0) cable

The value of these resistors must be between 450 ohm and 650 ohm. A 650 ohm resistor permits a higher number of devices on the bus.



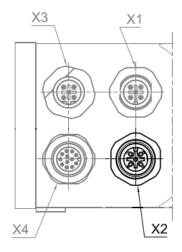
In this case, a line polarization must be attached at a location for the entire serial bus. In general, this location should be on the master device or its connection. All other devices then no longer need to implement line polarization.



3.6.3 X2 - Modbus RTU (RS-485) OUT

Connection for Modbus RTU. Type: M12, 5-pin, A-coded, female

Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-5-2M-1-A-S-M (not included in the scope of delivery)



Pin	Function	Note
1	n.c.	Internally connected with pin 1 of X1
2	RS-485-	
3	COMMON GND	Electrically isolated from the GND of the main supply and the inputs/outputs
4	RS-485+	
5	n.c.	



3.6.3.1 RS-485 line polarization



Note

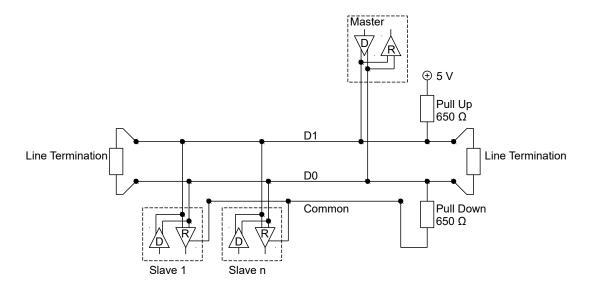
The controller is **not** equipped with line polarization and expects the master device to have one.

If the master device on the bus does not have line polarization of its own, a pair of resistors must be attached to the RS-485 balanced cables:

- A pull-up resistor to a 5V voltage on the RS-485+ (D1) cable
- A pull-down resistor to earth (GND) on the RS-485- (D0) cable

The value of these resistors must be between 450 ohm and 650 ohm. A 650 ohm resistor permits a higher number of devices on the bus.

In this case, a line polarization must be attached at a location for the entire serial bus. In general, this location should be on the master device or its connection. All other devices then no longer need to implement line polarization.

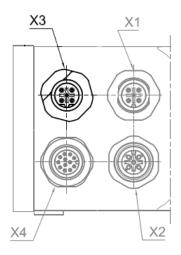


3.6.4 X3 – voltage supply

Connection for the main supply. Type: M12, 5-pin, B-coded, male

Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-5-2M-1-B-S (not included in the scope of delivery)





3.6.4.1 Voltage source

The operating or supply voltage supplies a battery, a transformer with rectification and filtering, or a switching power supply.





EMC: For a DC power supply line longer than 30 m or when using the motor on a DC bus, additional interference-suppression and protection measures are necessary.

- ▶ An EMI filter is to be inserted in the DC supply line as close as possible to the controller/motor.
- ▶ Long data or supply lines are to be routed through ferrites.

3.6.4.2 Pin assignment

Pin	Function	Note
1	+Ub	12 - 48 V DC ±5%
2	+Ub	12 - 48 V DC ±5%
3	GND	
4	GND	
5	n.c.	Not used

3.6.4.3 Permissible operating voltage

The maximum operating voltage is 50.4 V DC, except for variant PD4-EB59MB... (25.2 V). If the input voltage of the controller exceeds the threshold value set in $\underline{2034}_h$, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. Above the response threshold set in $\underline{4021}_h$:02_h, the integrated ballast circuit is activated (wirewound resistor Z32041412209K6C000 from Vishay with 3 W continuous output).

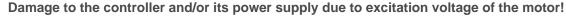
The minimum operating voltage is 11.4 V DC. If the input voltage of the controller falls below 10 V, the motor is switched off and an error triggered.

A charging capacitor of at least 4700 μ F / 50 V (approx. 1000 μ F per ampere rated current) must be connected to the supply voltage to avoid exceeding the permissible operating voltage (e. g., during braking).



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Note



Voltage peaks during operation may damage the controller and possibly its power supply.

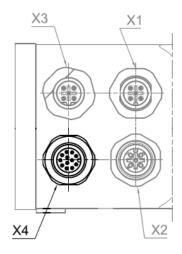


- ▶ Install suitable circuits (e.g., charging capacitor) that reduce voltage peaks.
- ▶ With BLDC motors: Select a voltage source that corresponds to the rated voltage of the respective motor as specified in the motor data sheet.
- ▶ Use a power supply with protection circuit to protect against overvoltage.

3.6.5 X4 – Inputs/outputs and external logic supply

Connection for the digital and analog inputs/outputs and the external logic supply. Type: M12, 12-pin, Acoded, male

Suitable Nanotec cable: ZK-M12-12-2M-1-AFF (not included in the scope of delivery)



Pin	Function	Note
1	GND	
2	Digital input 1	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$, max. 1 MHz
3	Digital input 2	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 _h , max. 1 MHz
4	Digital input 3	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$, max. 1 MHz
5	Digital input 4	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object $\underline{3240}_h$, max. 1 MHz
6	Digital input 5	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 _h , max. 1 MHz
7	Digital input 6	5 V / 24 V signal, switchable by means of software with object 3240 _h , max. 1 MHz
8	Analog input	10 bit, 0 V+10 V or 020 mA, switchable by means of software with object 3221 _h
9	Digital output 1	Digital output, open drain, max. 24 V / 100 mA



Pin	Function	Note
10	Digital output 2	Digital output, open drain, max. 24 V / 100 mA
11	Voltage output	+5 V, max. 100 mA
12	+UB Logic	+24 V DC, input voltage for the logic supply, current consumption: approx. 39 mA

In $\underline{4015}_h$, you can activate the alternative function of the digital inputs, which is used for the *special drive modes*. See chapter $\underline{\text{Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed)}}$.

If you set 3240_h:07_h to the value "1", three differential inputs are available instead of six single-ended inputs.

The following table shows all possible combinations:

Pin	Basic function		Alternativ	ve function
	Single-ended	Differential	Single-ended	Differential
2	Input 1	- Input 1	Release	-Enable
3	Input 2 / Direction input in clock-direction mode	+ Input 1	Direction	Release
4	Input 3 / clock input in clock-direction mode	- Input 2 / - Direction input in clock-direction mode	Clock	-Direction
5	Input 4	+ Input 2 / + Direction input in clock-direction mode	Digital input 4	Direction
6	Input 5	- Input 3 / - Clock input in clock-direction mode	Digital input 5	-Clock
7	Input 6	+ Input 3 / + Clock input in clock-direction mode	Digital input 6	Clock

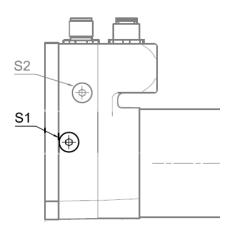
The following switching thresholds apply for inputs 1 to 6:

Max. Voltage	Switching thresholds	
	Switching on	Switching off
5 V	> 4.09 V	< 0.95 V
24 V	> 14.74 V	< 3.78 V

3.6.6 Switch S1 - hex coding switch for slave address and baud rate

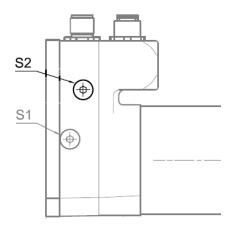
Rotary switch S1 can be used to set the source for the slave address and the baud rate. See chapter <u>Communication settings</u>.





3.6.7 Switch S2 - 150 ohm termination resistor

DIP switch S2 switches the termination of 150 ohm between RS-485+ and RS-485- on (DIP switch set to "ON", left) or off.





4 Commissioning

Described in this chapter is how you establish communication with the controller and set the necessary parameters to make the motor ready for operation.

The *Plug & Drive Studio* software offers you an option for performing the configuration and adapting the motor parameters to your application. You can find further information in document *Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide* at <u>us.nanotec.com</u>.

The controller also offers you the possibility to switch *special drive modes* on/off via object <u>4015</u>_h. You can thereby control the motor directly via the inputs (analog input/clock-direction). See chapter <u>Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed)</u> for details.

Observe the following notes:

CAUTION



Moving parts can cause hand injuries.

If you touch moving parts during running operation, hand injuries may result.

▶ Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.

CAUTION



In free-standing operation, motor movements are uncontrolled and can cause injuries.

If the motor is unsecured, it can, e. g., fall down. Foot injuries or damage to the motor could occur.

▶ If you operate the motor free-standing, observe the motor, switch it off immediately in the event of danger and make certain that the motor cannot fall down.

CAUTION



Moving parts can catch hair and loose clothing.

During running operation, moving parts can catch hair or loose clothing, which may lead to injuries.

▶ If you have long hair, wear a hairnet or take other suitable protective measures when near moving parts. Do not work with loose clothing or ties near moving parts.

CAUTION



Risk of overheating or fire if there is insufficient cooling!

If cooling is insufficient or if the ambient temperature is too high, there is a risk of overheating or fire.

▶ During use, make certain that the cooling and environmental conditions are ensured.



Note

EMC: Current-carrying cables – particularly around supply cables – produce electromagnetic alternating fields. These can interfere with the motor and other devices.

Suitable measures may be:



- ▶ Use shielded cables and earth the cable shielding on both ends over a short distance.
- ► Keep power supply cables as short as possible.
- ▶ Use cables with cores in twisted pairs.
- ► Earth motor housing with large contact area over a short distance.
- Lay supply and control cables separately.

4.1 Configuring via Modbus RTU

Described in the following chapters is how you can establish the communication.

The controller is set to slave address 1 ex works (rotary switch to "1"), baud rate 19200 baud, even parity, 1 stop bit.

4.1.1 Communication settings

Slave address, baud rate and parity are dependent on the position of the S1 *rotary switch* and, if applicable, on objects 2028_h, 202A_h, 202D_h.

Configuration	Object	Value range	Factory settings
Slave address	<u>2028</u> _h	1 to 247	5
Baud rate	<u>202A</u> _h	7200 to 256000	19200
Parity	<u>202D</u> _h	None: 0x00Even: 0x04Odd: 0x06	0x04 (Even)

The number of data bits is always "8" here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

The following baud rates are supported:

- **7200**
- **9600**
- **14400**
- **19200**
- **38400**
- **56000**
- **57600**
- **115200**
- **128000**
- **256000**

You must save the changes by writing value "65766173_h" in object 1010_h:0B_h. The changes are not taken over until after the controller has been restarted.

4.1.1.1 Rotary switch

The *PD4-E* is equipped with a <u>hex coding switch</u> – similar to that shown in the following figure.





You can thereby determine the source for the slave address, the baud rate and the parity; the following table shows the possible combinations.

Position of the rotary switch		Slave address	Baud rate and parity
dec	hex		
0	0	Object 2028 _h	Object 202A _h or 202D _h
1-14	1-E	Number of the rotary switch	Object 202A _h or 202D _h
15	F	5	19200, even Parity

4.1.2 Establishing communication

- 1. Connect the *Modbus master* to the controller via the RS-485+ and RS-485- (see X1 Modbus RTU (RS-485) INX1 CANopen/RS-485 IN) cables.
- 2. Supply the controller with voltage.
- 3. Change the configuration values if necessary.
 The controller is set to slave address 1 ex works (rotary switch set to "1"), baud rate 19200 baud, even parity, 1 stop bit.
- **4.** To test the interface, send bytes 01 65 55 00 2E 97 to the controller (you can find a detailed description of the Modbus function codes in chapter Modbus RTU). The object dictionary is read out.

4.2 Auto setup

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), you must perform an auto setup.



Tip

As long as the motor connected to the controller or the sensors for feedback (encoders/Hall sensors) are not changed, auto setup is only to be performed once during initial commissioning.

Note

Note the following prerequisites for performing the auto setup:



- ▶ The motor must be load-free.
- ► The motor must not be touched.
- ▶ The motor must be able to turn freely in any direction.
- ► No NanoJ programs may be running (object 2300_h:00_h bit 0 = "0", see <u>2300h NanoJ Control</u>).



Tip

Execution of the auto setup requires a relatively large amount of processor computing power. During the auto setup, this may result in fieldbuses not being operated in a timely manner.



4.2.1 Parameter determination

Auto setup determines various parameters of the connected motor and of the present sensors by means of multiple test runs and measurement runs. To a certain extent, the type and number of parameters are dependent on the respective motor configuration.

Parameter	All motors independent of the configuration
Motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor)	✓
Winding resistance	✓
Winding inductance	\checkmark
Interlinking flux	✓

Parameter	Motor without encoder	Motor with encoder and index	Motor with encoder without index
Encoder resolution	-	✓	
Alignment (shifting of the electrical zero to the index)	-	✓	

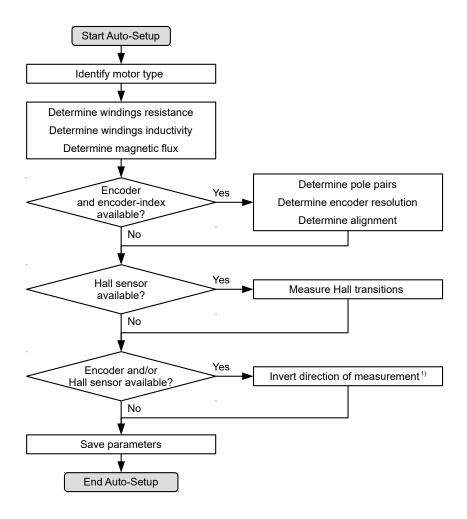
Parameter	Motor without Hall sensor	Motor with Hall sensor
Hall transitions	-	✓

4.2.2 Execution

- 1. To preselect the *auto setup* operating mode, enter the value "-2" (="FE_h") in object 6060_h:00_h. The *power state machine* must now switch to the *Operation enabled* state, see <u>CiA 402 Power State</u> Machine.
- 2. Start $auto\ setup$ by setting bit 4 OMS in object $6040_h:00_h$ (controlword).

While the auto setup is running, the following tests and measurements are performed in succession:

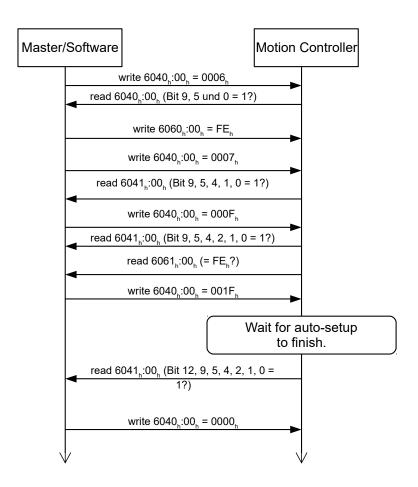




1) To determine the values, the direction of the measurement method is reversed and edge detection re-evaluated.

Value 1 in bit 12 OMS in object $6041_h:00_h$ (statusword) indicates that the auto setup was completely executed and ended. In addition, bit 10 TARG in object $6041_h:00_h$ can be used to query whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.





4.2.3 Parameter memory

After a successful *auto setup*, the determined parameter values are automatically taken over into the corresponding objects and stored with the storage mechanism, see <u>Saving objects</u> and <u>1010h Store Parameters</u>. Categories *Drive* $1010_h:05_h$ and *Tuning* $1010_h:06_h$ are used.

CAUTION



Uncontrolled motor movements!

After the auto setup, the internal coordinate system is no longer valid. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ Restart the device after an auto setup. Homing alone does not suffice.

4.3 Special drive modes (clock-direction and analog speed)

You have the possibility to control the motor directly via the clock and direction input or the analog input by activating the *special drive modes*. These include:

- Clock-direction
- Analog speed
- Test run with 30 rpm

You can also determine the control mode - open loop or closed loop.

Digital input 1 serves here as an enable (see X4 – Inputs/outputs and external logic supply).





Note

After activating the *special drive modes*, the state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is controlled only via a digital input (enable). State changes that are requested in object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword) have no effect.

4.3.1 Activation

To activate the *special drive modes*, you must enter the value "2" in $\underline{4015}_h$:01_h. In $\underline{4015}_h$:02_h, set the mode by writing a value between "00"_h and "0F"_h.

The following table lists all possible modes and their value for 4015:02h:

Value	Mode			
00 _h /01 _h	Clock-direction	-	-	Open Loop
02 _h	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Clockwise direction of rotation	Open Loop
03 _h	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Counterclockwise direction of rotation	Open Loop
04 _h	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Open Loop
05 _h	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Open Loop
06 _h	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Open Loop
07 _h	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Open Loop
08 _h /09 _h	Clock-direction	-	-	Closed Loop
0A _h	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Clockwise direction of rotation	Closed Loop
0B _h	Clock-direction (test run)	Test run with 30 rpm	Counterclockwise direction of rotation	Closed Loop
0C _h	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Closed Loop
$0D_h$	Analog speed	Direction via "Direction" input	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Closed Loop
0E _h	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 1000 rpm	Closed Loop
0F _h	Analog speed	Offset 5 V (joystick mode)	Maximum speed 100 rpm	Closed Loop

You must save object <u>4015</u>_h (*application category*) (see chapter<u>Saving objects</u>); the changes do not take effect until after the controller is restarted.

4.3.2 Clock-direction

The controller internally sets the operating mode to <u>clock-direction</u>. You must connect the *enable*, *clock* and *direction* inputs (see chapter X4 – Inputs/outputs and external logic supply).

4.3.3 Analog speed

The controller internally sets the operating mode to $\underline{\text{Velocity}}$. To preset the speed, the voltage on the analog input is used and the corresponding target speed is written in $\underline{6042}_h$.

4.3.3.1 Maximum speed

The maximum speed can be changed between 100 rpm and 1000 rpm. If a different speed is necessary, it can be set using the scaling factor (object $\underline{604C_h}$ subindices 01_h and 02_h).

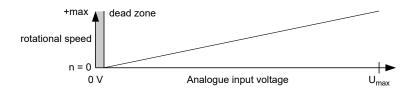


4.3.3.2 Computation of the analog voltage

There are two modes for calculating the analog input voltage.

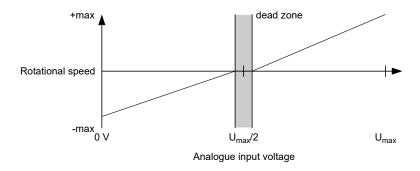
Normal mode

You must connect the *enable*, *direction* and *analog inputs* (see chapter X4 – Inputs/outputs and <u>external logic supply</u>). The maximum analog voltage corresponds to the maximum speed. The direction is preset here via the direction input. If there is no signal at the direction input, the motor turns clockwise (when looking at the drive shaft). There is a dead zone from 0 V to 20 mV in which the motor does not move.



Joystick mode

You must connect the *release input* and the *analog input* (see chapter X4 - Inputs/outputs and external logic supply). Half of the maximum analog voltage corresponds to the speed 0. If the voltage drops below half, the speed increases in the negative direction. If the speed rises above half, the speed increases likewise in the positive direction. The dead zone here extends from $U_{max}/2 \pm 20$ mV.



4.3.4 Test run with 30 rpm

The motor rotates at 30 rpm if the enable input is set.



5 General concepts

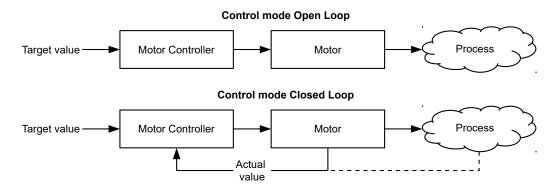
5.1 Control modes

5.1.1 General

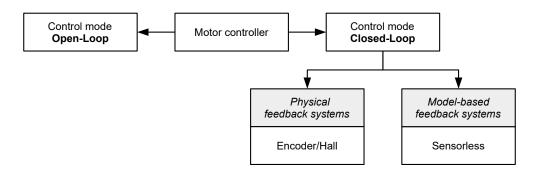
The control mode of systems without feedback is called *open loop*, the mode with feedback is called *closed loop*. In the *closed loop* control mode, it is initially irrelevant whether the fed back signals come from the motor itself or from the influenced process.

For controllers with feedback, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

Pure controllers, on the other hand, have no feedback for the value that is to be regulated. The set point (set value) is only specified.



In addition to the physical feedback systems (e.g., via encoders or Hall sensors), model-based feedback systems, collectively referred to as *sensorless* systems, are also used. Both feedback systems can also be used in combination to further improve the control quality.



Summarized in the following are all possible combinations of control modes and feedback systems with respect to the motor technology. Support of the respective control mode and feedback is controller-specific and is described in chapters *Pin assignment* and Operating modes.

Control mode	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Open Loop	yes	no
Closed Loop	yes	yes

Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Hall	no	yes
Encoder	yes	yes



Feedback	Stepper motor	BLDC motor
Sensorless	yes	yes

Nanotec developed the <u>Slow Speed</u> control mode, which is a combination of *open loop* and *closed loop*, especially for applications in the low speed range. This control mode can be used if an encoder is present as feedback.

Various operating modes can be used depending on the control mode. The following list contains all the types of operation that are possible in the various control modes.

Operating mode	Control mode		
	Open Loop	Closed Loop	Slow Speed
Profile Position	yes	yes	yes
Velocity	yes	yes	yes
Profile Velocity	yes	yes	yes
Profile Torque	no ¹⁾	yes	no
Homing	yes ²⁾	yes	yes
Interpolated Position Mode	yes ³⁾	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Position	yes ³⁾	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Velocity	yes ³⁾	yes	yes
Cyclic Synchronous Torque	no ¹⁾	yes	no
Clock-direction	yes	yes	yes

- 1) The <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> torque operating modes are not possible in the *open loop* control mode due to a lack of feedback.
- 2) Exception: Homing on block is not possible due to a lack of feedback.
- 3) Because ramps and speeds in operating modes <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Velocity</u> follow from the specified points of the master, it is not normally possible to preselect these parameters and to ascertain whether a step loss can be excluded. It is therefore not advisable to use these operating modes in combination with *open loop* control mode.

5.1.2 Open Loop

5.1.2.1 Introduction

Open loop mode is only used with stepper motors and is, by definition, a control mode without feedback. The field rotation in the stator is specified by the controller. The rotor directly follows the magnetic field rotation without step losses as long as no limit parameters, such as the maximum possible torque, are exceeded. Compared to *closed loop*, no complex internal control processes are needed in the controller. As a result, the requirements on the controller hardware and the controller logic are very low. *Open loop* mode is used primarily with price-sensitive applications and simple movement tasks.

Because, unlike *closed loop*, there is no feedback for the current rotor position, no conclusion can be drawn on the counter torque being applied to the output side of the motor shaft. To compensate for any torque fluctuations that arise on the output shaft of the motor, in *open loop* mode, the controller always supplies the maximum possible (e.g., specified by parameters) set current to the stator windings over the entire speed range. The high magnetic field strength thereby produced forces the rotor to assume the new steady state in a very short time. This torque is, however, opposite that of the inertia of the rotor and overall system. Under certain operating conditions, this combination is prone to resonances, comparable to a spring-mass system.

5.1.2.2 Commissioning

To use open loop mode, the following settings are necessary:



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- In object 2030_h (Pole Pair Count), enter the number of pole pairs (see motor data sheet: for a stepper motor with 2 phases, a step angle of 1.8° corresponds to 50 pole pairs and 0.9° corresponds to 100 pole pairs).
- In object 2031_h:00_h, enter the maximum permissible motor current (motor protection) in mA (see motor data sheet)
- In object 6075_h:00_h, enter the rated current of the motor in mA (see motor data sheet).
- In object 6073_h:00_h, enter the maximum current (for a stepper motor, generally corresponds to the rated current, bipolar) in tenths of a percent of the set rated current (see motor data sheet). Factory settings: "1000", which corresponds to 100% of the value in 6073_h. A value greater than "1000" is limited internally to "1000".
- In object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 0 (CL/OL) to the value "0".

Nanotec recommends to activate the current reduction on motor standstill in order to reduce the power loss and heat build-up. To activate current reduction, the following settings are necessary:

- In object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 3 (CurRed) to "1".
- In object 2036_h (open-loop current reduction idle time), the time in milliseconds is specified that the motor must be at a standstill (set value is checked) before current reduction is activated.
- In object <u>2037</u>_h (open-loop current reduction value/factor), the root mean square is specified to which the rated current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in *open loop* and the motor is at a standstill.

5.1.2.3 Optimizations

Depending on the system, resonances may occur in *open loop* mode; susceptibility to resonances is particularly high at low loads. Practical experience has shown that, depending on the application, various measures are effective for largely reducing resonances:

- Reduce or increase current, see objects <u>6073</u>_h and <u>6075</u>_h, respectively. An excessive torque reserve promotes resonances.
- Reduce or increase the operating voltage, taking into account the product-specific ranges (with sufficient torque reserve). The permissible operating voltage range can be found in the product data sheet.
- Optimize the control parameters of the current controller via objects 3210_h:09_h (I_P) and 3210_h:0A_h (I_I) or 320F_h (generally not necessary).
 The current controller operates optimally if the actual current of both windings (square root of the sum I_a²+ I_b², 2039_h:03h/:04_h) divided by 2 at any point in time corresponds to the set rated current (203B_h:01_h).
- Adjustments to the acceleration, deceleration and/or target speed depending on the selected control mode:

Profile Position operating mode

Objects <u>6083</u>_h (Profile Acceleration), <u>6084</u>_h (Profile Deceleration) and <u>6081</u>_h (Profile Velocity).

Velocity operating mode

Objects 6048_h (Velocity Acceleration), 6049_h (Velocity Deceleration) and 6042_h (Target Velocity).

Profile Velocity operating mode

Objects 6083_h (Profile Acceleration), 6084_h (Profile Deceleration) and 6081_h (Profile Velocity).

Homing operating mode

Objects $\underline{609A}_h$ (Homing Acceleration), $\underline{6099}_h$:01_h (Speed During Search For Switch) and $\underline{6099}_h$:02_h (Speed During Search For Zero).

Interpolated Position Mode operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced with the higher-level controller.

Cyclic Synchronous Position operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.



Cyclic Synchronous Velocity operating mode

The acceleration and deceleration ramps can be influenced via the external "position specification / time unit" targets.

Clock-direction operating mode

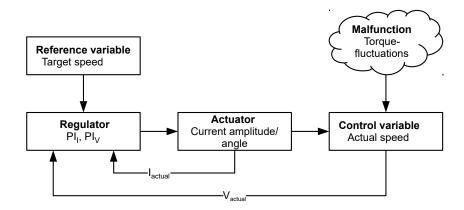
Change of the step resolution via objects $\underline{2057}_h$ (Clock Direction Multiplier) and $\underline{2058}_h$ (Clock Direction Divider). Optimize acceleration / deceleration ramps by adjusting the pulse frequency to pass through the resonance range as quickly as possible.

5.1.3 Closed Loop

5.1.3.1 Introduction

The *closed loop* theory is based on the idea of a control loop. A disturbance acting on a system should be compensated for quickly and without lasting deviation to adjust the control variable back to the set point.

Closed loop using a speed control as an example:



PI_I = Proportional-integral current control loop

Pl_V = Proportional-integral velocity control loop

I_{actual}= Actual current V_{actual} Actual speed

The *closed loop* method is also referred to as "sine commutation via an encoder with field-oriented control". At the heart of *closed loop* technology is the performance-adjusted current control as well as the feedback of the actual values of the process. Using sensor signals, the rotor orientation is recorded and sinusoidal phase currents generated in the motor windings. Vector control of the magnetic field ensures that the magnetic field of the stator is always perpendicular to that of the rotor and that the field strength corresponds precisely to the desired torque. The current thereby controlled in the windings provides a uniform motor force and results in an especially smooth-running motor that can be precisely regulated.

The feedback of the control variables necessary for *closed loop* mode can be realized with various technologies. In addition to the physical feedback with encoders or Hall sensors, it is also possible to virtually record the motor parameters through a software-based model calculation. Physical variables, such as speed or back-EMF, can be reconstructed with the help of a so-called "observer" from the data of the current controller. With this sensorless technology, one has a "virtual rotary encoder", which – above a certain minimum speed – supplies the position and speed information with the same precision as a real optical or magnetic encoder.

All controllers from Nanotec that support *closed loop* mode implement a field oriented control with sine commutated current control. Thus, the stepper motors and BLDC motor are controlled in the same way as a servo motor. With *closed loop* mode, step angle errors can be compensated for during travel and load angle errors corrected within one full step.



5.1.3.2 Controller structure

The controller consists of three cascaded PI controllers (proportional-integral): the current controller (commutation), the velocity controller and the position controller.

The current controller is active in all operating modes. The velocity controller is as well with the sole exception of the "Real Torque" modes (torque mode without speed limiting if bit 5 in 3202_h is set to "1").

The position controller is active in the following operating modes:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity/Cyclic Synchronous Velocity if bit 1 in 3202_h is set to "1"

Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema described here for the <u>Controller structure</u> applies.

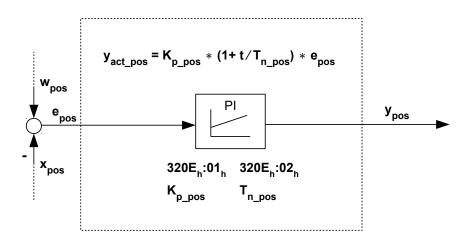


The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are still activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

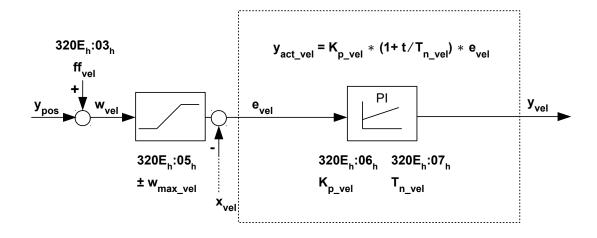
To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". When the controller is switched on, the old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320E}_h$ or $\underline{320F}_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

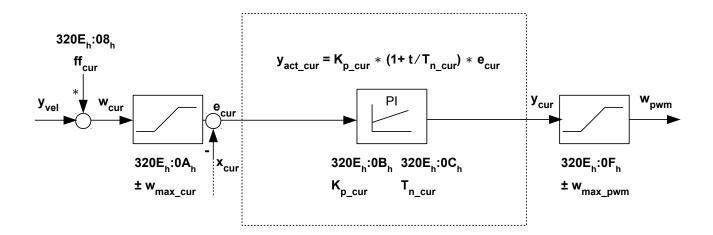
Each controller consists of a proportional component with the *gain factor* K_p and an integral component with the *reset time* T_n . The control variable (the output signal of the controller, which is the set point for the next controller) is limited by the maximum speed (position controller), the maximum current (velocity controller) or the maximum PWM signal (current controller), respectively.

The following figures show the structure of the three cascaded controllers.









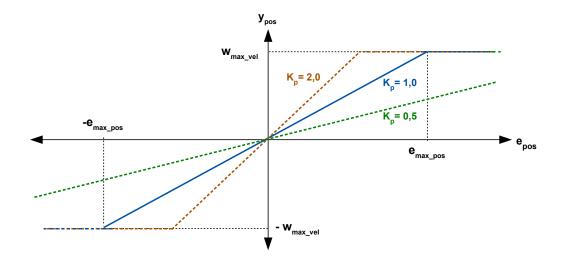
For each controller you can set a maximum control deviation (e_{max}) and a *gain factor* (K_p) that determine the output of the controller (control variable), taking into account the limitation of the control variable (y_{max}).

The following figure shows the relationship between the maximum control deviation (e), the control variable (y) and the *gain factor* (K_0) using the position controller as an example.

With a K_p of 100%, a maximum deviation set in 320E_h:04_h (e_{max_pos}) leads to the set maximum control variable set in 320E_h:05_h (in the case of the maximum speed, y_{max_vel}). For smaller deviations, the control variable is also correspondingly smaller.

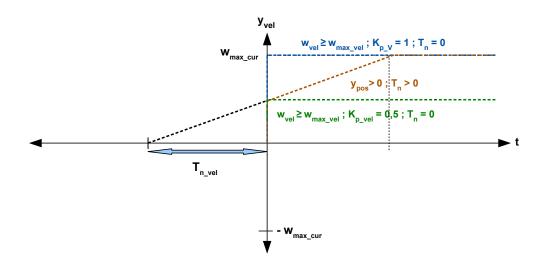
The *gain factor* K_p has a direct influence on the current control variable: at the same deviation, the control variable is proportional to the gain factor.





Each controller also has an integral component that is determined by the *reset time* (T_n). The following figure shows the influence of the reset time on the control variable using the velocity controller as an example.

The smaller the reset time, the greater the influence of the integral component and the faster the control variable increases. If the reset time is 0, the integral component is internally set to "0" and the controller only has the proportional component.



5.1.3.3 Feed forward

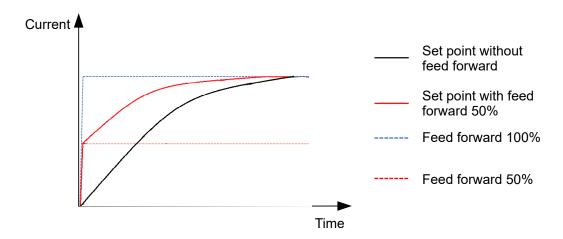
It is also possible to set a *velocity feed forward*, an *acceleration feed forward* (that corresponds to a torque/current value) and a *voltage feed forward*.

You can use the *feed forward* to add an already known or anticipated control variable to the set point ("predictive"). You can, e. g., compensate for the inertia of the load by adding an acceleration feed forward value to the output of the velocity controller.

The feed forward values are additionally fed to the speed/current control loop or added to the voltage value and are immediately available. A more dynamic control can thereby be achieved.



The following figure shows the current (produced by the acceleration) during the acceleration phase as a function of the *acceleration feed forward*. At a feed forward value of "50%", the current is at "50%" already at the start of the acceleration phase; the current controller is thereby "relieved".



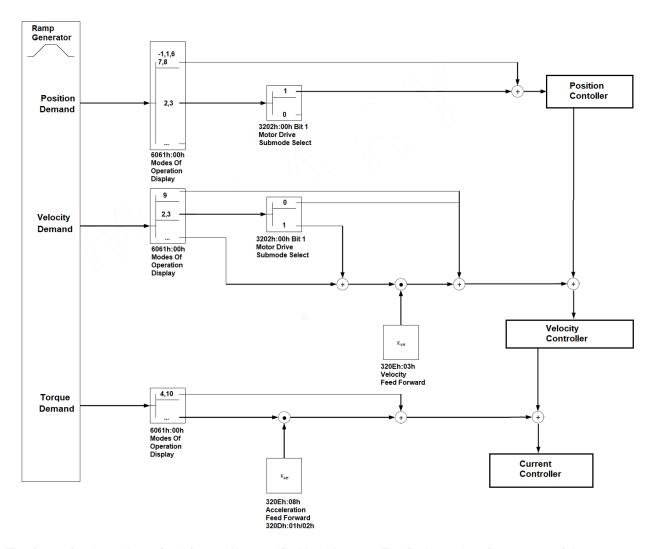
The factor for the *velocity feed forward* is set in object $320E_h$:03_h in tenths of a percent of the output of the ramp generator ($606B_h$) and added to the output of the position controller before the velocity controller. The *velocity feed forward* is active in all modes with position control loop:

- Profile Position
- Homing
- Interpolated Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position
- Clock-direction mode
- Velocity/Profile Velocity if bit 1 in 3202_h is set to "1"

The factor for the *acceleration feed forward* is set in object $320E_h$:08_h in tenths of a percent of the factor of $320D_h$ and multiplied by the output of the ramp generator (6074_h). The value is added to the output of the velocity controller before the current controller. The *acceleration feed forward* is active in all modes, with the exception of the torque modes.

The following figure shows the cases in which the feed forward is active and the position of the feed forward within the controller cascade.





The factor for the *voltage feed forward* is specified in object $320E_h$:0D_h in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current. If the factor is 1000‰ (factory setting), the voltage is immediately available and the actual current quickly reaches the rated current. As a result, there is practically no control deviation during acceleration and the current controller is relieved.

The *voltage feed forward* is active in all modes. To switch it off, set <u>320E</u>_h:0D_h to "0".

5.1.3.4 Commissioning

An auto setup should be performed before using *closed loop* mode. The auto setup operating mode automatically determines the necessary parameters (e.g., motor data, feedback systems) that are necessary for optimum operation of the field oriented control. All information necessary for performing the auto setup can be found in chapter Auto setup.

With the Plug & Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform the *auto setup*, as this was already performed at the factory.

Bit 0 in $\underline{3202}_h$ must be set . The bit is set automatically after a successfully completed auto setup.

5.1.3.5 Optimizations

In *closed loop*, the measured control variable (actual value) is constantly compared with a set point (set value). In the event of deviations between these values, the controller readjusts according to the specified control parameters.

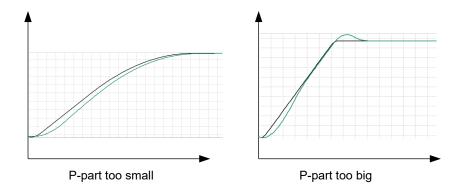
The objective of control parameter optimization (the so-called *tuning* of the controller) is the smoothest possible running of the motor, high accuracy and high dynamics in the reaction of the controller to faults. All control deviations should be eliminated as quickly as possible.



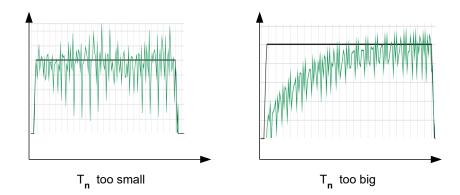
Due to the cascaded <u>Controller structure</u>, it is useful to start the optimization of the inner-most controller (current controller) before the velocity and – if applicable – the position controller are optimized. Each of the three controllers consists of a proportional and an integral component, which should normally be adjusted in this order.

The following figures show the reaction of the controller to a change in set value.

If the proportional component is too small, the actual value remains below the set value. A proportional component that is too large, on the other hand, results in "overshooting".



If the reset time is too small, the system tends toward oscillations. If the reset time is too large, the deviations are compensated for too slowly.



CAUTION

Risk of injury through uncontrolled motor movements!



Incorrect control parameters may result in an unstable control behavior. Unforeseen reactions can result.

- ▶ Increase the control parameters slowly and incrementally. Do not increase these further if you notice strong vibrations/oscillations.
- ▶ Do not reach for moving parts during operation. After switching off, wait until all movements have ended.



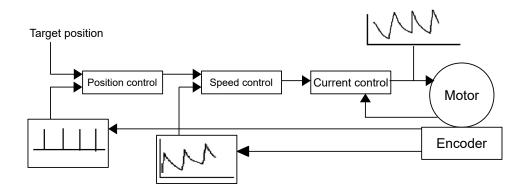
5.1.4 Slow Speed

5.1.4.1 Introduction

The *slow speed* mode combines the advantages of *open loop* and *closed loop* technologies in a low speed range and can be used if an encoder is present as feedback. *Slow speed* offers following error monitoring but is more smooth-running than in pure *closed loop* mode at low speeds.

The rotor orientation is detected via the signals of the encoder. To calculate the speed, the change of position is divided by the (fixed) cycle time. At low speeds, the controller counts fewer (or even no) encoder increments in one cycle, which leads to a speed curve with a relatively high number of peaks (in spite of the used low-pass filter).

Due to the cascaded control loop, this results in current peaks in *closed loop* mode, which can lead to uneven running, as the following figure shows.



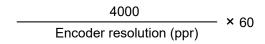
In the *slow speed* mode, the motor instead operates with constant phase current, as in *open loop*. The following error is, however, monitored by means of the encoder and the vector control of the magnetic field is activated if necessary, as in *closed loop*.

5.1.4.2 Activation

To activate the slow speed mode, you must:

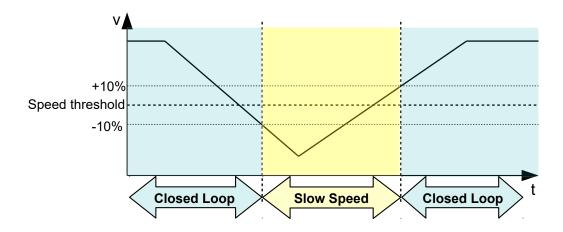
- 1. activate closed loop,
- 2. in object 3202_h (Motor Drive Submode Select), set bit 7 to "1".

The changeover between *slow speed* and *closed loop* occurs automatically at a speed that is dependent on the physical encoder resolution, with a hysteresis of 10%. This fixed changeover speed is calculated in revolutions per minute as follows:



The following figure shows the changeover as a function of speed in both directions.





While at a standstill, the motor is in *closed loop* mode.

5.1.4.3 Optimizations

The entire phase current remains constant as in *open loop*. Depending on the system, resonances may occur that you can avoid by adjusting the motor current and/or the acceleration ramp. See also chapter <u>Open Loop</u>.

During operation at various speed ranges, if changing between *closed loop* and *slow speed*, it may be necessary to:

- reduce the motor current (objects 6075_h, 6073_h) if changing from *closed loop* to *slow speed*,
- ascertain various control parameters (see <u>Controller structure</u>) for each speed range.

5.2 CiA 402 Power State Machine

5.2.1 State machine

5.2.1.1 CiA 402

To switch the controller to the ready state, it is necessary to run through a *state machine*. This is defined in *CANopen standard 402*. State changes are requested in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword). The actual state of the state machine can be found in object $\underline{6041}_h$ (statusword).

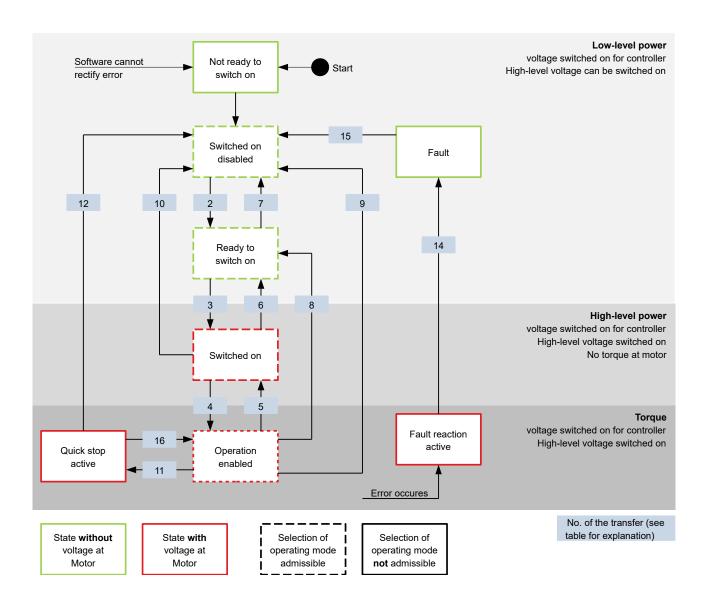
5.2.1.2 Controlword

State changes are requested via object 6040_h (controlword).

State transitions

The diagram shows the possible state transitions.





Listed in the following table are the bit combinations for the controlword that result in the corresponding state transitions. An X here corresponds to a bit state that requires no further consideration. Exceptions are the resetting of the error (fault reset) and the changeover from *Quick Stop Active* to *Operation Enabled*: the transition is only requested by the rising edge of the bit.

Command	Bit in object 6040 _h				Transition	
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	X	1	1	0	2, 6, 8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Disable voltage	0	Χ	Χ	0	Χ	7, 10, 9, 12
Quick stop	0	Χ	0	1	Χ	11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4
Enable operation after Quick stop	0	1		1	1	16



48

Command		Bit	in object	Transition		
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Fault reset		Χ	X	X	X	15

5.2.1.3 Statusword

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 _h)	State
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault

After switching on and successfully completing the self-test, the controller reaches the *Switch on disabled* state.



Note

If an unrecoverable error occurs, the controller changes to the *Not ready to switch on* state and remains there.

5.2.1.4 Operating mode

The operating mode is set in object 6060_h. The actually active operating mode is displayed in 6061_h.

The operating mode can be set or changed at any time.

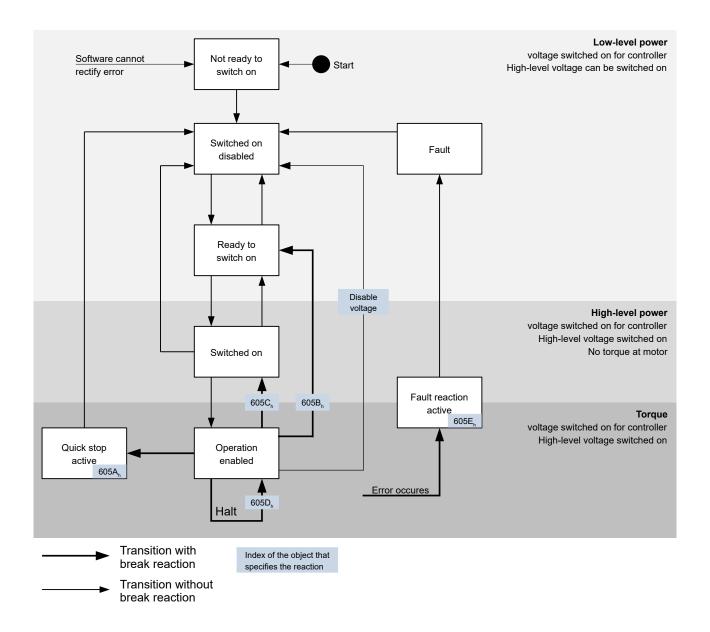
5.2.2 Behavior upon exiting the Operation enabled state

5.2.2.1 Halt motion reactions

Various halt motion reactions can be programmed upon exiting the Operation enabled state.

The following graphic shows an overview of the halt motion reactions.





5.2.2.2 Quick stop active

Transition to the Quick stop active state (quick stop option):

In this case, the action stored in object $\underline{605A}_h$ is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605A _h	Description				
0	Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled				
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled				
2	Braking with $quick\ stop\ ramp\ (\underline{6085}_h)$ and subsequent state change to $Switch\ on\ disabled$				
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.				



Value in object 605A _h	Description				
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.				

The *Quick stop active* state can also be reached when a limit switch is actuated; see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>.

5.2.2.3 Ready to switch on

Transition to the Ready to switch on state (shutdown option):

In this case, the action stored in object $\underline{605B}_h$ is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605B _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2 32767	Reserved

5.2.2.4 Switched on

Transition to the *Switched on* state (disable operation option):

In this case, the action stored in object 605C_h is executed (see following table).

Value in object 605C _h	Description				
-327681	Reserved				
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely				
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled				
2 32767	Reserved				

5.2.2.5 Halt

The bit is valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

When setting bit 8 in object 6040_h (controlword), the action stored in 605D_h is executed (see following table):

Value in object 605D _h	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)
3 32767	Reserved



5.2.2.6 Fault

Case of an error (fault):

If an error occurs, the motor will brake according to the value stored in object 605E_h.

Value in object 605E _h	Description			
-327681	Reserved			
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely			
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)			
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085 _h)			
3 32767	Reserved			

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object 1003_h.

5.2.2.7 Following/slippage error

If a following or slippage error occurs, the motor is braked according to the value stored in object 3700_h.

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085h)
3 32767	Reserved

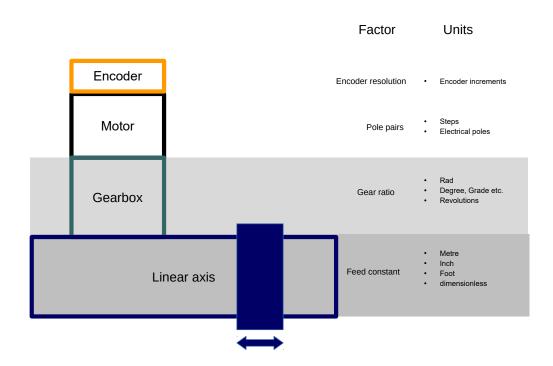
You can deactivate error monitoring by setting object $\underline{6065}_h$ to the value "-1" (FFFFFFF_h) or object $\underline{60F8}_h$ to the value "7FFFFFF_h".

5.3 User-defined units

The controller offers you the possibility to set user-defined units. It is thereby possible to set and read out the corresponding parameters, e.g., directly in degrees [°], millimeter [mm], etc.

Depending on the mechanical circumstances, you can also define a Gear ratio and/or a Feed constant.









Value changes of all objects that are described in this chapter are not immediately applied in the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>. For this to happen, the *Operation enabled* state must be exited.

5.3.1 Units

Units of the international unit system (*SI*) as well as a number of specific units are supported. It is also possible to specify a power of ten as a factor.

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the position and their values for $\underline{60A8}_h$ (Position unit) or $\underline{60A9}_h$ (Speed unit). Depending on the unit that is used, Feed constant (6092_h) and/or $\underline{Gear\ ratio}\ (\underline{6091}_h)$ are/is taken into account.

Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 _h	6092 _h	Description
meter	m	01 _h	yes	yes	Meter
inch	in	C1 _h	yes	yes	Inch (=0.0254 m)
foot	ft	C2 _h	yes	yes	Foot (=0.3048 m)
grade	g	40 _h	yes	no	Gradian (unit of angle, 400 corresponds to 360°)
radian	rad	10 _h	yes	no	Radian
degree	0	41 _h	yes	no	Degrees
arcminute	1	42 _h	yes	no	Arcminute (60'=1°)
arcsecond	"	43 _h	yes	no	Arcsecond (60"=1")
mechanical revolution		B4 _h	yes	no	Revolution



Name	Unit symbol	Value	6091 _h	6092 _h	Description
encoder increment		B5 _h	no	no	Encoder increments. Dependent on the used sensor (encoder/Hall sensor) and control mode. In open loop and sensorless mode, the number of pole pairs (2030 _h) multiplied by 65536 corresponds to one motor revolution.
step		AC _h	no	no	Steps. With 2-phase stepper motors, the number of pole pairs (2030_h) multiplied by 4 is equivalent to one revolution. With 3-phase BLDC motors, the number of pole pairs (2030_h) multiplied by 6 is equivalent to one revolution.
electrical pole		C0 _h	no	no	Electric poles. With a stepper motor that has, e.g., 50 pole pairs (2030 _h), the unit corresponds to 1/50 of a revolution.
limensionless		00_{h}	yes	yes	Dimensionless length unit

Listed in the following table are all supported units for the time and their values for 60A9_h (Speed unit):

Name	Unit symbol	Value	Description
second	S	03 _h	Second
minute	min	47 _h	Minute
hour	h	48 _h	Hour
day	d	49 _h	Day
year	а	4A _h	Year (=365.25 days)

Listed in the following table are the possible exponents and their values for $\underline{60A8}_h$ (Position unit) and $\underline{60A9}_h$ (Speed unit):

Factor	Exponent	Value
10 ⁶ 10 ⁵	6	06 _h
10 ⁵	5	05 _h
10 ¹	1	01 _h
10 ⁰	0	00 _h
10 ⁻¹	-1	FF _h
10 ⁻⁵	-5	FB _h
10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁶	-6	FA _h

5.3.2 Encoder resolution

The physical resolution for position measurement of the used encoder/sensor is calculated from the encoder increments ($\underline{60E6}_h$ (Encoder Increments)) per motor revolutions ($\underline{60EB}_h$ (Motor Revolutions)).

5.3.3 Gear ratio

The gear ratio is calculated from motor revolutions ($\underline{60E8}_h$ (Motor Shaft Revolutions)) per axis rotations ($\underline{60ED}_h$ (Driving Shaft Revolutions)).



5.3.4 Feed constant

The feed constant is calculated in user-defined position units from the feed ($\underline{60E9}_h$ (Feed) per revolution of the output shaft ($\underline{60EE}_h$ (Driving Shaft Revolutions).

The feed constant is useful for specifying the lead screw pitch for a linear axis and is used if the unit is based on length dimensions or if it is dimensionless.

5.3.5 Calculation formulas for user units

5.3.5.1 Position unit

Object 60A8_h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)									reser	ved (0	0h)			

Example

If $\underline{60A8}_h$ is written with the value "FF410000_h" (bits 16-23=41_h and bits 24-31=FF_h), the unit is set to *tenths of degree* (factory setting).

With a relative target position ($607A_h$) of 3600, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if <u>Gear ratio</u> is 1:1. The <u>Feed constant</u> plays no role in this case.

Example

If $\underline{60A8}_h$ is written with the value "FD010000_h" (bits 16-23=01_h and bits 24-31=FD_h(=-3)), the unit is set to *millimeter*.

With a relative target position ($\underline{607A}_h$) of 1, the motor moves exactly one mechanical revolution, if <u>Feed constant</u> and <u>Gear ratio</u> are 1:1.

If the <u>Feed constant</u> is set according to the lead screw pitch of a linear axis, the motor turns far enough that a feed of 1 mm is achieved.

5.3.5.2 Speed unit

Object 60A9_h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Facto	r						N	lomina	tor (Po	sition)		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	d (00h	1)			

Example



If $\underline{60A9}_h$ is written with the value "00B44700_h" (bits 8-15=00_h, bits 16-23=B4_h and bits 24-31=47_h), the unit is set to *revolutions per minute* (factory setting).

Example

If $\underline{60A9}_h$ is written with the value "FD010300_h" (bits 8-15=FD_h(=-3), bits 16-23=01_h and bits 24-31=03_h), the unit is set to *millimeters per second*.



Note

The speed unit in <u>Velocity</u> mode is preset to *revolutions per minute*. You can only set the unit via the 604Ch VI Dimension Factor.

Conversion factor for the speed unit

You can set an additional factor for the speed unit. Thus, a unit of, e.g., 1/3 revolutions/minute is possible. The factor n is calculated from the factor for numerator ($\underline{6096}_h$:01_h) divided by the factor for denominator ($\underline{6096}_h$:02_h).

$$n_{\text{velocity}} = \frac{6096_{\text{h}}:01}{6096_{\text{h}}:02}$$

5.3.5.3 Acceleration unit

The acceleration unit is speed unit per second.

Conversion factor for the acceleration unit

The factor n for the acceleration unit is calculated from the numerator (6097_h :01_h) divided by the denominator (6097_h :02_h).

$$n_{\text{acceleration}} = \frac{6097_{\text{h}}:01}{6097_{\text{L}}:02}$$

5.3.5.4 Jerk unit

The jerk unit is Acceleration unit per second.

Conversion factor for jerk

The factor n for the jerk is calculated from the numerator ($\underline{60A2}_h$:01_h) divided by the denominator ($\underline{60A2}_h$:02_h).

$$n_{jerk} = \frac{60A2_{h}:01}{60A2_{h}:02}$$

5.4 Limitation of the range of motion



The digital inputs can be used as limit switches, as is described in chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>, if you activate this function for the inputs. The controller also supports software limit switches.

5.4.1 Behavior upon reaching the limit switch

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 (Warning) is set in $\underline{6041}_h$ (statusword) and the action that is stored in object $\underline{3701}_h$ executed (see following table).

Value in object 3701 _h	Description
-1 (factory settings)	No reaction (e.g., to execute a homing operation)
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

As long as the limit switch is still active, travel in the direction of the limit switch is blocked; it is, however, possible to travel in the opposite direction.

Bit 7 (*Warning*) in <u>6041</u>_h is not deleted until the limit switch is deactivated and the limit switch position has been passed back over.





The quick-stop bit (bit 2) in 6040_h is not automatically set to "0" when the state changes to *Quick stop active*.

▶ If you want to change the <u>state machine</u> back to the *Operation enabled* state, you must set the bit to "0" and then to "1" again.

5.4.2 Software limit switches

The controller takes into account software limit switches ($\underline{607D_h}$ (Software Position Limit)). Target positions ($\underline{607A_h}$) are limited by $\underline{607D_h}$; the absolute target position may not be larger than the limits in $\underline{607D_h}$. If the motor is located outside of the permissible range when setting up the limit switches, only travel commands in the direction of the permissible range are accepted.

5.5 Cycle times

The controller operates with a cycle time of 1 ms. This means that data are processed every 1 ms; multiple changes to a value (e.g., value of an object or level at a digital input) within one ms cannot be detected.

The following table includes an overview of the cycle times of the various processes.

Task	Cycle time
Application	1 ms
NanoJ application	1 ms
Current controller	62.5 µs (16 kHz)
Velocity controller	250 μs (4 kHz)



Task	Cycle time
Position controller	1 ms



6 Operating modes

6.1 Profile Position

6.1.1 Overview

6.1.1.1 Description

Profile Position Mode is used to move to positions relative to the last target position or to an absolute position (last reference position). During the movement, the limit values for the speed, starting acceleration/braking deceleration and jerks are taken into account.

6.1.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "1" must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{\text{CiA 402 Power}}$ State Machine").

6.1.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1". An exception occurs if changing from another operating mode to *profile position*: If bit 4 is already set, it does not need to be set to "0" and then back to "1" in order to start the travel command.
- Bit 5: If this bit is set to "1", a travel command triggered by bit 4 is immediately executed. If it is set to "0", the just executed travel command is completed and only then is the next travel command started.
- Bit 6: With "0", the target position (607A_h) is absolute and with "1" the target position is relative. The reference position is dependent on bits 0 and 1 of object 60F2_h.
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D_h.
- Bit 9 (Change on setpoint): If this bit is set, the speed is not changed until the first target position is reached. This means that, before the first target is reached, no braking is performed, as the motor should not come to a standstill at this position.

	Controlword 6040 _h						
Bit 9	Bit 5	Definition					
Χ	1	The new target position is moved to immediately.					
0	0	Positioning is completed before moving to the next target position with the new limits.					
1	0	The current target position is only passed through; afterwards, the new target position is moved to with the new values.					

For further information, see figure in "Setting travel commands".



Note

Bit 9 in the controlword is ignored if the ramp speed is not met at the target point. In this case, the controller would need to reset and take a run-up to reach the preset.

6.1.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:



- Bit 10 (Target Reached): This bit is set to "1" if the last target was reached and the motor remains within a tolerance window (6067_h) for a preset time (6068_h).
- Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607Dh.
- Bit 12 (Set-point acknowledge): This bit confirms receipt of a new and valid set point. It is set and reset in sync with the "New set-point" bit in the controlword.

There is an exception in the event that a new movement is started before another one has completed and the next movement is not to occur until after the first one has finished. In this case, the bit is reset if the command was accepted and the controller is ready to execute new travel commands. If a new travel command is sent even though this bit is still set, the newest travel command is ignored.

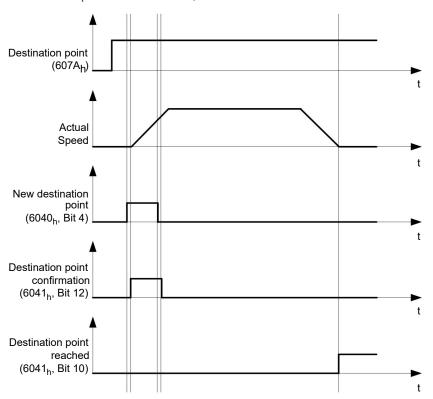
The bit is not set if one of the following conditions is met:

- □ The new target position can no longer be reached while adhering to all boundary conditions.
- A target position was already traveled to and a target position was already specified. A new target position can only be specified after the current positioning has been concluded.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065_h (Following Error Window) and 6066_h (Following Error Time Out)).

6.1.2 Setting travel commands

6.1.2.1 Travel command

In object $\underline{607A_h}$ (Target Position), the new target position is specified in user units (see $\underline{\text{User-defined units}}$). The travel command is then triggered by setting bit 4 in object $\underline{6040_h}$ (controlword). If the target position is valid, the controller responds with bit 12 in object $\underline{6041_h}$ (statusword) and begins the positioning move. As soon as the position is reached, bit 10 in the statusword is set to "1".



The controller can also reset bit 4 in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword) on its own. This is set with bits 4 and 5 of object $\underline{60F2}_h$.

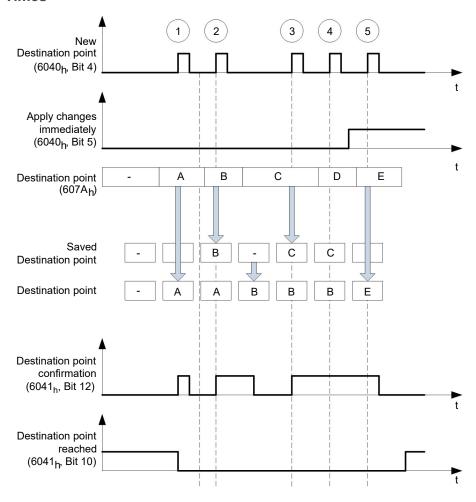
6.1.2.2 Other travel commands

Bit 12 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ (statusword, set-point acknowledge) changes to "0" if another travel command can be buffered (see time 1 in the following figure). As long as a target position is being moved to, a second target position can be passed to the controller in preparation. All parameters – such as speed, acceleration, braking deceleration, etc. – can thereby be reset (time 2). If the buffer is empty, the next time can be queued up (time 3).



If the buffer is already full, a new set point is ignored (time 4). If bit 5 in object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword, bit: "Change Set-Point Immediately") is set, the controller operates without the buffer; new travel commands are implemented directly (time 5).

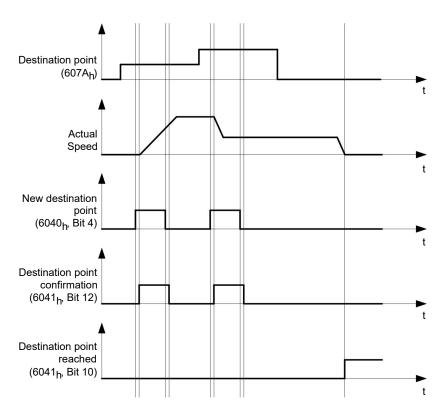
Times



Transition procedure for second target position

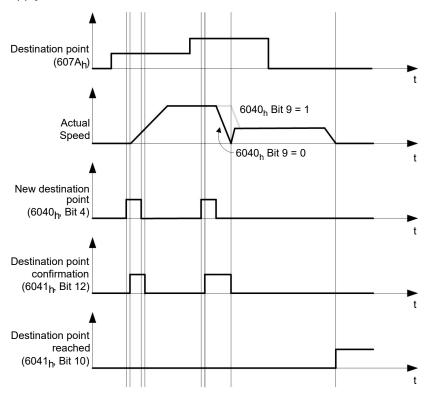
The following graphic shows the transition procedure for the second target position while moving to the first target position. In this figure, bit 5 of object 6040_h (controlword) is set to "1"; the new target value is, thus, taken over immediately.





Possibilities for moving to a target position

If bit 9 in object $\underline{6040}_h$ (controlword) is equal to "0", the current target position is first moved to completely. In this example, the final speed ($\underline{6082}_h$) of the target position is equal to zero. If bit 9 is set to "1", the profile speed ($\underline{6081}_h$) is maintained until the target position is reached; only then do the new boundary conditions apply.



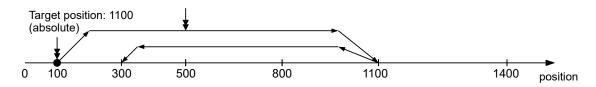
Possible combinations of travel commands

To provide a better overview of the travel commands, combinations of travel commands are listed and depicted in this chapter.

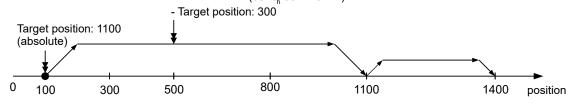


The following applies for the figures below:

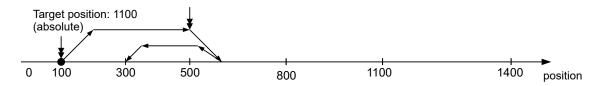
- A double arrow indicates a new travel command.
- The first travel command at the start is always an absolute travel command to position 1100.
- The second movement is performed at a lower speed so as to present the graphs in a clear manner.
 - Change on setpoint $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5=0)$
 - Move absolute (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 0
 - Target position: 300



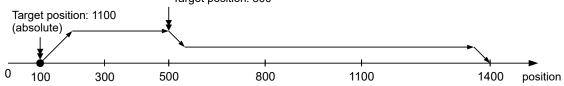
- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2:00 = 0)
- Change on setpoint $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5=0)$
- Move relative (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 1)



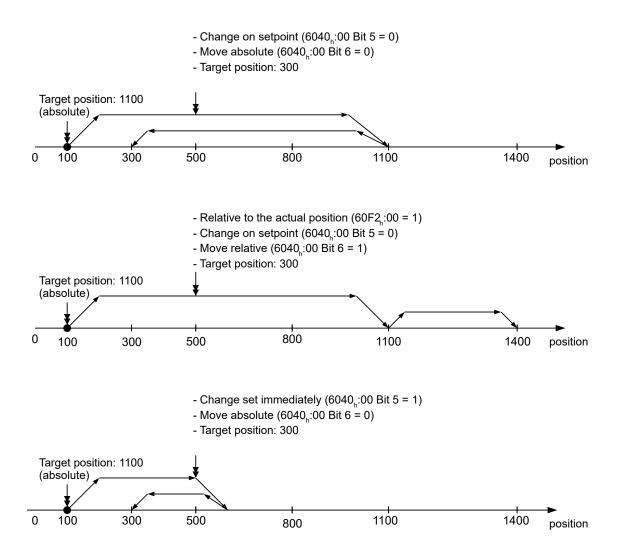
- Change set immediately $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5 = 1)$
- Move absolute $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 6 = 0)$
- Target position: 300



- Relative to the preceding target position (60F2,:00 = 0)
- Change set immediately $(6040_h:00 \text{ Bit } 5 = 1)$
- Move relative (6040, 000) Bit 6 = 1)
- Target position: 300

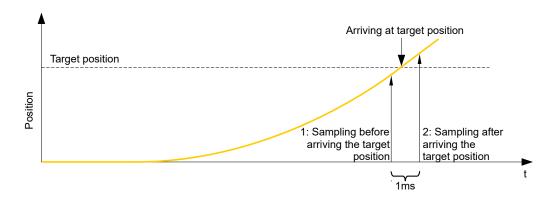






6.1.3 Loss of accuracy for relative movements

When linking together relative movements, a loss of accuracy may occur if the final speed is not set to zero. The following graphic illustrates the reason.



The current position is sampled once per millisecond. It is possible that the target position is reached between two samples. If the final speed is not equal to zero, then, after the target position is reached, the sample is used as an offset as the basis for the subsequent movement. As a result, the subsequent movement may go somewhat farther than expected.



6.1.4 Boundary conditions for a positioning move

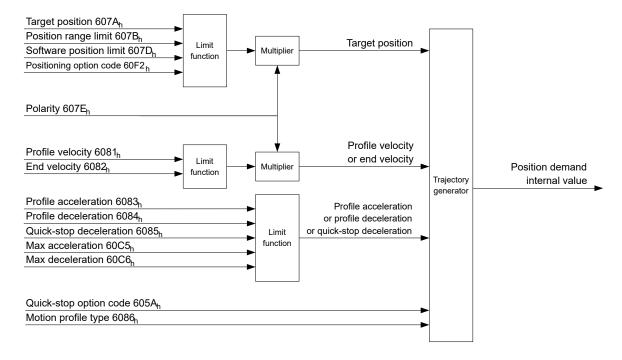
6.1.4.1 Object entries

The boundary conditions for the position that has been moved to can be set in the following entries of the object dictionary:

- 607A_h: (Target Position): Planned target position
- 607D_h: (Software Position Limit): Definition of the limit stops (see chapter <u>Software limit switches</u>)
- 607C_h (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>. (See "<u>Homing</u>")
- 607B_h (Position Range Limit): Limits of a modulo operation for replicating an endless rotation axis
- 607_h (Polarity): Direction of rotation
- 6081_h (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6082_h (End Velocity): Speed upon reaching the target position
- 6083_h (Profile Acceleration): Desired starting acceleration
- 6084_h (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration
- 6085_h (Quick Stop Deceleration): Emergency-stop braking deceleration in case of the "Quick stop active" state of the "CiA 402 Power State Machine"
- 6086_h (Motion Profile Type): Type of ramp to be traveled; if the value is "0", the jerk is not limited; if the value is "3", the values of 60A4_h:1_h-4_h are set as limits for the jerk.
- 60C5_h (Max Acceleration): The maximum acceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60C6_h (Max Deceleration): The maximum braking deceleration that may not be exceeded when moving to the end position
- 60A4_h (Profile Jerk), subindex 01_h to 04_h: Objects for specifying the limit values for the jerk.
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- 60F2_h: (Positioning Option Code): Defines the positioning behavior
- 60B0_h (Position Offset): Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>

6.1.4.2 Objects for the positioning move

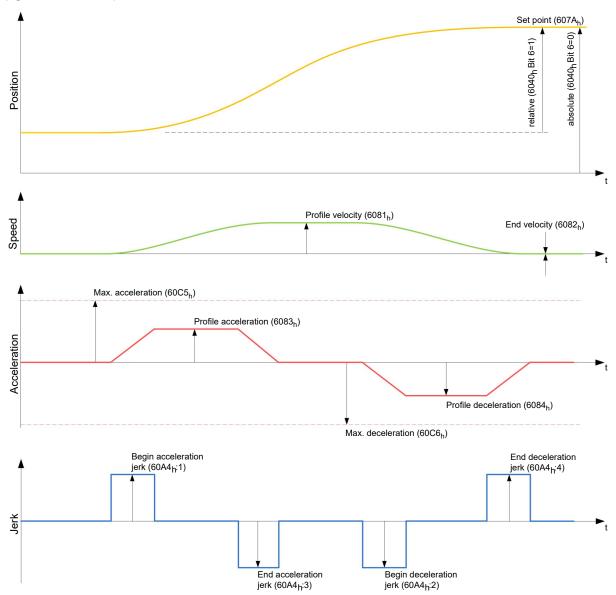
The following graphic shows the objects involved in the boundary conditions of the positioning move.





6.1.4.3 Parameters for the target position

The following graphic shows an overview of the parameters that are used for moving to a target position (figure not to scale).



6.1.5 Jerk-limited mode and non-jerk-limited mode

6.1.5.1 Description

A distinction is made between the "jerk-limited" and "non-jerk-limited" modes.

6.1.5.2 Jerk-limited mode

Jerk-limited positioning can be achieved by setting object $\underline{6086}_h$ to "3". The entries for the jerks in subindices :1_h-4_h of object $\underline{60A4}$ thereby become valid.

6.1.5.3 Non-jerk-limited mode

A "non-jerk-limited" ramp is traveled if the entry in object 6086_h is set to "0" (default setting).



6.2 Velocity

6.2.1 Description

This mode operates the motor at a preset target speed, similar to a frequency inverter. Unlike the *profile velocity mode*, this mode does not permit the selection of jerk-limited ramps.

6.2.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "2" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power</u> State Machine").

6.2.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the acceleration ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes according to the deceleration ramp and comes to a standstill.

6.2.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target speed is above or below the set limit values.

6.2.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 604C_h (Dimension Factor):
 - The unit for speed values is defined here for the following objects.
 - Subindex 1 contains the denominator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the numerator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).
- 6042_h: Target Velocity.
 - The target speed is set here in user-defined units.
- 6048_h: Velocity Acceleration
 - This object defines the acceleration. Subindex 1 contains the change in speed, subindex 2 the corresponding time in seconds. Both together are used to calculate the acceleration:

VL velocity acceleration =
$$\frac{\text{Delta speed } (6048_{\text{h}}:1)}{\text{Delta time } (6048_{\text{h}}:2)}$$

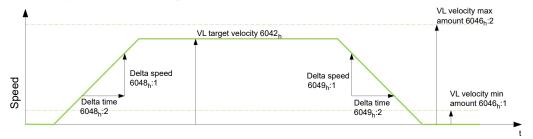
- 6049_h (Velocity Deceleration):
 - This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp). The subindices here are arranged as described in object $\underline{6048}_h$; the change in speed is to be specified with positive sign.
- <u>6046</u>_h (Velocity Min Max Amount):
 - The limitations of the target speeds are specified in this object.
 - The minimum speed is set in $\underline{6046_h}$:1_h. If the target speed ($\underline{6042_h}$) falls below the minimum speed, the value is limited to the minimum speed $\underline{6046_h}$:1_h.
 - The maximum speed is set in $\underline{6046_h}$:2_h. If the target speed ($\underline{6042_h}$) exceeds the maximum speed, the value is limited to the maximum speed $\underline{6046_h}$:2_h.
- 604A_h (Velocity Quick Stop):
 - This object can be used to set the quick-stop ramp. Subindices 1 and 2 are identical to those described for object 6048_h.
- 60B1_h (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in user-defined units

The following objects can be used to check the function:

- 6043_h (VI Velocity Demand)
- 6044_h (VI Velocity Actual Value)

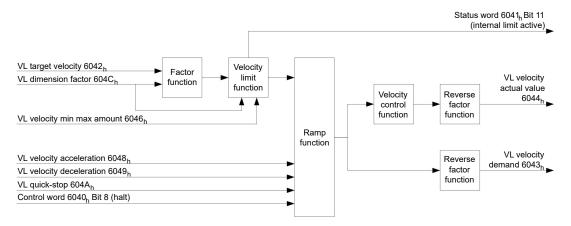


6.2.5.1 Speeds in Velocity Mode



6.2.5.2 Objects for Velocity Mode

The ramp generator follows the target speed, remaining within the set speed and acceleration limits. As long as a limit is active, bit 11 in object 6041_h is set (internal limit active).



6.3 Profile Velocity

6.3.1 Description

This mode operates the motor in Velocity Mode with extended (jerk-limited) ramps. Unlike *Velocity Mode* (see "Velocity"), the statusword is used in this mode to indicate whether the target speed is reached.

6.3.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "3" must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{\text{CiA 402 Power}}$ State Machine").

6.3.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill.

6.3.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 in the controlword, this bit specifies whether the target speed is reached, if braking is taking place or if the motor is at a standstill (see table).



	6041 _h Bit 10	6040 _h Bit 8	Description
0	()	Target speed not reached
0	•	1	Axis braking
1	(0	Target speed within target window (defined in $\underline{606D_h}$ h and $\underline{606E_h}$)
1	,	1	Axis speed is 0

- Bit 12: This bit indicates whether the actual speed is zero.

 If the actual speed is greater than the value in 606F_h(Velocity Threshold) for a time of 6070_h(Velocity Threshold Time), this bit has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".
- Bit 13 (Deviation Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the slippage error is greater than the set limits (60F8h Max Slippage and 203Fh Max Slippage Time Out).

6.3.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

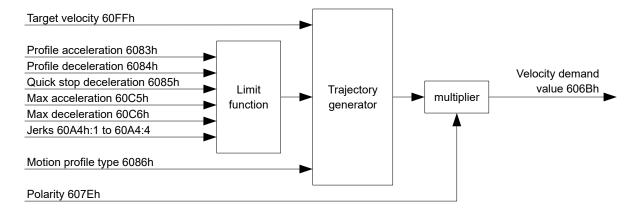
- 606B_h (Velocity Demand Value):
 This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.
- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value): Indicates the current actual speed.
- 606D_h (Velocity Window): This value specifies by how much the actual speed may vary from the set speed for bit 10 (target speed reached; Target Reached") in object 6041_h (statusword) to be set to "1".
- 606E_h (Velocity Window Time): This object specifies how long the actual speed and the set speed must be close to one another (see 606D_h "Velocity Window") for bit 10 "Target speed reached" in object 6041_h (statusword) to be set to "1".
- <u>607E</u>_h (Polarity):

If bit 6 is set to "1" here, the sign of the target speed is reversed.

- 6083_h (Profile acceleration):
 - Sets the value for the acceleration ramp.
- 6084_h (Profile Deceleration):
 - Sets the value for the deceleration ramp.
- 6085_h (Quick Stop Deceleration):
 - Sets the value for the deceleration ramp for rapid braking.
- 6086_h (Motion Profile Type):
 - The ramp type can be selected here ("0" = trapezoidal ramp, "3" = jerk-limited ramp).
- 60FF_h (Target Velocity):
 - Specifies the target speed that is to be reached.
- The speed is is limited by 607F_h (Max Profile Velocity) and 6080_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- 60B1_h (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>



6.3.5.1 Objects in Profile Velocity Mode

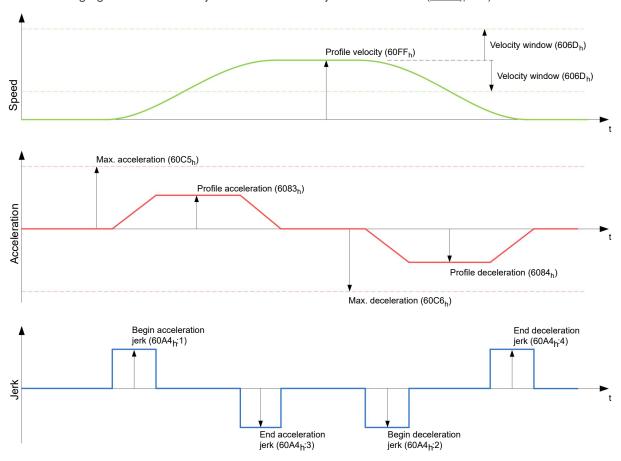


6.3.5.2 Activation

After the mode is selected in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) and the "Power State machine" (see " $\underline{\text{CiA}}$ $\underline{402 \text{ Power State Machine}}$ ") is switched to *Operation enabled*, the motor is accelerated to the target speed in object $\underline{60FF}_h$ (see following figures). The speed and acceleration values are taken into account here; for jerk-limited ramps, the jerk-limit values are also taken into account.

6.3.5.3 Limitations in the jerk-limited case

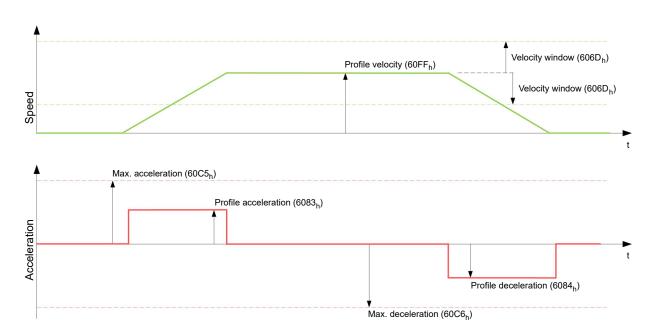
The following figure shows the adjustable limits in the jerk-limited case ($6086_h = 3$).



6.3.5.4 Limitations in the trapezoidal case

This figure shows the adjustable limitations for the trapezoidal case $(6086_h = 0)$.





6.4 Profile Torque

6.4.1 Description

In this mode, the torque is preset as a set value and reached via a ramp function.



Note

This mode only functions if closed loop is activated, see also Commissioning Closed Loop.

6.4.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "4" must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{CiA\ 402\ Power}$ $\underline{State\ Machine}$ ").

6.4.3 Controlword

The following bits in object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. If this bit is set from "1" to "0", the motor is started up according to the presets. When setting from "0" to "1", the motor is again brought to a standstill, taking the preset values into consideration.

6.4.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

■ Bit 10 (Target Reached): In combination with bit 8 of object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword), this bit indicates whether the specified torque is reached (see following table). The target is considered having been met if the current torque (<u>6077h Torque Actual Value</u>) is within a tolerance window (<u>203Dh Torque Window</u>) for a specified time (<u>203Eh Torque Window Time Out</u>).

6040 _h Bit 8	6041 _h Bit 10	Description			
0	0	Specified torque not reached			
0	1	Specified torque reached			
1	0	Axis brakes			
1	1	Axis speed is 0			



■ Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The target torque (6071_h) exceeds the maximum torque entered in 6072_h.

6.4.5 Object entries

All values of the following entries in the object dictionary are to be specified as a thousandth of the maximum torque, which corresponds to the rated current ($203B_h$:01_h). This includes the objects:

- <u>6071</u>_h (Target Torque): Target torque
- 6072_h (Max Torque):
 Maximum torque during the entire ramp (accelerate, maintain torque, decelerate)
- 6073_h (Max Current): Maximum current. The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.
- 6074_h (Torque Demand):
 Current output value of the ramp generator (torque) for the controller
- 6087_h (Torque Slope): Max. change in torque per second
- 60B2_h (Torque Offset): Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent





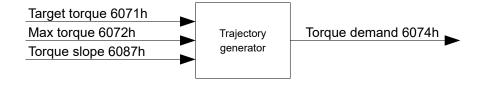
These values are not limited to 100% of the rated current ($\underline{203B_h}$:01_h). Torque values greater than the rated torque (generated from the rated current) can be achieved if the maximum duration ($\underline{203B_h}$:02_h) of the maximum current ($\underline{6073_h}$) is set (see $\underline{12t \, Motor \, overload \, protection}$). All torque objects are limited by the maximum motor current ($\underline{2031_h}$).

The following objects are also needed for this operating mode:

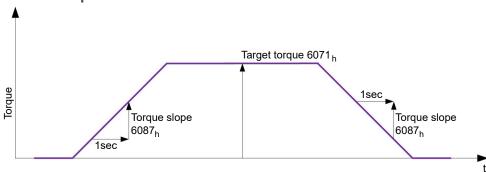
■ 3202_h Bit 5 (Motor Drive Submode Select):

If this bit is set to "0", the drive controller is operated in the torque-limited Velocity Mode, i.e., the maximum speed can be limited in object 6080_h and the controller can operate in field weakening mode. If this bit is set to "1", the controller operates in the ("Real") Torque Mode; the maximum speed cannot be limited here and field weakening mode is not possible.

6.4.5.1 Objects of the ramp generator



6.4.5.2 Torque curve





6.5 Homing

6.5.1 Overview

6.5.1.1 Description

The purpose of the homing method is to align the position zero point of the controller with an encoder index or position switch.

6.5.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "6" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

Tip



If home switches and/or limit switches are used, these special functions must first be activated in the I/O configuration (see "Digital inputs and outputs").

To use the limit switch, you must also set object <u>3701</u>_h to "-1" (factory setting) to prevent blocking the further travel of the motor.

6.5.1.3 Controlword

The following bits in object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 4: If the bit is set to "1", referencing is started. This is performed until either the reference position is reached or bit 4 is reset to "0".

6.5.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 10	Description
0	0	0	Homing is performed
0	0	1	Homing is interrupted or not started
0	1	0	Homing has been performed since the last restart but target is not currently reached
0	1	1	Homing completed
1	0	0	Error during homing, motor still turning
1	0	1	Error during homing, motor at standstill

Note



Bit 12 in Homing mode is set to 1 after the first fully completed homing operation since the restart. It is only reset to 0

- during all subsequent homing operations
- in the event of an error during a homing operation (permanently deleted until a new homing operation is fully completed).

6.5.1.5 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

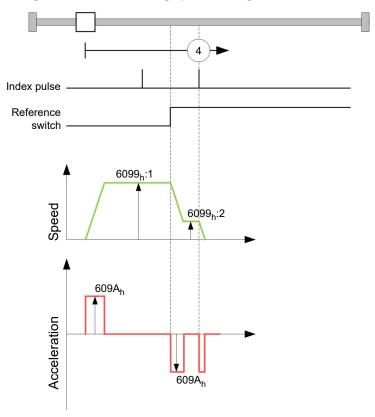
607C_h (Home Offset): Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in <u>user-defined units</u>.



- 6098_h (Homing Method):
 Method to be used for referencing (see "Homing method")
- 6099_h:01_h (Speed During Search For Switch): Speed for the search of the switch
- 6099_h:02_h (Speed During Search For Zero): Speed for the search of the index
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- 609A_h (Homing Acceleration):
 Starting acceleration and braking deceleration for homing
- 203A_h:01_h (Minimum Current For Block Detection):
 Minimum current threshold which, if exceeded, is to detect the blocking of the motor at a block.
- 203A_h:02_h (Period Of Blocking):
 Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to run against the block after block detection.

Homing speeds

The figure shows the homing speeds using method 4 as an example:



6.5.2 Homing method

6.5.2.1 Description

The homing method is written as a number in object $\underline{6098}_h$ and decides whether, on a switch edge (rising/falling), a current threshold for block detection or an index pulse is referenced or in which direction homing starts. Methods that use the index pulse of the encoder lie in the number range 1 to 14, 33 and 34. Methods that do not use the index pulse of the encoder lie between 17 and 30, but are identical to methods 1 to 14 with respect to the travel profiles. These number are shown in circles in the following figures. Methods for which no limit switches are used and, instead, travel against a block is to be detected, a minus must be placed before the method number when making the call.

In the following graphics, the negative movement direction is to the left. The *limit switch* is located before the respective mechanical block; the *home switch* is located between the two limit switches. The index pulses come from the connected encoder.



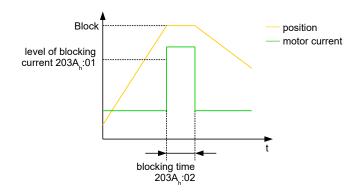
For methods that use homing on block, the same figures apply as for the methods with limit switch. Because nothing is different aside from the missing limit switches, the same figures are used. For the figures here, the limit switches must be replaced with a mechanical block.

6.5.2.2 Homing on block

Homing on block currently only functions in closed loop mode.

"Homing on block" functions like every homing method with the difference that instead of a limit switch, a block (limit stop) is used for positioning. Two settings are to be made here:

- Current level: In object <u>203A</u>_h:01, the current level is defined above which movement against the block is detected.
- **2.** Blocking duration: In object $\underline{203A}_n$:02, the duration during which the motor moves against the block is set.



6.5.2.3 Overview of methods

Methods 1 to 14 as well as 33 and 34 use the index pulse of the encoder.

Methods 17 to 32 are identical to methods 1 to 14 with the difference that only limit or home switches are used for referencing and not the index pulse.

- Methods 1 to 14 use an index pulse.
- Methods 17 to 30 do not use an index pulse.
- Methods 33 and 34 reference only to the next index pulse.
- Method 35 references to the current position.

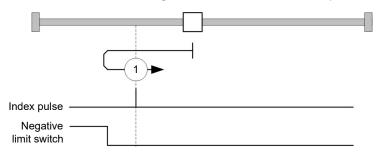
The following methods can be used for homing on block:

- Methods -1 to -2 and -7 to -14 contain an index pulse
- Methods -17 to -18 and -23 to -30 have no index pulse

6.5.2.4 Methods 1 and 2

Reference to limit switches and index pulse.

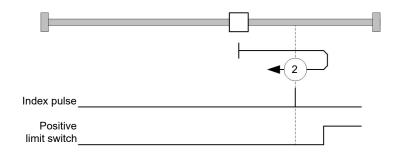
Method 1 references to negative limit switch and index pulse:



Method 2 references to positive limit switch and index pulse:



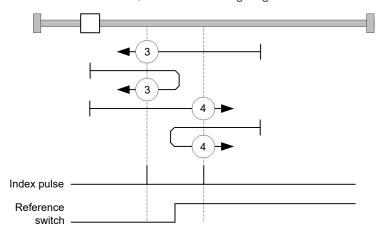
75



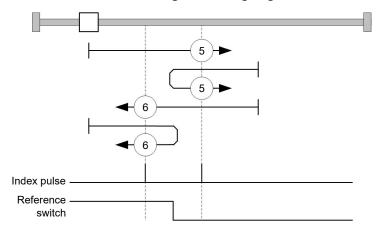
6.5.2.5 Methods 3 to 6

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch and index pulse.

With methods 3 and 4, the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 5 and 6, the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



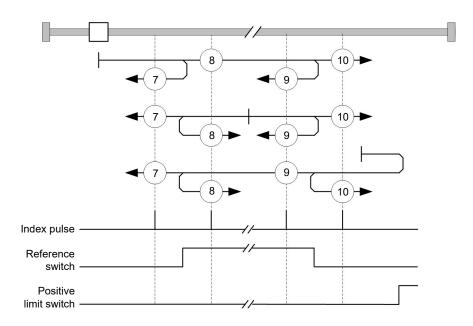
6.5.2.6 Methods 7 to 14

Reference to the home switch and index pulse (with limit switches).

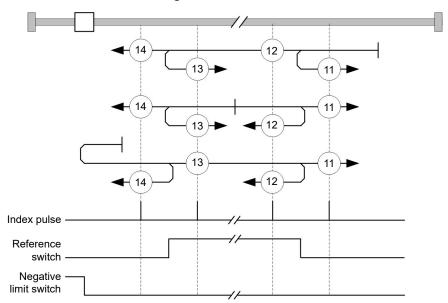
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 10, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 7 to 10 take the positive limit switch into account:





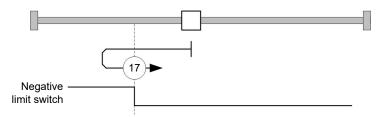
Methods 11 to 14 take the negative limit switch into account:



6.5.2.7 Methods 17 and 18

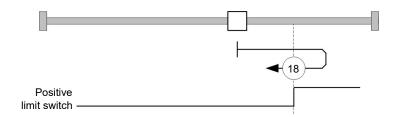
Reference to the limit switch without the index pulse.

Method 17 references to the negative limit switch:



Method 18 references to the positive limit switch:

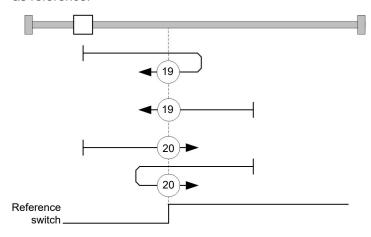




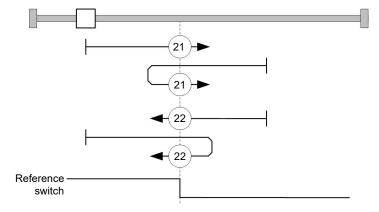
6.5.2.8 Methods 19 to 22

Reference to the switching edge of the home switch without the index pulse.

With methods 19 and 20 (equivalent to methods 3 and 4), the left switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



With methods 21 and 22 (equivalent to methods 5 and 6), the right switching edge of the home switch is used as reference:



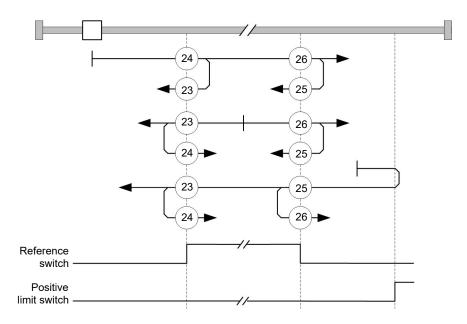
6.5.2.9 Methods 23 to 30

Reference to the home switch without the index pulse (with limit switches).

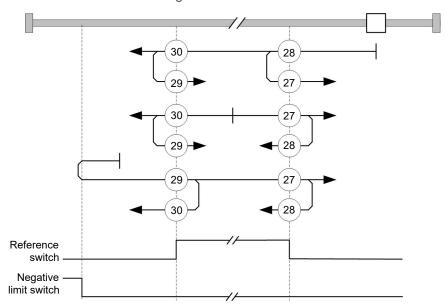
With these methods, the current position relative to the home switch is not important. With method 26, for example, referencing is always performed to the index pulse to the right of the right edge of the home switch.

Methods 23 to 26 take the positive home switch into account:





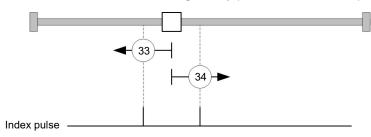
Methods 27 to 30 take the negative home switch into account:



6.5.2.10 Methods 33 and 34

Reference to the next index pulse.

With these methods referencing is only performed to the respective subsequent index pulse:



6.5.2.11 Method 35

References to the current position.





Note

For homing mode 35, it is not necessary to switch the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the "Operation enabled" state. When energizing the motor windings in *open loop* mode, it is thereby possible to prevent the current position from not being exactly 0 after Homing Mode 35.

6.6 Interpolated Position Mode

6.6.1 Overview

6.6.1.1 Description

Interpolated position mode is used to synchronize multiple axes. For this purpose, a higher-level controller performs the ramp and path calculation and passes the respective demand position, at which the axis is to be located at a certain time, to the controller. The controller interpolates between these intermediate position points.

6.6.1.2 Synchronization with the SYNC object

For interpolated position mode, it is necessary that the controller synchronizes with the SYNC object (depending on the fieldbus). This SYNC object is to be sent by the higher-level controller in regular intervals. Synchronization occurs as soon as the controller is switched to the *Operational* NMT mode.



Note

Where possible, it is recommended that a time interval of the SYNC object be used.

6.6.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "7" must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see " $\underline{\text{CiA 402 Power}}$ State Machine").

6.6.3 Controlword

The following bits in object 6040_h (controlword) have a special function:

- Bit 4 activates the interpolation when it is set to "1".
- Bit 8 (Halt): If this bit is set to "1", the motor stops. On a transition from "1" to "0", the motor accelerates with the set start ramp to the target speed. On a transition from "0" to "1", the motor brakes and comes to a standstill. The braking deceleration is dependent here on the setting of the "Halt Option Code" in object 605D_h.

6.6.4 Statusword

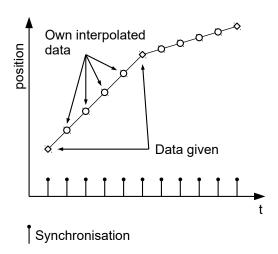
The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Target position reached: This bit is set to "1" if the target position was reached (if the halt bit in the controlword is "0") or the axis has speed 0 (if the halt bit in the last control word was "1").
- Bit 12 (IP mode active): This bit is set to "1" if interpolation is active.
- Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065_h (Following Error Window) and 6066_h (Following Error Time Out)).

6.6.5 Use

The controller follows a linearly interpolated path between the current position and the preset target position. The (next) target position must be written in record $60C1_h$:01_h.





In the current implementation, only

- linear interpolation
- and a target position

are supported.

6.6.6 Setup

The following setup is necessary:

- 60C2_h:01_h: Time between two passed target positions in ms.
- 60C4_h:06_h: This object is to be set to "1" to be able to modify the target position in object 60C1_h:01_h.
- 6081_h (Profile Velocity): Maximum speed with which the position is to be approached
- 6084_h (Profile Deceleration): Desired braking deceleration during braking
- 60C6_h: (Max Deceleration): The maximum allowed braking deceleration
- Only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated: The speed is limited by <u>607F</u>_h (Max Profile Velocity) and <u>6080</u>_h (Max Motor Speed); the smaller value is used as the limit.
- To be able to turn the motor, the *power state machine* is to be set to the *Operation enabled* state (see <u>CiA</u> 402 Power State Machine).

6.6.7 Operation

After setting up, the task of the higher-level controller is to write the target positions to object $\underline{60C1}_h:01_h$ in time.

6.7 Cyclic Synchronous Position

6.7.1 Overview

6.7.1.1 Description

In this mode, the controller receives an absolute position preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

The target position is transferred cyclically (via *PDO*). Bit 4 in the controlword does not need to be set (unlike the <u>Profile Position</u> mode).



Note

The target is absolute and, thus, independent of how often it was sent per cycle.



6.7.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "8" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

6.7.1.3 Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword <u>6040</u>_h have no special function.

6.7.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\underline{607A}_h$ (Target Position) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object $\underline{607A}_h$ (Target Position) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	No following error
13	1	Following error

Bit 11: Limit exceeded: The demand position is above or below the limit values set in 607Dh.

6.7.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 607A_h (Target Position): This object must be written cyclically with the position set value.
- <u>607B</u>_h (Position Range Limit): This object contains the preset for an overrun or underrun of the position specification.
- 607D_h (Software Position Limit): This object defines the limitations within which the position specification (607A_h) must be located.
- <u>6065</u>_h (Following Error Window): This object specifies a tolerance corridor in both the positive and negative direction from the set specification. If the actual position is outside of this corridor for longer than the specified time (<u>6066</u>_h), a following error is reported.
- 6066_h (Following Error Time Out): This object specifies the time range in milliseconds. If the actual position is outside of the position corridor (6065_h) for longer than this time range, a following error is triggered.
- 6085_h (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered.
- 605A_h (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop.
- Only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated: <u>6080</u>_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- <u>60C2</u>_h:01_h (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in <u>607A</u>_h in these time intervals.
 - The following applies here: cycle time = value of $\underline{60C2}_h$:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.
- 60C2_h:02_h (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2_h:02_h=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
- 60B0_h (Position Offset): Offset for the position set value in <u>user-defined units</u>

The following objects can be read in this mode:

■ 6064_h (Position Actual Value)



- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value)
- 60F4_h (Following Error Actual Value)

6.8 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity

6.8.1 Overview

6.8.1.1 Description

In this mode, the controller passes a speed preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.

6.8.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "9" must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u>").

6.8.1.3 Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword 6040_h have no special function.

6.8.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\underline{60FF}_h$ (Target Velocity) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object <u>60FF</u> _h (Target Velocity) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	Reserved
13	1	Reserved

6.8.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 60FF_h (Target Velocity): This object must be written cyclically with the speed set value.
- 6085_h (Quick-Stop Deceleration): This object contains the braking deceleration for the case that a quick-stop is triggered (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 605A_h (Quick-Stop Option Code): This object contains the option that is to be executed in the event of a quick-stop (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- <u>60C2</u>_h:01_h (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in <u>60FF</u>_h in these time intervals.
 - The following applies here: cycle time = value of $\underline{60C2}_h$:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.
- 60C2_h:02_h (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2_h:02_h=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
- 60B1_h (Velocity Offset): Offset for the speed set value in <u>user-defined units</u>

The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value)
- 607E_h (Polarity)



6.9 Cyclic Synchronous Torque

6.9.1 Overview

6.9.1.1 Description

In this mode, the controller passes an absolute torque preset via the fieldbus at fixed time intervals (referred to in the following as a *cycle*). The controller then no longer calculates any ramps, but rather only follows the presets.



Note

This mode only functions if <u>closed loop</u> is activated, see also <u>Commissioning closed loop</u>.

6.9.1.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "10" must be set in object 6060_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "CiA 402 Power State Machine").

6.9.1.3 Controlword

In this mode, the bits of controlword 6040_h have no special function.

6.9.1.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

Bit	Value	Description
8	0	The controller is not in sync with the fieldbus
8	1	The controller is in sync with the fieldbus
10	0	Reserved
10	1	Reserved
12	0	Controller does not follow the target; the preset of $\underline{6071}_h$ (Target Torque) is ignored
12	1	Controller follows the target; object $\underline{6071}_h$ (Target Torque) is used as the input for position control.
13	0	Reserved
13	1	Reserved

6.9.2 Object entries

The following objects are necessary for controlling this mode:

- 6071_h (Target Torque): This object must be written cyclically with the torque set value and is to be set relative to 6072_h.
- 6072_h (Max Torque): Describes the maximum permissible torque.
- 6073_h (Max Current):
 - Maximum current. The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.
- 6080_h (Max Motor Speed): Maximum speed
- <u>60C2</u>_h:01_h (Interpolation Time Period): This object specifies the time of a *cycle*; a new set value must be written in <u>6071</u>_h in these time intervals.
 - The following applies here: cycle time = value of $\underline{60C2}_h$:01_h * 10^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.
- 60C2_h:02_h (Interpolation Time Index): This object specifies the time basis of the cycles. Currently, only value 60C2_h:02_h=-3 is supported; this yields a time basis of 1 millisecond.
- 60B2_h (Torque Offset): Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent



The following objects can be read in this mode:

- 606C_h (Velocity Actual Value)
- 6074_h (Torque Demand)

6.10 Clock-direction mode

6.10.1 Description

In clock-direction mode, the motor is operated via two inputs by a higher-level positioning controller with clock and direction signal. On each clock signal, the motor moves one step in the direction corresponding to the direction signal.

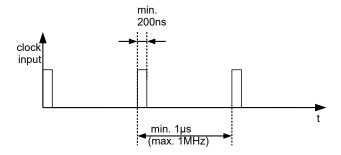
6.10.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-1" (or "FFh") must be set in object <u>6060</u>_h (Modes Of Operation) (see "<u>CiA</u> 402 Power State Machine").

6.10.3 General

The following data apply for every subtype of the clock-direction mode:

■ The maximum frequency of the input pulse is 1 MHz; the ON pulse should not be less than 200 ns.



- The demand position resulting from the input pulses is updated cyclically; the cycle time corresponds to the Interpolation Time Period (60C2_h). The input pulses that arrive within a cycle are collected and buffered in the controller.
- The steps are scaled using objects 2057_h and 2058_h. The following formula applies here:

step width per pulse =
$$\frac{2057_{h}}{2058_{h}}$$

The "step size per pulse" value is set to 128 ($\underline{2057}_h$ =128 and $\underline{2058}_h$ =1) ex works, which corresponds to a quarter step per pulse. A full step is the value "512", a half step per pulse corresponds to "256", etc.

Note



For a stepper motor with 50 pole pairs, 200 full steps correspond to one mechanical revolution of the motor shaft.

In *clock-direction mode*, the BLDC motors are also handled as stepper motors by the controller. This means that for a BLDC motor with, e.g., 3 pole pairs, 12 (=4*3) full steps correspond to one revolution.

A

Note

If there is a change of direction, a time of at least 35 µs must elapse before the new clock signal is applied.



6.10.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

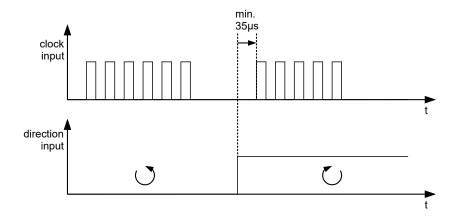
■ Bit 13 (Following Error): This bit is set in *closed loop* mode if the following error is greater than the set limits (6065_h (Following Error Window) and 6066_h (Following Error Time Out)).

6.10.5 Subtypes of the clock-direction mode

6.10.5.1 Clock-direction mode (TR mode)

To activate the mode, object $\underline{205B}_h$ must be set to the value "0" (factory settings).

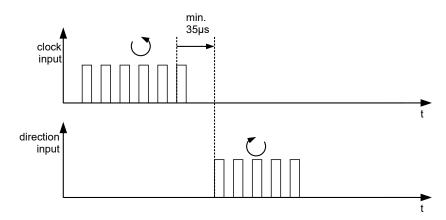
In this mode, the pulses must be preset via the clock input; the signal of the direction input specifies the direction of rotation here (see following graphic).



6.10.5.2 Right / left rotation mode (CW / CCW mode)

To activate the mode, object $\underline{205B}_h$ must be set to the value "1".

In this mode, the input that is used decides the direction of rotation (see following graphic).



6.11 Auto setup

6.11.1 Description

To determine a number of parameters related to the motor and the connected sensors (encoders/Hall sensors), an *auto setup* is performed. <u>Closed Loop</u> operation requires a successfully completed *auto setup*.

6 Operating modes



With the Plug & Drive motors, it is not necessary to perform an *auto setup*, as this was already performed at the factory. For details, see <u>the corresponding section in chapter Commissioning</u>.

6.11.2 Activation

To activate the mode, the value "-2" (=" FE_h ") must be set in object $\underline{6060}_h$ (Modes Of Operation) (see $\underline{CiA\ 402}$ Power State Machine).

6.11.3 Controlword

The following bits in object <u>6040</u>_h (controlword) have a special function:

■ Bit 4 starts a travel command. This is carried out on a transition from "0" to "1".

6.11.4 Statusword

The following bits in object 6041_h (statusword) have a special function:

- Bit 10: Indexed: indicates whether (= "1") or not (= "0") an encoder index was found.
- Bit 12: Aligned: this bit is set to "1" after auto setup has concluded



7 Special functions

7.1 Digital inputs and outputs

This controller is equipped with digital inputs and outputs.

7.1.1 Bit assignment

The software of the controller assigns each input and output two bits in the respective object (e.g., <u>60FDh</u> Digital Inputs or 60FEh Digital Outputs):

- 1. The first bit corresponds to the special function of an output or input. These functions are always available on bits 0 to 15 (inclusive) of the respective object. These include the limit switches and the home switch for the digital inputs and the brake control for the outputs.
- 2. The second bit shows the output/input as a level; these are then available on bits 16 to 31.

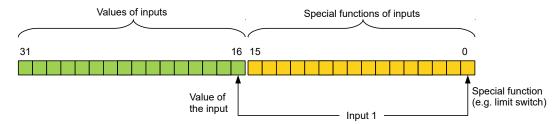
Example

To manipulate the value of output 2, always use bit 17 in 60FE_h.

To activate the "negative limit switch" special function of input 1, set bit 0 in $\underline{3240}_h$:01_h; to query the status of the input, read bit 0 in $\underline{60FD}_h$. Bit 16 in $\underline{60FD}_h$ also shows the status of input 1 (independent of whether or not the special function of the input was activated).

This assignment is graphically illustrated in the following drawing.

Bits of any object for controlling inputs



7.1.2 Digital inputs

7.1.2.1 Overview



Note

For digital inputs with 5 V, the length of the supply lines must not exceed 3 meters.



Note

The digital inputs are sampled once per millisecond. Signal changes at the input less than one millisecond in duration are not processed.

The following inputs are available:



	Input	Special function	Switching threshold switchable	Differential / single-ended
1		Negative limit switch	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> _h :06 _h)	The inputs
2		Positive limit switch / direction input in clock-direction mode	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240_h :06 _h)	can only be switched
3		Home switch / Clock input in clock-direction mode	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see 3240_h :06 _h)	together (see 3240 _h :07 _h)
4		None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> _h :06 _h)	
5		None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> _h :06 _h)	
6		None	yes, 5 V or 24 V (see <u>3240</u> _h :06 _h)	

If you set 3240_h:07_h to the value "1", three differential inputs are available instead of six single-ended inputs:

	Pin	Function
2	- Input 1	
3	Input 1	
4	- Input 2	
5	Input 2	
6	- Input 3	
7	Input 3	

7.1.2.2 Object entries

The value of an input can be manipulated using the following OD settings, whereby only the corresponding bit acts on the input here.

3240_h:01_h (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e. g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch (see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>)
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch (see <u>Limitation of the range of motion</u>)
- □ Bit 2: Home switch (see Homing)
- □ Bit 3: Interlock (see interlock function)

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0–2 in 3240_h:01_h must be set to "1".

- 3240_h:02_h (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD_h) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").
 - This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:03_h (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object 3240_h:04_h, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:04_h (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240_h:03_h.
- 3240_h:05_h (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240_h:06_h (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.

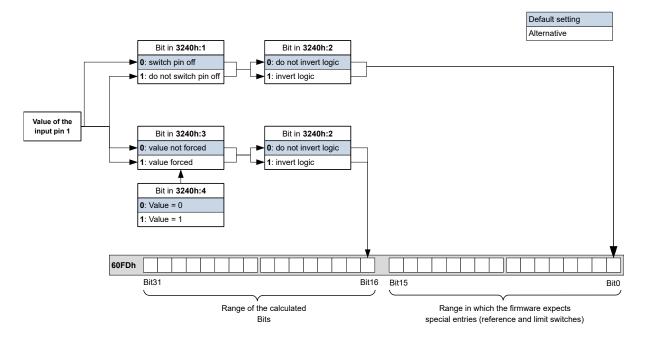


- 3240_h:07_h (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value "0" in the subindex) and "differential input" (value "1" in the subindex) once for all inputs.
- 60FD_h (Digital Inputs): This object contains a summary of the inputs and the special functions.

7.1.2.3 Computation of the inputs

Computation of the input signal using the example of input 1:

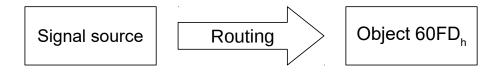
The value at bit 0 of object $60FD_h$ is interpreted by the firmware as negative limit switch; the result of the complete computation is stored in bit 16.



7.1.2.4 Input Routing

Principle

To perform the assignment of the inputs more flexibly, there is a mode called *Input Routing Mode*. This assigns a signal of a source to a bit in object $\underline{60FD}_h$.



Activation

This mode is activated by setting object 3240_h:08_h (Routing Enable) to "1".









If Input Routing is switched on, the initial values of 3242_h are changed and correspond to the function of the input as it was before activation of Input Routing. The inputs of the controller behave the same with activation of Input Routing. Therefore, you should not switch back and forth between the normal mode and Input Routing.

Routing

Object 3242_h determines which signal source is routed to which bit of $\underline{60FD_h}$. Subindex 01_h of 3242_h determines bit 0, subindex 02_h determines bit 1, and so forth. You can find the signal sources and their numbers in the following lists.

Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
00	00	Signal is always 0
01	01	Physical input 1
02	02	Physical input 2
03	03	Physical input 3
04	04	Physical input 4
05	05	Physical input 5
06	06	Physical input 6
07	07	Physical input 7
08	08	Physical input 8
09	09	Physical input 9
10	0A	Physical input 10
11	0B	Physical input 11
12	0C	Physical input 12
13	0D	Physical input 13
14	0E	Physical input 14
15	0F	Physical input 15
16	10	Physical input 16
68	44	Encoder input "A"
69	45	Encoder input "B"
70	46	Encoder input "Index"

The following table describes the inverted signals of the previous table.

Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6



Number		
dec	hex	Signal source
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"

Example

Input 1 is to be routed to bit 16 of object 60FDh:

The number of the signal source for input 1 is "1". The routing for bit 16 is written in 3242_h :11_h.

Hence, object 3242_h:11_h must be set to the value "1".

7.1.2.5 Interlock function

The interlock function is a release that you control via bit 3 in $\underline{60FD_h}$. If this bit is set to "1", the motor can move. If the bit is set to "0", the controller switches to the error state and the action stored in $\underline{605E_h}$ is executed.

To activate the interlock function, you must switch on the special function by setting bit 3 in 3240:01_h to "1".

Use *Input Routing* to define which signal source is routed to bit 3 of $\underline{60FD}_h$ and is to control the interlock function.

Example

Input 4 is to be routed to bit 3 of object $\underline{60FD}_h$ to control the interlock function. A low level is to result in an error state.

- 1. To activate Input Routing, set 3240h:08h to "1".
- 2. To route input 4 to bit 3, set 3242_h:04_h to "4".

7.1.3 Digital outputs

7.1.3.1 Outputs

The outputs are controlled via object $60FE_h$. Here, output 1 corresponds to bit 16 in object $60FE_h$, output 2 corresponds to bit 17, etc., as with the inputs. The outputs with special functions are again entered in the firmware in the lower bits 0 to 15. The only bit assigned at the present time is bit 0, which controls the motor brake.



7.1.3.2 Wiring



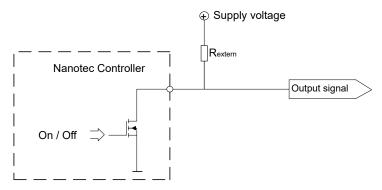
Note

Always observe the maximum capacity of the output (see Pin assignment).

The outputs are implemented as "open drain". Hence, an external voltage supply is always necessary.

Example

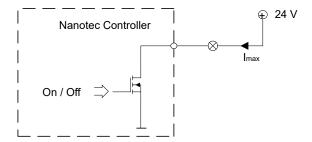
The digital output signal should continue to be used. For this purpose, a circuit as shown in the following figure is to be realized.



With a supply voltage of +24 V, a resistance value R_{external} of 10 $k\Omega$ is recommended.

Example

A simple load is to be used with the digital output.



7.1.3.3 Object entries

Additional OD entries are available for manipulating the value of the outputs (see the following example for further information). As with the inputs, only the bit at the corresponding location acts on the respective output:

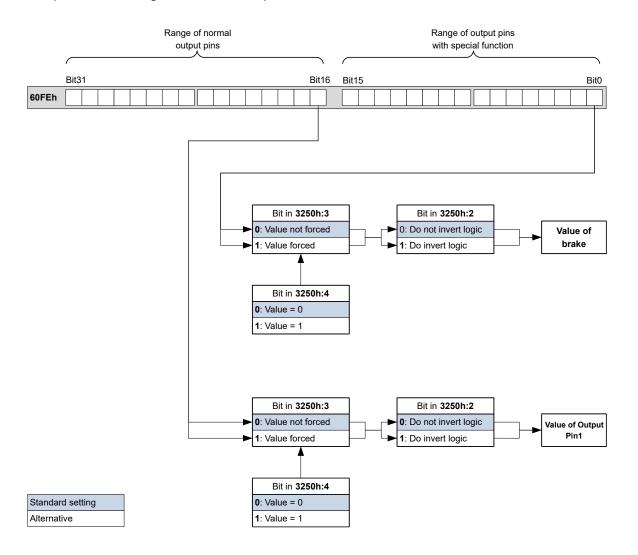
- \blacksquare 3250_h:01_h: No function.
- 3250_h:02_h: This is used to switch the logic from *normally open* to *normally closed*. Configured as *normally open*, the output outputs a logical high level if the bit is "1". With the *normally closed* configuration, a logical low level is output accordingly for a "1" in object 60FE_h.
- 3250_h:03_h: If a bit is set here, the output is controlled manually. The value for the output is then in object 3250_h:4_h; this is also possible for the brake output.
- $\frac{3250_{h}}{0.04_{h}}$: The bits in this object specify the output value that is to be applied at the output if manual control of the output is activated by means of object $\frac{3250_{h}}{0.03_{h}}$: 03_h.



- 3250_h:05_h: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 3250_h:08_h: For activating the Output Routing.
- 3250_h:09_h: For switching control of the <u>Power LED</u> on/off. If bit 0 is set to "1", the green LED is activated (flashes in normal operation). If bit 1 is set to "1", the red LED is activated (flashes in case of an error). If the bit is set to "0", the respective LED remains off.

7.1.3.4 Computation of the outputs

Example for calculating the bits of the outputs:



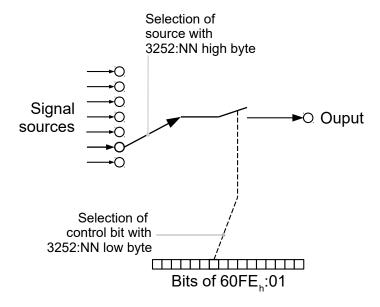
7.1.3.5 Output Routing

Principle

The "Output Routing Mode" assigns an output a signal source; a control bit in object $\underline{60FE}_h$:01_h switches the signal on or off.

The source is selected with 3252_h :01 to 05 in the "high byte" (bit 15 to bit 8). The assignment of a control bit from object $60FE_h$:01_h is performed in the "low byte" (bit 7 to bit 0) of 3252_h :01_h to 05 (see following figure).





Activation

This mode is activated by setting object 3250_h:08_h (Routing Enable) to "1".



Note

Entries 3250_h:01_h to 3250:04_h then have **no** function until Output Routing is again switched off.

Routing

The subindex of object $\underline{3252}_h$ determines which signal source is routed to which output. The output assignments are listed in the following:

Subindex 3252 _h	Output Pin
01 _h	Configuration of the PWM output (software PWM)
02 _h	Configuration of output 1
03 _h	Configuration of output 2 (if available)
0n _h	Configuration of output n (if available)



Note

The maximum output frequency of the PWM output (software PWM) is 2 kHz. All other outputs can only produce signals up to 500 Hz.

Subindices 3252_h :01_h to 0n_h are 16 bits wide, whereby the high byte selects the signal source (e. g., the PWM generator) and the low byte determines the control bit in object $60FE_h$:01.

Bit 7 of 3252_h :01_h to 0n_h inverts the controller from object $60FE_h$:01. Normally, value "1" in object $60FE_h$:01_h switches on the signal; if bit 7 is set, the value "0" switches on the signal.

Number in 3252:01 to 0n	
00XX _h	Output is always "1"



Number in 3252:01 to 0n		
01XX _h	Output is always "0"	
02XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 1	
03XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 2	
04XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 4	
05XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 8	
06XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 16	
07XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 32	
08XX _h	Encoder signal (6063 _h) with frequency divider 64	
09XX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 1	
0AXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 2	
0BXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 4	
0CXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 8	
0DXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 16	
0EXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 32	
0FXX _h	Position Actual Value (6064 _h) with frequency divider 64	
10XX _h	PWM signal that is configured with object 2038 _h :05 _h and 06 _h	
11XX _h	Inverted PWM signal that is configured with object $\underline{2038}_{h}\!\!:\!\!05_{h}$ and 06_{h}	

Note



On any change of the "encoder signal" (6063_h) or the current position (6064_h) in <u>user-defined units</u>) by an increment, a pulse is output at the digital input (for frequency divider 1). Take this into account when selecting the frequency divider and the unit, especially when using sensors with low resolution (such as Hall sensors).

Example

The encoder signal $(\underline{6063}_h)$ is to be applied to output 1 with a frequency divider 4. The output is to be controlled with bit 5 of object $\underline{60FE}$:01.

- 3250_h :08_h = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:02_h = 0405_h (04XX_h + 0005_h)$
- 04XX_h: Encoder signal with frequency divider 4
- 0005_h: Selection of bit 5 of 60FE:01

The output is switched on by setting bit 5 in object 60FE:01.

Example

The brake PWM signal is to be applied to output 2. Because the automatic brake control uses bit 0 of 60FE:01_h, this should be used as control bit.

- 3250_h :08_h = 1 (activate routing)
- $3252_h:03_h = 1080_h (=10XX_h + 0080_h)$. Where:
 - □ 10XX_h: Brake PWM signal
 - □ 0080_h: Selection of the inverted bit 0 of object <u>60FE</u>:01



7.2 Analog inputs

The controller has an analog input with 10-bit resolution. It is located on pin 8 of $\underline{X4}$. You can configure the analog input as a current input or as a voltage input with $\underline{object\ 3221_h}$.

You can read out the analog value in a <u>NanoJ program</u> and use it as you like, e. g., to specify the target speed. The controller also offers pre-programmed operating modes (analog speed / joystick) that evaluate the analog input (see <u>Special drive modes</u> (clock-direction and analog speed)).

7.2.1 Object entries

To read out and, if necessary, manipulate the value of the analog input, use the following OD settings:

- 3220_h (Analog Inputs):
 This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.
- 3221_h: (Analogue Inputs Control):
 With this object, you can switch the analog input from voltage measurement to current measurement.
- 3320_h (Read Analogue Input):
 This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.
- 3321_h (Analogue Input Offset): This is the offset that is added to the read analog value (3220_h) before scaling (multiplier from object 3322_h and divisor from object 3323_h).
- 3322_h(Analogue Input Factor Numerator): This is the value by which the read analog value (3220_h + 3321) is multiplied before it is written in object 3320_h.
- 3323_h(Analogue Input Factor Denominator): This is the value by which the read analog value (3220_h + 3321_h) is divided before it is written in object 3320_h.

7.2.2 Scale analog value

You read the value in object $\underline{3320_h}$ (Read Analogue Input): This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

The user-defined units are made up of offset (3321_h) and scaling value $(3322_h/3323_h)$. If both are still set to the default values, the value in 3320_h is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

Example

Analog input 1 has a measuring range of 0 V...+10 V. There is a voltage of 0 V...+10 V on the analog input, which, at a resolution of 10 bits, corresponds to the value range 0...1023 *ADC digits*.

To display the analog value in the physical unit of millivolt, proceed as follows:

- **1.** Write the value "10000" (corresponds to the entire measurement range in millivolt) in $3322_h:01_h$ (Analogue Input Factor Numerator).
- 2. Write the value "1023" (corresponds to the resolution in digits) in 3323_h:01_h (Analogue Input Factor Denominator).

At the maximum voltage of 10 V, now read out the value "10000" in object 3320_h (Read Analogue Input):

1023 digits * 10000 mV / 1023 = 10000 mV



7.3 I²t Motor overload protection

7.3.1 Description



Note

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. No liability is therefore assumed when using 1²t with stepper motors.

The goal of I²t motor overload protection is to protect the motor from damage and, at the same time, operate it normally up to its thermal limit.

This function is only available if the controller is in the <u>closed loop mode</u> (bit 0 of object $\underline{3202}_h$ must be set to "1").

7.3.2 Object entries

The following objects affect I²t motor overload protection:

- 2031_h: Max Motor Current specifies the maximum permissible motor current in mA.
- 203B_h:1_h Motor Rated Current specifies the rated current in mA.
- 6073_h Max Current specifies the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current.
- 203B_h:2_h Maximum Duration Of Peak Current specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current in ms.

The following objects indicate the current state of I²t:

- 203B_h:3_h Threshold specifies the limit in mAs that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 203B_h:4_h CalcValue specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current
- 203B_h:5_h LimitedCurrent shows the momentary current value that was set by I²t.
- <u>203B</u>_h:6_h Status:
 - \Box Value = "0": I^2 t deactivated
 - \Box Value = "1": I^2 t activated

7.3.3 Activation

Closed loop must be activated, (bit 0 of object 3202_h set to "1", see also chapter Closed Loop).

To activate the mode, you must appropriately specify the four object entries mentioned above $(2031_h, 6073_h, 203B_h:1_h, 203B_h:2_h)$. This means that the maximum current must be greater than the rated current and a time value for the maximum duration of the maximum current must be entered. If these conditions are not met, the I^2 t functionality remains deactivated.

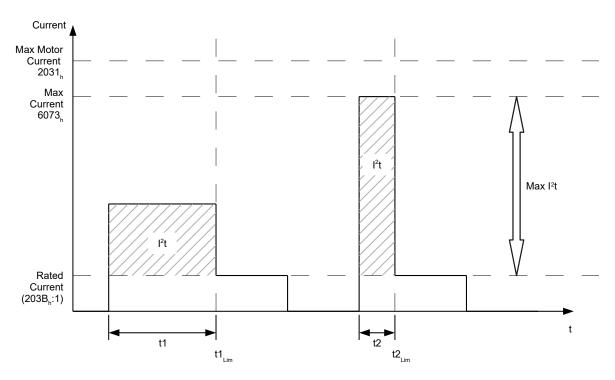
7.3.4 Function of I²t

From the specification of rated current, maximum current and maximum duration of the maximum current, an I^2t_{Lim} is calculated.

The motor can run with maximum current until the calculated I^2t_{Lim} is reached. The current is then immediately reduced to the rated current. The maximum current is limited by the maximum motor current (2031_h) .

The relationships are illustrated again in the following diagrams.





In the first section, t1, the current value is higher than the rated current. At time $t1_{Lim}$, l^2t_{Lim} is reached and the current is limited to the rated current. A current that corresponds to the maximum current then occurs for a period of time t2. Hence, the value for l^2t_{lim} is reached more quickly than in time t1.

7.4 Saving objects



Note

Improper use of the function can result in it no longer being possible to start the controller. Therefore, carefully read the entire chapter before using the function.

7.4.1 General

Many objects in the object dictionary can be saved and then automatically reloaded the next time the controller is switched on or reset. Furthermore, the saved values are also retained following a firmware update.

Only entire collections of objects (referred to in the following as *categories*) can be saved together; individual objects cannot be saved.

An object can be assigned one of the following *categories*:

- Communication: Parameters related to external interfaces, such as PDO configuration etc.
- Application: Parameters related to operating modes.
- Customer: Parameters that are written and read by the customer/user only and are ignored by the controller firmware.
- Drive: Parameters related to the motor and the sensors (BLDC/Stepper, *closed/open loop...*). Some are set and saved by auto setup.
- Tuning: Parameters related to motor and encoder that are set either by auto setup or that can be found in the data sheets, e.g., pole pairs and maximum current.
- Modbus RTU: Parameters related to Modbus RTU communication

If an object is not assigned one of these *categories*, it cannot be saved, e.g., statusword and all objects whose value is dependent on the current state of the controller.



The objects in each *category* are listed below. In chapter <u>Description of the object dictionary</u>, the corresponding *category* for each object is also specified.

7.4.2 Category: communication

- 2102_h: Fieldbus Module Control
- 3502_h: MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
- 3602_h: MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

7.4.3 Category: application

- 2034_h: Upper Voltage Warning Level
- 2035_h: Lower Voltage Warning Level
- 2036_h: Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time
- 2037_h: Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
- 2038_h: Brake Controller Timing
- 203A_h: Homing On Block Configuration
- 203D_h: Torque Window
- 203E_h: Torque Window Time Out
- 203F_h: Max Slippage Time Out
- 2057_h: Clock Direction Multiplier
- 2058_h: Clock Direction Divider
- 205B_h: Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
- 2084_h: Bootup Delay
- 2290_h: PDI Control
- 2300_h: NanoJ Control
- 2410_h: NanoJ Init Parameters
- 2800_h: Bootloader And Reboot Settings
- 3210_h: Motor Drive Parameter Set
- 3212_h: Motor Drive Flags
- 3221_h: Analogue Inputs Control
- 3240_h: Digital Inputs Control
- 3242_h: Digital Input Routing
- 3243_h: Digital Input Homing Capture
- 3250_h: Digital Outputs Control
- 3252_h: Digital Output Routing
- 3321_h: Analogue Input Offset
- 3322_h: Analogue Input Factor Numerator
- 3323_h: Analogue Input Factor Denominator
- 3700_h: Deviation Error Option Code
- 3701_h: Limit Switch Error Option Code
- 4013_h: HW Configuration
- 4015_h: Special Drive Modes
- 6040_h: Controlword
- 6042_h: VI Target Velocity
- 6046_h: VI Velocity Min Max Amount
- 6048_h: VI Velocity Acceleration
- 6049_h: VI Velocity Deceleration
- 604A_h: VI Velocity Quick Stop
- 604C_h: VI Dimension Factor
- 605A_h: Quick Stop Option Code
- 605B_h: Shutdown Option Code
- <u>605C</u>_h: Disable Option Code
- 605D_h: Halt Option Code

7 Special functions



- 605E_h: Fault Option Code
- 6060_h: Modes Of Operation
- 6065_h: Following Error Window
- 6066_h: Following Error Time Out
- 6067_h: Position Window
- 6068_h: Position Window Time
- 606D_h: Velocity Window
- 606E_h: Velocity Window Time
- 606F_h: Velocity Threshold
- 6070_h: Velocity Threshold Time
- 6071_h: Target Torque
- 6072_h: Max Torque
- 607A_h: Target Position
- 607B_h: Position Range Limit
- 607C_h: Home Offset
- 607D_h: Software Position Limit
- 607E_h: Polarity
- 607F_h: Max Profile Velocity
- 6081_h: Profile Velocity
- 6082_h: End Velocity
- 6083_h: Profile Acceleration
- 6084_h: Profile Deceleration
- 6085_h: Quick Stop Deceleration
- 6086_h: Motion Profile Type
- 6087_h: Torque Slope
- 6091_h: Gear Ratio
- 6092_h: Feed Constant
- 6096_h: Velocity Factor
- 6097_h: Acceleration Factor
- 6098_h: Homing Method
- 6099_h: Homing Speed
- 609A_h: Homing Acceleration
- 60A2_h: Jerk Factor
- 60A4_h: Profile Jerk
- 60A8_h: SI Unit Position
- 60A9_h: SI Unit Velocity
- 60B0_h: Position Offset
- 60B1_h: Velocity Offset
- 60B2_h: Torque Offset
- 60C1_h: Interpolation Data Record
- 60C2_h: Interpolation Time Period
- 60C4_h: Interpolation Data Configuration
- 60C5_h: Max Acceleration
- 60C6_h: Max Deceleration
- 60E8_h: Additional Gear Ratio Motor Shaft Revolutions
- 60E9_h: Additional Feed Constant Feed
- 60ED_h: Additional Gear Ratio Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60EE_h: Additional Feed Constant Driving Shaft Revolutions
- 60F2_h: Positioning Option Code
- 60F8_h: Max Slippage
- 60FE_h: Digital Outputs
- 60FF_h: Target Velocity



7.4.4 Category: customer

■ 2701_h: Customer Storage Area

7.4.5 Category: drive

- 3202_h: Motor Drive Submode Select
- 320D_h: Torque Of Inertia Factor
- 320E_h: Closed Loop Controller Parameter
- 320F_h: Open Loop Controller Parameter
- 6073_h: Max Current
- 6080_h: Max Motor Speed

7.4.6 Category: tuning

- 2030_h: Pole Pair Count
- 2031_h: Max Motor Current
- 203B_h: I2t Parameters
- 3203_h: Feedback Selection
- 3380_h: Feedback Sensorless
- 33A0_h: Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
- 4021_h: Ballast Configuration
- 6075_h: Motor Rated Current
- <u>608F</u>_h: Position Encoder Resolution
- 6090_h: Velocity Encoder Resolution
- 60E6_n: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Encoder Increments
- 60EB_h: Additional Position Encoder Resolution Motor Revolutions

7.4.7 Category: Modbus RTU

- 2028_h: MODBUS Slave Address
- 202A_h: MODBUS RTU Baudrate
- 202D_h: MODBUS RTU Parity

7.4.8 Starting the save process

CAUTION



Uncontrolled motor movements!

Control may be affected while saving. Unforeseen reactions can result.

▶ The motor must be at a standstill before starting the saving process. The motor must not be started while saving.

Note



- Saving may take a few seconds. Under no circumstances may you interrupt the voltage supply while saving. The state of the saved objects is otherwise undefined.
- Always wait until the controller has signaled that the save process has been successfully completed with the value "1" in the corresponding subindex in object 1010_h.



There is a subindex in object 1010_h for each *category*. To save all objects of this *category*, the value "65766173_h" must be written in the subindex. ¹ The controller signals the end of the save process by overwriting the value with a "1".

The following table shows which subindex of object 1010_h is responsible for which category.

Subindex	Category
01 _h	All categories with the exception of 0B _h (Modbus RTU)
02 _h	Communication
03 _h	Application
04 _h	Customer
05 _h	Drive
06 _h	Tuning
0B _h	Modbus RTU

7.4.9 Discarding the saved data

If all objects or one *category* of saved objects is to be deleted, value "64616F6C_h" must be written in object 1011_h. ² The following subindices correspond to a *category* here:

Subindex	Category
01 _h	All categories (reset to factory settings) with the exception of 06_h (Tuning) and $0B_h$ (Modbus RTU)
02 _h	Communication
03 _h	Application
04 _h	Customer
05 _h	Drive
06 _h	Tuning
0B _h	Modbus RTU

The saved objects are subsequently discarded; the change does not take effect until after the controller is restarted. You can restart the controller by entering the value "746F6F62_h" in 2800_h:01_h.





- Objects of category 06_h (Tuning) are determined by <u>Auto setup</u> and are not reset when resetting to factory settings with subindex 01_h (thereby making it unnecessary to again perform an auto setup).
 You can reset these objects with subindex 06_h.
- Objects of category 0B_h (Modbus RTU) are not reset with subindex 01_h.

7.4.10 Verifying the configuration

Object $\underline{1020}_h$ can be used to verify the configuration. It acts as a modification marker similar to common text editors: as soon as a file is modified in the editor, a marker (usually an asterisk) is added.

The entries of object $\underline{1020}_h$ can be written with a date and time and then saved together with all other savable objects with $\underline{1010}_h$:01.

This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011_d or the ASCII string save.

² This corresponds to the decimal of 1684107116_d or the ASCII string load.

7 Special functions



The entries of $\underline{1020_h}$ are reset to "0" as soon as a savable object (including $\underline{1010_h}$:0x_h, except for $\underline{1010_h}$:01_h and $\underline{1020_h}$) is written.

The following sequence makes verification possible:

- 1. An external tool or master configures the controller.
- 2. The tool or master sets the value in object 1020_h.
- 3. The tool or master activates the saving of all objects $\underline{1010_h}$:01_h = 65766173_h. The date and time in object $\underline{1020_h}$ are also saved.

After the controller is restarted, the master can check the value in $\underline{1020}_h$:01_h and $\underline{1020}$:01_h. If one of the values is "0", the object dictionary was changed after the saved values were loaded. If the date or time in $\underline{1020}$ does not correspond to the expected value, objects were probably saved with values other than those that were expected.



8 Modbus RTU

Modbus references: www.modbus.org.

- MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3, Date: 26.04.2014, Version: 1.1b3
- MODBUS over Serial Line Specification and Implementation Guide V1.02, Date: 20.12.2006, Version: 1.02

The controller can be controlled by means of Modbus RTU. The I/O data, with, e.g., the preconfigured drive values (see <u>Process data objects (PDO)</u>), can be handled with the standard Modbus function codes. To configure your own I/O data, however, function code 2Bh (CAN Encapsulation) must be supported by the master in order for the parameters to be read and written independent of the process image.

If the master does not support this function code, the I/O image can be configured and stored using *Plug & Drive Studio*. The master can then access the data using the standard Modbus function codes.

Otherwise, configuration by means of *Plug & Drive interface* is possible (see document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*).

8.1 RS-485

The "Two-Wire Modbus Interface" electrical interface is supported by the controller in accordance with standard EIA/

TIA-485 (RS-485).

8.2 Modbus Modicon notation with PLCs

Many PLCs use the Modicon addressing model. This notation is not used in the Modbus standard.

The following address notation is relevant for Nanotec controllers:

- Input register 30001 39999 is mapped to Modbus telegram address 0 (0_h) 9998 (270E_h).
- Holding register 40001 49999 is mapped to Modbus telegram address 0 (0_h) 9998 (270E_h).



Note

Where Modbus addresses are mentioned in the manual, it may be necessary to implement the register addresses in the PLC in accordance with *Modicon notation*.

8.3 General

Modbus is generally big-endian based.

The only exceptions are the commands with function codes 43 $(2B_h)$, 101 (65_h) and 102 (66_h) , which are based on CANopen. For the data values of these commands, the little-endian format applies. The remainder of the Modbus message is, on the other hand, based on big-endian.

Example

Command 2B_h: With this command, the value 12345678_h is written in object 0123_h (does not exist):

SA	FC	Data					CF	₹С										
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	23	01	00	00	00	00	04	78	56	34	12	67	35

SA

Slave address



FC

Function code

Data

Data range, decoding is dependent on the used function code

CRC

Cyclic redundancy check



Note

In case of more than one Modbus slaves in the network, the Modbus master must wait for at least 3 ms after receiving a response before sending the next request.

8.4 Communication settings

Slave address, baud rate and parity are dependent on the position of the S1 *rotary switch* and, if applicable, on objects 2028_h , $202A_h$, $202D_h$.

Configuration	Object	Value range	Factory settings
Slave address	<u>2028</u> _h	1 to 247	5
Baud rate	<u>202A</u> _h	7200 to 256000	19200
Parity	202D _h	None: 0x00Even: 0x04Odd: 0x06	0x04 (Even)

The number of data bits is always "8" here. The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity setting:

- No parity: 2 stop bits
- "Even" or "Odd" parity: 1 stop bit

The following baud rates are supported:

- **7200**
- **9600**
- **1**4400
- **19200**
- **38400**
- **56000**
- **57600**
- **115200**
- **128000**
- **256000**

You must save the changes by writing value "65766173_h" in object 1010_h:0B_h. The changes are not taken over until after the controller has been restarted.

8.4.1 Rotary switch

The PD4-E is equipped with a hex coding switch – similar to that shown in the following figure.





You can thereby determine the source for the slave address, the baud rate and the parity; the following table shows the possible combinations.

Position of the rotary switch		Slave address	Baud rate and parity
dec	hex		
0	0	Object 2028 _h	Object 202A _h or 202D _h
1-14	1-E	Number of the rotary switch	Object 202A _h or 202D _h
15	F	5	19200, even Parity

8.5 Function codes

The following "function codes" are supported:

	Name	Function code	Subfunction
			code
Data access (16-	Read Holding Registers	03 (03 _h)	
bit)	Read Input Register	04 (04 _h)	
	Write Single Register	06 (06 _h)	
	Write Multiple Registers	16 (10 _h)	
	Read/Write Multiple Registers	23 (17 _h)	
Diagnosis	Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register	08 (08 _h)	10 (0A _h)
	Return Bus Message Count	08 (08 _h)	11 (0B _h)
	Return Bus Communication Error Count	08 (08 _h)	12 (0C _h)
	Return Bus Exception Error Count	08 (08 _h)	13 (0D _h)
	Return Server Message Count	08 (08 _h)	14 (0E _h)
	Return Server No Response Count	08 (08 _h)	15 (0F _h)
	Return Server NAK Count	08 (08 _h)	16 (10 _h)
	Return Server Busy Count	08 (08 _h)	17 (11 _h)
	Return Bus Character Overrun Count	08 (08 _h)	18 (12 _h)
Miscellaneous	Encapsulated Interface Transport	43 (2B _h)	13 (0D _h)
	Read complete object dictionary start	101 (65 _h)	85 (55 _h)
	Read complete object dictionary next	101 (65 _h)	170 (AA _h)
	Read complete array or record start	102 (66 _h)	85 (55 _h)
	Read complete array or record next	102 (66 _h)	170 (AA _h)



8.6 Function code descriptions

8.6.1 FC 3 (03_h) Read Input Registers / FC 4 (04_h) Read Holding Registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be read. This function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see <u>NanoJ objects</u>) or process data objects (min. 4-byte alignment, see <u>Process data objects (PDO)</u>).

	Request	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	03 _h / 04 _h
Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h
Number of registers	2 bytes	1 to (7D _h)
CRC	2 bytes	

Response ("M" corresponds to the number of registers to be read)							
Name	Length	Value					
Slave address	1 byte						
Function code	1 byte	03 _h / 04 _h					
Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * M					
Register value	2 bytes						
CRC	2 bytes						

	Error	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Error code	1 byte	83 _h / 84 _h
Exception code (see Exception codes)	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04
CRC	2 bytes	

Example

Below is an example of a read request and response of register 5000 (1388_h) and of the following register (2 registers):

Request

SA	FC		Da	CF	RC		
05	03	13	88	00	02	41	21

Response

SA	FC			CRC				
05	03	04	02	40	00	00	41	21



8.6.2 FC 6 (06_h) Write Single Register

This function code can be used to write a single 16-bit value. The function can be used on process data objects (see Process data objects (PDO)).

	Request	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	06 _h
Register address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h
Register value	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h
CRC	2 bytes	

	Response	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	06 _h
Register address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h
Register value	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h
CRC	2 bytes	

	Error	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Error code	1 byte	86 _h
Exception code (see Exception codes)	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04
CRC	2 bytes	

Example

Below is an example of a write request and response in register 6000 (1770 $_{\rm h}$) with the value "0001 $_{\rm h}$ ":

Request

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	06	17	70	00	01	4 D	E1

Response

SA	FC	Data			CRC		
05	06	17	70	00	01	4 D	E1



8.6.3 FC 16 (10_h) Write Multiple Registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be written. The function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see Process data objects (PDO) or process data objects (see NanoJ objects (see NanoJ objec

Request ("N" is the number of registers to be written)				
Name	Length	Value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	10 _h		
Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h		
Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 007B _h		
Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * N		
Register value	N * 2 bytes			
CRC	2 bytes			

Response				
Name	Length	Value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	10 _h		
Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h		
Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 007B _h		
CRC	2 bytes			

	Error	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Error code	1 byte	90 _h
Exception code (see Exception codes)	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04
CRC	2 bytes	

Example

Below is an example for writing values " 0102_h " and " 0304_h " starting with register address 6000 (1770_h), number of registers is 2, length of the data is 4:

Request

SA	FC		Data					CF	SC			
05	10	17	70	00	02	04	01	02	03	04	AB	44

Response

SA	FC	Data			CRC		
05	10	17	70	00	02	44	23



8.6.4 FC 17 (11_h) Report Server ID

This function code can be used to read the description of the type, the current status and other information about the device.

	Request	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	11 _h
CRC	2 bytes	

Response				
Name	Length	Value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	03 _h		
Number of bytes	1 byte	01 _h		
Run Indicator Status	1 byte	$00_h = OFF, FF_h = ON$		
Additional data				
CRC	2 bytes			

	Error	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Error code	1 byte	91 _h
Exception code (see Exception codes)	1 byte	01 or 04
CRC	2 bytes	

Example

Below is an example of a request/response for ID and status:

Request

SA	FC	CRC		
05	11	C2	EC	

Response

SA	FC	Data		CRC		
05	11	02	05	FF	0F	EC

8.6.5 FC 23 (17_h) Read/Write Multiple registers

With this function code, one 16-bit value or multiple 16-bit values can be simultaneously read and written. The function can be applied to NanoJ objects (see <u>Process data objects (PDO)</u>) or process data objects (see <u>NanoJ objects</u>).



Request ("N	Request ("N" is the number of registers to be read):				
Name	Length	Value			
Slave address	1 byte				
Function code	1 byte	17 _h			
Read: Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h			
Read: Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 0079 _h			
Write: Start address	2 bytes	0000 _h to FFFF _h			
Write: Number of registers	2 bytes	0001 _h to 0079 _h			
Write: Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * N			
Write: Register value	N * 2 bytes				
CRC	2 bytes				

Response ("M" corresponds to the number of bytes to be written):				
Name	Length	Value		
Slave address	1 byte			
Function code	1 byte	17 _h		
Number of bytes	1 byte	2 * M		
Registers read	M * 2 bytes			
CRC	2 bytes			

	Error	
Name	Length	Value
Slave address	1 byte	
Error code	1 byte	97 _h
Exception code (see Exception codes)	1 byte	01, 02, 03 or 04
CRC	2 bytes	

Below is an example for reading two registers beginning with register 5000 (1388 $_{\rm h}$) and for writing two registers beginning with register 6000 (1770 $_{\rm h}$) with 4 bytes and data "0102 $_{\rm h}$ " and "0304 $_{\rm h}$ ":

Request

SA	FC						[Data	3						CF	₹C
05	17	13	88	00	02	17	70	00	02	04	01	02	03	04	56	6A

Response

SA	FC		Data					RC
05	17	04	02	40	00	00	0F	EC



8.6.6 FC 8 (08_h) Diagnostics

Modbus function code FC08 offers numerous tests for checking the communication system between client and server or for checking various internal error states within the server.

This function uses a two-byte subfunction code in the request for defining the type of test. In a normal response, the server repeats both, the function and the subfunction code. Some diagnoses contain data of the device in the data field of the normal response.

Request:

Name	Length		Value	
Function code	1 byte	08 _h		
Subfunction code	2 bytes			
Data	N x 2 bytes			

Response:

Name	Length	Value
Function code	1 byte	08 _h
Subfunction code	2 bytes	
Data	N x 2 bytes	

Error:

Name	Length	Value
Function code	1 byte	88 _h
Exception code (see Exception codes)	1 byte	01 or 03 or 04

8.6.6.1 FC 8.10 (08_h.0A_h) Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register

The objective of this request is to reset all counters and diagnosis registers. Counters are also reset when the controller is switched on.

Subfunction	Data range					
	Request Response					
00 _h 0A _h	00 _h - 00 _h Echo of the request data					



Request

SA	FC		Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0A	00	00	56	6A	

Response

SA	FC		Data				CRC		
05	08	00	0A	00	00	C1	8D		

8.6.6.2 FC 8.11 (08_h.0B_h) Return Bus Message Count

The response data range returns the number of messages detected by the communications system since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

Subfunction		Data range					
	Request	Request Response					
00 _h 0B _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Total Message Count					

8.6.6.3 FC 8.12 (08h.0Ch) Return Bus Communication Error Count

The response data range returns the number of CRC errors since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.

Subfunction		Data range					
	Request	Response					
00 _h 0C _h	00 _h - 00 _h	CRC Error Count					

Example

Request

SA	FC		Da		CF	CRC	
05	08	00	0C	00	00	21	8C

Response

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0C	00	00	21	8C

8.6.6.4 FC 8.13 (08_h.0D_h) Return Bus Exception Error Count

The response data range returns the number of Modbus exceptions since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller.



Subfunction		Data range
	Request	Response
00 _h 0D _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Exception Error Count

Request

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0 D	00	00	70	4C

Response

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	0 D	00	00	70	4C

8.6.6.5 FC 8.14 (08_h.0E_h) Return Server Message Count

The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the device and the number of broadcast messages that were processed by the controller. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

Subfunction	Data range			
	Request	Response		
00 _h 0E _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server Message Count		

Example

Request

SA	FC	Data			CRC		
05	08	00	ΟE	00	00	80	4C

Response

SA	FC		Da	ata		CRC	
05	08	00	ΟE	00	00	80	4C

8.6.6.6 FC 8.15 (08_h.0F_h) Return Server No Response Count

The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the controller for which no response was returned (neither normal response nor exception response). The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.



Subfunction	Subfunction Data range				
	Request	Response			
00 _h 0F _h	00 _h - 00 _h	No Response Count			

Request

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	ΟF	00	00	D1	8C

Response

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	OF	00	00	D1	8C

8.6.6.7 FC 8.16 (08_h.10_h) Return Server NAK Count

The response data range returns the number of messages for which a "Negative Acknowledge (NAK)" exception response was returned. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.

Subfunction		Data range
	Request	Response
00 _h - 10 _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server NAK Count

Example

Request

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	10	00	00	ΕO	4A

Response

SA	FC	Data				CF	RC
05	08	00	10	00	00	ΕO	4A

8.6.6.8 FC 8.17 (08_h.11_h) Return Server Busy Count

The response data range returns the number of messages for which a "Server Device Busy" exception response was returned. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted.



Subfunction		Data range				
	Request	Response				
00 _h - 11 _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server NAK Count				

Request

SA	FC	Data				CRC	
05	08	00	11	00	00	В1	8A

Response

SA	FC	Data				CF	RC
05	08	00	11	00	00	В1	8A

8.6.6.9 FC 8.18 (08_h.12_h) Return Bus Character Overrun Count

The response data range returns the number of messages addressed to the controller that could not be processed due to a character overrun. The number of messages since the last restart, "Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register" request, or switching on of the controller are counted. A character overrun occurs when characters arrive at the controller faster than they can be stored or by the loss of a character due to a hardware malfunction.

Subfunction	Data range		
	Request Response		
00 _h - 12 _h	00 _h - 00 _h	Server Character Overrun Count	

Example

Request

SA	FC	Data			CRC		
05	08	00	12	00	00	41	8A

Response

SA	FC	Data			CF	RC	
05	08	00	12	00	00	41	8A

8.6.7 FC 43 (2B_h) Encapsulated Interface Transport

This function facilitates simple access of the CANopen object dictionary. Further details can be found in the following documentation:

1. MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3, Date: 26.04.2014, Version: 1.1b3



2. CiA 309 Draft Standard Proposal - Access from other networks - Part 2: Modbus/TCP mapping V1.3, Date: 30.07.2015, Version: 1.3



Note

For the messages of the Encapsulated Interface Transport, another byte sequence applies in part, see chapter <u>General</u>.

Definition of the request and response:

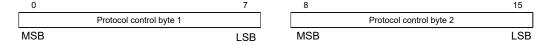
Name	Length	Example/number range
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	2B _h (43 _d)
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h (13 _d)
Protocol options Range	2 to 5 bytes	
Address and data range	N bytes	
CRC	2 bytes	

Protocol options Range

Name	Length	Example/number range
Protocol control	1 to 2 bytes	See description
Reserved	1 byte	Always 0
(Optional) Counter byte	1 byte	
(Optional) Network ID	1 byte	
(Optional) Encoded data	1 byte	

Protocol control:

The "Protocol control" field contains the flags that are needed for controlling the message protocols. The bytes of the "Protocol control" field are defined as follows if the "extended" flag was set (the second byte is otherwise omitted):



The most significant bit (MSB) is bit 0 for "protocol control" byte 1 and bit 8 for "protocol control" byte 2. The least significant bit (LSB) is bit 7 for "protocol control" byte 1 and bit 15 for "protocol control" byte 2.

Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.



Bit	Name	Description
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

Address and data range

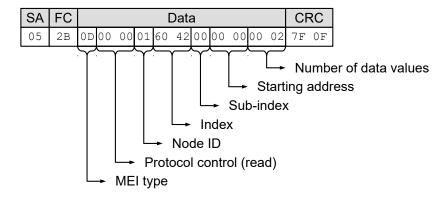
The address and data range is defined in the following table:

Name	Byte size and byte order	Example / range
Node-ID	1 byte	01 _h to 7F _h
Index	1 byte, high	0000 _h to FFFF _h
	1 byte, low	
Subindex	1 byte	00 _h to FF _h
Start address	1 byte, high	0000 _h to FFFF _h
	1 byte, low	
Number of data values	1 byte, high	0000 _h to 00FD _h
	1 byte, low	
Write/read data	n bytes	The data are encoded as described in chapter General.

Example:

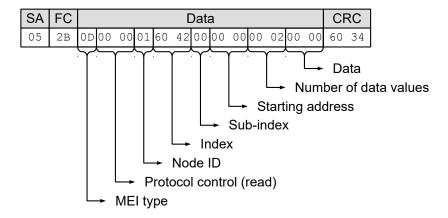
To read object $6042_h:00_h$ (16-bit value), the following message must be sent by the master (all values are in hexadecimal notation, the slave ID of the controller is "5").

Request





Response



Shown as an additional example below, a sequence of Modbus messages is sent from the master to the slave to rotate the motor in "Velocity" mode:

Set $\underline{6060} = "02_h"$ (Velocity mode)

Request

SA	FC						Da	ata						CF	32
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	01	02	С9	2F

Response

SA	FC					[Data	a					CF	RC
0.5	2B	0 D	01	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	00	A9	89

Set $2031 = 03E8_h$ " (1000 mA)

Request

SA	FC							[Data	1							CF	₹C
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	20	31	00	00	00	00	04	E8	03	00	00	С3	53

Response

SA	FC					I	Data	3					CF	₹С
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	20	31	00	00	00	00	00	E5	CC

Set $\underline{6040} = "00_h"$

Request

SA	FC						[Data	a						CF	₹C
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	00	00	1C	2E



Response

SA	FC					[Data	a					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Set <u>6040</u> = "80_h"

Request

SA	FC						[Data	1						CF	₹С
05	2B	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	80	00	7D	ΕE

Response

SA	FC					[Data	a					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Set <u>6040</u> = "06_h"

Request

S	SA	FC						I	Data	1						CF	RC
)5	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	06	00	1F	8E

Response

	FC						Data	^					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	AE	E9

Set <u>6040</u> = "07_h"

Request

SA	FC							Data	3						CF	RC
0.5	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	07	00	1E	1E

Response

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	RC
05	2B	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	AE	E9

Set <u>6040</u> = "0F_h"

Request

SA	FC						[Data	3						CF	₹C
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	02	ΟF	00	19	DE



Response

SA	FC					[Data	a					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	01	00	01	60	40	00	00	00	00	00	ΑE	E9

Below are two examples for reading an object:

Read 6041_h:00_h

Request

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	SC
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	41	00	00	00	00	02	7F	ЗС

Response

SA	FC						[Data	3						CF	₹С
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	41	00	00	00	00	02	37	06	В6	13

Read 6061_h:00_h

Request

SA	FC					[Data	3					CF	RC
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	61	00	00	00	00	01	38	5D

Response

SI	FC						Da	ıta						CF	₹C
05	2B	0 D	00	00	01	60	61	00	00	00	00	01	00	5C	D2

8.6.7.1 Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h +80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	6
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	CE _h
Error code	4 bytes	CANopen error code, see following table
CRC	2 bytes	

CANopen error code		Description	
FFFF0000 _h	Abort no error		



CANopen error code	Description
FFFF1003 _h	Service is not supported
FFFF1004 _h	Gap in counter byte of the Protocol control field
FFFF0003 _h	Unknown or invalid command
FFFF0008 _h	Access to the object is not supported
FFFF000E _h	General error in the parameter
FFFF0011 _h	Length of parameter incorrect
FFFF0012 _h	Parameter too long
FFFF0013 _h	Parameter too short
FFFF0015 _h	Parameter data outside of the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0016 _h	Parameter data exceed the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0017 _h	Parameter data below the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0018 _h	Maximum entered values less than minimum values
FFFF0019 _h	General error
FFFF001E _h	Requested object is too large for single message
FFFF1004 _h	Invalid sequence of messages (e.g., if the value of the <i>counter</i> byte is not correct according to the previous request or response)

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h + 80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	2 + length of "supported protocol control"
MEI type	1 byte	$0D_h$
Exception code	1 byte	AE_h
Supported protocol control	1 or 2 bytes	See following table
CRC	2 bytes	

Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.



Bit	Name	Description
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads $\underline{6061}_{h}$:00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

Request

SA	FC		Data										CF	CRC	
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	02	79	8D	

Response

SA	FC		Data								CF	CRC	
05	2В	FF	00	06	0 D	CE	12	00	07	06	AC	3C	

8.6.8 FC 101 (65_h) Read complete object dictionary

This function code is used to read out the complete object dictionary.

To start or restart the reading out of the object dictionary, subfunction code 55_h must be sent. This code resets reading out of the object dictionary on object 0000_h . All subsequent object dictionary frames must then contain subfunction code \mathbb{AA}_h . At the end, once all objects have been read out, an "Error Response" is generated with the abort code "No data available".

The format of each "read object" is as follows:

Request:

Name	Length	Value / note
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	65 _h
Subfunction code	1 byte	55 _h or AA _h
Length of the data	1 byte	00 _h
CRC	2 bytes	

Response:

Name	Length		Value / note
Slave address	1 byte	65 _h	
Function code	1 byte		
Subfunction code	1 byte		
Length of the data	1 byte		
n times "object dictionary frame"	1 - 252 bytes		
CRC	2 bytes		



An object dictionary frame consists of the following bytes:

Name		Value / note
Index Low Byte	1 byte	
Index High Byte	1 byte	
Subindex	1 byte	
Number of bytes	1 byte	Number m of the valid data in the data field
Data byte	m-1 byte	

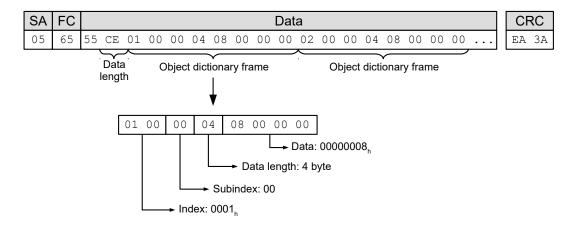
Example

All of the following numerical values are in hexadecimal format. The address of the slave is "5".

Start reading of the object dictionary with request:

SA	FC	Da	ata	CRC			
05	65	55	00	2F	Α7		

The response is:



Read out the next part of the object dictionary with the request:

SA	FC	Da	ata	CRC				
05	65	AA	00	6E	57			

The response is:

SA	FC		Data								CF	₹С										
05	65	AA	CD	21	00	0A	02	07	00	21	00	0В	02	07	00	21	00	0C	02		NN	NN

Repeat reading of the object dictionary with the previous request until the response is an error:

SA	FC	Data	CRC				
05	E5	0 D	EA 94				

8.6.8.1 Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:



Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h +80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	6
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	CE _h
Error code	4 bytes	CANopen error code, see following table
CRC	2 bytes	

CANopen error code	Description
FFFF0000 _h	Abort no error
FFFF1003 _h	Service is not supported
FFFF1004 _h	Gap in counter byte of the Protocol control field
FFFF0003 _h	Unknown or invalid command
FFFF0008 _h	Access to the object is not supported
FFFF000E _h	General error in the parameter
FFFF0011 _h	Length of parameter incorrect
FFFF0012 _h	Parameter too long
FFFF0013 _h	Parameter too short
FFFF0015 _h	Parameter data outside of the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0016 _h	Parameter data exceed the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0017 _h	Parameter data below the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0018 _h	Maximum entered values less than minimum values
FFFF0019 _h	General error
FFFF001E _h	Requested object is too large for single message
FFFF1004 _h	Invalid sequence of messages (e. g., if the value of the <i>counter</i> byte is not correct according to the previous request or response)

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h +80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	2 + length of "supported protocol control"
MEI type	1 byte	$0D_h$
Exception code	1 byte	AE_h
Supported protocol control	1 or 2 bytes	See following table
CRC	2 bytes	



Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads $\underline{6061}_{h}$:00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

Request

SA	FC		Data							CF	RC			
05	2B	0 D	00	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	02	79	8D

Response

SA	FC		Data							CF	RC	
05	2B	FF	00	06	0 D	CE	12	00	07	06	AC	3C

8.6.9 FC 102 (66_h) Read complete array or record

This function code is used to read out the complete array or record from the object dictionary.

To start or restart the reading out of the array, subfunction code 55_h must be sent. This code resets reading out on the object with subindex 00_h . All subsequent requests must then contain subfunction code \mathbb{AA}_h . At the end, once all objects have been read out, an "Error Response" is generated.

The format of each "read object" is as follows:

Request:

Name	Length	Value / note
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	66 _h
Subfunction code	1 byte	55 _h or AA _h
Length of the data	1 byte	00 _h
Index of the array to be read	2 bytes	
CRC	2 bytes	



Response:

Name	Length		Value / note
Slave address	1 byte	65 _h	
Function code	1 byte		
Subfunction code	1 byte		
Length of the data	1 byte		
n times object dictionary frame	1 - 252 bytes		
CRC	2 bytes		

An object dictionary frame consists of the following bytes:

Name		Value / note
Index Low Byte	1 byte	
Index High Byte	1 byte	
Subindex	1 byte	
Number of bytes	1 byte	Number m of the valid data in the data field
Data byte	m-1 byte	

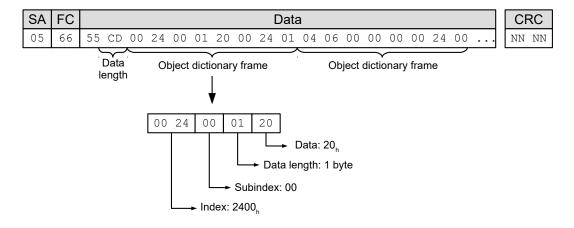
Example

All of the following numerical values are in hexadecimal format; the index of the object that is to be read is 2400_h . The address of the slave is 5_h .

Start reading of the array with request:

SA	FC		Da	CF	RC		
05	66	55	00	24	00	02	8A

The response is:



8.6.9.1 Error reaction

In the event of an error, the following error message is sent:



Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h + 80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	6
MEI type	1 byte	0D _h
Exception code	1 byte	CE _h
Error code	4 bytes	CANopen error code, see following table
CRC	2 bytes	

CANopen error code	Description
FFFF0000 _h	Abort no error
FFFF1003 _h	Service is not supported
FFFF1004 _h	Gap in counter byte of the Protocol control field
FFFF0003 _h	Unknown or invalid command
FFFF0008 _h	Access to the object is not supported
FFFF000E _h	General error in the parameter
FFFF0011 _h	Length of parameter incorrect
FFFF0012 _h	Parameter too long
FFFF0013 _h	Parameter too short
FFFF0015 _h	Parameter data outside of the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0016 _h	Parameter data exceed the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0017 _h	Parameter data below the permissible value range (for write commands)
FFFF0018 _h	Maximum entered values less than minimum values
FFFF0019 _h	General error
FFFF001E _h	Requested object is too large for single message
FFFF1004 _h	Invalid sequence of messages (e. g., if the value of the <i>counter</i> byte is not correct according to the previous request or response)

In the event that the unsupported control option bit is set, the following error message is sent:

Name	Length	Example value
Slave address	1 byte	
Function code	1 byte	$2B_h +80_h (171_d = 43_d + 128_d)$ (indicates error)
Modbus exception code	1 byte	FF _h ("extended exception")
Extended exception length	2 bytes	2 + length of "supported protocol control"
MEI type	1 byte	$0D_h$
Exception code	1 byte	AE_h
Supported protocol control	1 or 2 bytes	See following table
CRC	2 bytes	



Bit	Name	Description
0	"Extended" flag	This bit is used if the object dictionary data set is larger than would fit in a Modbus command. The data set then spans over multiple Modbus messages; each message contains part of the data set. "0" = No multiple message transaction or the end of the multiple message transaction. "1" = Part of a multiple message transaction.
1	Extended protocol control	Length of the protocol control, the value "0" indicates a length of 1 byte, the value "1" indicates a length of 2 bytes.
2	Counter byte option	This bit is set to "1" to indicate that the "counter byte" field is used in this message. If this bit is set to "0", the "counter byte" field does not exist in this message.
3 and 4	Reserved	0
5	Network ID option	Not supported, must be "0".
6	Encoded data option	Not supported, must be "0".
7	Access flag	This bit indicates the access method of the requested command. "0" = read, "1" = write.
8 to 15	Reserved	0

The following example shows an error in the event of a faulty request. The request reads $\underline{6061}_h$:00 with a length of 2 bytes, but the object has a size of just 1 byte:

Request

SA	FC		Data							CF	RC			
05	2В	0 D	00	00	01	60	60	00	00	00	00	02	79	8D

Response

SA	FC		Data							CRC		
05	2B	FF	00	06	0 D	CE	12	00	07	06	AC	3C

8.6.10 Exception codes

In case of an error, the following exception codes may be contained in the response depending on the function code:

Code	Name	Description
01	Illegal Function	Function code not recognized/allowed
02	Illegal Data Address	Register address not valid or does not exist
03	Illegal Data Value	Value not valid
04	Device Failure	Unrecoverable error

For further details, refer to Modbus specification *MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION V1.1b3*.



8.7 Process data objects (PDO)

As with CANopen, a process image can be configured for input and output values with Modbus. This image only contains the data values of one or more objects without additional information, such as length, index or subindex. A single message can thereby be used to read or write multiple objects at the same time.

8.7.1 Configuration

The configuration of the image is referred to as "mapping" and is written in the following objects:

- 3502_h for the Modbus Rx (master → slave) PDO mapping
- 3602_h for Modbus Tx (slave → master) PDO mapping

Both objects contain an array of 16 entries each. Subindex 00 specifies the number of valid entries here.

Objects 3502_h and 3602_h can be written with messages with Modbus function code 2B_h.

8.7.2 Transfer

The data are written sequentially in the message without gaps and alignment.

If alignment is required (e.g., 16-bit alignment), additional "dummy objects" can be incorporated in the message. Dummy objects are only ever transferred with the data value "0". These objects are listed in the following table.

Index	Data type
0002 _h	Signed integer (8 bit)
0003 _h	Signed integer (16 bit)
0004 _h	Signed integer (32 bit)
0005 _h	Unsigned integer (8 bit)
0006 _h	Unsigned integer (16 bit)
0007 _h	Unsigned integer (32 bit)

Mapping is as follows:

- The PDO RX image begins at Modbus register address 6000_d (1770_b).
- The PDO TX image begins at Modbus register address 5000_d (1388_h).

Read/write access can be performed simultaneously with function code 17_h or with the 03_h , 04_h , 06_h , 10_h commands on the respective RX/TX images.





To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting the corresponding subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

Example

The following objects are to be set in the mapping:

- $3602_h:00_h = "0_h"$ (mapping is deactivated)
- $3602_h:01_h = "60410010_h"$ (object $6041_h:00_h$, length 16 bits is mapped)
- $\frac{3602}{1000}$:02_h = "00050008_h" (dummy object 0005_h:00_h, length 8 bits is mapped)
- $3602_h:03_h = 60610008_h$ (object $6061_h:00_h$, length 8 bits is mapped)
- $3602_h:04_h = 60640020_h$ (object $6064_h:00_h$, length 32 bits is mapped)



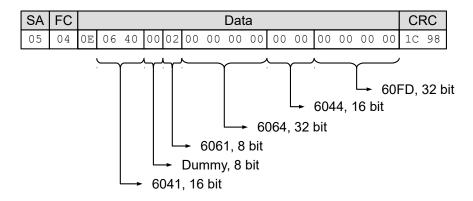
- $3602_h:05_h = "60440010_h"$ (object $6044_h:00_h$, length 16 bits is mapped)
- $3602_h:06_h = "60FD0020_h"$ (object $60FD_h:00_h$, length 32 bits is mapped)
- = 3602_h:00_h = "6_h" (6 values are mapped)

After the mapping for object $\underline{6061}_h$:00_h, a dummy object is inserted so that the next object $\underline{6064}_h$:00_h can be aligned to 32 bit.

Rx message: The master sends the slave the following message:

SA	FC		Da	ata		CRC			
05	04	13	88	00	07	34	E2		

Tx message: The slave sends following response to the master:



8.8 NanoJ objects

NanoJ objects $\underline{2400}_h$ NanoJ Input and $\underline{2500}_h$ (NanoJ Output) are, like the process image, mapped to the Modbus register:

- 2500_h with 32 x 32 bit values is mapped to the Modbus register address beginning with 2000_d (BB8_h) and can only be read in this way.
- 2400_h with 32 x 32 bit values is mapped to the Modbus register address beginning with 3000_d (7D0_h) and can only be written in this way.

To access, commands with function codes 03_h , 04_h , 10_h and 17_h can be used. For purposes of data consistency, the restriction that the address must be 32-bit aligned and that at least 32 bits must always be written during a write operation applies.

Example

Request: The master sends the slave the following message:

SA	FC										I	Data	a										CF	₹C
05	17	07				0В	В8	00	08	10	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0В	41	21
		0C	UD	0Ε	O.F.																			

Reply: The slave sends the master the following response:

SA	FC								[Data	3								CF	RC
05	17	10	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	50	9D



9 Programming with NanoJ

NanoJ is a programming language similar to C or C++. NanoJ is integrated in the Plug & Drive Studio software. You can find further information in document Plug & Drive Studio: Quick Start Guide at us.nanotec.com.

9.1 NanoJ program

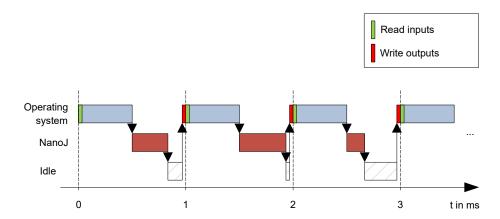
A *NanoJ program* makes a protected runtime environment available within the firmware. Here, the user can create his own processes. These can then trigger functions in the controller by, for example, reading or writing entries in the object dictionary.

Through the use of protective mechanisms, a *NanoJ program* is prevented from crashing the firmware. In the worst case, the execution is interrupted with an error code stored in the object dictionary.

If the *NanoJ program* was loaded on the controller, it is automatically executed after the controller is switched on or restarted, as long as you do not set bit 0 in object 2300_h to "0".

9.1.1 Available computing time

A NanoJ program receives computing time cyclically in a 1 ms clock (see following figure). Because computing time is lost through interrupts and system functions of the firmware, only approx. 30% - 50% of computing time is available to the user program (depending on control mode and application). In this time, the user program must run through the cycle and either complete the cycle or yield the computing time by calling the yield() function. In the former case, the user program is restarted with the start of the next 1 ms cycle; the latter results in the program being continued on the next 1 ms cycle with the command that follows the yield() function.



If the *NanoJ program* needs more time than was allotted, it is ended and an error code set in the object dictionary.





When developing user programs, the runtime behavior must be carefully examined, especially for more time-intensive tasks. For example, it is therefore recommended that tables be used instead of calculating a sine value using a sin function.



Note



If the NanoJ program does not yield the computing time after too long a time, it is ended by the operating system. In this case, the number $_4$ is entered in the statusword for object 2301_h ; in the error register for object 2302_h , the number $_5$ (timeout) is noted, see $\underline{2301h}$ NanoJ Status and $\underline{2302h}$ NanoJ Error Code.

To keep the NanoJ program from stopping, you can activate AutoYield mode by writing value "5" in $\underline{2300}_h$. In AutoYield mode, however, the NanoJ program is no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms.

9.1.2 Protected runtime environment

Using process-specific properties, a so-called *protected runtime environment* is generated. A user program in the protected runtime environment is only able to access specially allocated memory areas and system resources. For example, an attempt to directly write to a processor IO register is acknowledged with an *MPU Fault* and the user program terminated with the corresponding error code in the object dictionary.

9.1.3 NanoJ program – communication possibilities

A NanoJ program has a number of possibilities for communicating with the controller:

- Read and write OD values using PDO mapping
- Directly read and write OD values via NanoJ functions
- Call other NanoJ functions (e.g., write <u>debug output</u>)

The OD values of the user program are made available in the form of variables via *PDO mapping*. Before a user program receives the 1 ms time slot, the firmware transfers the values from the object dictionary to the variables of the user program. As soon as the user program receives computing time, it can manipulate these variables as regular C variables. At the end of the time slot, the new values are then automatically copied by the firmware back to the respective OD entries.

To optimize the performance, three types of mapping are defined: input, output, and input/output (In, Out, InOut).

- Input mappings can only be read; they are not transferred back to the object dictionary.
- Output mappings can only be written.
- Input/output mappings, on the other hand, can both be read and written.

The set mappings can be read and checked via the GUI for objects 2310_h , 2320_h , and 2330_h . Up to 16 entries are allowed for each mapping.

Whether a variable is stored in the input, output or data range is controlled in *Plug & Drive Studio* via the specification of the *linker section*.

NanoJ inputs and NanoJ outputs

To communicate with the NanoJ program via the respective interface, you can use the following objects:

- 2400h NanoJ Inputs: Array with thirty-two S32 values for passing values to the NanoJ program
- 2410h NanoJ Init Parameters: Array with thirty-two S32 values. This object can be stored, unlike 2400_h.
- 2500h NanoJ Outputs: Array with thirty-two S32 values, where the *NanoJ program* can store values that can be read out via the fieldbus

9.1.4 Executing a NanoJ program

When executing a cycle, the *NanoJ program* essentially consists of the following three steps with respect to the PDO mapping:

- 1. Read values from the object dictionary and copy them to the input and output areas
- **2.** Execute a user program
- 3. Copy values from the output and input areas back to the object dictionary



The configuration of the copy processes is based on the CANopen standard.

In addition, values of the object dictionary can be accessed via NanoJ functions. This is generally slower; mappings are therefore to be preferred. The number of mappings is limited (16 entries each in In/Out/InOut).



Tip

Nanotec recommends: Map OD entries that are used and changed frequently and use NanoJ function to access OD entries that are used less frequently.

A list of available NanoJ functions can be found in chapter NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program.



Tip

Nanotec recommends accessing a given OD value either by mapping or using a NanoJ function with od write(). If both are used simultaneously, the NanoJ function has no effect.

9.1.5 NanoJ program - OD entries

The NanoJ program is controlled and configured in object range 2300h to 2330h (see 2300h NanoJ Control).

	OD-Index	Name and description
2300 _h		2300h NanoJ Control
2301 _h		2301h NanoJ Status
2302 _h		2302h NanoJ Error Code
2310 _h		2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection
2320 _h		2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection
2330 _h		2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Example:

To start the TEST1.USR user program, the following sequence can, for example, be used:

- Check entry 2302_h for error code.
- If no error: Start the *NanoJ program* by writing object <u>2300_h</u>, bit 0 = "1" or by restarting the controller.



Note

It can take up to 200 ms for the NanoJ program to start.

■ Check entry <u>2302</u>_h for error code and object <u>2301</u>_h, bit 0 = "1".

To stop a running program: write entry 2300_h with bit 0 value = "0".

9.1.6 Structure of a NanoJ program

A user program consists of at least two instructions:

- the preprocessor instruction #include "wrapper.h"
- the void user() { } function

The code to be executed can be stored in the void user() function.





Note

The file names of the user programs must not be longer than eight characters plus three characters in the suffix; file name main.cpp is permissible, file name aLongFileName.cpp is not permissible.

Note



In NanoJ programs, global variables may only be initialized within functions. It then follows:

- No new operator
- No constructors
- No initialization of global variables outside of functions

Examples:

The global variable is to be initialized within the void user() function:

```
unsigned int i;
void user() {
  i = 1;
  i += 1;
}
```

The following assignment is not correct:

```
unsigned int i = 1;
void user() {
  i += 1;
}
```

9.1.7 NanoJ program example

The example shows the programming of a square wave signal in object 2500_h:01_h.

```
// file main.cpp
map S32 outputReg1 as inout 0x2500:1
#include "wrapper.h"
// user program
void user()
  U16 counter = 0;
  while(1)
    ++counter;
    if( counter < 100 )
    InOut.outputReg1 = 0;
    else if ( counter < 200 )
     InOut.outputReg1 = 1;
    else
     counter = 0;
    // yield() 5 times (delay 5ms)
    for (U08 i = 0; i < 5; ++i)
      yield();
}// eof
```

You can find other examples at us.nanotec.com.



9.2 Mapping in the NanoJ program

With this method, a variable in the *NanoJ program* is linked directly with an entry in the object dictionary. The creation of the mapping must be located at the start of the file here, even before the #include "wrapper.h" instruction.

Tip

Nanotec recommends:



- Use mapping if you need to access an object in the object dictionary frequently, e. g., controlword 6040_h or statusword 6041_h.
- The od_write() and od_read() functions are better suited for accessing objects a single time, see Accessing the object dictionary.

9.2.1 Declaration of the mapping

The declaration of the mapping is structured as follows:

```
map <TYPE> <NAME> as <input|output|inout> <INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>
```

Where:

<TYPE>

The data type of the variable; U32, U16, U08, S32, S16 or S08.

<NAME>

The name of the variable as it is used in the user program.

<input|output|inout>

The read and write permission of a variable: a variable can be declared as an input, output or inout. This defines whether a variable is readable (input), writable (output) or both (inout) and the structure by means of which it must be addressed in the program.

<INDEX>:<SUBINDEX>

Index and subindex of the object to be mapped in the object dictionary.

Each declared variable is addressed in the user program via one of the three structures: *In*, *Out* or *InOut* depending on the defined write and read direction.



Note

A comment is only permitted above the respective mapping declaration in the code, not on the same line.

9.2.2 Example of mapping

Example of a mapping and the corresponding variable accesses:

```
// 6040_h:00_h is UNSIGNED16 map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00 // 6041_h:00_h is UNSIGNED16 map U16 statusWord as input 0x6041:00 // 6060_h:00_h is SIGNED08 (INTEGER8) map S08 modeOfOperation as inout 0x6060:00
```



```
#include "wrapper.h"

void user()
{
   [...]
   Out.controlWord = 1;
   U16 tmpVar = In.statusword;
   InOut.modeOfOperation = tmpVar;
   [...]
}
```

9.2.3 Possible error at od write()

A possible source of errors is a write access with the od_write() function (see NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program) of an object in the object dictionary that was simultaneously created as mapping. The code listed in the following is incorrect:

```
map U16 controlWord as output 0x6040:00
#include " wrapper.h"
void user()
{
  [...]
  Out.controlWord = 1;
  [...]
  od_write(0x6040, 0x00, 5 ); // der Wert wird durch das Mapping überschrieben
  [...]
}
```

The line with the od_write (0x6040, 0x00, 5); command has no effect. As described in the introduction, all mappings are copied to the object dictionary at the end of each millisecond.

This results in the following sequence:

- 1. The od write function writes the value 5 in object 6040h:00h.
- 2. At the end of the 1 ms cycle, the mapping is written that also specifies object 6040_h:00_h, however, with the value 1.
- 3. From the perspective of the user, the od write command thus serves no purpose.

9.3 NanoJ functions in the NanoJ program

With NanoJ functions, it is possible to call up functions integrated in the firmware directly from a user program. Code can only be directly executed in the protected area of the protected execution environment and is realized via so-called *Cortex Supervisor Calls* (Svc Calls). Here, an interrupt is triggered when the function is called, thereby giving the firmware the possibility to temporarily permit code execution outside of the protected execution environment. Developers of user programs do not need to worry about this mechanism – for them, the NanoJ functions can be called up like normal C functions. Only the *wrapper.h* file needs to be integrated as usual.

9.3.1 Accessing the object dictionary

void od_write (U32 index, U32 subindex, U32 value)

This function writes the transferred value to the specified location in the object dictionary.

index	Index of the object to be written in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be written in the object dictionary
value	Value to be written







It is highly recommended that the processor time be passed on with yield() after calling a $od_write()$. The value is immediately written to the OD. For the firmware to be able to trigger actions that are dependent on this, however, it must receive computing time. This, in turn, means that the user program must either be ended or interrupted with yield().

U32 od_read (U32 index, U32 subindex)

This function reads the value at the specified location in the object dictionary and returns it.

index	Index of the object to be read in the object dictionary
subindex	Subindex of the object to be read in the object dictionary
Output value	Content of the OD entry



Note

Active waiting for a value in the object dictionary should always be associated with a yield().

Example

```
while (od_read(2400,2) != 0) // wait until 2400:2 is set
{ yield(); }
```

9.3.2 Process control

```
void yield()
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system. In the next time slot, the program continues at the location after the call.

```
void sleep (U32 ms)
```

This function returns the processor time to the operating system for the specified number of milliseconds. The user program is then continued at the location after the call.

ms	Time to be waited in milliseconds



9.3.3 Debug output

The following functions output a value in the debug console. They differ with respect to the data type of the parameter to be passed.

bool VmmDebugOutputInt (const U32 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputByte (const U08 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputHalfWord (const U16 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputWord (const U32 val)

bool VmmDebugOutputFloat (const float val)

Note



The debug outputs are first written to a separate area of the object dictionary and read from there by the *Plug & Drive Studio*.

This OD entry has index 2600_h and is 64 characters long, see $\underline{2600h}$ NanoJ Debug Output. Subindex 00 always contains the number of characters already written.

If the buffer is full, VmmDebugOutputxxx() initially fails; execution of the user program ceases and it stops at the location of the debug output. Only after the GUI has read the buffer and after subindex 00 has been reset does the program continue and VmmDebugOutputxxx() returns to the user program.



Note

Debug outputs may therefore only be used during the test phase when developing a user program.



Note

Do not use the debug output if Auto Yield mode is activated (see Available computing time).

9.4 Restrictions and possible problems

Restrictions and possible problems when working with NanoJ are listed below:

Restriction/problem	Measure
If an object is mapped, e.g., 0x6040, the object is reset to its previous value every 1 ms. This makes it impossible to control this object via the fieldbus or the <i>Plug & Drive Studio</i> .	<pre>Instead use od_read/od_write to access the object.</pre>
If an object was mapped as output and the value of the object was never defined before starting the <i>NanoJ program</i> , the value of this object may be random.	Initialize the values of the mapped objects in your NanoJ program to ensure that it behaves deterministically.

9 Programming with NanoJ



Restriction/problem	Measure
The array initialization must not be used with more than 16 entries.	Use constant array instead.
float must not be used with comparison operators.	Use int instead.
double must not be used.	
If a NanoJ program restarts the controller (either directly with an explicit restart or indirectly, e. g., through the use of the Reset function), the controller may fall into a restart loop that can be exited only with difficulty if at all.	
math or cmath cannot be included.	



10 Description of the object dictionary

10.1 Overview

This chapter contains a description of all objects.

You will find information here on:

- Functions
- Object descriptions ("Index")
- Value descriptions ("Subindices")
- Descriptions of bits
- Description of the object

10.2 Structure of the object description

The description of the object entries always has the same structure and usually consists of the following sections:

Function

The function of the object dictionary is briefly described in this section.

Object description

This table provides detailed information on the data type, preset values and similar. An exact description can be found in section "Object description"

Value description

This table is only available with the "Array" or "Record" data type and provides exact information about the sub-entries. A more exact description of the entries can be found in section "Value description"

Description

Here, more exact information on the individual bits of an entry is provided or any compositions explained. A more exact description can be found in section "Description"

10.3 Object description

The object description consists of a table that contains the following entries:

Index

Designates the object index in hexadecimal notation.

Object name

The name of the object.

Object Code

The type of object. This can be one of the following entries:

- VARIABLE: In this case, the object consists of only a variable that is indexed with subindex 0.
- ARRAY: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. The data type within an array never changes, i.e., sub-entry 1 and all subsequent entries are always of the same data type.
- RECORD: These objects always consists of a subindex 0 which specifies the number of subentries and the sub-entries themselves, beginning with index 1. Unlike an ARRAY, the data type of the sub-entries can vary. This means that, e.g., sub-entry 1 may be of a different data type than sub-entry 2.



■ VISIBLE_STRING: The object describes a character string coded in ASCII. The length of the string is specified in subindex 0; the individual characters are stored beginning in subindex 1. These character strings are **not** terminated by a null character.

Data type

The size and interpretation of the object is specified here. The following notation is used for the "VARIABLE" object code:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

Savable

Described here is whether this object is savable and, if so, in which category.

Firmware version

The firmware version beginning with which the object is available is entered here.

Change history (ChangeLog)

Any changes to the object are noted here.

There are also the following table entries for the "VARIABLE" data type:

Access

The access restriction is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the object can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the object. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of objects with values. The value that is written in the object when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

10.4 Value description



Note

For the sake of clarity, a number of subindices are grouped together if the entries all have the same name.



Listed in the table with the "Value description" heading are all data for sub-entries with subindex 1 or higher. The table contains the following entries:

Subindex

Number of the currently written sub-entry.

Name

Name of the sub-entry.

Data type

The size and interpretation of the sub-entry is specified here. The following notation always applies here:

- A distinction is made between entries that are signed; these are designated with the prefix "SIGNED". For entries that are unsigned, the prefix "UNSIGNED" is used.
- The size of the variable in bits is placed before the prefix and can be 8, 16 or 32.

Access

The access restriction for the sub-entry is entered here. The following restrictions are available:

- "read/write": The object can both be read as well as written
- "read only": The object can only be read from the object dictionary. It is not possible to set a value.

PDO mapping

Some bus systems, such as CANopen or EtherCAT, support PDO mapping. Described in this table entry is whether the sub-entry can be inserted into a mapping and, if so, into which. The following designations are available here:

- "no": The object may not be entered in a mapping.
- "TX-PDO": The object may be entered in an RX mapping.
- "RX-PDO": The object may be entered in a TX mapping.

Allowed values

In some cases, only certain values may be written in the sub-entry. If this is the case, these values are listed here. If there are no restrictions, the field is empty.

Preset value

To bring the controller to a secured state when switching on, it is necessary to preset a number of sub-entries with values. The value that is written in the sub-entry when the controller is started is noted in this table entry.

10.5 Description

This section may be present if use requires additional information. If individual bits of an object or sub-entry have different meaning, diagrams as shown in the following example are used.

Example: The object is 8 bits in size; bit 0 and bit 1 have different functions. Bits 2 and 3 are grouped into one function; the same applies for bits 4 to 7.

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ſ		Exam	ple [4]		Exan	nple [2]	В	Α

Example [4]

Description of bit 4 up to and including bit 7; these bits are logically related. The 4 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits. A list with possible values and their description is often attached at this point.



Example [2]

Description of bits 3 and 2; these bits are logically related. The 2 in square brackets specifies the number of related bits.

- Value 00_b: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "0".
- Value 01_b: The description here applies if bit 2 is "0" and bit 3 is "1".
- Value 10_b: The description here applies if bit 2 is "1" and bit 3 is "0".
- Value 11_b: The description here applies if bit 2 and bit 3 are "1".

В

Description of bit B; no length is specified for a single bit.

Α

Description of bit A; bits with a gray background are not used.

1000h Device Type

Function

Describes the controller type.

Object description

Index	1000 _h						
Object name	Device Type						
Object Code	VARIABLE						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Savable	no						
Access	read only						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	 PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00040192_h PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00040192_h PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00020192_h PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00020192_h 						
Firmware version	FIR-v1426						
Change history							

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Motor Type [16]														
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Device profile number [16]															

Motor Type[16]

Describes the supported motor type. The following values are possible:

Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "2": BLDC motorBit 23 to bit 16: Value "4": Stepper motor



■ Bit 23 to bit 16: Value "6": Stepper motor as well as BLDC motor

Device profile number[16]

Describes the supported CANopen standard.

Values:

0192_h or 0402_d (preset value): The CiA 402 standard is supported.

1001h Error Register

Function

Error register: The corresponding error bit is set in case of an error. If the error no longer exists, it is deleted automatically.



Note

For each error that occurs, a more precise error code is stored in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

Object description

Index	1001 _h
Object name	Error Register
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MAN	RES	PROF	COM	TEMP	VOL	CUR	GEN

GEN

General error

CUR

Current

VOL

Voltage

TEMP

Temperature



COM

Communication

PROF

Relates to the device profile

RES

Reserved, always "0"

MAN

Manufacturer-specific

1003h Pre-defined Error Field

Function

This object contains an error stack with up to eight entries.

Object description

Index	1003 _h
Object name	Pre-defined Error Field
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Errors
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
0.11.1	
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Standard Error Field



Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read only

no

no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Standard Error Field
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Standard Error Field
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Standard Error Field
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 06_h

Name Standard Error Field
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 07_h

Name Standard Error Field
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping no



Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Standard Error Field
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

General function

If a new error occurs, it is entered in subindex 1. The already existing entries in subindices 1 to 7 are moved back one position. The error in subindex 7 is thereby removed.

The number of errors that have already occurred can be read from the object with subindex 0. If no error is currently entered in the error stack, it is not possible to read one of the eight subindices 1-8 and an error (abort code = 08000024_h) is sent in response. If a "0" is written in subindex 0, counting starts again from the beginning.

Bit description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
	Error Number [8]									Error C	lass [8]				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
							Error C	ode [16]							

Error Number [8]

This can be used to pinpoint the cause of the error. The meaning of the number can be found in the following table.

Error number	Description			
0	Watchdog-Reset			
1	Input voltage too high			
2	Output current too high			
3	Input voltage (+Ub) too low			
4	Error at fieldbus			
6	CANopen only: NMT master takes too long to send nodeguarding request			
7	Sensor 1 (see 3204 _h): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware			
8	Sensor 2 (see 3204 _h): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware			
9	Sensor 3 (see 3204 _h): Error through electrical fault or defective hardware			
10	Warning: Positive limit switch exceeded			
11	Warning: Negative limit switch exceeded			
12	Overtemperature error			
13	The values of object $\underline{6065}_h$ (Following Error Window) and object $\underline{6066}_h$ (Following Error Time Out) were exceeded; a fault was triggered.			



Error number	Description
14	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full. The current save process could not be completed; parts of the data of the save process are lost. Controller must be restarted for cleanup work.
15	Motor blocked
16	Warning: Nonvolatile memory damaged; controller must be restarted for cleanup work (all saved objects are reset to default).
17	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.
18	Sensor n (see $\underline{3204}_h$), where n is greater than 3: Error through electrical fault or defective hardware
19	CANopen only: PDO not processed due to a length error
20	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded
21	Warning: Restart the controller to avoid future errors when saving (nonvolatile memory full/corrupt).
22	Rated current must be set (203B _h :01 _h /6075 _h)
23	Encoder resolution, number of pole pairs and some other values are incorrect.
24	Motor current is too high, adjust the PI parameters.
25	Internal software error, generic
26	Current too high at digital output
27	CANopen only: Unexpected sync length
30	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large
32	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP
33	Undervoltage due to voltage connected with reverse polarity
40	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
46	Interlock error: Bit 3 in 60FD_h is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>)

Error Class[8]

This byte is identical to object 1001_h

Error Code[16]

Refer to the following table for the meaning of the bytes.

Error Code	Description
1000 _h	General error
2300 _h	Current at the controller output too large
3100 _h	Overvoltage/undervoltage at controller input
4200 _h	Temperature error within the controller
5540 _h	Interlock error: Bit 3 in $60FD_h$ is set to "0", the motor may not start (see the section <i>Interlock function</i> in the chapter <u>Digital inputs</u>)
6010 _h	Software reset (watchdog)
6100 _h	Internal software error, generic
6320 _h	Rated current must be set (203B _h :01 _h /6075 _h)
7113 _h	Warning: Ballast resistor thermally overloaded
7121 _h	Motor blocked
7200 _h	Internal error: Correction factor for reference voltage missing in the OTP



Error Code	Description		
7305 _h	Sensor 1 (see 3204 _h) faulty		
7306 _h	Sensor 2 (see 3204 _h) faulty		
7307 _h	Sensor n (see 3204 _h), where n is greater than 2		
7600 _h	Warning: Nonvolatile memory full or corrupt; restart the controller for cleanup work		
8100 _h	Error during fieldbus monitoring		
8130 _h	CANopen only: "Life Guard" error or "Heartbeat" error		
8200 _h	CANopen only: Slave took too long to send PDO messages.		
8210 _h	CANopen only: PDO was not processed due to a length error		
8220 _h	CANopen only: PDO length exceeded		
8240 _h	CANopen only: unexpected sync length		
8400 _h	Error in speed monitoring: slippage error too large		
8611 _h	Position monitoring error: Following error too large		
8612 _h	Position monitoring error: Limit switch exceeded		

1008h Manufacturer Device Name

Function

Contains the device name as character string.

Object description

Index	1008 _h
Object name	Manufacturer Device Name
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	VISIBLE_STRING
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	 PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: PD4-E591L42-E-65-5 PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: PD4-E601L42-E-65-5 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5
Firmware version Change history	FIR-v1426

1009h Manufacturer Hardware Version

Function

This object contains the hardware version as character string.



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Object description

Index 1009_h

Object name Manufacturer Hardware Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value (

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

100Ah Manufacturer Software Version

Function

This object contains the software version as character string.

Object description

Index 100A_h

Object name Manufacturer Software Version

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value FIR-v2039-B807052

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

1010h Store Parameters

Function

This object is used to start the saving of objects. See chapter Saving objects.

Object description

Index 1010_h

Object name Store Parameters

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only



PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object name" entry changed from

"Store Parameter" to "Store Parameters".

Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed

from 3 to 4.

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 4 to 5.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed

from 5 to 7.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 7 to 14.

Value description

Subindex	00

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 0D_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Save All Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Save Communication Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Save Application Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32



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Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Save Customer Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Save Drive Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 06_h

Name Save Tuning Parameters To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

1 DO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 07_h

Name Save Miscellaneous Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 08_h

Name Save Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	09 _h
Name	Save Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0A _h
Name	Save CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	$_{OB_{h}}$
Name	Save Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	
Allowed values	no
Preset value	00000001 _h
rieset value	
Subindex	$0C_{h}$
Name	Save Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	0D _h
Name	Save Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h



Description

Each subindex of the object stands for a certain memory class. By reading out the entry, it is possible to determine whether (value "1") or not (value="0") this memory category can be saved.

To start the save process of a memory category, value " 65766173_h " must be written in the corresponding subindex. This corresponds to the decimal of 1702257011_d or the ASCII string save. As soon as the saving process is completed, the save command is again overwritten with the value "1", since saving is possible again.

For a detailed description, see chapter Saving objects.

1011h Restore Default Parameters

Function

This object can be used to reset all or part of the object dictionary to the default values. See chapter <u>Saving objects</u>.

Object description

Index	1011 _h
Object name	Restore Default Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "Restore Default Parameter" to "Restore Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 4.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 4 to 5.
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Comm Default Parameters" to "Restore Communication Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Name" entry changed from "Restore The Application Default Parameters" to "Restore Application Default Parameters".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed from 5 to 7.
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 14.

Value description

	Subindex	00 _h
--	----------	-----------------



Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0D_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Restore All Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Restore Communication Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Restore Application Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Restore Customer Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Restore Drive Default Parameters

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Restore Tuning Default Parameters
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Restore Miscellaneous Configurations
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Restore Reserved1 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	09 _h
Name	Restore Reserved2 Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	0A _h
Name	Restore CANopen Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h



Subindex	$0B_h$
Name	Restore Modbus RTU Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	0C _h
Name	Restore Ethernet Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	OD_h
Name	Restore Profibus Configurations To Non-volatile Memory
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h

Description

If the value $64616F6C_h$ (or 1684107116_d or ASCII load) is written in this object, part or all of the object dictionary is reset to the default values. The subindex that is used decides which range is reset.

For a detailed description, see chapter Discarding the saved data.

1018h Identity Object

Function

This object returns general information on the device, such as manufacturer, product code, revision and serial number.



Tip

Have these values ready in the event of service inquiries.

Object description

Index	1018 _h	
Object name	Identity Object	
Object Code	RECORD	
Data type	IDENTITY	



Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Vendor-ID
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000026C_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Product Code
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000037_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000040_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000049_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 000000E8_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Revision Number
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 07F70000_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Serial Number



Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read only

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

1020h Verify Configuration

Function

This object indicates the date and time that the configuration was stored.

no

A configuration tool or a master can use this object to verify the configuration after a reset and, if necessary, perform a new configuration.

The tool must set the date and time before the storage mechanism is started (see chapter Saving objects).

Object description

Index	1020 _h
Object name	Verify Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: verify
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Configuration Date
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h



Subindex 02_h

Name Configuration Time
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Subindex 01_h (configuration date) is to contain the number of days since 1 January 1984.

Subindex 02_h (configuration time) is to contain the number of milliseconds since midnight.

1F50h Program Data

Function

This object is used to program memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index	1F50 _h
Object name	Program Data
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	DOMAIN
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex 01_h

Name Program Data Bootloader/firmware

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Subindex 02_h

Name Program Data NanoJ

Data type DOMAIN
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

1F51h Program Control

Function

This object is used to control the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index 1F51_h

Object name Program Control

Object Code ARRAY
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

FIR-v1540

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Program Control Bootloader/firmware

Data type UNSIGNED8



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Program Control NanoJ

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

1F57h Program Status

Function

This object indicates the programming status during the programming of memory areas of the controller. Each entry stands for a certain memory area.

Object description

Index 1F57_h

Object name Program Status

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Program Status Bootloader/firmware



Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Program Status NanoJ

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

2028h MODBUS Slave Address

Function

This object contains the slave address for Modbus. See chapter Communication settings.

Object description

Index 2028_h

Object name MODBUS Slave Address

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: Modbus RTU

Access read / write

PDO mapping no
Allowed values 1-247
Preset value 05_h

Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU".

202Ah MODBUS RTU Baudrate

Function

This object contains the baud rate of the Modbus in Bd. See chapter Communication settings.

Object description

Index 202A_h

Object name MODBUS RTU Baudrate

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32



Savable yes, category: Modbus RTU

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00004B00_h Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU".

202Ch MODBUS RTU Stop Bits

Function

This object contains the number of stop bits of the Modbus.

Object description

Index 202C_h

Object name MODBUS RTU Stop Bits

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: communication" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 00

changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Description

The number of stop bits is dependent on the parity, which can be set in object 202D_h.

202Dh MODBUS RTU Parity

Function

For Modbus RTU, this object sets the number of parity bits and stop bits.

Object description

Index 202D_h

Object name MODBUS RTU Parity

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED8



Savable yes, category: Modbus RTU

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: communication" to "yes, category: Modbus RTU".

Description

The following values apply:

■ Value "0x00": Parity None, Stop Bits 2

■ Value "0x04": Parity Even, Stop Bits 1

■ Value "0x06": Parity Odd, Stop Bits 1

2030h Pole Pair Count

Function

Contains the number of pole pairs of the connected motor.

Object description

Index 2030_h

Object name Pole Pair Count
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000032_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000032_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000003_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00000004_h

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: tuning".

2031h Max Motor Current

Function

Enter the maximum permissible motor current in milliamperes here. All current values are limited by this value.

Within the controller, the entered value is always interpreted as the root mean square.



Object description

Index 2031_h

Object name Max Motor Current

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: tuning

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000834_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000834_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00001770_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00002D50_h

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Object Name" entry changed from

"Peak Current" to "Max Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max Motor Current" to "Maximum Current".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Current" to "Max Motor Current".

2034h Upper Voltage Warning Level

Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "overvoltage" error in millivolts.

Object description

Index 2034_h

Object name Upper Voltage Warning Level

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000DA5A_h



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

If the input voltage of the controller exceeds this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. This error is reset automatically if the input voltage is less than (voltage of object 2034_h minus 2 volts).

2035h Lower Voltage Warning Level

Function

This object contains the threshold value for the "Undervoltage" error in millivolts.

Object description

Index	2035 _h	
Object name	Lower Voltage Warning Level	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Savable	yes, category: application	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Procet value	00002710.	

Preset value 00002710_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

If the input voltage of the controller falls below this threshold value, the motor is switched off and an error triggered. The error is reset automatically if the input voltage exceeds the voltage of object 2035_h plus 1.5 volts.

2036h Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

Function

This object describes the time in milliseconds that the motor must be at a standstill before current reduction is activated.

Object description

Index 2036_h

Object name Open Loop Current Reduction Idle Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no



Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

2037h Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor

Function

This object describes the rms current to which the motor current is to be reduced if current reduction is activated in open loop (bit 3 in $3202_h = "1"$) and the motor is at a standstill.

Object description

Index	2037 _h
Object name	Open Loop Current Reduction Value/factor
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFFFCE _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value of 2037_h greater than or equal to 0 and less than value 6075_h

Current is reduced to the value entered here. The value is in mA and interpreted as root mean square.

Value of 2037_h in the range from -1 to -100

The entered value is interpreted as a percentage and determines the reduction of the rated current in 2037_h . The value in 6075_h is used for the calculation.

Example: Object $\underline{6075}_h$ has the value 4200 mA. The value -60 in $\underline{2037}_h$ reduces the current by 60% of $\underline{6075}_h$. The result is a current reduction to a root mean square of $\underline{6075}_h$ * $(\underline{2037}_h + 100) / 100 = 1680$ mA

The value -100 in $\underline{2037}_h$ would, for example, mean that a current reduction is set to a root mean square of 0 mA.

2038h Brake Controller Timing

Function

This object contains the times for the *brake control* in milliseconds as well as the PWM frequency and the duty cycle.



Object description

Index	2038 _h
Object name	Brake Controller Timing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Close Brake Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Shutdown Power Idle Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Open Brake Delay Time
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003E8 _h



Subindex	04 _h
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Name Start Operation Delay Time

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name PWM Frequency
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values between 0 and 2000 (7D0_h)

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 06_h

Name PWM Duty Cycle
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values 0, between 2 and 100 (64_h)

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Time between motor standstill and the closing of the brake.
- 02_h: Time between the closing of the brake and the switching off of the motor current.
- 03_h: Time between the switching on of the motor current and opening of the brake.
- 04_h: Time between the opening of the brake and when the *Operation enabled* state of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> is reached.
- 05_h: Frequency of the PWM signal (software PWM) in hertz.
- 06_h: Duty cycle of the PWM signal (software PWM) in percent.

2039h Motor Currents

Function

This object contains the measured motor currents in mA. All values are peak values, (#2*rms).

Object description

Index 2039_h

Object name Motor Currents

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

02 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

03 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1504: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

04 changed from "no" to "TX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex 00_h Name Highest Sub-index Supported **UNSIGNED8** Data type Access read only PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Subindex 01_{h} Name I_d

INTEGER32 Data type Access read only TX-PDO PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h Name I_q

INTEGER32 Data type Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

Subindex 03_h Name I_a

Data type INTEGER32 Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h



 $\begin{array}{cc} \text{Subindex} & & \text{04}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{I_b} \end{array}$

Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

- 01_h: Field-forming components of the current
- 02_h: Torque-forming components of the current
- 03_h: Phase current in phase A (stepper motor) or U (BLDC motor)
- 04_h: Phase current in phase B (stepper motor) or W (BLDC motor)



Note

Motor currents I_d (subindex 01_h) and I_q (subindex 02_h) are only displayed if <u>closed loop</u> was activated; the value 0 is otherwise output.

203Ah Homing On Block Configuration

Function

This object contains the parameters for *Homing on Block* (see chapter <u>Homing</u>).

Object description

Index 203A_h

Object name Homing On Block Configuration

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access

PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: The number of entries was changed

from 4 to 3.

Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Name" entry changed from "Period Of

Blocking" to "Block Detection time".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".



Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Data Type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex

Preset value

	11
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Minimum Current For Block Detection
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	

PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 0000041A_h
 PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 0000041A_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 000005DC_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 000005DC_h

 00_{h}

Subindex	02 _h
Name	Block Detection Time
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000C8 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: Specifies the current limit value above which blocking is to be detected. Positive numerical values specify the current limit in mA, negative numbers specify a percentage of object 2031_h. Example: The value "1000" corresponds to 1000 mA (= 1 A); the value "-70" corresponds to 70% of 2031_h.
- 02_h: Specifies the time in ms that the motor is to continue to travel against the block after block detection.

203Bh I2t Parameters

Function

This object contains the parameters for I²t monitoring.



 I^2 t monitoring is activated by entering a value greater than 0 in $203B_h$:01 and $203B_h$:02 and a value greater than 1000 in 6073_h (see <u>12t Motor overload protection</u>).

With one exception, I^2t monitoring can only be used for *closed loop* mode: If I^2t is activated in *open loop* mode, the current is reduced to the smaller of $\underline{203B_h}$:01_h, $\underline{6073_h}$ and $\underline{2031_h}$.

Object description

Index	203B _h
Object name	I2t Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 8.
	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Motor Rated Current" to "Nominal Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Name" entry changed from "Nominal Current" to "Motor Rated Current".
	Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 7.
	Firmware version FIR-v1926-B648637: "Name" entry changed from "Maximum Duration Of Peak Current" to "Maximum Duration Of Max Current".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 _h
Subindex	01 _h



Name Motor Rated Current

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000834_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000834_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000BB8_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 000016A8_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Maximum Duration Of Max Current

no

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value

■ PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000000_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 000000000_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 000003E8_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 000003E8_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Threshold

Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 04_h

Name CalcValue
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name LimitedCurrent
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Subindex	06 _h
Name	Status
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

The subindices are divided into two groups: subindex 01_h and 02_h contain parameters for the control, subindices 03_h to 06_h are status values. The functions are as follows:

- 01_h: The rated current specified in the motor data sheet is entered here in mA. This must be smaller than the current entered in 2031_h and 6073_h, otherwise monitoring is not activated. The specified value is interpreted as root mean square.
- 02_h: Specifies the maximum duration of the maximum current (6073_h) in ms.
- 03_h: Threshold, specifies the limit in mA that determines whether the maximum current or rated current is switched to.
- 04_h: CalcValue, specifies the calculated value that is compared with the threshold for setting the current.
- 05_h: LimitedCurrent, contains the momentary current as root mean square set by I²t.
- 06_h: Current status. If the sub-entry value is "0", I²t is deactivated; if the value is "1", I²t is activated.

203Dh Torque Window

Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target torque within which the target is considered having been met.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF" $_h$, monitoring is switched off, the "Target reached" bit in object $\underline{6041}_h$ (statusword) is never set.

Object description

Index	203D _h
Object name	Torque Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".



203Eh Torque Window Time Out

Function

The current torque must be within the "Torque Window" $(203D_h)$ for this time (in milliseconds) for the target torque to be considered having been met.

Object description

Index	203E _h
Object name	Torque Window Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Torque Window Time" to "Torque Window Time Out".

203Fh Max Slippage Time Out

Function

Time in milliseconds until an excessively large slippage error in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode results in an error message.

Object description

Index	203F _h
Object name	Max Slippage Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of the object $\underline{60F8}_h$ (Max Slippage) is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\underline{203F}_h$.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

2057h Clock Direction Multiplier

Function

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is multiplied by this value before it is processed further.

Object description

Index	2057 _h
Object name	Clock Direction Multiplier
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000080 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

2058h Clock Direction Divider

Function

The clock count value in <u>Clock-direction mode</u> is divided by this value before it is processed further.

Object description

Index	2058 _h
Object name	Clock Direction Divider
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



205Ah Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)

Function

The initial encoder position when switching on the controller (in <u>user-defined units</u>) can be read from this object.

Object description

Index	205A _h
Object name	Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1446
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed from "Encoder Boot Value" to "Absolute Sensor Boot Value (in User Units)".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

205Bh Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode

Function

This object can be used to switch the clock-direction mode (value = "0") to the <u>right/left rotation mode</u> (value = "1").

Object description

Index	205B _h
Object name	Clock Direction Or Clockwise/Counter Clockwise Mode
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	



2084h Bootup Delay

Function

Defines the period between the time that supply voltage is applied to the controller and the functional readiness of the controller in milliseconds.

Object description

Index	2084 _h
Object name	Bootup Delay
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

2101h Fieldbus Module Availability

Function

Shows the available fieldbuses.

Object description

Index	2101 _h
Object name	Fieldbus Module Availability
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00010002 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Object Name" entry changed from "Fieldbus Module" to "Fieldbus Module Availability".

Description

Bits 0 to 15 represent the physical interface, bits 16 to 31 the used protocol (if necessary).



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31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	МТСР	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

Value = "1": The USB fieldbus is available.

RS-485

Value = "1": An RS-485 interface is available.

RS-232

Value = "1": An RS-232 interface is available.

CAN

Value = "1": The CANopen fieldbus is available.

E-NET

Value = "1": An Ethernet interface is available.

E-CAT

Value = "1": An EtherCAT interface is available.

SPI

Value = "1": An SPI interface is available.

MRTU

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus RTU.

MTCP

Value = "1": The used protocol is Modbus TCP.

E-IP

Value = "1": The used protocol is EtherNet/IP™.

2102h Fieldbus Module Control

Function

This object can be used to activate/deactivate certain fieldbuses (physical interfaces and protocols).

Object description

Firmware version

Index 2102_h Object name Fieldbus Module Control Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **UNSIGNED32** Savable yes, category: communication read / write Access PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00010002_h

Version: 1.4.0 / FIR-v2039

FIR-v1540



Change history

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: communication".

Description

Object $\underline{2103}_h$:1_h contains all physical interfaces/protocols that can be activated/deactivated. These can be switched in this object (2102_h). The current status of the activated fieldbuses is in object $\underline{2103}_h$:2_h.

The following distribution of the bits applies here:

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

USB interface

RS-485

RS-485 interface

RS-232

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

E-NET

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP[™] protocol

2103h Fieldbus Module Status

Function

Shows the active fieldbuses.

Object description

Index 2103_h



Object name Fieldbus Module Status

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Fieldbus Module Disable Mask

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Fieldbus Module Enabled

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00010002_h

Description

Subindex 1 (Fieldbus Module Disable Mask): This subindex contains all physical interfaces and protocols that can be activated or deactivated. A value "1" means that this fieldbus can be deactivated.

Subindex 2 (Fieldbus Module Enabled): This subindex contains all currently activated physical interfaces and protocols. The value "1" means that that the fieldbus is active.

The following distribution of the bits applies for subindices 1 and 2:



31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
													E-IP	MTCP	MRTU
15	14	13	12	11	10	0	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
10	14	10	12	- ' '	10	9	0	,	U	<u> </u>	-	J			
									SPI	E-CAT	E-NET	CAN	RS232	RS485	USB

USB

USB interface

RS-485

RS-485 interface

RS-232

RS-232 interface

CAN

CANopen interface

E-NET

EtherNet interface

E-CAT

EtherCAT interface

SPI

SPI interface

MRTU

Modbus RTU protocol

MTCP

Modbus TCP protocol

E-IP

EtherNet/IP[™] protocol

2290h PDI Control

Function

With this object, you can activate the *Plug & Drive interface*. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*.

Object description

Index2290hObject namePDI ControlObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 01_h



Firmware version FIR-v1748-B531667

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

Description

To activate the Plug & Drive interface, set bit 0 to "1".

2291h PDI Input

Function

If you use the *Plug&Drive interface*, you can use this object to select and start the operating mode and set the corresponding target values (target position, speed, etc.). You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*.

Object description

Index	2291 _h
Object name	PDI Input
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDI_INPUT
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h

Subindex 01_h

Name PDI Set Value 1
Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	PDI Set Value 2	
Data type	INTEGER16	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	PDI Set Value 3	
Data type	INTEGER8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	PDI Command	
Data type	INTEGER8	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00 _h	

2292h PDI Output

Function

If you use the *Plug & Drive interface*, you can, in this object, read the status and a return value that is dependent on the used operating mode. You can find additional information in document *Function description Plug & Drive interface*.

Object description

	2000
Index	2292 _h
Object name	PDI Output
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	PDI_OUTPUT
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667



Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
0.11.1	
Subindex	01 _h
Name	PDI Status
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	PDI Return Value
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

2300h NanoJ Control

Function

Controls the execution of a NanoJ program.

Object description

Index	2300 _h
Object name	NanoJ Control
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

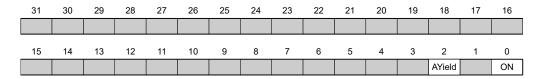


Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Control" to "NanoJ Control".

Description



ON

Switches the NanoJ program on (value = "1") or off (value = "0").

With a rising edge in bit 0, the program is first reloaded and the variable range reset.



Note

Startup of the NanoJ program can take up to 200 ms.

When switching on, a check is performed to determine whether a *NanoJ program* is present. If present, "1" is entered in 2300 and the *NanoJ program* is started.

AYield (AutoYield)

If this feature is activated (bit set to "1"), the *NanoJ program* is no longer stopped if it runs longer than it is allowed to. The *NanoJ program* is, thus, no longer real-time capable and no longer runs every 1 ms (see <u>Available computing time</u>).



Note

Do not use the **Debug output** if **AutoYield** mode is activated.

2301h NanoJ Status

Function

Indicates the operating state of the user program.

Object description

Index 2301_h
Object name NanoJ Status
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32
Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

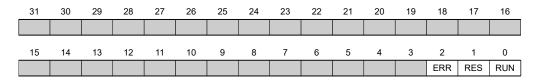


 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Status" to "NanoJ Status".

Description



RUN

Value = "0": Program is stopped, value = "1": NanoJ program is running.

RES

Reserved.

ERR

Program was ended with an error. Cause of the error can be read from object 2302h.

2302h NanoJ Error Code

Function

Indicates which error occurred during the execution of the user program.

Object description

Index	2302 _h
Object name	NanoJ Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Error Code" to "NanoJ Error Code".

Description

Error codes during program execution:

Number	Description					
0001 _h	Firmware does not support the used function (e.g., sin, cosin, etc.)					



Number	Description
0005 _h	Time Out: Code executed too long without yield() or sleep()
0007 _h	Too many variables on the stack
0100 _h	Invalid NanoJ program file
0101 _h	Invalid NanoJ version of the program file
0102 _h	CRC error in the NanoJ program file

Error when accessing an object:

Number	Description
1xxxxyy _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: The value in "xxxx" specifies the index, the value in "yy" specifies the subindex of the object that should – but cannot – be mapped.
2000000 _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type input were declared (see 2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection)
3000000 _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type output were declared (see 2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection)
4000000 _h	Invalid mapping in the NanoJ program file: too many variables of type inout were declared (see 2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection)
1000 _h	Access of a nonexistent object in the object dictionary
1001 _h	Write access of a write-protected entry in the OD
1002 _h	An attempt was made to write a value that is too low or too high to an object.
1003 _h	An attempt was made to read out an object that permits only write access.
1FFF _h	Unauthorized access of an object

230Fh Uptime Seconds

Function

This object contains the operating time in seconds since the last time the controller was started.



Note

This object is not stored; counting begins with "0" again after switching on.

Object description

230F _h
Uptime Seconds
VARIABLE
UNSIGNED32
no
read only
TX-PDO
00000000 _h
FIR-v1436



Change history

2310h NanoJ Input Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied to the PDO mapping input of the NanoJ program.

Object description

Index 2310_h

Object name NanoJ Input Data Selection

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable no

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Input Data Selection" to "NanoJ Input Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 10_h

Subindex 01_h - 10_h

Name Mapping #1 - #16
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only

no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			SubIn	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2320h NanoJ Output Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are copied into the output PDO mapping of the *NanoJ program* after it is executed.

Object description

Index	2320 _h
Object name	NanoJ Output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1650-B472161
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Output Data Selection" to "NanoJ Output Data Selection".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "no".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".
	Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h



Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 10_h

Subindex	01 _h - 10 _h
Name	Mapping #1 - #16
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			SubIn	dex [8]							Leng	th [8]			

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.

Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

read / write

2330h NanoJ In/output Data Selection

Function

Describes the object dictionary entries that are first copied to the input PDO mapping of the NanoJ program and, after it is executed, are copied back to the output PDO mapping.

Object description

Access

Index	2330 _h
Object name	NanoJ In/output Data Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no

PDO mapping no



Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM In/output Data Selection" to "NanoJ In/output Data Selection".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: application" to "no".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	10 _h

01 _h - 10 _h
Mapping #1 - #16
UNSIGNED32
read only
no
0000000 _h

Description

Each subindex (1–16) describes a different mapped object.

A mapping entry consists of four bytes, which are structured according to the following graphic.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
							Inde	x [16]							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
SubIndex [8]									Leng	th [8]					

Index [16]

This contains the index of the object to be mapped.

Subindex [8]

This contains the subindex of the object to be mapped.



Length [8]

This contains the length of the object to be mapped in units of bits.

2400h NanoJ Inputs

Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.

Object description

Index	2400 _h
Object name	NanoJ Inputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	The number of entries was changed from 2 to 33.
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Inputs" to "NanoJ Inputs".
	Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Input N#" to "NanoJ Input N#".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Name	NanoJ Input #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

Here, it is possible to pass, e.g., preset values, to the NanoJ program.



2410h NanoJ Init Parameters

Function

This object functions identically to object $\underline{2400}_h$ with the difference that this object can be stored.

Object description

Index	2410 _h
Object name	NanoJ Init Parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1450: "Data Type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Name	NanoJ Init Parameter #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

2500h NanoJ Outputs

Function

Located here is an array with 32, 32-bit integer values that is not used within the firmware and serves only for communicating with the user program via the fieldbus.



Object description

2500_h Index Object name NanoJ Outputs Object Code ARRAY INTEGER32 Data type Savable Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from "VMM Outputs" to "NanoJ Outputs". Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Name" entry changed from "VMM Output N#" to "NanoJ Output N#".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	20 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 20 _h
Name	NanoJ Output #1 - #32
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

Here, the NanoJ program can store results which can then be read out via the fieldbus.

TX-PDO

2600h NanoJ Debug Output

Function

This object contains debug output of a user program.

Object description

Index 2600_h
Object name NanoJ Debug Output
Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED8



Savable no

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "Object Name" entry changed from

"VMM Debug Output" to "NanoJ Debug Output".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Subindex} & & \text{O1}_{\text{h}} - 40_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & \text{Value #1 - #64} \\ \text{Data type} & & \text{UNSIGNED8} \\ \text{Access} & \text{read only} \\ \text{PDO mapping} & \text{no} \end{array}$

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Description

Here, the NanoJ program stores the debug output that was called up with the VmmDebugOutputString() and VmmDebugOutputInt().

2701h Customer Storage Area

Function

Data can be deposited and stored in this object.

Object description

Index 2701_h

Object name Customer Storage Area

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: customer

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540



Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Data Type" entry changed from

"UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED8".

Value description

Subindex 00_{h} Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type **UNSIGNED8** Access read only no

PDO mapping Allowed values

Preset value FEh

Subindex 01_h - FE_h

Name Storage #1 - #254 **UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0000000_h

2800h Bootloader And Reboot Settings

Function

With this object, a reboot of the firmware can be triggered and the short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode switched off and on.

Object description

Index 2800_h

Object name **Bootloader And Reboot Settings**

Object Code **ARRAY**

UNSIGNED32 Data type

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

0 1 : 1	0.0	
Subindex	()() _b	
Odbiridox	اام	



Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
INGILIE	I HULLEST SUD-ILIUEX SUDDULLEU

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 03_h

Subindex	01 _h
Nama	Pohoot Cor

Name Reboot Command
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex	02 _h

Name Reboot Delay Time In Ms

Data type
UNSIGNED32
Access
read / write
PDO mapping
no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Bootloader HW Config

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: If the value "746F6F62_h" is entered here, the firmware is rebooted.
- 02_h: Time in milliseconds: delays the reboot of the firmware by the respective time.
- 03_h: Bit 0 can be used to switch short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode off and on:
 - □ Bit 0 = 1: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched off.
 - \Box Bit 0 = 0: Short circuiting of the motor windings in boot loader mode is switched on.

3202h Motor Drive Submode Select

Function

Controls the controller mode, such as the changeover between *closed loop / open loop* and whether Velocity Mode is simulated via the S-controller or functions with a real V-controller in *closed loop*.



Object description

Index	3202 _h
Object name	Motor Drive Submode Select
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	 PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000001_h PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000001_h PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00000041_h PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00000041_h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: application" to "yes, category: travel".
	Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Savable" entry changed from "yes category: travel" to "yes, category: movement".

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														· · ·	T
								Slow	BLDC	Torque	AutoAl	CurRed	Brake	VoS	CL/OL

CL/OL

Changeover between open loop and closed loop (see chapter Control modes)

- Value = "0": open loop
- Value = "1": closed loop

Toggling is not possible in the Operation enabled state.

VoS

Value = "1": Simulate V-controller with an S-ramp: simulate the speed modes through continuous position changes

Brake

Value = "1": Switch on automatic brake control.

CurRed (Current Reduction)

Value = "1": Current reduction activated in *open loop*

Torque

only active in operating modes Profile Torque and Cyclic Synchronous Torque



Value = "1": M-controller is active, otherwise a V-controller is superimposed: no V-controller is used in the torque modes for speed limiting, thus object $\underline{6080}_h$ is ignored; $\underline{3210}_h$:3 and $\underline{3210}_h$:4 have no effect on the control.

BLDC

Value = "1": Motor type "BLDC" (brushless DC motor)

Slow (slow speed)

Value = "1": The slow speed mode is activated (closed loop must already be activated)

3203h Feedback Selection

Function

In this object, the sources of the presets are defined for the commutation and the velocity and position control.

A value change in the *Operation enabled* state shows no immediate effect. Value changes in objects are buffered and read out upon changing to the *Operation enabled* state.

Object description

Index	3203 _h
Object name	Feedback Selection
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Marian	4 - ()

Name 1st Feedback Interface

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO



Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Feedback Interface
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- \blacksquare n_h

Subindex n contains a bit mask for the respective feedback n. The bits have the following meaning here:

- Bit 0: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for position feedback.
- Bit 1: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for velocity feedback.
- Bit 2: If the bit is set to "1", this sensor is used for commutation feedback in Closed Loop.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

Which sensor the controller takes into account for the individual controllers (commutation, velocity, position) is implicitly specified by the order of the sensors.

The search always begins with sensor 2 and continues in ascending order until all existing sensors have been queried. If a sensor is found whose feedback is set, it is assigned to the corresponding controller and the search ended.





If bit 0 in 3202_h is set to "0", *closed loop* is deactivated; bit 2 (commutation) then has no meaning. Bit 1 for the velocity and bit 0 for the position in the respective subindicies are still used for the display of the actual position and speed values.

3204h Feedback Mapping

Function

This object contains information on the existing feedbacks.

Object description

Index	3204 _h	
Object name	Feedback Mapping	
Object Code	ARRAY	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Savable	no	
Access	read only	

10 Description of the object dictionary



PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h

Name	Index Of 1st Feedback Interface
Data type	LINGICNED16

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 3380_h

Subindex	02 _h

Name Index Of 2nd Feedback Interface

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 33A0_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n refers to the index of the respective object for the configuration of the corresponding feedback.

Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.



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320Dh Torque Of Inertia Factor

Function

This factor is used for calculating the acceleration feed forward (see $\underline{320E}_h$:08_h). Default is 0 (feed forward inactive).

Acceleration feed forward applies during deceleration as well.

Object description

Index	320D _h
Object name	Torque Of Inertia Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Current
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Acceleration
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	

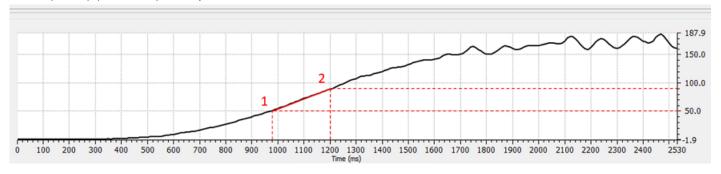


Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The value is dependent on the inertia of the load. To determine the factor:

- 1. Activate <u>closed loop</u> and select the <u>profile torque</u> mode.
- 2. Set a target for the torque and enter the corresponding current value (mA) in 320D_h:01_h.
- 3. Record (e. g., in *Plug & Drive Studio*) the current speed (object 606C_h). Calculate the acceleration in the set <u>user-defined units</u> for the speed range, where this is constant. Enter the value in 320D_h:02_h. Using the speed curve in the following figure as an example: (90-50)/(1200-980)=182 rpm/s.



320Eh Closed Loop Controller Parameter

Function

Contains the control parameters for <u>closed loop</u>.

Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320E}_h$ or $\underline{320F}_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

Object description

Index	320E _h
Object name	Closed Loop Controller Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	CLOSED_LOOP_CONTROLLER_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1913-B623284: "Name" entry changed from "PWM Feed Forward" to "Reserved."



Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from "Max Current Deviation" to "Max Current Deviation [‰]".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware Version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from "Max Voltage Via PWM" to "Max Voltage [mV]".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "UNSIGNED16".

Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: "Name" entry changed from "Reserved" to "Voltage Feed Forward [‰]".

Value description

Subindex

Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0F _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Position Controller Kp [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h

Subindex	02 _h
Name	Position Controller Tn [µs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Subindex 03_h

Name Velocity Feed Forward [‰]

 00_h

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

10 Description of the object dictionary



Α.			
ΑI	lowed	va	lues

Preset value 03E8_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Max Position Deviation

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Max Motor Speed
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00007530_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00007530_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00001770_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00002D50_h

■ 1 D4-EB003D-E-03-3. 00002D3

Subindex 06th

Name Velocity Controller Kp [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 07_h

Name Velocity Controller Tn [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 08_h

Name Acceleration Feed Forward [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

10 Description of the object dictionary



Α.			
ΑI	lowed	va	lues

Preset value 03E8_h

Subindex 09_h

Name Max Velocity Deviation

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0A_h

Name Max Current [%]
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value ■ PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 03E8_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 03E8_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 07D0_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 16A8_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name Current Controller Kp [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name Current Controller Tn [µs]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0D_h

Name Voltage Feed Forward [‰]

Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no



Allowed values	
Preset value	03E8 _h
Subindex	0E _h
Name	Max Current Deviation [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	0F _h
Name	Max Voltage [mV]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	000186A0 _h

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the position controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 02_h: Reset time (integral component) of the position controller in microseconds
- Subindex 03_h: Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 04_h: Maximum control deviation of the position controller in user-defined units
- Subindex 05_h: Maximum permissible speed of the motor in <u>user-defined units</u>. See <u>6080</u>_h.
- Subindex 06_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the velocity controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 07_h: Reset time (integral component) of the velocity controller in microseconds
- Subindex 08_h: Acceleration feed forward in tenths of a percent of the value of <u>320D</u>_h
- Subindex 09_h: Maximum control deviation of the velocity controller in <u>user-defined units</u>
- Subindex 0A_h: Maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current, see object 6073_h
- Subindex 0B_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 0Ch: Reset time (integral component) of the current controller in microseconds
- Subindex 0D_h: Voltage feed forward in tenths of a percent of the voltage that is needed to produce the rated current
- Subindex 0E_h: Maximum control deviation of the current controller in mA
- Subindex 0F_h: Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt.

Also dependent on this value is whether the *overmodulation* of the voltage vector is used. If *overmodulation* is used, a higher torque can be achieved. The resulting voltage is no longer sinusoidal, which can result in harmonics and higher losses.

Value in mV	Overmodulation
1001U _{o_low}	None; the voltage vector describes a circle.
$U_{o_low}U_{o_high}$	The voltage vector describes a circle that is increasingly flattened on four/six sides in proportion to the set value.
≥U _{o_high}	Full; the voltage vector describes a square or a hexagon.



 U_{o_low}

The lowest voltage above which overmodulation occurs. Is calculated as follows:

With two-phase stepper motors: operating voltage*1.063

With three-phase BLDC motors: operating voltage*0.99

 U_{o_high}

The maximum overmodulation occurs above this voltage. Is calculated as follows:

Operating voltage*0.9425

320Fh Open Loop Controller Parameter

Function

Contains the control parameters for <u>open loop</u>.

Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320E}_h$ or $\underline{320E}_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

Object description

Index	320F _h
Object name	Open Loop Controller Parameter
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	OPEN_LOOP_CONTROLLER_PARAMETER
Savable	yes, category: drive
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1913-B623284: "Name" entry changed from "PWM Feed Forward" to "Reserved."
	Firmware Version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Name" entry changed from "Max Voltage Via PWM" to "Max Voltage [mV]".
	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED16" to "UNSIGNED32".



Value description

1	,
Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Current Controller Kp [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Current Controller Tn [µs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Reserved
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Max Current Deviation [‰]
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Subindex	05 _h



Name Max Voltage [mV]
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping n

Allowed values

Preset value 000186A0_h

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Gain factor (proportional component) of the current controller in tenths of a percent
- Subindex 02_n: Reset time (integral component) of the current controller in microseconds
- Subindex 03_h: Reserved
- Subindex 04_h: Maximum control deviation of the current controller in mA
- Subindex 05_h: Maximum permissible PWM voltage (duty cycle). Values ≤ 1000 are interpreted as per mil values (of the available voltage). Values > 1000 as millivolt.

3210h Motor Drive Parameter Set

Function

Contains the P and I components of the current, speed and position controllers for *open loop* (only current controller activated) and *closed loop*.

Note

For firmware versions from FIR-v19xx upwards, the new schema for the Controller structure applies.



The old control parameters (object 3210_h) are activated in the factory settings for compatibility reasons. For new applications, Nanotec recommends using the new control parameters.

To use the new parameters, you must set $\underline{3210}_h$:07_h (for *closed loop*) or $\underline{3210}_h$:09_h (for *open loop*) to "0". The old values are converted and entered in the new object $\underline{320}E_h$ or $\underline{320F}_h$. You must save both objects (see <u>Saving objects</u>).

Object description

Index 3210_h

Object name Motor Drive Parameter Set

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_P" to

"Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "S_I" to

"Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".



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Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_P" to "Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "V_I" to "Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_P" to "Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Id_I" to "Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "Iq_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_P" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Name" entry changed from "I_I" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (dspDrive – Stepper Motor, open loop)" to "Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open loop)".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Data type" entry changed from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was changed from 11 to 13.

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 00 to 0A changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	$0C_h$

Subindex 01_h

Name Position Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value ■ PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00002710_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000800_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00007530_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00007530_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Position Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 03_h

Name Velocity Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00004E20_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00001B58_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 0000EA60_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 0000EA60_h

Subindex 04_h

Name Velocity Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00000064_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00000004_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 000001F4_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 000001F4_h

Subindex 05_h

Name Flux Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO



Allowed	values
---------	--------

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00A20C60_h

■ PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00881EE0_h

■ PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00081A38_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00081A38_h

Subindex 06_h

Name Flux Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00033DB0_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 0007C740_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 0001F1D0_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 0001F1D0_h

Subindex 07_h

Name Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00A20C60_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00881EE0_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00081A38_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00081A38_h

Subindex 08_h

Name Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (closed Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00033DB0_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 0007C740_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 0001F1D0_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 0001F1D0_h

Subindex 09_h

Name Torque Current Loop, Proportional Gain (open Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 0033DB00_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 0033DB00_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 004DC880_h
 PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 004DC880_h

Subindex 0A_h

Name Torque Current Loop, Integral Gain (open Loop)

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 000E42A0_h

PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00067B60_h
 PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 001D2B30_h

■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 001D2B30_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name Velocity Feed Forward Factor In Per Mille

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name Acceleration Feed Forward Factor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

- Subindex 00_h: Number of entries
- Subindex 01_h: Proportional component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 02_h: Integral component of the S-controller (position)
- Subindex 03_h: Proportional component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 04_h: Integral component of the V-controller (speed)
- Subindex 05_h: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 06_n: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 07_h: (Closed loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the torque-forming component



- Subindex 08_h: (Closed loop) Integral component of the current controller of the torque-forming component
- Subindex 09_h: (Open loop) Proportional component of the current controller of the field-building component
- Subindex 0A_h: (Open loop) Integral component of the current controller of the field-forming component
- Subindex 0B_h: (Closed loop) Speed feed forward in tenths of a percent. Default is 1000 and, thus, a factor of 1.
- Subindex 0C_h: (Closed loop) Acceleration feed forward. Default is 0 (feed forward inactive). It applies during deceleration as well.

3212h Motor Drive Flags

Function

This object is used to specify whether or not <u>auto setup</u> is to adapt the controller parameters. The direction of the rotating field can also be changed.



Note

Changes in subindex 02_h do not take effect until after the controller is restarted. Afterwards, <u>Auto setup</u> must again be performed.

Object description

Index	3212 _h
Object name	Motor Drive Flags
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1450
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 2 to 3.
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Name" entry changed from "Enable Legacy Power Mode" to "Reserved".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h



Subindex	01 _h		
Name	Reserved		
Data type	INTEGER8		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value	00 _h		
Subindex	02 _h		
Name	Override Field Inversion		
Data type	INTEGER8		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value	00 _h		
Subindex	03 _h		
Name	Do Not Touch Controller Settings		
Data type	INTEGER8		
Access	read / write		
PDO mapping	no		
Allowed values			
Preset value	00 _h		

Valid values for subindex 02h:

- Value = "0": Use default values of the firmware
- Value = "1": Force non-inversion of the rotating field (mathematically positive)
- Value = "-1": Force inversion of the rotating field (mathematically negative)

Valid values for subindex 03h:

- Value = "0": <u>Auto setup</u> detects the motor type (stepper motor or BLDC motor) and uses the corresponding pre-configured parameter set.
- Value = "1": Perform <u>auto setup</u> with the values for the controller that were entered in object 3210_h or $320E_h$ before the auto setup; the values in 3210_h or $320E_h$ are not changed.

3220h Analog Inputs

Function

Displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in ADC digits.

With object $\underline{3221}_h$, the respective analog input can be configured as current or voltage input, if this is supported by the hardware (see technical data).

Object description

Index	3220 _h



Object name Analog Inputs
Object Code ARRAY

Data type INTEGER16

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Savable

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: The number of entries was

changed from 3 to 2.

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Number Of Analogue Inputs

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Analogue Input 1
Data type INTEGER16
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Description

Formulas for converting from [digits] to the respective unit:

■ Voltage input: x digits * 10 V / 1023 digits

Current input (if configurable): x digits * 20 mA / 1023 digits

3221h Analogue Inputs Control

Function

With this object, an analog input can be switched from voltage measurement to current measurement if permitted by the hardware (see technical data).

Object description

Index 3221_h

Object name Analogue Inputs Control



Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
														AC2	AC1

In general: If a bit is set to the value "0", the analog input measures the voltage; if the bit is set to the value "1", the current is measured.

AC₁

Setting for analog input 1

AC2

Setting for analog input 2

3225h Analogue Inputs Switches

Function

This object contains the value of the rotary switch that is used to configure the address of the controller . The switch position is only read during a restart one time.

Object description

Index 3225_h
Object name Analog

Object name Analogue Inputs Switches

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1436

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1436: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex

01 changed from "RX-PDO" to "TX-PDO".



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input Switch1
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Access PDO mapping Allowed values	read only TX-PDO

Description

If the controller is equipped with a rotary switch, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex 01_h . If the controller is equipped with two rotary switches, the value of the rotary switch is displayed in subindex 01_h , which consists of switch 1 and 2.

3240h Digital Inputs Control

Function

With this object, digital inputs can be manipulated as described in chapter Digital inputs and outputs.

Object description

Index	3240 _h
Object name	Digital Inputs Control
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01 _h : "Name" entry changed from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"
	Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed from 8 to 9.

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported



Data type **UNSIGNED8** Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 08_h Subindex 01_h Name Special Function Enable **UNSIGNED32** Data type read / write Access PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Subindex 02_h Name **Function Inverted** Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access PDO mapping RX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Subindex 03_h Name Force Enable Data type **UNSIGNED32** read / write Access **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Subindex 04_{h} Name Force Value **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 0000000_h Subindex 05_h Name Raw Value **UNSIGNED32** Data type Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping



Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	Input Range Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	Differential Select
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	08 _h
Name	Routing Enable
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

The subindices have the following function:

3240_h:01_h (Special Function Enable): This bit allows special functions of an input to be switched off (value "0") or on (value "1"). If input 1 is not used as, e.g., a negative limit switch, the special function must be switched off to prevent an erroneous response to the signal generator. The object has no effect on bits 16 to 31.

The firmware evaluates the following bits:

- □ Bit 0: Negative limit switch
- □ Bit 1: Positive limit switch
- □ Bit 2: Home switch
- □ Bit 3: Interlock

If, for example, two limit switches and one home switch are used, bits 0-2 in 3240_h:01_h must be set to "1".

■ 3240_h:02_h (Function Inverted): This subindex switches from normally open logic (a logical high level at the input yields the value "1" in object 60FD_h) to normally closed logic (the logical high level at the input yields the value "0").

This applies for the special functions (except for the clock and direction inputs) and for the normal inputs. If the bit has the value "0", normally open logic applies; for the value "1", normally closed logic applies. Bit 0 changes the logic of input 1, bit 1 changes the logic of input 2, etc.



- 3240_h:03_h (Force Enable): This subindex switches on the software simulation of input values if the corresponding bit is set to "1".
 - In this case, the actual values are no longer used in object $\underline{3240}_h$:04_h, but rather the set values for the respective input. Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:04_h (Force Value): This bit specifies the value that is to be read as the input value if the same bit was set in object 3240_h:03_h.
- 3240_h:05_h (Raw Value): This object contains the unmodified input value.
- 3240_h:06_h (Input Range Select): This can be used to switch inputs that are equipped with this function from the switching threshold of 5 V (bit is "0") to the switching threshold of 24 V (bit is "1"). Bit 0 corresponds to input 1 here, bit 1 to input 2, etc.
- 3240_h:07_h (Differential Select): With the inputs, this subindex switches between "single-ended input" (value "0" in the subindex) and "differential input" (value "1" in the subindex) once for all inputs.
- 3240_h:08_h (Routing Enable): The value "1" in this subindex activates Input Routing.

3242h Digital Input Routing

Function

This object determines the source of the input routing that ends in $\underline{60FD}_h$.

Object description

Index	3242 _h
Object name	Digital Input Routing
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1504
Change history	

Value description

PDO mapping

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	24 _h

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Subindex} & & 01_{\text{h}} - 24_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{Input Source #1 - #36} \\ \text{Data type} & & \text{UNSIGNED8} \\ \text{Access} & & \text{read / write} \\ \end{array}$

TX-PDO



Allowed values
Preset value

 00_{h}

Description

Subindex 01_h contains the source for bit 0 of object <u>60FD</u>. Subindex 02_h contains the source for bit 1 of object <u>60FD</u> and so on.

The number that is written in a subindex determines the source for the corresponding bit. The following table lists all possible signal sources.

Νι	ımber	
dec	hex	Signal source
00	00	Signal is always 0
01	01	Physical input 1
02	02	Physical input 2
03	03	Physical input 3
04	04	Physical input 4
05	05	Physical input 5
06	06	Physical input 6
07	07	Physical input 7
08	08	Physical input 8
09	09	Physical input 9
10	0A	Physical input 10
11	0B	Physical input 11
12	0C	Physical input 12
13	0D	Physical input 13
14	0E	Physical input 14
15	0F	Physical input 15
16	10	Physical input 16
68	44	Encoder input "A"
69	45	Encoder input "B"
70	46	Encoder input "Index"
128	80	Signal is always 1
129	81	Inverted physical input 1
130	82	Inverted physical input 2
131	83	Inverted physical input 3
132	84	Inverted physical input 4
133	85	Inverted physical input 5
134	86	Inverted physical input 6
135	87	Inverted physical input 7
136	88	Inverted physical input 8
137	89	Inverted physical input 9
138	8A	Inverted physical input 10
139	8B	Inverted physical input 11
140	8C	Inverted physical input 12
141	8D	Inverted physical input 13
142	8E	Inverted physical input 14



Nι	ımber	
dec	hex	Signal source
143	8F	Inverted physical input 15
144	90	Inverted physical input 16
196	C4	Inverted encoder input "A"
197	C5	Inverted encoder input "B"
198	C6	Inverted encoder input "Index"

3243h Digital Input Homing Capture

Function

With this object, the current position can be noted automatically if a level change occurs at the digital input that is used for the home switch.



Note

Do not use this function in combination with a homing operation. The homing operation cannot otherwise be successfully completed.

Object description

Index	3243 _h
Object name	Digital Input Homing Capture
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Name

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h

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Control



Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	TOTAL DE
Preset value	00000000 _h
1 reset value	
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Capture Count
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Sensor Raw Value
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

- Subindex 01_h: This is used to select the type of level change:
 - □ Deactivate function: Value "0"
 - □ With rising edge: Value "1"
 - □ With falling edge: Value "2"
 - □ Both edges: Value "3"
- Subindex 02_h: Specifies the number of the noted level changes since the time the function was started; is reset to 0 if subindex 01_h is set to 1,2 or 3
- Subindex 03_h: Encoder position of the level change (in absolute user units from 6064_h)
- Subindex 04_h: Encoder position of the level change

3250h Digital Outputs Control

Function

This object can be used to control the digital outputs as described in chapter " Digital inputs and outputs".



The following applies for all subindices:

- Bits 0 to 15 control the special functions.
- Bits 16 to 31 control the level of the outputs.

Object description

Index 3250_h

Object name Digital Outputs Control

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1426: Subindex 01_h: "Name" entry changed

from "Special Function Disable" to "Special Function Enable"

Firmware version FIR-v1446: "Name" entry changed from "Special

Function Enable" to "No Function".

Firmware version FIR-v1512: The number of entries was changed

from 6 to 9.

Firmware version FIR-v2039: Subindex 09 added

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 09_h

Subindex 01_h

Name No Function
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Function Inverted
Data type UNSIGNED32



A	17 %	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	03 _h	
Name	Force Enable	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	04 _h	
Name	Force Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	05 _h	
Name	Raw Value	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	06 _h	
Name	Reserved1	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	07 _h	
Name	Reserved2	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		



Preset value	00000000 _h	
Subindex	08 _h	
Name	Routing Enable	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	0000000 _h	
Subindex	09 _h	
Name	Enable Mask [Bit0=StatusLed, Bit1=ErrorLed	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	FFFFFFF _h	

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: No function.
- 02h: This subindex is used to invert the logic (from normally closed logic to normally open logic).
- 03_h: This subindex is used to force the output value if the bit has the value "1". The level of the output is defined in subindex 4_h.
- 04_h: This subindex is used to define the level to be applied to the output. The value "0" returns a logical low level at the digital output; the value "1", on the other hand, returns a logical high level.
- 05_h: The bit combination applied to the outputs is stored in this subindex.
- 08_h: If the subindex is set to "1", *Output Routing* is activated.



Note

Entries 3250_h:01_h to 3250:04_h then have **no** function until Output Routing is again switched off.

• 09_h: For switching control of the <u>Power LED</u> on/off. If bit 0 is set to "1", the green LED is activated (flashes in normal operation). If bit 1 is set to "1", the red LED is activated (flashes in case of an error). If the bit is set to "0", the respective LED remains off.

3252h Digital Output Routing

Function

This object assigns a signal source to an output; this signal source can be controlled with 60FE_h.

Object description

Index	3252 _h	
Object name	Digital Output Routing	
Object Code	ARRAY	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	



Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history

Value description

Preset value

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	04 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Output Control #1
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	

Subindex	02 _h
Name	Output Control #2
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0090 _h

03 _h
Output Control #3
UNSIGNED16
read / write
TX-PDO

Preset value 0091_h

0080_h

Subindex 04_h



Name Output Control #4
Data type UNSIGNED16
Access read / write
PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0092_h

3320h Read Analogue Input

Function

This object displays the instantaneous values of the analog inputs in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 3320_h Object name Read Analogue Input Object Code **ARRAY** INTEGER32 Data type Savable no Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value FIR-v1426 Firmware version Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h
Name Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value 01_h

Subindex 01_h
Name Analogue Input 1
Data type INTEGER32
Access read only
PDO mapping TX-PDO
Allowed values
Preset value 00000000_h



The user-defined units are made up of offset (3321_h) and scaling value $(3322_h/3323_h)$. If both are still set to the default values, the value in 3320_h is specified in the *ADC Digits* unit.

Formula for converting from digits to the respective unit:

- Voltage input: x digits * 10 V / 1023 digits
- Current input (if configurable): x digits * 20 mA / 1023 digits

The following applies for the sub-entries:

- Subindex 00_h: Number of analog inputs
- Subindex 01_h: Analog value 1
- Subindex 02_h: Analog value 2 (if present)

3321h Analogue Input Offset

Function

Offset that is added to the read analog value (3220_h) before scaling (multiplier from object 3322 and divisor from object 3323_h).

Object description

Index	3321 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h

Subindex 01_h

Name Analogue Input 1
Data type INTEGER16
Access read / write

PDO mapping no



Allowed values

0000_h Preset value

Description

■ Subindex 00_h: Number of offsets

Subindex 01_h: Offset for analog input 1

Subindex 02_h: Offset for analog input 2 (if present)

3322h Analogue Input Factor Numerator

Function

Value by which the read analog value (3220_h, 3321_h) is multiplied before it is written in object 3320_h.

Object description

Index	3322 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Factor Numerator
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmer vara varaina	FID v4406

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: entry "Object Name" changed

from "Analog Input Factor Numerator" to "Analogue Input Factor

Numerator".

Firmware version FIR-v2039-B807052: The number of entries was

changed from 3 to 2.

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h

Subindex 01_h

Name Analogue Input 1 **INTEGER16** Data type Access read / write



PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_h

Description

The subindices contain:

■ Subindex 01_h: Multiplier for analog input 1

■ Subindex 02_h: Multiplier for analog input 2 (if present)

3323h Analogue Input Factor Denominator

Function

Value by which the read analog value (3220_h+ 3321_h) is divided before it is written in object 3320_h.

Object description

Index	3323 _h
Object name	Analogue Input Factor Denominator
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1926-B648637
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Number Of Analogue Inputs
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Analogue Input 1
Data type	INTEGER16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h



The subindices contain:

- Subindex 01_h: Divisor for analog input 1
- Subindex 02_h: Divisor for analog input 2 (if present)

3380h Feedback Sensorless

Function

Contains measurement and configuration values that are necessary for the sensorless control and field weakening in <u>Closed Loop</u>.

Object description

Index	3380 _h
	3300h
Object name	Feedback Sensorless
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: The number of entries was changed from 7 to 6.

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	05 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Resistance [Ohm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h



Name	Inductance [H]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	Magnetic Flux [Vs]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	04 _h
Name	Switch On Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000078 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	Switch Off Speed [rpm]
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000064 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h: Winding resistance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 02_h: Winding inductance. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 03_h: Interlinking flux. Float value, shown here as UNSIGNED32. Is determined by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 04_h: Switch-on speed in RPM. *Closed loop* (*sensorless*) is activated above this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.
- 05_h: Switch-off speed in RPM. *Closed loop* (*sensorless*) is deactivated below this speed if no sensors were detected by <u>Auto setup</u>.



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33A0h Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1

Function

Contains configuration values for the first incremental encoder. The values are determined by the <u>Auto setup</u>.

Object description

Index	33A0 _h
Object name	Feedback Incremental A/B/I 1
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Configuration
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	8001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Alignment
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h



The subindices have the following function:

- 01_h (Configuration): The following bits have a meaning:
 - □ Bit 0: Value = "0": The encoder does not have an index. Value = "1": Encoder index exists and is to be used.
 - □ Bit 15: Value = "1": The encoder is a single-turn absolute encoder.
- 02_h (Alignment): This value specifies the offset between the index of the encoder and the rotor's magnets. The exact determination is possible via <u>auto setup</u>. The presence of this value is necessary for *closed loop* mode with encoder.

3502h MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for RX mapping can be written in this object.





To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

Object description

Index	3502 _h
Object name	MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: communication
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed from "MODBUS Rx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Rx PDO Mapping".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	08 _h



Subindex	01 _h
Name	1st Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60400010 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00050008 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no no
Allowed values	TIO .
Preset value	60600008 _h
110001 Value	
Subindex	04 _h
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	32020020 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
D	607A0020 _h
Preset value	
Subindex	06 _h
	06 _h 6th Object To Be Mapped UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60810020_h

Subindex 07_h

Name 7th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60420010_h

Subindex 08_h

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 60FE0120_h

Subindex 09_h

Name 9th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0A_h

Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping r

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Subindex 0Ch Name 12th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Preset value 00000000h Subindex 0Dh Name 13th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Preset value 00000000h Subindex 0Eh Name 14th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PPDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Preset value 00000000h Subindex 0Fh Name 15th Object To Be Mapped Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PPO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Name	Preset value	00000000 _h
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Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values	Subindex	10 _h
Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values	Name	16th Object To Be Mapped
PDO mapping no Allowed values	Data type	UNSIGNED32
Allowed values	Access	read / write
	PDO mapping	no
Preset value 00000000 _h	Allowed values	
	Preset value	00000000 _h



3602h MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Function

The objects for TX mapping can be written in this object.

Note



To be able to change the mapping, you must first deactivate it by setting subindex 0_h to "0".

After writing the objects to the respective subindices, enter the number of mapped objects in subindex 0_h .

Object description

Index 3602_h

Object name MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: communication

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321: "Object Name" entry changed

from "MODBUS Tx PDO-Mapping" to "MODBUS Tx PDO Mapping".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 06_h

Subindex 01_h

Name 1st Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 60410010_h



Subindex	02 _h
Name	2nd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00050008 _h
Subindex	03 _h
Name	3rd Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60610008 _h
-	
Subindex	04 _h
Name	4th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60640020 _h
Subindex	05 _h
Name	5th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60440010 _h
Subindex	06 _h
Name	6th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	60FD0020 _h
Subindex	07 _h
Name	7th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 08_h

Name 8th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping n

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 09_h

Name 9th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0A_h

Name 10th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0B_h

Name 11th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping r

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 0C_h

Name 12th Object To Be Mapped

Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	$0D_h$
Name	13th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0E _h
Name	14th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	0F _h
Name	15th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Subindex	10 _h
Name	16th Object To Be Mapped
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

3700h Deviation Error Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if a following or slippage error is triggered.

Object description

Index	3700 _h
Object name	Deviation Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE



Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{FFFF}_h \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Following Error Option Code" to "Deviation Error Option Code".

Description

Value	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h)
3 32767	Reserved

3701h Limit Switch Error Option Code

Function

If a limit switch is passed over, bit 7 (Warning) is set in $\underline{6041}_h$ (statusword) and the action that is stored in this object executed.

Object description

Index	3701 _h
Object name	Limit Switch Error Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FFFF _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Description

Value in object 3701 _h	Description
-1	No reaction (e. g., to execute a homing operation)



Value in object 3701	Description
1	Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
5	Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6	Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

Note



The quick-stop bit (bit 2) in 6040_h is not automatically set to "0" when the state changes to *Quick stop active*.

▶ If you want to change the <u>state machine</u> back to the *Operation enabled* state, you must set the bit to "0" and then to "1" again.

4012h HW Information

Function

This object contains information about the hardware.

Object description

Index	4012 _h
Object name	HW Information
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	



Preset value	01 _h	
Subindex	01 _h	
Name	EEPROM Size In Bytes	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000000 _h	

Subindex 01: Contains the size of the connected EEPROM in bytes. The value "0" means that no EEPROM is connected.

4013h HW Configuration

Function

This object is used to set certain hardware configurations.

Object description

Index	4013 _h
Object name	HW Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1540
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h

Subindex	01 _h

Name HW Configuration #1



Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

reserved

4014h Operating Conditions

Function

This object is used to read out the current environment values for the controller.

no

Object description

Index 4014_h

Object name Operating Conditions

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1540

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 02 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Name" entry changed from "Temperature PCB [d?C]" to "Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]".

Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for

subindex 03 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: The number of entries was

changed from 4 to 6.

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

Allowed values

PDO mapping

Preset value 05_h



Subindex	01 _h							
Name	Voltage UB Power [mV]							
Data type	INTEGER32							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 _h							
Subindex	02 _h							
Name	Voltage UB Logic [mV]							
Data type	INTEGER32							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 _h							
Subindex	03 _h							
Name	Temperature PCB [Celsius * 10]							
Data type	INTEGER32							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 _h							
Subindex	04 _h							
Name	Temperature Motor [Celsius * 10]							
Data type	INTEGER32							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 _h							
Subindex	05 _h							
Name	Temperature Microcontroller Chip [Celsius * 10]							
Data type	INTEGER32							
Access	read only							
PDO mapping	TX-PDO							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00000000 _h							

Description

The subindices contain:

■ 01_h: Current voltage supply voltage in [mV]



- 02_h: Current logic voltage in [mV]
- 03_h: Current temperature of the control board in [d°C] (tenths of degree)
- 04_h: Reserves
- 05_h: Reserves

4015h Special Drive Modes

Function

With this object, you can switch the *special drive modes* off or on. See chapter <u>Special drive modes</u> (clock-direction and analog speed).

Object description

Index	4015 _h						
Object name	Special Drive Modes						
Object Code	ARRAY						
Data type	UNSIGNED8						
Savable	yes, category: application						
Access	read only						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value							
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312						
Change history							

Value description

Data type

Subindex	00 _h							
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported UNSIGNED8 read only							
Data type								
Access								
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	02 _h							
Subindex	01 _h							
Name	Special Drive Mode Configuration							
Data type	UNSIGNED8							
Access	read / write							
PDO mapping	no							
Allowed values								
Preset value	00 _h							
Subindex	02 _h							
Name	Virtual Config Switch Value							

Version: 1.4.0 / FIR-v2039 254

UNSIGNED8



Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_{h}

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

■ 01_h:

□ Value ="0"h: The special drive modes are switched off

□ Value="2"_h: The *special drive modes* are switched on and the mode is set in subindex 02_h.

02_h: Defines the used mode.

4016h Factory Settings

Function

This object indicates whether <u>Auto setup</u> was executed in production.

Object description

Index	4016 _h	
Object name	Factory Settings	
Object Code	ARRAY	
Data type	UNSIGNED8	
Savable	no	
Access	read only	
PDO mapping	no	
Allowed values		
Preset value		

Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332: "Access" table entry for

subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h					
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported					
Data type	UNSIGNED8					
Access	read only					
PDO mapping	no					
Allowed values						
Preset value	01 _h					

Subindex 01_h

Name Factory Autosetup Done

UNSIGNED8 Data type

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Description

Valid values for subindex 01_h:

■ Value = "0": *Auto setup* was not executed.

■ Value = "1": Auto setup was executed.

4021h Ballast Configuration

Function

With this object, you switch the ballast circuit on or off and determine its response threshold.

Object description

Index	4021 _h
Object name	Ballast Configuration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332

Value description

Change history

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	03 _h

Subindex	01 _h						
Name	Settings [Bit0: On/Off]						
Data type	UNSIGNED32						
Access	read / write						
PDO mapping	no						
Allowed values							
Preset value	00000001 _h						

10 Description of the object dictionary



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Subindex 02_h
Name UB Powe

Name UB Power Limit [mV]
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0000D866_h

Subindex 03_h

Name UB Power Hysteresis [mV]

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000001F4_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

■ 01_h:

□ Bit 0: Switches the ballast on (value = "1") or off (value = "0")

- 02_h: Response threshold (switch on/off) of the ballast circuit
- 03_h: Hysteresis for the response threshold (switch on/off)

4040h Drive Serial Number

Function

This object contains the serial number of the controller.

Object description

Index 4040_h

Object name Drive Serial Number

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1450

Change history



4041h Device Id

Function

This object contains the ID of the device.

Object description

Index 4041_h Object name Device Id Object Code **VARIABLE** OCTET_STRING Data type Savable no Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 0

FIR-v1540

Firmware version Change history

4042h Bootloader Infos

Object description

Index 4042_h Object name **Bootloader Infos** Object Code **ARRAY UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable no Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332 Change history

Value description

Subindex 00h
Name Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value 03h



Subindex	01 _h								
Name	Bootloader Version								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read only								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 _h								
Subindex	02 _h								
Name	Bootloader Supported Fieldbus								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read only								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	0000000 _h								
Subindex	03 _h								
Name	Bootloader Hw-group								
Data type	UNSIGNED32								
Access	read only								
PDO mapping	no								
Allowed values									
Preset value	00000000 _h								

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Version of the boot loader. The 4 most significant bytes contain the main version number; the 4 least significant bytes contain the minor version number. Example for version 4.2: 00040002_h
- 02_h: Fieldbuses supported by the boot loader. The bits have the same function as the bits of object <u>2101h</u> <u>Fieldbus Module Availability</u>.

603Fh Error Code

Function

This object returns the error code of the last error that occurred.

It corresponds to the lower 16 bits of object $\underline{1003}_h$. For the description of the error codes, refer to object $\underline{1003}_h$.

Object description

Index	603F _h
Object name	Error Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{0000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history

Description

For the meaning of the error, see object 1003_h (Pre-defined Error Field).

6040h Controlword

Function

This object controls the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Object description

Index	6040 _h
Object name	Controlword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426

Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

Description

Change history

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode.

"yes, category: application".

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
						OMS	HALT	FR		OMS [3]		EO	QS	EV	SO	l

SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Switched on" state

EV (Enable Voltage)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable voltage" state

QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Switches to the "Quick stop" state

EO (Enable Operation)

Value = "1": Switches to the "Enable operation" state



OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

FR (Fault Reset)

Resets an error (if possible)

HALT

Value = "1": Triggers a halt; valid in the following modes:

- Profile Position
- Velocity
- Profile Velocity
- Profile Torque
- Interpolated Position Mode

6041h Statusword

Function

This object returns information about the status of the CiA 402 Power State Machine.

Object description

Index	6041 _h
Object name	Statusword
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Parts of the object are, with respect to function, dependent on the currently selected mode. Refer to the corresponding section in chapter <u>Operating modes</u>.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CLA		OMS	S [2]	ILA	TARG	REM	SYNC	WARN	SOD	QS	VE	FAULT	OE	so	RTSO

RTSO (Ready To Switch On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Ready to switch on" state

SO (Switched On)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on" state

OE (Operation Enabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Operation enabled" state



FAULT

Error occurred (see 1003_h)

VE (Voltage Enabled)

Voltage applied

QS (Quick Stop)

Value = "0": Controller is in the "Quick stop" state

SOD (Switched On Disabled)

Value = "1": Controller is in the "Switched on disabled" state

WARN (Warning)

Value = "1": Warning

SYNC (synchronization)

Value = "1": Controller is in sync with the fieldbus; value = "0": Controller is not in sync with the fieldbus

REM (Remote)

Remote (value of the bit is always "1")

TARG

Target reached

ILA (Internal Limit Active)

Limit exceeded

OMS (Operation Mode Specific)

Meaning is dependent on the selected operating mode

CLA (Closed Loop Active)

Value = "1": The controller is in the *Operation enabled* state and the <u>Closed Loop</u> is activated.

Listed in the following table are the bit masks that break down the state of the controller.

Statusword (6041 _h)	State	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000	Not ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000	Switch on disabled	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001	Ready to switch on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011	Switched on	
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111	Operation enabled	
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111	Quick stop active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111	Fault reaction active	
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000	Fault	

6042h VI Target Velocity

Function

Specifies the target speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for <u>Velocity</u> mode.



Object description

Index 6042_h

Object name VI Target Velocity

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00C8}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

6043h VI Velocity Demand

Function

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the controller in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index 6043_h

Object name VI Velocity Demand

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6044h VI Velocity Actual Value

Function

Specifies the current actual speed in <u>user-defined units</u> in <u>Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index 6044_h

Object name VI Velocity Actual Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable no

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6046h VI Velocity Min Max Amount

Function

This object can be used to set the minimum speed and maximum speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index6046hObject nameVI Velocity Min Max AmountObject CodeARRAYData typeUNSIGNED32Savableyes, category: applicationFirmware versionFIR-v1426Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

 Subindex
 01h

 Name
 MinAmount

 Data type
 UNSIGNED32

 Access
 read / write

 PDO mapping
 RX-PDO

 Allowed values
 Preset value

 O000000h

Subindex 02_h
Name MaxAmount
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write



PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00007530_h

Description

Subindex 1 contains the minimum speed.

Subindex 2 contains the maximum speed.

If the value of the target speed (object $\underline{6042}_h$) specified here is less than the minimum speed, the minimum speed applies and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in $\underline{6041h}$ Statusword_h is set.

A target speed greater than the maximum speed sets the speed to the maximum speed and bit 11 (Internal Limit Reached) in 6041h Statusword_h is set.

6048h VI Velocity Acceleration

Function

Sets the acceleration ramp in Velocity Mode (see Velocity).

Object description

Index	6048 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Acceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	DeltaSpeed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h



Subindex 02_h

Name DeltaTime

Data type UNSIGNED16

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_h

Description

The acceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

6049h VI Velocity Deceleration

Function

Sets the deceleration (deceleration ramp) in Velocity Mode (see <u>Velocity</u>).

Object description

Index	6049 _h
Object name	VI Velocity Deceleration
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00_{h}
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h	
Name	DeltaSpeed	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		



Preset value	000001F4 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	DeltaTime
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h

Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

604Ah VI Velocity Quick Stop

Function

This object defines the deceleration (deceleration ramp) if the Quick Stop state is initiated in velocity mode.

Object description

Index	604A _h
Object name	VI Velocity Quick Stop
Object Code	RECORD
Data type	VELOCITY_ACCELERATION_DECELERATION
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h	
Name	DeltaSpeed	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001388_h

Subindex 02_h

Name DeltaTime

Data type UNSIGNED16

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0001_h

Description

The deceleration is specified as a fraction in user-defined units:

Speed change per change in time.

Subindex 01_h: Contains the change in speed.

Subindex 02_h: Contains the change in time.

604Ch VI Dimension Factor

Function

The unit for speed values is defined here for the objects associated with velocity mode.

Object description

Index
Object name
VI Dimension Factor
Object Code
ARRAY
Data type
INTEGER32
Savable
yes, category: application
Firmware version
FIR-v1426
Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h



Subindex	01 _h
Name	VI Dimension Factor Numerator
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	VI Dimension Factor Denominator
Data type	INTEGER32
Data type Access	INTEGER32 read / write
* *	
Access	read / write

Description

Subindex 1 contains the numerator (multiplier) and subindex 2 contains the denominator (divisor) with which the internal speed values are converted to revolutions per minute. If, for example, subindex 1 is set to the value "60" and subindex 2 is set to the value "1", the speed is specified in revolutions per second (60 revolutions per 1 minute).

605Ah Quick Stop Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> to the *Quick Stop active* state.

Object description

Index	605A _h
Object name	Quick Stop Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

	Value in object 605A _h	Description
0		Immediate stop with subsequent state change to Switch on disabled



Value	in object 605A _h	Description
1		Braking with slow down ramp (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2		Braking with $quick\ stop\ ramp\ (\underline{6085}_h)$ and subsequent state change to $Switch\ on\ disabled$
5		Braking with <i>slow down ramp</i> (deceleration ramp depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick stop active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.
6		Braking with <i>quick stop ramp</i> (6085 _h) and subsequent state change to <i>Quick Stop Active</i> ; control does not switch off and the motor remains energized. You can switch back to the <i>Operation enabled</i> state.

605Bh Shutdown Option Code

Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Ready to switch on* state.

Object description

Index	605B _h
Object name	Shutdown Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value in object 605B _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2 32767	Reserved



605Ch Disable Option Code

Function

This object contains the action that is to be executed on a transition of the <u>CiA 402 Power State Machine</u> from the *Operation enabled* state to the *Switched on* state.

Object description

Index	605C _h
Object name	Disable Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value in object 605C _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode) and subsequent state change to Switch on disabled
2 32767	Reserved

605Dh Halt Option Code

Function

The object contains the action that is to be executed if bit 8 (Halt) is set in controlword 6040_h.

Object description

Index	605D _h
Object name	Halt Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0001 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426



Change history

Description

Value in object 605D _h	Description
-32768 0	Reserved
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085 _h)
3 32767	Reserved

605Eh Fault Option Code

Function

The object contains the action specifying how the motor is to be brought to a standstill in case of an error.

Object description

Index	605E _h
Object name	Fault Option Code
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	0002 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value in object 605E _h	Description
-327681	Reserved
0	Blocking of the drive function – motor can turn freely
1	Braking with slow down ramp (braking deceleration depending on operating mode)
2	Braking with quick stop ramp (6085h)
3 32767	Reserved

6060h Modes Of Operation

Function

The desired operating mode is entered in this object.



Object description

Index	6060 _h
Object name	Modes Of Operation
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Description

Mode	Description
-2	Auto setup
-1	Clock-direction mode
0	No mode change/no mode assigned
1	Profile Position Mode
2	Velocity Mode
3	Profile Velocity Mode
4	Profile Torque Mode
5	Reserved
6	Homing Mode
7	Interpolated Position Mode
8	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
9	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
10	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

6061h Modes Of Operation Display

Function

Indicates the current operating mode. See also 6060h Modes Of Operation.

Object description

Index	6061 _h
Object name	Modes Of Operation Display
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	no
Access	read only



PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6062h Position Demand Value

Function

Indicates the current demand position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6062_h

Object name Position Demand Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6063h Position Actual Internal Value

Function

Contains the current rotary encoder position in increments. Unlike objects $\underline{6062}_h$ and $\underline{6064}_h$, this value is not set to "0" following a \underline{Homing} operation.



Note

If the encoder resolution in object $608F_h$ = zero, the numerical values of this object are invalid.

Object description

Index 6063_h

Object name Position Actual Internal Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no

Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6064h Position Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index6064hObject namePosition Actual ValueObject CodeVARIABLEData typeINTEGER32SavablenoAccessread onlyPDO mappingTX-PDOAllowed values

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history

6065h Following Error Window

Function

Defines the maximum allowed following error in user-defined units symmetrically to the demand position.

Object description

Index 6065_h

Object name Following Error Window

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write

PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000100_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\underline{6066}_h$.



If the value of the "Following Error Window" is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, following error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

6066h Following Error Time Out

Function

Time in milliseconds until a larger following error results in an error message.

Object description

Index	6066 _h
Object name	Following Error Time Out
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0064 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Description

If the actual position deviates so much from the demand position that the value of object $\underline{6065}_h$ is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must persist for longer than the time defined in this object.

A reaction to the following error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

6067h Position Window

Function

Specifies a range symmetrical to the target position within which that target is considered having been met in modes <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u>.

Object description

Index	6067 _h
Object name	Position Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000000A _h



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\underline{6066}_h$.

If the value is set to "FFFFFFF"_h, monitoring is switched off.

6068h Position Window Time

Function

The current position must be within the "Position Window" (6067_h) for this time in milliseconds for the target position to be considered having been met in the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> modes.

Object description

Index	6068 _h

Object name Position Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1504: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current position deviates from the target position by less than the value of object $\underline{6067}_h$, bit 10 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\underline{6066}_h$.

606Bh Velocity Demand Value

Function

Speed specification in <u>user-defined units</u> for the velocity controller.

Object description

Index 606B_h

Object name Velocity Demand Value

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable no



Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

This object contains the output of the ramp generator, which simultaneously serves as the preset value for the velocity controller.

606Ch Velocity Actual Value

Function

Current actual speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	606C _h
Object name	Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

606Dh Velocity Window

Function

Specifies a symmetrical range relative to the target speed within which the target is considered having been met in the <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Preset value

Index	606D _h
Object name	Velocity Window
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	

Version: 1.4.0 / FIR-v2039 278

 $001E_h$



Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of this object, bit 10 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object $\underline{606E}_h$ (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

606Eh Velocity Window Time

Function

The current speed must be within the "Velocity Window" ($\underline{606D}_h$) for this time (in milliseconds) for the target to be considered having been met.

Object description

Index 606E_h

Object name Velocity Window Time

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

Description

If the current speed deviates from the set speed by less than the value of object $\underline{606D}_h$, bit 10 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The condition must be satisfied for longer than the time defined in object 606E (see also statusword in Profile Velocity Mode).

606Fh Velocity Threshold

Function

Speed in <u>user-defined units</u> above which the actual speed in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode is considered to be nonzero.

Object description

Index	606F _h
Object name	Velocity Threshold



Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h

Firmware version FIR-v2013-B726332

Change history

Description

If the actual speed is greater than the value in $\underline{606F}_h$ (Velocity Threshold) for a time of $\underline{6070}_h$ (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in $\underline{6041}_h$ (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

6070h Velocity Threshold Time

Function

Time in milliseconds above which an actual speed greater than the value in $\underline{606F_h}$ in $\underline{Profile\ Velocity}$ mode is considered to be nonzero.

Object description

Index	6070 _h
Object name	Velocity Threshold Time
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v2013-B726332
Change history	

Description

If the actual speed is greater than the value in $\underline{606F_h}$ (Velocity Threshold) for a time of $\underline{6070_h}$ (Velocity Threshold Time), bit 12 in $\underline{6041_h}$ (Statusword) has the value "0". The bit otherwise remains set to "1".

6071h Target Torque

Function

This object contains the target torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Object description

Index	6071 _h



Object name Target Torque
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER16

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0000_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B}_h$:01.

The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_h).

6072h Max Torque

Function

The object describes the maximum torque for the <u>Profile Torque</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Torque</u> modes in tenths of a percent of the rated torque.

Object description

Index 6072_h
Object name Max Torque
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED16
Savable yes, category:

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 0064_h
Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object 203B_h:01.

The minimum of $\underline{6073}_h$ and $\underline{6072}_h$ is used as limit for the torque in $\underline{6071}_h$.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_h).



6073h Max Current

Function

Contains the maximum current in tenths of a percent of the set rated current entered in $\underline{320E}_h$:0A_h. Is limited by the maximum motor current ($\underline{2031}_h$). See also $\underline{12t\ Motor\ overload\ protection}$.



Note

For stepper motors, only the rated current is specified, not a maximum current. The value of 6073_h should therefore not exceed the value 1000 (100%).

Object description

Index	6073 _h			
Object name	Max Current			
Object Code	VARIABLE			
Data type	UNSIGNED16			
Savable	yes, category: drive			
Access	read / write			
PDO mapping	RX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	■ PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 03E8 _h			
	■ PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 03E8 _h			
	■ PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 07D0 _h			
	■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 07D0 _h			
Firmware version	FIR-v1825-B577172			
Change history				

Description

The maximum current is calculated in tenths of a percent of the rated current as follows:

(6073_h*203B_h:01)/1000

The maximum current determines:

- the maximum current for the <u>I2t Motor overload protection</u>
- the rated current in open loop mode



Note

The maximum current also affects the control behavior in *closed loop* mode (see <u>Controller structure</u>). If you change the maximum current, you must also proportionally adjust the value of $320E_h$:09_h.

6074h Torque Demand

Function

Current torque set value requested by the ramp generator in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.



Object description

Index 6074_h Object name **Torque Demand** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **INTEGER16** Savable Access read only PDO mapping TX-PDO Allowed values Preset value 0000_{h} Firmware version FIR-v1426 Change history

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of 6073_h and 6072_h is used as limit for the torque in 6071_h.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_h).

6075h Motor Rated Current

Function

Contains the rated current entered in 203B_h:01_h in mA.

6077h Torque Actual Value

Function

This object indicates the current torque value in tenths of a percent of the rated torque for the internal controller.

Object description

Index	6077 _h			
Object name	Torque Actual Value			
Object Code	VARIABLE			
Data type	INTEGER16			
Savable	no			
Access	read only			
PDO mapping	TX-PDO			
Allowed values				
Preset value	0000 _h			
Firmware version	FIR-v1540			
Change history				



Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of $\underline{6073}_h$ and $\underline{6072}_h$ is used as limit for the torque in $\underline{6071}_h$.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_h).

607Ah Target Position

Function

This object specifies the target position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Cyclic Synchronous Position</u> modes.

Object description

Index	607A _h				
Object name	Target Position				
Object Code	VARIABLE				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Savable	yes, category: application				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	00000FA0 _h				
Firmware version	FIR-v1426				
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".				

607Bh Position Range Limit

Function

Contains the minimum and maximum position in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	607B _h			
IIIdex				
Object name	Position Range Limit			
Object Code	ARRAY			
Data type	INTEGER32			
Savable	yes, category: application			
Firmware version	FIR-v1426			
Change history				

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported



Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Min Position Range Limit

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Max Position Range Limit

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

If this range is exceeded or not reached, an overflow occurs. To prevent this overflow, limit values for the target position can be set in object $\underline{607D}_h$ ("Software Position Limit").

607Ch Home Offset

Function

Specifies the difference between the zero position of the controller and the reference point of the machine in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 607C_h
Object name Home Offset
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32
Savable yes, category: application
Access read / write

RX-PDO

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



607Dh Software Position Limit

Function

Defines the limit positions relative to the reference point of the application in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	607D _h			
Object name	Software Position Limit			
Object Code	ARRAY			
Data type	INTEGER32			
Savable	yes, category: application			
Firmware version	FIR-v1426			
Change history				

Value description

Subindex	00 _h				
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported				
Data type	UNSIGNED8				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	no				
Allowed values					
Preset value	02 _h				
Subindex	01 _h				
Name	Min Position Limit				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	00000000 _h				
Subindex	02 _h				
Name	Max Position Limit				
Data type	INTEGER32				
Access	read / write				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	0000000 _h				

Description

The absolute target position must lie within the limits set here. The Home Offset $(\underline{607C_h})$ is not taken into account.



607Eh Polarity

Function

With this object, the direction of rotation can be reversed.

Object description

Index607EhObject namePolarityObject CodeVARIABLEData typeUNSIGNED8

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00_h

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Description

The following generally applies for direction reversal: If a bit is set to the value "1", reversal is activated. If the value is "0", the direction of rotation is as described in the respective mode.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
POS	VEL						

VEL (Velocity)

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Velocity Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode

POS (Position)

Direction of rotation reversal in the following modes:

- Profile Position Mode
- Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode



Tip

You can force an inversion of the rotary field that affects all operating modes. See object 3212h:02h.

607Fh Max Profile Velocity

Function

Specifies the maximum speed in <u>user-defined units</u> for which the Mod i <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Interpolated Position</u> Mode (only if <u>closed loop</u> is activated) and <u>Profile Velocity</u>.



Object description

Index 607F_h

Object name Max Profile Velocity

Object Code VARIABLE
Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00007530}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1540} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Max profile velocity" to "Max Profile Velocity".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Data type" entry changed

from "INTEGER16" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from

"no" to "yes, category: application".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Access" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "read only" to "read/write".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "TX-PDO" to "RX-PDO".

6080h Max Motor Speed

Function

Contains the maximum permissible speed of the motor in user-defined units entered in 320E_h:05_h.



Note

The maximum speed also affects the control behavior in *closed loop* mode (see <u>Controller structure</u>). If you change the maximum speed, you must also proportionally adjust the value of <u>320E</u>_h:04_h

Object description

Index 6080_h

Object name Max Motor Speed

Object Code VARIABLE

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: drive

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value PD4-E591L42-E-65-5: 00007530_h

■ PD4-E601L42-E-65-5: 00007530_h

■ PD4-EB59CD-E-65-5: 00001770_h



■ PD4-EB60SD-E-65-5: 00002D50h

Firmware version Change history FIR-v1426

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "yes,

category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Object Name" entry changed

from "Maximum Speed" to "Max Motor Speed".

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for

subindex 00 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: movement".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: movement" to "yes, category: tuning".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Savable" entry changed from

"yes, category: tuning" to "yes, category: movement".

6081h Profile Velocity

Function

Specifies the maximum travel speed in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	6081 _h
Object name	Profile Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

6082h End Velocity

Function

Specifies the speed at the end of the traveled ramp in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	6082 _h
Object name	End Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{00000000}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1426} \end{array}$

Change history

6083h Profile Acceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum acceleration in user-defined units.

Object description

Index 6083_h Object name **Profile Acceleration** Object Code **VARIABLE UNSIGNED32** Data type Savable yes, category: application Access read / write **RX-PDO** PDO mapping Allowed values Preset value 000001F4_h FIR-v1426 Firmware version Change history

6084h Profile Deceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum deceleration (deceleration ramp) in user-defined units. Is limited by 60C6_h.

Object description

Index	6084 _h
Object name	Profile Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



6085h Quick Stop Deceleration

Function

Specifies the maximum Quick Stop Deceleration in <u>user-defined units</u>. Depending on the operating mode, is limited by $\underline{60C6}_h$ (Max Deceleration) and, if applicable, $\underline{60A4}_h$ (Profile Jerk).

Object description

Index	6085 _h
Object name	Quick Stop Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

6086h Motion Profile Type

Function

Specifies the ramp type for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Profile Velocity</u> modes.

Object description

Index	6086 _h
Object name	Motion Profile Type
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER16
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

Value = "0": = Trapezoidal ramp

Value = "3": Ramp with limited jerk



6087h Torque Slope

Function

This object contains the slope of the torque in Torque mode.

Object description

Index	6087 _h
Object name	Torque Slope
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

This object is calculated as thousandths of the torque, e.g., the value "500" means "50%" of the rated torque; "1100" is equivalent to 110%. The rated torque corresponds to the rated current in object $\underline{203B_h}$:01.

The minimum of $\underline{6073}_h$ and $\underline{6072}_h$ is used as limit for the torque in $\underline{6071}_h$.

The target torque may not exceed the peak torque (proportional to the maximum motor current in 2031_n).

608Fh Position Encoder Resolution

Function

Contains the physical resolution (see objects $\underline{60E6}_h/\underline{60EB}_h$) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see $\underline{3203h}$ Feedback Selection).

Object description

Index	608F _h
Object name	Position Encoder Resolution
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "Savable" entry changed from "yes, category: application" to "yes, category: tuning".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".



Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Encoder Increments
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000007D0 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	

Description

Preset value

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments $(\underline{608F_h}:01_h)$ / Motor Revolutions $(\underline{608F_h}:02_h)$

0000001_h

6090h Velocity Encoder Resolution

Function

Contains the physical resolution (see objects $\underline{60E6}_h$ / $\underline{60EB}_h$) of the encoder/sensor that is used for speed control (see $\underline{3203h}$ Feedback Selection).

Object description

Index	6090 _h
Object name	Velocity Encoder Resolution
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value
Firmware version

FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed

from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed

from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed

from "INTEGER32" to "UNSIGNED32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Firmware version FIR-v1825-B577172: "Data type" entry changed

from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Encoder Increments Per Second

Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Motor Revolutions Per Second

Data type INTEGER32



Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

 $\label{eq:Velocity} \mbox{Velocity Encoder Resolution} = \mbox{Encoder Increments per second } (6090_h:01_h) \ / \ \mbox{Motor Revolutions per second } (6090_h:02_h)$

6091h Gear Ratio

Function

Contains the gear ratio (number of motor revolutions per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see <u>3203h Feedback Selection</u>).

Object description

Index	6091 _h
Object name	Gear Ratio
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".
	Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312: "PDO mapping" table entry for subindex 02 changed from "no" to "RX-PDO".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Motor Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h



Subindex	02 _h
Name	Shaft Revolutions
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

Gear Ratio = Motor Revolutions (6091_h:01_h) / Shaft Revolutions (6091_h:02_h)

6092h Feed Constant

Function

Contains the feed constant (feed in <u>user-defined units</u> per revolution of the output shaft) of the encoder/sensor that is used for position control (see <u>3203h Feedback Selection</u>).

Object description

Index	6092 _h
Object name	Feed Constant
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Feed
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h



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Subindex 02_h
Name Shaft Revolutions
Data type UNSIGNED32

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

Feed Constant = Feed (6092h:01h) / Shaft Revolutions (6092h:02h)

6096h Velocity Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined speed units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index 6096_h

Object name Velocity Factor

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Numerator
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

10 Description of the object dictionary



PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Subindex} & & 02_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Name} & & \text{Divisor} \end{array}$

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

■ 01_h: Numerator of the factor

02_h: Denominator of the factor

6097h Acceleration Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined acceleration units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index 6097_h

Object name Acceleration Factor

Object Code ARRAY

Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values



Preset value	02 _h	
Subindex	01 _h	
Name	Numerator	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 _h	
Subindex	02 _h	
Name	Divisor	
Data type	UNSIGNED32	
Access	read / write	
PDO mapping	RX-PDO	
Allowed values		
Preset value	00000001 _h	

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Numerator of the factor
- 02_h: Denominator of the factor

6098h Homing Method

Function

This object defines the <u>Homing method</u> in <u>Homing</u> mode.

Object description

Index	6098 _h
Object name	Homing Method
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER8
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	23 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



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6099h Homing Speed

Function

Specifies the speeds for homing mode ($\underline{6098}_h$) in $\underline{user\text{-defined units}}$.

Object description

Index	6099 _h
Object name	Homing Speed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Speed During Search For Switch
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000032 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Speed During Search For Zero
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000A _h

Description

The speed for the search for the switch is specified in subindex 1.

The (lower) speed for the search for the reference position is specified in subindex 2.



Note



- The speed in subindex 2 is simultaneously the initial speed when starting the acceleration ramp. If this is set too high, the motor loses steps or fails to turn at all. If the setting is too high, the index marking will be overlooked. The speed in subindex 2 should therefore be less than 1000 steps per second.
- The speed in subindex 1 must be greater than the speed in subindex 2.

609Ah Homing Acceleration

Function

Specifies the acceleration ramp for homing mode in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	609A _h
Object name	Homing Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000001F4 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

The ramp is only used when starting up. When the switch is reached, the motor immediately switches to the lower speed; when the end position is reached, it immediately stops.

60A2h Jerk Factor

Function

This object contains the factor that is used for converting from user-defined jerk units. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60A2 _h
Object name	Jerk Factor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	



Firmware version Change history FIR-v1738-B501312

Value description

Subindex	00 _h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Numerator
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Subindex 02_h
Name Divisor

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000001_h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

01_h: Numerator of the factor

02_h: Denominator of the factor

60A4h Profile Jerk

Function

In the case of a ramp with limited jerk, the size of the jerk can be entered in this object. An entry with the value "0" means that the jerk is not limited.

Object description

Index	60A4 _h
Object name	Profile Jerk
Object Code	ARRAY

10 Description of the object dictionary



Data type UNSIGNED32

Savable yes, category: application

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "End

Acceleration Jerk" to "Begin Deceleration Jerk".

Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Name" entry changed from "Begin

Deceleration Jerk" to "End Acceleration Jerk".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 04_h

Subindex 01_h

Name Begin Acceleration Jerk

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 02_h

Name Begin Deceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 03_h

Name End Acceleration Jerk

no

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Subindex 04_h

10 Description of the object dictionary



Name End Deceleration Jerk

Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value 000003E8_h

Description

■ Subindex 01_h (Begin Acceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during acceleration

Subindex 02_h (Begin Deceleration Jerk): Initial jerk during braking

■ Subindex 03_h (*End Acceleration Jerk*): Final jerk during acceleration

Subindex 04_h (End Deceleration Jerk): Final jerk during braking

60A8h SI Unit Position

Function

This object contains the position unit. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60A8 _h
Object name	SI Unit Position
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FF410000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Description

Object 60A8_h contains:

- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter Units)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Fact	tor							Unit				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	reserved (00h)								reser	ved (00	Oh)				

60A9h SI Unit Velocity

Function

This object contains the speed unit. See chapter <u>User-defined units</u>.



Object description

Index 60A9_h Object name SI Unit Velocity Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type UNSIGNED32 Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 00B44700_h FIR-v1738-B501312 Firmware version Change history

Description

Object 60A9_h contains:

- Bits 8 to 15: The time unit (see chapter Units)
- Bits 16 to 23: The position unit (see chapter <u>Units</u>)
- Bits 24 to 31: The exponent of a power of ten (see chapter <u>Units</u>)

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			Facto	r						N	omina	tor (Po	sition)		
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Denominator (Time)								r	eserve	ed (00h	1)			

60B0h Position Offset

Function

Offset for the position set value in user-defined units.

Object description

Index	60B0 _h
Object name	Position Offset
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B505321
Change history	



60B1h Velocity Offset

Function

Offset for the speed set value in user-defined units.

Object description

Index60B1hObject nameVelocity OffsetObject CodeVARIABLEData typeINTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

Change history

60B2h Torque Offset

Function

Offset for the torque set value in tenths of a percent.

Object description

Index 60B2_h Object name **Torque Offset** Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type **INTEGER16** Savable yes, category: application Access read / write PDO mapping **RX-PDO** Allowed values Preset value 0000_{h} Firmware version FIR-v1738-B505321

60C1h Interpolation Data Record

Function

This object contains the demand position in <u>user-defined units</u> for the interpolation algorithm for the <u>interpolated position</u> operating mode.

Object description

Change history

Index	60C1 _b



Object name Interpolation Data Record

Object Code ARRAY
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1512

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Value description

Subindex 00_h

Name Highest Sub-index Supported

no

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only

PDO mapping
Allowed values

Preset value 01_h

Subindex 01_h

Name 1st Set-point
Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

The value is taken over at the next synchronization time.

60C2h Interpolation Time Period

Function

This object contains the interpolation time.

Object description

Index 60C2_h

Object name Interpolation Time Period

Object Code RECORD

Data type INTERPOLATION_TIME_PERIOD

Savable yes, category: application

10 Description of the object dictionary



Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values
Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h

Subindex	01 _h
Name	Interpolation Time Period Value
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	01 _h

Subindex	02 _h
Name	Interpolation Time Index
Data type	INTEGER8
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	FD _h

Description

The subindices have the following functions:

- 01_h: Interpolation time.
- 02_h: Power of ten of the interpolation time: must have the value -3 (corresponds to the time basis in milliseconds).

The following applies here: cycle time = value of $\underline{60C2}_h$:01_h * 10 ^{value of 60C2:02} seconds.



60C4h Interpolation Data Configuration

Function

This object offers the maximum buffer size, specifies the configured buffer organization of the interpolated data and offers objects for defining the size of the record and for deleting the buffer.

It is also used to store the position of other data points.

Object description

Index 60C4_h Object name Interpolation Data Configuration Object Code RECORD Data type INTERPOLATION_DATA_CONFIGURATION Savable yes, category: application Access read only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Firmware version FIR-v1512 Change history Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 05 changed from "read/write" to "write only". Firmware version FIR-v1540: "Access" table entry for subindex 06 changed from "read/write" to "write only". Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application". Firmware version FIR-v1650-B472161: "Access" table entry for subindex 01 changed from "read/write" to "read only".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	no
Allowed values	
Preset value	06 _h

Subindex 01_h
Name MaximumBufferSize
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read only
PDO mapping no
Allowed values
Preset value 0000001_h



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Subindex 02 _h Name ActualBufferSize Data type UNSIGNED32 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Preset value 0000001 _h Subindex 03 _h Name BufferOrganization Data type UNSIGNED8 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Preset value UNSIGNED16 Access read / write PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Name SizeOfDataRecord Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value Preset value 04 _h Subindex 06 _h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no		
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PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 0001h Subindex 05h Name SizeOfDataRecord Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only	Data type	UNSIGNED16
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Preset value 0001 _h Subindex 05 _h Name SizeOfDataRecord Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04 _h Subindex 06 _h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping	PDO mapping	no
Subindex Name SizeOfDataRecord Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value O4h Subindex Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping Name Data type UNSIGNED8 Access Write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Allowed values	
Name SizeOfDataRecord Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Preset value	0001 _h
Name SizeOfDataRecord Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values		
Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Subindex	05 _h
Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Name	SizeOfDataRecord
PDO mapping no Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Data type	UNSIGNED8
Allowed values Preset value 04h Subindex 06h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping Allowed values	Access	write only
Preset value O4h Subindex O6h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping Allowed values	PDO mapping	no
Subindex 06 _h Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Allowed values	
Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Preset value	04 _h
Name BufferClear Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values		
Data type UNSIGNED8 Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Subindex	06 _h
Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Name	BufferClear
Access write only PDO mapping no Allowed values	Data type	UNSIGNED8
PDO mapping no Allowed values		write only
Allowed values	PDO mapping	
	Preset value	00 _h

Description

The value of subindex 01_h contains the maximum possible number of interpolated records.

The value of subindex 02_h contains the current number of interpolated records.



If subindex 03_h is "00_h", this means a FIFO buffer organization; if it is "01_h", it specifies a ring buffer organization.

The value of subindex 04_h is unitless and specifies the next free buffer entry point.

The value of subindex 05_h is specified in units of "byte".

If the value " 00_h " is written in subindex 06_h , it deletes the received data in the buffer, deactivates access and deletes all interpolated records.

If the value $"01_h"$ is written in subindex 06_h , it activates access to the input buffer.

60C5h Max Acceleration

Function

This object contains the maximum permissible acceleration for the <u>Profile Position</u> and <u>Profile Velocity</u> modes.

Object description

Index	60C5 _h
Object name	Max Acceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

60C6h Max Deceleration

Function

This object contains the maximum permissible deceleration (deceleration ramp) for the <u>Profile Position</u>, <u>Profile Velocity</u> and <u>Interpolated Position Mode</u> operating modes.

Object description

Index	60C6 _h
Object name	Max Deceleration
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00001388 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



60E4h Additional Position Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual position of all existing feedbacks in <u>user-defined units</u>.

 00_h

Object description

Index	60E4 _h
Object name	Additional Position Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex

Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Cubinday	04 02
Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h
Name	Additional Position Actual Value #1 - #2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n contains the current actual position of the corresponding feedback.



Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) *sensorless* feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

60E5h Additional Velocity Actual Value

Function

Contains the current actual speed of all existing feedbacks in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60E5 _h
Object name	Additional Velocity Actual Value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".
	Firmware version FIR-v1748-B538662: "Data type" entry changed from "UNSIGNED32" to "INTEGER32".

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h
Name	Additional Velocity Actual Value #1 - #2
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:



- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:
 Subindex n contains the current actual speed of the corresponding feedback.

 Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

60E6h Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments

Function

With this object and with $60EB_h$, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Object description

Index	60E6 _h
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B538662
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #1
Data type	INTEGER32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Subindex	02 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Encoder Increments Feedback Interface #2



Data type INTEGER32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00001000_h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:
 Subindex n contains the number of increments of the corresponding feedback.

 Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6_h:01_h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB_h:02_h)





The value "0" in a subindex means that the respective feedback is not connected and is not used. Thus, it is possible, for example, to switch off the sensorless function to save computing time.

This can be helpful if a *NanoJ* program needs the computing time.

60E8h Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in 60ED_h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60E8 _h
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8



Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Motor Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of motor revolutions for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED_h:n_h)

60E9h Additional Feed Constant - Feed

Function

In this object and in $\underline{60EE}_h$, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60E9 _h
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

Value description

Subindex	00 _h



Name Highest Sub-index Supported

Data type UNSIGNED8
Access read only
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 02_h

Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Feed Feedback Interface #1 - #2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the feed in <u>user-defined units</u> for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE_h:n_h)

60EBh Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions

Function

With this object and with 60E6_h, the resolution of each existing feedback is calculated.

Object description

Index	60EB _h
Object name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: tuning
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	



Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h
Name	Additional Position Encoder Resolution - Motor Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value="1" to "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h:

Subindex n contains the number of motor revolutions of the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

The resolution of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Position Encoder Resolution = Encoder Increments (60E6_h:n_h) / Motor Revolutions (60EB_h:n_h)

60EDh Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in 60E8_h, you can set the gear ratio of each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60ED _h
Object name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312



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Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported
Data type	UNSIGNED8
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	02 _h
Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h
Name	Additional Gear Ratio - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

The gear ratio of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Gear Ratio = Motor Shaft Revolutions (60E8_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60ED_h:n_h)

60EEh Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions

Function

In this object and in <u>60E9</u>_h, you can set a feed constant for each existing feedback.

Object description

Index	60EE _h
Object name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read only
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	



Preset value

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Value description

Subindex	00 _h				
Name	Highest Sub-index Supported				
Data type	UNSIGNED8				
Access	read only				
PDO mapping	RX-PDO				
Allowed values					
Preset value	02 _h				
Subindex	01 _h - 02 _h				
Name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback				

Name	Additional Feed Constant - Driving Shaft Revolutions Feedback Interface #1 - #2
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000001 _h

Description

The subindices have the following function:

- 00_h: Value = "n", where "n" is the number of existing feedbacks.
- n_h: Subindex "n" contains the number of revolutions of the output shaft for the corresponding feedback. Subindex 01_h always corresponds to the first (and always existing) sensorless feedback. Subindex 02_h corresponds to internal encoder.

The feed constant of feedback "n" is calculated as follows:

Feed Constant = Feed (60E9_h:n_h) / Driving Shaft Revolutions (60EE_h:n_h)

60F2h Positioning Option Code

Function

The object describes the positioning behavior in **Profile Position** mode.

Object description

Index	60F2 _h	
Object name	Positioning Option Code	
Object Code	VARIABLE	
Data type	UNSIGNED16	
Savable	yes, category: application	
Access	read / write	



PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Preset value} & \text{0001}_{\text{h}} \\ \text{Firmware version} & \text{FIR-v1446} \end{array}$

Change history Firmware version FIR-v1614: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to

"yes, category: application".

Description

Only the following bits are supported at the present time:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MS	RES	SERVE	D [3]		IP OPT	ION [4]		RAD	O [2]	RRO	D [2]	CIC) [2]	REL. C	DPT. [2]

REL. OPT. (Relative Option)

These bits determine the behavior with relative rotating movement in "profile position" mode if bit 6 of controlword $6040_h = "1"$ is set.

Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Position movements are executed relative to the previous (internal absolute) target position (each relative to 0 if there is no previous target position)
0	1	Position movements are executed relative to the preset value (or output) of the ramp generator.
1	0	Position movements are performed relative to the current position (object $\underline{6064}_h$).
1	1	Reserved

RRO (Request-Response Option)

These bits determine the behavior when passing controlword $\underline{6040}_h$ bit 4 ("new setpoint") – in this case, the controller releases the bit itself. This eliminates the need to externally reset the bit to "0" afterwards. After the bit is set to the value "0" by the controller, bit 12 ("setpoint acknowledgment") is also set to the value "0" in statusword $\underline{6041}_h$.



Note

These options cause the controller to modify object controlword 6040h.

Bit 5	Bit 4	Definition
0	0	The functionality is as described under Setting travel commands.
0	1	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon as the current targeted movement has reached its target.
1	0	The controller releases the "new setpoint" bit as soon this is possible for the controller.
1	1	Reserved



RADO (Rotary Axis Direction Option)

These bits determine the direction of rotation in "profile position" mode.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Definition
0	0	Normal positioning similar to a linear axis: If one of the "Position Range Limits" – $\underline{607B}_h$:01 _h and 02 _h – is reached or exceeded, the preset is automatically transferred to the other end of the limit. Only with this bit combination is a movement greater than the modulo value possible.
0	1	Positioning only in negative direction: If the target position is greater than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Min Position Range Limit" from object 607D _h :01 _h .
1	0	Positioning only in positive direction: If the target position is less than the current position, the axis moves to the target position via the "Max Position Range Limit" from object 607D _h :01 _h .
1	1	Positioning with the shortest distance to the target position. If the difference between the current position and the target position in a 360° system is less than 180°, the axis moves in the positive direction.

60F4h Following Error Actual Value

Function

This object contains the current following error in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60F4 _h
Object name	Following Error Actual Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

60F8h Max Slippage

Function

Defines the maximum allowed slippage error in <u>user-defined units</u> symmetrically to the <u>set speed</u> in <u>Profile Velocity</u> mode.

Object description

Index	60F8 _h



Object name Max Slippage
Object Code VARIABLE
Data type INTEGER32

Savable yes, category: application

Access read / write PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000190_h

Firmware version FIR-v1738-B501312

Change history

Description

If the actual speed deviates so much from the set speed that the value (absolute value) of this object is exceeded, bit 13 in object $\underline{6041}_h$ is set. The deviation must last longer than the time in object $\underline{203F}_h$.

If the value of 60F8_h is set to "7FFFFFFF"_h, slippage error monitoring is switched off.

A reaction to the slippage error can be set in object $\underline{3700}_h$. If a reaction is defined, an error is also entered in object $\underline{1003}_h$.

60FAh Control Effort

Function

This object contains the correction speed (control variable) in <u>user-defined units</u> that is fed to the velocity controller by the position controller.

Object description

Index	60FA _h
Object name	Control Effort
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1748-B531667
Change history	

Description

The position controller calculates a correction speed (in <u>user-defined units</u>) from the difference between the current position and the demand position which is then passed on to the velocity controller. This correction value is dependent on the proportional component and integral component of the position controller. See also chapter <u>Closed Loop</u>.





60FCh Position Demand Internal Value

Function

Indicates the current preset value for the position controller in encoder increments (see Controller structure).

Object description

Index	60FC _h
Object name	Position Demand Internal Value
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	00000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1738-B501312
Change history	

60FDh Digital Inputs

Function

With this object, the <u>digital inputs</u> of the motor can be read.

Object description

Index	60FD _h
Object name	Digital Inputs
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	



Description

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
								IN 8	IN 7	IN 6	IN 5	IN 4	IN 3	IN 2	IN 1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
												IL	HS	PLS	NLS

NLS (Negative Limit Switch)

Negative limit switch

PLS (Positive Limit Switch)

Positive limit switch

HS (Home Switch)

Home switch

IL (Interlock)

Interlock

IN n (Input n)

Input n – the number of used bits is dependent on the given controller.

60FEh Digital Outputs

Function

With this object, the <u>digital outputs</u> of the motor can be written.

Object description

Index	60FE _h
Object name	Digital Outputs
Object Code	ARRAY
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	yes, category: application
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "yes, category: application".

Value description

00 _h
Highest Sub-index Supported
UNSIGNED8
read only
no
01 _h

Subindex 01_h



Name Digital Outputs #1
Data type UNSIGNED32
Access read / write
PDO mapping RX-PDO

Allowed values

Preset value 00000000_h

Description

To write the outputs, the entries in object 3250_h , subindex 02_h to 05_h , must also be taken into account.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
												OUT4	OUT3	OUT2	OUT1
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
															BRK

BRK (Brake)

Bit for the brake output (if the controller supports this function):

Value "1" means that the brake is activated (no current can flow between the two pins of the brake connection; the brake is closed).

OUT n (Output No n)

Bit for the respective digital output; the exact number of digital outputs is dependent on the controller.

60FFh Target Velocity

Function

In this object, the target speed for the <u>profile velocity</u> and <u>cyclic synchronous velocity</u> modes is entered in <u>user-defined units</u>.

Object description

Index	60FF _h
Object name	Target Velocity
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	INTEGER32
Savable	yes, category: application
Access	read / write
PDO mapping	RX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	0000000 _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	Firmware version FIR-v1626: "Savable" entry changed from "no" to "ves_category; application"



6502h Supported Drive Modes

Function

The object describes the supported operating modes in object 6060h.

Object description

Index	6502 _h
Object name	Supported Drive Modes
Object Code	VARIABLE
Data type	UNSIGNED32
Savable	no
Access	read only
PDO mapping	TX-PDO
Allowed values	
Preset value	000003EF _h
Firmware version	FIR-v1426
Change history	

Description

The set bit specifies whether the respective mode is supported. If the value of the bit is "0", the mode is not supported.

31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
						CST	CSV	CSP	IP	НМ		TQ	PV	VL	PP

PP

Profile Position Mode

VL

Velocity Mode

PV

Profile Velocity Mode

TQ

Torque Mode

HM

Homing Mode

IΡ

Interpolated Position Mode

CSP

Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

CSV

Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode



CST

Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode

6503h Drive Catalogue Number

Function

Contains the device name as character string.

Object description

Index 6503_h Object name Drive Catalogue Number Object Code **VARIABLE** Data type VISIBLE_STRING Savable no Access read only no

PDO mapping

Allowed values

Preset value 0

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history

6505h Http Drive Catalogue Address

Function

This object contains the manufacturer's web address as a character string.

Object description

Index 6505_h Object name Http Drive Catalogue Address Object Code VARIABLE

Data type VISIBLE_STRING

Savable no Access read only

PDO mapping no

Allowed values

Preset value http://www.nanotec.de

Firmware version FIR-v1426

Change history



11 Copyrights

11.1 Introduction

Integrated in the Nanotec software are components from products from external software manufacturers. In this chapter, you will find the copyright information regarding the used external software sources.

11.2 **AES**

FIPS-197 compliant AES implementation

Based on XySSL: Copyright (C) 2006-2008 Christophe Devine

Copyright (C) 2009 Paul Bakker <polarssl_maintainer at polarssl dot org>

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The AES block cipher was designed by Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.

http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/rijndael/Rijndael.pdf

http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips197/fips-197.pdf

11.3 MD5

MD5C.C - RSA Data Security, Inc., MD5 message-digest algorithm

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11.4 uIP

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11.6 CMSIS DSP Software Library

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11.7 FatFs

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.08 (C)ChaN, 2010



FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems.

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11.8 Protothreads

Protothread class and macros for lightweight, stackless threads in C++.

This was "ported" to C++ from Adam Dunkels' protothreads C library at: http://www.sics.se/~adam/pt/

Originally ported for use by Hamilton Jet (www.hamiltonjet.co.nz) by Ben Hoyt, but stripped down for public release. See his blog entry about it for more information: http://blog.micropledge.com/2008/07/protothreads/

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This file is part of the lwIP TCP/IP stack.

Author: Adam Dunkels <adam@sics.se>

11.10 littlefs

```
/*
* The little filesystem
*
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*/
```

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